TRI Pointe Group, Inc. Form 10-Q April 25, 2019

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number 1-35796

TRI Pointe Group, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 61-1763235 (State or other Jurisdiction of I.R.S. Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

19540 Jamboree Road, Suite 300

Irvine, California 92612

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (949) 438-1400

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No x

142,210,147 shares of the registrant's common stock were issued and outstanding as of April 12, 2019.

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, references to "TRI Pointe", the "Company", "we", "us", or "our" (including in the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto in this report) refer to TRI Pointe Group, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("TRI Pointe Group") and its consolidated subsidiaries.

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TRI POINTE GROUP, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q INDEX March 31, 2019

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

TRI POINTE GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	March 31, 2019 (unaudited)	December 31, 2018
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$148,782	\$277,696
Receivables	58,234	51,592
Real estate inventories	3,242,678	3,216,059
Investments in unconsolidated entities	4,191	5,410
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	160,293	160,427
Deferred tax assets, net	67,761	67,768
Other assets	173,956	105,251
Total assets	\$3,855,895	\$3,884,203
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$66,605	\$81,313
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	319,791	335,149
Senior notes, net	1,412,463	1,410,804
Total liabilities	1,798,859	1,827,266
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Equity		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized; no		
shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2019 and		
December 31, 2018, respectively		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized;		
142,210,147 and 141,661,713 shares issued and outstanding at	1,422	1,417
March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	658,743	658,720
Retained earnings	1,396,858	1,396,787
Total stockholders' equity	2,057,023	2,056,924
Noncontrolling interests	13	13
Total equity	2,057,036	2,056,937
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,855,895	\$3,884,203

See accompanying condensed notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

TRI POINTE GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018		
Homebuilding:			
Home sales revenue	\$492,703	\$ 582,572	
Land and lot sales revenue	1,029	223	
Other operations revenue	598	598	
Total revenues	494,330	583,393	
Cost of home sales	421,536	450,502	
Cost of land and lot sales	1,495	503	
Other operations expense	590	602	
Sales and marketing	38,989	38,283	
General and administrative	38,597	36,814	
Homebuilding (loss) income from operations	(6,877)	56,689	
Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	(25)	(468)
Other income, net	6,241	171	
Homebuilding (loss) income before income taxes	(661)	56,392	
Financial Services:			
Revenues	302	283	
Expenses	321	137	
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	775	1,002	
Financial services income before income taxes	756	1,148	
Income before income taxes	95	57,540	
Provision for income taxes	(24)	(14,660)
Net income	\$71	\$42,880	
Earnings per share			
Basic	\$0.00	\$ 0.28	
Diluted	\$0.00	\$ 0.28	
Weighted average shares outstanding			
Basic	141,865,27	051,464,54	17
Diluted	142,390,16352,775,851		

See accompanying condensed notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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TRI POINTE GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited)

(in thousands, except share amounts)

	Number of Shares of Comm Stock	Common lon Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders Equity	,Noncontrol Interests	l ifig tal Equity
Balance at December 31, 2018	141,661,713	\$ 1,417	\$658,720	\$1,396,787	\$2,056,924	\$ 13	\$2,056,937
Net income	_	_	_	71	71	_	71
Shares issued under share-based awards	548,434	5	193		198		198
Minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units	_	_	(3,605)	_	(3,605)	_	(3,605)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	3,435	_	3,435	_	3,435
expense Balance at March 31, 2019	142,210,147	\$ 1,422	\$658,743	\$1,396,858	\$2,057,023	\$ 13	\$2,057,036
Balance at December 31, 2017	151,162,999	\$ 1,512	\$793,980	\$1,134,230	\$1,929,722	\$ 605	\$1,930,327
Cumulative effect of accounting change	_	_	_	(7,354)	(7,354)		(7,354)
Net income	_	_	_	42,880	42,880		42,880
Shares issued under share-based awards	759,460	7	968	_	975	_	975
Minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units	_	_	(6,049)	_	(6,049)	_	(6,049)
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	3,470	_	3,470	_	3,470
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net	_	_	_	_	_	(1)	(1)
Balance at March 31, 2018	151,922,459	\$ 1,519	\$792,369	\$1,169,756	\$1,963,644	\$ 604	\$1,964,248

See accompanying condensed notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

TRI POINTE GROUP, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited) (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Į	
	2019	,	2018	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$71	\$	\$42,880	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	5,085	5	5,488	
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities, net	(750) ((534)
Deferred income taxes, net	7	5	5,024	
Amortization of stock-based compensation	3,435	3	3,470	
Charges for impairments and lot option abandonments	5,202	2	248	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Real estate inventories	(29,695) ((87,107)
Receivables	(6,642) 7	70,351	
Other assets	(5,476) 2	2,308	
Accounts payable	(14,708) 3	3,379	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(73,446) 2	2,165	
Returns on investments in unconsolidated entities, net	1,992	2	2,214	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(114,925) 4	49,886	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment	(7,224) ((2,170)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	7	-		
Investments in unconsolidated entities	(231) ((947)
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,448) ((3,117))
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayment of debt	(10) -	_	
Debt issuance costs	(3,124) -		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	,	(1)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under share-based awards	198		975	
Minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for share-based awards		, ,	(6,049)
Net cash used in financing activities		, ,	(5,075)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(128,914			
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of period	277,696		282,914	
Cash and cash equivalents—end of period	\$148,782	2 \$	\$324,608	}

See accompanying condensed notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

TRI POINTE GROUP, INC.
CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

TRI Pointe is engaged in the design, construction and sale of innovative single-family attached and detached homes through its portfolio of six quality brands across ten states, including Maracay in Arizona, Pardee Homes in California and Nevada, Quadrant Homes in Washington, Trendmaker Homes in Texas, TRI Pointe Homes in California, Colorado and the Carolinas and Winchester Homes in Maryland and Virginia.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), as contained within the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. They should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation with respect to interim financial statements, have been included. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2019 due to seasonal variations and other factors.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of TRI Pointe Group and its wholly owned subsidiaries, as well as other entities in which TRI Pointe Group has a controlling interest and variable interest entities ("VIEs") in which TRI Pointe Group is the primary beneficiary. The noncontrolling interests as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 represent the outside owners' interests in the Company's consolidated entities. All significant intercompany accounts have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Use of Estimates

Our financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from our estimates.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue in accordance with Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Codified as "ASC 606"). Under ASC 606, we apply the following steps to determine the timing and amount of revenue to recognize: (i) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation. Home sales revenue

We generate the majority of our total revenues from home sales, which consists of our core business operation of building and delivering completed homes to homebuyers. Home sales revenue and related profit is generally recognized when title to and possession of the home is transferred to the homebuyer at the home closing date. Our performance obligation to deliver the agreed-upon home is generally satisfied in less than one year from the original contract date. Included in home sales revenue are forfeited deposits, which occur when homebuyers cancel home purchase contracts that include a nonrefundable deposit. Both revenue from forfeited deposits and deferred revenue resulting from uncompleted performance obligations existing at the time we deliver new homes to our homebuyers are immaterial.

Land and lot sales revenue

Historically, we have generated land and lot sales revenue from a small number of transactions, although in some years we have realized a significant amount of revenue and gross margin. We do not expect our future land and lot sales revenue to

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be material, but we still consider these sales to be an ordinary part of our business, thus meeting the definition of contracts with customers. Similar to our home sales, revenue from land and lot sales is typically fully recognized when the land and lot sales transactions are consummated, at which time no further performance obligations are left to be satisfied. Some of our historical land and lot sales have included future profit participation rights. We will recognize future land and lot sales revenue in the periods in which all closing conditions are met, subject to the constraint on variable consideration related to profit participation rights, if such rights exist in the sales contract. Other operations revenue

The majority of our other homebuilding operations revenue relates to a ground lease at our Quadrant Homes reporting segment. We are responsible for making lease payments to the land owner, and we collect sublease payments from the buyers of the buildings. This ground lease is accounted for in accordance with ASC Topic 842, Leases. We do not recognize a material profit on this ground lease.

Financial services revenues

TRI Pointe Solutions is a reportable segment and is comprised of our TRI Pointe Connect mortgage financing operations, TRI Pointe Assurance title services operations, and TRI Pointe Advantage property and casualty insurance agency operations.

Mortgage financing operations

TRI Pointe Connect was formed as a joint venture with an established mortgage lender and is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. We record a percentage of income earned by TRI Pointe Connect based on our ownership percentage in this joint venture. TRI Pointe Connect activity appears as equity in income of unconsolidated entities under the Financial Services section of our consolidated statements of operations.

Title services operations

TRI Pointe Assurance provides title examinations for our homebuyers in Texas, Maryland and Virginia. TRI Pointe Assurance is a wholly owned subsidiary of TRI Pointe and acts as a title agency for First American Title Insurance Company. At the time of the consummation of the home sales transactions, we recognize a percentage of revenue captured by First American Title Insurance Company. TRI Pointe Assurance revenue is included in the Financial Services section of our consolidated statements of operations.

Property and casualty insurance agency operations

TRI Pointe Advantage is a wholly owned subsidiary of TRI Pointe and provides property and casualty insurance agency services that help facilitate the closing process in all of the markets in which we operate. The total consideration for these services, including renewal options, is estimated upon the issuance of the initial insurance policy, subject to constraint. TRI Pointe Advantage revenue is included in the Financial Services section of our consolidated statements of operations.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In January 2017, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2017-04, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Accounting for Goodwill Impairment ("ASU 2017-04"), which removes the requirement to perform a hypothetical purchase price allocation to measure goodwill impairment. A goodwill impairment will now be the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. ASU 2017-04 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted, and applied prospectively. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-04 to have a material impact on our financial statements.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Codified as "ASC 842"), which requires an entity to recognize a lease right-of-use asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by leases with durations of greater than 12 months. Right-of-use lease assets represent our right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and the lease obligation represents our commitment to make the lease payments arising from the lease. The guidance also requires more disclosures about leases in the notes to financial statements. We adopted ASC 842 on January 1, 2019, using a modified retrospective approach resulting in the recognition of a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance sheet of \$57.4 million, which included a lease right-of-use asset offset by a lease liability on our consolidated balance sheet. No prior period adjustment was recorded. Additionally, we have elected the transition package of three practical expedients permitted under ASC 842, which among other things, allows us to retain the current operating classification for all of our existing leases prior the effective adoption date. For further details on the adoption of ASC 842, see Note 13, Commitments and Contingencies.

2. Segment Information

We operate two principal businesses: homebuilding and financial services.

Our homebuilding operations consist of six homebuilding brands that acquire and develop land and construct and sell single-family detached and attached homes. In accordance with ASC Topic 280, Segment Reporting, in determining the most appropriate reportable segments, we considered similar economic and other characteristics, including product types, average selling prices, gross profits, production processes, suppliers, subcontractors, regulatory environments, land acquisition results, and underlying demand and supply. Based upon these factors, our homebuilding operations are comprised of the following six reportable segments: Maracay, consisting of operations in Arizona; Pardee Homes, consisting of operations in California and Nevada; Quadrant Homes, consisting of operations in Washington; Trendmaker Homes, consisting of operations in Texas; TRI Pointe Homes, consisting of operations in California, Colorado and the Carolinas; and Winchester Homes, consisting of operations in Maryland and Virginia. Our TRI Pointe Solutions financial services operation is a reportable segment and is comprised of our TRI Pointe Connect mortgage financing operations, our TRI Pointe Assurance title services operations, and our TRI Pointe Advantage property and casualty insurance agency operations. For further details, see Note 1, Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Corporate is a non-operating segment that develops and implements company-wide strategic initiatives and provides support to our homebuilding reporting segments by centralizing certain administrative functions, such as marketing, legal, accounting, treasury, insurance, internal audit and risk management, information technology and human resources, to benefit from economies of scale. Our Corporate non-operating segment also includes general and administrative expenses related to operating our corporate headquarters. A portion of the expenses incurred by Corporate is allocated to the homebuilding reporting segments.

The reportable segments follow the same accounting policies used for our consolidated financial statements, as described in Note 1, Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Operational results of each reportable segment are not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been achieved had the reportable segment been an independent, stand-alone entity during the periods presented.

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Total revenues and income before income taxes for each of our reportable segments were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mon	ths Ended
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Revenues		
Maracay	\$39,561	\$58,455
Pardee Homes	134,863	180,470
Quadrant Homes	43,871	61,903
Trendmaker Homes	70,821	41,408
TRI Pointe Homes	171,791	190,420
Winchester Homes	33,423	50,737
Total homebuilding revenues	494,330	583,393
Financial services	302	283
Total	\$494,632	\$583,676
Income (loss) before income taxes		
Maracay	\$1,190	\$4,391
Pardee Homes	. ,	39,191
Quadrant Homes	(2,639)	8,140
Trendmaker Homes	(1,598)	370
TRI Pointe Homes	10,209	14,531
Winchester Homes	(766)	1,607
Corporate	(6,266)	(11,838)
Total homebuilding (loss) income before income taxes	(661)	56,392
Financial services	756	1,148
Total	\$95	\$57,540

Total real estate inventories and total assets for each of our reportable segments, as of the date indicated, were as follows (in thousands):

ionows (in mousands).		
	March 31,	December
	2019	31, 2018
Real estate inventories		
Maracay	\$320,459	\$293,217
Pardee Homes	1,300,853	1,286,877
Quadrant Homes	273,621	279,486
Trendmaker Homes	284,734	271,061
TRI Pointe Homes	780,568	812,799
Winchester Homes	282,443	272,619
Total	\$3,242,678	\$3,216,059
Total assets		
Maracay	\$352,968	\$318,703
Pardee Homes	1,404,466	1,391,503
Quadrant Homes	346,697	313,947
Trendmaker Homes	315,713	325,943
TRI Pointe Homes	966,252	987,610
Winchester Homes	312,636	298,602
Corporate	136,689	228,010
Total homebuilding assets	3,835,421	3,864,318
Financial services	20,474	19,885
Total	\$3,855,895	\$3,884,203

3. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the components used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Three Months
	Ended March 31,
	2019 2018
Numerator:	
Net income	\$71 \$ 42,880
Denominator:	
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding	141,86 5,5 2 7,0 64,547
Effect of dilutive shares:	
Stock options and unvested restricted stock units	524,89 3 ,311,304
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding	142,39 0,5 26 ,3 75,851
Earnings per share	
Basic	\$0.00 \$ 0.28
Diluted	\$0.00 \$ 0.28
Antidilutive stock options and unvested restricted stock units not included in diluted earnings per share	2,864,50,9248,483
Share	

4. Receivables

Receivables consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Escrow proceeds and other accounts receivable, net	\$20,715	\$ 13,995
Warranty insurance receivable (Note 13)	37,519	37,597
Total receivables	\$58,234	\$ 51,592

Receivables are evaluated for collectability and allowances for potential losses are established or maintained on applicable receivables when collection becomes doubtful. Receivables were net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$456,000 and \$667,000 as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

5. Real Estate Inventories

Real estate inventories consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	December
	2019	31, 2018
Real estate inventories owned:		
Homes completed or under construction	\$1,037,271	\$959,911
Land under development	1,668,075	1,743,537
Land held for future development	203,476	201,874
Model homes	258,545	238,828
Total real estate inventories owned	3,167,367	3,144,150
Real estate inventories not owned:		
Land purchase and land option deposits	75,311	71,909
Total real estate inventories not owned	75,311	71,909
Total real estate inventories	\$3,242,678	\$3,216,059

Homes completed or under construction is comprised of costs associated with homes in various stages of construction and includes direct construction and related land acquisition and land development costs. Land under development primarily consists of land acquisition and land development costs, which include capitalized interest and real estate taxes, associated with land undergoing improvement activity. Land held for future development principally reflects land acquisition and land development costs related to land where development activity has not yet begun or has been suspended, but is expected to occur in the future.

