PECO II INC Form 10-Q November 14, 2005 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
	WASHINGTON D.C. 20549
	FORM 10-Q
X	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2005
	OR
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	Commission File Number 000-31283
	PECO II, INC.
	(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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34-1605456

OHIO

(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
1376 STATE ROUTE 598, GALION	, ОНЮ 44833
(Address of principal executive office)	(Zip Code)
Registrant s telephone number including are	ea code: (419) 468-7600
	•
Indicate by check mark (X) whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports to be f 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the Registra subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO "	
Indicate by check mark ($$ X $$) whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defin	ned in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES " NO x
Indicate by check mark ($$ X $$) whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined i	in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.): Yes "No x
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common	stock, as of the latest practicable date.
CLASS	OUTSTANDING AT October 31, 2005

21,722,543

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Common Shares, without par value

PECO II, INC.

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PECO II, INC.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PECO II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except for per share data)

	September 30, 2005		December 2004	
	(U	naudited)		
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,668	\$	9,723
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$90 in September 30, 2005 and \$68 in December 31, 2004		7,200		5,764
Inventories, net		11,474		10,031
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		729		527
Assets held for sale		8,882		4,136
Restricted cash		9,441		9,722
Total current assets		42,394		39,903
Property and equipment, at cost:				
Land and land improvements		254		254
Buildings and building improvements		4,600		10,363
Machinery and equipment		9,159		9,255
Furniture and fixtures		6,096		6,237
			_	
		20,109		26,109
Less-accumulated depreciation		(13,907)		(13,832)
Less-accumulated depreciation		(13,907)	_	(13,632)
Property and equipment, net		6,202		12,277
Other Assets:				
Goodwill, net		1,774		1,774
Long term notes receivable		2		11
Investment in joint venture		8		16
Total Assets	\$	50,380	\$	53,981
Total / Hookis	Ψ	30,300	Ψ	33,701
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Industrial revenue bonds	\$	5,630	\$	5,860
Borrowings under line of credit		979		992

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Capital leases payable		91		87
Accounts payable		2,975		2,537
Accrued compensation expense		1,623		1,227
Accrued income taxes		79		145
Other accrued expenses		2,910		5,255
Total current liabilities		14,287		16,103
	_		_	
Long-term Liabilities:				
Capital leases payable, net of current portion		378		448
Shareholders Equity:				
Common shares, no par value: authorized 50,000,000 shares; 22,201,666 shares issued at				
September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004		2,816		2,816
Additional paid-in capital		110,215		110,251
Accumulated deficit		(76,338)		(74,597)
Treasury shares, at cost, 606,623 and 635,364 shares at September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004,				
respectively		(978)		(1,040)
Total shareholders equity		35,715		37,430
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$	50,380	\$	53,981
			_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PECO II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited)

(In thousands, except for per share data)

		nree Months ptember 30,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net sales:				
Product	\$ 8,349	\$ 6,165	\$ 21,523	\$ 14,806
Services	3,133	3,033	8,602	8,155
	11,482	9,198	30,125	22,961
Cost of goods sold:	11,102	,,150	30,123	22,701
Product	6,030	4,682	15,817	12,907
Services	2,665	2,476	7,735	7,832
	8,695	7,158	23,552	20,739
Gross margin:	0,070	7,100	20,002	20,709
Product	2,319	1,483	5,706	1,899
Services	468	557	867	323
	2,787	2,040	6,573	2,222
Operating expenses:	2,707	2,010	0,575	2,222
Research, development and engineering	745	732	2,189	2,184
Selling, general and administrative	1,942	1,860	5,884	5,988
Real estate impairment	430	,	430	7,7
	3,117	2,592	8,503	8,172
	5,117	2,392	0,505	0,172
Loss from operations	(330)		(1,930)	(5,950)
Loss from joint venture		(27)	(8)	(84)
Loss from operations after joint venture	(330)	(579)	(1,938)	(6,034)
Interest income, net	43	44	143	96
Loss before income taxes	(287)	(535)	(1,795)	(5,938)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(74)		(54)	(429)
Net loss	\$ (213)	\$ (449)	\$ (1,741)	\$ (5,509)
	(210)	(119)		. (= ,= = >)
Net loss per common share:				

