COMMUNITY BANCSHARES INC /DE/ Form 10-O

August 14, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

|X| QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2002

|_| TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File No. 000-16461

COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

63-0868361 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

68149 Main Street Blountsville, Alabama 35031 (Address of principal executive offices)

> (205) 429-1000 (Registrant's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:

|X| yes |_| no

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING 5 YEARS:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. |_|yes |_|no

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

As of July 29, 2002, there were 4,645,589 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.10 par value shares, outstanding.

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FORM 10-Q COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. JUNE 30, 2002

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PART 1

Item 1 - Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Cash		June 30, 2002
Cash \$ 4,502,013 Due from banks 16,228,534 Interest-bearing deposits with banks 200,000 Federal funds sold 6,000,000 Securities available for sale 119,958,022 Capitalized lease receivable 36,789,812 Less: Uncerned income 364,729,812 Less: Uncerned income 51,973 Allowance for loan losses 8,239,779 Net Loans 376,438,060 Preniese and equipment, net 29,702,856 Accrued interest 4,734,144 Intamples, net 2,588,016 Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets 6,484,964 Total Sparcholders' Equity 5 Deposits: 8 Noninterest-bearing \$ 54,995,846 Interest-bearing 468,999,457 Total Deposits 468,999,457 Total Deposits 1,935,614 Accrued interest 3,064,792 FILE Borrowing 38,000,000 Capitalized lease obligations 4,029,303 Compositalized lease obligations		
Disc from banks	Assets	
Total Assets	Cash	\$ 4,502,013
Federal funds sold		16,228,534
Securities available for sale	Interest-bearing deposits with banks	200,000
Capitalized lease receivable	Federal funds sold	
Leas: Unearned income	Securities available for sale	119,958,022
Less: Unearned income. 51,973 Allowance for loan losses 8,239,779 Net Loans . 376,436,060 Premises and equipment, net 29,702,856 Accrued interest . 4,734,144 Intangibles, net 2,588,016 Other real estate 4,720,836 Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets . 574,656,990 Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Deposits: 574,656,990 Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Deposits: 8,54,995,846 Interest-bearing . 54,995,846 Interest-bearing . 408,999,457 Total Deposits . 463,995,303 Other short-term borrowings . 1,935,614 Accrued interest . 3,064,792 FHIB borrowing . 38,000,000 Capitalized lease obligations . 4,093,703 Long-term debt . 4,124,913 Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures . 10,000,000 Other liabilities . 3,423,788 Total Liabilities . 528,638,113 Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued . 200,000 Shares authorized, and shares issued . 200,000 Common stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 Shares authorized, and shares issued . 200,000 Shares authorized, and shares issued . 200,000 Shares authorized, and shares issued . 200,000 Shares authorized, and shares . 200,000	Capitalized lease receivable	3,099,545
Net Loans	Loans	384,729,812
Net Loans	Less: Unearned income	51,973
Premises and equipment, net 29,702,856 Accrued interest. 4,734,144 Intangibles, net. 2,588,016 Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets 6,484,964 Total Assets. \$ 574,656,990 Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Deposits: \$ 54,995,846 Interest-bearing 408,999,457 Total Deposits 463,995,303 Other short-term borrowings 1,935,614 Accrued interest 3,3,064,792 FHLB borrowing 38,000,000 Capitalized lease obligations 4,093,703 Long-term debt 4,124,913 Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures 10,000,000 Other liabilities 3,423,788 Total Liabilities 528,638,113 Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.10 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued - Common stock, par value \$.10 per share, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 4,828,011 and 4,808,331 shares issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively 482,801 Capital surplus 30,882,747 Retained earnings 16,449,834 Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares (396,768) Unearned ESOP shares - 161,619 and 174,267 shares as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively (2,126,328) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 726,591 Total Shareholders' Equity (2,126,328)	Allowance for loan losses	8,239,779
Accrued interest. 4,734,144 Intangibles, net. 2,588,016 Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets 6,484,964 Total Assets. \$ 574,656,990	Net Loans	376,438,060
Accrued interest. 4,734,144 Intangibles, net. 2,588,016 Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets 6,484,964 Total Assets. \$ 574,656,990	Premises and equipment, net	29,702,856
Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets 6,484,964 Total Assets \$ 574,656,990	Accrued interest	
Other real estate 4,720,836 Other assets 6,484,964 Total Assets \$ 574,656,990	Intangibles, net	
Total Assets. \$ 574,656,990 Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Deposits: Noninterest-bearing. \$ 54,995,846 Interest-bearing. 408,999,457 Total Deposits 463,995,303 Other short-term borrowings 1,935,614 Accrued interest. 3,064,792 FHLB borrowing 38,000,000 Capitalized lease obligations 4,093,703 Long-term debt 4,124,913 Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures 10,000,000 Other liabilities 528,638,113 Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued Common stock, par value \$.10 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, 4,828,011 and 4,808,331 shares issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively 482,801 Capital surplus 30,882,747 Retained earnings 16,449,834 Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares (396,768) Unearned ESOP shares - 161,619 and 174,267 shares as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively (2,126,328) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 726,591 Total Shareholders' Equity 46,018,877	Other real estate	4,720,836
Total Assets	Other assets	
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Deposits: Noninterest-bearing. \$ 54,995,846 Interest-bearing. 408,999,457 408,999,457	Total Assets	\$ 574,656,990
Noninterest-bearing	Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	==========
Total Deposits	Deposits:	
Total Deposits	Noninterest-bearing	\$ 54,995,846
Total Deposits	Interest-bearing	· · ·
Other short-term borrowings Accrued interest. 3,064,792 FHLB borrowing	Total Deposits	
Accrued interest. 3,064,792 FHLB borrowing 38,000,000 Capitalized lease obligations 4,093,703 Long-term debt 4,124,913 Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures 10,000,000 Other liabilities 528,638,113 Total Liabilities 528,638,113 Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued Common stock, par value \$.10 per share, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,828,011 and 4,808,331 shares issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively 482,801 Capital surplus 30,882,747 Retained earnings 16,449,834 Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares (396,768) Unearned ESOP shares - 161,619 and 174,267 shares as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively (2,126,328) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 726,591 Total Shareholders' Equity 46,018,877		1,935,614
FHLB borrowing Capitalized lease obligations Long-term debt Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures Total Liabilities Total Shareholders' Equity	Accrued interest.	3,064,792
Long-term debt	FHLB borrowing	38,000,000
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures 10,000,000 Other liabilities 3,423,788 Total Liabilities 528,638,113 Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued	Capitalized lease obligations	4,093,703
Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures 10,000,000 Other liabilities 3,423,788 Total Liabilities 528,638,113 Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued - Common stock, par value \$.10 per share, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,828,011 and 4,808,331 shares issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively 482,801 Capital surplus 30,882,747 Retained earnings 16,449,834 Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares 161,619 and 174,267 shares as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively (2,126,328) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 726,591 Total Shareholders' Equity 46,018,877	Long-term debt	4,124,913
Other liabilities	Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the	
Total Liabilities	Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures	10,000,000
Shareholders' Equity Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued	Other liabilities	3,423,788
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued	Total Liabilities	528,638,113
authorized, no shares issued	Shareholders' Equity	
Common stock, par value \$.10 per share, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,828,011 and 4,808,331 shares issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively. 482,801 Capital surplus		
shares authorized, 4,828,011 and 4,808,331 shares issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively. 482,801 Capital surplus 30,882,747 Retained earnings 16,449,834 Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares (396,768) Unearned ESOP shares - 161,619 and 174,267 shares (2,126,328) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 726,591 Total Shareholders' Equity 46,018,877		_
issued, as of June 30, 2002 and December 31 2001, respectively. 482,801 Capital surplus		
Capital surplus 30,882,747 Retained earnings 16,449,834 Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares (396,768) Unearned ESOP shares - 161,619 and 174,267 shares (2,126,328) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 726,591 Total Shareholders' Equity 46,018,877		400 001
Retained earnings		
Treasury Stock, 20,803 shares		
Unearned ESOP shares - 161,619 and 174,267 shares as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(396, /68)
Total Shareholders' Equity	as of June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively	(2,126,328)
Total Shareholders' Equity 46,018,877		
	Total Shareholders' Equity	46,018,877

Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity......\$ 574,656,990

See notes to consolidated financial statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (UNAUDITED)

	the Three Mont
Interest Income	 ·
Interest and fees on loans Interest on investment securities:	\$ 9,417,916
Taxable securities	1,594,748
Securities exempt from federal income taxes	124,408
Interest on federal funds sold	83,107
Interest on deposits in other banks	7,430
Total Interest Income	11,227,609
Interest Expense	
Interest on deposits	3,816,507
Interest on other short-term borrowings	13,316
Interest on capitalized lease obligations	61,487
FHLB borrowings	569,609
Interest on long-term debt	51,237
Interest on guaranteed preferred	
beneficial interest in the	
Company's junior subordinated	
deferrable interest debentures	 280,303
Total Interest Expense	4,792,459
Net Interest Income	6,435,150
Provision for loan losses	3,088,559
Net Interest Income After Provision	
For Loan Losses	3,346,591
Service charges on deposits	920,042
Insurance commissions.	552,804
Bank club dues	131,537
Debt cancellation fees	85,804
Gain on sale of branches	6,520,542
Other operating income	493,908
Investment securities gains	107,295
Total Noninterest Income	8,811,932
Noninterest Expenses	
Salaries and employee benefits	3,957,297
Occupancy expense	644,654

Furniture and equipment expense. Director and committee fees		441,784 110,750 (80,150) 2,503,153
Total Noninterest Expenses		
Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense (benefit)		4,581,035 1,754,013
Net Income (Loss)	\$ ====	2,827,022
Earnings (loss) per common share - basic Earnings (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ \$ \$	0.61 0.61

See notes to consolidated financial statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (UNAUDITED)

	For	the Three Month 2002
Net Income (loss)	\$	2,827,022
Components of other comprehensive income: Unrealized holding gains arising during the period		
before income tax and reclassification adjustments		2,351,133 (107,295)
Other comprehensive gains (losses), before income taxes		2,243,838 (897,535)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax		1,346,303
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	4,173,325

See notes to consolidated financial statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

(UNAUDITED)

	For the Six Mont
Interest Income	
<pre>Interest and fees on loans Interest on investment securities:</pre>	\$ 20,432,531
Taxable securities	3,145,293
Securities exempt from federal income taxes	269,496
Interest on federal funds sold	226,190
Interest on deposits in other banks	14,424
Total Interest Income	24,087,934
Interest Expense	
Interest on deposits	8,716,392
Interest on other short-term borrowings	32,213
Interest on capitalized lease obligations	130,185
FHLB borrowings	1,132,959
Interest on long-term debt	105,135
Interest on guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the	
Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures	560,606
deferrable interest dependires	
Total Interest Expense	10,677,490
et Interest Income	
Provision for loan losses	4,128,978
et Interest Income After Provision	
For Loan Losses	9,281,466
oninterest Income	
Service charges on deposits	1,905,123
Insurance commissions	1,087,932
Bank club dues	287,933
Debt cancellation fees	158 , 759
Gain on sale of branches	8,071,985
Other operating income	710,968
Investment securities gains	123,941
Total Noninterest Income	12,346,641
oninterest Expenses	
Salaries and employee benefits	7,935,836
Occupancy expense	1,400,001
Furniture and equipment expense.	905,798
Director and committee fees	218,350
Net loss on disposal of assets	315,425
Other operating expenses	4,425,029
Total Noninterest Expenses	15,200,439
ncome before income taxes	6,427,668
Income before income taxes	2,368,133
Net Income	\$ 4,059,535
	==========

Earnings per common share - basic	\$ 0.88
Earnings per common share - diluted	\$ 0.88
Dividends per share	\$ _

See notes to consolidated financial statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES (UNAUDITED)

	Foi	the Six Months 2002
Net Income	\$	4,059,535
Components of other comprehensive income: Unrealized holding gains arising during the period		
before income tax and reclassification adjustments		
Other comprehensive gains, before income taxes		
Total other comprehensive income, net of income tax		970 , 693
Comprehensive income	\$	5,030,228

See notes to consolidated financial statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(UNAUDITED)

	Six Months En
Operating Activities:	
Net income	\$ 4,059,535

provided by operating activities:	
Provision for loan losses	4,128,978
Provision for depreciation and amortization	1,068,169
Amortization of investment security premiums	, ,
and accretion of discounts	149,811
Deferred tax expense (benefit)	622,232
Realized investment security gains	(123,941)
Gain on sale of branches	(8,071,985)
Loss on sale of premises and equipment	315,425
Decrease in accrued interest receivable	1,673,633
Decrease in accrued interest payable	(679,167)
Other	(1,195,103)
other	
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,947,587
Investing Activities:	
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	35,674,381
Proceeds from maturity of securities available for sale	15,000,000
Purchase of securities available for sale	(47,361,146)
Decrease in interest-bearing deposit with other banks	_
Net decrease in loans to customers	17,809,200
Proceeds from sale of assets	60,350
Capital expenditures	(252,404)
Net proceeds from sale of other real estate	398,403
Cash disbursed in settlement of branch sale	(32,054,765)
outh dissurbed in sectionent of Stanon safe	
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,725,981)
Financing Activities:	
Net increase in demand deposits, NOW accounts,	
savings and time open deposit accounts	310,669
Net (decrease) increase in certificates of deposit	(14,941,161)
Net (decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(2,424,313)
Net increase in FHLB borrowings	_
Net decrease in capitalized lease obligations	(58,055)
Repayment of long-term debt, net	(415,207)
Issuance of common stock	_
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(17,528,067)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(26, 306, 461)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	53,037,008
- 1	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 26,730,547

See notes to consolidated financial statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - (Continued)
COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(UNAUDITED)

	2002
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	
Cash paid (received) during the period for:	
Interest expense Income taxes	\$ 12,012,698 1,611,346
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities:	
Real estate acquired through foreclosure	\$ 2,148,108 104,262,635
released in branch sale Capitalized lease receivable recorded as a result of branch sale	139,736,275 3,107,157

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See notes to consolidated financial statements

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - GENERAL

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Community Bancshares, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, collectively, hereinafter referred to as the "Company". The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the six month period ending June 30, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2002. The consolidated statement of financial condition, at December 31, 2001 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Certain reclassifications of prior years' amounts have been made to conform to current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on net income, total assets, total liabilities, or shareholders' equity.

NOTE 2 - BRANCH DIVESTITURES

During the first six months of 2002, Community Bank consummated the sale of the following branch offices: two Pulaski, Tennessee locations on March 31, 2002, two DeKalb County, Alabama locations on May 3, 2002 and six Marshall County, Alabama locations on May 31, 2002. The following outlines the total assets sold and total liabilities released on the transactions.

Loans Less: Allowance for loan losses	\$ 95,130,132 752,193
Loans, net Premises and equipment, net Accrued interest receivable Other real estate owned Other assets	94,377,939 8,686,603 653,266 451,280 93,547
Total assets	\$ 104,262,635
Deposits Accrued interest payable Capitalized lease obligation Other liabilities	\$ 139,080,234 656,041 1,614,318 19,036
Total liabilities	\$ 141,369,629

The Company paid \$32,054,765 in cash on the transactions and recorded a capitalized lease receivable of \$3,107,157. The Company recognized total gains of \$8,071,985 representing the premium received on core deposits less discounts on loans and fixed assets. The Company also recognized a gain of \$87,400 on the assignment of the capitalized lease on the Boaz, Alabama location. See also Note 6 - Capitalized Leases.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL SECURITIES

In March 2000, the Company formed a wholly-owned Delaware statutory business trust, Community (AL) Capital Trust I (the "Trust"), which issued \$10,000,000 of guaranteed preferred securities representing undivided

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beneficial interests in the assets of the Trust ("Capital Securities"). All of the common securities of the Trust are owned by the Company. The proceeds from the issuance of the Capital Securities (\$10,000,000) and common securities(\$310,000) were used by the Trust to purchase \$10,310,000 of junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures of the Company which carry an annual interest rate of 10.875%. Under the terms of the indenture, the Company may elect to defer payments of interest for up to ten semiannual payment periods. The Company elected to defer its March 2002 interest payment and may elect to do so again based on the liquidity needs of the Company when future payments become due. For the duration of such deferral period, the Company is restricted from paying dividends to shareholders or paying debt that is junior to the debenture. The debentures represent the sole asset of the Trust. The debentures and related income statement effects are eliminated in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company is entitled to treat the aggregate liquidation amount of

the debentures as Tier I capital under Federal Reserve guidelines.

