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GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC  
Form 10-Q  
November 14, 2003

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2003

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-22839

GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.  
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE  
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF  
INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

11-3225567  
(I.R.S. EMPLOYER  
IDENTIFICATION NO.)

45 OSER AVENUE,  
HAUPPAUGE, NY  
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)

11788  
(ZIP CODE)

REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE: (631) 231-9800

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes  No

As of November 12, 2003, there were 12,518,882 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding.

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GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.

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PART I -- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1.	CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

	SEPTEMBER 30 2003
	----- (UNAUDITED)
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,24
Restricted cash	63
Accounts receivable, net	12,74
Inventories	6,64
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,43
Deferred income taxes	12
	-----
Total current assets	42,82
Fixed assets, net	16,80
Goodwill	7,20
Other assets	1,56
	-----
Total assets	\$ 68,40 =====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 10,68
Deferred revenues	5,74
Accrued payroll and related fringe benefits	1,36
Other accrued expenses	1,87
Deferred liabilities	42
	-----
Total current liabilities	20,09
Deferred liabilities, less current portion	1,22
Commitments and contingencies	
Stockholders' equity:	
Series A Junior Participating, shares authorized, issued and outstanding: none at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003	
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 22,000,000 shares authorized, shares issued: 12,980,108 at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003	1
Additional paid-in capital	123,73
Accumulated deficit	(74,34)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	12
Treasury stock, at cost, 403,845 shares at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003	(2,44)
	-----
Total stockholders' equity	47,08
	-----
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 68,40 =====

See accompanying notes.

GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)  
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED	
	SEPTEMBER 30, 2003	SEPTEMBER 30, 2002
Revenues from ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	\$ 17,031	\$ 17,031
Revenues from data communications services	3,430	3,430
Total revenues	20,461	20,461
Costs and operating expenses:		
Costs from ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	15,304	15,304
Costs from data communications services	3,218	3,218
Selling and marketing	1,116	1,116
Research and development	475	475
General and administrative	893	893
Total costs and operating expenses	21,006	21,006
Loss from operations	(545)	(545)
Other income (expense):		
Interest income	62	62
Interest expense	(1)	(1)
Net loss	\$ (484)	\$ (484)
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Weighted-average shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted net loss per common share	12,576	12,576

See accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003  
(IN THOUSANDS)  
(UNAUDITED)

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL	ACCUMULATED	ACCUMULATED	OTHER	TR
	SHARES	AMOUNT	PAID-IN	DEFICIT	INCOME	(LOSS)	SHAR
	-----		-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at June 30, 2003	12,980	\$ 13	\$123,739	\$ (73,857)	\$	(10)	404
Comprehensive loss:							
Net loss				(484)			
Gain from foreign currency translation						34	
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale equity securities						100	
Total comprehensive loss							
Balance at September 30, 2003	12,980	\$ 13	\$123,739	\$ (74,341)	\$	124	404

See accompanying notes.

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GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(IN THOUSANDS)  
(UNAUDITED)

	THREE M
	-----
	SEPTEMBER 30,
	2003
	-----
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net loss	\$ (484)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	799
Changes in bad debt expense	(975)
Changes in deferred liabilities	(176)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(3,880)
Inventories	4,326
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(297)
Other assets	394

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Accounts payable	90
Deferred revenue	(1,920)
Accrued payroll and related fringe benefits	247
Other accrued expenses	189
	-----
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,687)
	-----
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchases of fixed assets	(72)
Restricted cash	(25)
	-----
Net cash used in investing activities	(97)
	-----
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Payments under capital lease	-
	-----
Net cash used in financing activities	-
	-----
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash	8
	-----
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,776)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	22,016
	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 20,240
	=====

See accompanying notes.

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GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2003  
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results for such periods have been included. The consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2003 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. The results of operations for the

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three months ended September 30, 2003, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year ending June 30, 2004, or for any future period.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 and the accompanying notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 29, 2003.

### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NetSat Express, Inc., or NetSat, and Globecomm Systems Europe Limited (collectively, the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### Sale of Stock by Subsidiary

The Company recognizes changes in the ownership percentage of its subsidiaries caused by issuances of the subsidiary's stock as an adjustment to additional paid-in capital in the consolidated statement of changes in stockholders' equity.

### Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 ("SAB 101"), Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements, for its production-type contracts that are sold separately as standard satellite ground segment systems when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the selling price is fixed or determinable, collectibility is reasonably assured, delivery has occurred and the contractual performance specifications have been met. The Company's standard satellite ground segment systems produced in connection with these contracts are typically short-term (less than twelve months in term) and manufactured using a standard modular production process. Such systems require less engineering, drafting and design efforts than the Company's long-term complex production-type projects. Revenue is recognized on the Company's standard satellite ground segment systems upon shipment and acceptance of factory performance testing which is when title transfers to the customer. The amount of revenues recorded on each standard production-type contract is reduced by the customers' contractual holdback amount, which typically requires 10% to 30% of the contract value to be retained by the customer until installation and final acceptance is complete. The customer generally becomes obligated to pay 70%

to 90% of the contract value upon shipment and acceptance of factory performance testing. Installation is not deemed to be essential to the functionality of the system since installation does not require significant changes to the features or capabilities of the system, does not require complex software integration and interfacing and the Company has not experienced any difficulties installing such

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equipment. In addition, the customer or other third party vendors can install the system. The estimated relative fair value of the installation services is determined by management, which is typically less than the customer's contractual holdback percentage. If the holdback is less than the fair value of installation, the Company will defer recognition of revenues, determined on a contract-by-contract basis equal to the fair value of the installation services. Payments received in advance by customers are deferred until shipment and are presented as deferred revenues in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Company recognizes revenue using the percentage-of-completion method of accounting upon the achievement of certain contractual milestones in accordance with Statement of Position 81-1 ("SOP 81-1"), Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Certain Production-Type Contracts, for its non-standard, complex production-type contracts for the production of satellite ground segment systems and equipment that are generally integrated into the customers' satellite ground segment network. The equipment and systems produced in connection with these contracts are typically long-term (in excess of twelve months in term) and require significant customer-specific engineering, drafting and design effort in order to effectively integrate all of the customizable earth station equipment into the customers' ground segment network. These contracts generally have larger contract values, greater economic risks and substantive specific contractual performance requirements due to the engineering and design complexity of such systems and related equipment. Progress payments received in advance by customers are netted against the inventory balances in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Contract costs generally include purchased material, direct labor, overhead and other indirect costs. Anticipated contract losses are recognized, as they become known.