Net loss per common share:

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Basic	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)
Diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	21,595	21,522	21,579	21,470
Diluted	21,595	21,522	21,579	21,470

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PECO II, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited)

(In thousands)

	For the Ni Ended Sep	
	2005	2004
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (1,741)	\$ (5,509)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used for operating activities:	ψ (1,7 · 12)	Ψ (Ε,ΕΟ)
Depreciation and amortization	1,039	1,200
Loss on disposals of property and equipment	18	292
Investment loss in joint venture	8	83
Asset impairment	430	
Working capital changes:		
Accounts and notes receivable	(1,427)	(543)
Inventories	(1,443)	349
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(202)	(63)
Accounts payable, other accrued expenses and accrued income taxes	(2,090)	(252)
Accrued compensation expense	396	(16)
Net cash used for operating activities	(5,012)	(4,459)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(42)	(158)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	2	70
Net cash used for investing activities	(40)	(88)
Not easil used for investing activities	(40)	(66)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
	281	1.015
Transfer to restricted cash		1,015
Net (repayments) usage under line of credit agreement Investment in joint venture	(13)	(100)
Repayment of long-term debt and capital leases	(296)	(100) (358)
Proceeds from issuance of common shares- options exercised	(290)	83
Proceeds from issuance of common shares- Employee Stock Purchase Plan	25	41
1 locceds from issuance of common shares- Employee Stock I dichase I fair		+1
	(2)	(01
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(3)	681
Net decrease in cash	(5,055)	(3,866)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9,723	17,366

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Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ -	4,668	\$ 13	3,500
			_	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Income taxes paid	\$	133	\$	8
Interest paid		189		105

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PECO II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PECO II, Inc. (the Company) and its wholly and partially owned subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, of a normal and recurring nature, necessary to present fairly the results for the interim periods presented.

In May 2004, PECO II Global Services, Inc. (PGS), a wholly owned subsidiary of PECO II, Inc. and b+w Electronic Systems Verwaltung-GmbH (BWESV), a German corporation, formed a corporation named b+w II, Inc. The corporation is established under the laws of the state of Ohio and the principal office is at 1376 State Route 598, Galion, Ohio. The ownership structure is 50% PGS and 50% BWESV, with a \$100,000 equity investment by both parties. This joint venture is accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. The December 31, 2004 balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. It is suggested that these condensed statements be read in conjunction with the Company s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

2. Reclassifications

Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 consolidated financial statements.

3. Recent Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement No. 151, Inventory Costs, an amendment to Accounting Research Bulletin No. 43, Chapter 4, Inventory Pricing. This statement clarifies that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted material should be recognized as current period charges. The provisions of this statement become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In December 2004, FASB issued Statement No. 123R, Share Based Payment, a revision of Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation, and superseding APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Statement 123R requires the Company to expense grants made under the stock option and employee stock purchase plans. Statement 123R is effective for the annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2005. Upon adoption of Statement 123R, amounts previously disclosed under Statement No. 123 will be recorded in the consolidated statement of operations. The Company currently measures compensation costs related to its share-based awards under APB 25, as allowed by Statement 123. Information about the fair value of stock options under the Black Sholes model and its proforma impact on the Company s net loss and loss per share can be found in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In April 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission announced the adoption of a new rule that amends the effective date of FASB123R. The effective date of the new standard under these new rules for our consolidated financial statements is January 1, 2006.

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PECO II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont.)

(unaudited)

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (SFAS 154), replaces APB No. 20, Accounting Changes, and FASB Statement No. 3, Reporting Changes in Interim Financial Statements. APB No. 20 previously required that most voluntary changes in accounting principle be recognized by including in net income of the period of the change the cumulative effect of changing to the new accounting principle. SFAS 154 changes the accounting for, and reporting of, a change in accounting principle. SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior period s financial statements of voluntary changes in accounting principle and changes required by new accounting standards when the standard does not include specific transition provisions, unless it is impracticable to do so. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005, though early adoption is permitted as of the date this Statement was issued, which was May of 2005. SFAS 154 is not expected to have a material financial impact on PECO II, Inc.

