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## POWELL INDUSTRIES INC

## Form 10-K405

January 29, 2001

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FORM 10-K
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
(MARK ONE)
[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2000

OR
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-6050

POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
NEVADA 88-0106100
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF (I.R.S. EMPLOYER INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION) IDENTIFICATION NO.)

8550 MOSLEY DRIVE, HOUSTON, TEXAS 77075-1180
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES) (ZIP CODE)
REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: (713)944-6900 SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION $12(\mathrm{~b})$ OF THE ACT: NONE

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF ACT:
COMMON STOCK, PAR VALUE \$.01 PER SHARE


#### Abstract

Indicate by "X" whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.


Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by "X" if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation $S-K$ is not contained herein and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10 -K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.[X]

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The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately $\$ 145,788,066$ as of January 23, 2001. The number of shares of the Company's Common Stock outstanding on that date was $10,321,000$ shares.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the Proxy Statement for the 2001 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed not later than 120 days after October 31, 2000 are incorporated by reference into Part III.

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PART I
ITEM 1. BUSINESS
Powell Industries, Inc. ("Powell" or the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada in December 1968. The Company is the successor to a corporation founded by William E. Powell in 1947, which merged into the Company in 1977.

The Company sells, designs, develops, manufactures, packages and services systems and equipment for the distribution, control and management of electrical energy and other dynamic processes. The Company's offices are located in Houston, Texas with plants located in Houston, Greenville and Jacinto Port, Texas; Elyria and North Canton, Ohio; Franklin Park, Illinois; Pleasanton and Watsonville, California; and Duluth and Norcross, Georgia. Most of the products manufactured by the Company are made pursuant to specifications required for a particular order.

## PRODUCTS AND SYSTEMS

Powell designs, develops, manufactures, sells and services electrical power distribution and control equipment and systems through its subsidiaries: Powell Electrical Manufacturing Company; Powell-ESCO Company; Unibus, Inc.; Delta-Unibus Corp.; Transdyn Controls, Inc.; and Powell Power Electronics Company, Inc. (a subsidiary of Powell Electrical Manufacturing Company). As applicable to the context, the "Company" is also sometimes used herein to refer to Powell and its subsidiaries.

The principal products are switchgear and related equipment, bus duct and process control systems. Primarily refineries, petrochemical plants, utilities, paper mills, offshore platforms, commuter railways, vehicular transportation and numerous other industrial, commercial and governmental facilities utilize these products and services. A brief description of each of the major products follows:

Switchgear and other related equipment: Switchgear is defined as free-standing metal enclosures containing a selection of electrical components that protect, monitor and control the flow of electricity from its source to motors, transformers and other electrically powered equipment as well as customized portable buildings to house switchgear and related equipment ( $\mathrm{PCR}(\mathrm{R})$ ). Major electrical components include circuit breakers, protective relays, meters, control switches, fuses, motor control centers and both current and potential transformers. During the fiscal years ended October 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998, sales and service of switchgear and other related equipment accounted for $72 \%, 71 \%$ and $77 \%$, respectively, of consolidated revenues of the Company.

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Bus Duct: Bus duct consists of insulated power conductors housed in a metal enclosure. Individual pieces of bus duct are arranged in whatever physical configuration may be required to distribute electrical power to or from a generator, transformer, switching device or other electrical apparatus. The Company can provide the nonsegregated phase, segregated phase and isolated phase styles of bus duct with numerous amperage and voltage ratings. Sales of bus duct accounted for $14 \%$, $13 \%$ and $12 \%$ of consolidated revenues for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

Process Control Systems: The process control systems supplied by the Company consist principally of instrumentation, computer control, communications, and data management systems. Demand for process control systems has been for modernization and expansion projects as well as new facilities that mainly serve the transportation, environmental and utilities industries. During the fiscal years ended October 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998 , sales of process control systems accounted for $13 \%$, $16 \%$ and $11 \%$, respectively, of consolidated revenues of the Company.

See Note O of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for certain financial information regarding these product segments.

All of the Company's products are manufactured using components and materials that are readily available from numerous domestic suppliers. The Company has three principal suppliers of components and anticipates no difficulty in obtaining its components in sufficient quantities to support its manufacturing and assembly operations.

## METHODS OF DISTRIBUTION AND CUSTOMERS

The Company's products are sold through manufacturers' representatives and its internal sales force. The Company is not dependent on any single customer for sales and the loss of any specific customer would not have a material adverse effect upon the Company. No single customer or export country accounted for more than $10 \%$ of consolidated revenues in the fiscal years ended 2000, 1999 or 1998. Export revenues were $\$ 44,421,000, \$ 70,373,000$ and $\$ 85,448,000$ in fiscal years 2000,1999 and 1998 , respectively. See Note $I$ of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements showing the geographic areas in which these revenues were recorded.

## COMPETITION

The Company is engaged in a highly competitive business which is characterized by a small number of much larger companies that dominate the bulk of the market and a large number of smaller companies that compete for a limited share of such market. In the opinion of management, the competitive position of the Company is dependent on the ability of the Company to provide quality products to a customer's specifications, on a timely basis, at a competitive price, utilizing state-of-the-art materials, design and production methods. Some of the Company's principal competitors are larger and have greater capital and management resources.

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At October 31, 2000, the Company employed 1,314 employees on a full-time basis. Management considers its employee relations to be good.

BACKLOG

The Company's backlog of orders was $\$ 155,850,000$ and $\$ 156,143,000$ at October 31, 2000 and 1999 , respectively, and the percentage of its 2000 year end backlog that it does not expect to fill in fiscal year 2001 is 19\%. Orders included in the backlog are represented by purchase orders which the company believes to be firm. The terms on which the Company accepts orders include a penalty for cancellation. Historically, no material amount of orders included in backlog has been canceled. No material portion of the Company's business is seasonal in nature.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the fiscal years ended October 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998, the Company spent approximately $\$ 2,920,000, \$ 3,031,000$ and $\$ 2,693,000$ respectively, on research and development programs.