The Capital Securities accrue and pay distributions semiannually at a rate of 10.875% per annum of the stated liquidation value of \$1,000 per capital security. The Company has entered into an agreement which fully and unconditionally guarantees payment of: (i) accrued and unpaid distributions required to be paid on the Capital Securities; (ii) the redemption price with respect to any Capital Securities called for redemption by the Trust; and (iii) payments due upon a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or termination of the Trust.

The Capital Securities are mandatorily redeemable upon the maturity of the debentures on March 8, 2030, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indenture pursuant to which the debentures were issued. The Company has the right to redeem the debentures purchased by the Trust: (i) in whole or in part, on or after March 8, 2010; and (ii) in whole (but not in part) at any time within 90 days following the occurrence and during the continuation of a tax event, capital treatment event or investment company event (each as defined in the indenture). As specified in the indenture, if the debentures are redeemed prior to maturity, the redemption price will be a percentage of the principal amount, ranging from 105.438% in 2010 to 100.00% in and after 2020, plus accrued but unpaid interest.

NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company's segment information is presented by line of business. Each line of business is a distinct unit that offers products and services unique to its operations and customers. The Company's reportable operating segments are commercial banking, appraisal services and insurance services. The appraisal services segment's income and expenses are those of Community Bank's subsidiary, Community Appraisals, Inc., and the insurance services segment's income and expense are those of Community Insurance Corp. also a subsidiary of Community Bank. Support services are the activities of the parent company and are not directly attributable to the reporting segments. The commercial banking segment does include fees from the sale of ancillary insurance products in connection with certain loans. The segment results shown below include certain intercompany transactions that are eliminated for financial statement presentation. The following tables reflect the approximate amounts of revenues and expenses for the Company's segments as of and for the six months and three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001.

For the six months ended June 30, 2002		Commercial Banking		Appraisal Services		Insurance Services		Support Services
Net interest income Provision for loan losses	\$	14,089,716 4,128,978	\$	_ _	\$	(18,010)	\$	(661,26
Noninterest income Noninterest expense		11,114,809 13,241,802		159,278 110,434		919,029 850,601		150,60 994,67
Segment income before income tax	 \$ ==	7,833,745	 \$ ==		 \$ ==:	50,418	 \$ ==	(1,505,33

Consolidated income tax expense

Net income

Total assets at June 30, 2002		568,224,473						
	11							
For the six months ended June 30, 2001		Commercial Banking	Aj Se	opraisal ervices	2	Insurance Services		Suppor Service
Net interest income	\$	13,704,667		-	\$	(33,544)	\$	(702,8
Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense		12,126,726				898,278 937,523		
Segment income before income tax		2,994,018	\$					
Consolidated income tax expense	-				_		_	
Net income								
Total assets at June 30, 2001	\$	728,541,427	\$	273,069	\$	4,662,154	\$	2,677,°
For the three months ended June 30, 200)2 	Commercial Banking	Al Se	ppraisal ervices] 	Insurance Services		Suppo: Service
Net interest income	\$		\$	-	\$	(8,663)	\$	(329,
Provision for loan losses Noninterest income Noninterest expense		3,088,559 8,435,725 6,842,600		73,075 59,734		456,034 411,134		75,3 492,2
Segment income before income tax	\$	5,277,537		13,341		36 , 237	\$	(746,
Consolidated income tax expense								
Net income								
T the three menths ended June 30 200				ppraisal ervices		Insurance		Suppo Servic
For the three months ended June 30, 200) <u> </u>	Banking 				Services 		Servic

Net interest income	\$	7,038,507	\$	_	\$	(16,451)	\$ (344,46
Provision for loan losses		1,381,161		_		_	
Noninterest income		1,691,638		76 , 690		370,485	89,13
Noninterest expense		6,379,248		48,727		422,059	1,033,17
Segment income before income tax	\$	969,736	\$	27,963	\$	(68,025)	\$ (1,288,50
	===		===		===		

Consolidated income tax expense

Net income

NOTE 5 - CONTINGENCIES

Background

At a meeting of Community Bank's Board of Directors on June 20, 2000, a director brought to the attention of the Board the total amount of money Community Bank had paid subcontractors in connection with the construction of a new Community Bank office. Management of the Company commenced an investigation of the expenditures. At the request of management, the architects and subcontractors involved in the construction project made presentations to the Boards of Directors of the Company and Community Bank on July 15 and July 18, 2000, respectively. At the July 18, 2000 meeting of the Board of Directors of Community Bank, another director made a presentation alleging that Community Bank had been overcharged by subcontractors on that construction project and another ongoing construction project. On July 18, 2000, the Boards of Directors of the Company and Community Bank appointed a joint committee

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comprised of independent directors of the Company and of Community Bank to investigate the alleged overcharges. Upon completion of its investigation, the joint committee was to inform the Boards of Directors of the Company and Community Bank of its findings and recommendations. The joint committee retained legal counsel and an independent accounting firm to assist the committee in its investigation. Management was also informed that the directors of Community Bank who alleged the construction overcharges have contacted bank regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities. Management believes that these agencies and authorities either have conducted or are currently conducting investigations regarding this matter.

Benson Litigation

On July 21, 2000, three shareholders of the Company, M. Lewis Benson, Doris E. Benson and John M. Packard, Jr., filed a lawsuit in the state Circuit Court of Marshall County, Alabama against the Company, Community Bank, certain directors and officers of the Company and Community Bank, an employee of Community Bank and two construction subcontractors. The plaintiffs purported to file the lawsuit as a shareholder derivative action, which relates to the alleged construction overcharges being investigated by the joint committee of the Boards of Directors of the Company and Community Bank. The complaint alleges that the directors, officers and employee named as defendants in the complaint breached their fiduciary duties, failed to properly supervise officers and agents of the Company and Community Bank, and permitted waste of corporate

assets by allegedly permitting the subcontractor defendants to overcharge Community Bank in connection with the construction of two new Community Bank offices, and to perform the construction work without written contracts, budgets, performance guarantees and assurances of indemnification. In addition, the complaint alleges that Kennon R. Patterson, Sr., the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, breached his fiduciary duties by allegedly permitting the two named subcontractors to overcharge for work performed on the two construction projects in exchange for allegedly discounted charges for work these subcontractors performed in connection with the construction of Mr. Patterson's residence. The complaint further alleges that the director defendants knew or should have known of this alleged arrangement between Mr. Patterson and the subcontractors. The complaint also alleges that Mr. Patterson, the Community Bank employee and the two subcontractor defendants made false representations and suppressed information about the alleged overcharges and arrangement between Mr. Patterson and the subcontractors.

On August 15, 2000, the plaintiffs filed an amended complaint adding Andy C. Mann, a shareholder of the Company, as a plaintiff and adding a former director of the Company and Community Bank as a defendant. The amended complaint generally reiterates the allegations of the original complaint. In addition, the amended complaint alleges that Community Bank was overcharged on all construction projects from January 1997 to the August 2000. The amended complaint also alleges that the defendants breached their fiduciary duties and were guilty of gross financial mismanagement, including allegations concerning the making or approval of certain loans and taking allegedly improper actions to conceal the fact that certain loans were uncollectible. On September 18, 2000 the plaintiffs filed a second amended complaint. The second amended complaint generally reiterates the allegations of the original and first amended complaints. In addition, the second amended complaint alleges that the plaintiffs were improperly denied their rights to inspect and copy certain records of the Company and Community Bank. The second amended complaint also alleges that the directors of the Company abdicated their roles as directors either by express agreement or as a result of wantonness and gross negligence. The second amended complaint asserts that the counts involving inspection of corporate records and director abdication are individual, nonderivative claims. The second amended complaint seeks, on behalf of the Company, an unspecified amount of compensatory damages in excess of \$1 million, punitive damages, disgorgement of allegedly improperly paid profits and appropriate equitable relief. Upon motion of the defendants, the case was transferred to the state Circuit Court in Blount County, Alabama by order dated September 21, 2000, as amended on October 12, 2000.