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for doubtful accounts, inventory obsolescence, depreciation and amortization, sales returns, warranty costs, taxes and contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Treasury Shares

In September 2001, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to one million shares in the open market or in private transactions. On July 26, 2002, the Board approved a one million share increase in the program. As of September 30, 2005, the Company has repurchased an aggregate of 1,385,712 shares at an average price of \$2.70 per share since inception of the repurchase program. The Company did not repurchase any shares during the third quarter of 2005.

5. Contingencies

The Company was a party to legal proceedings and litigation, which arose in the ordinary course of business and were assumed in connection with an acquisition. During April of 2005, the legal proceedings referred to above were settled. The Company completed a \$2.67 million payout, resulting in a signed release from the plaintiff dated April 22, 2005, bringing closure to the legal action.

6. Inventories

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is computed using standard cost, which approximates actual cost on the first-in, first-out basis, net of allowances for estimated obsolescence. Major classes of inventory at September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 are summarized below:

(In thousands)

	September 30, 2005	ember 31, 2004
Raw materials	\$ 10,550	\$ 11,919
Work-in-process	1,316	927
Finished goods	1,995	1,322
Gross Inventory	13,861	14,168
Obsolescence	(2,387)	(4,137)
Inventory, net	\$ 11,474	\$ 10,031

PECO II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Cont.)

7. Impairment of Goodwill and Other Intangibles

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets in July 2001. This statement was effective for us on January 1, 2002. This statement resulted in modifications to our accounting for goodwill. Specifically, we ceased the amortization of goodwill beginning January 1, 2002. Additionally, goodwill is now subjected to impairment testing annually or more frequently when circumstances occur that indicate goodwill might be impaired.

An annual review of goodwill is prepared as of October 31 of each year. An independent third party performed the review of goodwill that is attributed to the Company s service segment as of October 31, 2004. The review resulted in a \$6.0 million impairment. The Company annually reviews the impairment of goodwill in October unless current conditions indicate otherwise. The Company is currently preparing for the goodwill valuation and any potential additional goodwill impairment.

6. Real Estate Impairment Charges

The company signed a contract to sell the excess Galion manufacturing facility, which is expected to close on November 30, 2005. As a result, we incurred a \$430 thousand impairment charge related to the facility which has been listed for sale since 2003. At that time the property was considered impaired and valued at the estimated current fair value based upon the market conditions that existed at that time.

8. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock option grants according to APB 25, and accordingly has not recognized option expense in the financial statements. On July 28, 2005, the Company granted 500,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$1.07 per share and on August 31, 2005, the Company granted 250,000 shares at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share. On July 28, 2005, the Company granted 200,000 restricted stock at a market price of \$1.07 per share and on August 31, 2005 the Company granted 50,000 restricted stock at a market price of \$1.20 per share. The Company employs the disclosure-only provisions of SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. The fair value of the options granted under the Company s Amended 2000 Performance Plan are estimated, as of the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The following pro forma information regarding net loss and loss per share was determined as if the Company had accounted for its stock options under the fair value method prescribed by SFAS No. 123. For purposes of pro forma disclosure, the estimated fair value of the stock options is amortized over the options vesting period. The pro forma information is as follows:

(In thousands, except per share data)

For the Three Months For the Nine Months

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	Ended September 30		Ended September 3	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net loss, as reported Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net loss, net of related tax effects	\$ (213)	\$ (449)	\$ (1,741)	\$ (5,509)
Less: Stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of tax effects	(110)	(92)	(253)	(242)
Pro forma net loss as if the fair value based method had been applied to all awards	\$ (323)	\$ (541)	\$ (1,994)	\$ (5,751)
Loss per share				
Basic as reported	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)
Basic pro forma	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.27)
Diluted as reported	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)
Diluted pro forma	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.27)

PECO II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Cont.)

