MANPOWER INC /WI/ Form 10-K February 20, 2009

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-K

# x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934:

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008

OR
"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File No. 1-10686

#### MANPOWER INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

WISCONSIN 39-1672779
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

100 MANPOWER PLACE
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN
53212
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (414) 961-1000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Name of Exchange on which registered

Common Stock, \$.01 par value

New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes "No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by nonaffiliates of the registrant was \$4,623,783,615 as of June 30, 2008. As of February 17, 2009, there were 78,353,899 of the registrant's shares of common stock outstanding.

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Parts I and II incorporate information by reference from the Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. Part III is incorporated by reference from the Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009.

#### PART I

The terms "Manpower," "we," "our," "us," or "the Company" refer to Manpower Inc. or Manpower Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, as appropriate in the context.

Item 1. Business

Introduction and History

Manpower Inc. is a world leader in the employment services industry. Our global network of over 4,400 offices in 82 countries and territories allows us to meet the needs of our clients in all industry segments, whether they are global, multinational or local companies. By offering a complete range of services, we can help any company – no matter where they are in their business evolution – raise productivity through improved strategy, quality, efficiency and cost reduction across their total workforce.

Manpower Inc.'s five major brands – Manpower, Manpower Professional, Elan, Jefferson Wells and Right Management – provide a comprehensive range of services for the entire employment and business cycle including:

Permanent, temporary and contract recruitment – We find the best people for all types of jobs and industries at both the staff and professional levels under the Manpower, Manpower Professional and Elan brands.

Employee assessment and selection – We provide a wide array of assessments to validate candidate skills and ensure a good fit between the client and the employee, which leads to higher employee retention rates.

•Training – We offer an extensive choice of training and development solutions that help our employees, associates and clients' workforces to improve their skills and gain qualifications that will help them to succeed in the ever-changing world of work.

Outplacement – Our Right Management brand is the world's leading outplacement provider, helping our clients to better manage the human side of change by providing a positive way for employees who are transitioning out to make the right choice for the next step in their career. The countercyclical nature of the outplacement industry helps strengthen our portfolio during down economic cycles.

Outsourcing – Under Manpower Business Solutions (MBS), we provide clients with outsourcing services related to human resources functions primarily in the areas of large-scale recruiting and workforce-intensive initiatives that are outcome based, thereby sharing in the risk and reward with our clients. Our solutions include: task outsourcing, vendor management, onsite HR services and Recruitment Process Outsourcing (RPO), where we are one of the largest providers of permanent and contingent recruitment in the world.

Consulting – We are a leading global provider of integrated consulting solutions across the employment lifecycle. We help clients maximize the return on their human capital investments while assisting individuals to achieve their full potential. Our Right Management brand helps clients attract and assess top talent; develop and grow leaders; and engage and align people with strategy.

Professional Services – Our Jefferson Wells brand is a high-value alternative to public accounting firms and other consulting groups, delivering professional services in the areas of internal controls, tax, technology risk management, and finance and accounting.

This comprehensive and diverse business mix allows us to mitigate the cyclical effects of the national economies in which we operate.

Our leadership position also allows us to be a center for quality employment opportunities for people at all points in their career paths. In 2008, we found permanent and temporary jobs for four million people who work to help our more than 400,000 clients meet their business objectives. Seasoned professionals, skilled laborers, mothers returning to work, elderly persons wanting to supplement pensions and disabled individuals – all turn to the Manpower group of companies for employment. Similarly, governments of the nations in which we operate look to us to help reduce unemployment and train the unemployed with skills they need to enter the workforce. In this way, our company is a bridge to permanent employment for those who desire it.

We, and our predecessors, have been in business since 1948, with shares listed on the New York Stock Exchange since 1967.

Our Internet address is www.manpower.com. We make available through our Internet website our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, we also make available through our Internet website:

- our articles of incorporation and bylaws
- our Manpower Code of Business Conduct and Ethics
  - our Corporate Governance Guidelines

the charters of the Audit, Executive Compensation and Nominating and Governance Committees of the Board of Directors

- our guidelines for selecting board candidates
- our categorical standards for relationships deemed not to impair independence of non-employee directors
  - our policy on services provided by independent auditors, and
    - our regular update on corporate social responsibility.

