COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORP Form 10-O May 15, 2001

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES [X] EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly period ended March 31, 2001

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES [_] EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-11515

COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

47-0658852 Nebraska _____ _____ (State or other jurisdiction of (I. R. S. Employer Identification Number) incorporation or organization) 2120 South 72nd Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68124 _____ _____ (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

> (402) 554-9200 -----(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

> > Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last

report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES [X] NO [_]

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Title of Each Class

Outstanding at May 7, 2001

Common Stock, Par Value \$.01 Per Share

51,344,822

COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ASSETS	March 31, 2001
	(Unaudited)
Cash (including short-term investments of \$1,183 and \$1,283)	\$ 176,30
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value	821,10
Mortgage-backed securities available for sale, at fair value	1,555,1
Loans and leases held for sale, net	470,9
Loans receivable, net of allowances of \$83,594 and \$82,263	8,540,7
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	197,3
Real estate, net	58,5
Premises and equipment, net	164,2
Bank owned life insurance	204,1
Other assets	351,4
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$74,544 and \$70,502	203,2
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
	\$ 7,641,0
Deposits	3,718,9
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	273,5
±	273,6
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	·
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank Other borrowings	11,907,2

Common stock, \$.01 par value; 120,000,000 shares authorized; 51,717,381 and 53,208,628 shares issued and outstanding

Additional paid-in capital

222,57

641,27 (28,55
835,81
\$12,743,06

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

Interest Expense: Deposits	(Dollars in Thousands)		Three Months Ended March 31,			
Loans receivable \$180,699 \$190,000 Mortgage-backed securities 26,242 20,000 Investment securities 17,137 21,000 Total interest income 224,078 232,000 Interest Expense: 224,078 232,000 Deposits 92,584 81,000 Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank 55,977 62,000 Other borrowings 3,688 3,000 Total interest expense 152,249 147,000 Net Interest Income 71,829 85,000 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,700 Other Income (Loss): 21,063 10,000 Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,000 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,000 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,000 Real estate operations (515) (5,000 Other operating income 11,505 6,000 Total other income 30,710 23,000 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses		2001	2000			
Loans receivable \$180,699 \$190,000 Mortgage-backed securities 26,242 20,000 Investment securities 17,137 21,000 Total interest income 224,078 232,000 Interest Expense: 224,078 232,000 Deposits 92,584 81,000 Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank 55,977 62,000 Other borrowings 3,688 3,000 Total interest expense 152,249 147,000 Net Interest Income 71,829 85,000 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,700 Other Income (Loss): 21,063 10,000 Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,000 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,000 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,000 Real estate operations (515) (5,000 Other operating income 11,505 6,000 Total other income 30,710 23,000 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses						
Mortgage-backed securities 26,242 20,1 Investment securities 17,137 21, Total interest income 224,078 232,3 Interest Expense: 224,078 232,3 Deposits 92,584 81,4 Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank 55,977 62,7 Other borrowings 3,688 3,4 Total interest expense 152,249 147,7 Net Interest Income 71,829 85,7 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,7 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,3 Other Income (Loss): 8 12,063 10,5 Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,5 6,6 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 9,058 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,60) (3,		¢100 600	¢100 00			
Investment securities		•				
Total interest income 224,078 232,3 Interest Expense: Deposits 92,584 81,4 Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank 55,977 62,7 Other borrowings 3,688 3,4 Total interest expense 152,249 147,4 Net Interest Income 71,829 85,6 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,7) Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,4 Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,4 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,4 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,600) Real estate operations (515) (515) Other operating income 30,710 23,000 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -						
Interest Expense: Deposits	INVESTMENT SECULICIES		در , در 			
Deposits	Total interest income	224,078	232,52			
Deposits	Interest Expense:					
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank 55,977 62,0 ther borrowings 3,688 3		92,584	81,40			
Other borrowings 3,688 3,688 Total interest expense 152,249 147,48 Net Interest Income 71,829 85,69 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,70 Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,30 Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,70 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,40 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,469) Real estate operations (515) (500) Other operating income 11,505 6,40 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -			62,17			
Net Interest Income 71,829 85,0 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,7) Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,30 Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,33 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,63 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,469) Real estate operations (515) (3,469) Other operating income 11,505 6,460 Total other income 30,710 23,00 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -			3,87			
Net Interest Income 71,829 85,0 Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,7) Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,30 Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,33 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,63 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3,469) Real estate operations (515) (3,469) Other operating income 11,505 6,460 Total other income 30,710 23,00 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -						
Provision for Loan Losses (4,443) (3,72) Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,3 Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,3 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,4 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (2,469) (3,469) (4,515) (5,515) (5,515) (7,515)	Total interest expense	152 , 249	147,45			
Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses 67,386 81,3 Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges 12,063 10,3 Loan servicing fees, net 1,068 6,6 Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net 9,058 Loss on sales of loans (2,469) (3 Real estate operations (515) (3 Other operating income 11,505 6,4 Total other income 30,710 23,0 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Net Interest Income	71,829	85 , 07			
Other Income (Loss): Retail fees and charges Loan servicing fees, net Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net Loss on sales of loans Real estate operations Other operating income Total other income Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Provision for Loan Losses	(4,443)	(3,70			
Retail fees and charges Loan servicing fees, net Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net Loss on sales of loans Real estate operations Other operating income Total other income 11,068 6,6 6,6 6,6 6,6 6,6 7 7 7 8 9,058 (2,469) (2,469) (3,000) (515) (515) (3,000) (515) (4,000) (515)	Net Interest Income After Provision for Loan Losses	67,386	81,37			
Loan servicing fees, net Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net Loss on sales of loans Real estate operations Other operating income Total other income Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Other Income (Loss):					
Loan servicing fees, net Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value of derivatives, net Loss on sales of loans Real estate operations Other operating income Total other income Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Retail fees and charges	12,063	10,35			
of derivatives, net Loss on sales of loans Real estate operations Other operating income Total other income Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Loan servicing fees, net		6,66			
Loss on sales of loans Real estate operations Other operating income Total other income Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Gain on sales of securities and changes in fair value					
Real estate operations (515) (1 Other operating income 11,505 6,400 Control of the second 11,505 Contro	of derivatives, net	9,058	-			
Other operating income 11,505 6,4 Total other income 30,710 23,0 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Loss on sales of loans	(2,469)	(23			
Total other income 30,710 23,0 Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Real estate operations	(515)	(15			
Other Expense: General and administrative expenses -	Other operating income	11,505	6,42			
General and administrative expenses -	Total other income	30,710	23,05			
General and administrative expenses -	Other Expense:					
	-					
	Compensation and benefits	26,505	27,3			