9. Segment Information

The following summarizes additional information regarding segments of the Company s operations:

(In thousands)

		For the Three Months Ended September 30,		ine Months ded nber 30,
	2005	2005 2004		2004
Net sales:				
Product	\$ 8,349	\$ 6,165	\$ 21,523	\$ 14,806
Services	\$ 3,133	\$ 3,033	\$ 8,602	\$ 8,155
	\$ 11,482	\$ 9,198	\$ 30,125	\$ 22,961
	For the Thre Ended Septe			ne Months ember 30,
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Income (loss) from operations after joint venture:				
Product	\$ 270	\$ (40)	\$ 379	\$ (2,754)
Services	\$ (600)	\$ (539)	\$ (2,317)	\$ (3,280)
Consolidated loss from operations	\$ (330)	\$ (579)	\$ (1,938)	\$ (6,034)

10. Warranty

The Company s warranty activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 is summarized below:

	2005	2004
Beginning balance	\$ 701	\$ 834
Warranty provision	233	199
Warranty costs incurred	(171)	(229)
Ending balance	\$ 763	\$ 804

The Company increased the quarterly warranty provision through the third quarter of 2005, due to an extended warranty term for a contractual customer. This increase will continue through the remainder of this year.

11. Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the periods. Diluted loss per share is calculated using the weighted-average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the periods. Due to the Company s net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, no common equivalent shares were included in the calculation of diluted loss per share for either period because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. The Company s weighted-average number of options which were in-the-money and, therefore, potentially dilutive for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 were 1,717,500 and 777,500, respectively.

Stock options which were out-of-the-money and, therefore, were anti-dilutive under the treasury stock method have also been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share. The Company s stock options outstanding at September 30, 2005 and 2004 which were excluded because they were out-of-the-money were 1,057,595 and 1,151,956, respectively.

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PECO II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Cont.)

Shares of common stock used in calculating loss per share differed from outstanding shares reported in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

		Nine months ended September 30, 2005		Nine months ended September 30, 2004	
	Basic loss	Diluted loss	Basic loss	Diluted loss	
	per share	per share	per share		
	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)	\$ (0.26)	
Outstanding shares	21,595	21,595	21,522	21,522	
Effect of weighting changes in outstanding shares	(16)	(16)	(52)	(52)	
Weighted average in outstanding shares	21,579	21,579	21,470	21,470	

12. Major Customers

Because of the Company s concentration of sales to the Regional Bell Operating Companies (RBOCs) and wireless service providers, a small number of customers typically represent substantial portions of total sales. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, sales to four companies comprised 71.8% of total sales. These customers contributed 35.8%, 13.9%, 11.4% and 10.7%, respectively, of total sales. For the first nine months of 2004, sales to four companies comprised 65.7% of total sales. These four customers contributed 32.3%, 11.9%, 10.9%, and 10.6%, respectively, of total sales.

13. Subsequent Events

On October 31, 2005, the Company also completed the sale of its Denver facility per the agreed-upon price of \$4.4 million. As a result of the sale, the net proceeds after commission and other expenses were \$4.0 million and the Company can immediately use these dollars to fund future strategic and operating requirements. The adjustable rate industrial revenue bonds (IRBs) for \$6.5 million from the County of Arapahoe, Colorado, in connection with the opening of the Denver service center were called as of November 1, 2005. The restricted cash balance for the Denver IRBs will remain restricted until the payoff of the IRBs, which is expected December 1, 2005.

There were no further impairments pertaining to the sale of the Denver facility, but the Company expects to record a charge of \$143,000 in the fourth quarter relating to accrued expenses for the current tenant lease and the standby letter of credit for the bonds.

The Company filed Form 8-K, Item 1.01 reporting entry into a material definitive agreement as of October 13, 2005. An Asset Purchase Agreement (the Agreement) with Delta Products Corporation is to acquire exclusive rights to certain business and inventory of Delta s US and Canadian service provider business. The assets consist of rights to and under business contracts, business records and inventory, as well as, assumption of the associated liabilities.

