

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP  
Form 10-Q  
November 14, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly period ended September 30, 2011

OR  
 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 0-24047

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

52-1782444  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

101 Crain Highway, S.E.  
Glen Burnie, Maryland  
(Address of principal executive offices)

21061  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (410) 766-3300

Inapplicable  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year if changed from last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-Accelerated Filer  Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

At November 3, 2011, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant’s common stock was 2,717,907.

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## ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(Dollars in Thousands)

	September 30, 2011 (unaudited)	December 31, 2010 (audited)
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 7,908	\$ 6,492
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	8,921	1,568
Federal funds sold	759	940
Cash and cash equivalents	17,588	9,000
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value	98,038	87,268
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	1,579	1,745
Maryland Financial Bank stock, at cost	30	100
Loans, less allowance for credit losses (September 30: \$3,665; December 31: \$3,400)	226,702	229,851
Premises and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation	4,169	4,124
Other real estate owned	1,197	215
Cash value of life insurance	8,374	7,954
Other assets	4,563	6,810
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 362,240</b>	<b>\$ 347,067</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Deposits	\$ 309,701	\$ 294,444
Short-term borrowings	219	4,274
Long-term borrowings	20,000	20,000
Other liabilities	1,916	2,017
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>331,836</b>	<b>320,735</b>
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>		
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Common stock, par value \$1, authorized 15,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: September 30: 2,717,907 shares; December 31: 2,702,091 shares	2,718	2,702
Surplus	9,438	9,335
Retained earnings	16,725	15,300
Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss), net of taxes (benefits)	1,523	(1,005)
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>30,404</b>	<b>26,332</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 362,240</b>	<b>\$ 347,067</b>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)  
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Interest income on:</b>				
Loans, including fees	\$3,492	\$3,696	\$10,488	\$11,091
U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agency securities	407	482	1,160	1,495
State and municipal securities	408	363	1,191	1,023
Other	42	67	119	183
Total interest income	4,349	4,608	12,958	13,792
<b>Interest expense on:</b>				
Deposits	754	923	2,298	2,867
Short-term borrowings	-	-	4	-
Long-term borrowings	161	266	479	791
Junior subordinated debentures	-	208	-	648
Total interest expense	915	1,397	2,781	4,306
Net interest income	3,434	3,211	10,177	9,486
Provision for credit losses	150	300	375	1,050
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	3,284	2,911	9,802	8,436
<b>Other income:</b>				
Service charges on deposit accounts	151	162	469	480
Other fees and commissions	235	226	631	618
Other non-interest income	(30 )	87	(25 )	90
Income on life insurance	60	67	180	201
Gains on investment securities	85	176	346	176
Total other income	501	718	1,601	1,565
<b>Other expenses:</b>				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,658	1,660	4,936	5,009
Occupancy	211	207	640	627
Impairment of securities and stocks	-	-	92	66
Other expenses	907	862	2,806	2,630
Total other expenses	2,776	2,729	8,474	8,332
Income before income taxes	1,009	900	2,929	1,669
Income tax expense	239	211	692	259
Net income	\$770	\$689	\$2,237	\$1,410

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Basic and diluted earnings per share of common stock	\$0.29	\$0.25	\$0.83	\$0.52
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	2,712,882	2,692,329	2,707,944	2,687,724
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.30	\$0.30

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
 (Dollars in Thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net income	\$770	\$689	\$2,237	\$1,410
Other comprehensive income (loss) , net of tax				
Unrealized gains (losses) securities:				
Unrealized holding gains arising during the period	997	642	2,736	1,855
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) included in net income	(208 )	(106 )	(208 )	(106 )
Comprehensive income	\$1,559	\$1,225	\$4,765	\$3,159

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.



GLEN BURNIE BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 (Dollars in Thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$2,237	\$1,410
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation, amortization, and accretion	989	767
Provision for credit losses	375	1,050
Gains on disposals of assets, net	(352 )	(258 )
Impairment of securities and stocks	92	66
Income on investment in life insurance	(180 )	(201 )
Write-downs of other real estate owned	40	-
<b>Changes in assets and liabilities:</b>		
Decrease in other assets	550	568
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(100 )	538
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>3,651</b>	<b>3,940</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Maturities of available for sale mortgage-backed securities	15,079	14,065
Proceeds from maturities and sales of other investment securities	9,715	4,185
Purchases of investment securities	(31,715 )	(23,708 )
Sales of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	166	45
Purchase of life insurance contracts	(240 )	-
Redemption of common stock in the Glen Burnie Statutory Trust I	-	155
Proceeds from sales of other real estate	285	451
Purchases of other real estate	-	(512 )
Decrease in loans, net	1,467	8,925
Proceeds from the disposition of premises and equipment	10	-
Purchases of premises and equipment	(338 )	(208 )
<b>Net cash (used) provided by investing activities</b>	<b>(5,571 )</b>	<b>3,398</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Increase in deposits, net	15,257	4,126
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings, net	(4,055 )	4
Repayment of long-term borrowings	-	(7,031 )
Dividends paid	(813 )	(808 )
Redemption of guaranteed preferred beneficial interests in Glen Burnie Bancorp junior subordinated debentures	-	(5,155 )
Common stock dividends reinvested	119	124
<b>Net cash provided (used) by financing activities</b>	<b>10,508</b>	<b>(8,740 )</b>

Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,588	(1,402 )
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	9,000	11,434
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$17,588	\$10,032

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)

## NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2010, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and, therefore, do not include all information and notes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the unaudited consolidated financial statements have been included in the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010.

Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 is not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2011.

## NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share of common stock are computed by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are calculated by including the average dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding during the periods. Dilutive common equivalent shares consist of stock options, calculated using the treasury stock method.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Basic and diluted:</b>				
Net income	\$770,000	\$689,000	\$2,237,000	\$1,410,000
Weighted average common shares outstanding	2,712,882	2,692,329	2,707,944	2,687,724
Basic and dilutive net income per share	\$0.29	\$0.25	\$0.83	\$0.52

Diluted earnings per share calculations were not required for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, since there were no options outstanding.

## NOTE 3 – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-20, Receivables (Topic 310), Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. The main objective of this ASU is to provide financial statement users with greater transparency about an entity's allowance for credit losses and the credit quality of its financing receivables. The ASU requires that entities provide additional information to assist financial statement users in assessing their credit risk exposures and evaluating the adequacy of its allowance for credit losses. For the Company, the disclosures as of the end of a reporting period were required for the annual reporting periods ended December 31, 2010. Required disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning January 1, 2011. The adoption of this ASU resulted in additional disclosures in the Company's financial statements regarding its loan portfolio and related allowance for loan losses but does not change the accounting for loans or the allowance. The Company has complied with the reporting requirements as of September 30, 2011.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-02, Receivable (Topic 310), A Creditors Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring. The main objective of the ASU is to clarify a creditor's evaluation of whether in modifying a loan, it has granted a concession in circumstances that qualify the loan as a Troubled Debt Restructured (TDR) loan. These loans are subject to various accounting and disclosure requirements. The ASU is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to the beginning of the annual period of adoption. Certain disclosures are required for loans considered as TDR loans resulting from the application of the ASU that were not considered TDR under prior guidance. The Company has complied with ASU No. 2011-02 as of September 30, 2011.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820), Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. The main objective of the ASU is to conform the requirements for measuring fair value and the disclosure information under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The amendments change the wording used to describe many of the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for the disclosure about fair value measurements. Other amendments clarify existing requirements and change particular principles or requirements for measuring fair value or disclosing information about fair value measurements. The ASU is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011, early application for public entities is not permitted. The Company will review the requirements of ASU No. 2011-04 and comply with its requirements. The adoption of this ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The FASB has issued several exposure drafts which, if adopted, would significantly alter the Company's (and all other financial institutions') method of accounting for, and reporting, its financial assets and some liabilities from a historical cost method to a fair value method of accounting as well as the reported amount of net interest income. Also, the FASB has issued an exposure draft regarding a change in the accounting for leases. Under this exposure draft, the total amount of "lease rights" and total amount of future payments required under all leases would be reflected on the balance sheets of all entities as assets and debt. If the changes under discussion in either of these exposure drafts are adopted, the financial statements of the Company could be materially impacted as to the amounts of recorded assets, liabilities, capital, net interest income, interest expense, depreciation expense, rent expense and net income. The Company has not determined the extent of the possible changes at this time. The exposure drafts are in different stages of review, approval and possible adoption. The FASB is scheduled to complete their deliberations by year end December 31, 2011.

#### NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE

ASC 820-10, formerly SFAS No. 157, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure of fair value measurements.

##### Fair Value Hierarchy

ASC 820-10 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. In accordance with ASC 820-10, these inputs are summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
- Level 2 – Other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices in active markets for similar securities)
- Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs (including the Company's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

In determining the appropriate levels, the Company performs a detailed analysis of the assets and liabilities that are subject to ASC 820-10.

The Company's bond holdings in the investment securities portfolio are the only asset or liability subject to fair value measurements on a recurring basis. No assets are valued under Level 1 inputs at September 30, 2011 or December 31, 2010. The Company has assets measured by fair value measurements on a non-recurring basis during 2011. At September 30, 2011, these assets include 22 loans classified as impaired, which include nonaccrual, past due 90 days

or more and still accruing, or troubled debt restructuring, and a homogeneous pool of indirect loans all considered to be impaired loans, which are valued under Level 3 inputs and two properties classified as OREO valued under Level 2 inputs.

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The changes in the assets subject to fair value measurements are summarized below by Level:

	(Dollars in Thousands)			Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<b>December 31, 2010</b>				
Recurring:				
Investment securities available for sale (AFS)	\$ -	\$ 87,268	\$ -	\$ 87,268
Non-recurring:				
Maryland Financial Bank stock	-	100	-	100
Impaired loans	-	-	9,476	9,476
OREO	-	215	-	215
	-	87,583	9,476	97,059
Activity:				
Investment securities AFS				
Purchases of investment securities	-	31,715	-	31,715
Sales, calls and maturities of investment securities	-	(24,452 )	-	(24,452 )
Amortization/accretion of premium/discount	-	(670 )	-	(670 )
Increase in market value	-	4,199	-	4,199
OTTI on investments	-	(22 )	-	(22 )
Maryland Financial Bank stock				
OTTI on stock	-	(70 )	-	(70 )
Loans				
New impaired loans	-	-	1,054	1,054
Payments and other loan reductions	-	-	(1,090 )	(1,090 )
Change in total provision	-	-	15	15
Loans converted to OREO	-	-	(1,307 )	(1,307 )
OREO				
Write-down to Sale Price	-	(40 )	-	(40 )
OREO converted from loans	-	1,307	-	1,307
Sales of OREO	-	(285 )	-	(285 )
<b>September 30, 2011</b>				
Recurring:				
Investment securities AFS	-	98,038	-	98,038
Non-recurring:				
Maryland Financial Bank stock	-	30	-	30
Impaired loans	-	-	8,148	8,148
OREO	-	1,197	-	1,197
	\$ -	\$ 99,265	\$ 8,148	\$ 107,413

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are summarized below. The fair values of a significant portion of these financial instruments are estimates derived using present value techniques and may not be indicative of the net realizable or liquidation values. Also, the calculation of estimated fair values is based on market conditions at a specific point in time and may not reflect current or future fair values.