Occupancy and equipment	9,842	9,56
Data processing	4,605	4 , 75
Advertising	2 , 516	3 , 84
Communication	3 , 295	3 , 67
Item processing	3 , 954	4,02
Outside services	3,248	2,01
Other operating expenses	5,924	4,91
Exit costs and termination benefits	1,955	_
Total general and administrative expenses	61,844	60 , 12
Amortization of core value of deposits	1,943	1,30
Amortization of goodwill	2,120	2,35
Total other expense	65 , 907	63 , 78
Income Before Income Taxes	32 , 189	40,64
Provision for Income Taxes	9,955	14,15
Net Income	\$ 22,234	\$ 26 , 49

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (Continued) (Unaudited)

		Three Mo	onths rch 31
	 2 	2001 	
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares			
Outstanding Used in Basic Earnings Per Share Calculation Assumed Exercise of Outstanding Stock Options	52,4	195,634	
as Adjustments for Dilutive Securities	4 	137,137	
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares	E2 (NOO 771	
Outstanding Used in Diluted Earnings Per Share Calculation	52 , 9	32, //1	
Basic Earnings Per Common Share: Net income	\$.42	
	=====	:=====	
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:			
Net income		.42	
Dividends Declared Per Common Share	\$.07	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)	Three Month: March
	2001
Net Income	\$ 22,234
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss): Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available for sale Fair value adjustment on interest rate swap agreements Fair value change in interest only strips Reclassification of net losses (gains) included in net income pertaining to:	25,235 (32,097) (1,158)
Securities sold Amortization of interest only strips Amortization of fair value adjustments of interest rate swap agreements	
Other Comprehensive Loss Before Income Taxes Income Tax Benefit	(15,349) (2,118)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(13,231)
Comprehensive Income	\$ 9,003

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Net income

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)	Three M Ma
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2001

\$ 22,234

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities:	
Amortization of intangible assets	4,063
Provision for losses on loans and real estate	4,443
Depreciation and amortization	4,827
Amortization of deferred discounts and fees, net	871
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights	3 , 566
Valuation adjustment of mortgage servicing rights	5,484
Loss on sales of real estate and loans, net	2,202
Gain on sales of securities	(8,091)
Proceeds from sales of loans	577 , 758
Origination of loans for resale	(228, 525)
Purchases of loans for resale	(586 , 476)
Increase in bank owned life insurance	(3,420)
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable	10,208
Increase (decrease) in interest payable and other liabilities	(2,176)
Other items, net	(32,272)
Total adjustments	(247,538)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(225,304)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of loans	(51,773)
Repayment of loans, net of originations	98,309
Proceeds from sales of mortgage-backed securities available for sale	24,525
Principal repayments of mortgage-backed securities available for sale	92,015
Purchases of mortgage-backed securities available for sale	
Principal repayments of mortgage-backed securities held to maturity	(130,515)
Dunchage of moutane harlad accomition hald to metunity	(130 , 515)
Purchases of mortgage-backed securities neig to maturity	(130,515)
Purchases of mortgage-backed securities held to maturity Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale	(130,515) 21,523
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale	21 , 523
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale	21,523 196,954
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale	21,523 196,954
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity	21,523 196,954 (258,161)
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001)
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of mortgage loan servicing rights	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001) (7,125)
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of mortgage loan servicing rights Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001) (7,125) 61,360
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of mortgage loan servicing rights Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001) (7,125)
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of mortgage loan servicing rights Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of real estate	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001) (7,125) 61,360 6,212
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of mortgage loan servicing rights Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of real estate Payments to acquire real estate	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001) (7,125) 61,360 6,212 (33)
Maturities and principal repayments of investment securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of investment securities available for sale Purchases of investment securities available for sale Maturities and repayments of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of investment securities held to maturity Purchases of mortgage loan servicing rights Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of Federal Home Loan Bank stock Proceeds from sales of real estate Payments to acquire real estate Purchases of premises and equipment, net	21,523 196,954 (258,161) (5,001) (7,125) 61,360 6,212 (33) (1,848)

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

(Dollars in Thousands)	Three Ma
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2001
Decrease in deposits Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances Proceeds from securities sold under agreements to repurchase Repayments of securities sold under agreements to repurchase Repayments of other borrowings Payments of cash dividends on common stock Repurchases of common stock Issuance of common stock Other items, net	\$ (53,391) 527,500 (374,025) 102,752 (2,722) (1,813) (3,729) (35,383) 1,450
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	160,639
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Decrease in net cash position Balance, beginning of year Balance, end of period	(16,058) 192,358 \$ 176,300
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Cash paid during the period for: Interest expense Income taxes, net Non-cash investing and financing activities: Loans exchanged for mortgage-backed securities Loans transferred to real estate Loans to facilitate the sale of real estate	\$ 152,473 15 11,682 28,805 180

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COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2001
(Unaudited)

(Columnar Dollars in Footnotes are in Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

A. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION AND PRESENTATION:

The unaudited consolidated financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis and include the accounts of Commercial Federal Corporation (the "Corporation"), its wholly-owned subsidiary, Commercial Federal Bank, a Federal Savings Bank (the "Bank"), and all majority-owned subsidiaries of the Corporation and Bank. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain amounts in the prior year period have been reclassified for comparative purposes.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have not been audited by independent auditors. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments and exit costs and termination benefits) considered necessary to fairly present the financial statements have been included. The consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's Transition Report on Form 10-K for the six month transition period ended December 31, 2000. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2001, are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for the entire calendar year 2001.

B. MORTGAGE BANKING ACTIVITIES:

The Corporation's mortgage banking subsidiary services real estate loans for investors that are not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Mortgage servicing rights are established based on the cost of acquiring the right to service mortgage loans or the allocated fair value of servicing rights retained on originated loans sold. The mortgage banking subsidiary also services a substantial portion of the Corporation's real estate loan portfolio.

Mortgage servicing rights are included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition under the caption "other assets." The activity of mortgage servicing rights is summarized as follows for the three months ended March 31:

		2001		2000	
Beginning balance	Ś	111,110	\$	84,053	
Purchases of mortgage servicing rights	Ą	5,001	Ų	2,437	
Mortgage servicing rights retained through loan sales		1,805		781	
Amortization expense		(3,566)		(1,683)	
Valuation adjustment		(5,484)			
Other items, net (principally derivative activity)		3 , 255		61	
Ending balance	\$	112,121	\$	85 , 649	

The fair value of the Corporation's mortgage servicing rights totaled approximately \$116,695,000 at March 31, 2001 compared to \$133,454,000 at December 31, 2000. The valuation allowance for impairment losses totaled \$6,067,000 at March 31, 2001 compared to \$583,000 at December 31, 2000.

The following compares the key assumptions used in measuring the fair values and the sensitivity of the fair values of mortgage servicing rights at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000.