For consideration, at the closing the Company will issue 4,740,375 shares of its common stock to Delta and a warrant to purchase up to approximately 12.9 million shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share. The warrant has a term of 30 months. As a result of the issuance of the shares of common stock and the exercise of Delta s purchase rights under the warrant, Delta will have the right to acquire when aggregated with the issuance of the shares of common stock, up to 45% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company as of the date that is five business days prior to the date of exercise.

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PECO II, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Cont.)

Additionally, at the closing of the Agreement, the Company and Delta Electronics, Inc, an affiliate of Delta, will enter into a supply agreement under which DEI will grant the Company the right to purchase and incorporate modules and other components into the Company s telecommunications systems and to market, promote and distribute the modules and other DEI technology in US and Canadian markets. Such rights will be exclusive to the Company for a period of 24 months.

For more information regarding the agreement, refer to the Form 8-K Report, for PECO II, Inc, as of October 13, 2005.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

References to we, us, our, the Company, or PECO II refer to PECO II, Inc. unless the context indicates otherwise.

Overview

PECO II s team delivered solid revenue performance in the third quarter, growing revenues sequentially over second quarter 2005 by 21.8 percent. Our markets continued to exhibit steady growth during the quarter, following the trend projected by industry analysts for single-digit CAPEX growth for the year. Wireless carriers continued to invest significantly in infrastructure. New cell sites were added to improve the quality, coverage and reliability of voice calls. New data capabilities were added as well to provide incremental revenues for the wireless operators. Wireline spending continued the trend toward investment in local loop infrastructure, driven by the need to add broadband capabilities.

Order input remained strong for the 3rd quarter. Quarterly revenues have grown sequentially throughout the year and backlog continued to grow through quarter end. These sales gains were recognized in both the wireline and wireless segments, and included offerings from our products and services portfolio. Wireless sales jumped as we penetrated multiple new markets within the Tier 1 wireless carrier group. One such market was the direct result of PECO II s ability to respond with products and services following the Hurricane Katrina disaster. We were also pleased to enter a new geographic market with the introduction of the 128HP Power System, a compact power plant designed for deployment in cabinets at cellular base stations. The 128HP significantly reduces the amount of space occupied in a cabinet, thus freeing space for revenue generating cellular equipment. It has already been accepted as a standard at one carrier, and is in trial with others. Led by our services offerings, sales in the wireline market increased as we were awarded new services projects with one of our service provider customers.

Our product development focus is on compact, modular components that can be quickly integrated into systems that meet the various needs of our customers. Our systems integration competency enables rapid response to new product requests and positions us to deliver new products to

meet rapidly emerging opportunities.

The combination of our power product offerings, service capabilities and focused solutions designed to meet our customers needs, continues to gain acceptance within the marketplace as measured by increased sales and market penetration within our Tier 1 customer base.

Results of Operations

Our net sales increased to \$11.5 million and \$30.1 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$2.3 million, or 24.8%, and \$7.2 million, or 31.2%, compared to the corresponding prior year period. Product net sales were \$8.3 million for the third quarter of 2005, an increase of \$2.2 million, or 35.4%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. The revenue increase is in line with the continued investment by wireless carriers in infrastructure, to improve quality, coverage and reliability of voice calls.

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PECO II, INC.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF

OPERATIONS (Cont.)

Service net sales were \$3.1 million for the third quarter of 2005, an increase of \$100 thousand, or 3.3%, as compared to the third quarter of 2004. We continue to expect growth at a moderate pace as the service segment is a highly competitive market consisting of various local markets.

As of September 30, 2005, our sales backlog, which represents total dollar volume of firm sales orders not yet recognized as revenue, was \$8.7 million, a \$4.7 million, or 117%, increase from the comparable prior year period, and a 92.2% increase from \$4.5 million at December 31, 2004. Product backlog of \$6.7 million was a \$3.2 million, or 92.6% increase from December 31, 2004, while Service backlog was \$2.1 million, a \$980 thousand, or 90.8%, increase from December 31, 2004.