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(In Thousands)	September 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<b>Financial assets:</b>				
Cash and due from banks	\$ 7,908	\$ 7,908	\$ 6,492	\$ 6,492
Interest-bearing deposits	8,921	8,921	1,568	1,568
Federal funds sold	759	759	940	940
Investment securities	98,038	98,038	87,268	87,268
Investments in restricted stock	1,579	1,579	1,745	1,745
Ground rents	178	178	178	178
Loans, net	226,702	226,441	229,851	234,426
Accrued interest receivable	1,398	1,398	1,539	1,539
<b>Financial liabilities:</b>				
Deposits	309,701	291,985	294,444	269,480
Short-term borrowings	219	219	4,274	4,274
Long-term borrowings	20,000	21,207	20,000	19,611
Dividends payable	232	232	232	232
Accrued interest payable	77	77	55	55
Off-balance sheet commitments	22,821	22,821	21,762	21,762

Fair values are based on quoted market prices for similar instruments or estimated using discounted cash flows. The discounts used are estimated using comparable market rates for similar types of instruments adjusted to be commensurate with the credit risk, overhead costs and optionality of such instruments.

The fair value of cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, investments in restricted stocks and accrued interest receivable are equal to the carrying amounts. The fair values of investment securities are determined using market quotations. The fair value of loans receivable is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis.

The fair value of non-interest bearing deposits, interest-bearing checking, savings, and money market deposit accounts, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, and accrued interest payable are equal to the carrying amounts. The fair value of fixed-maturity time deposits is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis.

The gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at September 30, 2011 are as follows:

Securities available for sale: (Dollars in Thousands)	Less than 12 months		12 months or more		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
Obligations of U.S. Govt Agencies	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	\$ 0
State and Municipal	1,301	5	1,839	72	3,140	77
Corporate Trust Preferred	0	0	332	301	332	301
Mortgage Backed	13,193	73	1,931	28	15,124	101
	\$14,494	\$ 78	\$4,102	\$ 401	\$18,596	\$ 479

At September 30, 2011, the company owned one pooled trust preferred security issued by Regional Diversified Funding, Senior Notes with a Fitch rating of C. The market for these securities at September 30, 2011 was not active and markets for similar securities were also not active. As a result, the Company had cash flow testing performed as of September 30, 2011 by an unrelated third party in order to measure the possible extent of other-than-temporary-impairment ("OTTI"). This testing assumed future defaults on the currently performing financial institutions of 75 basis points applied annually with a 15% recovery after a two year lag on both current and future defaulting financial institutions. As a result of this testing, a write-down of \$22,000 was taken on this security in the first quarter of 2011.

Maryland Financial Bank stock was written down \$70,000 in the second quarter of 2011 due to a prospectus that offered stock at a discount from par.

Declines in the fair value of held to maturity and available for sale securities below their cost that are deemed to be other than temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses. In estimating other-than-temporary-impairment losses, management considers, among other things, (i) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (ii) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (iii) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

As of September 30, 2011, management had the ability and intent to hold the securities classified as available for sale for a period of time sufficient for a recovery of cost. On September 30, 2011 the Bank held 10 investment securities having continuous unrealized loss positions for more than 12 months. Management has determined that all unrealized losses are either due to increases in market interest rates over the yields available at the time the underlying securities were purchased, current call features that are nearing, and the effect the sub-prime market has had on all mortgage-backed securities. The Bank has no mortgage-backed securities collateralized by sub-prime mortgages. The fair value is expected to recover as the bonds approach their maturity date or repricing date or if market yields for such investments decline. Management does not believe any of the securities are impaired due to reasons of credit quality. Except as noted above, as of September 30, 2011, management believes the impairments detailed in the table above are temporary and no impairment loss has been realized in the Company's consolidated income statement.

A rollforward of the cumulative other-than-temporary credit losses recognized in earnings for all debt securities for which a portion of an other-than-temporary loss is recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss is as follows:

	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
	(Dollars in Thousands)	
Estimated credit losses, beginning of year	\$ 3,155	\$ 2,893
Credit losses - no previous OTTI recognized	-	-
Credit losses - previous OTTI recognized	22	262
Estimated credit losses, end of period	\$ 3,177	\$ 3,155

## ITEM 2.MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Forward-Looking Statements

When used in this discussion and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, the words or phrases “will likely result,” “are expected to,” “will continue,” “is anticipated,” “estimate,” “project” or similar expressions are intended to identify “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made, and readers are advised that various factors could affect the Company’s financial performance and could cause the Company’s actual results for future periods to differ materially from those anticipated or projected. While it is impossible to identify all such factors, such factors include, but are not limited to, those risks identified in the Company’s periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Company does not undertake and specifically disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

### Overview

Glen Burnie Bancorp, a Maryland corporation (the “Company”), and its subsidiaries, The Bank of Glen Burnie (the “Bank”) and GBB Properties, Inc., both Maryland corporations had consolidated net income of \$770,000 (\$0.29 basic and diluted earnings per share) for the third quarter of 2011, compared to the third quarter of 2010 consolidated net income of \$689,000 (\$0.25 basic and diluted income per share), an 11.76% increase. Year-to-date net income was \$2,237,000 (\$0.83 basic and diluted earnings per share) for 2011, compared to the 2010 consolidated net income of \$1,410,000 (\$0.52 basic and diluted income per share), a 58.65% increase. The increases in earnings for the third quarter and year-to-date were primarily due to a decrease in interest expense on deposits, long-term borrowings and junior subordinated debentures and a decrease in the provision for credit losses. The year-to-date also included an increase in gains on investment securities.