	31, 2001	December	31, 2000
Conventional	Government	al Conventional	Governme

Fair value	\$	56 , 147	\$ 60 , 548	\$ 65 , 724	\$ 6
Prepayment speed		0%-78.1%	0%-70.3%	5.3%-71.0%	0%-
Weighted average prepayment speed		16.1%	16.0%	12.3%	
Discount rate	10	0.1%-14.2%	12.2%-13.4%	10.1%-12.0%	12.2%-

These sensitivities are hypothetical and should be used with caution. As the figures indicate, changes in fair value based on a variation in assumptions generally cannot be extrapolated because the relationship of the change in assumption to the change in fair value may not be linear. Also, in the table the effect of a variation in a particular assumption on the fair value of the mortgage servicing rights is calculated without changing any other assumption; in reality, changes in one factor may result in changes in another (for example, increases in market interest rates may result in lower prepayments and increased credit losses) which might magnify or counteract the sensitivities. Further, these sensitivities show only the change in the asset balances and do not show any expected changes in the fair value of instruments used to manage the prepayment risks associated with these assets or what actions management may take to offset any adverse valuation adjustments.

C. EXIT COSTS AND TERMINATION BENEFITS:

On August 14, 2000, the Board of Directors approved a series of strategic initiatives aimed at improving the overall operations of the Corporation. Key initiatives included:

- . A complete balance sheet review including the disposition of over \$2.0 billion in low-yielding and higher risk investments and residential mortgage loans. The proceeds from these dispositions are to be used to reduce high-cost borrowings, repurchase additional shares of common stock and reinvest in lower risk securities.
- . A thorough assessment of the Bank's delivery and servicing systems.
- . The sale of the leasing company acquired in a February 1998 acquisition.
- . Acceleration of the disposition of other real estate owned.
- . A management restructuring to further streamline the organization and improve efficiencies as well as the appointment of a new chief operating officer.
- . A program to further strengthen the commercial lending portfolio by actively recruiting new lenders in order to accelerate the growth in loans experienced over the past year, while maintaining credit quality.
- . A change in the Corporation's fiscal year end from June 30 to December 31 .
- . An expansion of the Corporation's common stock repurchase program by up to 10% of its outstanding shares, or approximately 5,500,000 shares.

The balance sheet restructuring was completed during the six months ended December 31, 2000.

The Corporation announced that 37 branches will be sold and 12 branches consolidated. The branch consolidations and closings were completed in February 2001. Purchase agreements on 30 of the 37 branches to be sold have been completed. These sales are scheduled to close in the second and third quarters of 2001. The deposits associated with these 49 branches approximate

\$464,000,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Corporation recorded a pre-tax charge of \$1,201,000 (\$781,000 after-tax) related to severance costs associated with right-sizing the branches.

C. EXIT COSTS AND TERMINATION BENEFITS (Continued):

A substantial portion of the leasing portfolio was sold on February 28, 2001. Closing on the transaction was April 9, 2001. Additional expenses totaling \$754,000 (\$490,000 after-tax) were recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2001 to finalize this transaction.

The third phase of the Corporation's stock repurchase program was started August 28, 2000. Through March 31, 2001, the Corporation has repurchased 3,668,800 shares at a cost of \$72,047,000 or \$19.64 per share. The remaining 1,831,200 shares are expected to be repurchased by June 30, 2001.

Total exit costs and termination benefits for the three months ended March 31, 2001, are summarized below:

______ Branch right-sizing \$1,201 Exiting leasing operations ______ Total exit costs and termination benefits ______

D. COMMON STOCK REPURCHASES: ______

On August 14, 2000, the Board of Directors authorized a third repurchase of up to 10% of the Corporation's outstanding common stock, or approximately 5,500,000 shares. Management anticipates to complete this repurchase by June 30, 2001. Repurchases can be made at any time and in any amount, depending upon market conditions and various other factors. Any repurchase generally will be on the open-market, although privately negotiated transactions are also possible. In compliance with Nebraska law, all repurchased shares will be cancelled. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, a total of 1,629,900 shares were repurchased at a cost of \$35,383,000.

The following table details the Corporation's common stock repurchases since April 1999:

Shares of Common Stock ______

First authorization on April 28, 1999 (completed December 1999) Second authorization on December 27, 1999 (completed August 2000)

3,000,000 3,668,800

Third authorization (through March 31, 2001)

3,000,000 \$

Totals 9,668,800 \$1

On May 7, 2001, the Board of Directors authorized the Corporation's fourth stock repurchase program. This repurchase program consists of 5,000,000 shares of the Corporation's outstanding common stock to be completed no later than December 31, 2002.

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E. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

At March 31, 2001, the Corporation's outstanding commitments, excluding undisbursed portions of loans in process, were as follows:

Originate residential mortgage loans	\$202,552
Purchase residential mortgage loans	107,099
Originate commercial real estate loans	186,048
Originate consumer, commercial operating	
and agricultural loans	23,391
Used lines of credit for commercial	
and consumer use	209,690
	\$728 , 780

Loan commitments, which are funded subject to certain limitations, extend over various periods of time. Generally, unused loan commitments are cancelled upon expiration of the commitment term as outlined in each individual contract. These outstanding loan commitments to extend credit do not necessarily represent future cash requirements since many of the commitments may expire without being drawn upon. At March 31, 2001, the Corporation had approximately \$605,268,000 in mandatory forward delivery commitments to sell residential mortgage loans and \$8,990,000 in commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities. At March 31, 2001, loans sold subject to recourse provisions totaled approximately \$13,217,000 which represents the total potential credit risk associated with these particular loans. Any credit risk would, however, be offset by the value of the single-family residential properties that collateralize these loans.

The Corporation is subject to a number of lawsuits and claims for various amounts which arise out of the normal course of its business. In the opinion of management, the disposition of claims currently pending will not have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position or results of operations.

On September 12, 1994, the Bank and the Corporation commenced litigation relating to supervisory goodwill against the United States in the United States Court of Federal Claims seeking to recover monetary relief for the government's refusal to honor certain contracts that it had entered into with the Bank. The suit alleges that such governmental action constitutes a breach of contract and an unlawful taking of property by the United States without just compensation or due process in violation of the Constitution of the United States. The Corporation and the Bank are pursuing alternative damage claims of up to approximately \$230,000,000. The Bank also assumed a lawsuit in the merger with Mid Continent Bancshares, Inc. ("Mid Continent"), against the United States also relating to a supervisory goodwill claim filed by the former Mid Continent. The litigation status and process of these legal actions, as well as that of numerous actions brought by others alleging similar claims with respect to supervisory goodwill and regulatory capital credits, make the value of the

claims asserted by the Bank (including the Mid Continent claim) uncertain as to their ultimate outcome, and contingent on a number of factors and future events which are beyond the control of the Bank, both as to substance, timing and the dollar amount of damages that may be awarded to the Bank and the Corporation if they finally prevail in this litigation.