Revenues from data communications services are derived primarily from Internet access service fees. Service revenues from Internet access are recognized ratably over the period in which services are provided. Payments received in advance of providing Internet access services are deferred until the period such services are provided and are presented as deferred revenues in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

### Costs from Ground Segment Systems, Networks and Enterprise Solutions

Costs from ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions consist primarily of the costs of purchased materials (including shipping and handling costs), direct labor and related overhead expenses, project-related travel and living costs and subcontractor salaries.

### Costs from Data Communications Services

Costs from data communications services relating to Internet access service fees consist primarily of satellite space segment charges, Internet connectivity fees and network operations expenses. Satellite space segment charges consist of the costs associated with obtaining satellite bandwidth (the measure of capacity) used in the transmission of services to and from the satellite leased from operators and network operations expenses. Network operations expenses consist primarily of costs associated with the operation of the Network Operation Center, on a twenty-four hour a day, seven-day a week basis, including personnel and related costs and depreciation.

### Research and Development

Research and development expenditures are expensed as incurred.

### Stock-Based Compensation



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The Company accounts for stock option grants using the intrinsic value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ("APBO No. 25"), Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and complies with the disclosure provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation ("SFAS No. 123"), as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure ("SFAS No. 148").

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### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ("SFAS No. 142"), goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets are no longer amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually.

The net carrying value of goodwill is approximately \$7,204,000, at September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003, which relates to the buyback of the minority interests of NetSat.

### Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2003 of approximately \$350,000 includes a foreign currency translation gain of approximately \$34,000 and an unrealized gain on available-for-sale equity securities of approximately \$100,000. Comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2002 of approximately \$5,547,000 includes a foreign currency translation gain of approximately \$8,000 and an unrealized loss on available-for-sale equity securities of approximately \$92,000.

### Income Taxes

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The ultimate realization of the net deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income prior to the expiration of any net operating loss carryforwards. For the three months ended September 30, 2003 and the year ended June 30, 2003, due to the uncertainty regarding the Company's ability to utilize its net operating losses in the future, the Company provided a valuation allowance against its operating losses and temporary differences except for approximately \$125,000, representing state investment tax credit carryforwards that will be utilized during fiscal 2004 to offset state capital taxes on the Company's combined state tax return.

### 2. BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

The Company computes net loss per common share in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 128, Earnings Per Share. Basic and diluted net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted-average number of common equivalent shares outstanding for the period. Common equivalent shares consist of the incremental common shares issuable upon the conversion of preferred stock (using an if-converted method) and incremental shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and warrants (using the treasury stock method). Incremental common equivalent shares are excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per common share if their effect is anti-dilutive. Diluted net loss per common share for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 excludes the effect of approximately 40,000 and 5,000 stock options, respectively, as their effect would have been

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anti-dilutive.

3. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2003	JUNE 30, 2003
	-----	
	(UNAUDITED)	
	(IN THOUSANDS)	
Raw materials and component parts	\$ 406	\$ 495
Work-in-progress	8,239	10,495
	-----	
	8,645	10,990
Less progress payments under long-term contracts	2,000	-
	-----	
	\$ 6,645	\$ 10,990
	=====	

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4. FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURE OF STOCK OPTIONS

Interim pro-forma information regarding net loss and net loss per common share is required by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, if the Company accounts for its stock options granted under the intrinsic value method. The fair value of options granted under the Company's 1997 Stock Incentive Plan was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options, which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its stock options under the Black-Scholes option valuation model.

For purposes of pro-forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the options' vesting period. The Company's pro-forma information is as follows:

THREE MONTHS ENDED	
SEPTEMBER 30, 2003	SEPTEMBER 30, 2002
-----	
(UNAUDITED)	
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)	

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Reported net loss	\$	(484)	\$	(5,463)
Pro-forma stock compensation expense		(660)		(736)
		-----		-----
Pro-forma net loss	\$	(1,144)	\$	(6,199)
		=====		=====
Reported basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.43)
		=====		=====
Pro-forma basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.49)
		=====		=====

### 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Line of Credit

In September 2003, the Company entered into a new one year credit agreement with its existing bank, which provides for a working capital credit facility of up to \$7.5 million consisting of a \$3.75 million secured domestic line of credit and a \$3.75 million Export-Import Bank secured guaranteed line of credit. The Company will be advanced up to 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable and 90% of eligible foreign accounts receivable under each respective line of credit, as defined in the agreement. Each line of credit bears interest at the greater of 6.0% or the prime rate plus 2.0% per annum, and is collateralized by a first security interest on all of our personal property. The credit agreement allows the Company to borrow and apply letters of credit against the availability under each line of credit. In addition, the new credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants, deposit requirements, monthly reporting provisions and other requirements, as defined in the credit agreement, with which the Company was in compliance with at September 30, 2003. As of September 30, 2003, no amounts were outstanding under this credit facility, however, there were standby letters of credit of approximately \$6.1 million, which were applied against and reduced the amounts available under this credit facility.

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#### Product Warranties

The Company offers a one-year warranty on its contracts; the specific terms and conditions of those warranties vary depending upon the contract and work performed. Generally, a basic limited warranty, including parts and labor, is provided to customers for one-year. The Company should be able to recoup certain of these costs through product warranties it holds with its original equipment manufacturers, which typically are one-year in term. Historically, warranty expense has been minimal, however, management periodically assesses the need for any additional warranty reserve.

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates through two business segments. Its ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions segment, through Globecomm Systems Inc. and Globecomm Systems Europe Limited, is engaged in the design, assembly and installation of ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions. Its data communications services segment, through NetSat, is engaged in

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providing high-speed, satellite-delivered data communications services. NetSat also provides Internet access to customers who have limited or no access to a terrestrial network infrastructure capable of supporting the economical delivery of such services.

The Company's reportable segments are business units that offer different products and services. The reportable segments are each managed separately because they provide distinct products and services.

The following is the Company's business segment information for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 and as of September 30, 2003 and June 30, 2003:

	THREE MONTHS SEPTEMBER 30, 2003
	(UNAUDITED) (IN THOUSANDS)
Revenues:	
Ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	\$ 17,031
Data communications services	3,430
Total revenues	\$ 20,461
Loss from operations:	
Ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	\$ (1,060)
Data communications services	511
Interest income	62
Interest expense	(1)
Intercompany eliminations	4
Net loss	\$ (484)
Depreciation and amortization:	
Ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	\$ 377
Data communications services	426
Intercompany eliminations	(4)
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 799
Expenditures for long-lived assets:	
Ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	\$ 41
Data communications services	31
Total expenditures for long-lived assets	\$ 72

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SEPTEMBER 30,  
2003  
(UNAUDITED)

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Assets:

Ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions	\$ 118,649
Data communications services	11,072
Intercompany eliminations	(61,316)
<hr/>	
Total assets	\$ 68,405
<hr/>	

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

You should read the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This discussion contains, in addition to historical information, forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, based on our current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, such as, among others, uncertain demand for our services and products due to economic and industry-specific conditions, the risks associated with operating in international markets and our dependence on a limited number of contracts for a high percentage of our revenues. These risks and others are more fully described in the "Risk Factors" section of this Quarterly Report and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available or other events occur in the future.