Documents available on the website are also available in print for any shareholder who requests them. Requests may be made by writing to Mr. Kenneth C. Hunt, Secretary, Manpower Inc., 100 Manpower Place, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212. We are not including the information contained on or available through our website as a part of, or incorporating such information by reference into, this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Our Operations**

#### **United States**

In the United States, our operations under the Manpower and Manpower Professional brands are carried out through both branch and franchise offices. We had 547 branch and 240 stand-alone franchise offices in the United States as of December 31, 2008, as well as on-site locations at clients with significant permanent, temporary and contract recruitment requirements. We provide a number of central support services to our branches and franchises, which enable us to maintain consistent service quality throughout the United States regardless of whether an office is a branch or franchise. We provide client invoicing and payroll processing of our contingent workers for all branch offices and some of our franchise offices through our Milwaukee headquarters.

Our franchise agreements provide the franchisee with the right to use the Manpower® or Manpower Professional® service mark and associated marks in a specifically defined exclusive territory. In the United States, franchise fees range from 2-3% of franchise sales. Our franchise agreements provide that in the event of a proposed sale of a franchise to a third party, we have the right to repurchase the franchise at the same price and on the same terms as proposed by the third party. We exercise this right and intend to continue to do so in the future if opportunities arise with appropriate prices and terms.

In the United States, our Manpower operations provide a variety of employment services, including permanent, temporary and contract recruitment, assessment and selection, training and outsourcing. During 2008, approximately 27% of our United States temporary and contract recruitment revenues were derived from placing office staff, including contact center staff, 52% from placing industrial staff and 21% from placing professional and technical staff.

We also conduct business in the United States under our Jefferson Wells and Right Management brands. These operations are discussed further in the following sections.

#### France

We are a leading employment service provider in France. We conduct our operations in France and the surrounding region through 958 branch offices under the name of Manpower and 93 branch offices under the name Supplay.

The employment services market in France calls for a wide range of our services including permanent, temporary and contract recruitment, assessment and selection, and training. The temporary recruitment market is predominately focused on recruitment for industrial positions. In 2008, we derived approximately 67% of our temporary recruitment revenues in France from the supply of industrial staff, 18% from the supply of construction workers and 15% from the supply of office staff.

We also conduct business in France under our Jefferson Wells, Elan and Right Management brands. These operations are discussed further in the following sections.

Europe, Middle East and Africa (excluding France and Italy), or Other EMEA

We are a leading provider of permanent, temporary and contract recruitment, assessment and selection, training and outsourcing services throughout Europe, the Middle East and Africa. Our largest operations are in Germany, the Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. Collectively, we operate through 1,233 branch offices and 52 franchise offices in this region. Our franchise offices are primarily located in Switzerland, where we own 49% of the franchise.

Manpower U.K., the largest operation in the Other EMEA segment, comprising 13% of Other EMEA revenues, is a leading provider of employment services in the United Kingdom. As of December 31, 2008, Manpower U.K. conducted operations in the United Kingdom under the Manpower and Manpower Professional brands through a network of 116 branch offices and also provided on-site services to clients who have significant permanent, temporary and contract recruitment requirements. During 2008, approximately 68% of Manpower U.K.'s temporary recruitment revenues were derived from the supply of office staff, including contact center staff, 20% from the supply of industrial staff and 12% from the supply of technical staff.

We also own Brook Street Bureau PLC, or Brook Street, which operates through a total of 115 branch offices, separate from the Manpower and Manpower Professional brands in the United Kingdom. Its core business is secretarial, office and light industrial recruitment. Brook Street operates as a local network of branches supported by a national head office and competes primarily with local or regional independents. Brook Street's revenues are comprised of temporary and contract placements as well as permanent recruitment.

Also included in our Other EMEA operations is Elan, which is a leading IT and technical recruitment firm. In addition to IT and technical recruitment, Elan provides managed service solutions to clients, which enable them to recruit personnel efficiently and achieve ongoing cost savings. Elan provides services in 16 countries, with the largest operations in the United Kingdom.