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ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The following table sets forth information about the Company's principal facilities at October 31, 2000.

|  | Square <br> Footage <br> of |
| :---: | :---: |
| Location | Acres |
| ---_---- | Facilities |

Owned:

| Franklin Park, IL | 2.0 | 64,000 | Delta-Unibus |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Greenville, TX | 19.0 | 109,000 | Powell-ESCO |
| Houston, TX | 26.2 | 421,000 | Powell Electr |
| Jacinto Port, TX | 42.0 | 9,600 | PEMCO-Offshor |
| North Canton, OH | 8.0 | 48,000 | PEMCO-North O |
| Elyria, OH | 8.6 | 64,000 | Unibus, Inc. |

Leased:

| Pleasanton, CA | 39,100 |
| :--- | ---: |
|  |  |
| Watsonville, CA | 9,600 |
| Duluth, GA | 29,700 |
| Norcross, GA | 19,200 |

Transdyn Cont Electroni PPECO
Transdyn Cont Transdyn Cont

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a party to legal and other disputes arising in the ordinary course of business. Management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of these disputes will materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters which were submitted to a vote of security

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holders through proxies, or otherwise, during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2000.

## PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

As of October 31, 2000, there were approximately 759 holders of record of Powell Industries, Inc. common stock, which is traded on the over-the-counter market and listed on the NASDAQ National Market System under the symbol POWL.

Quarterly stock prices and trading volumes for the last two fiscal years are as follows:

|  | High | Low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1999 |  |  |
| First Quarter | \$12.75 | \$8.63 |
| Second Quarter | 11.00 | 8.50 |
| Third Quarter | 10.38 | 8.38 |
| Fourth Quarter | 9.13 | 7.63 |
| 2000 |  |  |
| First Quarter | \$8.38 | \$ 4.63 |
| Second Quarter | 10.50 | 6.88 |
| Third Quarter | 10.19 | 7.25 |
| Fourth Quarter | 13.31 | 7.88 |

The Company has paid no dividends on its common stock during the last three years and anticipates that it will not do so in the foreseeable future.

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ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following data for fiscal years 2000, 1999, and 1998 has been derived from consolidated financial statements audited by Arthur Andersen LLP, which appear elsewhere in this report. The following data for fiscal years 1997 and 1996 has been derived from consolidated financial statements audited by Arthur Andersen LLP, which do not appear in this report. The information set forth below is not necessarily indicative of the results of future operations and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Years Ended October 31,
------------------------------
Statements of operations data:
Revenues
Earnings from continuing operations
Loss from discontinued operations
(net of income taxes)
Net earnings
Net earnings per common share:


ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

Any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of the company are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Readers are cautioned that such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainty in that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, the following:

- Difficulties in scheduling which could arise from the inability to obtain materials or components in sufficient quantities as needed for the Company's manufacturing and assembly operations,
o Difficulties in scheduling which could arise from significant customer-directed shipment delay,
- Significant decreases in the Company's backlog,
o Unforeseen political or economic problems in countries to which the Company exports its products,
- Unforeseen material employee relations problems,
- Problems in the quality, the design, the production methods or pricing of its products,
- Unfavorable material litigation or claims made against the Company, and
- Changes in general market conditions, competition and pricing.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, as a percentage of revenues, certain items from the Consolidated Statements of Operations.


## Revenues

The Company reported revenues of $\$ 223,019,000, \$ 212,531,000$ and $\$ 212,733,000$ in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Revenues increased 5\% in fiscal year 2000 as compared to fiscal year 1999. Revenues were higher in the switchgear products and bus duct segments in fiscal 2000, which was partially offset by lower revenues from the process control segment. Revenues were flat in fiscal year 1999 when compared to fiscal year 1998 due to higher revenues from the process control and bus duct segments which was fully offset by lower revenues from the switchgear product segment.

Export revenues were a declining but still an important component of the Company's operations, accounting for $20 \%$, $33 \%$ and $40 \%$ of consolidated revenues in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. A schedule is provided in Note I of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements showing the geographic areas in which these sales were made. This schedule shows the reduction in international revenues in 2000 to be mainly from the Middle Eastern and African countries. Management anticipates that consolidated revenues will increase in fiscal 2001 and that export revenues will continue to contribute approximately $20 \%$ to $30 \%$ of consolidated revenues.

## Gross profit

Gross profit, as a percentage of revenues, was $18.2 \%$, $18.9 \%$, and $22.5 \%$ in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The decrease in 2000 from 1999 was due mainly to unfavorable inventory adjustment at one of our switchgear operations and additional costs on a major project at our process control segment. The decrease in 1999 from 1998 was due mainly to lower switchgear product segment prices and volumes. The Company continues to implement lean manufacturing initiatives to respond to the competitive markets it serves.

Selling, general and administrative expenses
Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues were $13.5 \%$, $13.8 \%$, and $14.5 \%$ for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively. The decrease in fiscal year 2000 as a percentage of revenues, was due to controlling of expenses as revenues increased in 2000. The reduction in 1999 compared to 1998 was due mainly to lower incentives and bonus expense payments offset somewhat by higher research and development costs.

Interest (income) expense, net
The following schedule shows the amounts of interest expense and income:

Interest expense.........................................................................<br>Interest income<br>..... (683)<br>Net interest<br>..... \$ (44)<br>Sources of interest expense were related to bank notes in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998 bearing interest at approximately 6\%.<br>Sources of interest income were related to a note receivable and to short-term investments of available funds at various rates between $4 \%$ and $7 \%$.639

The effective income tax rate on earnings from continuing operations before income taxes was $35.1 \%, 31.8 \%$, and $31.5 \%$ for fiscal years 2000,1999 and 1998, respectively. The effective income tax rates are slightly above the statutory rate for 2000 due primarily to state income taxes, but lower than the statutory rate in 1999 and 1998 due primarily to foreign sales corporation credits.