OVERVIEW

Since our inception, a majority of our revenues have been generated by ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions business. Contracts for these ground segment systems and networks and communications services have been fixed-price contracts in a majority of cases. Profitability of such contracts is subject to inherent uncertainties as to the cost of performance. In addition to possible errors or omissions in making initial estimates, cost overruns may be incurred as a result of unforeseen obstacles, including both physical conditions and unexpected problems encountered in engineering design and testing. Since our business is frequently concentrated in a limited number of large contracts, a significant cost overrun on any contract could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Contract costs generally include purchased material, direct labor, overhead and other direct costs. Anticipated contract losses are recognized in the period identified. Costs from ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions consist primarily of the costs of purchased materials (including shipping and handling costs), direct labor and related overhead expenses, project-related travel and living costs and subcontractor salaries. Costs from data communications services consist primarily of satellite space segment charges, Internet connectivity fees and network operations expenses.

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Satellite space segment charges consist of the costs associated with obtaining satellite bandwidth (the measure of capacity) used in the transmission of services to and from the satellite leased from operators. Network operations expenses consist primarily of costs associated with the operation of the network operations center on a twenty-four hour a day, seven-day a week basis, including personnel and related costs and depreciation. Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries, travel and living costs for sales and marketing personnel. Research and development expenses consist primarily of salaries and related overhead expenses. General and administrative expenses consist of expenses associated with our management, finance, contract and administrative functions.

Our business has been adversely affected by the current global economic slowdown and, in particular, the significant challenges facing the telecommunications industry worldwide. These challenges include excess bandwidth resulting from weak consumer and business demand, which has fallen far short of expectations, and the

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attendant financial distress facing both traditional telecommunication carriers and the new generation of competitive local exchange carriers. Moreover, as a result of the uncertainties facing the economy, corporations have restricted their capital expenditures. The reduction in demand has been accompanied by pricing pressures and intensifying competition, while the financial difficulties of industry participants and customers have created risks associated with collectibility of accounts receivable. Recently we have seen improvement in the segments we serve, however, we may experience a decline in bookings of contract orders if customers and prospects delay projects, which will negatively impact our business and prospects in the future.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Certain of our accounting policies require judgment by management in selecting the appropriate assumptions for calculating financial estimates. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. These judgments are based on our historical experience, terms of existing contracts, our observance of trends in the industry, information provided by our customers, and information available from other outside sources, as appropriate. Actual results may differ from these judgments under different assumptions or conditions. Our accounting policies that require management to apply significant judgment include:

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

We recognize revenue in accordance with SAB 101, Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements, for our production-type contracts that are sold separately as standard satellite ground segment systems when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the selling price is fixed or determinable, collectibility is reasonably assured, delivery has occurred and the contractual performance specifications have been met. Our standard satellite ground segment systems produced in connection with these contracts are typically short-term (less than twelve months in term) and manufactured using a standard modular production process. Such systems require less engineering, drafting and design efforts than our long-term complex production-type projects. Revenue is recognized on our standard satellite ground segment systems upon shipment and acceptance of factory performance testing which is when title transfers to the customer. The amount of revenues recorded on each standard production-type contract is reduced

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by the customer's contractual holdback amount, which typically requires 10% to 30% of the contract value to be retained by the customer until installation and final acceptance is complete. The customer generally becomes obligated to pay 70% to 90% of the contract value upon shipment and acceptance of factory performance testing. Installation is not deemed to be essential to the functionality of the system since installation does not require significant changes to the features or capabilities of the equipment, does not require complex software integration and interfacing and we have not experienced any difficulties installing such equipment. In addition, the customer or other third party vendors can install the equipment. The estimated relative fair value of the installation services is determined by management, which is typically less than the customer's contractual holdback percentage. If the holdback is less than the fair value of installation, we will defer recognition of revenues, determined on a contract-by-contract basis equal to the fair value of the installation services. Payments received in advance by customers are deferred until shipment and are presented as deferred revenues.

We recognize revenue using the percentage-of-completion method of accounting upon the achievement of certain contractual milestones in accordance with SOP 81-1, Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Certain Production-Type Contracts, for our non-standard, complex production-type contracts for the production of satellite ground segment systems and equipment that are generally integrated into the customers' satellite ground segment network. The equipment and systems produced in connection with these contracts are typically long-term (in excess of twelve months interm) and require significant customer-specific engineering, drafting and design effort in order to effectively integrate all of the customizable earth station equipment into the customers' ground segment network. These contracts generally have larger contract values, greater economic risks and substantive specific contractual performance requirements due to the engineering and design complexity of such systems and related equipment. Progress payments received in advance by customers are netted against the inventories balance.

Revenues from data communications services are derived primarily from Internet access service fees. Service revenues from Internet access are recognized ratably over the period in which services are provided. Payments received in advance of providing Internet access services are deferred until the period such services are provided and are presented as deferred revenues.

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### COSTS FROM GROUND SEGMENT SYSTEMS, NETWORKS AND ENTERPRISE SOLUTIONS

Costs related to our production-type contracts and our non-standard, complex production-type contracts rely on estimates based on total expected contract costs. We use reasonable, dependable estimates of the costs applicable to various elements. Since these contract costs depend on estimates, which are assessed continually during the term of these contracts, costs are subject to revisions as the contract progresses to completion. Revision in cost estimates are reflected in the period in which they become known. In the event an estimate indicates that a loss will be incurred at completion, we record the costs in the period identified.

### GOODWILL

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired primarily from the buyback of the minority interests of NetSat. Beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002 with our adoption of SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, goodwill and

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other indefinite life intangible assets are no longer being amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually.

In assessing goodwill, we must make assumptions regarding the estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of our reporting units. Future events could cause us to conclude that impairment indicators exist and that the goodwill associated with NetSat is impaired. Any resulting impairment could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

### ALLOWANCES FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We assess the customer's ability to pay based on a number of factors, including our past transaction history with the customer and the credit worthiness of the customer. An assessment of the inherent risks in conducting our business with foreign customers is also made since a significant portion of our revenues is international. Management specifically analyzes accounts receivable, historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate in the future, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

### INVENTORIES

Inventories consist primarily of work-in-progress from costs incurred in connection with specific customer contracts, which are stated at the lower of cost or market value. In assessing the realizability of inventories, we are required to make estimates of the total contract costs based on the various elements of the work-in-progress. It is possible that changes to these estimates could cause a reduction in the net realizable value of our inventories.

### STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

We currently measure compensation expense for stock option grants using the intrinsic value method prescribed in APBO No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Under this method, we do not record compensation expense when stock options are granted as long as the exercise price is not less than the fair market value of the stock when the option is granted. In accordance with SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure, we disclose our pro-forma net loss and pro-forma net loss per common share as if the fair value-based method had been applied in measuring compensation expense for our stock option grants.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

Revenues from Ground Segment Systems, Networks and Enterprise Solutions. Revenues increased by \$8.9 million, or 108.6%, to \$17.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$8.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The increase in revenues was primarily the result of increased sales

activity due to an improving operating environment in the telecommunications industry segments we serve and the achievement of shipment milestones associated



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with projects currently in progress.

Revenues from Data Communication Services. Revenues decreased by \$0.8 million, or 19.7%, to \$3.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$4.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The decrease was due to agreements made with two of our vendors in February 2003 and October 2002 in which we assigned contracts with future revenues of \$35.8 million, which reduced our quarterly recurring revenues by approximately \$1.2 million, offset by new contracts and upgrades in service for certain existing customers.

Costs from Ground Segment Systems, Networks and Enterprise Solutions. Costs from ground segment systems, networks and enterprise solutions increased by \$7.6 million, or 99.0%, to \$15.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 from \$7.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The increase was attributable to a higher revenue base. Costs as a percentage of related revenues decreased to 89.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2003 from 94.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The decrease was mainly attributable to the non-recurrence of a cost overrun incurred on a major project during the three months ended September 30, 2002.

Costs from Data Communications Services. Costs from data communications services decreased by \$3.1 million, or 48.8%, to \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 from \$6.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. Costs as a percentage of related revenues decreased to 93.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2003 from 147.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2002. These decreases were due to agreements reached with two of our vendors during February 2003 and October 2002, in which we significantly reduced our space segment transponder costs and obligations.

Selling and Marketing. Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$0.5 million, or 31.6%, to \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The decrease was principally due to a reduction in salary and salary related expenses associated with reductions in sales and marketing personnel as part of our cost cutting initiatives.

Research and Development. Research and development expenses increased by \$0.2 million, or 79.2%, to \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The increase was principally due to internal development of new monitoring and control technologies, product research and development initiatives associated with projects currently in progress and research efforts in remote video monitoring systems.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses decreased by \$1.1 million, or 54.3%, to \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003, compared to \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to the recovery of \$1.0 million in August 2003, from a former customer in the Middle East, against which we previously established an allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable during the fourth quarter of fiscal year ended June 30, 2002.

Interest Income. Interest income decreased by \$0.1 million, or 63.5%, to \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in cash and cash equivalents due to cash used in our operations during the twelve months ended September 30, 2003.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased by \$0.2 million, or 99.6%, to less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared

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to \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The decrease was due to the termination of our capital lease obligation in February 2003.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At September 30, 2003, we had working capital of \$22.7 million, including cash and cash equivalents of \$20.2 million, restricted cash of \$0.6 million, net accounts receivable of \$12.8 million, inventories of \$6.6 million, prepaid expenses and other current assets of \$2.4 million and deferred income taxes of \$0.1 million, offset by \$10.7 million in

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accounts payable, \$5.7 million in deferred revenues and \$3.7 million in accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

Net cash used in operating activities during the three months ended September 30, 2003 was \$1.7 million, which primarily related to an increase in accounts receivable of \$3.9 million relating to the increase in business levels, a decrease in deferred revenue of \$1.9 million associated with the achievement of milestone revenues relating to the increase in business levels and a decrease in the provision for doubtful accounts due to the recovery of \$1.0 million from a former Middle East customer, offset by a decrease in inventory of \$4.3 million from shipments made during the first quarter associated with an increase in business levels, as well as a \$2.0 million progress payment received under a long-term contract and depreciation and amortization expense of \$0.8 million primarily related to the network operations center and satellite earth station equipment.

Net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended September 30, 2003 was \$0.1 million, which primarily related to the purchase of fixed assets for our network operations center as well as test equipment.

In September 2003, we entered into a new one year credit agreement with our existing bank, which provides for a working capital credit facility of up to \$7.5 million consisting of a \$3.75 million secured domestic line of credit and a \$3.75 million Export-Import Bank secured guaranteed line of credit. We will be advanced up to 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable and 90% of eligible foreign accounts receivable under each respective line of credit, as defined in the agreement. Each line of credit bears interest at the greater of 6.0% or the prime rate plus 2.0% per annum, and is collateralized by a first security interest on all of our personal property. The credit agreement allows us to borrow and apply letters of credit against the availability under each line of credit. In addition, the new credit agreement contains certain financial and other covenants, deposit requirements, monthly reporting provisions and other requirements, as defined in the credit agreement, with which we were in compliance with at September 30, 2003. As of September 30, 2003, no amounts were outstanding under this credit facility, however, there were standby letters of credit of approximately \$6.1 million, which were applied against and reduced the amounts available under this credit facility.

We lease satellite space segment services and other equipment under various operating lease agreements, which expire in various years through 2008. Future minimum lease payments due on these leases through September 30, 2004 are approximately \$5.8 million.

At September 30, 2003 we had contractual obligations and commercial commitments as follows (in thousands):

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PAYMENTS DUE BY PERIOD

	TOTAL	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-3 YEARS	4-5 YEAR
<u>CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS</u>				
Operating leases	\$ 24,871	\$ 5,813	\$ 11,883	\$ 6,852
Total contractual obligations	\$ 24,871	\$ 5,813	\$ 11,883	\$ 6,852
<u>OTHER COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS</u>				
Standby letters of credit	\$ 6,092	\$ 1,990	\$ 4,102	\$ -
Total commercial commitments	\$ 6,092	\$ 1,990	\$ 4,102	\$ -

The above operating lease obligations include two contracts we entered into with a vendor in fiscal 2001 for satellite space segment services on satellites which were scheduled to be launched in late 2002 and operational by March 2003, for a total value of approximately \$6.0 million. Such satellite space segment services are scheduled to begin when the satellite transponders are commercially operational, as defined in the agreements. During fiscal 2003, we learned that the vendor has experienced significant delays in the planned launch and operational dates for the satellites. As a result of these delays, we maintain that we have a right to terminate the contracts without cost and have provided notification of such termination. The vendor has denied our assertion that we have a right to terminate the contracts without cost. If our position were sustained, total operating lease commitments would be reduced by approximately \$6.0 million.

