POWELL INDUSTRIES INC Form 10-Q August 08, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

DESCRIPTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-12488 Powell Industries, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 88-0106100
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

8550 Mosley Drive, 77075-1180 Houston, Texas (Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (713) 944-6900

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. b Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). \flat Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated Accelerated Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting filer o filer b (Do not check if a smaller reporting company o company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). o Yes b No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

At July 28, 2011, there were 11,744,909 outstanding shares of the registrant s common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except share and per share data)

ASSETS	June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)		Se	September 30, 2010	
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	137,266	\$	115,353	
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$759 and \$907,	φ	137,200	φ	113,333	
		106,809		91,766	
respectively Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		43,927		38,064	
Inventories, net		41,344		38,244	
Income taxes receivable		5,191		6,726	
Deferred income taxes		5,307		3,087	
		•		•	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		6,870		8,951	
Total Current Assets		346,714		302,191	
Property, plant and equipment, net		59,874		63,676	
Goodwill		1,003		1,003	
Intangible assets, net		24,469		26,132	
Other assets		7,722		7,710	
		7,722		7,710	
Total Assets	\$	439,782	\$	400,712	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	\$	1,378	\$	1,683	
Income taxes payable	,	3,408		1,500	
Accounts payable		46,777		41,850	
Accrued salaries, bonuses and commissions		16,220		25,064	
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts		64,565		31,009	
Accrued product warranty		5,078		5,929	
Other accrued expenses		6,729		7,711	
Total Current Liabilities		144,155		114,746	
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations, net of current maturities		4,387		5,202	
Deferred compensation		3,279		2,730	
Other liabilities		884		731	
Total Liabilities		152,705		123,409	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note J)					
Equity:					
Stockholders Equity:					

Preferred stock, par value \$.01; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock, par value \$.01; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 11,744,909 and		
11,676,955 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	117	117
Additional paid-in capital	35,204	33,569
Retained earnings	251,607	244,969
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	149	(1,352)
Total Stockholders Equity	287,077	277,303
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 439,782	\$ 400,712

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share data)

		Three Months Ended June 30, June 30, 2011 2010		Nine Mon June 30, 2011		onths Ended June 30, 2010		
Revenues		42,135	\$	138,880		392,407	\$	416,931
Cost of goods sold		18,637	4	100,636		317,401	4	304,337
Gross profit		23,498		38,244		75,006		112,594
Selling, general and administrative expenses		19,410		21,084		61,876		62,821
Amortization of intangible assets		1,237		1,132		3,658		3,193
Operating income		2,851		16,028		9,472		46,580
Other income						(1,229)		
Interest expense		88		228		296		638
Interest income		(66)		(49)		(173)		(206)
Income before income taxes		2,829		15,849		10,578		46,148
Income tax provision		1,122		5,530		3,940		16,199
Net income		1,707		10,319		6,638		29,949
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest				(33)				(159)
Net income attributable to Powell Industries,	ф	1.505	ф	10.206	Φ.	6.620	ф	20.700
Inc.	\$	1,707	\$	10,286	\$	6,638	\$	29,790
Earnings per share attributable to Powell Industries, Inc.:								
Basic	\$	0.15	\$	0.89	\$	0.57	\$	2.59
Diluted	\$	0.14	\$	0.88	\$	0.56	\$	2.56
Weighted average shares: Basic		11,740		11,556		11,730		11,518
								11,510
Diluted		11,812		11,679		11,806		11,648

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	June 30, 2010
Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 6,638	\$ 29,949
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	7.7 00	6.550
Depreciation	7,790	6,753
Amortization	3,708	3,244
Stock-based compensation	1,117	1,492
Bad debt expense	82	479
Deferred income taxes	(5,440)	(2,087)
Gain on sale of investment in joint venture in Kazakhstan	(1,229)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(14,151)	23,624
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	(5,846)	11,107
Inventories	(2,747)	11,922
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,795	1,971
Accounts payable and income taxes payable	6,459	(19,958)
Accrued liabilities	(10,910)	(6,383)
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	33,511	(9,978)
Other	2,464	68
Net cash provided by operating activities	25,241	52,203
Investing Activities:		
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	308	14
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(4,072)	(3,461)
Proceeds from sale of investment in joint venture in Kazakhstan	1,229	(3,401)
Buyout of noncontrolling interest Powell Asia	1,22)	(659)
Acquisition of Powell Canada		(23,394)
•		, , ,
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,535)	(27,500)
Financing Activities:	4.047	001
Borrowings on Canadian revolving line of credit	4,947	891
Payments on Canadian revolving line of credit	(4,955)	(3,265)
Payments on Canadian term loan	(400)	(242)
Payments on industrial development revenue bonds	(400)	(400)
Payments on deferred acquisition payable	(0.70)	(4,292)
Other	(250)	1,308
Net cash used in financing activities	(658)	(6,000)