### Results Of Operations

**Net Interest Income.** The Company’s consolidated net interest income prior to provision for credit losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$3,434,000 and \$10,177,000, respectively, compared to \$3,211,000 and \$9,486,000 for the same period in 2010, an increase of \$223,000 (6.94%) for the three months and an increase of \$691,000 (7.28%) for the nine months.

Interest income for the third quarter decreased from \$4,608,000 in 2010 to \$4,349,000 in 2011, a 5.62% decrease. Interest income for the nine months decreased from \$13,792,000 in 2010 to \$12,958,000 in 2011, a 6.05% decrease. The interest income decrease for the three and nine month periods were due to a decrease in loan income and interest income on U.S. Government agency securities, partially offset by an increase in income on state and municipal securities.

Interest expense for the third quarter decreased from \$1,397,000 in 2010 to \$915,000 in 2011, a 34.50% decrease. Interest expense for the nine months decreased from \$4,306,000 in 2010 to \$2,781,000 in 2011, a 35.42% decrease. The decreases in interest expense for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 were due to a decrease in interest paid on deposit balances, long-term borrowings and junior subordinated debentures. The reduction in long-term borrowings and junior subordinated debentures was due to the payoff in September 2010 of \$5,155,000 in outstanding 10.6% Trust Preferred Securities, maturing on September 7, 2030 and a \$7 million 5.84%

borrowing from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta.

Net interest margins for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 was 4.41% and 4.41% respectively, compared to tax equivalent net interest margins of 4.02% and 4.07% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 respectively. The expansion of the net interest margin from the 2010 to 2011 periods was primarily due to the reduction in interest expense, as noted above.

Provision for Credit Losses. The Company made a provision for credit losses of \$150,000 and \$375,000 respectively during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011 and \$300,000 and \$1,050,000 respectively for credit losses during the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2010. As of September 30, 2011, the allowance for credit losses equaled 72.43% of non-accrual and past due loans compared to 48.69% at December 31, 2010 and 70.53% at September 30, 2010. During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2011, the Company recorded net (recoveries) charge-offs of (\$80,000) and \$110,000 respectively, compared to net charge-offs of \$132,000 and \$560,000 during the corresponding respective periods of the prior year. On an annualized basis, net charge-offs for the 2011 period represent 0.06% of the average loan portfolio.

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**Other Income.** Other income decreased from \$718,000 for the three month period ended September 30, 2010, to \$501,000 for the corresponding 2011 period, a \$217,000 (30.22%) decrease. For the nine month period, other income increased from \$1,565,000 at September 30, 2010 to \$1,601,000 for the corresponding 2011 period, a \$36,000 (2.30%) increase. The decrease for the three month period was due to a decrease in gains on investment securities and other non-interest income. The increase for the nine month period was due to gains on investment securities, partially offset by a decrease in other income.

**Other Expenses.** Other expenses increased from \$2,729,000 for the three month period ended September 30, 2010, to \$2,776,000 for the corresponding 2011 period, a \$47,000 (1.72%) increase. Other expenses increased from \$8,332,000 for the nine month period ended September 30, 2010, to \$8,474,000 for the corresponding 2011 period, a \$142,000 (1.70%) increase. The increase for the three month period was primarily due to the increase in FDIC, OREO and legal expenses, partially offset by a decrease in employee benefits. The increase for the nine month period was primarily due to increases in FDIC, OREO, audit and legal expenses, offset by a decrease in loan expenses.

**Income Taxes.** During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$239,000 and \$692,000 respectively, compared to income tax expense of \$211,000 and \$259,000 for the same respective periods in 2010. The Company's effective tax rate for the three and nine month periods in 2011 were 23.69% and 23.63%, respectively, compared to 23.44% and 15.52% for the prior year period. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three and nine month periods was due to a decrease in the proportion of tax exempt income included in net interest income.

**Comprehensive Income.** In accordance with regulatory requirements, the Company reports comprehensive income in its financial statements. Comprehensive income consists of the Company's net income, adjusted for unrealized gains and losses on the Bank's investment portfolio of investment securities. For the third quarter of 2011, comprehensive income, net of tax, totaled \$1,559,000, compared to the September 30, 2010 comprehensive income of \$1,225,000. Year-to-date comprehensive income, net of tax, totaled \$4,765,000, as of September 30, 2011, compared to the September 30, 2010 comprehensive income of \$3,159,000. The increase was due to an increase in net income and the net unrealized gains on securities arising during the three and nine month periods.

#### Financial Condition

**General.** The Company's assets increased to \$362,240,000 at September 30, 2011 from \$347,067,000 at December 31, 2010, primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents, securities and other real estate owned, partially offset by a decrease in other assets and loans. The Bank's net loans totaled \$226,702,000 at September 30, 2011, compared to \$229,851,000 at December 31, 2010, a decrease of \$3,149,000 (1.37%), primarily attributable to a decrease in commercial mortgages, land development loans, auto loans and mortgage loans purchased, partially offset by an increase in purchase money mortgages, land mortgages, commercial construction loans and a reduction in mortgage participations sold.