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F. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

The Corporation identifies two distinct lines of business operations for the purposes of management reporting: Community Banking and Mortgage Banking. These segments were determined based on the Corporation's financial accounting and reporting processes. Management makes operating decisions and assesses performance based on a continuous review of these two primary operations.

The Community Banking segment involves a variety of traditional banking and financial services. These services include retail banking services, consumer checking and savings accounts, and loans for consumer, commercial real estate, residential mortgage and business purposes. Also included in this segment is insurance and securities brokerage services. The Community Banking services are offered through the Bank's branch network, ATMs, 24-hour telephone centers and the Internet. Community Banking is also responsible for the Corporation's investment and mortgage-backed securities portfolios and the corresponding management of deposits, advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") and certain other borrowings.

The Mortgage Banking segment involves the origination and purchase of residential mortgage loans, the sale of these mortgage loans in the secondary mortgage market, the servicing of mortgage loans and the purchase and origination of rights to service mortgage loans. Mortgage Banking operations are conducted through the Bank's branches, offices of a mortgage banking subsidiary and a nationwide correspondent network of mortgage loan originators. The Bank allocates expenses to the Mortgage Banking operation on terms that are not necessarily indicative of those which would be negotiated between unrelated parties. The Mortgage Banking segment also originates and sells loans to the Bank. Substantially all loans sold to the Bank from the Mortgage Banking operation are at net book value, resulting in no gains or losses.

The parent company includes interest income earned on intercompany cash balances and intercompany transactions, interest expense on parent company debt and operating expenses for general corporate purposes.

The contributions of the major business segments to the consolidated results for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 are summarized in the following tables:

	Community Banking	Mortgage Banking	Parent Company	Eliminations/ Adjustments
Three Months Ended March 31, 2001:				
Net interest income (expense)	\$ 67 , 620	\$ 2,419	\$(3,574)	\$ 5,364
Provision for loan losses	(4,340)	(103)	_	_
Non-interest income	32,828	5,226	24,847	(32,191)
Total other expense	59 , 512	6,148	277	(30)

Net income	25,904	893	22,234	(26,797)
Total revenue Intersegment revenue	250,362 4,788	7,645 1,017	24,849 24,853	(28,068)
Three Months Ended March 31, 2000:		·		
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses	\$ 77,346 (3,520)	\$ 5,145 (180)	\$(3,661) 	\$ 6,241
Non-interest income Total other expense	27,138 57,962	12,625 5,789	28 , 992 124	(45,701) (91)
Net income	31,224	8,145	26,490	(39, 369)
Total revenue Intersegment revenue	250,057 7,721	17,773 6,367	28,992 29,528	(41,239)

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G. REGULATORY CAPITAL:

The Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Regulators can initiate certain mandatory, and possibly additional discretionary, actions if the Bank fails to meet minimum capital requirements. These actions could have a direct material effect on the Corporation's financial position and results of operations. The regulations require the Bank to meet specific capital adequacy guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Bank's assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Bank's capital classification is also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios as set forth in the following table. Prompt corrective action provisions pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991 ("FDICIA") require specific supervisory actions as capital levels decrease. To be considered well-capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action provisions under FDICIA, the Bank must maintain certain minimum capital ratios as set forth in the following table. At March 31, 2001, the Bank exceeded the minimum requirements for the well-capitalized category.

The following presents the Bank's regulatory capital levels and ratios relative to its minimum capital requirements as of March 31, 2001:

	Actual Ca	apital
	Amount	Ratio
OTS capital adequacy:		
Tangible capital	\$785,620	6.28%
Core capital	790,224	6.32
Risk-based capital	865,581	11.41
FDICIA regulations to be		
classified well-capitalized:		
Tier 1 leverage capital	790,224	6.32

Tier 1 risk-based capital	790,224	10.41
Total risk-based capital	865,581	11.41

As of March 31, 2001, the most recent notification from the OTS categorized the Bank as "well-capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action provisions under FDICIA. There are no conditions or events since such notification that management believes have changed the Bank's classification.

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H. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

On May 7, 2001, the Board of Directors authorized the Corporation's fourth stock repurchase program. This repurchase consists of 5,000,000 shares of the Corporation's outstanding common stock to be completed no later than December 31, 2002. These repurchases can be made at any time and in any amount, depending upon market conditions and various other factors. Any repurchase generally will be on the open-market, although privately negotiated transactions are also possible. In compliance with Nebraska law, all repurchased shares will be cancelled.

On May 7, 2001, the Corporation's Board of Directors also approved an increase to the Corporation's quarterly cash dividend to \$.08 per common share from \$.07 per common share. The new dividend rate of \$.08 per common share will be paid on July 12, 2001 to stockholders of record as of June 28, 2001.

On May 8, 2001, the Corporation's Board of Directors adopted an amendment to the Corporation's By-Laws which increased the Corporation's board of director seats to eleven from ten. In addition, on May 8, 2001, the Corporation's Board of Directors appointed the President and Chief Operating Officer as a director, bringing the total number of Board of Directors of the Corporation to eleven.

I. CURRENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

On September 29, 2000, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities" ("SFAS No. 140") which replaces SFAS No. 125. SFAS No. 140 revises the standards for accounting for securitizations and other transfers of financial assets and collateral and requires certain disclosures, but carries over most of the provisions of SFAS No. 125. In recent years, transfers of financial assets in which the transferor has some continuing involvement with the transferred assets or with the transferee have grown in volume, variety, and complexity. The transfers raise the issues of whether transferred financial assets should be considered to be sold and a related gain or loss recorded, whether the assets should be considered to be collateral for borrowings, or whether the transfer should be accounted for at all. SFAS No. 125 addressed those issues, but further issues arose in implementation. SFAS No. 140 resolved those implementation issues. SFAS No. 140 provides accounting and reporting standards for transfers and servicing of financial assets and extinguishments of liabilities. Those standards are based on consistent application of a financial-components approach that focuses on control. Under that approach, after a transfer of financial assets, an entity recognizes the financial and servicing assets it controls and the liabilities it has incurred, derecognizes financial assets when control has been surrendered, and derecognizes liabilities when extinguished. SFAS No. 140 provides consistent standards for distinguishing transfers of financial assets that are sales from transfers that

are secured borrowings. A transfer of financial assets in which the transferor surrenders control over the assets is accounted for as a sale to the extent that consideration other than beneficial interests in the transferred assets is received in exchange. The transferor has surrendered control over transferred assets if and only if all of certain specified conditions are met.

