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DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL INC  
Form 10QSB  
August 20, 2001

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

[ X ] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended: June 30, 2001

[ ] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities  
Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 0-12806

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC.

-----  
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

UTAH

87-0367267

-----  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation  
or organization)

-----  
(IRS employer  
identification no.)

3820 West Great Lakes Drive  
Salt Lake City, Utah

84120

-----  
(Address of principal executive offices)

-----  
(Zip Code)

(801) 973-9500

-----  
(Issuer's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

-----  
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,  
if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section  
13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for  
such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and  
(2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. X Yes No  
--- --

The Company had 6,095,640 shares of common stock outstanding at August 17, 2001.

The aggregate market value of voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Company  
at August 17, 2001 was \$346,349.

Transitional small business disclosure format. Yes X No  
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DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000.....

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended  
June 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.....

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months ended  
June 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.....

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended  
June 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.....

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.....

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation.....

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.....

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds.....

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.....

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

June 30,  
2001

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(Unaudited)

CURRENT ASSETS:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,98
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$13,739 and \$56,800, at June 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 respectively (note 2)	167,43
Accounts receivable-other	154,96
Inventories (note 2)	1,057,56
Prepaid expenses and other	90,16
Net assets of discontinued operations	

-----  
Total current assets 1,487,10  
-----

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost:

Building and improvements	2,865,00
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2,967,59
	5,832,59
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	2,499,77

-----  
Net property and equipment 3,332,81  
-----

GOODWILL AND OTHER IDENTIFIABLE INTANGIBLES, net (note 2) 129,17

DEFERRED LOAN COSTS, net of accumulated amortization of \$66,646 and \$56,001, respectively

OTHER ASSETS 32,51

-----  
\$ 4,981,61  
=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

3

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFECIT) EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

Short-term note payable	\$ 127,
Current portion of long-term debt	
Current portion of capital lease obligations	65,
Accounts payable	1,414,

June 30  
2001  
-----

(Unaudite

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Notes payable-related party	120,
Accrued expenses	553,
Accrued advertising	262,
Accrued royalties payable	173,
Net liabilities of discontinued operations	19,
	-----
Total current liabilities	2,736,
DEFERRED GAIN ON SALE OF ASSET	225,
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS, net of current portion	2,857,
	-----
Total liabilities	5,819,
	-----
STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFECIT) EQUITY (note 3):	
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized and 6,095,640 and 5,745,640 shares outstanding at June 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively	60,
Additional paid-in capital	10,341,
Accumulated deficit	(11,240,
	-----
Net stockholders' (deficit) equity	(837,
	-----
Total Liabilities and Stockholders (Deficit) Equity	\$ 4,981,
	=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

4

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months ended June 30, 2001
	----- (Unaudited)
PRODUCT SALES	\$ 1,255,830
COST OF SALES	(678,182)
	-----
Gross Margin	577,648
	-----

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OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:	
Selling expenses	496,444
General and administrative	478,358
Research and development	-
	-----
Total operating costs and expenses	974,802
	-----
Operating loss from continuing operations	(397,154)
	-----
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	
Interest expense	(125,311)
Equity in loss of affiliate (note 5)	(40,106)
Other income (expense)	(55,165)
	-----
Total other expense, net	(220,582)
	-----
Loss from continuing operations before income tax benefit	(617,736)
	-----
INCOME TAX BENEFIT	
	-
	-----
Loss from continuing operations	(617,736)
	-----
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:	
Income from operations of discontinued home storage and organization segment net of income tax	-
	-----
Net loss	\$ (617,736)
	=====
LOSS PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS- BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (.11)
	=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS- BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ -
	=====
NET LOSS PER SHARE- BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (.11)
	=====
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES-BASIC AND DILUTED	5,838,973
	=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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	Six months ended June 30, 2001
	----- (Unaudited)
PRODUCT SALES	\$ 3,198,462
COST OF SALES	(1,659,609)
	-----
Gross Margin	1,538,853
	-----
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:	
Selling expenses	1,096,235
General and administrative	1,054,847
Research and development	-
	-----
Total operating costs and expenses	2,151,082
	-----
Operating loss from continuing operations	(612,229)
	-----
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	
Interest expense	(251,362)
Equity in loss of affiliate (note 5)	(59,582)
Other income (expense)	(55,105)
	-----
Total other expense, net	(366,049)
	-----
Loss from continuing operations before income tax benefit	(978,278)
	-----
INCOME TAX BENEFIT	-
	-----
Loss from continuing operations	(978,278)
	-----
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:	
Income from operations of discontinued home storage and organization segment net of income tax	-
	-----
Net loss	\$ (978,278)
	=====
LOSS PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS- BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (.17)
	=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS- BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ -
	=====
NET LOSS PER SHARE- BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (.17)
	=====

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WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES - BASIC AND DILUTED

5,792,046

=====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

6

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Six months ended June 30, 2001
	----- (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net loss	\$ (978,278)
Net income from discontinued operations	-
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	246,705
Amortization of deferred loan costs	10,645
Amortization of deferred gain on sale of assets	(6,161)
Forgiveness of liquidated damages related to convertible debenture	-
Non-cash interest expense on re-issuance of common stock shares	-
Gain on sale of assets	(16,334)
Provision for losses on accounts receivable	(43,061)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Trade accounts receivable	682,051
Accounts receivable-other	(154,965)
Inventories	193,489
Prepaid expenses	10,932
Other assets	59,469
Accounts payable	44,364
Accrued expenses	17,538
Accrued advertising	(102,156)
Accrued royalties	68,865
	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operating activities	33,103
Net cash provided by discontinued operating activities	198,063
	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	231,166
	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Net proceeds from the sale of assets	16,474
Purchase of property and equipment	(3,371)
	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing investing activities	13,103
Net cash used in discontinued investing activities	-
	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	13,103