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On November 7, 2001, the Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program whereby we can repurchase up to \$2.0 million of our outstanding stock, representing approximately 3.7% of the total shares outstanding on that date. Since November 2001, we repurchased, in aggregate, a total of 256,100 shares for \$1.4 million. The timing, price, quantity and manner of future purchases will be at the discretion of management, depending on market conditions and other factors, subject to compliance with the applicable securities laws.

We expect that our cash and working capital requirements for operating activities will increase as we continue to implement our business strategy. Management anticipates additional working capital requirements for work in progress for orders as obtained and that we will experience negative cash flows due to continued operating losses. Our expectation is that the working capital requirements will ease as shipments are made on new orders, although we cannot assure you as the timing and amount of new orders.

NetSat has had, and we expect it will continue to have, working capital requirements, which have, and will, put increased pressure on our capital resources. We have implemented strategies to reduce the drain on our resources caused by NetSat's losses. While we will continue to seek additional means to reduce NetSat's cost structure, we can only achieve our goal of improving NetSat's working capital by improving operating performance. We cannot assure

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you that we will successfully improve NetSat's operating performance.

Our future capital requirements will depend upon many factors, including the success of our marketing efforts in the ground segment systems, networks, and data communications services business, the nature and timing of customer orders and the extent to which we must conduct research and development efforts internally. Based on current plans, we believe that our existing capital resources will be sufficient to meet working capital requirements through September 30, 2004. However, we cannot assure you that there will be no unforeseen events or circumstances that would consume available resources significantly before that time. For example, future events occurring in response to the war with Iraq, or in connection with a war, including, without limitation, future terrorist attacks against the United States or its allies or military or trade or travel disruptions impacting our ability to sell and market our products and services in the United States and internationally may impact our results of operations. Unexpected events negatively impacting international commerce, including additional conflicts in the Middle East, could defer our ability to close contracts with international customers. Additional funds may not be available when needed and, even if available, additional funds may be raised through financing arrangements and/or the issuance of preferred or common stock or convertible securities on terms and prices significantly more favorable than those of the currently outstanding common stock, which could have the effect of diluting or adversely affecting the holdings or rights of our existing stockholders. If adequate funds are unavailable, we may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate some of our operating activities, including, without limitation, the timing and extent of our marketing programs and research and development activities and further reductions in headcount. We cannot assure you that additional financing will be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all.

### RISK FACTORS

WE HAVE A HISTORY OF OPERATING LOSSES AND NEGATIVE CASH FLOW AND EXPECT OUR LOSSES TO CONTINUE.

We have incurred significant net losses since we began operating in August 1994. We incurred net losses of \$0.5 million during the three months ended September 30, 2003, \$19.6 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 and \$17.3 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. As of September 30, 2003, our accumulated deficit was \$74.3 million. We anticipate that we will continue to incur net losses, although we expect them to be less than those we incurred in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. Our ability to achieve and maintain profitability will depend upon our ability to generate significant revenues through new profitable customer contracts and the expansion of our existing products and services, including our data communications services. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain new profitable customer contracts or generate significant additional revenues from those contracts or any new products or services that we introduce. Even if we become profitable, we may not sustain or increase our profits on a quarterly or annual basis in the future.

SINCE SALES OF SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT ARE DEPENDENT ON THE GROWTH OF COMMUNICATIONS NETWORKS, AS MARKET DEMAND FOR THESE NETWORKS DECLINES, OUR REVENUES AND PROFITABILITY ARE LIKELY TO DECLINE.

We derive, and expect to continue to derive, a significant amount of revenues from the sale of satellite

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ground segment systems and networks. If the long-term growth in demand for communications networks does not return from its depressed level, the demand for our satellite ground segment systems and networks may decline or grow more slowly than we expect. As a result, we may not be able to grow our business, our revenues may decline from current levels and our results of operations may be harmed. The demand for communications networks and the products used in these networks is affected by various factors, many of which are beyond our control. For example, the uncertain general economic conditions have affected the overall rate of capital spending by our customers. Also, many companies have found it increasingly difficult to raise capital to finish building their communications networks and, therefore, have placed fewer orders with our customers. The economic slowdown resulted in a softening of demand from our customers. We cannot predict the extent to which demand will increase. Further, increased competition among satellite ground segment systems and networks manufacturers has increased pricing pressures.

RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH OPERATING IN INTERNATIONAL MARKETS COULD RESTRICT OUR ABILITY TO EXPAND GLOBALLY AND HARM OUR BUSINESS AND PROSPECTS.

We market and sell our products and services in the United States and internationally. We anticipate that international sales will continue to account for a significant portion of our total revenues for the foreseeable future with a significant portion of the international revenue coming from developing countries. We presently conduct our international sales in the following geographic areas: Africa, the Asia-Pacific Region, Australia, Central and South America, Eastern and Central Europe and the Middle East. There are a number of risks inherent in conducting our business internationally, including:

- o general political and economic instability in international markets, including the war in Iraq, could impede our ability to deliver our products and services to customers and harm our results of operations;
- o changes in regulatory requirements could restrict our ability to deliver services to our international customers;
- o export restrictions, tariffs, licenses and other trade barriers could prevent us from adequately equipping our network facilities;
- o differing technology standards across countries may impede our ability to integrate our products and services across international borders;
- o protectionist laws and business practices favoring local competition may give unequal bargaining leverage to key vendors in countries where competition is scarce, significantly increasing our operating costs;
- o increased expenses associated with marketing services in foreign countries could effect our ability to compete;
- o relying on local subcontractors for installation of our products and services could adversely impact the quality of our products and services;
- o difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations could effect our ability to compete;
- o potentially adverse taxes could adversely affect our results of operations;

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- o complex foreign laws and treaties could affect our ability to compete; and
- o difficulties in collecting accounts receivable could adversely affect our results of operations.

These and other risks could impede our ability to manage our international operations effectively, limit the future growth of our business, increase our costs and require significant management attention.

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IF NETSAT DOES NOT EXECUTE ITS BUSINESS STRATEGY OR IF THE MARKET FOR ITS SERVICES FAILS TO DEVELOP OR DEVELOPS MORE SLOWLY THAN IT EXPECTS, OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS WILL BE HARMED AND OUR STOCK PRICE MAY BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED.

NetSat's revenues from data communications services have decreased during the three months ended September 30, 2003. Revenues will be reduced as a result of customer contracts assigned to vendors pursuant to settlement agreements reached in February 2003 and October 2002. As of September 30, 2003, the future revenues, which will be foregone, amounts to \$31.0 million, of which \$5.0 million relates to fiscal year ending June 30, 2004. NetSat's future revenues and results of operations are dependent on its execution of its business strategy and development of the market for its current and future services. Despite the agreements reached with two of the Company's vendors in February 2003 and October 2002, which modified and reduced the Company's satellite bandwidth obligations, we cannot assure you that the transponder space will be efficiently and substantially utilized or that an increase in orders will be realized. NetSat has had, and we expect will continue to have, cash requirements, which have and will decrease our cash resources. If NetSat does not efficiently and substantially utilize its transponder space capacity and increase its level of orders, its cash requirements may increase and our results of operations will be harmed.

YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON OUR QUARTERLY OPERATING RESULTS AS AN INDICATION OF OUR FUTURE RESULTS BECAUSE THEY ARE SUBJECT TO SIGNIFICANT FLUCTUATIONS, AND IF WE FAIL TO MEET THE EXPECTATIONS OF PUBLIC MARKET ANALYSTS OR INVESTORS, OUR STOCK PRICE COULD DECLINE SIGNIFICANTLY.

Our future revenues and results of operations may significantly fluctuate due to a combination of factors, including:

- o delays and/or a decrease in the booking of new contracts;
- o general political and economic conditions in the United States and abroad, including the war in Iraq;
- o the length of time needed to initiate and complete customer contracts;
- o the demand for and acceptance of our existing products and services;
- o the cost of providing our products and services;
- o market acceptance of new products and services;
- o the mix of revenue between our standard products, custom-built products and our communications services;

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- o the timing of significant marketing programs;
- o our ability to hire and retain personnel;
- o the competition in our markets; and
- o difficult global economic conditions and uncertain international currency markets may adversely impact our quarterly results.

Accordingly, you should not rely on quarter-to-quarter comparisons of our results of operations as an indication of our future performance. It is possible that in future periods our results of operations may be below expectations, which could cause the trading price of our common stock to decline.

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OUR MARKETS ARE HIGHLY COMPETITIVE AND WE HAVE MANY ESTABLISHED COMPETITORS, AND WE MAY LOSE MARKET SHARE AS A RESULT.

The markets in which we operate are highly competitive and this competition could harm our ability to sell our products and services on prices and terms favorable to us. Our primary competitors in the satellite ground segment and networks market include systems integrators like IDB Systems, a division of MCI and equipment manufacturers who also provide integrated systems like Andrew Corporation and Tripoint Global.

In the end-to-end satellite-based communication solutions and communications services markets, we compete with other satellite communication companies who provide similar services, like Verestar. In addition, we may compete with other communications service providers like MCI and satellite owners like Panamsat, Loral Skynet, New Skies Satellites N.V. and Intelsat. We anticipate that our competitors may develop or acquire services that provide functionality that is similar to that provided by our services and that those services may be offered at significantly lower prices or bundled with other services. These competitors may have the financial resources to withstand substantial price competition and may be in a better position to endure difficult economic conditions in international markets, and may be able to respond more quickly than we can to new or emerging technologies and changes in customer requirements. Moreover, many of our competitors have more extensive customer bases, broader customer relationships and broader industry alliances than we do that they could use to their advantage in competitive situations.

The markets in which we operate have limited barriers to entry and we expect that we will face additional competition from existing competitors and new market entrants in the future. Moreover, our current and potential competitors have established or may establish strategic relationships among themselves or with third parties to increase the ability of their products and services to address the needs of our current and prospective customers. Existing and new competitors with their potential strategic relationships may rapidly acquire significant market share, which would harm our business and financial condition.

IF THE SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY FAILS TO CONTINUE TO DEVELOP OR NEW TECHNOLOGY MAKES IT OBSOLETE OUR BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION WILL BE HARMED.

Our business is dependent on the continued success and development of satellite communications technology, which competes with terrestrial communications transport technologies like terrestrial microwave, coaxial cable and fiber optic communications systems. Fiber optic communications systems have

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penetrated areas in which we have traditionally provided services. If the satellite communications industry fails to continue to develop, or any technological development significantly improves the cost or efficiency of competing terrestrial systems relative to satellite systems, then our business and financial condition would be materially harmed.

WE MAY BE UNABLE TO RAISE ADDITIONAL FUNDS TO MEET OUR CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS IN THE FUTURE.

We have incurred negative cash flows from operations in each year since our inception. We believe that our available cash resources will be sufficient to meet our working capital and capital expenditure requirements through September 30, 2004. However, our future liquidity and capital requirements are difficult to predict, as they depend on numerous factors, including the success of our existing product and service offerings, as well as competing technological and market developments. In particular, NetSat continues to have cash requirements, which may continue in the future. We may need to raise additional funds in order to meet additional working capital requirements and to support additional capital expenditures. Should this need arise, additional funds may not be available when needed and, even if additional funds are available, we may not find the terms favorable or commercially reasonable. If adequate funds are unavailable, we may be required to delay, reduce or eliminate some of our operating activities, including marketing programs and research and development programs. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, our existing stockholders will own a smaller percentage of our capital stock and new investors may pay less on average for their securities than, and could have rights superior to, existing stockholders.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF CUSTOMER CONTRACTS ACCOUNT FOR A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF OUR REVENUES, AND THE INABILITY TO REPLACE A KEY CUSTOMER CONTRACT WOULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

We rely on a small number of customer contracts for a large portion of our revenue. Specifically, we have agreements with eight customers to provide equipment and services, from which we expect to generate a significant

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portion of our revenues. If any of these customers is unable to implement its business plan, the market for its services declines, or if all or any of the customers modifies or terminates its agreement with us, and we are unable to replace these contracts, our results of operations, business and financial condition would be materially harmed.

IF OUR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES ARE NOT ACCEPTED IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES WITH EMERGING MARKETS, OUR REVENUES WILL BE IMPAIRED.

We anticipate that a substantial portion of the growth in the demand for our products and services will come from customers in developing countries due to a lack of basic communications infrastructure in these countries. However, we cannot guarantee an increase in the demand for our products and services in developing countries or that customers in these countries will accept our products and services at all. Our ability to penetrate emerging markets in developing countries is dependent upon various factors including:

- o the speed at which communications infrastructure, including terrestrial microwave, coaxial cable and fiber optic communications systems, which compete with satellite-based services, is built;



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- o the effectiveness of our local resellers and sales representatives in marketing and selling our products and services; and
- o the acceptance of our products and services by customers.

If our products and services are not accepted, or the market potential we anticipate does not develop, our revenues will be impaired.

WE DEPEND UPON CERTAIN KEY PERSONNEL AND MAY NOT BE ABLE TO RETAIN THESE EMPLOYEES.

Our future performance depends on the continued service of our key technical, managerial and marketing personnel; in particular, David Hershberg, Kenneth Miller, Stephen Yablonski and Donald Woodring. The employment of any of our key personnel could cease at any time.