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	22,048	18,703
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(135)	992
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	115,353	97,403
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 137,266	\$ 117,098

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

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POWELL INDUSTRIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
A. OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Overview

Powell Industries, Inc. (we, us, our, Powell or the Company) was incorporated in the state of Delaware in 2004 as a successor to a Nevada company incorporated in 1968. The Nevada corporation was the successor to a company founded by William E. Powell in 1947, which merged into the Company in 1977. Our major subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned, include: Powell Electrical Systems, Inc.; Transdyn, Inc.; Powell Industries International, Inc.; Switchgear & Instrumentation Limited (S&I) and Powell Canada Inc.

We develop, design, manufacture and service custom engineered-to-order equipment and systems for the management and control of electrical energy and other critical processes. Headquartered in Houston, Texas, we serve the transportation, environmental, energy, industrial and utility industries.

In December 2009, we acquired the business and certain assets of PowerComm Inc. and its subsidiaries (referred to herein as Powell Canada) for \$23.4 million, not including acquisition-related expenses. Powell Canada is headquartered in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, and provides electrical and maintenance services. Powell Canada is also a manufacturer of switchgear and related products, primarily serving the oil and gas industry in western Canada. The operating results of Powell Canada are included in our Electrical Power Products business segment from the acquisition date. For further information on the Powell Canada acquisition, see Note C.

Basis of Presentation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Powell and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP), have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. We believe that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to fairly state the financial position, results of operations and cash flows with respect to the interim consolidated financial statements have been included. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire fiscal year. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of Powell and its subsidiaries included in Powell s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2010, which was filed with the SEC on December 8, 2010.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in prior year s financial statements to conform to the presentation used in the current year. These reclassifications have not resulted in any changes to previously reported net income for any periods.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnotes. The most significant estimates used in our financial statements affect revenue and cost recognition for construction contracts, the allowance for doubtful accounts, provision for excess and obsolete inventory, goodwill and other intangible assets, self-insurance, warranty accruals, income taxes and estimates related to acquisition valuations. The amounts recorded for insurance claims, warranties, legal, income taxes and other contingent liabilities require judgments regarding the amount of expenses that will ultimately be incurred. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions, as well as the specific circumstances surrounding these contingent

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liabilities, in evaluating the amount of liability that should be recorded. Estimates may change as new events occur, additional information becomes available or operating environments change. Actual results may differ from our estimates.

New Accounting Standards

In April 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued accounting guidance regarding the accounting for assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination arising from contingencies. This guidance clarifies the initial and subsequent recognition, subsequent accounting and disclosure of assets and liabilities arising from such contingencies in a business combination. This guidance requires that assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination that arise from contingencies be recognized at fair value, if the acquisition-date fair value can be reasonably estimated. If the acquisition-date fair value of an asset or liability cannot be reasonably estimated, the asset or liability would be measured at the amount that would be recognized using the accounting guidance related to accounting for contingencies or the guidance for reasonably estimating losses. This accounting guidance became effective for us on October 1, 2010. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued updated guidance to amend the disclosure requirements related to recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. This update requires new disclosures about significant transfers of assets and liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy (including the reasons for these transfers) and the reasons for any transfers in or out of Level 3. This update also requires a reconciliation of recurring Level 3 measurements about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements on a gross basis. In addition to these new disclosure requirements, this update clarifies certain existing disclosure requirements. For example, this update clarifies that reporting entities are required to provide fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities, rather than each major category of assets or liabilities. This update also clarifies the requirement for entities to disclose information about both the valuation techniques and inputs used in estimating Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements. This update became effective for us with the interim and annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2009, our fiscal year 2011, except for the requirement to provide the Level 3 activity of purchases, sales, issuances and settlements on a gross basis, which will become effective for us with the interim and annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2010, our fiscal year 2012. We will not be required to provide the amended disclosures for any previous periods presented for comparative purposes. Other than requiring additional disclosures, adoption of this update for the provisions currently in effect for us did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued accounting guidance for the milestone method of revenue recognition. This guidance allows entities to make a policy election to use the milestone method of revenue recognition and provides guidance on defining a milestone and the criteria that should be met for applying the milestone method. The scope of this guidance is limited to transactions involving milestones relating to research and development. The guidance includes enhanced disclosure requirements about each arrangement, individual milestones and related contingent consideration, information about substantive milestones and factors considered in the determination. This guidance is effective prospectively to milestones achieved in fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after June 15, 2010. Early application and retrospective application are permitted. We have evaluated this new guidance and have determined that it will not currently have a significant impact on the determination or reporting of our financial results.