Earnings from continuing operations

Earnings from continuing operations recorded in fiscal year 2000 were $\$ 7,061,000$ or $\$ .67$ per diluted share. This represented a one percent decrease in earnings compared to fiscal year 1999 earnings. The decrease was due mainly to an unfavorable inventory adjustment at one of our switchgear operations and additional costs on a major project at our process control segment offset by increased volumes at the switchgear and bus duct segments. Earnings from continuing operations recorded in fiscal year 1999 were $\$ 7,127,000$ or $\$ .66$ per diluted share, a decrease of $38 \%$ compared to earnings from continuing operations of $\$ 11,465,000$ or $\$ 1.07$ per diluted share in fiscal year 1998. This decrease was primarily due to reduced revenues and lower margins from the switchgear segment, which was the result of lower prices.

Discontinued operations
See Note M to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion of the operations that were discontinued in fiscal year 1998.

Net earnings

Net earnings were $\$ 7,061,000$ or $\$ .67$ per diluted share in fiscal year 2000 compared to $\$ 7,127,000$ or $\$ .66$ per diluted share and $\$ 6,665,000$ or $\$ .62$ per diluted share in fiscal years 1999 and 1998, respectively. The losses from discontinued operations, referred to in the previous paragraph, resulted in higher net earnings in fiscal year 1999 as compared to 1998.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

In September 1998, the Company amended a revolving line of credit agreement with a major domestic bank. The amendment provided for a $\$ 10,000,000$ term loan and a revolving line of credit of $\$ 20,000,000$. In December 1999 the revolving line of credit was amended to reduce the line to $\$ 15,000,000$ and to extend the maturity date to February 2002. The term loan has a maturity of five

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years with nineteen equal quarterly payments of $\$ 357,143$ and a final payment of the remaining principal balance on September 30, 2003. The effective interest rate, after including an interest rate swap negotiated with the trust company of the same domestic bank, is 5.2 percent per annum plus a .75 to 1.25 percent fee based on financial covenants. The proceeds of the term loan were used to pay the Settlement Agreement discussed in Note $M$ to the Consolidated Financial Statements and to pay down the revolving line of credit. As of October 31, 2000, the Company had no borrowings outstanding under this revolving line of credit.

The Company's ability to satisfy its cash requirements is evaluated by analyzing key measures of liquidity applicable to the Company. The following table is a summary of the liquidity measures which management believes to be significant.


Debt to total capitalization.................................................................... . 1 to

Management believes that the Company continues to maintain a strong liquidity position. The change in working capital in fiscal 2000 compared to 1999 was only $\$ 3,726,000$. However, during 2000 there were large increases in accounts receivable and in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings partially offset by an increase in accounts payable. These increases resulted in a large decrease in cash and cash equivalents. The minimal increase in working capital at October 31, 1999, as compared to October 31, 1998 is due mainly to large reductions in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, and inventories, offset particularly by a reduction in accounts payable.

Operating cash flows of $\$ 426,000$ for fiscal 2000 were significantly lower than operating cash flow amounts in the previous year due to the build up of accounts receivable and costs in excess of billings because of sales volume increases in the fourth quarter of 2000. Operating cash flows were $\$ 18,505,000$ in fiscal 1999. The increase in operating cash flows in fiscal year 1999 compared to fiscal 1998 was due to the decreases in costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, accounts receivable, and inventories which was partially offset by decreases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

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Capital expenditures totaled $\$ 2,648,000$ during fiscal year 2000 compared to $\$ 5,156,000$ during fiscal year 1999. The major expenditures in 2000 were for the purchase of machinery and equipment. During fiscal year 1999 the majority of the capital expenditures were for the purchase of a facility in North Canton, Ohio and for machinery and equipment. Management expects the Company's capital expenditures program to be approximately $\$ 4,500,000$ in fiscal year 2001, primarily for additions and replacement of machinery and equipment.

The Company announced in December 1999 that authorization had been given by the Board of Directors to repurchase up to $\$ 5,000,000$ of its outstanding common stock, subject to market conditions. Pursuant to this plan, the Company repurchased 505,400 shares of its common stock at an aggregate cost of approximately $\$ 4,669,000$ through October 31, 2000. Repurchased shares are added to treasury stock and are available for general corporate purposes including issuance under the Company's employee stock option plan.

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The Company's fiscal year 2000 asset management program will continue to focus on the reduction of accounts receivable days outstanding and reduction in inventories. Management believes that the cash and cash equivalents of $\$ 2,114,000$ at October 31, 2000, along with funds generated from operating activities and funds available through borrowings from the revolving line of credit will be sufficient to meet the capital requirements and operating needs of the Company for at least the next twelve months.

EFFECTS OF INFLATION AND RECESSION

During the last three years, the Company has not experienced any significant effects of inflation on its operations. Management continues to evaluate the potential impact inflation could have on future growth and minimizes the impact by including escalation clauses in long-term contracts. Recent marketing and financial reports indicate that the current economic conditions should remain in 2001 at approximately the same level as 2000 and the Company does not anticipate significant increases in inflation in the immediate future.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company's financial instruments include cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, debt obligations and interest rate swaps. The book value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable are considered to be representative of fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Company believes that the carrying value of its borrowings under the credit agreement approximate their fair value as they bear interest at rates indexed to the Bank's IBOR. The Company's accounts receivable are not concentrated in one customer or one industry and are not viewed as an unusual credit risk. The Company had recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts of $\$ 505,000$ at October 31,2000 and $\$ 852,000$ at October 31, 1999, respectively.

The interest rate swap agreement, which is used by the Company in the management of interest rate exposure is accounted for on the accrual basis. Income and expense resulting from this agreement is recorded in the same category as interest expense accrued on the related term note. Amounts to be paid or received under the interest rate swap agreement are recognized as adjustments to interest expense in the periods in which they occur.

At October 31, 2000 the Company had $\$ 7,143,000$ in borrowings subject to the interest rate swap at a rate of $5.20 \%$ through September 30, 2003. The $5.20 \%$ rate is currently approximately $1.5 \%$ below market and should represent approximately $\$ 85,000$ of reduced interest expense for fiscal year 2001 assuming the current market interest rates do not change. The approximate fair value of the swap agreement at October 31,2000 is $\$ 192,000$. The fair value is the estimated amount the Company would receive to terminate the contract. The agreements require that the Company pay the counterparty at the above fixed swap rate and require the counterparty to pay the Company interest at the 90 day LIBOR rate. The closing 90 day LIBOR rate on October 31, 2000 was 6.76\%.