On August 24, 2000, the Board of Directors of the Company designated the directors of the Company who serve on the joint investigative committee as a special litigation committee to investigate and evaluate the allegations and issues raised in this lawsuit and to arrive at such decisions and take such action as the special litigation committee deems appropriate. On June 8, 2001, the special litigation committee filed its report under seal with the court. On June 18,

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2001, the court entered an order affirming the confidentiality of the special committee's report. On June 28, 2001, the Company, Community Bank and various other defendants filed a motion with the court to adopt the report of the special committee, for partial summary judgment and to realign the Company and Community Bank as plaintiffs in the lawsuit. Following a hearing on August 29, 2001, the court denied these motions on November 8, 2001. The court also ruled that the plaintiffs were entitled to conduct discovery except as it related to one of the subcontractor defendants and granted the plaintiffs' motion to unseal

the report of the special litigation committee. On November 14, 2001, the directors of the Company filed a motion for the court to alter, amend or vacate its November 8, 2001 rulings. On February 7, 2002, the Company and Community Bank filed a motion to disqualify Maynard, Cooper & Gale, P.C., the law firm representing the plaintiffs, due to conflicts of interest. The court held a hearing on these motions on February 22, 2002 and the parties are awaiting a ruling. On February 25, 2002, the Company and Community Bank filed a motion for limited discovery relating to its motion to disqualify the plaintiffs' law firm. As a result of the inherent uncertainties of the litigation process, the Company is unable at this time to predict the outcome of this lawsuit and its effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. Regardless of the outcome, however, this lawsuit could be costly, time-consuming and a diversion of management's attention.

Towns Derivative Litigation

On November 19, 1998, Mr. William Towns, a shareholder of the Company, filed a shareholder derivative action against the directors of the Company in the state Circuit Court of Blount County, Alabama. Mr. Towns amended his complaint on January 14, 1999 to add the Company and Community Bank as defendants in the action. On February 11, 1999, the complaint was again amended to add Mr. Pat Bellew and Mrs. Mary Bellew, who are also shareholders of the Company, as additional plaintiffs. The complaint alleged that the directors of the Company breached their fiduciary duty to the Company and its shareholders, engaged in fraud, fraudulent concealment, suppression of material fact and suppression of the plaintiff shareholders, failed to supervise management, and conspired to conceal wrongful acts from the Company's shareholders and paid themselves excessive director fees. The complaint also alleged that the Board of Directors acquiesced in mismanagement and misconduct by Kennon R. Patterson, Sr., the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company, including alleged self dealing, payment of excessive compensation, misappropriation of corporate opportunities and misappropriation of funds. The complaint sought an unspecified amount of compensatory and punitive damages, removal of the current directors, appointment of a new Board of Directors, and attorneys fees and cost.

On December 21, 1998, the Company and its directors filed a motion with the court seeking to have the complaint dismissed. On March 1, 1999, the Company's Board of Directors appointed a special Board committee comprised of non-employee directors of the Company, to review the plaintiffs' allegations in accordance with Delaware law. On April 6, 1999, each of the parties to the action requested that the court stay the litigation and related discovery, motions and hearings, pending completion of the special committee's review. On April 30, 1999, the court entered an order staying the litigation and related discovery, motions and hearing in accordance with the parties' request. On October 15, 1999, the special committee filed its final report with the court. On October 21, 1999, the parties forwarded to the court an agreed-upon order governing the confidentiality of the special committee's report, which the court entered on January 2, 2000. On August 3, 2000, the Company, Community Bank and the Company's directors filed a motion to stay the proceedings until the Company's Community Bank's joint investigative committee had completed its investigation of the alleged construction overcharges discussed above. At the request of the Company and the other defendants in the action, the court continued a hearing on the motion to dismiss. On February 23, 2001, the court indicated that there was no reason to continue the stay of this action. The parties are awaiting a hearing on the defendants' motion to dismiss the case. Management of the Company believes that the plaintiffs' allegations are false and that the action lacks merit. The Company and its directors intend to defend the action vigorously, and management of the Company believes that the action will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Regardless of the outcome, however, this lawsuit could be costly, time consuming and a diversion of management's attention.

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Corr Family Litigation

On September 14, 2000, another action was filed in the state Circuit Court of Blount County, Alabama, against the Company, Community Bank and certain directors and officers of the Company and Community Bank by Bryan A. Corr and six other related shareholders of the Company alleging that the directors actively participated in or ratified the misappropriation of corporate income. The action was not styled as a shareholder derivative action. On January 3, 2001, the defendants filed a motion for summary judgment on the basis that these claims are derivative in nature and cannot be brought on behalf of individual shareholders. The court has not ruled on the motion. The Company and its directors believe that this lawsuit is without merit and intend to defend the action vigorously. Although management currently believes that this action will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations, regardless of the outcome, the action could be costly, time consuming and a diversion of management's attention.

Auto Loan Litigation

On June 28, 2000, Community Bank filed an action in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Alabama against Carl Gregory Ford L-M, Inc., an automobile dealership located in Ft. Payne, Alabama, Carl Gregory and Doug Broaddus, the owners of the dealership, several employees and former employees of the dealership and Gerald Scot Parrish, a former employee of Community Bank, with respect to certain loans originated during 1998 in Community Bank's Wal-Mart office in Ft. Payne, Alabama. In the complaint Community Bank alleged that the defendants willingly and knowingly conducted, participated in, were employed by or associated with, or aided and abetted an enterprise within the meaning of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO) for the purpose of defrauding Community Bank. The complaint also asserted that the defendants committed fraud, misrepresentation and deceit by submitting to Community Bank and/or approving applications for automobile loans which contained false and/or fraudulent information for the purpose of deceiving, influencing and persuading Community Bank to provide loans to customers of the automobile dealership who were otherwise not qualified to receive such loans, and suppressed material facts regarding the veracity of information contained in loan applications and the ability of persons seeking the loans to repay them. Community Bank also alleged in the complaint that the automobile dealership is responsible for the acts of its officers, agents and employees, and that the dealership and its management failed to adequately train and/or supervise its employees. The complaint stated that the defendants participated in a conspiracy to violate RICO and Alabama statutes dealing with fraud, misrepresentation and suppression of material facts, and asserted civil liability under Alabama law for violation of federal statutes dealing with financial institution fraud, mail and wire fraud and making false statements for the purpose of influencing the actions of a financial institution upon an application or loan.

On June 29, 2000 and August 31, 2000, the court granted Community Bank's motions to dismiss without prejudice two of the employees of the automobile dealership as defendants in the action. On September 13, 2000, the court granted Mr. Parrish's action to dismiss the complaint, but granted Community Bank 15 days to amend the complaint. On September 27, 2000, Community Bank filed an amended complaint which generally reiterated the allegations of the original complaint and added specific information concerning the allegedly fraudulent activity and the use of the United States mail, telephone and other wire transmissions in the conduct of such activity. On December 1, 2000, the court

dismissed Community Bank's claims based upon mail and wire fraud in the amended complaint but otherwise denied Mr. Parrish's motion to dismiss the complaint. On October 10, 2001, the court granted a joint motion to bifurcate the trial into separate stages of liability and damages. On October 23 and November 19, 2001, the court granted Community Bank's motion to dismiss without prejudice three of the employees of the automobile dealership as defendants in the action.

The defendants have filed answers to the amended complaint which generally deny the material allegations in the complaint and allege that any injury suffered by Community Bank was the result of the contributory negligence of Community Bank, its officers, employees and agents. In the lawsuit, Community Bank seeks damages of an unspecified amount to recover losses incurred in connection with the loans made at Community Bank's Wal-Mart office in Ft. Payne,

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Alabama, along with all costs associated with the lawsuit. Any amounts received by Community Bank as a result of this litigation will be treated as a recovery on loan losses.

Employee Litigation

On November 15, 2000, Michael W. Alred and Michael A. Bean, two former directors and executive officers of Community Bank, filed suit against Community Bank in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Alabama alleging that their employment was wrongfully terminated for allegedly providing information to bank regulatory and law enforcement authorities concerning possible violations of laws and regulations, gross mismanagement, gross waste of funds and abuse of authority by Community Bank, its directors, officers and employees. According to the complaint, the information which these two individuals provided to authorities concerned certain bank construction projects, specific loans, charge-offs, expenses and past due accounts. The complaint seeks reinstatement of the plaintiffs to their former positions as officers and directors of Community Bank as well as compensatory and punitive damages. Community Bank and its directors believe this lawsuit is without merit and intend to defend the action vigorously. Management of the Company believes that this action will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Regardless of the outcome, the litigation could be costly, time consuming and a diversion of management's attention.