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CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Net borrowings (payments) on line of credit	(357,754)
Net payments on long-term debt	(81,175)
Net principal payments on capital lease obligations	(36,894)
Proceeds from related party note payable	150,000
Payments on related party note payable	(30,000)
Payment to retire convertible debenture	-
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock related to private placement	-
Proceeds from common stock subscribed	-
Proceeds from re-issuance of common stock	-
-----	
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing financing activities	(355,823)
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued financing activities	-
-----	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(355,823)
-----	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(111,554)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	128,536
-----	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE PERIOD	\$ 16,982
=====	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

7

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

	Six months ended June 30, 2001
	-----
	(Unaudited)
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	
Cash paid for interest	\$ 246,530
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Issuance of common stock pursuant to settlement agreement	24,500
Building and equipment acquired under capital leases	-
Conversion of Convertible Debentures and accrued interest for common stock	-
Common stock subscription receivable	-

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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

8

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS  
-----

Dynatec International, Inc., a Utah corporation ("Dynatec" or the "Company"), is a manufacturer and distributor of consumer products in the following major product lines: telecommunication headsets and amplifiers and telephone accessories, and flashlights. Dynatec is located in Salt Lake City, Utah. The Company conducts most of its operations through its wholly owned subsidiaries: Softalk, Inc., SofTalk Communications, Inc., Arnco Marketing, Inc., and Nordic Technologies, Inc. Unless specified to the contrary herein, references to Dynatec or to the Company refer to the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

The Company's business follows seasonal trends. As a result the Company experiences its highest revenues in the fourth quarter. Because the Company sells its products primarily to major retailers, the Company's sales performance is significantly dependent on the performance of those retailers.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for Form 10-QSB, and accordingly, do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which consist only of normal recurring adjustments, which are necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows as of June 30, 2001, and for the periods presented herein. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000.

The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2001 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the remainder of the year ending December 31, 2001.

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES  
-----

Receivables sold with no recourse

The Company has sold portions of its trade accounts receivable to a financing institution with no recourse. The buyer retains a portion of the amounts for which the receivables were sold as reserves, which are released to the Company as payments are made by the Company's customers less a discount rate of 1% of the gross face amount of each account purchased if paid in the first ten days and an additional .0556 of 1% per day until the account is paid in

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full.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting principally of telecommunication headsets and amplifiers and telephone accessories, flashlights, and other miscellaneous products as of June 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively, are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2001	December 31, 2000
	-----	-----
Raw materials.....	\$ 279,338	\$ 423,667
Work-in-Process.....	66,832	65,390
Finished Goods.....	711,393	761,995
	-----	-----
	\$ 1,057,563	\$ 1,251,052
	=====	=====

9

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-(continued)

Basic and Diluted Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Basic net loss per common share is calculated based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the periods presented. Diluted loss per common share is the amount of loss for the period for each share of common stock outstanding during the reporting period and for each share that would have been outstanding assuming the issuance of common shares for all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period.

In calculating net loss per share for the six months ended June 30, 2001, and 2000, warrants and options to purchase 787,750 and 766,750 potential common shares, respectively, are not included in the computation of diluted net loss per common share as their effect would have been anti-dilutive, thereby decreasing the net loss per common share.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired from Transworld Products, Inc. (Transworld) on July 15, 1999. The goodwill is being amortized using the straight-line basis over two years. The balance as of June 30, 2001 and December 31, 2000 was as follows:

	2001	2000
	-----	-----
Goodwill	\$ 34,306	\$ 34,306

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Accumulated amortization	34,306	25,729
	-----	-----
	\$ -	\$ 8,577
	=====	=====

(3) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
-----

On June 7, 2001 the Company entered into a settlement and release agreement with Grandur, Inc. ("Grandur"). As consideration for Grandur's execution and delivery of the agreement the Company issued and transferred to Grandur 350,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock.

(4) BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION  
-----

Information as to the operations of the Company in different business segments is set forth below based on the nature of the products and services offered. Management evaluates performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is business segment operating income before non-cash amortization of intangible assets ("EBITDA"). The accounting policies of the business segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

	(Rounded) THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
REVENUES:	2001	2000
-----	-----	-----
Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories.....	\$1,130,000	\$1,565,000
Flashlights.....	84,000	517,000
Hardware/houseware.....	42,000	197,000
	-----	-----
Total.....	\$1,256,000	\$2,279,000
	=====	=====

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(4) BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)  
-----

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
OPERATING LOSS:	2001	2000
-----	-----	-----

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Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories.....	\$ (264,000)	\$ (109,000)
Flashlights.....	(105,000)	(369,000)
Hardware/houseware.....	(28,000)	(119,000)
Total.....	\$ (397,000)	\$ (597,000)

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (1):	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2001	2000
Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories.....	\$106,000	\$104,000
Flashlights.....	11,000	36,000
Hardware/houseware.....	1,000	15,000
Total.....	\$118,000	\$155,000

(1) Amortization includes all amortization relating to product license rights, non-compete agreements and purchased patents.

Information as to the assets and capital expenditures of Dynatec International, Inc. is as follows:

ASSETS:	JUNE 30, 2001	DECEMBER 31, 2000
Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories.....	\$ 3,379,000	\$ 4,098,000
Flashlights.....	1,025,000	1,111,000
Hardware/Houseware.....	283,000	554,000
Discontinued operations.....	-	179,000
Total assets for reportable segments.....	4,687,000	5,942,000
Other assets.....	33,000	92,000
Deferred loan costs and other assets not allocated to segments.....	262,000	240,000
Consolidated total.....	\$ 4,982,000	\$ 6,274,000

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CAPITAL EXPENDITURES:	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2001	2000
Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories.....	-	\$ 17,000
Flashlights.....	-	7,000
Hardware/Houseware.....	-	6,000
Total.....	\$ -	\$ 30,000

11

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(4) BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information as to the Company's operations in different geographical areas is as follows:

REVENUES:	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2001	2000
United States.....	\$1,235,000	\$2,172,000
Other (1).....	21,000	107,000
Total.....	\$1,256,000	\$2,279,000

(1) Includes Canada, Europe and other miscellaneous.