Real estate inventories not owned represents deposits related to land purchase and land and lot option agreements as well as consolidated inventory held by variable interest entities. For further details, see Note 7, Variable Interest Entities.

Interest incurred, capitalized and expensed were as follows (in thousands):

' 1 1		
	Three Mon	ths Ended
	March 31,	
	2019	2018
Interest incurred	\$23,373	\$21,520
Interest capitalized	(23,373)	(21,520)
Interest expensed	\$—	\$—
Capitalized interest in beginning inventory	\$184,400	\$176,348
Interest capitalized as a cost of inventory	23,373	21,520
Interest previously capitalized as a cost of	(14,333)	(14,242)

inventory, included in cost of sales Capitalized interest in ending inventory

\$193,440 \$183,626

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Interest is capitalized to real estate inventory during development and other qualifying activities. During all periods presented, we capitalized all interest incurred to real estate inventory in accordance with ASC Topic 835, Interest, as our qualified assets exceeded our debt. Interest that is capitalized to real estate inventory is included in cost of home sales or cost of land and lot sales as related units or lots are delivered. Interest that is expensed as incurred is included in other (expense) income, net.

Real Estate Inventory Impairments and Land Option Abandonments

Real estate inventory impairments and land and lot option abandonments and pre-acquisition charges consisted of the following (in thousands):

Impairments of real estate inventory relate primarily to projects or communities that include homes completed or under construction. Within a project or community, there may be individual homes or parcels of land that are currently held for sale. Impairment charges recognized as a result of adjusting individual held-for-sale assets within a community to estimated fair value less cost to sell are also included in the total impairment charges. No real estate inventory impairments were recorded for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 or 2018, respectively. In addition to owning land and residential lots, we also have option agreements to purchase land and lots at a future date. We have option deposits and capitalized pre-acquisition costs associated with the optioned land and lots. When the economics of a project no longer support acquisition of the land or lots under option, we may elect not to move forward with the acquisition. Option deposits and capitalized pre-acquisition costs associated with the assets under option may be forfeited at that time.

Real estate inventory impairments and land option abandonments are recorded in cost of home sales and cost of land and lot sales on the consolidated statements of operations.

6. Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

As of March 31, 2019, we held equity investments in four active homebuilding partnerships or limited liability companies and one financial services limited liability company. Our participation in these entities may be as a developer, a builder, or an investment partner. Our ownership percentage varies from 7% to 65%, depending on the investment, with no controlling interest held in any of these investments.

Unconsolidated Financial Information

Aggregated assets, liabilities and operating results of the entities we account for as equity-method investments are provided below. Because our ownership interest in these entities varies, a direct relationship does not exist between the information presented below and the amounts that are reflected on our consolidated balance sheets as our investments in unconsolidated entities or on our consolidated statements of operations as equity in income of unconsolidated entities.

Assets and liabilities of unconsolidated entities (in thousands):

	March	December
	31, 2019	31, 2018
Assets		
Cash	\$10,261	\$13,337
Receivables	3,358	4,674
Real estate inventories	100,986	99,864
Other assets	746	811
Total assets	\$115,351	\$118,686
Liabilities and equity		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$6,930	\$11,631
Company's equity	4,191	5,410
Outside interests' equity	104,230	101,645
Total liabilities and equity	\$115,351	\$118,686

Results of operations from unconsolidated entities (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2019	2018
Net sales		\$4,390
Other operating expense	(2,752)	(3,287)
Other income	8	63
Net income	\$1,367	\$1,166
Company's equity in income of unconsolidated entities	\$750	\$534

7. Variable Interest Entities

In the ordinary course of business, we enter into land and lot option agreements in order to procure land and residential lots for future development and the construction of homes. The use of such land and lot option agreements generally allows us to reduce the risks associated with direct land ownership and development, and reduces our capital and financial commitments. Pursuant to these land and lot option agreements, we generally provide a deposit to the seller as consideration for the right to purchase land at different times in the future, usually at predetermined prices. These deposits are recorded as land purchase and land option deposits under real estate inventories not owned on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

We analyze each of our land and lot option agreements and other similar contracts under the provisions of ASC 810, Consolidation to determine whether the land seller is a VIE and, if so, whether we are the primary beneficiary. Although we do not have legal title to the underlying land, if we are determined to be the primary beneficiary of the VIE, we will consolidate the VIE in our financial statements and reflect its assets as real estate inventory not owned included in our real estate inventories, its liabilities as debt (nonrecourse) held by VIEs in accrued expenses and other liabilities and the net equity of the VIE owners as noncontrolling interests on our consolidated balance sheets. In determining whether we are the primary beneficiary, we consider, among other things, whether we have the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. Such activities would include, among other things, determining or limiting the scope or purpose of the VIE, selling or transferring property owned or controlled by the VIE, or arranging financing for the VIE.

Creditors of the entities with which we have land and lot option agreements have no recourse against us. The maximum exposure to loss under our land and lot option agreements is generally limited to non-refundable option deposits and any capitalized pre-acquisition costs. In some cases, we have also contracted to complete development work at a fixed cost on behalf of the land owner and budget shortfalls and savings will be borne by us. Additionally,

we have entered into land banking arrangements which require us to complete development work even if we terminate the option to procure land or lots.

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The following provides a summary	of our interests in land and lot of	option agreements (in thousands):
$\mathcal{S}_{\mathbf{I}}$		T

	March 3	1, 2019		Decembe	er 31, 2018		
		Remaining	Consolidated		Remaining	Consolidate	ed
	Deposits	Purchase	Inventory	Deposits	Purchase	Inventory	
		Price	Held by VIEs		Price	Held by VI	Es
Consolidated VIEs	\$ —	\$—	\$ -	-\$	\$ —	\$	
Unconsolidated VIEs	49,589	390,757	N/A	41,198	433,720	N/A	
Other land option agreements	25,722	271,299	N/A	30,711	307,498	N/A	
Total	\$75,311	\$ 662,056	\$ -	-\$71.909	\$741,218	\$	_

Unconsolidated VIEs represent land option agreements that were not consolidated because we were not the primary beneficiary. Other land option agreements were not considered VIEs.

In addition to the deposits presented in the table above, our exposure to loss related to our land and lot option contracts consisted of capitalized pre-acquisition costs of \$7.0 million and \$7.5 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. These pre-acquisition costs are included in real estate inventories as land under development on our consolidated balance sheets.

8. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, \$139.3 million of goodwill is included in goodwill and other intangible assets, net on each of the consolidated balance sheets. The Company's goodwill balance is included in the TRI Pointe Homes reporting segment in Note 2, Segment Information.

We have two intangible assets as of March 31, 2019, comprised of an existing trade name from the acquisition of Maracay in 2006, which has a 20 year useful life, and a TRI Pointe Homes trade name resulting from the acquisition of Weyerhaeuser Real Estate Company in 2014, which has an indefinite useful life.

Goodwill and other intangible assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	2019		December	31, 2018	
	Gross	Accumulated	Net	Gross	Accumulated	Net
	Carrying	Amortization	Carrying	Carrying	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying
	Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amount	Amortization	Amount
Goodwill	\$139,304	\$ —	\$139,304	\$139,304	\$ —	\$139,304
Trade names	27,979	(6,990)	20,989	27,979	(6,856)	21,123
Total	\$167,283	\$ (6,990)	\$160,293	\$167,283	\$ (6,856)	\$160,427

The remaining useful life of our amortizing intangible asset related to the Maracay trade name was 6.9 and 7.2 years as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The net carrying amount related to this intangible asset was \$3.7 million and \$3.8 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Amortization expense related to this intangible asset was \$134,000 for each of the three-month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Amortization of this intangible was charged to sales and marketing expense. Our \$17.3 million indefinite life intangible asset related to the TRI Pointe Homes trade name is not amortizing. All trade names are evaluated for impairment on an annual basis or more frequently if indicators of impairment exist.

Expected amortization of our intangible asset related to Maracay for the remainder of 2019, the next four years and thereafter is (in thousands):

Remainder of 2019	\$400
2020	534
2021	534
2022	534
2023	534
Thereafter	1,153

Total \$3,689

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9. Other Assets

Other assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March	December
	31, 2019	31, 2018
Prepaid expenses	\$30,414	\$31,983
Refundable fees and other deposits	18,071	12,376
Development rights, held for future use or sale	2,288	845
Deferred loan costs-loans payable	5,298	2,424
Operating properties and equipment, net	56,462	54,198
Lease right-of-use assets	58,088	_
Other	3,335	3,425
Total	\$173,956	\$105,251

Lease right-of-use assets was impacted by our one-time cumulative adjustment resulting from the adoption of ASC 842. As a result of our cumulative adjustment, the December 31, 2018 balance increased by \$57.4 million on January 1, 2019. For further details, see Note 1, Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

10. Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March	December
	31, 2019	31, 2018
Accrued payroll and related costs	\$17,458	\$44,010
Warranty reserves (Note 13)	70,947	71,836
Estimated cost for completion of real estate inventories	77,533	114,928
Customer deposits	21,051	17,464
Income tax liability to Weyerhaeuser	577	6,577
Accrued income taxes payable	10,853	8,335
Liability for uncertain tax positions (Note 15)	972	972
Accrued interest	24,345	12,572
Other tax liability	21,171	21,892
Lease liabilities	61,284	3,196
Other	13,600	33,367
Total	\$319,791	\$335,149

Lease liabilities was impacted by our one-time cumulative adjustment resulting from the adoption of ASC 842. As a result of our cumulative adjustment, the December 31, 2018 balance increased by \$57.4 million on January 1, 2019. For further details, see Note 1, Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

11. Senior Notes and Loans Payable

Senior Notes

The Company's outstanding senior notes (together, the "Senior Notes") consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	December
	2019	31, 2018
4.375% Senior Notes due June 15, 2019	\$381,885	\$381,895
4.875% Senior Notes due July 1, 2021	300,000	300,000
5.875% Senior Notes due June 15, 2024	450,000	450,000
5.250% Senior Notes due June 1, 2027	300,000	300,000
Discount and deferred loan costs	(19,422)	(21,091)
Total	\$1,412,463	\$1,410,804

In June 2017, TRI Pointe Group issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 5.250% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes") at 100.00% of their aggregate principal amount. Net proceeds of this issuance were \$296.3 million, after debt issuance costs and discounts. The 2027 Notes mature on June 1, 2027 and interest is paid semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1.

In May 2016, TRI Pointe Group issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 4.875% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes") at 99.44% of their aggregate principal amount. Net proceeds of this issuance were \$293.9 million, after debt issuance costs and discounts. The 2021 Notes mature on July 1, 2021 and interest is paid semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1.

TRI Pointe Group and its wholly owned subsidiary TRI Pointe Homes, Inc. ("TRI Pointe Homes") are co-issuers of the 4.375% Senior Notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes") and the 5.875% Senior Notes due 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2019 Notes were issued at 98.89% of their aggregate principal amount and the 2024 Notes were issued at 98.15% of their aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds from the offering of the 2019 Notes and the 2024 Notes were \$861.3 million, after debt issuance costs and discounts. The 2019 Notes and 2024 Notes mature on June 15, 2019 and June 15, 2024, respectively. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we repurchased and cancelled an aggregate principal amount of \$10,000 of the 2019 Notes. During the year ended December 31, 2018, we repurchased and cancelled an aggregate principal amount of \$68.1 million of the 2019 Notes.

As of March 31, 2019, there was \$13.4 million of capitalized debt financing costs, included in senior notes, net on our consolidated balance sheet, related to the Senior Notes that will amortize over the lives of the Senior Notes. Accrued interest related to the Senior Notes was \$23.3 million and \$11.5 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

Loans Payable

On March 29, 2019, the Company entered into a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which amended and restated the Company's Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 7, 2015. The Credit Facility (as defined below), which matures on March 29, 2023, consists of a \$600 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Facility") and a \$250 million term loan facility (the "Term Facility" and together with the Revolving Facility, the "Credit Facility"). The Term Facility includes a 90 day delayed draw provision. The Company plans to draw \$250 million from the Term Facility in June of 2019 in connection with the maturity of the 2019 Notes. The Company may increase the Credit Facility to not more than \$1 billion in the aggregate, at its request, upon satisfaction of specified conditions. The Revolving Facility contains a sublimit of \$75 million for letters of credit. The Company may borrow under the Revolving Facility in the ordinary course of business to fund its operations, including its land acquisition, land development and homebuilding activities. Borrowings under the Revolving Facility will be governed by, among other things, a borrowing base. Interest rates on borrowings under the Revolving Facility will be based on either a daily Eurocurrency base rate or a Eurocurrency rate, in either case, plus a spread ranging from 1.25% to 2.00%, depending on the Company's leverage ratio. Interest rates on borrowings under the Term Facility will be

based on either a daily Eurocurrency base rate or a Eurocurrency rate, in either case, plus a spread ranging from 1.10% to 1.85%, depending on the Company's leverage ratio.

As of March 31, 2019, we had no outstanding debt under the Credit Facility and \$818.8 million of availability after considering the borrowing base provisions and outstanding letters of credit. As of March 31, 2019, there was \$5.3 million of capitalized debt financing costs, included in other assets on our consolidated balance sheet, related to the Credit Facility that

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will amortize over the remaining term of the Credit Facility. Accrued interest, including loan commitment fees, related to the Credit Facility was \$432,000 and \$402,000 as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had outstanding letters of credit of \$31.2 million and \$31.8 million, respectively. These letters of credit were issued to secure various financial obligations. We believe it is not probable that any outstanding letters of credit will be drawn upon.

Interest Incurred

During the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company incurred interest of \$23.4 million and \$21.5 million, respectively, related to all debt during the period. Included in interest incurred was amortization of deferred financing and Senior Note discount costs of \$1.9 million and \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Accrued interest related to all outstanding debt at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was \$24.3 million and \$12.6 million, respectively.

Covenant Requirements

The Senior Notes contain covenants that restrict our ability to, among other things, create liens or other encumbrances, enter into sale and leaseback transactions, or merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets. These limitations are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions.

Under the Credit Facility, the Company is required to comply with certain financial covenants, including those relating to consolidated tangible net worth, leverage, liquidity or interest coverage, and a spec unit inventory test. The Credit Facility also requires that at least 97.0% of consolidated tangible net worth must be attributable to the Company and its guarantor subsidiaries, subject to certain grace periods.

The Company was in compliance with all applicable financial covenants as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

12. Fair Value Disclosures

Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines "fair value" as the price that would be received for selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at measurement date and requires assets and liabilities carried at fair value to be classified and disclosed in the following three categories:

Level 1—Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are inactive; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets at measurement date

Level 3—Valuations derived from techniques where one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable in active markets at measurement date

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

A summary of assets and liabilities at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, related to our financial instruments, measured at fair value on a recurring basis, is set forth below (in thousands):

March 31, 2019 December 31, 2018

Hierarchy Book Value Fair Value Book Value Fair Value

Value Fair Value Fair Value Fair Value

Senior Notes (1) Level 2 \$1,425,892 \$1,395,794 \$1,425,397 \$1,308,826

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents and receivables approximated fair value due to their short-term nature and variable interest rate terms.