During 2008 for our Other EMEA operations, approximately 34% of temporary and contract recruitment revenues were derived from placing office staff, 29% from placing industrial staff and 37% from placing professional and technical staff.

We also conduct business in Other EMEA under our Jefferson Wells and Right Management brands. These operations are discussed further in the following sections.

# Italy

In Italy, we are a leading employment services provider and conduct our operations under the Manpower and Manpower Professional brands through a network of 460 branch offices. Our Manpower operations in Italy provide a comprehensive line of employment services including permanent, temporary and contract recruitment, assessment and selection, training and outsourcing. In 2008, approximately 3% of our temporary and contract recruitment revenues in Italy were derived from placing office staff, including contract center staff, 75% from placing industrial staff and 22% from placing professional and technical staff.

We also conduct business in Italy under our Elan, Jefferson Wells and Right Management brands. The latter two operations are discussed further in the following sections.

#### Jefferson Wells

Jefferson Wells delivers professional services in the areas of internal audit, technology risk management, tax, and finance and accounting. The company serves clients, including Fortune 500, FTSE 350 and Global 1000 companies, through highly experienced, salaried professionals working from offices worldwide. Jefferson Wells does not perform attestation work. Its unique business model emphasizes seasoned professionals with public accounting and industry experience. Jefferson Wells focuses on client needs and delivers independent, cost-effective results by providing solutions across a wide range of finance-related business functions.

Jefferson Wells employs only experienced professionals. Its mission has always been to provide exceptional service at competitive rates by putting resources into local offices, rather than a centralized, partner-based organization. This allows the company to keep their fees reasonable, with experts available locally and travel and lodging expenses nominal or non-existent. Jefferson Wells' professionals have extensive experience in a variety of industries, including: automotive, business services, communications, construction, education, energy and utilities, financial services, government, healthcare, hospitality, insurance, retail, technology and manufacturing.

Jefferson Wells has operations in the United States, Canada, England, Germany, The Netherlands, South Africa and Hong Kong through 36 offices, and delivers services in more than 30 countries and markets worldwide.

#### Right Management

Right Management is the world's leading provider of integrated human capital consulting services and solutions across the employment lifecycle. Right Management helps clients maximize the return on their human capital investments while assisting individuals to achieve their full potential. Right Management, operates from 283 branch offices in 51 countries across the Americas, Europe and Asia Pacific, and 12 franchise offices in the United States, serving large and medium-sized businesses in all industries, including 80% of the Fortune 500 and 50% of the Global 1000.

Transition services offer assistance to individuals or groups of employees displaced from employment. Services range from advising employers on severance packages to assisting displaced employees with resume writing, networking and interviewing skills. Services to displaced employees are provided in individual or group programs. Managerial-level employees generally receive longer-term, individual services, while less-senior employees receive shorter-term, group-based services. Programs frequently begin with the displaced employee receiving counseling immediately after the layoff notification, followed by a combination of classroom training, support services and web-based tools to guide them along the remainder of the outplacement process.

Organizational Consulting services help companies succeed in managing their evolving human capital needs. For most organizations around the globe, the development of current and future leaders is a top priority. Right Management's world-class and world-wide approach to individual coaching and leadership development focuses on improving the effectiveness of both leaders and teams to achieve real business results for their employer. Right Management assists organizations to evaluate their potential and current talent base through assessment and competency modeling processes that ensure the optimal organizational design and fit of individuals. In addition to assessing and developing talent, Right Management provides regional and global clients with consulting solutions that drive organizational effectiveness, employee engagement, and alignment of the workforce through customized tools, interventions, and workshops. Right Management's deep expertise helps organizations address the essential issues of assessing, developing, engaging and retaining the talent required to successfully drive their business strategy.

#### Other Operations

We operate under the Manpower and Manpower Professional brands through 564 branch offices and 15 franchise offices in the other markets of the world. The largest of these operations are located in Australia, Japan, Mexico and Argentina, all of which operate through branch offices, and Canada, which operates through branch and franchise offices. Other operations are located throughout the Americas and Asia and operate through branch and franchise offices. In most of these countries, we primarily supply contingent workers to the office, industrial, and technical markets, which were 45%, 42%, and 13% of temporary and contract recruitment revenues, respectively.