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UNAUTHORIZED USE OF OUR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY BY THIRD PARTIES MAY DAMAGE OUR BUSINESS.

We regard our trademarks, trade secrets and other intellectual property as beneficial to our success. Unauthorized use of our intellectual property by third parties may damage our business. We rely on trademark, trade secret and patent protection and contracts, including confidentiality and license agreements with our employees, customers, strategic collaborators, consultants and others to protect our intellectual property rights. Despite our precautions, it may be possible for third parties to obtain and use our intellectual property without our authorization.

We currently have been granted three patents in the United States, one for remote access to the Internet using satellites, another for satellite communication with automatic frequency control, and most recently, we have been granted a patent concerning a monitor and control system for satellite communications networks and the like. We have two other patents pending in the United States, one for implementing facsimile and data communications using Internet protocols and another for a distributed satellite-based cellular network. We currently have one Patent Cooperation Treaty patent application pending for implementing facsimile and data communications using Internet protocols. We also intend to seek further patents on our technology, if appropriate. We cannot assure you that patents will be issued for any of our pending or future patents or that any claims allowed from such applications will be of sufficient scope, or be issued in all countries where our products and services can be sold, to provide meaningful protection or any commercial advantage to us. Also, our competitors may be able to design around our patents. The laws of some foreign countries in which our products and services are or may be developed, manufactured or sold may not protect our products and services or intellectual property rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States and thus make the possibility of piracy of our technology and products and services more likely.

We have filed applications for trademark registration of Globecomm Systems Inc., Globecomm, and GSI in the United States and various other countries, and have been granted registrations for some of these terms in the United States, Europe and Russia. We have received trademark registrations for NetSat in the United States, the European Community, Russia, Singapore and Brazil. We have various other trademarks registered or pending for registration in the United States and in other countries and may seek registration of other trademarks and service marks in the future. We cannot assure you that

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registrations will be granted from any of our pending or future applications, or that any registrations that are granted will prevent others from using similar trademarks in connection with related goods and services.

DEFENDING AGAINST INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY INFRINGEMENT CLAIMS COULD BE TIME CONSUMING AND EXPENSIVE, AND IF WE ARE NOT SUCCESSFUL, COULD CAUSE SUBSTANTIAL EXPENSES AND DISRUPT OUR BUSINESS.

We cannot be sure that our products, services, technologies, and advertising we employ in our business do not or will not

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infringe valid patents, trademarks, copyrights or other intellectual property rights held by third parties. We may be subject to legal proceedings and claims from time to time relating to the intellectual property of others in the ordinary course of our business. Prosecuting infringers and defending against intellectual property infringement claims could be time consuming and expensive, and regardless of whether we are or are not successful, could cause substantial expenses and disrupt our business. We may incur substantial expenses in defending against these third party claims, regardless of their merit. Successful infringement claims against us may result in substantial monetary liability and/or may materially disrupt the conduct of, or necessitate the cessation of, our business.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO KEEP PACE WITH TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES, WHICH WOULD MAKE OUR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES BECOME NON-COMPETITIVE AND OBSOLETE.

The telecommunications industry, including satellite-based communications services, is characterized by rapidly changing technologies, frequent new product and service introductions and evolving industry standards. If we are unable, for technological or other reasons, to develop and introduce new products and services or enhancements to existing products and services in a timely manner or in response to changing market conditions or customer requirements, our products and services would become non-competitive and obsolete, which would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

WE DEPEND ON OUR SUPPLIERS, SOME OF WHICH ARE OUR SOLE OR A LIMITED SOURCE OF SUPPLY, AND THE LOSS OF THESE SUPPLIERS WOULD MATERIALLY ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS, RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION.

We currently obtain most of our critical components and services from single or limited sources and generally do not maintain significant inventories or have long-term or exclusive supply contracts with our vendors. We have from time to time experienced delays in receiving products from vendors due to lack of availability, quality control or manufacturing problems, shortages of materials or components or product design difficulties. We may experience delays in the future and replacement services or products may not be available when needed, or at all, or at commercially reasonable rates or prices. If we were to change some of our vendors, we would have to perform additional testing procedures on the service or product supplied by the new vendors, which would prevent or delay the availability of our products and services. Furthermore, our costs could increase significantly if we need to change vendors. If we do not receive timely deliveries of quality products and services, or if there are significant increases in the prices of these products or services, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

OUR NETWORK MAY EXPERIENCE SECURITY BREACHES, WHICH COULD DISRUPT OUR SERVICES.

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Our network infrastructure may be vulnerable to computer viruses, break-ins, denial of service attacks and similar disruptive problems caused by our customers or other Internet users. Computer viruses, break-ins, denial of service attacks or other problems caused by third parties could lead to interruptions, delays or cessation in service to our customers. There currently is no existing technology that provides absolute security, and the cost of minimizing these security breaches could be prohibitively expensive. We may face liability to customers for such security breaches. Furthermore, these incidents could deter potential customers and adversely affect existing customer relationships.

SATELLITES UPON WHICH WE RELY MAY BE DAMAGED OR LOST, OR MALFUNCTION.

The damage, loss or malfunction of any of the satellites used by us, or a temporary or permanent malfunction of any of the satellites upon which we rely, would likely result in the interruption of our satellite-based communications services. This interruption would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

A THIRD PARTY COULD BE PREVENTED FROM ACQUIRING SHARES OF OUR STOCK AT A PREMIUM TO THE MARKET PRICE BECAUSE OF OUR ANTI-TAKEOVER PROVISIONS.

Various provisions with respect to votes in the election of directors, special meetings of stockholders, and advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and director nominations of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, bylaws and Section 203 of the General Corporation Laws of the State of Delaware could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our stockholders. In addition, we have a poison pill in place that could make an acquisition of us by a third party more difficult.

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RISKS RELATED TO GOVERNMENT APPROVALS

WE ARE SUBJECT TO MANY GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS, AND FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THEM WILL HARM OUR BUSINESS.

OPERATIONS AND USE OF SATELLITES

We are subject to various federal laws and regulations, which may have negative effects on our business. We operate Federal Communication Commission, or FCC, licensed earth stations in Hauppauge, New York, subject to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, or the FCC Act, and the rules and regulations of FCC. Pursuant to the FCC Act and rules, we have obtained and are required to maintain radio transmission licenses from the FCC for both domestic and foreign operations of our earth stations. We have also obtained and are required to maintain authorization issued under Section 214 of the FCC Act to act as a telecommunications carrier, which authorization also extends to NetSat. These licenses should be renewed by the FCC in the normal course as long as we remain in compliance with FCC rules and regulations. However, we cannot guarantee that the FCC will grant additional licenses when our existing licenses expire, nor are we assured that the FCC will not adopt new or modified technical requirements that will require us to incur expenditures to modify or upgrade our equipment as a condition of retaining our licenses. We are also required to comply with FCC regulations regarding the exposure of humans to radio frequency radiation from our earth stations. These regulations, as well as local land use regulations, restrict our freedom to choose where to locate our earth stations. In addition, prior to a third party acquisition of us, we would need to seek

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approval from the FCC to transfer the radio transmission licenses we have obtained to the third party upon the consummation of the acquisition. However, we cannot assure you that the FCC will permit the transfer of these licenses. These approvals may make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us.