THREE MONTHS ENDED  
JUNE 30,

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OPERATING LOSS:	2001	2000
-----	-----	-----
United States.....	(397,000)	(597,000)
	=====	=====

	JUNE 30, 2001	DECEMBER 31, 2000
ASSETS:		
-----	-----	-----
United States.....	\$ 4,724,000	\$ 5,978,000
Asia.....	257,000	296,000
	-----	-----
Total.....	\$ 4,981,000	\$ 6,274,000
	=====	=====

(5) JOINT VENTURE  
-----

In January 2001, the Company's Nordic Technologies, Inc. subsidiary ("Nordic") formed a joint venture called Nordic ASI, L.L.C. that is owned 50% by Nordic and 50% by Sarkat International, L.L.C., a Utah limited liability company that is owned, in part, by Reed Newbold, who is a member of the Company's board of directors. Nordic ASI was formed specifically to enable the Company to pursue sales of its flashlight product line (and other flashlights and products not then offered by the Company) in the advertising, specialty and promotional market (the "ASI Market"). Prior to the formation of Nordic ASI, the Company was not engaged directly in the ASI Market, although until the end of 2000, it was a supplier of flashlight products to one or more companies that sell in the ASI Market. As its capital contribution, the Company contributed rights to sell its products in the ASI Market to Nordic ASI, and agreed to incur the administrative expense associated with operating Nordic ASI and marketing its products for a period of two years. For its capital contribution, Sarkat agreed to provide \$200,000 of debt financing to Nordic ASI to enable it to start up its operations. Profits and losses of Nordic ASI will be allocated 70% to Nordic and 30% to Sarkat. Nordic ASI obtained the \$200,000 of debt financing provided by Sarkat and has commenced its business of selling to the ASI Market by ordering LED flashlights provided by an unaffiliated third party. The Company believes that, given its current financial condition, it could not have commenced any sales effort in the ASI Market or supplemented its product line for that market absent the formation of the joint venture with Sarkat.

(6) GOING CONCERN  
-----

Based on current operations, the Company believes that its present sources of liquidity will not be adequate to meet its projected requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, scheduled debt service requirements and other general corporate purposes for the remainder of the year 2001. The Company is currently pursuing additional sources of liquidity in the form of traditional commercial credit or additional sales of the Company's debt or equity securities to finance its ongoing operations. Additionally, the Company has entered into

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(6) GOING CONCERN-(continued)  
-----

interim financing transactions, including \$120,000 of revolving unsecured credit provided by an entity affiliated with a member of the Company's board of directors. The Company also is pursuing other types of commercial and private financing which could involve sales of the Company's assets or sales of one or more operating divisions. The Company's sales have been adversely affected by the Company's reduced credit availability and lack of access to other financing because of its reduced ability to purchase product to fill existing orders. On August 14, 2001 due to cash flow constraints the Company reduced its workforce by approximately 60%. This reduction in force will adversely affect the Company's ability to fill existing orders. If additional financing is not obtained in the near future, the Company will be required to more significantly curtail its operations or seek protection under bankruptcy laws.

(7) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS  
-----

On July 12, 2001 the Company executed a convertible debenture agreement (the "Convertible Debenture"). Under the convertible debenture, the Company issued a convertible debenture in the aggregate principal amount of \$250,000 plus interest at a rate per annum equal to six percent, with interest being paid quarterly as of January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year. The principal amount of the debenture is convertible at any time into common stock in the Company at a price of \$0.07 per share, which was the closing bid price of the Company's common stock on July 12, 2001, as quoted on the OTC Electronic Bulletin Board. If after three years the debenture has not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock or redeemed or called for redemption by the Company the debenture shall automatically convert into a two-year fully amortizing term loan.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain information relating to the operations of the Company expressed in dollars (rounded) and percentage changes from period to period. Data in the table reflects the consolidated results of the Company for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively. As supplemental information, the table also segregates the Company's revenues by product line type.

(Rounded) For the Three Months Ended			(Rounded) For the Six Months Ended	
JUNE 30, 2001	JUNE 30, 2000	% OF CHG FROM 2000 TO 2001	JUNE 30, 2001	JUNE 30, 2000
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

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Unaudited Statement of Operations  
Data:

Product sales.....	\$1,256,000	\$2,279,000	(44.9)%	\$3,198,000	\$ 4,930,000
Cost of sales.....	678,000	1,415,000	(52.1)	1,660,000	2,859,000
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Gross margin.....	578,000	864,000	(33.1)	1,538,000	2,071,000
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Operating Costs and Expenses:					
Selling expenses.....	497,000	781,000	(36.4)	1,096,000	1,696,000
General and administrative	478,000	623,000	(23.3)	1,055,000	1,421,000
Research and development..	-	57,000	(100.0)	-	152,000
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total operating costs and Expenses.....	975,000	1,461,000	(33.3)	2,151,000	3,269,000
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Other Income (Expense), net:					
Interest expense.....	(125,000)	(157,000)	(20.4)	(251,000)	(292,000)
Equity in loss of affiliate	(40,000)	-	-	(59,000)	-
Other income (expense)....	(56,000)	(169,000)	(66.9)	(55,000)	(167,000)
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total other income (expense).....	(221,000)	(326,000)	(32.2)	(365,000)	(459,000)
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Loss from continuing operations.....	(618,000)	(923,000)	(33.0)	(978,000)	(1,657,000)
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Discontinued Operations:					
Income from discontinued operations	-	110,000	(100.0)	-	336,000
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Net loss.....	\$ (618,000)	\$ (813,000)	(24.0)%	\$ (978,000)	\$ (1,321,000)
	=====	=====		=====	=====
Unaudited Supplemental Information:					
Revenue by product line type:					
Telecommunication headsets and amplifiers and telephone accessories.....	\$1,130,000	\$1,565,000	(27.8)%	\$2,844,000	\$ 3,431,000
Flashlights.....	84,000	517,000	(83.8)	285,000	1,105,000
Hardware/houseware.....	42,000	197,000	(78.7)	69,000	394,000
	-----	-----		-----	-----
Total product sales.....	\$1,256,000	\$2,279,000	(44.9)%	\$3,198,000	\$ 4,930,000
	=====	=====		=====	=====

The following are explanations of significant period-to-period changes for the three months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000:

Revenues

Total Product Sales. Total product sales decreased by \$1,023,000, or 44.9%, from \$2,279,000 to \$1,256,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000.