#### Competition

#### Introduction

We compete in the employment services industry by offering a complete range of services, including permanent, temporary and contract recruitment, assessment and selection, training, outsourcing, consulting and professional services.

Our industry is large and fragmented, comprised of thousands of firms employing millions of people and generating billions of U.S. Dollars in annual revenues. It is also a highly competitive industry, reflecting several trends in the global marketplace such as the notably increasing demand for skilled people, employers' desire for more flexible working models and consolidation among clients and in the employment services industry itself. We manage these trends by leveraging established strengths, including one of the employment services industry's most recognized and respected brands; geographic diversification; size and service scope; an innovative product mix; and a strong client base. While staffing is an important aspect of our business, our strategy is focused on providing both the skilled employees our clients need and high-value workforce management, outsourcing and consulting solutions.

Client demand for employment services is dependent on the overall strength of the labor market and secular trends toward greater workforce flexibility within each of the countries and territories in which we operate. Improving economic growth typically results in increasing demand for labor, resulting in greater demand for our staffing services. Correspondingly, during periods of weak economic growth or economic contraction, the demand for our staffing services typically declines, while demand for our outplacement services typically accelerates.

During the last several years, secular trends toward greater workforce flexibility have had a favorable impact on demand for our services in several markets. As companies attempt to increase the variability of their cost base, the contemporary work solutions we provide help them to effectively address the fluctuating demand for their products or services.

Our client mix consists of both small- and medium-size businesses, which are based upon a local or regional relationship with our office network in each market, and large national/multinational client relationships, which comprised approximately 42% of our revenues in 2008. These large national and multinational clients will frequently enter into non-exclusive arrangements with several firms, with the ultimate choice among them being left to the local managers. As a result, employment services firms with a large network of offices compete most effectively for this business which generally has agreed-upon pricing or mark-up on services performed. Client relationships with small-and medium-size businesses tend to rely less upon longer-term contracts, and the competitors for this business are primarily locally-owned businesses.

#### Recruitment Services Market

Our portfolio of recruitment services includes permanent, temporary and contract recruitment of professionals, as well as administrative and industrial positions. It also includes our Recruitment Process Outsourcing (RPO) offering, where we take on the management of customized, large-scale recruiting and workforce productivity initiatives for clients in an exclusive outsourcing contract. All of these services are provided under the Manpower, Manpower Professional and Elan brands.

The temporary recruitment market throughout the world is large and highly fragmented with more than 15,000 firms competing throughout the world. The global RPO market was approximately \$4 billion in 2008 and is projected to more than double to \$7 billion by 2010. RPO accounts for approximately 4-5% of the overall Human Resource Outsourcing market. In addition to us, the largest publicly owned companies specializing in recruitment services are Adecco, S.A. (Switzerland), Randstad Holding N.V. (Netherlands) and Kelly Services, Inc. (U.S.).

Historically, in periods of economic prosperity, the number of firms providing recruitment services has increased significantly due to the combination of a favorable economic climate and low barriers to entry. Recessionary periods generally result in a reduction in the number of competitors through consolidation and closures; however, historically this reduction has proven to be for a limited time as the following periods of economic recovery have led to a return in growth in the number of competitors.

Due to the difficult economic environment that arose in the latter half of 2008, we believe many of our smaller, local competitors will struggle and we anticipate further consolidation in the near term. We view this as an opportunity to take market share in 2009.

In most areas, no single company has a dominant share of the temporary and contract recruitment market.

Recruitment firms act as intermediaries in matching available permanent, temporary and contract workers to employer assignments. As a result, these firms compete both to recruit and retain a supply of permanent, temporary and contract workers and to attract clients to employ these workers. We recruit permanent, temporary and contract workers through a wide variety of means, including personal referrals, online resources and advertisements, and by providing an attractive compensation package in jurisdictions where such benefits are not otherwise required by law, including health insurance, vacation and holiday pay, incentive and pension plans and a recognition program.