General

The Company and its subsidiaries are from time to time also parties to other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes, after consultation with legal counsel, that no such proceedings, if resulting in an outcome unfavorable to the Company, will, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

The Company's Certificate of Incorporation provides that, in certain circumstances, the Company will indemnify and advance expenses to its directors and officers for judgments, settlements and legal expenses incurred as a result of their service as officers and directors of the Company. Community Bank's Bylaws contain a similar provision for indemnification of directors and officers of Community Bank.

NOTE 6 - CAPITALIZED LEASES

On May 31, 2002, the purchaser of Community Bank's Marshall County branch

offices assumed the Company's lease on the Boaz, Alabama location. This lease had been accounted for under capitalized lease rules. The balances of the capitalized lease asset and capitalized lease obligation on May 31, 2002 were as follows:

	====	
Capitalized lease obligation	\$	1,614,318
Net capitalized lease asset	\$ ====	1,526,918
Capitalized lease asset Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	1,696,576 169,658

A gain of \$87,400 was recognized to account for the sale of the asset and the release of the obligation and is included in "net loss on disposal of assets" on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The purchaser also acquired the land, building and land improvements located in Albertville, Alabama under a sales type lease. The lease agreement calls for 60 payments of \$14,000 per month beginning June 1, 2002. The lease ends on May 31, 2007 and is subject to options which give the right for the seller to require the purchaser to purchase the property and gives the right to the purchaser to require the seller to sell the property. The purchase price upon option by either party is \$2,621,544. This lease/sale qualifies and is accounted for under capitalized lease rules.

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The following is a schedule by year of the future minimum lease payments to be received together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2002.

Years ending December 31,

resolve varue of nee minimum rease paymenes	========
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 3,099,545
Less: Amount representing interest	348,046
Total minimum lease payments	3,447,591
2007	 2,691,591
2006	168,000
2005	168,000
2004	168,000
2003	168,000
2002	\$ 84,000

NOTE 7 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

In June 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. The statement requires that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives no longer be amortized, but instead an entity must perform an assessment of whether these assets are impaired as of the date of adoption and test for impairment at least annually in accordance with

the provisions of the statement. The statement also required that intangible assets with determinable lives be amortized. The Company adopted Statement No. 142 on January 1, 2002.

Acquired goodwill and other intangible assets at June 30, 2002, are detailed as follows:

			As of	June 30, 2
		Gross Carrying Amount		ccumulated ortization
Identifiable amortizing assets	\$	2,063,311 2,851,372	\$	1,268,10 1,058,56
Total acquired intangible asset	\$ ===	4,914,683	\$ ===	2,326,66

Aggregate amortization expense for the period ended June 30, 2002, was \$41,656. Aggregate amortization expense of \$83,312 is estimated for the years ending December 31, 2002 and 2003.

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The following table presents net income and earnings per share as reported and adjusted to exclude tax effected amortization of goodwill that is no longer being amortized.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Mon Jun
		2002		2001		2002
Reported net income (loss)	\$		\$	(156,363) 58,223	\$	4,059,53
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$	2,827,022	\$	(98,140)	\$ ===	4,059,53 ======
Basic earnings per share: Reported net income (loss) Add back: Goodwill amortization	\$	0.61	\$	(0.03)	\$	0.8
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$	0.61	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.8

Diluted earnings per share:

Adjusted net income (loss)	 \$ 0.61	 \$	(0.02)	 \$ 0.8
Reported net income (loss)	\$ 0.61	•	(0.03) 0.01	\$ 0.8

NOTE 8 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. This statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities. It requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial condition and measure those instruments at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative is to be determined based upon the intended use of the derivative. For certain hedge designations (cash flow and foreign currency exposure) the derivative's gain or loss is reported as a component of other comprehensive income. Other designations require the gain or loss to be recognized in earnings in the period of change. This statement, amended as to effective date by ${\tt SFAS}$ No. 137, is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2000. In June 2000, the Financial Accounting Standards Board also issued SFAS No. 138, Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities - an Amendment of SFAS No. 133. The adoption of SFAS No. 133, as amended by SFAS No. 138 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2000, the FASB issued SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities — a replacement of FASB Statement No. 125. While SFAS No. 140 carries over most of the provisions of SFAS No. 125, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, it provides new standards for reporting financial assets transferred as collateral and new standards for the derecognition of financial assets, in particular transactions involving the use of special purpose entities. SFAS No. 140 also prescribes additional disclosures for collateral transactions and for securitization transactions accounted for as sales. The new collateral standards and disclosure requirements are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2000, while the new standards for the derecognition of financial assets are effective for transfers made after March 31, 2001. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations. This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for business combinations and supersedes ABP Opinion No. 16, Business Combinations, and SFAS No. 38, Accounting for Preacquisition Contingencies of Purchased Enterprises. All business combinations in the scope of SFAS No. 141 are to be accounted for using one method, the purchase method. Prior to the issuance of this statement, subject to certain criteria, business combinations were accounted for using one of two methods, the pooling-of-interests method or the purchase method. The two methods produce different financial statement results. The single-method approach used in SFAS No. 141 reflects the conclusion that virtually all business combinations are acquisitions and therefore should be accounted for in the same manner as other asset acquisitions based on the values exchanged. This statement provides expanded and revised guidance related to the allocation of the purchase price to goodwill and other intangibles arising from the business

combination. The provisions of SFAS No. 141 apply to all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. The adoption of SFAS No. 141 has not had a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, which addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets and supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, Intangible Assets. SFAS No. 142 provides new standards for accounting relating to intangible assets after initial recognition in the financial statements. This statement proscribes the accounting practice of amortizing or expensing intangibles ratably over a prescribed period of time and imposes new guidance requiring that goodwill and certain other intangibles be tested for impairment at least annually by comparing fair values of those assets with their recorded amounts. Additional disclosure requirements also are provided. The provisions of SFAS No. 142 are required to be applied in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The adoption of this statement has not had a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. See also Note 7 - Intangible Assets.

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement requires that the fair value of a liability for an asset retirement obligation be recognized in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets. This statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. This statement supersedes FASB Statement No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of, and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB Opinion No. 30, Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions, for the disposal of a segment of a business (as previously defined in that opinion). This statement also amends Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, Consolidated Financial Statements, to eliminate the exception to consolidation for a subsidiary for which control is likely to be temporary. The major changes resulting from this statement relate to the establishment of a single method for the recognition of impairment losses on long-lived assets to be held and used whether from discontinuance of a business segment or otherwise. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The adoption of this statement has not had a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 9 - RECENTLY PASSED LEGISLATION

On July 30, 2002, President Bush signed into law the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Act"), which immediately impacts Securities and Exchange Commission registrants, public accounting firms, lawyers and securities analysts. This legislation is the most comprehensive since the passage of the Securities Acts of 1933 and 1934. It has far reaching effects on the standards of integrity for corporate management, board of directors, and executive management. Additional disclosures, certifications and possibly procedures will be required of the Company. We do not expect any material adverse effect on the Company as a result of the passage of this legislation; however, the full scope of the Act has not been determined. The Act provides for additional regulations and

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requirements of publicly-traded companies which have yet to be issued.

NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 2, 2002, Community Bank received notice from the Alabama Banking Department (the "Department") that the Department had denied Community Bank's request of April 11, 2002, that Dudley, Hopton-Jones, Sims & Freeman PLLP ("Dudley Hopton") be approved as Community Bank's independent auditor. Dudley Hopton also serves as the Company's independent auditor. Management of the Company understands that representatives of Dudley Hopton have scheduled meetings with the staff of the Department to review the basis of the Department's decision and to seek its reversal. Based in large part on the outcome of those discussions and the availability of additional information regarding the basis for the Department's decision, the Audit Committee of the Company will consider whether it will continue to engage Dudley Hopton as the Company's independent auditor. In connection with the Department's notice, the Audit Committee is presently unaware of facts that would cause it to conclude that there are any material misstatements in the Company's previously issued audited financial statements.