The Company's total investment securities portfolio (investment securities available for sale) totaled \$98,038,000 at September 30, 2011, a \$10,770,000 (12.34%) increase from \$87,268,000 at December 31, 2010. This increase was funded by the increase in deposits received during the nine month period. The Bank's cash and due from banks (cash due from banks, interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions, and federal funds sold), as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$17,588,000, an increase of \$8,588,000 (95.42%) from the December 31, 2010 total of \$9,000,000. This increase comes from the increase in deposits received and a reduction in the loan balance for the nine month period ended September 30, 2011.

Deposits as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$309,701,000, which is an increase of \$15,257,000 (5.18%) from \$294,444,000 at December 31, 2010. Demand deposits as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$74,964,000, which is an

increase of \$6,908,000 (10.15%) from \$68,056,000 at December 31, 2010. NOW accounts as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$23,460,000, which is a decrease of \$223,000 (0.95%) from \$23,683,000 at December 31, 2010. Money market accounts as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$17,969,000, which is an increase of \$1,258,000 (7.53%), from \$16,711,000 at December 31, 2010. Savings deposits as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$56,429,000, which is an increase of \$3,422,000 (6.46%) from \$53,007,000 at December 31, 2010. Certificates of deposit over \$100,000 totaled \$30,710,000 on September 30, 2011, which is a decrease of \$176,000 (0.57%) from \$30,886,000 at December 31, 2010. Other time deposits (made up of certificates of deposit less than \$100,000 and individual retirement accounts) totaled \$106,169,000 on September 30, 2011, which is a \$4,068,000 (3.99%) increase from the \$102,101,000 total at December 31, 2010.

Asset Quality. The following tables set forth the amount of the Bank's current, past due, and non-accrual loans by categories of loans and restructured loans, at the dates indicated.

At September 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)				90 Days or	Total
	Current	30-89 Days Past Due	Still Accruing	Nonaccrual	
Commercial and industrial	\$5,936	\$ 137	\$ -	\$ 1,320	\$7,393
Commercial real estate	65,567	979	-	3,192	69,738
Consumer and indirect	45,556	937	-	42	46,535
Residential real estate	105,479	1,703	19	487	107,688
	\$222,538	\$ 3,756	\$ 19	\$ 5,041	\$231,354

At December 31, 2010 (Dollars in Thousands)				90 Days or	Total
	Current	30-89 Days Past Due	Still Accruing	Nonaccrual	
Commercial and industrial	\$5,735	\$ 98	\$ -	\$ 1,360	\$7,193
Commercial real estate	70,676	1,252	-	4,522	76,450
Consumer and indirect	45,155	1,580	-	125	46,860
Residential real estate	102,707	100	-	976	103,783
	\$224,274	\$ 3,029	\$ -	\$ 6,983	\$234,286

	At September 30, 2011		At December 31, 2010	
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Restructured loans	\$ 2,830		\$ -	
Non-accrual and 90 days or more and still accruing loans to gross loans	2.20	%	2.99	%
Allowance for credit losses to non-accrual and 90 days or more and still accruing loans	72.43	%	48.69	%

At September 30, 2011, there was \$5,760,000 in loans outstanding, included in the current and 30-89 days past due columns in the above table, as to which known information about possible credit problems of borrowers caused management to have serious doubts as to the ability of such borrowers to comply with present loan repayment terms. Such loans consist of loans which were not 90 days or more past due but where the borrower is in bankruptcy or has a history of delinquency, or the loan to value ratio is considered excessive due to deterioration of the collateral or other factors.



Below is a summary of the recorded investment amount and related allowance for losses of the Bank's impaired loans at September 30, 2011.

At September 30, 2011  
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Recorded Investment	Related Allowance for Losses
<b>LOANS WITH SPECIFIC RESERVES:</b>		
Non-accrual loans:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	\$ 239	\$ 26
Commercial	1,673	467
Consumer	-	-
Installment	-	-
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	20	20
Total non-accrual loans	1,932	513
Other Impaired loans:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	1,465	445
Commercial	2,033	550
Consumer	76	20
Installment	-	-
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	725	444
Total Other Impaired loans	4,299	1,459
TDR ** loans:		
Real Estate - Commercial (one loan)	2,818	675
<b>LOANS WITHOUT SPECIFIC RESERVES:</b>		
Non-accrual loans:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	243	1
Commercial	-	-
Consumer	-	-
Installment	42	4
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	-	-
Total non-accrual loans	285	5
Other Impaired:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	24	-
Commercial	1,047	6
Consumer	12	-

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Installment	124	-
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	255	2
Total non-accrual loans	1,462	8
TDR ** loans:		
Commercial (one loan)	12	-

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Below is a summary of the average recorded investment amount and recognized interest income related to the Bank's impaired loans at September 30, 2011.

At September 30, 2011  
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Average Recorded Amount	Income Recorded
<b>LOANS WITH SPECIFIC RESERVES:</b>		
Non-accrual loans:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	\$ 239	\$ -
Commercial	1,699	72
Consumer	-	-
Installment	-	-
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	20	1
Total non-accrual loans	1,958	73
Other Impaired loans:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	1,470	46
Commercial	2,061	105
Consumer	77	7
Installment	-	-
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	741	30
Total Other Impaired loans	4,349	188
TDR ** loans:		
Real Estate - Commercial (one loan)	2,814	-
<b>LOANS WITHOUT SPECIFIC RESERVES:</b>		
Non-accrual loans:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	247	5
Commercial	-	-
Consumer	-	-
Installment	-	-
Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	-	-
Total non-accrual loans	247	5
Other Impaired:		
Real-estate - mortgage:		
Residential	-	-
Commercial	1,054	39
Consumer	-	-
Installment	-	-

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Home Equity	-	-
Commercial	293	16
Total non-accrual loans	1,347	55
TDR ** loans:		
Commercial (one loan)	24	1

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Non-accrual loans with specific reserves at September 30, 2011 are comprised of:

Commercial loans - Two loans to one borrower totaling \$20,000 with \$20,000 of specific reserves established.