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Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories. Sales of telecommunication headsets and amplifiers and telephone accessories decreased \$435,000, or 27.8%, from \$1,565,000 to \$1,130,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is primarily related to decreases in sales of the Company's telephone headsets and amplifiers of \$217,000, shoulder rest products of \$71,000, and \$147,000 in other telephone accessory products. Overall gross margins for this product line decreased to 52.7% from 53.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000, as a result of the sales mix.

Flashlights. Flashlight revenues decreased \$433,000, or 83.8%, from \$517,000 to \$84,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of the Company's decision to move its flashlight manufacturing to a different Asian supplier causing some short-term delays in the delivery of product and to the Company's decreased credit availability and lack of alternate capital resources. Overall gross margins for products in this category increased from 0.7% to 19.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2001 when compared to June 30, 2000, as a result of a decrease in material costs of the products due to a change in the manufacturer.

Hardware/houseware. Hardware/houseware revenues decreased \$155,000, or 78.7%, from \$197,000 to \$42,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease is primarily attributable to the loss of the Company's main customer in the doorstops product

14

line as a result of an increase in the Company's pricing. Overall gross margins for products in this category increased from 33.7% to 43.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to June 30, 2000, as a result of the increase in pricing.

### Operating Costs and Expenses

Selling Expenses. Selling expenses decreased \$284,000, or 36.4%, from \$781,000 to \$497,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is due in part to a decrease in salaries for sales personnel of \$107,000 due to a reduction in force of the sales staff, as well as decreases in commissions paid to outside sales representatives of \$63,000, freight expenses of \$57,000, travel related expenses of \$17,000, consulting fees of \$16,000 and royalties of \$12,000.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased \$145,000, or 23.3%, from \$623,000 to \$478,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily the result of a decrease in legal and accounting fees of \$75,000, as well as a decrease of \$30,000 in salaries paid as a result of the Company's reductions in force, a decrease in office and computer supplies of \$24,000, consulting fees of \$18,000, employee recruitment and education expenses of \$7,000 and a decrease of \$16,000 in travel related expenses. These decreases were offset in part by an increase in bank charges of \$13,000 and bad debt expense of \$12,000.

Research and Development. Research and development decreased by \$57,000, or 100.0%, from \$57,000 to \$-0- for the three months ended June 30,

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2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease was primarily attributable to the completion in 2000 of the Company's research and development efforts associated with the Company's flashlight line to improve the function and appearance of the products.

**Total Operating Costs and Expenses.** Total operating costs and expenses decreased by \$486,000, or 33.3%, from \$1,461,000 to \$975,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000, for the reasons discussed above.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense decreased \$32,000, or 20.4%, from \$157,000 to \$125,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is primarily the result of the Company's reduction in interest expenses related to its revolving credit facility. These decreases were offset in part by an increase in interest expense related to the Company's joint venture and financing arrangement with Sarkat International, LLC (see note 5 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements).

**Equity in loss of affiliate.** Equity in loss of affiliate increased by \$40,000 from -0- to \$(40,000) for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is attributable to the Company's joint venture with Sarkat International, LLC (see note 5 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements).

**Other income (expense).** Other income (expense) decreased by \$113,000 from \$(169,000) to \$(56,000) for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. The increase is due to the one time non-cash expense of \$169,000 related to the April 4, 2000 recognition as having been previously issued of 208,000 shares of the Company's common stock as well as an increase in the gain on sale of assets of \$16,000. These increases were offset in part by \$70,000 of accrued severance expenses related to the termination of the Company's former Sr. Vice President of Sales.

**Discontinued operations.** Income from discontinued operations decreased \$110,000 from \$110,000 to -0- for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is attributable to the sale of the assets of the Company's Neat Things! (TM) home organization and storage product line in November 2000.

**Net Loss.** The net loss decreased by \$195,000, or 24.0%, from \$813,000 to \$618,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000 due to the factors described above.

The following are explanations of significant period-to-period changes for the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000:

15

### Revenues

**Total Product Sales.** Total product sales decreased by \$1,732,000 or 35.1% from \$4,930,000 to \$3,198,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000.

**Telecommunication Headsets and Amplifiers and Telephone Accessories.** Sales of telecommunication headsets and amplifiers and telephone accessories decreased \$587,000, or 17.1%, from \$3,431,000 to \$2,844,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is primarily related to decreases in sales of the Company's shoulder rest products of \$311,000, and telephone headsets and amplifiers of \$379,000.

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These sales decreases were partially attributable to the Company's inability to acquire product to fill existing orders because of decreased credit availability and a lack of alternate capital resources. The decrease was offset in part by an increase of \$103,000 in the Company's Twisstop and other telephone accessory products. Overall gross margins for this product line decreased to 53.3% from 55.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2000, as a result of the sales mix.

Flashlights. Flashlight revenues decreased \$820,000, or 74.2%, from \$1,105,000 to \$285,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of the Company's decision to move its flashlight manufacturing to a different Asian supplier causing some short-term delays in the delivery of product and to the Company's decreased credit availability and lack of alternate capital resources. Overall gross margins for products in this category decreased from 8.2% to 7.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2001 when compared to June 30, 2000, as a result of an increase in overseas freight charges to expedite delivery of product from the Company's foreign supplier.