The book value of the Senior Notes is net of discounts, excluding deferred loan costs of \$13.4 million and \$14.6 (1) million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Senior Notes at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 is based on quoted market prices.

Fair Value of Nonfinancial Assets

Nonfinancial assets include items such as real estate inventories and long-lived assets that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis when events and circumstances indicating the carrying value is not recoverable. No carrying values were adjusted to fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2019 or the year ended December 31, 2018.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

Lawsuits, claims and proceedings have been and may be instituted or asserted against us in the normal course of business, including actions brought on behalf of various classes of claimants. We are also subject to local, state and federal laws and regulations related to land development activities, house construction standards, sales practices, employment practices, environmental protection and financial services. As a result, we are subject to periodic examinations or inquiry by agencies administering these laws and regulations.

We record a reserve for potential legal claims and regulatory matters when they are probable of occurring and a potential loss is reasonably estimable. We accrue for these matters based on facts and circumstances specific to each matter and revise these estimates when necessary. In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting outcomes of legal claims and related contingencies, we generally cannot predict their ultimate resolution, related timing or eventual loss. Accordingly, it is possible that the ultimate outcome of any matter, if in excess of a related accrual or if no accrual was made, could be material to our financial statements. For matters as to which the Company believes a loss is probable and reasonably estimable, we had no legal reserve as of March 31, 2019. As of December 31, 2018, we had a \$17.5 million legal reserve related to a settlement in connection with a previously disclosed lawsuit involving a land sale that occurred in 1987. This settlement was paid on February 4, 2019.

Warranty

Warranty reserves are accrued as home deliveries occur. Our warranty reserves on homes delivered will vary based on product type and geographic area and also depending on state and local laws. The warranty reserve is included in accrued expenses and other liabilities on our consolidated balance sheets and represents expected future costs based on our historical experience over previous years. Estimated warranty costs are charged to cost of home sales in the period in which the related home sales revenue is recognized.

We maintain general liability insurance designed to protect us against a portion of our risk of loss from warranty and construction defect-related claims. We also generally require our subcontractors and design professionals to indemnify us for liabilities arising from their work, subject to various limitations. However, such indemnity is significantly limited with respect to certain subcontractors that are added to our general liability insurance policy.

Our warranty reserve and related estimated insurance recoveries are based on actuarial analysis that uses our historical claim and expense data, as well as industry data to estimate these overall costs and related recoveries. Key assumptions used in developing these estimates include claim frequencies, severities and resolution patterns, which can occur over an extended period of time. These estimates are subject to variability due to the length of time between the delivery of a home to a homebuyer and when a warranty or construction defect claim is made, and the ultimate resolution of such claim; uncertainties regarding such claims relative to our markets and the types of product we build; and legal or regulatory actions and/or interpretations, among other factors. Due to the degree of judgment involved and the potential for variability in these underlying assumptions, our actual future costs could differ from those estimated. There can be no assurance that the terms and limitations of the limited warranty will be effective against claims made by homebuyers, that we will be able to renew our insurance coverage or renew it at reasonable rates, that we will not be liable for damages, cost of repairs, and/or the expense of litigation surrounding possible construction defects, soil subsidence or building related claims or that claims will not arise out of uninsurable events or circumstances not covered by insurance and not subject to effective indemnification agreements with certain subcontractors.

We also record expected recoveries from insurance carriers based on actual insurance claims made and actuarially determined amounts that depend on various factors, including the above-described reserve estimates, our insurance policy coverage limits for the applicable policy years and historical recovery rates. Because of the inherent uncertainty and variability in these assumptions, our actual insurance recoveries could differ significantly from amounts currently estimated. Outstanding warranty insurance receivables were \$37.5 million and \$37.6 million as of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Warranty insurance receivables are recorded in receivables on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Warranty reserve activity consisted of the following (in thousands):

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Three Months} \\ \text{Ended March 31,} \\ 2019 & 2018 \\ \text{Warranty reserves, beginning of period} & $71,836$ & $69,373 \\ \text{Warranty reserves accrued} & 4,270 & 4,746 \\ \text{Warranty expenditures} & (5,159) & (3,637) \\ \text{Warranty reserves, end of period} & $70,947$ & $70,482 \\ \end{array}$

Performance Bonds

We obtain surety bonds in the normal course of business to ensure completion of certain infrastructure improvements of our projects. The beneficiaries of the bonds are various municipalities. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had outstanding surety bonds totaling \$653.9 million and \$685.7 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, our estimated cost to complete obligations related to these surety bonds was \$415.2 million and \$423.4 million, respectively.

Lease Obligations

Under ASC 842 we recognize a right-of-use lease asset and a lease liability for contracts deemed to contain a lease at the inception of the contract. Our lease population is fully comprised of operating leases, which are now recorded at the net present value of future lease obligations existing at each balance sheet date. At the inception of a lease, or if a lease is subsequently modified, we determine whether the lease is an operating or financing lease. Key estimates involved with ASC 842 include the discount rate used to measure our future lease obligations and the lease term, where considerations include renewal options and intent to renew. Lease right-of-use assets are included in other assets and lease liabilities are included in accrued expenses and other liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet.

Operating Leases

We lease certain property and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Office leases are for terms of up to ten years and generally provide renewal options. In most cases, we expect that, in the normal course of business, leases that expire will be renewed or replaced by other leases. Equipment leases are typically for terms of three to four years.

Ground Leases

In 1987, we obtained two 55-year ground leases of commercial property that provided for three renewal options of ten years each and one 45-year renewal option. We exercised the three ten year extensions on one of these ground leases extending the lease through 2071. The commercial buildings on these properties have been sold and the ground leases have been sublet to the buyers.

For one of these leases, we are responsible for making lease payments to the land owner, and we collect sublease payments from the buyers of the buildings. This ground lease has been subleased through 2041 to the buyers of the commercial buildings. For the second lease, the buyers of the buildings are responsible for making lease payments directly to the land owner, however, we have guaranteed the performance of the buyers/lessees. See below for additional information on leases (dollars in thousands):

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2019
Lease cost		
Operating lease cost (included in SG&A expense)		\$2,044
Ground lease cost (included in other operations expe	•	590
Sublease income, ground leases (included in other op	perations revenue)	(598)
Net lease cost		\$2,036
Other information Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement	of lease liabilities:	
Operating lease cash flows (included in operating case		\$1,609
Ground lease cash flows (included in operating cash	•	\$608
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new open	erating lease liabilities	\$1,707
ľ	March	
	31,	
2	2019	
Weighted-average discount rate:		
Operating leases	6.0 %	
Ground leases	10.2%	
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years):		
Operating leases	6.3	

The future minimum lease payments under our operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

49.2

	Property, Equipment and Other Leases	Ground Leases
Remaining in 2019		\$2,238
2020	8,322	2,984
2021	7,048	2,984
2022	5,453	2,984
2023	4,349	2,984
Thereafter	8,799 \$ 40,318	84,266 \$98,440

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Ground leases are fully subleased through 2041, representing \$67.4 million of the \$98.4 million future ground lease obligations.

Ground leases

14. Stock-Based Compensation

2013 Long-Term Incentive Plan

The Company's stock compensation plan, the 2013 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2013 Incentive Plan"), was adopted by TRI Pointe in January 2013 and amended, with the approval of our stockholders, in 2014 and 2015. In addition, our board of directors amended the 2013 Incentive Plan in 2014 to prohibit repricing (other than in connection with any equity restructuring or any change in capitalization) of outstanding options or stock appreciation rights without stockholder approval. The 2013 Incentive Plan provides for the grant of equity-based awards, including options to purchase shares of common stock, stock appreciation rights, bonus stock, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance awards. The 2013 Incentive Plan will automatically expire on the tenth anniversary of its effective date. Our board of directors may terminate or amend the 2013 Incentive Plan at any time, subject to any requirement of stockholder approval required by applicable law, rule or regulation.

As amended, the number of shares of our common stock that may be issued under the 2013 Incentive Plan is 11,727,833 shares. To the extent that shares of our common stock subject to an outstanding option, stock appreciation right, stock award or performance award granted under the 2013 Incentive Plan are not issued or delivered by reason of the expiration, termination, cancellation or forfeiture of such award or the settlement of such award in cash, then such shares of our common stock generally shall again be available under the 2013 Incentive Plan. As of March 31, 2019, there were 5,886,605 shares available for future grant under the 2013 Incentive Plan.

The following table presents compensation expense recognized related to all stock-based awards (in thousands):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018

Total stock-based compensation \$3,435 \$3,470

Stock-based compensation is charged to general and administrative expense on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. As of March 31, 2019, total unrecognized stock-based compensation related to all stock-based awards was \$29.6 million and the weighted average term over which the expense was expected to be recognized was 2.3 years.

Summary of Stock Option Activity

The following table presents a summary of stock option awards for the three months ended March 31, 2019:

	Weighted	Weighted	Aggregate
	Average	Average	Intrinsic
Options	Exercise	Remaining	Value
	Price	Contractual	(in
	Per Share	Life	thousands)
953,905	\$ 14.58	4.2	\$ 296
_	_		_
(32,486)	\$ 6.50		
_	\$ —	_	_
921,419	\$ 14.87	4.1	\$ 350
921,419	\$ 14.87	4.1	\$ 350
	953,905 — (32,486) — 921,419	Average Options Exercise Price Per Share 953,905 \$ 14.58 — — (32,486) \$ 6.50 — \$ — 921,419 \$ 14.87	Average Average Options Exercise Remaining Price Contractual Per Share Life 953,905 \$ 14.58

The intrinsic value of each stock option award outstanding or exercisable is the difference between the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the end of the period and the exercise price of each stock option award to the extent it is considered "in-the-money". A stock option award is considered to be "in-the-money" if the fair market value of the Company's stock is greater than the exercise price of the stock option award. The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and options exercisable represents the value that would have been received by the holders of stock option awards had they exercised their stock option award on the last trading day of the period and sold the underlying

shares at the closing price on that day.

Summary of Restricted Stock Unit Activity

The following table presents a summary of RSUs for the three months ended March 31, 2019:

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		Weighted	
		Average	Aggregate
	Restricted	Grant	Intrinsic
	Stock	Date	Value
	Units	Fair	(in
		Value	thousands)
		Per Share	
Nonvested RSUs at December 31, 2018	3,341,848	\$ 11.05	\$ 36,526
Granted	1,593,747	\$ 12.10	
Vested	(795,528)	\$ 12.70	
Forfeited	(745,756)	\$ 5.20	
Nonvested RSUs at March 31, 2019	3,394,311	\$ 12.45	\$ 42,904

On March 11, 2019 and February 28, 2019, the Company granted an aggregate of 3,025 and 990,723, respectively, of time-vested RSUs to certain employees and officers. The RSUs granted vest in equal installments annually on the anniversary of the grant date over a three-year period. The fair value of each RSU granted on March 11, 2019 and February 28, 2019 was measured using a price of \$13.22 and \$12.60 per share, respectively, which was the closing stock price on the date of grant. Each award will be expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

On February 28, 2019, the Company granted 247,619, 238,095 and 114,285 performance-based RSUs to the Company's Chief Executive Officer, President, and Chief Financial Officer, respectively. These performance-based RSUs are allocated to two separate performance metrics, as follows: (i) thirty percent to total stockholder return ("TSR"), with vesting based on the Company's TSR relative to its peer-group homebuilders; and (ii) seventy percent to earnings per share. The vesting, if at all, of these performance-based RSUs may range from 0% to 100% and will be based on the Company's percentage attainment of specified threshold, target and maximum performance goals. The performance period for these performance-based RSUs is January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2021. The fair value of the performance-based RSUs related to the TSR metric was determined to be \$8.16 per share based on a Monte Carlo simulation. The fair value of the performance-based RSUs related to the earnings per share goal was measured using a price of \$12.60 per share, which was the closing stock price on the date of grant. Each award will be expensed over the requisite service period.

RSUs that vested, as reflected in the table above, during the three months ended March 31, 2019 included time-based RSUs that were previously granted. RSUs that were forfeited, as reflected in the table above, during the three months ended March 31, 2019 included performance-based RSUs and time-based RSUs that were forfeited for no consideration.

On April 30, 2018, the Company granted an aggregate of 40,910 RSUs to the non-employee members of its board of directors. On July 23, 2018, the Company granted 6,677 RSUs to a non-employee member of its board of directors in connection with such individual's appointment to the board of directors. These RSUs vest in their entirety on the day immediately prior to the Company's 2019 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The fair value of each RSU granted on April 30, 2018 and July 23, 2018 was measured using a price of \$17.11 and \$16.37 per share, respectively, which was the closing stock price on the date of grant. Each award will be expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

On May 7, 2018 and February 22, 2018, the Company granted an aggregate of 4,258 and 633,107, respectively, of time-vested RSUs to certain employees and officers. The RSUs granted vest in equal installments annually on the anniversary of the grant date over a three-year period. The fair value of each RSU granted on May 7, 2018 and February 22, 2018 was measured using a price of \$17.61 and \$16.94 per share, respectively, which was the closing stock price on the date of grant. Each award will be expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

On February 22, 2018, the Company granted 184,179, 177,095, and 85,005 performance-based RSUs to the Company's Chief Executive Officer, President, and Chief Financial Officer, respectively. These performance-based RSUs are allocated in equal parts to two separate performance metrics: (i) TSR, with vesting based on the Company's TSR relative to its peer-group homebuilders; and (ii) earnings per share. The vesting, if at all, of these performance-based RSUs may range from 0% to 100% and will be based on the Company's percentage attainment of specified threshold, target and maximum performance goals. The performance period for these performance-based RSUs is January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The fair value of the performance-based RSUs related to the TSR metric was determined to be \$10.97 per share based on a Monte Carlo simulation. The fair value of the performance-based RSUs related to the earnings per share goal was measured using a price of \$16.94 per share, which was the closing stock price on the date of grant. Each award will be expensed over the requisite service period. As RSUs vest for employees, a portion of the shares awarded is generally withheld to cover employee tax withholdings. As a result, the number of RSUs vested and the number of shares of TRI Pointe common stock issued will differ.

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15. Income Taxes

We account for income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"), which requires an asset and liability approach for measuring deferred taxes based on temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates for the years in which taxes are expected to be paid or recovered. Each quarter we assess our deferred tax asset to determine whether all or any portion of the asset is more likely than not unrealizable under ASC 740. We are required to establish a valuation allowance for any portion of the asset we conclude is more likely than not to be unrealizable. Our assessment considers, among other things, the nature, frequency and severity of our current and cumulative losses, forecasts of our future taxable income, the duration of statutory carryforward periods and tax planning alternatives.

We had net deferred tax assets of \$67.8 million as of both March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. We had a valuation allowance related to those net deferred tax assets of \$3.4 million as of both March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The Company will continue to evaluate both positive and negative evidence in determining the need for a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets. Changes in positive and negative evidence, including differences between the Company's future operating results and the estimates utilized in the determination of the valuation allowance, could result in changes in the Company's estimate of the valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets. The accounting for deferred taxes is based upon estimates of future results. Differences between the anticipated and actual outcomes of these future results could have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations or financial position. Also, changes in existing federal and state tax laws and tax rates could affect future tax results and the valuation allowance against the Company's deferred tax assets.