SFAS No. 140 is effective for transfers and servicing of financial assets and extinguishments of liabilities occurring after March 31, 2001. SFAS No. 140 is to be applied prospectively with certain exceptions and with earlier or retroactive application not permitted. Management of the Corporation does not believe that the adoption of the accounting provisions of this statement will have any material effect on the Corporation's financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

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Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The statements in this management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations that are not historical fact are forwardlooking statements that involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Management cautions readers that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause a difference include, but are not limited to: fluctuations in interest rates, inflation, the effect of regulatory or government legislative changes, expected cost savings and revenue growth not fully realized, the progress of strategic initiatives and whether realized within expected time frames, general economic conditions, adequacy of allowance for credit losses, costs or difficulties associated with restructuring initiatives, technology changes and competitive pressures in the geographic and business areas where the Corporation conducts its operations. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations. Actual results in future periods may differ materially from those currently expected because of various risks and uncertainties.

CHANGE IN FISCAL YEAR END:

On August 14, 2000, the Board of Directors approved a change in the Corporation's year end from June 30 to December 31. This change was effective for calendar year 2000. A December 31 year end allows the Corporation to be aligned with the financial industry from a reporting perspective and facilitates comparisons with industry norms.

KEY STRATEGIC INITIATIVES - AUGUST 2000:

On August 14, 2000, the Board of Directors approved a series of key strategic initiatives aimed at improving the overall operations of the Corporation, strengthening earnings and enhancing shareholder value. These key initiatives included a complete balance sheet review, a thorough assessment of the Bank's delivery and servicing systems, the sale of the underperforming leasing company, an acceleration of the disposition of other real estate owned and a management restructuring. Total expenses related to these strategic initiatives totaled \$2.0 million (\$1.3 million after-tax, or \$.02 per diluted share) during the three months ended March 31, 2001. These expenses are classified in the general and administrative category "exit costs and termination benefits." See Note C "Exit Costs and Termination Benefits" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial

Statements for additional information.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES:

The Corporation's principal asset is its investment in the capital stock of the Bank. Since the Corporation does not generate any significant revenues independent of the Bank, the Corporation's liquidity is dependent on the extent to which it receives dividends from the Bank. The Bank's ability to pay dividends to the Corporation is dependent on its ability to generate earnings and is subject to a number of regulatory restrictions and tax considerations. Under the capital distribution regulations of the Office of Thrift Supervision ("OTS"), the Bank is permitted to pay capital distributions during a calendar year up to 100.0% of its retained net income (net income determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles less total capital distributions declared) for the current calendar year combined with the Bank's retained net income for the preceding two calendar years without requiring an application for approval to be filed with the OTS. At March 31, 2001, the Bank's total distributions exceeded its retained income by \$137.3 million under this regulation. Currently, the Bank is required to file an application with the OTS for approval of any capital distributions.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued):

The Corporation manages its liquidity at both the parent company and subsidiary levels. At March 31, 2001, the cash of Commercial Federal Corporation (the "parent company") totaled \$38.7 million. Due to the parent company's limited independent operations, management believes that its cash balance at March 31, 2001, is currently sufficient to meet operational needs excluding funds necessary for interest and principal payments and the repurchase of common stock. The parent company's ability to make future interest and principal payments on its \$50.0 million of 7.95% fixed-rate subordinated extendible notes due December 1, 2006, on its \$46.4 million of 9.375% fixed-rate junior subordinated debentures due May 15, 2027, and on its term and revolving credit notes is dependent upon its receipt of dividends from the Bank. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the parent company received cash dividends totaling \$44.0 million from the Bank. These dividends received from the Bank were for (i) common stock cash dividends totaling \$3.6 million paid by the parent company to its common stock shareholders, (ii) interest payments totaling \$994,000 on the parent company's debt and (iii) the financing of common stock repurchases totaling \$39.4 million. The Bank will continue to pay dividends to the parent company, subject to regulatory restrictions, to cover future principal and interest payments on the parent company's debt and quarterly cash dividends on common stock when and as declared by the parent company. The parent company also receives cash from the exercise of stock options and the sale of common stock under its employee benefit plans, as well as from the Bank for income tax benefits from operating losses of the parent company as provided in the corporate tax sharing agreement.

The Corporation continues repurchasing shares of its outstanding common stock that began in April 1999. On August 14, 2000, the Corporation's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 10% of its outstanding stock, or approximately 5,500,000 shares. Management anticipates to complete this repurchase by June 30, 2001. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Corporation purchased 1,629,900 shares of its common stock at a cost of \$35.4 million. On May 7, 2001, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 5,000,000 shares of the Corporation's outstanding common stock to be completed no later than December 31, 2002.

The Corporation's primary sources of funds are (i) deposits, (ii) principal repayments on loans, mortgage-backed and investment securities, (iii) advances from the FHLB and (iv) cash generated from operations. Net cash flows used by operating activities totaled \$225.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, and net cash flows provided by operating activities totaled \$141.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Amounts fluctuate from period to period primarily as a result of mortgage banking activity relating to the purchase and origination of loans for resale and the subsequent sale of such loans. Certain amounts from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2001, reflect the balance sheet restructuring announced in August 2000. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Corporation sold investment and mortgage-backed securities totaling \$213.4 million resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$8.1 million. These gains on the sales of investment and mortgage-backed securities were recognized to offset the valuation adjustment loss of \$5.5 million in the mortgage servicing rights portfolio. A substantial portion of the leasing portfolio was sold February 28, 2001 with closing on the transaction occurring April 9, 2001. The Corporation realized cash proceeds in April 2001 totaling \$34.8 million from the sale and originated a secured loan totaling \$9.5 million at prime plus 100 basis points for a one-year term with two annual renewals.

Net cash flows provided by investing activities totaled \$48.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, and net cash flows used by investing activities totaled \$64.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Amounts fluctuate from period to period primarily as a result of (i) principal repayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities and (ii) the purchase and origination of loans, mortgage-backed and investment securities.