Gross margin dollars were a positive \$2.8 million and \$6.6 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005, as compared to a positive \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2004. Gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased to 24.3% and 21.8% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, compared to 22.2% and positive 9.7%, respectively, for the comparable prior year periods.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2005, product gross margin was a positive \$2.3 million, as compared to positive \$1.5 million for the corresponding period in 2004. The increased volume we have seen this year has a direct correlation with the increased margin while the company continues to focus on controlling costs.

The service gross margin was a positive \$468 thousand for the third quarter of 2005, as compared to a positive \$557 thousand for the third quarter of 2004, or a decrease of 15.9%. This decrease is a reflection of prior year improvements due to restructuring, and was most noticeable in the third quarter of 2004, leveling thereafter.

Research, development and engineering expense incurred was \$745 thousand and \$2.2 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005, from \$732 thousand and \$2.2 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2004. We continue our efforts to bring new products to the telecom market that add value to our customers offerings, but this does offset our cost cutting efforts. As a percentage of net product sales, research, development and engineering expense was 8.9% and 10.2%, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005 compared to 11.9% and 14.8%, respectively, in the comparable prior year periods.

Selling, general and administrative expense decreased to \$1.9 million and \$5.9 million, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005, from \$1.9 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, for the quarter and the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Sales, marketing and administrative expenses remained relatively flat as we continue to focus on controlling expenses. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expense decreased to 16.9% and 19.5%, respectively, for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2005 compared to 20.2% and 26.1%, respectively, in the comparable prior year periods.

In addition, we have signed a contract to sell the new Galion manufacturing facility for \$2.35 million. As a result, we have recognized \$430 thousand of additional impairment for the manufacturing facility. The sale is expected to close November 30, 2005.

In May 2004, PECO II Global Services, Inc. (PGS), a wholly owned subsidiary of PECO II, Inc., formed a joint venture with b+w Electronic Systems Verwaltung-GmbH (BWESV), a German corporation. The new joint venture, named b+w II, Inc., is 50% owned by PGS and 50% by BWESV. This joint venture represents progress in the Company s efforts to establish worldwide relationships in the pursuit of specially selected projects associated with system and service opportunities in the telecommunications sector.

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PECO II, INC.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF

OPERATIONS (Cont.)

The effective tax rate is a positive 3.0% for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 compared to positive 16.7% for the quarter ended September 30, 2004. The tax accrual is for various state franchises and net worth taxes where the Company has conducted business.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2005, available cash and cash equivalents approximated \$4.7 million. We believe that cash and cash equivalents, anticipated cash flow from operations, and our credit facilities will be sufficient to fund our working capital and capital expenditure requirements for the next 12 months. Working capital at September 30, 2005 was \$28.1 million, which represented a working capital ratio of 3.0 to 1, compared to \$23.0 million at June 30, 2005, which represented a working capital ratio of 2.8 to 1. Capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, totaled \$42 thousand. We continue our efforts to conserve cash.

Cash flows used by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, was \$5.0 million. A significant portion of this was due to a litigation settlement of \$2.67 million, as previously discussed in Note 6 to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The remainder was primarily due to increases in accounts receivable and inventory. There was \$40 thousand of cash used for investing activities, while the cash used for financing activities was \$3 thousand.

We believe we are close to becoming cash flow positive as a result of sales volume increases but will continue to maintain inventory at a reasonable level. If our working capital needs significantly increase due to circumstances such as our inability to operate on a cash flow positive basis; weakness in the telecommunications industry; faster than expected growth resulting in increased accounts receivable and inventory; additional investment or acquisition activity; research and development efforts; or as a result of capital expenditures, we may have to increase our credit facilities or generate additional funding through the issuance of debt or equity. There can be no assurance, however, that additional financing will be available on terms favorable to the Company or at all.