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This discussion is intended to assist in an understanding of the financial condition and results of operations of Community Bancshares, Inc. (the "Company) and its subsidiaries. Unless the context otherwise indicates, the Company shall include the Company and its subsidiaries. All dollar amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes appearing in Item 1 of this Report and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

Forward looking information

Certain statements in this Report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements are not based on historical facts and may be identified by their reference to a future period or by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "may" and "should." These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, those relating to the Company's future growth and profitability, economic prospects of market areas, dividends, pending litigation, branch office divestitures, non-compliant or impaired loans, capital requirements, operating strategy, deposits, consumer base, allowance for loan losses, non-performing assets, interest rate sensitivity, market risk and impact of inflation. We caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, changes in economic conditions and government fiscal and monetary policies, changes in prevailing interest rates and effectiveness of the Company's interest rate strategies, laws, regulations and regulatory authorities affecting financial institutions, changes in and effectiveness of the Company's

operating or expansion strategies, geographic concentration of the Company's assets and operations, competition from other financial services companies, unexpected financial results or outcomes of legal proceedings, the effects of recent bank sales, changes in accounting rules and securities laws and other risks detailed from time to time in the Company's press releases and filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this Report.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

June 30, 2002 compared to December 31, 2001

Summary

Total assets at June 30, 2002 were \$574,657,000, down from \$729,482,000 at December 31, 2001. The decrease in total assets was mainly attributable to Community Bank branch divestitures as well as an overall decrease in loan volume. Refer to "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 2 - Branch Divestitures" throughout the discussion of financial condition.

Earning Assets

The earning assets of the Company are mainly composed of investment securities, federal funds sold and loans. Investment securities decreased \$1,721,000, or 1.4%, to \$119,958,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$121,679,000 at December 31, 2001. The investment securities portfolio is used to make various term investments, to provide a source of liquidity and to serve as collateral to secure certain government deposits. Short-term investments in the form of interest-bearing deposits with banks were \$200,000 at both June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001. The Company had \$6,000,000 in federal funds sold at June 30, 2002, compared to \$30,000,000 at December 31, 2001, representing a decrease of \$24,000,000, or 80.0%. The decrease in federal funds sold was primarily due to the cash outlay used in the branch divestiture transactions. Management had kept federal funds sold balances at high levels in anticipation of funding necessary to consummate the sale of its branch offices and depleted those funds upon the aforementioned consumation.

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Loans comprise the largest single category of the Company's earning assets. Loans, net of unearned income, were \$384,678,000 at June 30, 2002 down \$116,842,000, or 23.3%, from \$501,520,000 at December 31, 2001. This decrease is partly attributable to the sale of the loan portfolio in the branch divestitures, but the Company continues to experience a decline in total loans because of economic downturns, the tightening of the Company's credit standards, and increased loan charge-offs.

Nonperforming Assets and Past Due Loans

Overall delinquency trends have slowed in terms of new additions, but the migration is disappointing. Loans past due 30-89 days have decreased \$4,688,000 since December 31, 2001 which depicts a slowing down of new past due accounts; however, each category of nonperforming assets (defined as nonaccruing loans, loans past due 90 days or greater, restructured loans, nonaccruing securities, and other real estate) have increased since December 31, 2001, indicating an overall trend of past due loans eventually migrating to nonperforming status.

Between December 31, 2001 and June 30, 2002, the ratio of the allowance for loan losses to total nonperforming assets declined from 58.37% at year-end 2001

to 42.82% at June 30, 2002. The ratio of total nonperforming assets to total assets increased to 3.35% at June 30, 2002 from 1.71% at year-end 2001, while the ratio of nonperforming loans to total loans, net of unearned income, increased to 3.77% at June 30, 2002 from 1.64% at December 31, 2001. These changes were primarily due to an increase in nonaccruing loans of \$2,081,000, or 35.5%, to \$7,940,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$5,859,000 at December 31, 2001 and an increase in other real estate of \$434,000, or 10.1%, to \$4,721,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$4,287,000 at December 31, 2001. The Company also experienced an increase in loans past due 90 days or more of \$625,000, or 26.6%, to \$2,971,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$2,346,000 at December 31, 2001. Total nonperforming assets increased \$6,750,000, or 54.0%, to \$19,242,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$12,492,000 at December 31, 2001. In their efforts to improve the asset quality and credit standards of the Company, management continues its efforts to recognize problem credits in a timely manner through the loan review process implemented in 2001.

Funding

The Company's primary sources of funding are from deposits from the customers of Community Bank and from other short-term and long-term borrowings. Total deposits of \$463,995,000 at June 30, 2002 reflected a decrease of \$153,711,000, or 24.9%, from \$617,706,000 at year-end 2001. Deposits are Community Bank's primary source of funds. Noninterest-bearing deposits decreased \$12,700,000, or 18.8%, to \$54,996,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$67,696,000 at December 31, 2001, while interest-bearing deposits decreased \$141,011,000, or 25.6%, to \$408,999,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$550,010,000 at December 31, 2001. Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more decreased \$31,998,000, or 26.8%, to \$87,538,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$119,536,000 at December 31, 2001. The branch divestitures accounted for \$139,080,000 of the decrease in total deposits.

Total short-term borrowings decreased \$2,424,000, or 55.6%, to \$1,936,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$4,360,000 at December 31, 2001. This decrease was attributable to a commercial account set up as "securities sold under agreements to repurchase" arrangement that transferred after the Marshall County, Alabama divestiture. FHLB borrowings remained constant at \$38,000,000 for both June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, while long-term debt decreased \$542,000, or 11.6%, to \$4,125,000 at June 30, 2002 from \$4,667,000 at December 31, 2001.

In March 2000, the Company formed a wholly-owned Delaware statutory business trust, Community (AL) Capital Trust I (the "Trust"), which issued \$10,000,000 of guaranteed preferred securities representing undivided beneficial interests in the assets of the Trust ("Capital Securities"). All of the common securities of the Trust are owned by the Company. The proceeds from the issuance of the Capital Securities (\$10,000,000) and common securities (\$310,000) were used by the Trust to purchase \$10,310,000 of junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures of the Company which carry an annual interest rate of 10.875%. Under the terms of the indenture, the Company may elect to defer payments of interest for up to ten semiannual payment periods. The Company elected to defer its March 2002 interest payment and may elect to do so again based on the liquidity needs of the Company when future payments become due. For the duration of such deferral period, the Company is restricted from paying dividends to shareholders

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or paying debt that is junior to the debentures. The debentures represent the sole asset of the Trust. The debentures and related income statement effects are eliminated in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company is entitled to treat the aggregate liquidation amount of the debentures as Tier I capital under Federal Reserve guidelines.

The Capital Securities accrue and pay distributions semiannually at a rate of 10.875% per annum of the stated liquidation value of \$1,000 per capital security. The Company has entered into an agreement which fully and unconditionally guarantees payment of: (i) accrued and unpaid distributions required to be paid on the Capital Securities; (ii) the redemption price with respect to any Capital Securities called for redemption by the Trust; and (iii) payments due upon a voluntary or involuntary liquidation, winding up or termination of the Trust.

The Capital Securities are mandatorily redeemable upon the maturity of the debentures on March 8, 2030, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indenture pursuant to which the debentures were issued. The Company has the right to redeem the debentures purchased by the Trust: (i) in whole or in part, on or after March 8, 2010; and (ii) in whole (but not in part) at any time within 90 days following the occurrence and during the continuation of a tax event, capital treatment event or investment company event (each as defined in the indenture). As specified in the indenture, if the debentures are redeemed prior to maturity, the redemption price will be a percentage of the principal amount, ranging from 105.438% in 2010 to 100.00% in and after 2020, plus accrued but unpaid interest.

Liquidity

The following is a discussion of cash flows. The Company experienced a \$26,306,000 decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the first six months of 2002. Cash provided by operating activities was \$1,948,000. Investing activities used only \$10,726,000 despite a cash payment of \$32,055,000 in the divestiture of ten Community Bank branches. This payment was offset by increases in cash from other investing activities such as proceeds from the sale or calls of securities and decreases in loans to customers. Financing activities used \$17,528,000 of cash and cash equivalents during the first six months of 2002. Certificates of deposits decreased \$14,941,000, excluding any decreases for the divested branches, but was partially offset by increases in cash from the growth of demand deposits, NOW deposits, and other savings deposits totaling \$311,000 also excluding any decreases due to the branch divestitures.