Methods used to market recruitment services to clients vary depending on the client's need for permanent, temporary and RPO services, the local labor supply, the length of assignment and the number of workers required. Our full range of employment services and multiple brands enable us to cross-market to clients in order to leverage our relationships and expand our services provided, from outplacement services at Right Management to permanent recruitment services at Manpower Professional, to RPO services, etc. We compete by means of quality of service provided, scope of service offered, ability to source the right talent and price. Success in providing high quality recruitment services is a function of the ability to access a supply of available workers, select suitable individuals for a particular assignment and, in some cases, train available workers in skills required for an assignment. For RPO services, success is defined primarily by the ability to perform the recruitment function more effectively and efficiently than the client could perform those functions internally.

An important aspect in the selection of temporary and contract workers for an assignment is the ability of the recruitment firm to identify the skills, knowledge, abilities, and personal characteristics of a temporary worker and match their competencies or capabilities to an employer's requirements. We have a variety of proprietary programs for identifying and assessing the skill level of our associates, which are used in selecting a particular individual for a specific assignment. We believe that our assessment systems enable us to offer a higher quality service by increasing productivity, decreasing turnover and reducing absenteeism.

It is also important to be able to access a large network of skilled workers and to be able to "create" certain hard-to-find skills by offering training to available workers. Our competitive position is enhanced by our ability to offer a wide variety of skills, in some of the most important market segments, through the use of training systems. Our Manpower Direct TrainingSM online university provides over 5,000 hours of online courses that are accessible 24/7 and are free to our employees and associates to help them improve their skills. The courses cover a wide range of subjects in many languages and feature the latest information for a variety of fields, from learning the latest technology in the IT field, to brushing up on business management courses or software programs. This training can also enable students in any profession to further develop their skills, improve their employability and earn higher wages.

# Outplacement and Human Resource Consulting Services Market

Our outplacement and Human Resource consulting services are primarily provided under the Right Management brand. The market for outplacement and HR consulting services is highly competitive. In the market for services required by global clients, there are several barriers to entry, such as the global coverage, specialized local knowledge and technology required to provide outstanding services to corporations on a global scale.

Our competitors in the outplacement market include outplacement services firms such as Drake Beam Morin, Lee Hecht Harrison (owned by Adecco); and career service divisions of global employment services firms. Additionally, there are regional firms and numerous smaller boutiques operating in either limited geographic markets or providing limited services. Our competitors in the HR consulting space include major firms that compete in serving the large employer worldwide, such as Mercer Delta, Towers Perrin, Watson Wyatt, DDI and Hewitt Associates; boutique firms comprised primarily of professionals formerly associated with the firms mentioned above; and newer to this market, some of the human resource IT firms that are starting to compete in the HR space (e.g. Kenexa). While public accounting and consulting firms such as PricewaterhouseCoopers and Deloitte & Touche have been competitors in the past, these firms represent less direct competition due to a reduction in their consulting businesses as a result of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act legislation.

Companies choose to provide outplacement services for several reasons. First, as the competition for attracting and retaining qualified employees increases, companies are increasingly attempting to distinguish themselves in the marketplace as attractive employers. Consequently, more companies are providing outplacement services as part of a comprehensive benefits package that provide for the well being of employees – not only during their period of employment, but also after their employment ceases. Additionally, when companies experience layoffs, many believe that providing outplacement services projects a positive corporate image and improves morale among the remaining employees. Finally, companies may provide outplacement services to reduce costs by preparing and assisting separated employees to find new employment, thereby diminishing employment-related litigation.

Companies choose Right Management for the high-tech, high-touch approach of our outplacement services and the flexibility of our solutions to meet specific organizational and candidate needs. Our technology solutions are integral to our outplacement services. We have made significant investments in technology to augment our core services with online, 24/7 access and support for both clients and candidates. Our solutions include: Right Navigator TM, RightChoice TM, RightTrack SM, Right-from-Home ®, Right Connection ®, Right FasTrack SM, Right Access SM iView TM and Wellness and Productivity Management along with Job Banks and Resume Banks.