### FOREIGN OWNERSHIP

We may, in the future, be required to seek FCC approval if foreign ownership of our stock exceeds the specified criteria. Failure to comply with these policies could result in an order to divest the offending foreign ownership, fines, denial of license renewal, and/or license revocation proceedings against the licensee by the FCC.

### FOREIGN REGULATIONS

Regulatory schemes in countries in which we may seek to provide our satellite-delivered data communications services may impose impediments on our operations. Some countries in which we intend to operate have telecommunications laws and regulations that do not currently contemplate technical advances in telecommunications technology like Internet/intranet transmission by satellite. We cannot assure you that the present regulatory environment in any of those countries will not be changed in a manner, which may have a material adverse impact on our business. Either we or our local partners typically must obtain authorization for each country in which we provide our satellite-delivered data communications services. The regulatory schemes in each country are different, and thus there may be instances of noncompliance of which we are not aware. We cannot assure you that our licenses and approvals are or will remain sufficient in the view of foreign regulatory authorities, or that necessary licenses and approvals will be granted on a timely basis in all jurisdictions in which we wish to offer our products and services or that restrictions applicable thereto will not be unduly burdensome.

### REGULATION OF THE INTERNET

Due to the increasing popularity and use of the Internet, it is possible that a number of laws and regulations may be adopted at the local, national or international levels with respect to the Internet, covering issues including user privacy and expression, pricing of products and services, taxation, advertising, intellectual property rights, information security or the convergence of traditional communication services with Internet communications. It is anticipated that a substantial portion of our Internet operations will be carried out in countries that may impose greater regulation of the content of information coming into the country than that which is generally applicable in the United States; for example, privacy regulations in 35 countries in Europe and content restrictions in countries such as the Republic of China. To the extent that we provide content as a part of our Internet services, it will be subject to laws regulating content. Moreover, the adoption of laws or regulations may decrease the growth of the Internet, which could in turn decrease the demand for our Internet services or increase our cost of doing business or in some other manner have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition. In addition, the applicability of existing laws governing issues including property ownership, copyrights and other

intellectual property issues, taxation, libel, court jurisdiction and personal privacy to the Internet is uncertain. The vast majority of these laws were adopted prior to the advent of the Internet and related technologies and, as a result, do not contemplate or address the unique issues of the Internet and

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related technologies. Changes to these laws intended to address these issues, including some recently proposed changes, could create uncertainty in the marketplace which could reduce demand for our products and services, could increase our cost of doing business as a result of costs of litigation or increased product development costs, or could in some other manner have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. For example, a United States federal law banning states from imposing sales taxes on certain Internet access charges expired on October 31, 2003 and, if Congress does not implement new legislation reinstating the sales tax ban, states may impose sales tax on Internet access charges, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

### TELECOMMUNICATIONS TAXATION, SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS, AND ACCESS CHARGES

All telecommunications carriers providing domestic services in the United States are required to contribute a portion of their gross revenues for the support of universal telecommunications services; and some telecommunications services are subject to special taxation and to contribution requirements to support services to special groups, like persons with disabilities. Our services may be subject to new or increased taxes and contribution requirements that could affect our profitability, particularly if we are not able to pass them through to customers for either competitive or regulatory reasons.

Internet services are currently exempt from charges that long distance telephone companies pay for access to the networks of local telephone companies in the United States. Efforts have been made from time to time, and may be made again in the future, to eliminate this exemption. If these access charges are imposed on telephone lines used to reach Internet service providers and/or if flat rate telephone services for Internet access are eliminated or curtailed, the cost to customers who access our satellite facilities using telephone company-provided facilities could increase to an extent that could discourage the demand for our services. Likewise, the demand for our services in other countries may be affected by the availability and cost of local telephone or other telecommunications facilities to reach our facilities.

### EXPORT OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT

The sale of our ground segment systems, networks, and communications services outside the United States is subject to compliance with the regulations of the United States Export Administration Regulations. The absence of comparable restrictions on competitors in other countries may adversely affect our competitive position. In addition, in order to ship our products into other countries, the products must satisfy the technical requirements of that particular country. If we were unable to comply with such requirements with respect to a significant quantity of our products, our sales in those countries could be restricted, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to a variety of risks, including foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations relating to certain purchases from foreign vendors. In the normal course of business, we assess these risks and have established policies and procedures to manage our exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency values.

Our objective to managing our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations is to reduce the impact of adverse fluctuations in earnings and cash flows associated with foreign currency exchange rates for certain purchases from foreign vendors, if applicable. Accordingly, we may utilize from time to time foreign currency forward contracts to hedge our exposure on firm

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commitments denominated in foreign currency. During the three months ended September 30, 2003 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, we had no such foreign currency forward contracts.

Our results of operations and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in interest rates primarily from our investment of available cash balances in money market funds with portfolios of investment grade corporate and government securities. Under our current positions, we do not use interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes.

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### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### QUARTERLY EVALUATION OF THE COMPANY'S DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS.

- (a) As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of senior management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective for gathering, analyzing and disclosing the information that the Company is required to disclose in reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- (b) There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) or in other factors during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2003 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

### PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

- Item 1. Legal Proceedings  
None
- Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds  
None
- Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities  
None
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders  
None
- Item 5. Other Information

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None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Index to Exhibits:

Exhibit No.

10.1 Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of September 25, 2003, by and between Silicon Valley Bank and the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the year ended June 30, 2003).

31.1 Chief Executive Officer Certification required by Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (filed herewith).

31.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification required by Rules 13a- 14 and 15d- 14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (filed herewith).

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32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GLOBECOMM SYSTEMS INC.

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(Registrant)

Date: November 14, 2003

/s/ DAVID E. HERSHBERG

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David E. Hershberg  
Chairman of the Board and  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 14, 2003

/s/ ANDREW C. MELFI  
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Andrew C. Melfi  
Vice President, Chief Financial  
Officer and Treasurer (Principal  
Financial and Accounting Officer)

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- 31.2 Chief Financial Officer Certification required by Rules 13a- 14 and 15d- 14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (filed herewith).
- 32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).

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