In June 1998 the FASB issued SFAS No. 133 - "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". In June 1999, the FASB issued SFAS 137, which amended the effective adoption date of SFAS 133. This statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. The statement, as amended and which is to be applied prospectively, is effective for the Company's quarter ending January 31, 2001. The Company adopted SFAS No. 133, as amended, on November 1, 2000 . Accordingly, the Company recorded an asset of $\$ 192,000$ representing the fair value of its interest rate swap agreement which is used by the Company in the management of interest rate exposure. The Company also realized this amount as a component of comprehensive

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income.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Statements:
Report of Independent Public Accountants
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of October 31, 2000 and 1999.
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three years ended October 31, 2000.......
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the
three years ended October 31, 2000..
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statemen $\qquad$

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Powell Industries, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Powell Industries, Inc. (a Nevada corporation) and subsidiaries as of October 31, 2000 and 1999, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended October 31, 2000. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Powell Industries, Inc. and subsidiaries as of October 31, 2000 and 1999, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended October 31, 2000 , in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

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Houston, Texas
November 29, 2000

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS<br>(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)


#### Abstract

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents. Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of $\$ 505$ and $\$ 852$, respectively Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings Inventories Deferred income taxes Income taxes receivable Prepaid expenses and other current assets

Total Current Assets Property, plant and equipment, net Deferred income taxes Other assets


Total Assets

Current Liabilities:
Accounts and income taxes payable
Accrued salaries, bonuses and commissions
Accrued product warranty.
Other accrued expenses.
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings
Current maturities of long-term debt

Total Current Liabilities
Long-term debt, net of current maturities
Deferred compensation expense.
Postretirement benefits liability
Commitments and contingencies
Stockholders' Equity:
Preferred stock, par value $\$ .01 ; 5,000,000$ shares authorized; none issued
Common stock, par value $\$ .01 ; 30,000,000$ shares authorized; $10,821,000$ and
10,675,000 shares issued, respectively
Additional paid-in capital
Retained earnings

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Treasury stock, 505,400 shares and $-0-$ shares respectively, at cost........................ Deferred compensation-ESOP

Total Stockholders' Equity
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these
consolidated financial statements.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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(IN THOUSANDS)
Operating Activities:
Net earnings ..... \$7,061
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by (used in)operating activities:
Depreciation and amortization ..... 4,669
Deferred income tax provision (benefit) ..... 1,166
Postretirement benefits liability ..... (16)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:Accounts receivable, net$(11,202)$
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings ..... $(8,101)$
Inventories ..... $(2,350)$
Prepaid expenses and other current assets ..... 968
Other assets ..... (177)
Accounts payable and income taxes payable or receivable ..... 5,450
Accrued liabilities. ..... 1,598
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings ..... 1,110
Deferred compensation expense ..... 250
Net cash provided by operating activities ..... 426
Investing Activities:
Purchases of property, plant and equipment ..... $(2,648$
Net cash used in investing activities ..... $(2,648)$
Financing Activities:
Borrowings of long-term debt ..... ---
Payments of long-term debt ..... $(2,429)$
Payments to reaquire common stock ..... $(4,669)$
Exercise of stock options ..... 788
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities ..... $(6,310)$
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents ..... $(8,532)$
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year ..... 10,646
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year ..... \$ 2,114$======$
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:
Cash paid for interest ..... \$ 638
Cash paid for income taxes ..... \$ 3,200

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## A. BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

Powell Industries, Inc. ("Powell" or the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the state of Nevada in December 1968. The Company is the successor to a corporation founded by William E. Powell in 1947, which merged into the Company in 1977.

Powell Industries, Inc. designs, manufactures and packages systems and equipment for the control, distribution and management of electrical energy and other dynamic processes. Headquartered in Houston, Powell operates five subsidiaires and provides products and services to large industrial customers such as oil and gas producers, refineries, petrochemical plants, pulp and paper producers, mining operations, commuter railways and vehicular transportation facilities, as well as public and private utilities.

## B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation
The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Powell Industries, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (the Company). All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

The Company's receivables are generally not collateralized. Management performs ongoing credit analyses of the accounts of its customers and provides allowances as deemed necessary. Accounts receivable at October 31, 2000 and 1999 include $\$ 5,948,000$ and $\$ 5,653,000$, respectively, due from customers in accordance with applicable retainage provisions of engineering and construction contracts, which will become billable upon completion of such contracts. Approximately $\$ 4,203,000$ of the retained amount at October 31, 2000 is expected to be billed subsequent to October 31, 2001.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (primarily first-in, first-out method) or market and include material, labor and manufacturing overhead.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost and is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense when incurred. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments which extend the useful lives of existing equipment are capitalized and depreciated. Upon retirement or disposition of property, plant and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the statements of operations.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

## Amortization of Intangibles

Included in other assets are net intangible assets totaling $\$ 1,678,000$ and $\$ 1,915,000$ at October 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Intangible assets primarily include goodwill and patents which are amortized using the straight-line method over periods ranging from five to twenty years. The accumulated amortization of intangible assets totaled \$1,966,000 and \$1,954,000 at October 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Management continually evaluates whether events or circumstances have occurred that indicate the remaining estimated useful life of intangible assets may warrant revision or that remaining balances may not be recoverable.

## Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of," the Company evaluates the recoverability of property, plant and equipment or other assets, if facts and circumstances indicate that any of those assets might be impaired. If an evaluation is required, the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset are compared to the asset's carrying amount to determine if an impairment of such property has occurred. The effect of any impairment would be to expense the difference between the fair value of such property and its carrying value.