Contractual Obligations

On October 31, 2005, the Company also completed the sale of its Denver facility per the agreed-upon price of \$4.4 million. As a result of the sale, the net proceeds after commission and other expenses were \$4.0 million and the Company can immediately use these dollars to fund future strategic and operating requirements. The adjustable rate industrial revenue bonds (IRBs) for \$6.5 million from the County of Arapahoe, Colorado, in connection with the opening of the Denver service center were called as of November 1, 2005. The restricted cash balance for the Denver IRBs will remain restricted until the payoff of the IRBs, which is expected December 1, 2005. The Company expects to record a charge of \$143,000 in the fourth quarter relating to this sale.

The Company signed a contract to sell the excess Galion manufacturing facility, which is expected to close on November 30, 2005. As a result, we incurred a \$430 thousand impairment charge related to the facility which has been listed for sale since 2003. At that time, the property was considered impaired and valued at the estimated current fair value based upon the market conditions that existed at that time.

We have signed an agreement with National City Bank to provide all banking services and a \$3.5 million line of credit. As collateral for the line of credit, the Company established a \$3.5 million deposit account with the bank. As of September 30, 2005, the balance on the line of credit was \$979 thousand.

We do not currently plan to pay dividends.

Other than the final sale of the Denver facility along with the signing of sale agreement for the new Galion, Ohio manufacturing facility as previously discussed, there have been no material changes outside the normal course of business in our contractual obligation since year-end 2004

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PECO II, INC.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF

OPERATIONS (Cont.)

Critical Accounting Policies

In response to the SEC s Release No. 33-8040, Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure about Critical Accounting Policies, we consider certain accounting policies related to revenue recognition, inventory valuation, impairment of long lived assets, and deferred income taxes to be critical policies due to the estimation processes involved in each. We state these accounting policies in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004, which was filed on March 31, 2005, and in relevant sections in management s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations.

Recent Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement No. 151, Inventory Costs, an amendment to Accounting Research Bulletin No. 43, Chapter 4, Inventory Pricing. This statement clarifies that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted material should be recognized as current period charges. The provisions of this statement become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In December 2004, FASB issued Statement No. 123R, Share Based Payment, a revision of Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation, and superseding APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Statement 123R requires the Company to expense grants made under the stock option and employee stock purchase plans. Statement 123R is effective for the annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2005. Upon adoption of Statement 123R, amounts previously disclosed under Statement No. 123 will be recorded in the consolidated statement of operations. The Company currently measures compensation costs related to its share-based awards under APB 25, as allowed by Statement 123. Information about the fair value of stock options under the Black Sholes model and its proforma impact on the Company s net loss and loss per share can be found in Note 7 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

In April 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission announced the adoption of a new rule that amends the effective date of FASB123R. The effective date of the new standard under these new rules for our consolidated financial statements is January 1, 2006.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 154, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (SFAS 154), replaces APB No. 20, Accounting Changes, and FASB Statement No. 3, Reporting Changes in Interim Financial Statements. APB No. 20 previously required that most voluntary changes in accounting principle be recognized by including in net income of the period of the change the cumulative effect of changing to the new accounting principle. SFAS 154 changes the accounting for, and reporting of, a change in accounting principle. SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior period s financial statements of voluntary changes in accounting principle and changes required by new accounting standards when the standard does not include specific transition provisions, unless it is impracticable to do so. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005, though early adoption is permitted as

of the date this Statement was issued, which was May of 2005. SFAS 154 is not expected to have a material financial impact on PECO II, Inc.

Off-Balance Sheet Financings

We do not have any off balance sheet entities or arrangements. All of our subsidiaries and the joint venture investment into the new company, b+w II, Inc., are reflected in our condensed consolidated financial statements. We do not have any interests in or relationship with any special-purpose entities that are not reflected in our condensed consolidated financial statements.

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PECO II, INC.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF

OPERATIONS (Cont.)