Hardware/houseware. Hardware/houseware revenues decreased \$325,000, or 82.5%, from \$394,000 to \$69,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease is primarily attributable to the loss of the Company's main customer in the doorstops product line as a result of an increase in the Company's pricing. Overall gross margins for products in this category increased from 19.5% to 44.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2001 when compared to June 30, 2000, as a result of the increase in pricing.

### Operating Costs and Expenses

Selling Expenses. Selling expenses decreased \$600,000, or 35.4%, from \$1,696,000 to \$1,096,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is due in part to a decrease in salaries for sales personnel of \$118,000 due to a reduction in force of the sales staff, as well as decreases in commissions paid to outside sales representatives of \$128,000, freight expenses of \$103,000, travel related expenses of \$67,000, consulting fees of \$66,000, product samples and sales literature of \$64,000, royalties of \$32,000, and trade show expenses of \$22,000.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased \$366,000, or 25.8%, from \$1,421,000 to \$1,055,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily the result of a decrease in legal and accounting fees of \$129,000, as well as a decrease of \$88,000 in salaries paid as a result of the Company's reductions in force, a decrease in office and computer supplies of \$71,000, consulting fees of \$59,000, employee recruitment and education expenses of \$28,000 and a decrease of \$35,000 in travel related expenses. These decreases were offset in part by an increase in bank charges of \$27,000 and bad debt expense of \$17,000.

Research and Development. Research and development decreased by \$152,000, or 100.0%, from \$152,000 to \$-0- for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease was primarily attributable to the completion in 2000 of the Company's research and development efforts associated with the Company's flashlight line to improve the function and appearance of the products.

Total Operating Costs and Expenses. Total operating costs and expenses decreased by \$1,118,000, or 34.2%, from \$3,269,000 to \$2,151,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000, for the reasons discussed above.

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Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased \$41,000, or 14.0%, from \$292,000 to \$251,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is primarily the result of the Company's reduction in interest expenses related to its revolving credit facility. These decreases were offset in part by an increase in interest expense related to the Company's joint venture and financing arrangement with Sarkat International, LLC (see note 5 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements).

16

Equity in loss of affiliate. Equity in loss of affiliate increased by \$59,000 from -0- to \$(59,000) for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. This decrease is attributable to the Company's joint venture with Sarkat International, LLC (see note 5 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements).

Other income (expense). Other income (expense) decreased \$112,000, from \$(167,000) to \$(55,000) for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000. The decrease is due to the one time non-cash expense of \$169,000 related to the April 4, 2000 recognition as having been previously issued of 208,000 shares of the Company's common stock. As well as an increase in the gain on sale of assets of \$16,000. These decreases were offset in part by \$70,000 of accrued severance expenses related to the termination of the Company's former Sr. Vice President of Sales.

Net Loss. The net loss decreased by \$343,000, or 26.0%, from \$1,321,000 to \$978,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2001 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2000 due to a combination of the factors described above.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### General

The Company's principal sources of liquidity historically have been cash flows from operations, cash on hand and borrowing under a secured revolving credit facility. On June 5, 2001 the Company entered into an Account Purchase Agreement with a national financial institution to sell and assign its trade accounts receivable. (see note 2 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements). The proceeds of these sales were used primarily to pay off the Company's secured revolving credit facility.

In February 2001, and due to decreases in the Company's operating capital and borrowing availability, the Company entered into a relationship with Sarkat International, LLC ("Sarkat"), a limited liability company that is owned in part by Reed Newbold, who currently is a member of the Company's board of directors. In connection with this arrangement, Sarkat agreed to provide unsecured, revolving debt financing to Softalk, Inc. or Softalk Communications, Inc., each a subsidiary of the Company, in the aggregate amount of \$150,000. In exchange for each advance of funds by Sarkat, the Company (or its subsidiary directly receiving such funds) is obligated to repay the principal amount advanced, plus interest calculated on a daily basis at the annual rate of the greater of eight and one-half percent or the actual rate of interest paid by Sarkat to obtain such funds, plus a "lender's premium" of 12.5% of the principal amount advanced. Such borrowed funds are disbursed by direct payment by Sarkat to the Company's supplier, who then ships product to the Company, which allows the Company to service pending orders from its customers. As of August 2, 2001, the Company owes Sarkat \$120,000 in principal and \$5,093 in interest. Sarkat has been paid \$40,564 in lender's premiums. The principal and interest are due 180 days from the date of the advance. Debt financing on similar or terms more

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preferential to the Company was not available to the Company at the time.

June 30, 2001 Compared to December 31, 2000

As of June 30, 2001 the Company had liquid assets (cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable) of \$184,000, a decrease of 80.3%, or \$751,000, from December 31, 2000 when liquid assets were \$935,000. Cash decreased \$112,000, or 87.5%, to \$16,000 at June 30, 2001 from \$128,000 at December 31, 2000. The decrease in cash was primarily the result of the Company utilizing its revolving credit facility, under which "draws" are made by the Company to fund capital expenditures, purchase inventory and for general-purpose use. After a draw is made a corresponding payable is setup, when collections of outstanding accounts receivable are made the monies collected, are swept, the next day, and re-applied against outstanding draws. Trade accounts receivable decreased \$639,000, or 79.3%, to \$167,000 at June 30, 2001 from \$806,000 at December 31, 2000. This decrease is primarily the result of the Company's sale of its trade accounts receivable to a financial institution (see note 2 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements).