## Revenue Recognition

Revenues from product sales are recognized upon transfer of title at the time of shipment (FOB shipping point), when all significant contractual obligations have been satisfied, the price is fixed or determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured. Contract revenues are recognized on a percentage-of- completion basis primarily using labor dollars or hours incurred to date in relation to estimated total labor dollars or hours of the contracts to measure the stage of completion. Contract costs include all direct material and labor costs and those indirect costs related to contract performance, such as indirect labor, supplies and depreciation costs. Provisions for total estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which they become evident.

Warranties
The Company provides for estimated warranty costs at the time of sale based upon historical rates applicable to individual product lines. In addition, specific provisions are made when the costs of such warranties are expected to exceed accruals.

Research and Development Expense
Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred. Such amounts were $\$ 2,920,000, \$ 3,031,000$, and $\$ 2,693,000$ in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

Use of Estimates
The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally

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accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications of prior year amounts have been made in order to conform with the classifications used in the current year presentation.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes". Under SFAS No. 109, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed based on the difference between the financial statement and income tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates. Under this standard, the effect on deferred income taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that the tax rate changes.

## New Accounting Standards

In June 1998 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 133 - "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". In June 1999, the FASB issued SFAS 137, which amended the effective adoption date of SFAS 133. This statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. The statement, as amended and which is to be applied prospectively, is effective for the Company's quarter ending January 31, 2001. The Company adopted SFAS No. 133, as amended, on November 1, 2000. Accordingly, the Company recorded an asset of $\$ 192,000$ representing the fair value of its interest rate swap agreement which is used by the Company in the management of interest rate exposure. The Company also realized this amount as a component of comprehensive income.

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission staff issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 (SAB101). The staff has deferred the implementation date of SAB101 until no later than the fourth quarter of fiscal years beginning after December 15,1999 . SAB101 reflects the basic principles of revenue recognition in existing accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. SAB101 does not supersede any existing authoritative literature. Management has revived the staff's views presented in SAB101 and does not believe the adoption of SAB101 will have a material impact on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

## C. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share date):

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Numerator:Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share-earnings fromcontinuing operations available to common stockholders
$\qquad$
Denominator:
Denominator for basic earnings per share-
weighted-average shares.
Effect of dilutive securities-
Employee stock options
Denominator for diluted earnings per share-adjusted
weighted-average shares with assumed conversions
Basic earnings per share
Diluted earnings per share
17
18
D. INVENTORIES
The components of inventories are summarized below (in thousands):
Raw materials, parts and subassemblies.
Work-in-process
Total inventories
E. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
Property, plant and equipment is summarized below (in thousands):

| Land | \$3,193 | \$ 3,1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buildings and improvemen | 30,640 | 30, |
| Machinery and equipment | 29,001 | 30,4 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 3,690 | 4, |
| Construction in progress. | 1,141 | 1,0 |

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## F. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has a defined employee contribution $401(k)$ plan for substantially all of its employees. The Company matches $50 \%$ of employee contributions up to an employee contribution of six percent of their salary. The Company recognized expenses of $\$ 1,098,000, \$ 1,040,000$, and $\$ 934,000$ in fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively, under this plan.

Two long service employees are participants in a deferred compensation plan providing payments in accordance with a predetermined plan upon retirement or death. The Company recognizes the cost of this plan over the projected years of service of the participant. The Company has insured the lives of these key employees to assist in the funding of the deferred compensation liability.

The Company has established an employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) for the benefit of substantially all full-time employees other than employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement to which the ESOP has not been extended by agreement or by action of the Company. The ESOP initially purchased 793,525 shares of the Company's common stock from a major stockholder. At October 31,2000 and 1999 there were 679,637 and 697,712 shares in the trust with 259,772 and 230,342 shares allocated to participants, respectively. The funding for this plan was provided through a loan from the Company of $\$ 4,500,000$. This loan will be repaid by the ESOP over a twenty-year period with equal payments of $\$ 424,000$ per year including interest at 7 percent. The Company recorded deferred compensation as a contra-equity account for the amount loaned to the ESOP in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The Company is required to make annual contributions to the ESOP to enable it to repay its loan to the Company. The deferred compensation account is amortized as compensation expense over twenty years as employees earn their shares for services rendered. The loan agreement also provides for prepayment of the loan if the Company elects to make any additional contributions. The compensation expense for fiscal years 2000,1999 and 1998 was $\$ 135,000, \$ 185,000$, and $\$ 226,000$, respectively. The receivable from the ESOP is recorded as a reduction from stockholders' equity and the allocated and unallocated shares of the ESOP are treated as outstanding common stock in the computation of earnings per share.

POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

In November 1992, the Company established a plan for each subsidiary to extend to retirees health benefits which are available to active employees under the Company's existing health plans. Participants became eligible for retiree health care benefits when they retired from active service at age 55 with ten years of service. Generally, the health plans paid a stated percentage of medical and dental expenses reduced for any deductible and co-payment. These plans were unfunded. Medical coverage may be continued by the retired employee up to age 65 at the average cost to the Company of active employees. At the age of 65, when the employee became eligible for Medicare, the benefits provided by

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the Company were to be reduced by the amount provided by Medicare and the cost to the retired employee would be reduced to 50 percent of the average cost to the Company of active employees.

In 1994, the Company modified its postretirement benefits to provide retiree healthcare benefits to only current retirees and active employees who were eligible to retire by December 31, 1999. Participants eligible for such benefits were required to pay between 20 percent and 100 percent of the Company's average cost of benefits based on years of service. In addition, benefits would end upon the employee's attainment of age 65. The effect of these modifications significantly reduced the Company's postretirement benefits cost and accumulated benefits obligation.

In 2000, the Company again modified its postretirement benefits to provide retiree healthcare benefits to current retirees and active employees who were eligible to retire after December 31, 1999. The retired employee's cost of the optional retiree coverage under the plan is based on the full COBRA cost of that coverage, reduced by a fixed dollar amount for each additional service year in excess of ten (10) service years.