TRI Pointe has certain liabilities to Weyerhaeuser Company ("Weyerhaeuser") related to a tax sharing agreement. As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had an income tax liability to Weyerhaeuser of \$577,000 and \$6.6 million, respectively. The income tax liability to Weyerhaeuser is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we amended our existing tax sharing agreement with Weyerhaeuser, pursuant to which the parties agreed, among other things, that we had no further obligation to remit payment to Weyerhaeuser in connection with any potential utilization of certain deductions or losses associated with certain Weyerhaeuser entities with respect to federal and state taxes. As a result of the amendment, during the three months ended March 31, 2019, we decreased our income tax liability to Weyerhaeuser and recorded other income of \$6.0 million, which is included in other income, net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Our provision for income taxes totaled \$24,000 and \$14.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Company classifies any interest and penalties related to income taxes assessed by jurisdiction as part of income tax expense. The Company had \$1.0 million of uncertain tax positions recorded as of both March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018. The Company has not been assessed interest or penalties by any major tax jurisdictions related to prior years.

16. Related Party Transactions

We had no related party transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

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17. Supplemental Disclosure to Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

The following are supplemental disclosures to the consolidated statements of cash flows (in thousands):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Interest paid (capitalized), net \$(13,697) \$(13,858) Income taxes paid (refunded), net \$(2,538) \$30

Supplemental disclosures of noncash activities:

Amortization of senior note discount capitalized to real estate inventory \$505 \$531 Amortization of deferred loan costs capitalized to real estate inventory \$1,415 \$1,492 Increase in other assets related to adoption of ASC 606 \$— \$39,534

18. Supplemental Guarantor Information

2021 Notes and 2027 Notes

On May 26, 2016, TRI Pointe Group issued the 2021 Notes. On June 5, 2017, TRI Pointe Group issued the 2027 Notes. All of TRI Pointe Group's 100% owned subsidiaries that are guarantors (each a "Guarantor" and, collectively, the "Guarantors") of the Credit Facility, including TRI Pointe Homes, are party to supplemental indentures pursuant to which they jointly and severally guarantee TRI Pointe Group's obligations with respect to the 2021 Notes and the 2027 Notes. Each Guarantor of the 2021 Notes and the 2027 Notes is 100% owned by TRI Pointe Group, and all guarantees are full and unconditional, subject to customary exceptions pursuant to the indentures governing the 2021 Notes and the 2027 Notes, as described in the following paragraph. All of our non-Guarantor subsidiaries have nominal assets and operations and are considered minor, as defined in Rule 3-10(h) of Regulation S-X. In addition, TRI Pointe Group has no independent assets or operations, as defined in Rule 3-10(h) of Regulation S-X. There are no significant restrictions upon the ability of TRI Pointe Group or any Guarantor to obtain funds from any of their respective wholly owned subsidiaries by dividend or loan. None of the assets of our subsidiaries represent restricted net assets pursuant to Rule 4-08(e)(3) of Regulation S-X.

A Guarantor of the 2021 Notes and the 2027 Notes shall be released from all of its obligations under its guarantee if (i) all of the assets of the Guarantor have been sold; (ii) all of the equity interests of the Guarantor held by TRI Pointe Group or a subsidiary thereof have been sold; (iii) the Guarantor merges with and into TRI Pointe Group or another Guarantor, with TRI Pointe Group or such other Guarantor surviving the merger; (iv) the Guarantor is designated "unrestricted" for covenant purposes; (v) the Guarantor ceases to guarantee any indebtedness of TRI Pointe Group or any other Guarantor which gave rise to such Guarantor guaranteeing the 2021 Notes or the 2027 Notes; (vi) TRI Pointe Group exercises its legal defeasance or covenant defeasance options; or (vii) all obligations under the applicable supplemental indenture are discharged.

2019 Notes and 2024 Notes

TRI Pointe Group and TRI Pointe Homes are co-issuers of the 2019 Notes and the 2024 Notes. All of the Guarantors (other than TRI Pointe Homes) have entered into supplemental indentures pursuant to which they jointly and severally guarantee the obligations of TRI Pointe Group and TRI Pointe Homes with respect to the 2019 Notes and the 2024 Notes. Each Guarantor of the 2019 Notes and the 2024 Notes is 100% owned by TRI Pointe Group and TRI Pointe Homes, and all guarantees are full and unconditional, subject to customary exceptions pursuant to the indentures governing the 2019 Notes and the 2024 Notes, as described below.

A Guarantor of the 2019 Notes and the 2024 Notes shall be released from all of its obligations under its guarantee if (i) all of the assets of the Guarantor have been sold; (ii) all of the equity interests of the Guarantor held by TRI Pointe or a subsidiary thereof have been sold; (iii) the Guarantor merges with and into TRI Pointe or another Guarantor, with TRI Pointe or such other Guarantor surviving the merger; (iv) the Guarantor is designated "unrestricted" for covenant purposes; (v) the Guarantor ceases to guarantee any indebtedness of TRI Pointe or any other Guarantor which gave rise to such Guarantor

guaranteeing the 2019 Notes and 2024 Notes; (vi) TRI Pointe exercises its legal defeasance or covenant defeasance options; or (vii) all obligations under the applicable indenture are discharged.

Presented below are the condensed consolidating balance sheets at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, condensed consolidating statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 and condensed consolidating statement of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018. Because TRI Pointe's non-Guarantor subsidiaries are considered minor, as defined in Rule 3-10(h) of Regulation S-X, the non-Guarantor subsidiaries' information is not separately presented in the tables below, but is included with the Guarantors. Additionally, because TRI Pointe Group has no independent assets or operations, as defined in Rule 3-10(h) of Regulation S-X, the condensed consolidated financial information of TRI Pointe Group and TRI Pointe Homes, the co-issuers of the 2019 Notes and 2024 Notes, is presented together in the column titled "Issuer". Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet (in thousands):

	March 31, 2019								
	Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated TRI Pointe Group, Inc.					
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$55,854	\$92,928	\$ —	\$ 148,782					
Receivables	20,616	37,618	_	58,234					
Intercompany receivables	858,286	_	(858,286)	_					
Real estate inventories	780,568	2,462,110		3,242,678					
Investments in unconsolidated entities		4,191		4,191					
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	156,603	3,690		160,293					
Investments in subsidiaries	1,668,464		(1,668,464)						
Deferred tax assets, net	14,822	52,939		67,761					
Other assets	20,894	153,062		173,956					
Total assets	\$3,576,107	\$2,806,538	\$(2,526,750)	\$ 3,855,895					
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$11,973	\$54,632	\$—	\$ 66,605					
Intercompany payables		858,286	(858,286)	_					
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	94,648	225,143		319,791					
Senior notes	1,412,463	_		1,412,463					
Total liabilities	1,519,084	1,138,061	(858,286)	1,798,859					
Fauity									
Equity	2.057.022	1 ((0 1(1	(1,660,464	2.057.022					
Total stockholders' equity	2,057,023	1,668,464	(1,668,464)	2,057,023					
Noncontrolling interests		13	(1,669,464	13					
Total equity	2,057,023	1,668,477	(1,668,464)						
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,5/6,10/	\$2,806,538	\$(2,526,750)	\$ <i>5</i> ,833,895					

Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet (in thousands):

	December 31, 2018								
	Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated TRI Pointe Group, Inc.					
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$148,129	\$129,567	\$—	\$ 277,696					
Receivables	16,589	35,003		51,592					
Intercompany receivables	758,501	_	(758,501)	_					
Real estate inventories	812,799	2,403,260		3,216,059					
Investments in unconsolidated entities	_	5,410	_	5,410					
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	156,604	3,823		160,427					
Investments in subsidiaries	1,672,635	_	(1,672,635)	_					
Deferred tax assets, net	14,822	52,946	_	67,768					
Other assets	12,984	92,267	_	105,251					
Total assets	\$3,593,063	\$2,722,276	\$(2,431,136)	\$3,884,203					
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$13,433	\$67,880	\$—	\$81,313					
Intercompany payables		758,501	(758,501)	_					
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	111,902	223,247		335,149					
Senior notes	1,410,804	_	_	1,410,804					
Total liabilities	1,536,139	1,049,628	(758,501)	1,827,266					
Equity									
Total stockholders' equity	2,056,924	1,672,635	(1,672,635)	2,056,924					
Noncontrolling interests		13		13					
Total equity	2,056,924	1,672,648		2,056,937					
Total liabilities and equity	\$3,593,063	\$2,722,276	\$(2,431,136)	\$ 3,884,203					

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019									
	Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated TRI Pointe Group, Inc.						
Homebuilding:										
Home sales revenue	\$171,791	\$ 320,912	\$ —	\$ 492,703						
Land and lot sales revenue		1,029		1,029						
Other operations revenue	_	598		598						
Total revenues	171,791	322,539	_	494,330						
Cost of home sales	145,075	276,461	_	421,536						
Cost of land and lot sales		1,495	_	1,495						
Other operations expense		590	_	590						
Sales and marketing	9,299	29,690	_	38,989						
General and administrative	19,479	19,118	_	38,597						
Homebuilding loss from operations	(2,062)	(4,815)	_	(6,877)						
Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	_	(25)	_	(25)						
Other income, net	6,140	101	_	6,241						
Homebuilding income (loss) before income taxes	4,078	(4,739)	_	(661)						
Financial Services:										
Revenues		302		302						
Expenses		321	_	321						
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities		775	_	775						
Financial services income before income taxes	_	756	_	756						
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,078	(3,983)	_	95						
Equity of net (loss) of subsidiaries	(4,007)	_	4,007	_						
Provision for income taxes		(24)	_	(24)						
Net income (loss)	\$71	\$ (4,007)	\$ 4,007	\$ 71						

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations (in thousands):

	Three Mo	nths Ended M	March 31, 2018		
	Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated TRI Pointe Group, Inc.	d
Homebuilding:					
Home sales revenue	\$190,420	\$ 392,152	\$ —	\$ 582,572	
Land and lot sales revenue	_	223	_	223	
Other operations revenue		598	_	598	
Total revenues	190,420	392,973		583,393	
Cost of home sales	159,055	291,447		450,502	
Cost of land and lot sales	_	503		503	
Other operations expense	_	602		602	
Sales and marketing	10,517	27,766		38,283	
General and administrative	18,159	18,655	_	36,814	
Homebuilding income from operations	2,689	54,000		56,689	
Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	_	(468)	_	(468)
Other income, net	139	32	_	171	
Homebuilding income before income taxes	2,828	53,564	_	56,392	
Financial Services:					
Revenues		283		283	
Expenses	_	137	_	137	
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	_	1,002	_	1,002	
Financial services income before income taxes	_	1,148	_	1,148	
Income before income taxes	2,828	54,712		57,540	
Equity of net income of subsidiaries	40,052		(40,052)		
Provision for income taxes		(14,660)		(14,660)
Net income	\$42,880	\$40,052	\$ (40,052)	\$ 42,880	

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019									
	Issuer	Guarantor Subsidiarie	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated TRI Pointe Group, Inc.						
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$15,054	\$(129,979) \$ —	\$ (114,925)					
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,065)	(5,159) —	(7,224)					
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	_	7	_	7						
Investments in unconsolidated entities	_	(231) —	(231)					
Intercompany	(98,723)	_	98,723	_						
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(100,788)	(5,383) 98,723	(7,448)					
Cash flows from financing activities:										
Repayment of debt	(10)			(10)					
Debt issuance costs	(3,124)			(3,124)					
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under share-based awards	198	_	_	198						
Minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units	(3,605)	_	_	(3,605)					
Intercompany	_	98,723	(98,723)	_						
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(6,541)	98,723	(98,723)	(6,541)					
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(92,275)	(36,639) —	(128,914)					
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of period	148,129	129,567	_	277,696						
Cash and cash equivalents-end of period	\$55,854	\$92,928	\$ —	\$ 148,782						

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (in thousands):

	Three Mon	ths Ended	March 31, 201	8	
	Issuer Guaran Subsidi		Consolidati es Adjustment	Consolidat TRI Pointe Group, Inc	
Cash flows from operating activities:				-	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$52,793	\$(2,907) \$ —	\$49,886	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property and equipment	(419)	(1,751) —	(2,170)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	_			_	
Investments in unconsolidated entities		(947) —	(947)
Intercompany	(18,449)		18,449		
Net cash used in investing activities	(18,868)	(2,698) 18,449	(3,117)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(1) —	(1)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under share-based awards	975	_	_	975	
Minimum tax withholding paid on behalf of employees for restricted stock units	(6,049)	_	_	(6,049)
Intercompany	_	18,449	(18,449)	_	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(5,074)	18,448	(18,449)	(5,075)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	28,851	12,843	_	41,694	
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of period	176,684	106,230	_	282,914	
Cash and cash equivalents-end of period	\$205,535	\$119,073	\$ —	\$ 324,608	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements are based on our current intentions, beliefs, expectations and predictions for the future, and you should not place undue reliance on these statements. These statements use forward-looking terminology, are based on various assumptions made by us, and may not be accurate because of risks and uncertainties surrounding the assumptions that are made.

Factors listed in this section—as well as other factors not included—may cause actual results to differ significantly from the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There is no guarantee that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will occur, or if any of the events occurs, there is no guarantee what effect it will have on our operations, financial condition, or share price. We undertake no, and hereby disclaim any, obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, unless required by law. However, we reserve the right to make such updates or revisions from time to time by press release, periodic report, or other method of public disclosure without the need for specific reference to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. No such update or revision shall be deemed to indicate that other statements not addressed by such update or revision remain correct or create an obligation to provide any other updates or revisions.

Forward-Looking Statements

Forward-looking statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are generally accompanied by words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "future," "goal," "intend," "likely," "may," "might," "plate "predict," "project," "should," "target," "will," "would," or other words that convey the uncertainty of future events or outcome. These forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our strategy, projections and estimates concerning the timing and success of specific projects and our future production, land and lot sales, the outcome of legal proceedings, the anticipated impact of natural disasters on our operations, operational and financial results, including our estimates for growth, financial condition, sales prices, prospects and capital spending.