Current assets decreased by \$979,000, or 39.7%, to \$1,487,000 at June 30, 2001 from \$2,466,000 at December 31, 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in cash of \$112,000, discussed above, a decrease in inventory by \$193,000 primarily due to the Company's efforts to reduce inventory levels to a one month's supply, and a decrease in net assets of discontinued operations of \$179,000 due to the sale of the assets of the Company's Neat Things! (TM) home organization and storage product line. The decrease in current assets was offset in part by an increase in accounts receivable-other of \$155,000 as a result of reserves held by the financial institution for monies not yet collected against trade accounts receivable purchased by the financial institution.

17

Long-term assets decreased \$313,000, or 8.2%, to \$3,495,000 at June 30, 2001 from \$3,808,000 at December 31, 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of recurring depreciation expense on property and equipment, and amortization of deferred loan costs, and other intangibles.

Current liabilities decreased by \$302,000, or 9.9%, to \$2,736,000 at June 30, 2001 from \$3,038,000 at December 31, 2000. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease of \$358,000 in notes payable-short term and \$81,000 in current portion of long-term debt as a result of the pay-off of the Company's secured revolving credit facility, as well as a decrease in accrued advertising of \$102,000. These decreases were offset in part by an increase in notes payable-related party of \$120,000 as a result of the Company's February 2001 agreement with Sarkat, an increase in accrued royalties of \$68,000, and trade accounts payable of \$44,000.

The Company's working capital deficit increased by \$677,000, or 118.4%, to (\$1,249,000) at June 30, 2001 from (\$572,000) at December 31, 2000, for the reasons described above.

The Company provided net cash of \$33,000 from continuing operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2001, primarily from the decrease in accounts receivable-trade and the decrease in inventory levels, offset in part by the net loss incurred during the period and a decrease in accrued advertising.

The Company provided net cash of \$13,000 in investing activities during

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the six months ended June 30, 2000, primarily from the net proceeds from the sale of assets, offset in part by capital expenditures for property and equipment.

The Company used net cash of \$356,000 from financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2001 primarily as a result of the net payments made on the Company's line of credit, long-term debt and capital lease obligations during the period, offset in part by proceeds from the related party note payable.

Based on current operations, the Company believes that its present sources of liquidity will not be adequate to meet its projected requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, scheduled debt service requirements and other general corporate purposes for the remainder of the year 2001. The Company is currently pursuing additional sources of liquidity in the form of traditional commercial credit, asset based lending or additional sales of the Company's debt or equity securities to finance its ongoing operations. Additionally, the Company has entered into interim financing transactions, including \$120,000 of revolving unsecured credit provided by an entity affiliated with a member of the Company's board of directors. The Company also is pursuing other types of commercial and private financing which could involve sales of the Company's assets or sales of one or more operating divisions. The Company's sales and financial condition have been adversely affected by the Company's reduced credit availability and lack of access to alternate financing because of its reduced ability to purchase product to fill existing orders. On August 14, 2001 due to cash flow constraints the Company reduced its workforce by approximately 60%. This reduction in force will adversely affect the Company's ability to fill existing orders. If additional financing is not obtained in the near future, the Company will be required to more significantly curtail its operations or seek protection under bankruptcy laws.

### Seasonality

The Company's business is seasonal. The Company typically experiences its highest sales volume in the fourth quarter of each year as a result of the retail environment in which most of its customers conduct business. Because the Company sells its products primarily to major retailers, the Company's sales performance is significantly dependent on the performance of those retailers. Accordingly, the fourth quarter is a key determinate to overall profitability for the year.

### Forward Looking Statements

The foregoing Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created thereby. Although the Company believes that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements contained herein are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate, and therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from results discussed in forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, potential increases in inventory costs, competition, the Company's ability to

obtain additional working capital to fund future growth and any of the risks described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings  
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In July 2001, Lloyd M. Taggart filed suit against the Company in Utah state court for alleged breach of an employment agreement between the Company and Mr. Taggart. Mr. Taggart seeks money damages from the Company in excess of \$380,000 and other unspecified damages and remedies. Mr. Taggart alleges that his employment was terminated by the Company without cause, as defined in his employment agreement. The Company has answered the Complaint and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

On February 8, 2001, the Company waived service of a summons with respect to a complaint filed in the U.S. District court in the District of Utah by K&S Flashlight, Inc. ("K&S"), a Taiwan company that was the Company's flashlight supplier from 1998 through 2000. The lawsuit names as defendants both Dynatec and its subsidiary, Nordic Technologies, Inc. The lawsuit alleges that the Company owes K&S in excess of \$100,000 for the Company's alleged failure to pay amounts due to K&S for flashlight products shipped during 2000, and seeks damages in an unspecified amount. The Company has filed its answer and intends to vigorously defend the lawsuit.

On August 4, 2000, the Company filed suit against WAC Research, Inc., a Utah corporation ("WAC"), in Utah state court in Salt Lake City, Utah. WAC is a corporation at least fifty percent of which is owned by Donald M. Wood ("Wood"), the Company's former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The dispute with WAC arose out of a series of royalty agreements between the Company and WAC dated in 1990 and 1998 that purported to obligate the Company to pay perpetual royalties to WAC on sales of products in the Company's telephone accessories product line. In return for this perpetual royalty (which the Company paid for approximately 10 years) WAC purported to assign and grant to the Company the intellectual property rights underlying certain of the Company's Softalk products. At the times the WAC agreements were negotiated, Wood controlled both WAC and the Company. The Company amended its complaint in the WAC Action on August 29, 2000 and on October 19, 2000. The Company's complaint, as amended to date, seeks the court's declaration that no further royalties are owed by the Company to WAC because, among other reasons, (i) WAC never had any interest in or to any of the intellectual property rights underlying the Company's Softalk products, (ii) WAC breached its representations and warranties of ownership as to such intellectual property rights as set forth in the WAC agreements, (iii) patents covering certain of the key products in the Company's Softalk product line have expired, and such products are not otherwise covered by enforceable copyrights or other intellectual property rights, (iv) the Company owns all trademark rights with respect to its Softalk products, (v) WAC has no right to continue forcing the Company to pay royalties under expired patents, (vi) WAC's ongoing attempts to enforce the WAC royalty agreements constitute patent misuse, and (vii) as a consequence of WAC's patent misuse, WAC is liable to the Company for royalties paid under a 1998 agreement between WAC and the Company. The complaint also includes claims for damages stemming from WAC's alleged patent misuse, failure of consideration, unjust enrichment and additional declaratory relief. On March 27, 2001, WAC filed a counterclaim against the Company. The WAC Action is still pending, and the Company intends to vigorously prosecute it.