The following table illustrates the components of net periodic benefits expense, funded status, the change in funded status, and the change in accumulated benefit obligation of the postretirement benefit plans (in thousands):

```
Components of net periodic postretirement benefits expense (income):
    Service cost
    Interest cost
    Prior service cost
    Net (gain)/loss recognized
    Net periodic postretirment benefits expense (income).......................
Funded Status:
    Retirees.
```



```
    Other actual participants
    Accumulated postretirement benefits obligation
    Less unrecognized balances:
    Prior service cost
```



```
            Net amount recognized
```


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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

```
Changes in accumulated postretirement benefits obligation:
    Balance at beginning of year
    Service cost
    Interest cost
    (Gain)/Loss due to plan change
    Actuarial (gain)/loss
    Benefits paid.
    Balance at end of year
    Fair value of plan assets
```

Weighted average assumptions as of October 31, 2000 (in thousands):

Discount rate
Expected return on plan assets
Rate of compensation increase

The assumed health care cost trend measuring the accumulated postretirmenet benefits obligation was 6\% in both fiscal years 2000 and 1999. The trend is expected to remain at $6 \%$ for fiscal year 2000 and later. If the health care trend rate assumptions were increased by $1 \%$ as of October 31, 2000 , there would be no effect of this change on the accumulated postretirement benefits obligation or net postretirement benefit cost for 2000 .

## G. DEBT

In September 1998, the Company amended an existing agreement for a revolving line of credit with a major U.S. bank. The amendment provided for a $\$ 10,000,000$ term loan and a revolving line of credit of $\$ 20,000,000$. In December 1999 the Company amended the agreement to reduce the line of credit to $\$ 15,000,000$. The term loan has a maturity of five years with nineteen equal quarterly payments of $\$ 357,143$ and a final payment of the remaining principal balance on September 30, 2003. The effective interest rate, after including the results of an interest rate swap negotiated with the trust company of the same domestic bank, is 5.20 percent per annum plus a . 75 to 1.25 percent fee based on financial covenants. The revolving line of credit provides for the Company to elect an interest rate on amounts borrowed of (1) the bank's prime rate less . 5 percent (on the first $\$ 5,000,000$ ) and prime rate on additional borrowings, or (2) the bank's IBOR rate plus an additional percentage of . $75 \%$ to $1.25 \%$ based on the Company's performance. Also, a fee of . 20 to . 25 percent is charged on the unused balance of the line. The agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants and requirements to maintain a minimum level of tangible net worth and profitability. As of October 31, 2000 , there were no borrowings under this line of credit. The agreement, as amended, expires on February 28, 2002.

The interest rate swap agreement, which is used by the Company in the management of interest rate exposure, is accounted for on the accrual basis. Income and expense resulting from this agreement is recorded in the same category as interest expense accrued on the related term note. Amounts to be paid or received under the interest rate swap agreement are recognized as an

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adjustment to interest expense in the periods in which they occur. The notional amount of the swap agreement is $\$ 10,000,000$ and follows the same reduction schedule as the term loan. The agreement requires that the Company pay the counterparty at the above fixed swap rate and requires the counterparty to pay the Company interest at the 90 day LIBOR rate. The closing 90 day LIBOR rate on October 31, 2000 was $6.76 \%$. The Company considers the risk of non-performance by its swap partner to be minimal.

Long-term debt is summarized below (in thousands):

```
Five year term note
```

```
Revolving line of credit
```

Revolving line of credit
NatWest promissory note (see Note M below)
Total debt

```

```

Total long-term debt.

```

POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The interest expense recorded during the year was \(\$ 638,000, \$ 774,000\)
and \(\$ 558,000\) in 2000, 1999 and 1998 , respectively. The annual maturities of long-term debt for the years 2001 through 2004 are as follows: \(\$ 1,429,000\), \(\$ 1,429,000, \$ 4,285,000\) and \(\$ 0\), respectively. See footnote \(N\) for the discussion of the fair market value of the debt instruments.
H. INCOME TAXES

The net deferred income tax asset is comprised of the following (in thousands):
```

Current deferred income taxes:
Gross assets ...................................................................
Gross liabilities.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Net current deferred income tax asset (liability)
Noncurrent deferred income taxes
Gross assets.
Gross liabilities
Net noncurrent deferred income tax asset

```

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\author{
Net deferred income tax asset
}

The tax effect of significant temporary differences representing deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows (in thousands):
```