Net cash flows provided by financing activities totaled \$160.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and for the three months ended March 31, 2000, net cash flows used by financing activities totaled \$97.7 million. Advances from the FHLB and deposits have been the primary sources to balance the Corporation's funding needs during each of the periods presented. The Corporation experienced net decreases in deposits of \$53.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. The net decrease in deposits for the current period is primarily due to the Corporation's reduction of brokered deposits for funding needs. At March 31, 2001, brokered certificates of deposits totaled \$208.8 million compared to \$322.2 million at December 31, 2000. The net decrease in deposits of \$12.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000, was primarily due to depositors seeking higher-yielding investment options. As part of the Corporation's key strategic initiatives, it was announced that 49 branches would be closed or sold in 2001. During the current quarter, 12 branches were closed. Management anticipates that the 37 other branches will be sold by September 30, 2001. Deposits associated with these 49 branches approximated \$464.0 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Corporation continued to borrow long-term FHLB advances that are callable at the option of the FHLB. At March 31, 2001, the Corporation had fixed-rate advances with a weighted average rate of 5.29% totaling \$1.7 billion that were convertible into adjustable-rate advances. These convertible advances have call dates after March 2004. During the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 the Corporation repurchased shares of its common stock totaling \$35.4 million and \$20.3 million, respectively.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued):

At March 31, 2001, the Corporation issued commitments totaling approximately \$728.8 million to fund and purchase loans as follows: \$69.7 million of single-

family adjustable-rate mortgage loans, \$239.9 million of single-family fixed-rate mortgage loans, \$186.1 million of commercial real estate loans, \$23.4 million of consumer, commercial operating and agricultural loans and approximately \$209.7 million of unused lines of credit for commercial and consumer use. These outstanding loan commitments to extend credit in order to originate loans or fund commercial and consumer loans lines of credit do not necessarily represent future cash requirements since many of the commitments may expire without being drawn. The Corporation expects to fund these commitments, as necessary, from the sources of funds previously described. In addition, at March 31, 2001, the Corporation had approximately \$605.3 million in mandatory forward delivery commitments to sell residential mortgage loans and \$9.0 million in commitments to sell mortgage-backed securities.

The maintenance of an appropriate level of liquid resources to meet not only regulatory requirements but also to provide funding necessary to meet the Corporation's current business activities and obligations is an integral element in the management of the Corporation's assets. The OTS established an interim rule whereby savings institutions are only required to maintain sufficient liquidity to ensure their safe and sound operation. The Bank's liquidity ratio was 17.33% at March 31, 2001. Liquidity levels will vary depending upon savings flows, future loan fundings, cash operating needs, collateral requirements and general prevailing economic conditions. The Bank does not foresee any difficulty in meeting its liquidity requirements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2001, was \$22.2 million, or \$.42 per basic and diluted share, compared to net income of \$26.5 million, or \$.46 per basic and diluted share for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The net decrease in income comparing the respective quarters is primarily due to a net decrease of \$14.0 million in net interest income after provision for loan losses and a net increase of \$2.1 million in total other expense. These net decreases to income were partially offset by a net increase of \$7.7 million in total other income and a decrease of \$4.2 million in provision for income taxes.

Net Interest Income:

Net interest income totaled \$71.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to \$85.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000, a decrease of approximately \$13.3 million, or 15.6%. During the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, interest rate spreads were 2.45% and 2.66%, respectively, a decrease of 21 basis points; and the net yield on interest-earning assets was 2.49% and 2.75%, a decrease of 26 basis points.

Net interest income decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2001 compared to 2000 due to the generally higher interest rate environment experienced during calendar year 2000 and to the decrease in the net earnings balance. The decrease in the interest rate spread is due primarily to a 48 basis point increase in costing liabilities as a result of the maturity of lower-cost fundings. Total interest expense increased \$4.8 million comparing the three months ended March 31, 2001 to 2000 due to higher costs of funds partially offset by a net decrease of \$594.9 million in average interest-bearing liabilities. Total interest income decreased \$8.5 million over the same three-month periods primarily due to a net decrease of \$846.3 million in average interest-earning assets. The decreases in these average balances is due to the balance sheet restructuring completed during the six months ended December 31, 2000.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued):

Based on the completion of the balance sheet restructuring and the current interest rate environment, management anticipates a relatively stable margin for the remainder of 2001. However, the future trend in interest rate spreads and net interest income will be dependent upon such factors as the composition and size of the Corporation's interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the interest rate risk exposure of the Corporation and the maturity and repricing activity of interest-sensitive assets and liabilities, as influenced by changes in and levels of both short-term and long-term market interest rates.

The following table presents certain information concerning yields earned on interest-earning assets and rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities during and at the end of each of the periods presented:

	For the Months March		
	2001		2001
Weighted average yield on:			
Loans	8.06%	7.73%	8.03
Mortgage-backed securities	6.75	6.44	6.76
Investments	6.89	6.87	6.26
Interest-earning assets	7.78	7.51	7.70
Weighted average rate paid on:			
Savings deposits	3.16	3.17	2.87
Other time deposits	6.22	5.30	6.42
Advances from FHLB	6.12	5.48	5.53
Securities sold under agreements			!
to repurchase	5.29	4.92	6.25
Other borrowings	8.55	7.98	8.34
Interest-bearing liabilities		4.85	5.10
Net interest rate spread	2.45%	2.66%	2.60
Net annualized yield on			
interest-earning assets		2.75%	2.60

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Net Interest Income (Continued):

The following table presents average interest-earning assets and average interest-bearing liabilities, interest income and interest expense, and average yields and rates during the three months ended March 31, 2001. This table includes nonaccruing loans averaging \$105.1 million for the three months ended

March 31, 2001, as interest-earning assets at a yield of zero percent:

		Three Months End March 31, 2001
	Average Balance	Interest
		
<pre>Interest-earning assets: Loans</pre>	\$ 8,974,298	\$180,699
Mortgage-backed securities	1,555,555	\$180 , 699 26 , 242
Investments	1,012,783	26,242 17,137
111/62/11/2		± , , ± > ,
Interest-earning assets	11,542,636	224,078
Interest-bearing liabilities:		
Savings deposits	3,348,651	26,082
Other time deposits	4,334,903	66,502
Advances from FHLB	3,656,051	55,977
Securities sold under		
agreements to repurchase	9,613	127
Other borrowings	166,645	3,561
Interest-bearing liabilities	11,515,863	152,249
Net earnings balance	\$ 26,773	
Net interest income	========	\$ 71 , 829
		=======
Net interest rate spread		
Net annualized yield on		-
interest-earnings assets		

The Corporation's net earnings balance (the difference between average interest-bearing liabilities and average interest-earning assets) decreased by \$251.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2000. This decrease in the net earnings balance comparing these periods is primarily due to the restructuring of the balance sheet, the repurchases of common stock totaling \$97.9 million over the last twelve months and the funding of the \$200.0 million bank owned life insurance ("BOLI") program. The BOLI asset is excluded from the average balance of interest-earning assets and the BOLI related income is recorded in other income.