Risks, Uncertainties and Assumptions

The major risks and uncertainties—and assumptions that are made—that affect our business and may cause actual results to differ from these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

• the effect of general economic conditions, including employment rates, housing starts, interest rate levels, availability of financing for home mortgages and strength of the U.S. dollar;

market demand for our products, which is related to the strength of the various U.S. business segments and U.S. and international economic conditions;

levels of competition;

the successful execution of our internal performance plans, including restructuring and cost reduction initiatives; global economic conditions;

raw material and labor prices and availability;

oil and other energy prices;

the effect of weather, including the re-occurrence of drought conditions in California;

the risk of loss from earthquakes, volcanoes, fires, floods, droughts, windstorms, hurricanes, pest infestations and other natural disasters, and the risk of delays, reduced consumer demand, and shortages and price increases in labor or materials associated with such natural disasters;

transportation costs;

federal and state tax policies;

the effect of land use, environment and other governmental laws and regulations;

legal proceedings or disputes and the adequacy of reserves;

risks relating to any unforeseen changes to or effects on liabilities, future capital expenditures, revenues, expenses, earnings, synergies, indebtedness, financial condition, losses and future prospects;

changes in accounting principles;

risks related to unauthorized access to our computer systems, theft of our homebuyers' confidential information or other forms of cyber-attack; and

other factors described in "Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and in other filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related condensed notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is not a complete description of our business or the risks associated with an investment in our securities. We urge investors to review and consider carefully the various disclosures made by us in this report and in our other reports filed with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 and subsequent reports on Form 8-K, which discuss our business in greater detail. The section entitled "Risk Factors" set forth in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, and similar disclosures in our other SEC filings, discuss some of the important risk factors that may affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. Investors should carefully consider those risks, in addition to the information in this report and in our other filings with the SEC, before deciding to invest in, or maintain an investment in, our common stock. Overview and Outlook

We are encouraged by the economic conditions experienced in the first quarter of 2019, which resulted in a steady monthly increase in net new home orders during the quarter. We attribute this positive trend to a growing U.S. economy, aided by lower interest rates, strong unemployment metrics, and stable core inflation projected to persist through the remainder of 2019. We feel our industry has favorable long term trends due to favorable demand characteristics from both the millennial and baby boomer demographics that are buffeted by the constraints of supply, labor and the regulatory environment. We expect fiscal and monetary policy to remain favorable to our industry throughout the remainder of 2019. However, the global economy appears to be showing signs of a slowdown that could negatively impact the U.S. economy, and uncertainty in the market can act as a significant headwind to our industry. We remain optimistic as the spring selling season has moved into the second quarter.

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Consolidated Financial Data (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2019	2018			
Homebuilding:					
Home sales revenue	\$492,703	\$582,572			
Land and lot sales revenue	1,029	223			
Other operations revenue	598	598			
Total revenues	494,330	583,393			
Cost of home sales	421,536	450,502			
Cost of land and lot sales	1,495	503			
Other operations expense	590	602			
Sales and marketing	38,989	38,283			
General and administrative	38,597	36,814			
Homebuilding (loss) income from operations	(6,877)	56,689			
Equity in loss of unconsolidated entities	(25)	(468)			
Other income, net	6,241	171			
Homebuilding (loss) income before income taxes	(661)	56,392			
Financial Services:					
Revenues	302	283			
Expenses	321	137			
Equity in income of unconsolidated entities	775	1,002			
Financial services income before income taxes	756	1,148			
Income before income taxes	95	57,540			
Provision for income taxes	(24)	(14,660)			
Net income	\$71	\$42,880			
Earnings per share					
Basic	\$0.00	\$0.28			
Diluted	\$0.00	\$0.28			

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 Net New Home Orders, Average Selling Communities and Monthly Absorption Rates by Segment

	Three	Three Months Ended March Three M			Months Ended March			oon	togo Cl			
	31, 20	19		31, 20	18		rei	Cen	tage Cl	lange		
	Net N	e A werage	Monthly	Net N	e A werage	Monthly	Ne	t Ne	wwera	ge	Mont	thly
	Home	Selling	Absorption	Home	Selling	Absorption	Но	me	Selling	3	Abso	rption
	Order	sCommunities	Rates	Order	sCommunities	Rates	Ord	lers	Comm	unities	Rates	s
Maracay	161	11.8	4.5	153	13.2	3.9	5	%	(11)%	18	%
Pardee Homes	433	44.5	3.2	473	32.5	4.9	(8)%	37	%	(33)%
Quadrant Homes	75	7.2	3.5	108	7.0	5.1	(31)%	3	%	(32)%
Trendmaker Homes	3243	39.3	2.1	155	29.8	1.7	57	%	32	%	19	%
TRI Pointe Homes	295	30.8	3.2	459	33.8	4.5	(36)%	(9)%	(29)%
Winchester Homes	114	14.2	2.7	148	13.5	3.7	(23)%	5	%	(27)%
Total	1,321	147.8	3.0	1,496	129.8	3.8	(12)%	14	%	(22)%

Net new home orders for the three months ended March 31, 2019 decreased by 175 orders, or 12%, to 1,321, compared to 1,496 during the prior-year period. The decrease in net new home orders was due to a 22% decrease in monthly absorption rate, offset by a 14% increase in average selling communities. The overall decrease in our monthly absorption rate was primarily due to reduced sales in January 2019, as well as our exceptionally strong sales numbers in the first quarter of 2018. Our monthly net new home order rate increased sequentially during the current year period. The increase in average selling communities was due primarily to our acquisition of a Dallas–Fort Worth-based homebuilder in December 2018.

Maracay reported a 5% increase in net new home orders driven by an 18% increase in monthly absorption rate offset by an 11% decrease in average selling communities. The increase in Maracay's monthly absorption rate to 4.5 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was driven by strong demand for Maracay's new community openings during the quarter as well as continued strong market fundamentals. The decrease in average selling communities from the prior-year period was due to the timing of community openings and closings. Pardee Homes reported an 8% decrease in net new home orders driven by a 33% decrease in monthly absorption rate, offset by a 37% increase in average selling communities. Pardee Homes' monthly absorption rate remained strong at 3.2 homes per community per month, but decreased from a robust 4.9 in the prior-year period. The increase in average selling communities was a result of increased community count in the Los Angeles, Inland Empire and San Diego markets. Net new home orders decreased 31% at Quadrant Homes due to a 32% decrease in monthly absorption rate during the current-year period as compared to the prior-year period. Quadrant Homes' monthly absorption rate of 3.5 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was consistent with seasonal expectations but represented a decrease compared to the substantially strong absorptions in the prior-year period. Trendmaker Homes' net new home orders increased 57% due to a 32% increase in average selling communities and a 19% increase in monthly absorption rate. The increase in average selling communities was largely the result of the acquisition of a Dallas-Fort Worth-based homebuilder in the fourth quarter of 2018, During the three months ended March 31, 2019, Trendmaker Homes' reported 85 net new home orders from 13.8 average selling communities in Dallas-Fort Worth. The increase in Trendmaker Homes' monthly absorption rate was due to both the addition of our Dallas-Fort Worth operations as well as a slight improvement in the monthly absorption rate in Houston. TRI Pointe Homes' net new home orders decreased 36% due to a 29% decrease in its monthly absorption rate and a 9% decrease in average selling communities. The decrease in TRI Pointe Homes' monthly absorption rate was due both to the unfavorable comparison to the strong demand in the prior-year period discussed above and lower overall demand due to rising interest rates and affordability concerns in certain higher priced Northern and Southern California communities. Winchester Homes reported a 23% decrease in net new home orders as a result of a 27% decrease in our monthly absorption rate, offset by a 5% increase in average selling communities. The decrease in Winchester Homes' monthly absorption rate was due to slower overall market conditions.

Backlog Units, Dollar Value and Average Sales Price by Segment (dollars in thousands)

	As of March 31, 2019			As of	March 31, 20	Percentage Change							
	Dool:1	Backlog Aver		Dools1.	Backlog .		Dooldo	Backlog		Average			
	Units	Backlog Dollar	Sales	Units	Dacki Linita	Backlog Backlog Dollar Units		Sales	Units	Backlog Dollar		Sales	
	Ullits	Value	Price	Units	Value	Price	Omis	Value		Price			
Maracay	238	\$139,862	\$ 588	245	\$123,617	\$ 505	(3)%	13	%	16	%		
Pardee Homes	593	472,729	797	608	408,324	672	(2)%	16	%	19	%		
Quadrant Homes	77	75,599	982	169	138,025	817	(54)%	(45)%	20	%		
Trendmaker Homes	402	196,256	488	244	134,632	552	65 %	46	%	(12)%		
TRI Pointe Homes	371	247,399	667	667	474,240	711	(44)%	(48)%	(6)%		
Winchester Homes	161	105,993	658	210	130,204	620	(23)%	(19)%	6	%		
Total	1,842	\$1,237,838	\$ 672	2,143	\$1,409,042	\$ 658	(14)%	(12)%	2	%		

Backlog units reflect the number of homes, net of actual cancellations experienced during the period, for which we have entered into a sales contract with a homebuyer but for which we have not yet delivered the home. Homes in backlog are generally delivered within three to nine months, although we may experience cancellations of sales

contracts prior to delivery. Our cancellation rate of homebuyers who contracted to buy a home but cancelled prior to delivery of the home (as a percentage of overall orders) increased to 15% compared to 14% during the prior-year period. The dollar value of backlog was \$1.2 billion as of March 31, 2019, a decrease of \$171.2 million, or 12%, compared to \$1.4 billion as of March 31, 2018. This decrease was due to a decrease in backlog units of 301, or 14%, to 1,842 as of March 31, 2019, compared to 2,143 as of March 31, 2018, offset by a 2% increase in the average sales price of homes in backlog to \$672,000 as of March 31, 2019, compared to \$658,000 as of March 31, 2018.

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Maracay's backlog dollar value increased 13% compared to the prior-year period largely due to a 16% increase in average sales price. The increase in average sales price was due to product mix and increasing prices due to favorable overall market conditions. Pardee Homes' backlog dollar value increased 16% due to an increase in average sales price of 19%. The increase in average sales price is due to a higher priced mix of homes in backlog in both the San Diego and Las Vegas markets. Quadrant Homes' backlog dollar value decreased 45% as a result of a 54% decrease in backlog units offset by a 20% increase in average sales price. The decrease in backlog units was a result of the decrease in net new home orders resulting from generally slower year over year market conditions in the Seattle area. The increase in average sales price was related to an increase in the number of homes in backlog from the core Seattle markets of King and Snohomish counties, which tend to have higher price points. Trendmaker Homes' backlog dollar value increased 46% primarily due to an 65% increase in backlog units. The increase in backlog units resulted primarily from our expansion into Dallas-Fort Worth where we had 167 homes in backlog as of March 31, 2019. TRI Pointe Homes' backlog dollar value decreased 48% due to a 44% decrease in backlog units and a 6% decrease in average sales price. The decrease in backlog units was due to a decrease in net new home orders in Northern and Southern California as a result of lower demand compared to the prior-year period. Winchester Homes' backlog dollar value decreased 19% due to a 23% decrease in backlog units offset by a 6% increase in average sales price. The decrease in backlog units is a result of the 23% decrease in net new home orders for the three months ended March 31, 2019 as well as the reduced number of units in backlog as of the beginning of the current-year period as compared to the prior-year period.

New Homes Delivered, Homes Sales Revenue and Average Sales Price by Segment (dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended			Thre	ee Months	Percentage Change					
	Mar	ch 31, 2019	9	Mar	ch 31, 201	8	Percen	iage	Chan	ge	
	NewHome		Average	New	Home	Average	New Home		Average		
	HomSales S		Sales	Hom Sa les		Sales	Homes Sales		Sales		
	Deli	Recod nue	Price	Deli	Recod nue	Price	Deliver	r R deve	enue	Pric	e
Maracay	74	\$39,561	\$ 535	125	\$58,455	\$ 468	(41)%	(32)%	14	%
Pardee Homes	242	134,863	557	274	180,470	659	(12)%	(25)%	(15)%
Quadrant Homes	44	43,273	983	83	61,305	739	(47)%	(29)%	33	%
Trendmaker Homes	154	70,120	455	84	41,185	490	83 %	70	%	(7)%
TRI Pointe Homes	242	171,791	710	269	190,420	708	(10)%	(10)%		%
Winchester Homes	58	33,095	571	89	50,737	570	(35)%	(35)%		%
Total	814	\$492,703	\$ 605	924	\$582,572	\$ 630	(12)%	(15)%	(4)%

Home sales revenue decreased \$89.9 million, or 15%, to \$492.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019. The decrease was comprised of (i) \$69.4 million related to a decrease of 110 new homes delivered in the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to the prior-year period, and (ii) \$20.5 million related to a decrease of \$25,000 in average sales price of homes delivered in the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to the prior-year period. Maracay had a 32% decrease in home sales revenue due primarily to a 41% decrease in new homes delivered. The decrease in new home deliveries was due to the decrease in backlog units at the start of the current-year period compared to the prior-year period. Pardee Homes' home sales revenue decreased 25% due to a 15% decrease in average sales price and a 12% decrease in new homes delivered. The decrease in average sales price was due to a product mix shift that included a lesser proportion of deliveries from our higher priced long-dated California assets in the current-year period. Quadrant Homes' home sales revenue decreased by 29% due to a 47% decrease in new homes delivered, offset by a 33% increase in average sales price. The decrease in new homes delivered was due to starting the current-year period with a lower number of backlog units compared to the prior-year period. The increase in average sales price was the result of delivering more units in the core Seattle markets of King and Snohomish counties, which tend to have higher price points. Trendmaker Homes' home sales revenue increased 70% due to an 83% increase in new homes delivered. The increase in new homes delivered was largely due to 53 deliveries from our Dallas-Fort Worth operations, along with higher volume in the Austin market. TRI Pointe Homes had a 10% decrease in home sales revenue due to a 10% decrease in new homes delivered. The decrease in new homes delivered was

driven by lower backlog units at the start of the current-year period compared to the prior-year period. Home sales revenue decreased at Winchester Homes by 35% due to a 35% decrease in new homes delivered as a result of lower backlog units at the start of the current-year period compared to the prior-year period.

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Homebuilding Gross Margins (dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2019		%		2018		%	
Home sales revenue	\$492,703	3	100.0)%	\$582,572	,	100.0)%
Cost of home sales	421,536		85.6	%	450,502		77.3	%
Homebuilding gross margin	71,167		14.4	%	132,070		22.7	%
Add: interest in cost of home sales	14,191		2.9	%	14,229		2.4	%
Add: impairments and lot option abandonments	5,202		1.1	%	248		0.0	%
Adjusted homebuilding gross margin ⁽¹⁾	\$90,560		18.4	%	\$146,547	'	25.2	%
Homebuilding gross margin percentage	14.4	%			22.7	%		
Adjusted homebuilding gross margin percentage ⁽¹⁾	18.4	%			25.2	%		

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure (as discussed below).

Our homebuilding gross margin percentage decreased to 14.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2019 as compared to 22.7% for the prior-year period. The decrease in gross margin percentage was due to an increase in lot option abandonments, as well as lower revenue from some of our long-dated California communities, which produce gross margins above the Company average. In addition, we increased incentives in the fourth quarter of 2018 to sell inventory homes, which impacted gross margin percentage upon delivery of those homes during the first quarter of 2019, as well as purchase accounting adjustments related to the acquisition of a Dallas-Fort Worth based building in the fourth quarter of 2018. Excluding interest and impairment and lot option abandonments in cost of home sales, adjusted homebuilding gross margin percentage was 18.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to 25.2% for the prior-year period.

Adjusted homebuilding gross margin is a non-GAAP financial measure. We believe this information is meaningful as it isolates the impact that leverage and noncash charges have on homebuilding gross margin and permits investors to make better comparisons with our competitors, who adjust gross margins in a similar fashion. Because adjusted homebuilding gross margin is not calculated in accordance with GAAP, it may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. See the table above reconciling this non-GAAP financial measure to homebuilding gross margin, the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Sales and Marketing, General and Administrative Expense (dollars in thousands)

\mathcal{E}'		1	,				
			As a				
	Three M	onths	Perc	ent	age	of	
	Ended M	Iarch 31,	Hon	ne S	Sales	3	
			Reve	ent	ıe		
	2019	2018	2019		201	8	
Sales and marketing	\$38,989	\$38,283	7.9	%	6.6	%	
General and administrative (G&A)	38,597	36,814	7.8	%	6.3	%	
Total sales and marketing and G&A	\$77,586	\$75,097	15.7	%	12.9	9%	

Total sales and marketing and general and administrative ("SG&A") as a percentage of home sales revenue increased to 15.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to 12.9% in the prior-year period. Total SG&A expense increased \$2.5 million to \$77.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 from \$75.1 million in the prior-year period.