Residential Real Estate – Three loans secured by residential property in the amount of \$239,000 with specific reserves established for these loans in the amount of \$26,000.

Commercial Real Estate – Two loans to one borrower in the amount of \$1,673,000, secured by commercial and/or residential properties with specific reserves of \$467,000 established for the loans.

Loans that were restructured by the Bank by categories of loans at September 30, 2011 are as follows:

At September 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)	Number of Contracts	Pre-Modification	Post-Modification
		Outstanding Recorded Investment	Outstanding Recorded Investment
<b>Troubled Debt Restructurings:</b>			
Real Estate - Residential	-	\$ -	\$ -
Real Estate - Commercial	1	2,759	2,818
Commercial	1	99	12
Finance leases	-	-	-

Troubled Debt Restructurings That Subsequently Defaulted	Number of Recorded	
	Contracts	Investment
<b>Troubled Debt Restructurings:</b>		
Real Estate - Residential	-	\$ -
Real Estate - Commercial	1	2,818
Commercial	-	-
Finance leases	-	-

At September 30, 2011, the Bank has one modified commercial loan (done in 2009) in the amount of \$12,000 which modifications qualify the loan as Troubled Debt Restructuring (TDR). The loan is included in the schedule above of accruing impaired loans. This borrower is in compliance with the modified term and is accruing interest. The Bank has one modified commercial real estate loan (done in 2010) in the amount of \$2,818,000 which modifications qualify the loan as Troubled Debt Restructuring (TDR). The loan is included in the schedule above of non-accruing impaired loans. This borrower is not in compliance with the modified term and is not accruing interest.

**Allowance For Credit Losses.** The allowance for credit losses is established through a provision for credit losses charged to expense. Loans are charged against the allowance for credit losses when management believes that the collectability of the principal is unlikely. The allowance, based on evaluations of the collectability of loans and prior loan loss experience, is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on existing loans that may become uncollectible. The evaluations are performed for each class of loans and take into consideration such factors as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, review of specific problem loans, value of collateral securing the loans and current economic conditions and trends that may affect the borrowers' ability to pay. For example, delinquencies in unsecured loans and indirect automobile installment

loans will be reserved for at significantly higher ratios than loans secured by real estate. Based on that analysis, the Bank deems its allowance for credit losses in proportion to the total non-accrual loans and past due loans to be sufficient.

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Transactions in the allowance for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

September 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)	Commercial and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	Consumer and Indirect	Residential Real Estate	Unallocated	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 263	\$ 2,108	\$ 830	\$ 196	\$ 3	\$3,400
Provision for credit losses	305	(95 )	135	447	(417 )	375
Recoveries	4	56	333	1	-	394
Loans charged off	(6 )	-	(494 )	(4 )	-	(504 )
Balance, end of quarter	\$ 566	\$ 2,069	\$ 804	\$ 640	\$ (414 )	\$3,665

Nine Months Ended September 30,  
2011                      2010  
(Dollars in Thousands)

Beginning balance		\$ 3,573
Charge-offs		(1,087 )
Recoveries		527
Net charge-offs		(560 )
Provisions charged to operations		1,050
Ending balance		\$ 4,063
Average loans	\$ 229,665	\$ 231,637
Net charge-offs to average loans (annualized)	0.06 %	0.32 %

During 2011, loans to 62 borrowers and related entities totaling \$504,000 were determined to be uncollectible and were charged off.

Risk ratings of loans by categories of loans at September 30, 2011 are as follows:

September 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)	Commercial and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	Consumer and Indirect	Residential Real Estate	Total
Pass	\$ 5,915	\$ 57,402	\$ 45,124	\$ 105,007	\$ 213,448
Special mention	466	4,765	1,131	977	7,339
Substandard	1,012	7,571	174	1,704	10,461
Doubtful	-	-	106	-	106
Loss	-	-	-	-	-
	\$ 7,393	\$ 69,738	\$ 46,535	\$ 107,688	\$ 231,354





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Loans classified by the Bank as impaired by categories of loans at September 30, 2011 are as follows:

September 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)	Commercial and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	Consumer and Indirect	Residential Real Estate	Total
<b>Individually evaluated impaired balance:</b>					
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 794	\$ 8,999	\$ 78	\$ 1,163	\$ 11,034
Originations	-	-	-	-	-
Sales/repayments	(107 )	(1,428 )	(2 )	(508 )	(2,045 )
Charge-offs	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to/from individually impaired	325	-	-	1,292	1,617
Balance, end of quarter	\$ 1,012	\$ 7,571	\$ 76	\$ 1,947	\$ 10,606
Fair value of ending balance	\$ 545	\$ 5,873	\$ 57	\$ 1,475	\$ 7,950
<b>Collectively evaluated impaired balance:</b>					
Balance, beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 389	\$ -	\$ 389
Originations	-	-	-	-	-
Sales/repayments	-	-	(12 )	-	(12 )
Charge-offs	(7 )	-	(494 )	(4 )	(505 )
Transfers to/from collectively impaired	7	-	295	28	330
Balance, end of quarter	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 178	\$ 24	\$ 202
Fair value of ending balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 174	\$ 24	\$ 198

The allowance for credit losses on loans classified by the Bank as impaired by categories of loans at September 30, 2011 is as follows:

September 30, 2011 (Dollars in Thousands)	Commercial and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	Consumer and Indirect	Residential Real Estate	Total
<b>Allowance for individually evaluated impaired:</b>					
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 183	\$ 1,701	\$ 21	\$ 34	\$ 1,939
Provision for credit losses	281	(16 )	-	440	705
Recoveries	3	7	-	1	11
Loans charged off	(3 )	-	(1 )	(4 )	(8 )
Balance, end of quarter	\$ 464	\$ 1,692	\$ 20	\$ 471	\$ 2,647
<b>Allowance for collectively evaluated impaired:</b>					
Balance, beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8	\$ -	\$ 8
Provision for credit losses	2	(16 )	157	1	144
Recoveries	-	22	333	-	355

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Loans charged off	-	-	(494 )	-	(494 )
Balance, end of quarter	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 13

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Reserve for Unfunded Commitments. As of September 30, 2011, the Bank had outstanding commitments totaling \$22,821,000. These outstanding commitments consisted of letters of credit, undrawn lines of credit, and other loan commitments. The following table shows the Bank's reserve for unfunded commitments arising from these transactions:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2011	2010
	(Dollars in Thousands)	
Beginning balance	\$ 200	\$ 200
Provisions charged to operations	-	-
Ending balance	\$ 200	\$ 200

Contractual Obligations and Commitments. No material changes, outside the normal course of business, have been made during the third quarter of 2011.

#### Market Risk and Interest Rate Sensitivity

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in the fair value of financial instruments due to changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity pricing. The Company's principal market risk is interest rate risk that arises from its lending, investing and deposit taking activities. The Company's profitability is dependent on the Bank's net interest income. Interest rate risk can significantly affect net interest income to the degree that interest bearing liabilities mature or reprice at different intervals than interest earning assets. The Bank's Asset/Liability and Risk Management Committee oversees the management of interest rate risk. The primary purpose of the committee is to manage the exposure of net interest margins to unexpected changes due to interest rate fluctuations. The Company does not utilize derivative financial or commodity instruments or hedging strategies in its management of interest rate risk. The primary tool used by the committee to monitor interest rate risk is a "gap" report which measures the dollar difference between the amount of interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities subject to repricing within a given time period. These efforts affect the loan pricing and deposit rate policies of the Company as well as the asset mix, volume guidelines, and liquidity and capital planning.

The following table sets forth the Company's interest-rate sensitivity at September 30, 2011.

	0-3 Months	Over 3 to 12 Months	Over 1 Through 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total
	(Dollars in Thousands)				
<b>Assets:</b>					
Cash and due from banks	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$16,829
Federal funds and overnight deposits	759	-	-	-	759
Securities	-	-	1,051	96,987	98,038
Loans	15,890	8,549	70,584	131,679	226,702
Fixed assets	-	-	-	-	4,169
Other assets	-	-	-	-	15,743
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$16,649</b>	<b>\$8,549</b>	<b>\$71,635</b>	<b>\$228,666</b>	<b>\$362,240</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Demand deposit accounts	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$74,964
NOW accounts	23,460	-	-	-	23,460
Money market deposit accounts	17,969	-	-	-	17,969
Savings accounts	56,429	-	-	-	56,429
IRA accounts	2,989	10,550	26,192	1,646	41,377
Certificates of deposit	16,852	35,647	42,525	478	95,502
Short-term borrowings	219	-	-	-	219
Long-term borrowings	-	-	-	20,000	20,000
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	1,916
Stockholders' equity:	-	-	-	-	30,404
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$117,918</b>	<b>\$46,197</b>	<b>\$68,717</b>	<b>\$22,124</b>	<b>\$362,240</b>
<b>GAP</b>	<b>\$(101,269 )</b>	<b>\$(37,648 )</b>	<b>\$2,918</b>	<b>\$206,542</b>	
<b>Cumulative GAP</b>	<b>\$(101,269 )</b>	<b>\$(138,917 )</b>	<b>\$(135,999 )</b>	<b>\$70,543</b>	
<b>Cumulative GAP as a % of total assets</b>	<b>-27.96 %</b>	<b>-38.35 %</b>	<b>-37.54 %</b>	<b>19.47 %</b>	

The foregoing analysis assumes that the Company's assets and liabilities move with rates at their earliest repricing opportunities based on final maturity. Mortgage backed securities are assumed to mature during the period in which they are estimated to prepay and it is assumed that loans and other securities are not called prior to maturity. Certificates of deposit and IRA accounts are presumed to reprice at maturity. NOW savings accounts are assumed to reprice at within three months although it is the Company's experience that such accounts may be less sensitive to changes in market rates.

In addition to GAP analysis, the Bank utilizes a simulation model to quantify the effect a hypothetical immediate plus or minus 200 basis point change in rates would have on net interest income and the economic value of equity. The model takes into consideration the effect of call features of investments as well as prepayments of loans in periods of declining rates. When actual changes in interest rates occur, the changes in interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities may differ from the assumptions used in the model. As of September 30, 2011, the model produced the following sensitivity profile for net interest income and the economic value of equity.

#### Immediate Change in Rates

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	-200 Basis Points		-100 Basis Points		+100 Basis Points		+200 Basis Points	
% Change in Net Interest Income	-4.3	%	-2.4	%	2.1	%	1.8	%
% Change in Economic Value of Equity	-22.5	%	-13.9	%	0.8	%	-7.4	%

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## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company currently has no business other than that of the Bank and does not currently have any material funding commitments. The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash on hand and dividends received from the Bank. The Bank is subject to various regulatory restrictions on the payment of dividends.