In May 2011, the FASB issued accounting guidance related to fair value measurement, which amends current guidance to achieve common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. This guidance generally represents clarification of fair value measurement standards, but also includes instances where a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or disclosing information about fair value measurements has changed. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. We will adopt this guidance for our fiscal year beginning October 1, 2012. We do not expect this pronouncement to have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued new accounting guidance on the presentation of comprehensive income in financial statements. Entities are required to present total comprehensive income either in a single, continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate, but consecutive, statements. Under the single-statement approach, entities must include the components of net income, a total for net income, the components of other comprehensive income and a total for comprehensive income. Under the two-statement approach, entities must report an income statement and, immediately following, a statement of other comprehensive income. Under either method, entities must display adjustments for items reclassified from other comprehensive income to net income in both net income and other comprehensive income. The provisions for this guidance are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. We will adopt this guidance for our fiscal year beginning October 1, 2012.

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Subsequent Events

We evaluated subsequent events through the time of filing this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. No significant events occurred subsequent to the balance sheet or prior to the filing of this report that would have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or results of operations taken as a whole.

B. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

We measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as an exit price which represents the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in valuing an asset or liability. The accounting guidance requires the use of valuation techniques to measure fair value that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. As a basis for considering such assumptions and inputs, a fair value hierarchy has been established which identifies and prioritizes three levels of inputs to be used in measuring fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs other than the quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly, including: quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market data and require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The following table summarizes the fair value of our assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2011 (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2011					
	Quoted Prices in Active	Significant Other	Significant			
	Markets for Identical	for Observable Identical		Fair Value		
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	J	at June 30,	
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	· ·	2011	
Assets Cash equivalents	\$ 88,807	\$	\$	\$	88,807	
Total	\$ 88,807	\$	\$	\$	88,807	
Liabilities Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	\$ 3	2 \$	\$	32	
Total	\$	\$ 3	2 \$	\$	32	

The following table summarizes the fair value of our assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2010 (in thousands):

Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2010 Significant

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	P N Io	Quoted rices in Active Markets for dentical Assets	Significa Other Observa	.ble l	Unobservable Inputs	Fair V	
	(1	Level 1)	(Level	2)	(Level 3)	Septem 20	
Assets Cash equivalents	\$	64,014	\$		\$	\$	64,014
Total	\$	64,014	\$		\$	\$	64,014
Liabilities Foreign currency forward contracts	\$		\$	47	\$	\$	47
Total	\$		\$	47	\$	\$	47
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Cash equivalents, primarily funds held in money market instruments, are reported at their current carrying value which approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments and are included in cash and cash equivalents in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Foreign currency forward contracts are valued using an income approach which consists of a discounted cash flow model that takes into account the present value of future cash flows under the terms of the contracts using observable market spot and forward rates as of our reporting date, and are included in Level 2 inputs in the above table. We use these derivative instruments to mitigate non-functional currency transaction exposure on certain contracts with customers and vendors. We mitigate derivative credit risk by transacting with highly rated counterparties. We have evaluated the credit and non-performance risks associated with our derivative counterparties and believe them to be insignificant at June 30, 2011. All contracts are recorded at fair value and marked-to-market at the end of each reporting period, with unrealized gains and losses being included in accumulated other comprehensive income on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets for that period. See Note I for further discussion regarding our derivative instruments.