Sales and marketing expense as a percentage of home sales revenue increased to 7.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to 6.6% for the prior-year period. The increase was due primarily to advertising costs associated with the timing of current and future community openings. In addition, our ending community count increased from 131 as of March 31, 2018 to 146 as of March 31, 2019, resulting in higher fixed sales and marketing costs on a year over year basis. Sales and marketing expense increased to \$39.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to \$38.3 million in the prior-year period due to the higher fixed cost associated with a

higher community count.

General and administrative ("G&A") expense as a percentage of home sales revenue increased to 7.8% of home sales revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to 6.3% for the prior-year period as a result of lower operating leverage due to the 15% decrease in home sales revenue. G&A expense increased to \$38.6 million for the three months ended

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March 31, 2019 compared to \$36.8 million for the prior-year period primarily as a result of additional headcount to support future growth in our new and existing markets, including our organic expansion into the Carolinas in October 2018 and our acquisition of a Dallas–Fort Worth based homebuilder in December 2018.

Interest

Interest, which we incurred principally to finance land acquisitions, land development and home construction, totaled \$23.4 million and \$21.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. All interest incurred in both periods was capitalized.

Other Income, Net

Other income, net for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$6.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we amended our existing tax sharing agreement with Weyerhaeuser Company ("Weyerhaeuser"), pursuant to which the parties agreed, among other things, that we had no further obligation to remit payment to Weyerhaeuser in connection with any potential utilization of certain deductions or losses associated with certain Weyerhaeuser entities with respect to federal and state taxes. As a result of the amendment, during the three months ended March 31, 2019, we recorded other income of \$6.0 million related to the reduction of our income tax liability to Weyerhaeuser.

Income Tax

For the three months ended March 31, 2019, we recorded a tax provision of \$24,000 based on an effective tax rate of 25.3%. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, we recorded a tax provision of \$14.7 million based on an effective tax rate of 25.5%. The decrease in provision for income taxes is due to a \$57.4 million decrease in income before income taxes to \$95,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to \$57.5 million for the prior-year period.

Financial Services Segment

Income from our financial services operations decreased to \$756,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to \$1.1 million for the prior-year period. The decrease in financial services income for the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to the prior-year period relates to the 12% decrease in new homes delivered, which resulted in fewer opportunities to capture financial services income.

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Lots Owned or Controlled by Segment

Excluded from owned and controlled lots are those related to Note 6, Investments in Unconsolidated Entities, to the accompanying condensed notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The table below summarizes our lots owned or controlled by segment as of the dates presented:

	March	31	Increase		
	March	51,	(Decrease)		
	2019	2018	Amount %		
Lots Owned					
Maracay	2,272	1,825	447 24 %		
Pardee Homes	13,523	14,814	(1,291) (9)%		
Quadrant Homes	854	1,148	(294) (26)%		
Trendmaker Homes	1,787	1,503	284 19 %		
TRI Pointe Homes	2,914	2,845	69 2 %		
Winchester Homes	1,291	1,555	(264) (17)%		
Total	22,641	23,690	(1,049) (4)%		
Lots Controlled ⁽¹⁾					
Maracay	738	1,176	(438) (37)%		
Pardee Homes	731	799	(68) (9)%		
Quadrant Homes	694	625	69 11 %		
Trendmaker Homes	611	429	182 42 %		
TRI Pointe Homes	927	872	55 6 %		
Winchester Homes	359	600	(241) (40)%		
Total	4,060	4,501	(441) (10)%		
Total Lots Owned or Controlled ⁽¹⁾	26,701	28,191	(1,490) (5)%		

⁽¹⁾ As of March 31, 2019 and 2018, lots controlled represented lots that were under land or lot option contracts or purchase contracts.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our principal uses of capital for the three months ended March 31, 2019 were operating expenses, land purchases, land development and home construction. We used funds generated by our operations to meet our short-term working capital requirements. We monitor financing requirements to evaluate potential financing sources, including bank credit facilities and note offerings. We remain focused on generating positive margins in our homebuilding operations and acquiring desirable land positions in order to maintain a strong balance sheet and keep us poised for growth. As of March 31, 2019, we had total liquidity of \$967.6 million, including cash and cash equivalents of \$148.8 million and \$818.8 million of availability under our Credit Facility, as described below, after considering the borrowing base provisions and outstanding letters of credit.

Our board of directors will consider a number of factors when evaluating our level of indebtedness and when making decisions regarding the incurrence of new indebtedness, including the purchase price of assets to be acquired with debt financing, the estimated market value of our assets and the availability of particular assets, and our Company as a whole, to generate cash flow to cover the expected debt service.

Senior Notes

In June 2017, TRI Pointe Group issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 5.250% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes") at 100.00% of their aggregate principal amount. Net proceeds of this issuance were \$296.3 million, after debt issuance costs and discounts. The 2027 Notes mature on June 1, 2027 and interest is paid semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1.

In May 2016, TRI Pointe Group issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 4.875% Senior Notes due 2021 (the "2021 Notes") at 99.44% of their aggregate principal amount. Net proceeds of this issuance were \$293.9 million,

after debt issuance costs and discounts. The 2021 Notes mature on July 1, 2021 and interest is paid semiannually in arrears on January 1 and July 1.

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TRI Pointe Group and its wholly owned subsidiary TRI Pointe Homes, Inc. ("TRI Pointe Homes") are co-issuers of the 4.375% Senior Notes due 2019 (the "2019 Notes") and the 5.875% Senior Notes due 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2019 Notes were issued at 98.89% of their aggregate principal amount and the 2024 Notes were issued at 98.15% of their aggregate principal amount. The net proceeds from the offering of the 2019 Notes and 2024 Notes were \$861.3 million, after debt issuance costs and discounts. The 2019 Notes and 2024 Notes mature on June 15, 2019 and June 15, 2024, respectively. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we repurchased and cancelled an aggregate principal amount of \$10,000 of the 2019 Notes. During the year ended December 31, 2018, we repurchased and cancelled an aggregate principal amount of \$68.1 million of the 2019 Notes. As of March 31, 2019 the principal amount outstanding under the 2019 Notes was \$381.9 million.

Our outstanding senior notes (the "Senior Notes") contain covenants that restrict our ability to, among other things, create liens or other encumbrances, enter into sale and leaseback transactions, or merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets. These limitations are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions. As of March 31, 2019, we were in compliance with the covenants required by our Senior Notes.

Loans Payable

On March 29, 2019, we entered into a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which amended and restated our Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 7, 2015. The Credit Facility (as defined below), which matures on March 29, 2023, consists of a \$600 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Facility") and a \$250 million term loan facility (the "Term Facility" and together with the Revolving Facility, the Credit Facility"). The Term Facility includes a 90 day delayed draw provision. The Company plans to draw \$250 million from the Term Facility in June of 2019 in connection with the maturity of the 2019 Notes. The Company may increase the Credit Facility to not more than \$1 billion in the aggregate, at its request, upon satisfaction of specified conditions. The Revolving Facility contains a sublimit of \$75 million for letters of credit. The Company may borrow under the Revolving Facility in the ordinary course of business to fund its operations, including its land acquisition, land development and homebuilding activities. Borrowings under the Revolving Facility will be governed by, among other things, a borrowing base. Interest rates on borrowings under the Revolving Facility will be based on either a daily Eurocurrency base rate or a Eurocurrency rate, in either case, plus a spread ranging from 1.25% to 2.00%, depending on the Company's leverage ratio. Interest rates on borrowings under the Term Facility will be based on either a daily Eurocurrency base rate or a Eurocurrency rate, in either case, plus a spread ranging from 1.10% to 1.85%, depending on the Company's leverage ratio.

As of March 31, 2019, we had no outstanding debt under the Credit Facility and \$818.8 million of availability after considering the borrowing base provisions and outstanding letters of credit. At March 31, 2019 we had outstanding letters of credit of \$31.2 million. These letters of credit were issued to secure various financial obligations. We believe it is not probable that any outstanding letters of credit will be drawn upon.

Under the Credit Facility, we are required to comply with certain financial covenants, including, but not limited to, those set forth in the table below (dollars in thousands):

	Actual at March 31,		Covenant Requirement at March 31,
Financial Covenants	2019		2019
Consolidated Tangible Net Worth	\$1,896,730)	\$ 1,350,036
(Not less than \$1.35 billion plus 50% of net income and			
50% of the net proceeds from equity offerings after			
December 31, 2018)			
Leverage Test	40.5	%	≤55%
(Not to exceed 55%)			
Interest Coverage Test	4.9		≥1.5
(Not less than 1.5:1.0)			

In addition, the Credit Facility limits the aggregate number of single family dwellings (where construction has commenced) owned by the Company or any guarantor that are not presold or model units to no more than the greater of (i) 50% of the number of housing unit closings (as defined) during the preceding 12 months; or (ii) 100% of the number of housing unit closings during the preceding 6 months. However, a failure to comply with this "Spec Unit Inventory Test" will not be an event of default or default, but will be excluded from the borrowing base as of the last day of the quarter in which the non-

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compliance occurs. The Credit Facility further requires that at least 97.0% of consolidated tangible net worth must be attributable to the Company and its guarantor subsidiaries, subject to certain grace periods.

As of March 31, 2019, we were in compliance with all of these financial covenants.

Stock Repurchase Program

On February 21, 2019, our board of directors discontinued and cancelled the 2018 Repurchase Program and approved the 2019 Repurchase Program, authorizing the repurchase of shares of common stock with an aggregate value of up to \$100 million through March 31, 2020. Purchases of common stock pursuant to the 2019 Repurchase Program may be made in open market transactions effected through a broker-dealer at prevailing market prices, in block trades, or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws, including pursuant to any trading plan that may be adopted in accordance with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act. We are not obligated under the 2019 Repurchase Program to repurchase any specific number or dollar amount of shares of common stock, and we may modify, suspend or discontinue the 2019 Repurchase Program at any time. Our management will determine the timing and amount of repurchase in its discretion based on a variety of factors, such as the market price of our common stock, corporate requirements, general market economic conditions and legal requirements. Through the date of the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, no shares of common stock have been repurchased under the 2019 Repurchase Program.

Leverage Ratios

We believe that our leverage ratios provide useful information to the users of our financial statements regarding our financial position and cash and debt management. The ratio of debt-to-capital and the ratio of net debt-to-net capital are calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

March 31,	December
2019	31, 2018
\$1,412,463	\$1,410,804
1,412,463	1,410,804
2,057,023	2,056,924
\$3,469,486	\$3,467,728
40.7 %	40.7 %
\$1,412,463	\$1,410,804
(148,782)	(277,696)
1,263,681	1,133,108
2,057,023	2,056,924
\$3,320,704	\$3,190,032
38.1 %	35.5 %
	2019 \$1,412,463 1,412,463 2,057,023 \$3,469,486 40.7 % \$1,412,463 (148,782) 1,263,681 2,057,023 \$3,320,704

⁽¹⁾ The ratio of debt-to-capital is computed as the quotient obtained by dividing total debt by the sum of total debt plus stockholders' equity.

The ratio of net debt-to-net capital is a non-GAAP financial measure and is computed as the quotient obtained by dividing net debt (which is total debt less cash and cash equivalents) by the sum of net debt plus stockholders' equity. The most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is the ratio of debt-to-capital. We believe the ratio of net debt-to-net capital is a relevant financial measure for investors to understand the leverage employed in our

⁽²⁾ operations and as an indicator of our ability to obtain financing. See the table above reconciling this non-GAAP financial measure to the ratio of debt-to-capital. Because the ratio of net debt-to-net capital is not calculated in accordance with GAAP, it may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Cash Flows—Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 For the three months ended March 31, 2019 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2018, the comparison of cash flows is as follows:

Net cash used in operating activities increased by \$164.8 million to \$114.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, from net cash provided of \$49.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018. The change was comprised of offsetting activity, including (i) a decrease in net income to \$71,000 for the three months ended March \$1, 2019 compared to \$42.9 million in the prior-year period, (ii) a decrease in cash collected to cash used of \$6.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2019 compared to cash provided of \$70.4 million in the prior-year period, and (iii) other offsetting activity, including changes in inventory, other assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$7.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, compared to \$3.1 million for the prior-year period. The increase in cash used in investing activities was due mainly to increased purchases of property and equipment.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$6.5 million for the three months ending March 31, 2019, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$5.1 million for the same period in the prior year.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Obligations

In the ordinary course of business, we enter into purchase contracts in order to procure lots for the construction of our homes. We are subject to customary obligations associated with entering into contracts for the purchase of land and improved lots. These purchase contracts typically require a cash deposit and the purchase of properties under these contracts is generally contingent upon satisfaction of certain requirements by the sellers, including obtaining applicable property and development entitlements. We also utilize option contracts with land sellers and land banking arrangements as a method of acquiring land in staged takedowns, to help us manage the financial and market risk associated with land holdings, and to reduce the use of funds from our corporate financing sources. These option contracts and land banking arrangements generally require a non-refundable deposit for the right to acquire land and lots over a specified period of time at pre-determined prices. We generally have the right, at our discretion, to terminate our obligations under both purchase contracts and option contracts by forfeiting our cash deposit with no further financial responsibility to the land seller. In some cases, however, we may be contractually obligated to complete development work even if we terminate the option to procure land or lots. As of March 31, 2019, we had \$75.3 million of cash deposits, the majority of which are non-refundable, pertaining to land and lot option contracts and purchase contracts with an aggregate remaining purchase price of \$662.1 million (net of deposits). Our utilization of land and lot option contracts and land banking arrangements is dependent on, among other things, the availability of land sellers or land banking firms willing to enter into such arrangements, the availability of capital to finance the development of optioned land and lots, general housing market conditions, and local market dynamics. Options may be more difficult to procure from land sellers in strong housing markets and are more prevalent in certain geographic regions.

As of March 31, 2019, we had total liquidity of \$967.6 million, including cash of \$148.8 million and \$818.8 million of availability under the Credit Facility after considering the borrowing base provisions and outstanding letters of credit. Inflation

Our operations can be adversely impacted by inflation, primarily from higher land, financing, labor, material and construction costs. In addition, inflation can lead to higher mortgage rates, which can significantly affect the affordability of mortgage financing to homebuyers. While we attempt to pass on cost increases to customers through increased prices, when weak housing market conditions exist, we are often unable to offset cost increases with higher selling prices.

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Seasonality

Historically, the homebuilding industry experiences seasonal fluctuations in quarterly operating results and capital requirements. We typically experience the highest new home order activity during the first and second quarters of our fiscal year, although this activity is also highly dependent on the number of active selling communities, timing of new community openings and other market factors. Since it typically takes three to nine months to construct a new home, the number of homes delivered and associated home sales revenue typically increases in the third and fourth quarters of our fiscal year as new home orders sold earlier in the year convert to home deliveries. Because of this seasonality, home starts, construction costs and related cash outflows have historically been highest in the second and third quarters of our fiscal year, and the majority of cash receipts from home deliveries occur during the second half of the year. We expect this seasonal pattern to continue over the long-term, although it may be affected by volatility in the homebuilding industry.

Description of Projects and Communities Under Development

The following table presents project information relating to each of our markets as of March 31, 2019 and includes information on current projects under development where we are building and selling homes.