Dividends paid by Community Bank are the primary source of funds available to the Company. The Company relies on dividends from Community Bank in order to pay expenses, service debt and pay dividends to shareholders. Certain restrictions exist regarding the ability of Community Bank to transfer funds to the Company in the form of cash dividends, loans or advances. Although dividends from Community Bank are the primary source of funding, the Company also receives cash from Community Bank in the form of management fee income and generally retains cash for its portion of tax benefit on intercompany income tax settlements. Without dividends or management fee income from Community Bank, the Company would not be able to pay expenses or service debt. Management fees for the first six months of 2002 were \$150,000. Community Bank cannot pay a dividend to the Company without prior approval of the regulatory authorities, nor is the Company able to increase the management fee charged to Community Bank without the prior written approval of the Federal Reserve.

Capital Resources

Total shareholders' equity at June 30, 2002 was 8.00% of total assets as compared to 5.57% at December 31, 2001. The increase experienced during the first six months of 2002 is primarily a result of increased retained earnings from net income of \$4,060,000 coupled with an increase in accumulated other comprehensive income and a decline in total assets attributable to the Community Bank branch divestitures.

Bank regulatory authorities have issued risk-based capital guidelines that

take into consideration risk factors associated with various categories of assets, both on and off the balance sheet. Under the guidelines, capital strength is measured in two tiers, which are used in conjunction with risk-adjusted assets to determine the risk-based capital ratios. The Company's Tier I capital, which includes common stock, retained earnings and guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in the Company's junior subordinate deferrable interest debentures, amounted to \$53,499,000 at June 30, 2002, compared to \$49,118,000 at December 31, 2001. Tier II capital components include supplemental capital components,

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such as qualifying allowance for loan losses and qualifying subordinated debt. Tier I capital plus the Tier II capital components are referred to as Total Risk-based capital, which was \$59,814,000 at June 30, 2002 as compared to \$56,833,000 at year-end 2001. The percentage ratios, as calculated under the guidelines, for Tier I and Total Risk-based capital were 14.11% and 15.78%, respectively, at June 30, 2002, compared to 10.02% and 11.59%, respectively, at year-end 2001. At June 30, 2002, both Tier I and Total Risk-based capital of the Company exceeded the regulatory minimum ratios of 4% and 8%, respectively.

Another important indicator of capital adequacy in the banking industry is the leverage ratio. The Tier I Leverage ratio is defined as the ratio that the Company's Tier I capital bears to total average assets minus goodwill. The Company's Tier I Leverage ratios were 8.39% and 6.70% at June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001, respectively, exceeding the regulatory minimum requirement of 4%.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001

Summary

The Company's net income for the three months ended June 30, 2002 was \$2,827,000, an increase of \$2,983,000 from a net loss of \$156,000 for the same period in 2001. Both basic and diluted net income per share was \$0.61 for the three months ended June 30, 2002, as compared to a net loss per share of \$0.03 for the same period in 2001. This increase during the second quarter of 2002 compared to the same period of 2001 resulted only from the gain on sale of ten Community Bank branches.

The Company's net income for the six months ended June 30, 2002 was \$4,060,000 up \$3,411,000 from June 30, 2001 net income of \$649,000. Included in this increase is the gain on sale of branches of \$8,072,000 along with an increase of \$442,000 in net interest income and offset by an increase in provision for loan losses of \$1,797,000, a decrease in noninterest income (excluding the gain on sale of branches) of \$554,000, an increase in noninterest expenses of \$514,000 and an increase in income tax expense of \$2,239,000.

Net Interest Income

The following discussion is on a fully taxable equivalent basis. Net interest income, the difference between interest earned on assets and the cost of interest-bearing liabilities, was \$13,623,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. Net interest income, before provision for loan losses, increased \$365,000, or 2.8%, from \$13,258,000 for the same period of 2001. Revenues from interest earning assets of the Company decreased \$6,037,000, or 19.9%, to \$24,300,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 from \$30,337,000 for the same

period in 2001. This decrease was due to lower yields on interest earning assets as well as lower average balances of interest earning assets. Average earning assets outstanding during the first six months of 2002 were \$609,356,000, which represents a decrease of \$32,154,000, or 5.0%, from \$641,510,000 for the first six months of 2001. The Company's fully taxable equivalent yield on its average earning assets decreased 150 basis points to 8.04% for the first six months of 2002, compared to 9.54% for the same period of 2001. This decrease is reflective of the overall decrease in interest rates experienced during the year 2001. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2002 decreased \$6,402,000, or 37.5%, to \$10,677,000 from \$17,079,000 for the corresponding period of 2001. This decrease occurred due to a decline in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities and more than offset the decline in income on interest-bearing assets. Average interest-bearing liabilities during the first six months of 2002 were \$566,047,000, which represents a decrease of \$32,993,000, or 5.5%, from \$599,040,000 for the same period of 2001. The rate paid on average interest-bearing liabilities decreased 195 basis points to 3.80% for the six month period ended June 30, 2002, compared to 5.75% for the first six months of 2001. This decrease is also attributable to the overall decline in interest rates during the year 2001.

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The Company's net interest margin, on a fully taxable equivalent basis, for the six months ended June 30, 2002 increased 34 basis points to 4.51%, from 4.17% for the six months ended June 30, 2001, due to the increase in net interest income, on a fully taxable equivalent basis. Net interest margin is computed by dividing net interest income, on a fully taxable equivalent basis, by average interest earning assets. This ratio represents the difference between the average yield returned on average interest earning assets and the average rate paid on funds used to support those interest earning assets, including both interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing sources.

The Company's net interest spread, on a fully taxable equivalent basis, for the six months ended June 30, 2002 increased 45 basis points to 4.24%, from 3.79% for the six months ended June 30, 2001, as the average cost of interest-bearing sources of funds decreased 195 basis points while the fully taxable equivalent average yield on interest earning assets decreased 150 basis points. Net interest spread measures the difference between the average yield on interest earning assets and the average rate paid on interest-bearing sources of funds.

Provision for Loan Losses and Allowance for Loan Losses

At June 30, 2002, the allowance for loan losses was \$8,240,000 which represented an increase of \$948,000, or 13.0%, from the December 31, 2001 amount of \$7,292,000. This increase resulted from management's decision to make provisions for current losses in the loan portfolio as it continues its effort to improve the overall credit quality of the Company. The provision for loan losses was \$4,129,000 and \$2,332,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The allowance for loan losses account as a percent of loans to reserve for potential losses in the loan portfolio has increased by virtue of additional provisions for loan loss expense as well as a reduction in total loans. As a percentage of total loans, net of unearned income, the allowance for loan losses increased to 2.14 % at June 30, 2002, compared to 1.45% at December 31, 2001. Loan charge-offs exceeded recoveries by \$2,429,000 during the first six months of 2002, which represented a decrease of \$334,000, or 12.1%, from \$2,763,000 for the same period during 2001.

Provision for loan losses for the three month period ended June 30, 2002 were \$3,089,000 an increase of \$1,707,000, or 123.6%, over the same period for

2001. Loan charge-offs exceeded recoveries by \$1,575,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2002. Management believes that the allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2002 is adequate; however, no assurance can be given that additional losses may not occur or that additional provisions to the allowance for loan losses will not be necessary.

Noninterest Income

Noninterest income for the six months ended June 30, 2002 increased \$7,518,000 to \$12,347,000, from \$4,829,000 for the same period of 2001, due to a gain recognized on the sale of ten Community Bank branches. Service charges on deposit accounts decreased \$163,000, or 7.9%, to \$1,905,000 for the first six months of 2002 from \$2,068,000 in the first six months of 2001. Debt cancellation fees decreased during the first six months of 2002, as compared to the first six months of 2001, \$107,000, or 40.2%, due to decreased volume in debt cancellation coverage associated with the decline in the Company's loan portfolio. Other operating income decreased \$112,000, or 13.7%, to \$711,000 for the first six months of 2002 from \$823,000 for the same period of 2001. The Company recorded net gains on the sale of investment securities of \$124,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2002, compared to net gains on the sale of investment securities of \$378,000 for the same period of 2001. The gain recognized on the sale of ten Community Bank branches was \$8,072,000 which represented a range of 7%-8% premium on the 30 day average of core deposits less an agreed upon discount on loans and fixed assets.