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Net Interest Income (Continued):

The following table presents the dollar amount of changes in interest income and expense for each major component of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, and the amount of change in each attributable to: (i) changes in volume (change in volume multiplied by prior year rate), and (ii) changes in rate (change in rate multiplied by prior year volume). The net change

attributable to change in both volume and rate, which cannot be segregated, has been allocated proportionately to the change due to volume and the change due to rate. This table demonstrates the effect of the decreased volume of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the changes in interest rates and the effect on the interest rate spreads previously discussed:

Three Months End March 31, 2001 Com to March 31, 20

Increase (Decrease)

	Increase	(Decrease)
	Volume	Rate
Interest income:		
Loans	\$(16,384)	\$ 6,880
Mortgage-backed securities	4,215	1,041
Investments	(4,267)	64
Interest income	(16,436)	7 , 985
Interest expense:		
Savings deposits	2,679	(1,447)
Other time deposits	679	9,265
Advances from FHLB	(12,717)	6,515
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(233)	23
Other borrowings	(215)	242
Interest expense	(9 , 807)	14,598
Effect on net interest income	\$ (6,629)	\$(6 , 613)

Provision for Loan Losses and Real Estate Operations:

The Corporation recorded loan loss provisions totaling \$4.4 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000. Net loans charged-off totaled \$4.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to \$5.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The net charge-offs are lower for the current quarter due to commercial real estate charge-offs totaling \$1.7 million for the 2000 period compared to no charge-offs for the 2001 period and a decrease of \$318,000 in lease charge-offs. These decreases are partially offset by increases in consumer and construction loan charge-offs totaling \$852,000 and \$252,000, respectively. The allowance for loan losses is based upon management's continuous evaluation of the collectibility of outstanding loans, which takes into consideration such factors as changes in the composition of the loan portfolio and economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to pay, regular examinations by the Corporation's credit review group of specific problem loans and of the overall portfolio quality and real estate market conditions in the Corporation's lending areas. The allowance for credit losses totaled \$83.9 million at March 31, 2001, or 95.2% of total nonperforming loans, compared to \$83.4 million, or 87.0% at December 31, 2000.

The Corporation recorded net losses from real estate operations totaling \$515,000 and \$151,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000. Real estate operations reflect impairment losses for real estate, net real estate

operating activity, and gains and losses on dispositions of real estate. The net increase in the losses for real estate operations for the three months ended March 31, 2001 compared to 2000 is due primarily to increases in impairment losses of \$497,000, partially offset by decreases in net real estate operating expense of \$106,000 and increases in net gains on disposition of real estate totaling \$27,000.

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Provision for Loan Losses and Real Estate Operations (Continued):

Management of the Corporation believes that present levels of allowances for loan losses are adequate to reflect the risks inherent in its portfolios. However, there can be no assurance that the Corporation will not experience increases in its nonperforming assets, that it will not increase the level of its allowances in the future or that significant provisions for losses will not be required based on factors such as deterioration in market conditions, changes in borrowers' financial conditions, delinquencies and defaults.

Nonperforming assets are monitored on a regular basis by the Corporation's internal credit review and problem asset groups. Nonperforming assets are summarized as of the dates indicated:

	March 31, 2001	December 2000
Wester Country 1		
Nonperforming loans: Residential real estate	\$ 62,805	\$ 81 , 406
Residential real estate Commercial real estate	\$ 62,805 16,463	\$ 81,406 4,446
Consumer Clai real estate	8,545	7,271
Leases and other loans	327	2,748
Total	88,140	95 , 871
Real estate:		
Commercial	6,753	10,198
Residential	38,810 	15 , 824
Total	45,563	26,022
Troubled debt restructurings:		
Commercial	4,158	4,195
Residential	88	90
Total	4,246	4 , 285
Total nonperforming assets	\$137 , 949	\$126 , 178
Nonperforming loans to total loans	.95%	1.05
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.08%	1.01
Total allowance for loan losses (1)	\$ 83,873	
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	.90%	.91
Allowance for loan losses to total nonperforming assets	60.80%	66.13

(1) Includes \$279,000 and \$1,076,000 at March 31, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively, in allowance for losses established on loans and leases held for sale.

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Provision for Loan Losses and Real Estate Operations (Continued):

Nonperforming loans at March 31, 2001, decreased by \$7.7 million compared to December 31, 2000, primarily due to the foreclosure of a residential construction loan totaling \$22.7 million partially offset by a commercial real estate group of loans totaling \$11.7 million becoming 90 days past due. The \$2.4 million net decrease in leases and other loans reflects the Corporation's sale of a substantial portion of the leasing portfolio during the current quarter. The net increase in real estate of \$19.5 million at March 31, 2001, compared to December 31, 2000, is due primarily to the foreclosure of the residential construction property discussed above for \$22.7 million.

Loan Servicing Fees:

Loan servicing fees totaled \$1.1 million and \$6.7 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000. The amount of revenue generated from loan servicing fees, and changes in comparing periods, is primarily due to the average size of the Corporation's portfolio of mortgage loans serviced for other institutions and the level of rates for service fees collected partially offset by the amortization expense of mortgage servicing rights and possible valuation allowances. The loan servicing fees category also includes fees collected for late loan payments. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, service fees and late charges totaled \$10.2 million compared to \$8.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. This net increase was due to a higher average balance of mortgage loans serviced slightly offset by a lower level of service fee rates comparing the respective periods. Amortization expense of mortgage servicing rights totaled \$3.6 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000. This increase reflects an increase in prepayments due to the lower interest rate environment comparing the respective periods. The amount of amortization expense of mortgage servicing rights is determined, in part, by mortgage loan pay-downs in the servicing portfolio that are influenced by changes in interest rates. In addition, a valuation allowance totaling \$5.5 million in impairment losses was recorded as of March 31, 2001, as a reduction of loan servicing fees and of the carrying amount of the mortgage servicing rights portfolio. This valuation allowance was due to an increase in loan prepayment speeds resulting from a decrease in interest rates at March 31, 2001 compared to December 31, 2000. At March 31, 2001 and 2000, the Corporation's portfolio of mortgage loans serviced for other institutions approximated \$9.240 billion and \$7.325 billion, respectively. The mortgage loans serviced balance at March 31, 2001, includes the \$1.6 billion of residential loans securitized and sold in November 2000 with servicing retained.

The fair value of the Corporation's loan servicing portfolio increases as mortgage interest rates rise and loan prepayments decrease. It is expected that income generated from the Corporation's loan servicing portfolio will increase in such an environment. However, this positive effect on the Corporation's income is offset, in part, by a decrease in additional servicing fee income attributable to new loan originations, which historically decrease in periods of higher, or increasing, mortgage interest rates, and by an increase in expenses from loan production costs since a portion of such costs cannot be deferred due

to lower loan originations. Conversely, the value of the Corporation's loan servicing portfolio will decrease as mortgage interest rates decline.

Retail Fees and Charges:

Retail fees and charges totaled \$12.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to \$10.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Increases in certain checking account fees and related ancillary fees for overdraft and insufficient funds charges and debit card fees are all attributable for the increase over the March 31, 2000, quarter.