Allowance for doubtful accounts
Reserve for accrued employee benefits
Warranty reserves
Uncompleted long-term contracts
Depreciation and amortization.
Deferred compensation.
Postretirement benefits liability
Accrued legal expenses
Uniform capitalization and inventory.
Other.
Net deferred income tax asset

```

The components of the income tax provision consist of the following
(in thousands):


\title{
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}
POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)
A reconciliation of the statutory U.S. income tax rate and the effective income tax rate, as computed on earnings from continuing operations before income taxes reflected in each of the three years presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations is as follows:
Years Ended



Other.
---
Effective rate
35\%

\section*{I. SIGNIFICANT SALES DATA}

> No single customer or export country accounted for more than 10 percent of consolidated revenues in fiscal years 2000,1999 and 1998.
> Export sales are as follows (in thousands):


\section*{J. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES}
Leases
The Company leases certain offices, facilities and equipment under operating leases expiring at various dates through 2003. At October 31, 2000, the minimum annual rental commitments under leases having terms in excess of one year are as follows (in thousands):

\author{
Year Ending \\ October 31
}
2001
2002
2003

\title{
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}

\section*{2004}

2005
Thereafter
Total lease commitments

\begin{abstract}
Lease expense for all operating leases, excluding leases with terms of less than one year, was \(\$ 1,325,000, \$ 1,328,000\) and \(\$ 1,259,000\) for fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

\section*{Letters of Credit and Bonds}

The Company is contingently liable for secured and unsecured letters of credit and performance bonds totaling approximately \(\$ 2,002,878\) and \(\$ 133,293,863\) respectively, that were outstanding at October 31, 2000.
\end{abstract}

\section*{22}

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

\section*{Litigation}

The Company is a party to disputes arising in the ordinary course of business. Management does not believe that the ultimate outcome of these disputes will materially affect the financial position or future results of operations of the Company.

\section*{K. STOCK OPTIONS AND GRANTS}

In March 1992, the stockholders approved an amendment to a plan that was adopted in March 1989, in which 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock would be made available through an incentive program for certain employees of the Company. In March 1996, the stockholders approved an amendment to increase the maximum shares available under the plan from 750,000 shares to \(1,500,000\) shares of common stock. The awards available under the plan include both stock options and stock grants and are subject to certain conditions and restrictions as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. There were no stock grants during fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998.

Stock options granted under the plan are non-qualified and are granted at a price equal to the fair market value of the common stock at the date of grant. Generally, options granted have terms of seven years from the date of grant and will vest in increments of 20 percent per year over a five year period on the yearly anniversary of the grant date. The plan provides for additional stock to be awarded equal to 20 percent of all options which are exercised and then held for a period of five years.

There were 213,864 shares available under the plan to be granted as of October 31, 2000. Stock option activity (number of shares) for the Company during fiscal years 2000, 1999 and 1998 was as follows:

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```

Granted:
Stock options \$8.50 per share
Stock options \$8.44 per share
Exercised:
Stock options \$6.25 per share (19,960)
Stock options \$6.75 per share (95,295)
Stock options \$8.50 per share (1,280)
Forfeited:
Stock options \$6.25 per share -0-
Stock options \$6.75 per share -0-
Stock options \$15.81 per share (10,000)
Stock options \$8.50 per share (9,370)
Outstanding, ranging from \$6.25 to
\$15.81 per share, at the end of year 654,730

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding as of October 31, 2000:

| Range of <br> Exercise | Number <br> Outstanding <br> Prices <br> at 10/31/00 | Weighted Average <br> Remaining <br> Contractual Life | Weighted <br> Average <br> Exercise Price | Number <br> Exercisable <br> at |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ------ | ---------- |  |  |  |

The weighted average fair value of options granted during fiscal 2000 was $\$ 4.26$ per option.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)

The Company applies Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", in accounting for employee stock options whereby no compensation expense is recorded related to the options granted equal to the market value of the stock on the date of grant. If compensation expense had been determined based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model value at the grant date for stock option awards consistent with the provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", the Company's net income and earnings per share would have been as follows:

Net income:
As reported. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

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Pro forma ..... 6,585
Earnings per share:
As reported ..... \$ . 67
Pro forma ..... 63

The SFAS No. 123 method of accounting has not been applied to options granted prior to October 31,1995, and the resulting pro forma compensation expense may not be indicative of pro forma expense in future years.

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

```
Expected life of options
Risk-free interest rate
Expected dividend yield
Expected stock price volatility
```

7 years
5.99\%-6.43\%
$0.00 \%$
$36.23 \%-41.48 \%$

## L. PRODUCTION CONTRACTS

For contracts in which the percentage-of-completion method is used, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings are reported as a current asset and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings are reported as a current liability. The components of these contracts are as follows (in thousands) :

```
Costs and estimated earnings
Progress billings
Total costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings
Progress billings
Costs and estimated earnings
Total billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings
Progress billings
Progress billings
Costs and estimated earnings
```


## M. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As previously reported on Form 8-K in September 1998, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with National Westminister Bank plc ("NatWest") to settle all litigation regarding completion of a project of US Turbine Corporation (USTC), a previously held subsidiary of the Company, at MacDill Air Force Base (the responsibility for this project was not assumed by Rolls-Royce in its acquisition of USTC in 1996). Under the terms of such Settlement Agreement, the Company paid NatWest $\$ 7,000,000$ at the closing (September 10, 1998) and delivered a promissory note in the principal amount of $\$ 1,000,000$ bearing interest at the rate of 3 percent per annum, which was due on December 31, 1999; accordingly, in 1998 the Company recorded a loss from discontinued operations of $\$ 4,800,000$ (net of income taxes) or $\$ 0.45$ per diluted share, to reflect additional expense accruals related to this settlement.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)


#### Abstract

The following summarizes the results of operations and consolidated balance sheets of the discontinued operations:


| Loss from operations before income taxes Benefit for income taxes. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |

2000
14. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, debt obligations and interest rate swaps. The book value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable are considered to be representative of fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Company believes that the carrying value of its borrowings under the credit agreement approximate their fair value as they bear interest at rates indexed to the Bank's IBOR rate.

At October 31, 2000 the Company had $\$ 7,143,000$ borrowings subject to interest rate swap at a rate of $5.20 \%$ through September 30, 2003. The approximate fair value of the swap agreement at October 31, 2000 was $\$ 192,000$. The fair value is the amount estimated that the company would receive to terminate the contract.

## 15. Business Segments

The Company has three reportable segments: 1. Switchgear and related equipment and service (Switchgear) for distribution, control and management of electrical energy, 2. Bus duct products (Bus Duct) for the distribution of electric power, and 3. Process Control Systems which consists principally of instrumentation, computer control, communications and data management systems for the control of dynamic processes.

The tables below reflect certain information relating to the Company's operations by segment. Substantially all revenues represent sales from unaffilliated customers. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. For purposes of this presentation, all general corporate expenses have been allocated among operating segments based primarily on revenues. In addition, the corporate assets are mainly cash and cash equivalents transferred to the corporate office from the segments. Interest charges and credits to the segments from the corporate office are based on use of funds.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)
The required disclosures for the business segments are set forth below (in thousands):


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| Bus Duct | $(1,181)$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Process Control | 135 |
| Corporate | 140 |
|  | ------- |
| Total Interest Expense (Income) | $\$(44)$ |