The Bank's principal sources of funds for investments and operations are net income, deposits from its primary market area, principal and interest payments on loans, interest received on investment securities and proceeds from maturing investment securities. Its principal funding commitments are for the origination or purchase of loans and the payment of maturing deposits. Deposits are considered a primary source of funds supporting the Bank's lending and investment activities.

The Bank's most liquid assets are cash and cash equivalents, which are cash on hand, amounts due from financial institutions, federal funds sold, certificates of deposit with other financial institutions that have an original maturity of three months or less and money market mutual funds. The levels of such assets are dependent on the Bank's operating, financing and investment activities at any given time. The variations in levels of cash and cash equivalents are influenced by deposit flows and anticipated future deposit flows. The Bank's cash and cash equivalents (cash due from banks, interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions, and federal funds sold), as of September 30, 2011, totaled \$17,588,000, an increase of \$8,588,000 (95.42%) from the December 31, 2010 total of \$9,000,000.

As of September 30, 2011, the Bank was permitted to draw on a \$49,305,000 line of credit from the FHLB of Atlanta. Borrowings under the line are secured by a floating lien on the Bank's residential mortgage loans. As of September 30, 2011, there were \$20.0 million in long-term convertible advances outstanding with various monthly and quarterly call features and with final maturities through August 2018. In addition, the Bank has two unsecured federal funds lines of credit in the amount of \$3.0 million from a commercial bank and a \$5.0 million from a financial bank, of which nothing was outstanding as of September 30, 2011.

The Company's stockholders' equity increased \$4,072,000 (15.46%) during the nine months ended September 30, 2011, due mainly to a decrease in other comprehensive loss, net of taxes, and an increase in retained net income from the period. The Company's accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss), net of taxes (benefits) increased by \$2,528,000 (251.54%) from (\$1,005,000) at December 31, 2010 to \$1,523,000 at September 30, 2011, as a result of an increase in the market value of securities classified as available for sale. Retained earnings increased by \$1,425,000 (9.31%) as the result of the Company's net income for the nine months, partially offset by dividends. Common stock and surplus increased due to dividend reinvestment during the nine months of 2011. In addition, \$118,613 was transferred within stockholders' equity in consideration for shares to be issued under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan in lieu of cash dividends.

The Federal Reserve Board and the FDIC have established guidelines with respect to the maintenance of appropriate levels of capital by bank holding companies and state non-member banks, respectively. The regulations impose two sets of capital adequacy requirements: minimum leverage rules, which require bank holding companies and banks to maintain a specified minimum ratio of capital to total assets, and risk-based capital rules, which require the maintenance of specified minimum ratios of capital to "risk-weighted" assets. At September 30, 2010, the Bank was in full compliance with these guidelines with a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 7.92%, a Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio of 13.09% and a total risk-based capital ratio of 14.30%.

## Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's accounting policies are more fully described in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 and are essential to understanding Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

Condition and Results of Operations. As discussed there, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Since future events and their effects cannot be determined with absolute certainty, the determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment. Management has used the best information available to make the estimations necessary to value the related assets and liabilities based on historical experience and on various assumptions which are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and such differences may be material to the financial statements. The Company reevaluates these variables as facts and circumstances change. Historically, actual results have not differed significantly from the Company's estimates. The following is a summary of the more judgmental accounting estimates and principles involved in the preparation of the Company's financial statements, including the identification of the variables most important in the estimation process:

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Allowance for Credit Losses. The Bank's allowance for credit losses is determined based upon estimates that can and do change when the actual events occur, including historical losses as an indicator of future losses, fair market value of collateral, and various general or industry or geographic specific economic events. The use of these estimates and values is inherently subjective and the actual losses could be greater or less than the estimates. For further information regarding the Bank's allowance for credit losses, see "Allowance for Credit Losses", above.

Accrued Taxes. Management estimates income tax expense based on the amount it expects to owe various tax authorities. Accrued taxes represent the net estimated amount due or to be received from taxing authorities. In estimating accrued taxes, management assesses the relative merits and risks of the appropriate tax treatment of transactions taking into account statutory, judicial and regulatory guidance in the context of the Company's tax position.

#### ITEM 4.CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that is designed to provide reasonable assurance that information, which is required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and is accumulated and communicated to management in a timely manner. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated this system of disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, and have concluded that the system is effective. There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.



PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6.

EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-A filed December 27, 1999, File No. 0-24047)
- 3.2 Articles of Amendment, dated October 8, 2003 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended March 31, 2003, File No. 0-24047)
- 3.3 Articles Supplementary, dated November 16, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 8, 1999, File No. 0-24047)
- 3.4 By-Laws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended March 31, 2003, File No. 0-24047)
- 4.1 Rights Agreement, dated as of February 13, 1998, between Glen Burnie Bancorp and The Bank of Glen Burnie, as Rights Agent, as amended and restated as of December 27, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant's Form 8-A filed December 27, 1999, File No. 0-24047)
- 10.1 Glen Burnie Bancorp Director Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8, File No. 33-62280)
- 10.2 The Bank of Glen Burnie Employee Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8, File No. 33-46943)
- 10.3 Amended and Restated Change-in-Control Severance Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2001, File No. 0-24047)
- 31.1 Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certifications
- 101 Interactive data files providing financial information from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011 in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, and (v) Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GLEN BURNIE BANCORP  
(Registrant)

Date: November 8, 2011

By: /s/ Michael G. Livingston.  
Michael G. Livingston  
President, Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ John E. Porter  
John E. Porter  
Chief Financial Officer