In February 1999, Mag Instrument, Inc., a manufacturer and distributor of flashlights and one of the Company's competitors ("Mag"), filed a lawsuit

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against the Company's subsidiary, Nordic Technologies, Inc. ("Nordic") alleging that Nordic is infringing certain of Mag's patents and committing false advertising and unfair competition. The lawsuit was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California. The Company and Mag attempted to settle that lawsuit, and entered into an agreement whereby the lawsuit was dismissed without prejudice, with Mag having the express right to refile the complaint in the same court and venue. No settlement was ever reached. On October 30, 2000, Mag filed a new complaint in the same federal district court that it subsequently served on the Company. The new Mag complaint alleges that Nordic has infringed two patents and related trademarks owned by Mag, and also has engaged in unfair competition arising out of Nordic's alleged use of a flashlight design that is confusingly similar to the shape, style and overall appearance of Mag's miniature "AA" light, all in violation of various provisions of federal and California state law. Mag seeks unspecified money damages, punitive damages and injunctive relief. The Company does not believe that any of Nordic's flashlight products have infringed any patents or trademarks of Mag, and intends to vigorously defend the suit.

On May 4, 2000, Grandur, Inc., a Taiwan corporation ("Grandur"), sued the Company in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey. The summons and complaint were served on the Company in Salt Lake City, Utah on May 12, 2000. The complaint alleges that the Company has breached a

20

manufacturing agreement between the Company and Grandur pursuant to which the Company is alleged to have a minimum annual purchase requirement and an exclusive manufacturing arrangement with Grandur for the Company's Twisstop product. The complaint further alleges that Grandur is entitled to recover, in addition to such damages as may be proved at trial, liquidated damages per the terms of the contract in the amount of \$500,000. During the period ended June 30, 2001, Grandur and the Company settled this litigation, which has been dismissed by the court.

In February 2000, Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. ("Merrill Lynch") notified the Company that American Stock Transfer & Trust Co., New York, New York, the Company's stock transfer agent ("AST"), had confiscated three separate certificates purporting to represent a total of 208,000 shares of restricted common stock issued in the name of an entity affiliated with Donald M. Wood, the Company's former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. AST confiscated such certificates because they were not then shown as valid certificates representing the Company's issued and outstanding common stock. Based on further investigation by AST, the Company believes that its former stock transfer agent had transferred the shares represented by such certificates to third parties, but had not received the original certificates representing such shares at the time of those transfers. Nor did the former transfer agent obtain documentation indicating that such certificates had been lost, stolen or destroyed. In January 2000, several years after the shares represented by such certificates purportedly had been transferred, the original certificates were tendered to Merrill Lynch with instruction to sell the shares represented by such certificates. Merrill Lynch then sold such shares and tendered the certificates to AST for transfer, at which time AST confiscated the certificates. On March 28, 2000, the Company received a letter from counsel for Merrill Lynch. In that letter, Merrill Lynch advised the Company of its intention to enforce its clients' rights to compel the Company to recognize the transfers of the shares represented by the certificates tendered to it in January 2000 under the Uniform Commercial Code as adopted by the State of Utah. The Company complied with Merrill Lynch's demand. The net effect of this action was that the Company was required to recognize as having been previously issued 208,000 shares of common stock that were not then shown as being issued and outstanding on the books and records of the Company. On March 29, 2000, the Company filed a lawsuit in Utah

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state court against Mr. Wood, WAC Research, Inc. ("WAC") and Muito Bem Ltd Partnership ("Muito Bem"), Alpha Tech Stock Transfer & Trust Company, the Company's former stock transfer agent ("Alpha Tech"). Both WAC and Muito Bem are entities affiliated with Wood. The case sought damages from all defendants, and specifically asked the court to award to the Company the proceeds of the sales by WAC and/or Muito Bem of the shares that the Company was compelled to reinstate on the basis that those entities and their principals had been unjustly enriched. In a settlement, dated April 12, 2000, among Wood, WAC, Muito Bem, Merrill Lynch and the Company, the Company received cash in the amount of \$200,714, in exchange for which it released its claims for further damages against Wood, WAC, Muito Bem and Merrill Lynch. During the period ended June 30, 2001, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Alpha Tech pursuant to which the Alpha Tech litigation will be dismissed.

On December 7, 1999, Donald M. Wood, the former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and the Stith Law Office (Wood's personal legal counsel) filed a lawsuit in the District Court of Salt Lake County, State of Utah (Case No. 990912153). In that lawsuit, Wood and Stith asserted that the Company has breached a Settlement Agreement executed by the Company and Wood upon Wood's resignation as the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, effective as of January 14, 1999. The lawsuit includes claims for breach of contract, fraud and intentional infliction of emotional distress, and seeks money damages and punitive damages in the aggregate amount of \$1,162,246. On February 7, 2000, the Company filed its answer to the Wood litigation, in which the Company asserted that its payment obligations under the Settlement Agreement were excused by repeated breaches by Wood of various covenants of the Settlement Agreement. Simultaneously, the Company filed a counterclaim against Wood for money damages incurred by the Company as a result of Wood's various breaches of the Settlement Agreement. The Company also simultaneously filed motions to dismiss the fraud and intentional infliction of emotional distress claims. During the period ended June 30, 2001, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Mr. Wood pursuant to which his lawsuit will be dismissed.