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain of the Company s statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the foregoing Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation are not purely historical, and as such are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, but may not be limited to, all statements regarding the Company s and management s intent, beliefs, expectations, and plans, such as statements concerning the Company s future profitability, industry trends, operating results, and product development strategy. These forward-looking statements include numerous risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation: a general economic recession; a downturn in our principal customers businesses; current and future mergers of key customers; the volatility in the communications industry; the demand for communications equipment generally and in particular for the products and services offered by the Company; the Company s ability to generate sales orders during fiscal 2005 and thereafter; the ability to develop and market new products and product enhancements; the potential environmental issues in regards to an aging manufacturing facility; the ability to attract and retain customers; competition and technological change; and successful implementation of the Company s business strategy. One or more of these factors have affected, and in the future could affect, the Company s business and financial results in future periods and could cause actual results to differ materially from plans and projections.

There can be no assurances that the forward-looking statements included herein will prove to be accurate, and issuance of such forward-looking statements should not be regarded as a representation of the Company, or any other person, that the objectives and plans of the Company will be achieved. In addition, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains time-sensitive information that reflects management s best analysis only as of the date of this report. PECO II does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect future events, information or circumstances that arise after the date of this release. Further information concerning issues that could materially affect financial performance related to forward-looking statements can be found in the Company s periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year.

ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to the impact of interest rate changes and, to a lesser extent, foreign currency fluctuations. We have not entered into interest rate transactions for speculative purposes or otherwise. Our foreign currency exposures were immaterial as of September 30, 2005.

We have minimal exposure due to interest rate risk. A change in rates would be immaterial to our results from operations if rates were to increase 1% from September 30, 2005 rates. We currently do not hedge our exposure to floating interest rate risk.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures. We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has performed an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2005, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, which included matters discussed below on the identification of a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Internal control over financial reporting. Our management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. We recently identified a deficiency in our internal control over financial reporting in connection with the preparation and filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 (the 2004 Form 10-K). The identified material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting relates to insufficient control over the identification of relevant revenue recognition issues in our contracts with our customers.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2005, we implemented several changes to our internal control over financial reporting in response to the aforementioned deficiency identified in our 2004 Form 10-K. To address the material weakness, we implemented the following remediation steps:

We have implemented procedures for senior management to review customer contracts prior to execution;

We have implemented procedures under which appropriate financial personnel will be notified of the proper revenue recognition treatment that is to be applied to sales under potential customer contracts prior to execution; and

We have implemented procedures for appropriate financial personnel to receive additional reminders, including control and process documents, with respect to revenue recognition treatment upon the actual execution of our sales contracts.

Although management believes that there has been improvement in the operation of our internal controls over financial reporting since the identification of the material weakness, management believes that the material weakness has not been fully remediated to date. We have hired an external consultant to assist in reviewing for potential risk and assessing our testing process regarding various internal controls and expect to start that process mid November. The material weakness will not be considered fully remediated until the procedures resulting from the remediation efforts are fully implemented, operate for a period of time, are tested, and we conclude that such procedures are operating effectively.

<u>Changes in internal controls over financial reporting</u>. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting made during the quarter ended September 30, 2005, that have material affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 2(b) Use of Proceeds

On August 17, 2000, the SEC declared effective a Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-37566) filed by us in connection with an initial public offering of 5,000,000 of our common shares, without par value. From the date of receipt of the proceeds from the offering through September 30, 2005, of the \$78.3 million in net proceeds, \$14.4 million was used to repay bank indebtedness, \$5.2 million was used in connection with the acquisitions of Thornton Communications and JNB Communications, \$16.7 million was used for capital expenditures, excluding the purchase of the Denver regional operating center in February 2001, which is being financed through industrial

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revenue bonds, \$9.4 million has been restricted by the Company s bank to secure outstanding borrowings, and approximately \$28.0 million for general working capital purposes. The remaining net proceeds have been invested in short-term, interest-bearing, investment grade securities or guaranteed obligations of the U.S. government.

ITEM 6 Exhibits

- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 14, 2005 PECO II, Inc.

/s/ JOHN G. HEINDEL /s/ SANDRA A. FRANKHOUSE

John G. Heindel Sandra A. Frankhouse President and Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

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