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Loss on Sales of Loans:

During the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000, loans were sold totaling approximately \$580.2 million and \$235.6 million, respectively, resulting in pretax losses of \$2.5 million and \$239,000, respectively. These loans are typically originated by the mortgage banking operations and sold in the secondary market with loan servicing retained and without recourse to the Corporation.

Gain on Sales of Securities and Changes in Fair Value of Derivatives:

During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the following transactions were recorded:

Gain on the sales of available-for-sale securities:		
Investment securities	\$ 7,133	
Mortgages-backed securities	958	\$8,0
Changes in the fair value of derivative financial intruments		
not qualifying for hedge accounting and certain hedged items:		
Interest rate floor agreements	1,057	
Forward loan sales commitments	519	
Conforming loan commitments	65	
Forward loan sales fair value hedge	(2,818)	
Loan warehouse fair value hedge	2,667	1,4
Other activity:		
Amortization expense on the deferred loss (\$8,601)		
on terminated interest rate swap agreements	(509)	
Other	(14)	(5
Gain on sales of securities, hedging and termination		
of interest rate swap agreements, net		\$ 9,0

During the three months ended March 31, 2001, the Corporation realized pre-tax gains on the sales of available-for-sale investment and mortgage-backed securities totaling \$8.1 million. The gains were recognized to offset the valuation adjustment loss of \$5.5 million in the mortgage servicing rights portfolio. During the three months ended March 31, 2000, there were no sales of securities. Effective July 1, 2000, the Corporation adopted the provisions of

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS No. 133"). At March 31, 2001, the Corporation had derivative financial instruments that under SFAS No. 133 are recorded at fair value with the changes in fair value totaling \$1,490,000 reported in current earnings. In addition, in December 2000, the Corporation incurred losses totaling \$8,601,000 on terminated interest rate swap agreements since the related hedged FHLB advances and deposit liabilities were not paid. This loss is included in other comprehensive income (loss) with \$509,000 amortized to operations during the three months ended March 31, 2000. The unamortized balance totaled \$7,923,000 at March 31, 2001.

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Other Operating Income:

Other operating income totaled \$11.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to \$6.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The major components of other operating income are brokerage commissions, credit life and disability commissions and insurance commissions. In December 2000, the Corporation invested in a BOLI program with a contract value of \$200.0 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, revenue from the BOLI program totaled \$3.6 million. The net increase for the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to the prior year period is primarily attributable to the revenue from the BOLI program and to increased revenue from various consumer loan fees and rental income.

General and Administrative Expenses:

Total general and administrative expenses approximated \$61.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, compared to \$60.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. Excluding charges for exit costs and termination benefits, general and administrative expenses totaled \$59.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, a net decrease of \$239,000 from the prior year quarter. This net decrease is primarily due to a lower number of full-time equivalent employees comparing the respective periods, management's emphasis on tighter cost controls and the effect of certain initiatives beginning with the November 1999 branch divestitures and employee outplacement and the August 2000 key strategic initiatives.

Amortization of Core Value of Deposits and Goodwill:

For the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 amortization of core value of deposits and goodwill totaled \$4.1 million and \$3.7 million, respectively. The net increase in amortization expense is primarily due to activity occurring in the prior year quarter. The purchase accounting adjustments and core value study were finalized for a March 1999 acquisition during the quarter ended March 31, 2000, resulting in a credit adjustment of amortization expense.

Provision for Income Taxes:

For the three months ended March 31, 2001, the provision for income taxes totaled \$10.0 million compared to \$14.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2000. The effective income tax rates for the three months ended March 31, 2001 and 2000 were 30.9% and 34.8%, respectively. The effective income tax rate is lower for the quarter ended March 31, 2001 compared to 2000 due to increases in tax-exempt interest income and the tax benefits from the BOLI program.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2001 varies from the statutory rate primarily due to tax benefits from the BOLI, tax-exempt interest and tax credits.

Information as of March 31, 2001, concerning the Corporation's exposure to market risk, which has remained relatively unchanged from December 31, 2000, is incorporated by reference under Item 7A "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Form 10-K Transition Report for the Corporation's six month transition period ended December 31, 2000.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- (a). The Corporation held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 8, 2001, in Omaha, Nebraska. The inspector of election issued his certified final report on May 8, 2001 for the election of directors voted upon at such Annual Meeting.
- (b). Not applicable.
- (c). The proposal voted upon at the Annual Meting was for the election of three individuals as directors for three year terms. The results of voting were as follows:

Proposal 1 - Election of Directors:

Nominees	(for	terms	to	expire	in	2004):	Votes	for	Votes	Withheld
Talton K.	Ande	erson					44,240	205	2,8	79 , 709
Carl G. M	[amme]	_					44,236	5 , 893	2,88	33,021
James P.	O'Dor	nell					43,079	9,667	4,04	10,247

(d). Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

On April 19, 2001, the Corporation announced the appointment of Robert J. Hutchinson as President and Chief Operating Officer. A Form 8-K was filed on April 24, 2001 regarding this appointment.

On May 7, 2001, the Board of Directors authorized the Corporation's fourth stock repurchase program. This repurchase consists of 5,000,000 shares of the Corporation's outstanding common stock to be completed no later than December 31, 2002. These repurchases can be made at any time and in any amount, depending upon market conditions and various other factors. Any repurchase generally will be on the open-market, although privately negotiated transactions

are also possible. In compliance with Nebraska law, all repurchased shares will be cancelled.

On May 7, 2001, the Corporation's Board of Directors also approved an increase to the Corporation's quarterly cash dividend to \$.08 per common share from \$.07 per common share. The new dividend rate of \$.08 per common share will be paid on July 12, 2001 to stockholders of record as of June 28, 2001.

On May 8, 2001, the Corporation's Board of Directors adopted an amendment to the Corporation's By-Laws which increased the Corporation's board of director seats to eleven from ten. In addition, on May 8, 2001, the Corporation's Board of Directors appointed Robert J. Hutchinson, President and Chief Operating Officer, as a director, bringing the total number of Board of Directors of the Corporation to eleven.

On May 10, 2001, the Corporation filed a Form 8-K, which is incorporated by reference herein, regarding the common stock repurchase of 5,000,000 shares, the quarterly cash dividend increase to \$.08 per common share, the adoption of the amendment to the By-Laws with the amended By-Laws included as an exhibit, and the appointment of Mr. Hutchinson as a director.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a). Exhibits:

None

(b). Reports on Form 8-K:

No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the three months ended March 31, 2001.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COMMERCIAL FEDERAL CORPORATION
----(Registrant)

Date: May 14, 2001 /s/ David S. Fisher

David S. Fisher, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 14, 2001 /s/ Gary L. Matter

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Gary L. Matter, Senior Vice President,
Controller and Secretary
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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