```
26
2 7
    POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
    NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONTINUED)
P. QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)
    The table below sets forth the unaudited consolidated operating results
by fiscal quarter for the years ended October 31, 2000 and 1999 (in thousands,
except per share data):
```

First

Second
Quarter
\$56,409
9,504


Net earnings per common and common equivalent share:

Basic.......................................... 12
Diluted......................................... 12

1999-
Revenues. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 54,134$ \$56, 331

Gross profit............................................ 10,932

Net earnings per common and common
equivalent share:
Basic.......................................... 20

\$56, 331
10,238
1,820
Q. Subsequent Events

The Company announced that Mr. J. F. Ahart has resigned effective December 15, 2000, as the Company's Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, Director, and Chief Financial Officer.

Mr. Ahart's responsibilities have been assumed by Thomas W. Powell, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, until a replacement is named.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE
None

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ITEMS 10, 11, 12 AND 13. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT; EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION; SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT; AND CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The information required by these items is omitted because the Company will file, within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2000, a definitive proxy statement pursuant to Regulation 14A, which information is herein incorporated by reference.

## PART IV

ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

Financial Statements - See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements at Item 8 of this report

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EXHIBITS
2.1 - Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of June 20, 1996 by and between Rolls-Royce North America, Inc. and Rolls-Royce Acquisition Corp. and U. S. Turbine Corp. and the Company (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 8, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference).
2.2 - First Amendment to Asset Purchase Agreement dated July 26, 1996 by and between Rolls-Royce North America, Inc. and Rolls-Royce Acquisition Corp. and U. S. Turbine Corp. and the Company (filed as Exhibit 2.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 8, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1 - Articles of Incorporation and Certificates of Amendment of Powell Industries, Inc. dated July 20, 1987 and March 13, 1992 (filed as Exhibit 3 to the Company's Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1982, Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 1987, and Form 10-Q for quarter ended April 30, 1992, respectively, and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2 - By-laws of Powell Industries, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 30, 1995 and incorporated herein by reference).
*10.1 - Powell Industries, Inc., Incentive Compensation Plan for 2000.
10.2 - Description of Supplemental Executive Benefit Plan (filed as Exhibit 10 to the Company's Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1984, and incorporated herein by reference).
10.3 - Credit Agreement dated August 15, 1997 between Powell Industries, Inc. and Bank of America Texas, N. A. (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.)
10.4 - Amendments dated September 16, 1998, September 25, 1998 and October 15, 1998 to credit agreement between Powell Industries, Inc., and Bank of America Texas, N.A, (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1998 and

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*21.1 - Subsidiaries of the Company.
*23.1 - Consent of Independent Public Accountants.

Filed herewith
(b) Reports on Form 8-K. None

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC.

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```
By THOMAS W. POWELL
    Thomas W. Powell
    President and Chief Executive Officer
        (Principal Executive and Financial Officer)
    By ROBERT B. GREGORY
        R. B. Gregory
        Corporate Controller
        (Principal Accounting Officer)
```

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934 , this report has been
signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant in the
capacities and on the date indicated:

Signature

THOMAS W. POWELL

Thomas W. Powell

JOSEPH L. BECHERER

Joseph L. Becherer

EUGENE L. BUTLER

Eugene L. Butler

BONNIE L. POWELL

Bonnie L. Powell

STEPHEN W. SEALE, JR.

Stephen W. Seale, Jr.

LAWRENCE R. TANNER

Lawrence R. Tanner

ROBERT C. TRANCHON

Robert C. Tranchon

RONALD J. WOLNY

Ronald J. Wolny

Date: January 28, 2001

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|  | EXHIBIT INDEX |
| EXHIBITS | DESCRIPTION |
| 2.1 - | Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of June 20, 1996 by and between Rolls-Royce North America, Inc. and Rolls-Royce Acquisition Corp. and U. S. Turbine Corp. and the Company (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 8, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference). |
| $2.2-$ | First Amendment to Asset Purchase Agreement dated July 26, 1996 by and between Rolls-Royce North America, Inc. and Rolls-Royce Acquisition Corp. and U. S. Turbine Corp. and the Company (filed as Exhibit 2.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 8, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 3.1 - | Articles of Incorporation and Certificates of Amendment of Powell Industries, Inc. dated July 20, 1987 and March 13, 1992 (filed as Exhibit 3 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1982, Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 1987, and Form 10-Q for quarter ended April 30, 1992, respectively, and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 3.2 - | By-laws of Powell Industries, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 30, 1995 and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 10.1 - | Powell Industries, Inc., Incentive Compensation Plan for 2000 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2000 and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 10.2 - | Description of Supplemental Executive Benefit Plan (filed as Exhibit 10 to the Company's Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1984, and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 10.3 - | Credit Agreement dated August 15, 1997 between Powell Industries, Inc. and Bank of America Texas, N. A. (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference.) |
| 10.4 - | Amendments dated September 16, 1998, September 25, 1998 and October 15, 1998 to credit agreement between Powell Industries, Inc., and Bank of America Texas, N.A, (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 10.5 - | Fourth Amendment dated February 26, 1999 to credit agreement between Powell Industries, Inc. and Bank of America Texas N.A. (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Company's 10-Q for quarter ended April 30, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 10.6 - | 1992 Powell Industries, Inc. Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-8 dated July 26, 1994 (File No. 33-81998) and incorporated herein by reference). |
| 10.7 - | The Powell Industries, Inc. Directors' Fees Program (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1992, and incorporated herein by reference). |

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10.8 - The Powell Industries, Inc. Executive Severance Protection Plan
        (filed as Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter
        ended April 30, 1996, and incorporated herein by reference).
10.9 - Amendment to Powell Industries, Inc. Stock Option Plan (filed as
        Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended
        April 30, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.10- Settlement Agreement effective September 3, 1998 by and among
        National Westminister Bank, plc, Powell Industries, Inc., Powell
        Energy Systems, Inc., Empire Energy Management Systems, Inc.,
        Empire Cogen and Brian Travis (filed as Exhibit 10.11 to the
        Company's Form 10-Q for quarter ended July 31, 1998 and
        incorporated herein by reference).
    10.11- Fifth Amendment dated December 31, 1999 to credit agreement
        between Powell Industries, Inc. and Bank of America Texas N.A.
        (Filed as Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal
        year ended October 31, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference.
*21.1 - Subsidiaries of the Company.
*23.1 - Consent of Independent Public Accountants.
    * Filed herewith
(b) Reports on Form 8-K. None
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