On March 19, 1999, Alpha Tech Stock Transfer Company ("Alpha Tech") filed a lawsuit against the Company in Utah state court in Salt Lake City, Utah. Alpha Tech was the Company's stock transfer agent for a period of approximately ten years until the Company terminated its relationship with Alpha Tech in January 1999 and instructed Alpha Tech to transfer the Company's stock transfer records to American Stock Transfer, New York, New York. The complaint alleges that the Company breached its service contract with Alpha Tech by failing to pay \$132,165 to Alpha Tech for transfer agent services rendered and reimbursement for legal expenses incurred by Alpha Tech. Alpha Tech never served the complaint; the Company learned about the complaint through an unrelated third party. In March 2000, Alpha Tech refiled essentially the same complaint, thereby commencing another lawsuit against the Company. The March 2000 complaint is virtually identical to the March 1999 complaint. In April 2000, the Company accepted service of process, and has filed a motion to dismiss the March 2000 complaint. The Company disputes the claims of Alpha Tech's complaint and intends to vigorously defend this action. During the period ended June 30, 2001, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Alpha Tech pursuant to which the Alpha Tech litigation will be dismissed.

On April 27, 1998, the Enforcement Division of the Securities and Exchange Commission notified the Company that the SEC was anticipating filing an administrative proceeding in the latter part of calendar year 1998 against various individuals and entities who had engaged in transactions with a Canadian corporation. The SEC Enforcement Division further indicated that the Company may be named as a defendant in such administrative action. In July 1998, the Company submitted a Wells Submission to clarify why, in the Company's estimation, it

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should not be named in the administrative proceeding, if any. The Company suggested in the Wells Submission that it should not be named in any administrative proceeding because the Company never consummated either of the two transactions with the subject Canadian company that the Company was considering, and the Company received no consideration in connection with those aborted transactions. Moreover, the Company believes that its conduct in connection with those proposed but aborted transactions met applicable legal requirements. As of December 31, 2000, the Company had received no response from the Enforcement Division about whether the SEC plans to name the Company in any administrative action.

In addition, the Company has previously disclosed that, in the first quarter of 1999, it was informed of an investigation by the Enforcement Division of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company believes this investigation concerns certain trading activity in the Company's common stock and other transactions involving the Company's securities, however, the Company has not been informed of the specifics of such investigation. The Company has cooperated fully with these administrative proceedings. The Company had no contact from the Enforcement Division regarding this investigation during the entirety of 2000.

On February 12, 1998, Fuji Corporation filed a claim with the International Trade Commission seeking a cease and desist order against approximately 30 entities. Fuji sought to enlist the aid of the U.S. Customs Department in preventing the importation of single-use cameras which are manufactured by any of the defendant entities and which infringe the patents of Fuji. The Company does not manufacture single-use cameras, but previously has distributed single-use cameras, which have been refurbished and reloaded in Mainland China. The Company was therefore involved in the Fuji proceeding. The Company engaged intellectual property counsel and vigorously defended its position until December 1998, when the Company sold its remaining inventory of single-use cameras to another entity. In connection with that sale, any liability of the Company in connection with the Fuji proceeding, including the costs of further defending the action, were assumed by the purchaser of the Company's single-use camera inventory, although the Company nominally remains part of that litigation.

The Company is involved in various other claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these other matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations or financial condition.

### Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

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#### Item 2(c). Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

On May 29, 2001 the Company issued a warrant to purchase 200,000 shares of its restricted common stock at an exercise price of \$.07 as part of a settlement of a lawsuit brought by its former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The warrant, and any shares of common stock issued upon its exercise were issued without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance on an exemption from the registration requirement under section 4(2) of the Securities Act. The warrant and any shares of common stock issued upon its exercise bear and will bear a legend restricting transfers of such securities except upon compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or an exemption there from.

On June 7, 2001 the Company issued 350,000 shares of its restricted common stock as part of a settlement of a lawsuit brought by a product supplier. The warrant shares of common stock were issued without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance on an exemption from the

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registration requirement under section 4(2) of the Securities Act . The certificates representing such common stock bear a legend restricting transfers of such securities except upon compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or an exemption there from. Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

22

(a) Exhibits

No.	Description
10.1	Stock Purchase Agreement between the Company and seven investors, dated as of February 11, 2000. (Incorporated by reference from Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1999.)
10.2	Employment Agreement between the Company and Frederick W. Volcansek, dated as of February 5, 1999. (Incorporated by reference from Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 1998).
10.3	Employment Agreement between the Company and Lloyd M. Taggart, dated as of June 22, 1999. (Incorporated by reference from Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 1999.)
10.4	Commercial Lease between the Company and FRE III Corporation, a California corporation, dated as of November 4, 1999. (Incorporated by reference from Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 1999.)
10.5	Commercial Real Estate Purchase Contract between the Company and Darwin Datwyler dated as of July 16, 1999, as amended through November 4, 1999. (Incorporated by reference from Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 1999.)
10.6	Stock Purchase Agreement between the Company and three investors, dated as of May 18, 2000. (Incorporated by reference from Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended June 30, 2000).
10.7	Asset Purchase Agreement dated November 22, 2000, by and among Dynatec International, Inc., and Expandable Home Organizers, Inc., a California corporation (Incorporated by reference from Current Report on Form 8-K dated as of November 22, 2000).
10.8	Form of Promissory Note in favor of Sarkat International, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference from Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000).
10.9	Articles of Organization of Nordic ASI, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference from Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000)
10.10	Operating Agreement of Nordic ASI, L.L.C. (Incorporated by reference from Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000)

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(b) Forms 8-K

None

23

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DYNATEC INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ Frederick W. Volcansek, Sr.  
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Frederick W. Volcansek, Sr.  
Chairman & CEO

August 20, 2001  
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Date

/s/ Mark W. Sperry  
-----  
Mark W. Sperry  
Vice President & Chief Accounting Officer

August 20, 2001  
-----  
Date

24