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Maracay

Waracay							
County, Project, City	Year of First Delivery ⁽¹⁾	of	Cumulative Homes Delivered as of March 31, 2019	Owned as of March 31, 2019 ⁽³⁾	Backlog as of March 31, 2019 ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Homes Delivered for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Sales Price Range (in thousands) ⁽⁶⁾
Phoenix, Arizona							
City of Buckeye:							
Verrado Victory	2015	98	85	13	7	5	\$373 - \$405
Arroyo Seco	2020	44	_	44	<u> </u>	_	\$406 - \$458
City of Chandler:							, ,
Hawthorn Manor	2017	84	66	18	14	7	\$490 - \$564
Mission Estates	2019	26	_	26	7	_	\$530 - \$590
Windermere Ranch	2019	91	_	91	7	_	\$499 - \$539
City of Gilbert:		, -					7 177 7007
Marathon Ranch	2018	63	19	44	27	10	\$515 - \$558
Lakes At Annecy	2019	216	_	216	5	_	\$250 - \$350
Annecy P3	2020	250		250		_	\$226 - \$301
Lakeview Trails	2019	92		92	38		\$528 - \$603
Copper Bend	2020	38	_	38			\$451 - \$484
Hamstra Assemblage	2020	332	_	332			\$470 - \$750
City of Goodyear:							
Villages at Rio Paseo	2018	117	24	93	9	6	\$190 - \$220
Cottages at Rio Paseo	2018	93	38	55	12	7	\$231 - \$251
City of Mesa:							
The Vista at Granite Crossing	2018	37	31	6	6	6	\$438 - \$513
Electron at Eastmark	2019	53		53	20		\$361 - \$438
City of Peoria:							
Legacy at The Meadows	2017	74	68	6		2	\$425 - \$451
Estates at The Meadows	2017	272	114	158	46	14	\$499 - \$576
Enclave at The Meadows	2018	126	32	94	21	3	\$375 - \$470
Deseo	2019	94	_	94			\$501 - \$583
City of Phoenix:							
Navarro Groves	2018	54	31	23	18	7	\$439 - \$484
Loma at Avance	2019	124		124		_	\$352 - \$412
Ranger at Avance	2019	143		143		_	\$398 - \$466
Piedmont at Avance	2019	101		101			\$475 - \$495
Alta at Avance	2019	26	_	26			\$595 - \$625
Town of Queen Creek:							
Spur Cross	2020	118		118			\$454 - \$544
Closed Communities	N/A						
Phoenix, Arizona Total		2,766	508	2,258	237	67	
Tucson, Arizona							
Oro Valley:							
Desert Crest - Center Pointe Vistoso	2016	103	90	13	1	3	\$262 - \$307

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The Cove - Center Pointe Vistoso	2016	83	83		_	1	\$345 - \$405
Summit N & S - Center Pointe Vistoso	2016	88	88	_	_	3	\$397 - \$432
The Pinnacle - Center Pointe Vistoso	2016	69	68	1	_		\$448 - \$480
Tucson, Arizona Total		343	329	14	1	7	
Maracay Total		3,109	837	2,272	238	74	

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Pardee Homes

raidee Homes							
County, Project, City	Year of First Delivery ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Lots ⁽²⁾	Cumulative Homes Delivered as of March 31, 2019	Lots Owned as of March 31, 2019 ⁽³⁾	Backlog as of March 31, 2019 ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Homes Delivered for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Sales Price Range (in thousands) ⁽⁶⁾
California						2017	
San Diego County:							
Almeria	2017	80	80			5	\$1,440 - \$1,560
Vista Santa Fe	2017	44	_	44	8	_	\$1,760 - \$1,900
Sendero Sendero	2019	112		112	56		\$1,150 - \$1,300
Terraza	2019	81		81	30		\$1,260 - \$1,370
Carmel	2019	105		105	27		\$1,380 - \$1,490
Vista Del Mar	2019	79		79	22	_	\$1,530 - \$1,720 \$1,530 - \$1,720
Pacific Highlands Ranch Future		115	_	115		_	\$1,800 - \$1,900
Sandstone Sandstone	2018	81	63	18	10	14	\$640 - \$710
Lake Ridge	2018	129	50	79	13	16	\$710 - \$860
Veraz	2018	111	15	96	3	5	\$380 - \$460
Moderna	2018	44	18	26	6	8	\$355 - \$440
Marea	2020	135	_	135	_	_	\$370 - \$470
Solmar	2019	74		74			\$365 - \$440
Solmar Sur	2019	108		108			\$365 - \$440
Meadowood	TBD	845		845			\$290 - \$590
South Otay Mesa	TBD	893		893			TBD
Los Angeles County:	122	0,0		0,0			155
Verano	2017	95	45	50	4	8	\$565 - \$670
Arista	2017	143	75	68	3	7	\$700 - \$785
Cresta	2018	67	14	53	10	4	\$790 - \$890
Lyra	2019	84	_	84	10	_	\$648 - \$720
Sola	2019	73		73	34	_	\$545 - \$590
Skyline Ranch Future	TBD	913		913	_	_	\$550 - \$810
Riverside County:		,		,			7000 7000
Vantage	2016	101	100	1		1	\$390 - \$410
Aura	2017	100	100	_		3	\$370 - \$385
Starling	2017	68	49	19	4	9	\$425 - \$430
Canyon Hills Future 70 x 115	TBD	125	_	125		_	TBD
Westlake	2020	163	_	163			\$318 - \$325
Elara	2016	260	213	47	14	11	\$300 - \$330
Daybreak	2017	159	83	76	5	9	\$360 - \$385
Cascade	2017	209	118	91	8	18	\$325 - \$340
Abrio	2018	98	37	61	11	5	\$400 - \$420
Beacon	2018	106	27	79	21	9	\$465 - \$520
Alisio	2019	84	_	84	28	_	\$300 - \$330
Vita	2019	111	_	111	17	_	\$310 - \$335
Avid	2019	72	_	72	14	_	\$340 - \$365

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Elan	2019	101	_	101	6		\$410 - \$440
Mira	2019	90		90	5	_	\$375 - \$400
Sundance Future Active Adult	TBD	330		330		_	TBD
Avena	2018	84	32	52	8	7	\$450 - \$475
Tamarack	2018	84	57	27	6	2	\$470 - \$520
Braeburn	2018	82	14	68	8	6	\$420 - \$450
Canvas	2018	89	12	77	12	4	\$400 - \$425
Kadence	2018	85	10	75	7	2	\$420 - \$440
Newpark	2018	93	11	82	9	3	\$450 - \$495
Easton	2018	92	7	85	8	2	\$475 - \$530
Tournament Hills Future	TBD	268		268		_	TBD
Banning	2020	4,344		4,344		_	TBD
San Joaquin County:							

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Bear Creek	TBD	1,252		1,252			TBD
Closed Communities		12.061	1 220	11 021	— 427	150	
California Total Nevada		13,061	1,230	11,831	427	158	
Clark County:	2015	176	176			1	¢212 ¢270
North Peak	2015		176	_	_	1	\$312 - \$370
Castle Rock	2015		181	2	2	2	\$365 - \$455
Escala	2016	-	64			1	\$520 - \$590
Strada	2017		59	81	7	10	\$425 - \$480
Linea	2018		58	65	33	10	\$360 - \$400
Strada 2.0	2019			35			\$425 - \$480
Linea II	2020			79	_		\$360 - \$400
Inspirada Townhomes			_	114		_	TBD
Meridian	2016		62	_		1	\$595 - \$690
Pebble Estate Future	TBD		_	8	_	_	TBD
Encanto	2016		50	1	_	1	\$475 - \$530
Luma	2018		49	14	10	8	\$490 - \$530
Evolve	2019	74		74	_	_	\$300
Corterra	2018		10	102	6	7	\$465 - \$550
Keystone	2017	70	66	4	2	3	\$465 - \$550
Cobalt	2017	124	51	73	8	5	\$380 - \$455
Onyx	2018	71	15	56	14	1	\$450 - \$485
Axis	2017	52	36	16	11	3	\$860 - \$1,125
Axis at the Canyons	2019	26	_	26	2		\$875 - \$905
Midnight Ridge	2019	104	_	104	—		\$540 - \$585
Pivot	2017	88	54	34	11	10	\$405 - \$470
Strada at Pivot	2017	27	26	1	1	1	\$450 - \$480
Nova Ridge	2017	108	44	64	20	5	\$680 - \$840
Tera Luna	2018	116	9	107	6	5	\$545 - \$660
Indogo	2018	202	32	170	10	10	\$315 - \$360
Larimar	2018	170	8	162	5	4	\$380 - \$420
Blackstone	2018	140	11	129	18	6	\$405 - \$500
Cirrus	2019	54		54			\$350 - \$375
Sandalwood	2020	117		117		_	\$685 - \$815
Nevada Total		2,753	1,061	1,692	166	84	•
Pardee Total		15,814		13,523			
		,	•	, -			

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Quadrant Homes

Quadrant Homes							
County, Project, City	Year of First Delivery ⁽¹⁾	of	Cumulative Homes Delivered as of March 31, 2019	e Lots Owned as of March 31, 2019 ⁽³⁾	Backlog as of March 31, 2019 ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Homes Delivered for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Sales Price Range (in thousands) ⁽⁶⁾
Washington							
Snohomish County:							
Grove North, Bothell	2019	43	_	43	_	_	\$765 - \$900
Grove South, Bothell	2019	9	_	9	_	_	\$785 - \$820
King County:							
Vareze, Kirkland	2019	82		82			\$700 - \$900
Inglewood Landing, Sammamish	2019	21	1	20	9	1	\$1,115 - \$1,295
Kirkwood Terrace, Sammamish	2018	12	8	4	2	3	\$1,800 - \$1,900
English Landing P1, Redmond	2018	50	44	6	5	7	\$1,245
Cedar Landing, North Bend	2019	138		138	14		\$740 - \$880
Monarch Ridge, Sammamish	2019	59	_	59	_		\$970 - \$1,135
Overlook at Summit Park, Maple Valley	2019	126	1	125	13	1	\$590 - \$700
Ray Meadows, Redmond	2018	27	14	13	12	4	\$1,065
Aurea, Sammamish	2019	41	_	41			\$710 - \$860
Aldea, Newcastle	2019	129	11	118	8	11	\$695 - \$925
Lario, Bellevue	2019	46		46			\$795 - \$1,125
Soundview, Federal Way	2018	21	4	17	6	_	\$531 - \$660
Eagles Glen, Sammamish	2020	10	_	10	_	_	\$1,100 - \$2,000
Finn Meadows, Kirkland	2020	5		5			\$900 - \$1,049
Pierce County:							
Harbor Hill S-5/6, Gig Harbor	2017	72	69	3	3	6	\$493
Kitsap County:							
Lone Pine, Poulsbo	2019	15		15			\$473 - \$530
Winslow Grove, Bainbridge Island	2018	19	4	15	5	2	\$1,042 - \$1,142
Blue Heron, Poulsbo	2021	85		85			\$474 - \$649
Closed Communities						9	
Washington Total		1,010	156	854	77	44	
Quadrant Total		1,010	156	854	77	44	

Trendmaker Homes

Trendinakei Tionies							
County, Project, City	Year of First Delivery ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Lots ⁽²⁾	Cumulative Homes Delivered as of March 31, 2019	Lots Owned as of March 31, 2019 ⁽³⁾	Backlog as of March 31, 2019 ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Homes Delivered for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Sales Price Range (in thousands) ⁽⁶⁾
Texas							
Brazoria County:							
Pomona, Manvel	2015	49	37	12	3	2	\$422 - \$489
Rise Meridiana	2016	47	31	16	1	1	\$292 - \$373
Fort Bend County:		.,			_	_	7-7- 7070
Cross Creek Ranch 60', Fulshear	2013	48	31	17	6	_	\$399 - \$500
Cross Creek Ranch 65', Fulshear	2013	89	71	18	7	7	\$442 - \$557
Cross Creek Ranch 70', Fulshear	2013	72	50	22	11	4	\$510 - \$609
Cross Creek Ranch 80', Fulshear	2013	54	30	24	16	3	\$600 - \$655
Cross Creek Ranch 90', Fulshear	2013	37	33	4	1	1	\$695 - \$759
Fulshear Run 1/2 Acre, Richmond	2016	54	33	21	11	2	\$573 - \$679
Harvest Green 75', Richmond	2015	44	37	7	4	2	\$446 - \$543
Sienna Plantation 85', Missouri City		54	32	22	1	2	\$546 - \$661
Grayson Woods 60'	TBD	10	_	10	_	_	TBD
Grayson Woods 70'	TBD	8		8		_	TBD
Harris County:							
The Groves, Humble	2015	117	77	40	5	6	\$483 - \$511
Lakes of Creekside	2015	38	17	21	7	1	\$534 - \$611
Balmoral 50'	2019	24	_	24	<u> </u>		TBD
Bridgeland '80, Cypress	2015	147	127	20	5	2	\$549 - \$708
Bridgeland 70'	2018	41	8	33	5	1	\$511 - \$574
Villas at Bridgeland 50'	2018	48	4	44	2	2	\$370 - \$409
Elyson 70', Cypress	2016	20	18	2	2	_	\$463 - \$482
Falls at Dry Creek	2019	1	_	1		_	TBD
Clear Lake, Houston	2015	778	491	287	52	18	\$395 - \$717
Montgomery County:							
Northgrove, Tomball	2015	25	7	18		_	TBD
Bender's Landing Estates, Spring	2014	104	95	9	5	4	\$553 - \$596
The Woodlands, Creekside Park	2015	126	88	38	13	14	\$423 - \$699
Royal Brook, Porter	2019	25		25	2		\$386 - \$479
Waller County:							
LakeHouse	TBD	350		350			\$260 - \$575
Williamson County:							
Crystal Falls	2016	29	25	4	_	_	TBD
Rancho Sienna 60'	2016	51	22	29	4	4	\$335 - \$420
Rancho Sienna 80'	2018	5	2	3	3		\$456 - \$519
Highlands at Mayfield Ranch 50'	2018	36	12	24	8	4	\$280 - \$330
Highlands at Mayfield Ranch 60'	2018	23	5	18	4	4	\$340 - \$407
Rancho Sienna 50'	2019	30	_	30	2	_	\$330 - \$372