For the three month period ended June 30, 2002, noninterest income was \$8,812,000 as compared to \$2,154,000 for the same period in 2001. This increase was attributable to the \$6,521,000 gain recognized on the sale of the DeKalb County, Alabama and Marshall County, Alabama branch offices during the second quarter of 2002. The Company has experienced increases of \$138,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2002 as compared to the three month period ended June 30, 2001 in its insurance commissions income due to increased revenues at Community Bank's subsidiary Community Insurance Corp., but has experienced decreases in service charges on deposit accounts, bank club dues and debt cancellation fees.

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Noninterest Expenses

expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2002 were Noninterest \$15,200,000, representing a \$513,000, or 3.5%, increase from \$14,687,000 for the same period of 2001. This increase is in most part due to a loss recognized on the disposal of one building located in Uniontown, Alabama and one building located in New Hope, Alabama in the first quarter of 2002 and included in the \$315,000 net loss on disposal of assets. The primary components of noninterest expenses are salaries and employee benefits, which decreased \$102,000, or 1.3%, to \$7,936,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 from \$8,038,000 for the same period of 2001. The decrease in salaries and employee benefits is attributable to the branch divestitures as well as managements continued effort to lower staff costs. Occupancy costs decreased \$40,000, or 2.8%, to \$1,400,000 for the first six months of 2002 from \$1,440,000 for the same period of 2001. Furniture and equipment expenses for the six month period ended June 30, 2002 decreased \$18,000, or 1.9%, to \$906,000 from \$924,000 for the same period of 2001. Director and committee fees decreased \$33,000, or 13.1%, to \$218,000 for the first six months of 2002 from \$251,000 for the first six months of 2001. Other operating expenses were \$4,425,000 and \$4,019,000 for the six month periods ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. This increase of \$406,00, or 10.1%, was primarily due to increased expenses, especially legal fees, related to the continued litigation against the Company.

Noninterest expenses for the three month period ended June 30, 2002 decreased \$232,000, or 3.0%, from \$7,809,000 for the same period in 2001 to \$7,577,000. All categories of expenses for the three month period ended June 30, 2002 are down from the same period in 2001 with the exception of salaries and benefits which remained even. For the three month period ended June 30, 2002 as compared to the same period in 2001, occupancy costs decreased \$83,000 or 11.5%, furniture, fixtures and equipment costs decreased \$33,000 or 6.9%, directors and committee fees decreased \$23,000 or 17.4%, and other expenses decreased \$12,000 or 0.5%. All of the decreases are attributable to the reduction in the number of Community Bank locations as a result of the sale of ten branches.

Income Taxes

The Company attempts to maximize its net income through active tax planning. The provision for income taxes increased \$2,239,000 to \$2,368,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002 from \$129,000 for the same period of 2001 due to tax provision recognized on the gain on the sale of branches. The effective tax rate of approximately 36.8% for the first six months of 2002 represents an increase from the effective tax rate of approximately 16.6% for the same period of 2001.

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Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Sensitivity

Community Bank's net interest income, and the fair value of its financial instruments, are influenced by changes in the level of interest rates. Community Bank manages its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates through policies established by its Asset/Liability Committee ("ALCO"). The ALCO meets periodically to monitor its interest rate risk exposure and implement strategies that might improve its balance sheet positioning and/or earnings. Management utilizes an Interest Rate Simulation model to estimate the sensitivity of the Bank's net interest income and net income to changes in interest rates. Such estimates are based upon a number of assumptions for each scenario, including balance sheet growth, deposit repricing characteristics and prepayment rates.

The estimated impact on Community Banks net interest income sensitivity over a one year time horizon at June 30, 2002 is shown below. Such analysis assumes an immediate and nonparallel shift in interest rates and the Bank's estimates of how interest-bearing transaction accounts will reprice.

RATE SHOCK ANALYSIS

	-100 Basis Points	(Dollars	Level s in thou
Prime Rate	3.75%	70	4.75%
Interest Income	\$ 38,548 14,440		40,067 15,802
Net Interest Income	\$ 24,108	\$	24,265

Dollar change from Level	\$ (157)	
Percentage change from Level	-0.65%	

As shown above, in a 100 basis point rising rate environment, the net interest margin is projected to increase 1.74% from the level rate scenario and in a 100 basis point falling rate environment, the net interest margin is projected to decrease 0.65% from the level rate scenario. These percent changes fall comfortably within Community Bank's ALCO policy limit of ± 10.00 % change in net interest income from the level rate senario in a 100 basis point rise and fall in the prime rate.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

Except as noted below, no reportable events or material developments have occurred since the filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001 and filed on April 16, 2002.

In the case of Community Bancshares, Inc. and Community Bank v. Bryan A. Corr et al., on May 31, 2002, the court denied defendants' motion to dismiss, abate or stay the action. The court did dismiss Community Bank's state law claims against Michael Alred and Michael Bean on the grounds that these claims were compulsory counterclaims in the suit brought by Messrs. Alred and Bean against Community Bank alleging wrongful termination of employment. See Note 5 - Contingencies "Employee Litigation" in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. The court did not dismiss the state law claims of the Company against Messrs. Alred and Bean.

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Company was held on Tuesday, July 2, 2002, at which the following matter was voted upon by the stockholders of the Company:

Election of Class III Directors

Denny G. Kelly, Kennon R. Patterson, Sr. and Merritt M. Robbins were elected to serve as Class III directors of the Company until the annual meeting of stockholders in 2005 or until their successors are elected and qualified. The vote with respect to such election was as follows:

		Votes Cast	
	Votes Cast	Against or	
ame	In Favor	Withheld	

Abst or Nor

Denny G. Kelly	2,901,851	618,283
Kennon R. Patterson, Sr.	2,893,495	626,639
Merritt M. Robbins	2,904,317	615,817

The following directors continued in office following the stockholders meeting:

Name	Term Expires
Day D. Jackson	2003
Roy B. Jackson	2003
Kennon R. Patterson, Jr.	2003
Robert O. Summerford	2003
Jimmie Trotter	2003
Glynn Debter	2004
Loy McGruder	2004
John J. Lewis, Jr.	2004

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Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Exhibits
 - 11 Statement of computation of per share earnings
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company filed two reports on Form 8-K during the quarter ended June 30, 2002 as follows:

June 14, 2002 - Press release commenting on federal indictment charging the owners of Morgan City Construction, Inc. of Union Grove, Alabama with a fraud scheme related to construction projects for Community Bank.

June 14, 2002 - Acquisition or Disposition of Assets - announcing sale of six banking offices in Marshall County, Alabama to Peoples Bank of North Alabama headquartered in Cullman, Alabama as well as the previous sale of two offices in Pulaski, Tennessee and two offices in Rainsville and Ft. Payne, Alabama.

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CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with Community Bancshares, Inc. ("Company") Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2002 ("Report"), each of the

undersigned certify that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 1. 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 14, 2002 By: /s/ Kennon R. Patterson, Sr.

Kennon R. Patterson, Sr.

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: August 14, 2002 By: /s/ Kerri C. Newton

Kerri C. Newton

Chief Financial Officer

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized, in the city of Blountsville, State of Alabama, on August 14, 2002.

COMMUNITY BANCSHARES, INC.

By: /s/ KENNON R. PATTERSON, SR.

Kennon R. Patterson, Sr.

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President

By: /s/ KERRI C. NEWTON

Kerri C. Newton

Chief Financial Officer

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Exhibit 11 - Statements Re: Computation of Per Share Earnings

Community Bancshares, Inc. Computation of Net Income per Common Share

The following tabulation presents the calculation of basic and fully diluted earnings per common share for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001.

	the Three June 2002	30,	2001	Ju 2002
Reported net income (loss)	2,827,022 ======			
Earnings (losses) on common shares	2,827,022			
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	4,642,330	2		4,632,
Earnings per common share- basic Income (loss) from continuing operations	0.61			
Net income (loss)	\$	\$	(0.03)	\$ 0
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	4,642,330 ======			
Earnings per common share- diluted Income (loss) from continuing operations	0.61			
Net income (loss)	\$	\$	(0.03)	\$ 0

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