C. ACQUISITIONS

Total purchase price

On December 15, 2009, we acquired the business and certain assets of PowerComm Inc. and its subsidiaries, Redhill Systems, Ltd., Nextron Corporation, PCG Technical Services Inc. and Concorde Metal Manufacturing Ltd (the business of which is referred to herein as Powell Canada). Powell Canada is headquartered in Edmonton, Alberta, Canada, and provides electrical and maintenance services in western Canada. Powell Canada is also a manufacturer of switchgear and related products, primarily serving the oil and gas industry in western Canada. This acquisition supports our strategy to expand our geographic presence into Canada, as well as increasing our service and maintenance capabilities.

We paid \$23.4 million, plus expenses of approximately \$2.4 million, for the acquisition from our existing cash and cash equivalents and assumed \$15.1 million of existing bank debt. See the table below for assets acquired and liabilities assumed. In December 2009, approximately \$2.4 million of the \$23.4 million purchase price was placed into an escrow account related to the purchase of PowerComm s 50% interest in the operations of a joint venture in Kazakhstan. This transaction closed in April 2010 and the escrow was released. The finalization of the net asset adjustment related to the Kazakhstan transaction and the calculation of the management fee agreement related to the operating results of the Kazakhstan joint venture from December 16, 2009, through March 31, 2010, as defined in the acquisition agreement, resulted in a refund to the Company of approximately \$472,000. This refund was received by the Company subsequent to September 30, 2010, and reduced the corresponding receivable.

Intangible assets recorded are approximately \$9.0 million and are being amortized over an initial weighted average life of approximately 8.4 years. Goodwill was initially recorded at approximately \$7.2 million and was not amortized. Goodwill represented the excess purchase price over the estimated fair value allocated to the net assets acquired. During fiscal 2010, our impairment analysis indicated that the goodwill related to the acquisition of Powell Canada was completely impaired, thus a loss on impairment of approximately \$7.5 million was recorded in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010.

The purchase price allocation was as follows, based on the exchange rate as of December 15, 2009 (in thousands):

Accounts receivable	\$ 16,643
Inventories	4,180
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,401
Property, plant and equipment	7,863
Goodwill	7,180
Intangible assets	9,043
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(7,649)
Capital lease obligations	(2,667)
Bank debt assumed	(15,072)

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\$ 22,922

Operating results of Powell Canada are included in our Electrical Power Products business segment in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations from December 15, 2009. Pro forma results, including the results of Powell Canada since the beginning of fiscal year 2009 would not be materially different than the actual results reported. In the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2010, the Company made a strategic decision to exit the 50% owned joint venture in Kazakhstan. We did not record our share of revenue and expense or assets and liabilities as financial information was not available and based on

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the fact that this information was not material to the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company. We received approximately \$1.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011 resulting from the sale of our 50% investment in a joint venture in Kazakhstan, which is recorded in other income in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

In October 2010, we acquired certain assets related to a technology for real-time optical fiber-based thermal sensors that have application for monitoring of hot spots in electrical power equipment systems. There were no operations associated with this patent-pending technology acquired. This transaction has been recorded as an increase in intangible assets of approximately \$1.5 million at December 31, 2010, and is being amortized over seven years.

D. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Mon June	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Numerator:				
Net income attributable to Powell Industries, Inc.	\$ 1,707	\$ 10,286	\$ 6,638	\$ 29,790
Denominator:				
Weighted average basic shares	11,740	11,556	11,730	11,518
Dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock units	72	123	76	130
Weighted average diluted shares with assumed				
conversions	11,812	11,679	11,806	11,648
Net earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.57	\$ 2.59
Diluted	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.56	\$ 2.56

All options were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, as the options exercise prices were less than the average market price of our common stock.

E. DETAIL OF SELECTED BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Activity in our allowance for doubtful accounts receivable consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Three Mor June		Nine Months End June 30,		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,508	\$ 1,930	\$ 907	\$ 1,607	
Increase (decrease) in bad debt expense	(524)				