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Palmera Ridge	2019	30		30	12		\$270 - \$326
Hays County:							
Belterra 60', Austin	2017	36	32	4	4	6	\$445 - \$489
Belterra 80', Austin	2016	37	35	2	1	1	\$600
Headwaters, Dripping Springs	2017	30	26	4	4	3	\$453 - \$485
6 Creeks 50' Section 1 & 2	2019	35		35	_	_	TBD
6 Creeks 60' Section 1 & 2	2019	15		15		_	TBD
Travis County:							
Lakes Edge 70'	2018	45	17	28	27	4	\$645 - \$830
Lakes Edge 80'	2018	14	5	9	7	1	\$742 - \$792
Collin County:							
Miramonte, Frisco	2016	62	40	22	8	4	\$475 - \$560
Retreat at Craig Ranch, McKinney	2012	165	145	20	4	2	\$375 - \$415
40							
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Dallas County:							
Vineyards, Rowlett	2017	34	15	19	6	3	\$368 - \$480
Denton County:							
Glenview, Frisco	2017	50	13	37	7	5	\$345 - \$485
Paloma Creek, Little Elm	2015	267	151	116	16	7	\$275 - \$390
Parks at Legacy, Prosper	2017	49	18	31	8	4	\$384 - \$495
Shadow Creek, Hickory Creek	2016	40	38	2	1	2	\$360 - \$400
Valencia, Little Elm	2016	76	42	34	8	5	\$350 - \$444
Villages of Carmel, Denton	2017	94	46	48	33	4	\$290 - \$360
Kaufman County:							
Park Trails, Forney	2015	85	80	5	2	7	\$240 - \$280
Rockwall County:							
Heath Golf and Yacht, Heath	2016	91	59	32	9	2	\$294 - \$490
Woodcreek, Fate	2017	83	65	18	13	3	\$267 - \$330
Tarrant County:							
Chisholm Trail Ranch, Fort Worth	2017	70	45	25	15	1	\$270 - \$375
Lakes of River Trails, Fort Worth	2011	143	123	20	20	2	\$317 - \$416
Ventana, Benbrook	2017	61	31	30	17	2	\$318 - \$430
Closed Communities	N/A		_		—	2	
Texas Total		4,196	2,409	1,787	402	154	
Trendmaker Homes Total		4,196	2,409	1,787	402	154	

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TRI Pointe Homes

Southern California Orange County: Aria, Rancho Mission Viejo
Orange County: Aria, Rancho Mission Viejo 2016 151 148 3 2 2 \$687 - \$719 Viridian 2018 72 21 51 12 4 \$895 - \$982 Sterling Row Townhomes, Irvine 2017 96 96 — — 1 \$572 - \$779 Varenna at Orchard Hills, Irvine 2016 89 79 10 5 6 \$1,225 - \$1,326 Alston, Anaheim 2017 75 72 3 3 12 \$828 - \$869 StrataPointe, Buena Park 2017 149 133 16 15 8 \$564 - \$720 Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Viridian 2018 72 21 51 12 4 \$895 - \$982 Sterling Row Townhomes, Irvine 2017 96 96 — — 1 \$572 - \$779 Varenna at Orchard Hills, Irvine 2016 89 79 10 5 6 \$1,225 - \$1,326 Alston, Anaheim 2017 75 72 3 3 12 \$828 - \$869 StrataPointe, Buena Park 2017 149 133 16 15 8 \$564 - \$720 Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Sterling Row Townhomes, Irvine 2017 96 96 — — 1 \$572 - \$779 Varenna at Orchard Hills, Irvine 2016 89 79 10 5 6 \$1,225 - \$1,326 Alston, Anaheim 2017 75 72 3 3 12 \$828 - \$869 StrataPointe, Buena Park 2017 149 133 16 15 8 \$564 - \$720 Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Varenna at Orchard Hills, Irvine 2016 89 79 10 5 6 \$1,225 - \$1,326 Alston, Anaheim 2017 75 72 3 3 12 \$828 - \$869 StrataPointe, Buena Park 2017 149 133 16 15 8 \$564 - \$720 Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Alston, Anaheim 2017 75 72 3 3 12 \$828 - \$869 StrataPointe, Buena Park 2017 149 133 16 15 8 \$564 - \$720 Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
StrataPointe, Buena Park 2017 149 133 16 15 8 \$564 - \$720 Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Lyric 2019 70 15 55 10 15 \$790 - \$937 Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Citron at Bedford 2019 35 7 28 11 7 \$383 - \$411 San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
San Diego County: Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Prism at Weston 2018 142 42 100 13 8 \$574 - \$632 Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Talus at Weston 2018 63 37 26 9 5 \$680 - \$730 Riverside County:
Riverside County:
•
Terracea Court Corona 2015
·
Terrassa Villas, Corona 2015 52 49 3 1 3 \$491 - \$549
Cassis at Rancho Soleo 2020 79 — 79 — TBD
Cava at Rancho Soleo 2020 63 — 63 — TBD
Cerro at Rancho Soleo 2020 103 — 103 — TBD
Los Angeles County:
VuePointe, El Monte 2017 102 98 4 1 11 \$479 - \$587 Prodford et Possible Armes 2017 52 52 52 1 \$216, \$006
Bradford at Rosedale, Azusa 2017 52 52 — 1 \$816 - \$906 Lucera at Aliento 2017 67 66 1 — 4 \$622 - \$648
Lucera at Aliento 2017 67 66 1 — 4 \$622 - \$648 Tierno at Aliento 2017 63 49 14 — \$667 - \$695
Tierno II at Aliento 2017 63 49 14 — 5007 - 3093 Tierno II at Aliento 2018 63 15 48 7 5 \$642 - \$703
Paloma at West Creek 2018 155 67 88 13 17 \$453 - \$516
Mystral 2019 78 — 78 17 — \$635 - \$679
Celestia 2019 72 — 72 20 — \$597 - \$626
San Bernardino County:
St. James at Park Place, Ontario 2015 125 119 6 — \$509 - \$560
St. James III at Park Place, Ontario 2018 82 43 39 11 6 \$509 - \$560
Ivy at The Preserve 2020 113 — 113 — TBD
Hazel at The Preserve 2020 133 — TBD
Tempo at The Resort 2019 80 — 80 — TBD
Southern California Total 2,518 1,302 1,216 150 116
Northern California
Contra Costa County:
Wynstone at Barrington, Brentwood 2017 92 83 9 5 6 \$536 - \$675

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Alameda County:							
Commercial, Alameda Landing	2019	2		2	2	_	\$500
Blackstone at the Cannery, Hayward SFA	2016	105	105			1	\$666 - \$776
Slate at Jordan Ranch, Dublin	2017		54	2	2	3	\$1,125 - \$1,225
Onyx at Jordan Ranch, Dublin	2017	105	61	44	3	7	\$899 - \$951
Quartz at Jordan Ranch, Dublin	2018	45	34	11	6	4	\$958 - \$1,098
Apex, Fremont	2018	77	45	32	2	6	\$784 - \$1,096
Palm, Fremont	2019	31	3	28	5	3	\$2,119 - \$2,225
Ellis at Central Station, Oakland	2019	128	_	128		_	\$711 - \$807
Sacramento County:							
Natomas	2019	94		94			\$344 - \$410
Placer County:							
Twelve Bridges	2019	102		102			\$432 - \$528
San Francisco County:							
Lofton at NOPO, San Francisco	2020	54	_	54			\$995 - \$1,237
Northern California Total		1,669	659	1,010	68	54	
California Total		4,187	1,961	2,226	218	170	
Colorado							
Douglas County:							
Terrain Ravenwood Village (3500)	2018	157	50	107	26	16	\$375 - \$427
Terrain Ravenwood Village (4000)	2018	100	39	61	20	6	\$403 - \$471
Trails at Crowfoot	2020	100	_	100			TBD
Sterling Ranch	2020	80		80		_	TBD
The Canyons	2020	89		89		_	TBD
Jefferson County:							
Candelas 6000 Series, Arvada	2015	76	76		—	1	\$516 - \$656
Candelas 3500 Series, Arvada	2016	97	92	5	5	11	\$408 - \$466
Candelas 5000 Series, Arvada	2017	62	56	6	3	12	\$516 - \$584
Candelas 4020 Series, Arvada	2019	98	3	95	35	3	\$465 - \$520
Crown Pointe, Westminster	2019	64	2	62	25	2	\$430 - \$482
Arapahoe County:							
Whispering Pines, Aurora	2016	115	69	46	22	5	\$636 - \$681
Adams County:							
Amber Creek, Thornton	2017	121	84	37	17	16	\$398 - \$483
Colorado Total		1,159	471	688	153	72	
TRI Pointe Total		5,346	2,432	2,914	371	242	

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Winchester Homes

Winchester Homes							
County, Project, City	Year of First Delivery ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Lots ⁽²⁾	Cumulative Homes Delivered as of March 31, 2019	e Lots Owned as of March 31, 2019 ⁽³⁾	Backlog as of March 31, 2019 ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Homes Delivered for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Sales Price Range (in thousands) ⁽⁶⁾
Maryland						_01)	
Anne Arundel County:							
Two Rivers Townhomes, Crofton	2017	100	43	57	15	4	\$450 - \$560
Two Rivers Cascades SFD, Crofton	2017	37	16	21	7	_	\$540 - \$625
Watson's Glen, Millersville	2015	103	4	99			TBD
Frederick County:	2013	103	7))			IDD
Landsdale, Monrovia							
Landsdale SFD	2015	222	130	92	16	5	\$495 - \$597
				92 22		5	
Landsdale Townhomes Landsdale TND Neo SFD	2015	100	78		4	2 3	\$330 - \$383
	2015	77	47	30	6	3	\$440 - \$473
Montgomery County:							
Cabin Branch, Clarksburg	2014	250	210	1.40	1.4	(Φ 51 0 Φ 7 60
Cabin Branch SFD	2014	359	210	149	14	6	\$510 - \$760
Cabin Branch Avenue Townhomes	2017	121	59	62	5	7	\$420 - \$488
Cabin Branch Townhomes	2014	507	303	204	11	4	\$360 - \$458
Preserve at Stoney Spring - Lots for	N/A	4		4			N/A
Sale	2016		0.1		22		φ.40.5 φ.5.10
Glenmont MetroCenter, Silver Spring		171	81	90	23	6	\$435 - \$513
Chapman Row, Rockville	2019	61		61	6		\$710 - \$799
Randolph Farms, Rockville	2019	104	_	104		_	TBD
Closed Communities	N/A					1	
Maryland Total		1,966	971	995	107	38	
Virginia							
Fairfax County:		_		_			
Stuart Mill, Oakton - Lots for Sale	N/A	5	_	5	_	_	N/A
Westgrove, Fairfax	2018	24	5	19	9	4	\$1,001 - \$1,107
West Oaks Corner, Fairfax	2019	188		188	_	_	TBD
Loudoun County:							
Brambleton, Ashburn							
West Park SFD	2018	48	24	24	14	4	\$700 - \$724
Birchwood AA	2018	37	14	23	15	5	\$577 - \$634
Vistas at Lansdowne, Lansdowne	2015	120	115	5	5	6	\$536 - \$576
Willowsford Grant II, Aldie	2016	55	23	32	11	_	\$950 - \$1,226
Closed Communities	N/A		_			1	
Virginia Total		477	181	296	54	20	
Winchester Total		2,443	1,152	1,291	161	58	
Combined Company Total		31,918	9,277	22,641	1,842	814	

- Year of first delivery for future periods is based upon management's estimates and is subject to change.
- (2) The number of homes to be built at completion is subject to change, and there can be no assurance that we will build these homes.
- (3) Owned lots as of March 31, 2019 include owned lots in backlog as of March 31, 2019.
- (4) Backlog consists of homes under sales contracts that have not yet been delivered, and there can be no assurance that delivery of sold homes will occur.
 - Of the total homes subject to pending sales contracts that have not been delivered as of March 31, 2019, 1,160
- (5) homes are under construction, 317 homes have completed construction, and 365 homes have not started construction.
 - Sales price range reflects base price only and excludes any lot premium, buyer incentives and buyer-selected
- options, which may vary from project to project. Sales prices for homes required to be sold pursuant to affordable housing requirements are excluded from sales price range. Sales prices reflect current pricing and might not be indicative of past or future pricing.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our condensed notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the audited financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 describe the significant accounting policies essential to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The preparation of our financial statements requires our management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. We believe that the estimates, judgments and assumptions that we have used are appropriate and correct based on information available at the time they were made. These estimates, judgments and assumptions can affect our reported assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported revenues and expenses during the period presented. If there is a material difference between these estimates, judgments and assumptions and actual facts, our financial statements may be affected.

In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by GAAP and does not require our judgment in its application. There are areas in which our judgment in selecting among available alternatives would not produce a materially different result, but there are some areas in which our judgment in selecting among available alternatives would produce a materially different result. See the condensed notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements that contain additional information regarding our accounting policies and other disclosures.

Except for accounting policies related to our adoption of ASC 842, there have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. See Note 1, Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to the accompanying condensed notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the critical accounting policies resulting from our adoption of ASC 842.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

See Note 1, Organization, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to the accompanying condensed notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates on our outstanding debt. We did not utilize swaps, forward or option contracts on interest rates or commodities, or other types of derivative financial instruments as of or during the three months ended March 31, 2019. We did not enter into during the three months ended March 31, 2019, and currently do not hold, derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that information we are required to disclose in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer (the "Principal Executive Officer") and Chief Financial Officer (the "Principal Financial Officer"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Under the supervision and with the participation of senior management, including our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, we evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2019.

Our management, including our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, has evaluated our internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any change occurred during the three months ended March 31,

2019 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on that evaluation, there has been no such change during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.Legal Proceedings

The information required with respect to this item can be found under Note 13, Commitments and Contingencies–Legal Matters, to the accompanying condensed notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and is incorporated by reference into this Item 1.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. If any of the risks discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K occur, our business, prospects, liquidity, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected, in which case the trading price of our common stock could decline significantly and you could lose all or a part of your investment. Some statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements. Please refer to Part I, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q entitled "Cautionary Note Concerning Forward-Looking Statements."

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On February 21, 2019, our board of directors discontinued and cancelled the 2018 Repurchase Program and approved the 2019 Repurchase Program, authorizing the repurchase of shares of common stock with an aggregate value of up to \$100 million through March 31, 2020. Purchases of common stock pursuant to the 2019 Repurchase Program may be made in open market transactions effected through a broker-dealer at prevailing market prices, in block trades, or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws, including pursuant to any trading plan that may be adopted in accordance with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act. We are not obligated under the 2019 Repurchase Program to repurchase any specific number or dollar amount of shares of common stock, and we may modify, suspend or discontinue the 2019 Repurchase Program at any time. Our management will determine the timing and amount of repurchase in its discretion based on a variety of factors, such as the market price of our common stock, corporate requirements, general market economic conditions and legal requirements. Through the date of the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, no shares of common stock have been repurchased under the 2019 Repurchase Program.

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Item 6.E	
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of TRI Pointe Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed July 7, 2015))
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of TRI Pointe Group, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed October 27, 2016))
<u>10.1</u> †	Amended and Restated 2013 Long-Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed February 26, 2019))
<u>10.2</u> †	Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed February 26, 2019))
10.3†	Form of Time-Vested Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed February 26, 2019))
<u>10.4</u> †	Form of Time-Vested Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement
<u>10.5</u> †	Form of Performance-Based Cash Award Agreement
<u>10.6</u> †	Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (earnings per share)
<u>10.7</u> †	Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (total stockholder return)
<u>10.8</u>	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2019, among TRI Pointe Group, Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, and the lenders party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed April 4, 2019))
<u>10.9</u>	Second Amendment to Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of March 29, 2019, among TRI Pointe Group, Inc., TRI Pointe Homes, Inc., TRI Pointe Holdings, Inc. and Weyerhaeuser Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed April 4, 2019))
31.1	Chief Executive Officer Section 302 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Chief Financial Officer Section 302 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Chief Executive Officer Section 906 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Chief Financial Officer Section 906 Certification of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following materials from TRI Pointe Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 2019, formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, and (v) Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statement.

† Management Contract or Compensatory Plan or Arrangement

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TRI Pointe Group, Inc.

Date: April 25, 2019 By:/s/ Douglas F. Bauer

Douglas F. Bauer

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: April 25, 2019 By:/s/ Michael D. Grubbs

Michael D. Grubbs Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

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