Companies augment their internal human resources professional staff with external consultants for many reasons. First, the growing importance and complexity of employee issues is creating an unprecedented theoretical and technical service expectation on human resources departments. Additionally, human resources departments have continued pressure to contain costs without minimizing the resources available to managers. Finally, companies increasingly choose to outsource non-core functions that can be addressed more effectively by outside professionals. These organizations look to Right Management for thought leadership and best practices on attracting and assessing organizational talent, leadership development and engaging and aligning the workforce.

#### **Professional Services**

Jefferson Wells competes in the professional services industry as a high-value alternative to public accounting firms and other consulting groups, serving clients through highly experienced, salaried professionals working from offices worldwide.

The professional services industry is highly competitive and comprised of public accounting firms, mid-level consulting firms and specialty consulting houses. The "Big Four" public accounting firms are Deloitte & Touche, Ernst & Young, PricewaterhouseCoopers and KPMG. Competitors in the professional services market include Protiviti, Grant Thornton, Parson Consulting, Robert Half International and Resources Global Professionals. Additionally, numerous smaller boutiques either operate in limited geographic markets or provide limited services. While public accounting and consulting firms can be primary competitors, these firms also frequently refer Jefferson Wells to assist clients with engagements where there are conflict-of-interest concerns. Jefferson Wells does not perform attestation work, enabling the firm to provide an objective review of a client's business processes, and avoiding potential conflicts of interest.

In an evolving global marketplace, a variety of market trends affect the professional services industry, primary among them are: increasing demand for highly experienced people, global business expansion with a need for consistent methodology and service delivery, and the high cost of full-time professionals with specialized skills.

Jefferson Wells has developed a variety of proprietary methodologies and tools, including a firm-wide Service Quality Process used on every engagement. Jefferson Wells identifies and confirms business needs and then employs proven approaches to provide client solutions. The firm's competitive advantage resides in the combination of Jefferson Wells' methodologies and highly experienced resources, which enables the firm to offer a higher level of service delivery to clients.

Jefferson Wells serves numerous industries, with the largest concentration in financial services, manufacturing, energy and utilities, and healthcare.

#### Regulation

The employment services industry is closely regulated in all of the major markets in which we operate, except the United States and Canada. Employment services firms are generally subject to one or more of the following types of government regulation:

- regulation of the employer/employee relationship between the firm and its temporary and contract employees,
  - registration, licensing, record keeping and reporting requirements, and
  - substantive limitations on the operations or the use of temporary and contract employees by clients.

In many markets, the existence or absence of collective bargaining agreements with labor organizations has a significant impact on our operations and the ability of clients to use our services. In some markets, labor agreements are structured on an industry-wide, rather than company-by-company, basis. Changes in these collective bargaining agreements have occurred in the past and are expected to occur in the future and may have a material impact on the operations of employment services firms, including us.

In many countries, including the United States and the United Kingdom, employment services firms are considered the legal employers of temporary and contract workers. Therefore, laws regulating the employer/employee relationship, such as tax withholding or reporting, social security or retirement, anti-discrimination and workers' compensation, govern the firm. In other countries, employment services firms, while not the direct legal employer of temporary and contract workers, are still responsible for collecting taxes and social security deductions and transmitting such amounts to the taxing authorities.

In many countries, particularly in continental Europe and Asia, entry into the employment services market is restricted by the requirement to register with, or obtain licenses from, a government agency. In addition, a wide variety of ministerial requirements may be imposed, such as record keeping, written contracts and reporting. The United States and Canada do not presently have any form of national registration or licensing requirement.

In addition to licensing or registration requirements, many countries impose substantive restrictions on the use of temporary and contract workers. Such restrictions include regulations affecting the types of work permitted, the maximum length of assignment, wage levels or reasons for which temporary and contract workers may be employed. In some countries special taxes, fees or costs are imposed in connection with the use of temporary and contract workers. For example, temporary and contract workers in France are entitled to a 10% allowance for the uncertain duration of employment, which is eliminated if a full-time position is offered to them within three days after assignment termination. In some countries, the contract of employment with temporary and contract employees must differ from the length of assignment.

Our outplacement and consulting services generally are not subjected to governmental regulation in the markets in which we operate.

In the United States, we are subject to various federal and state laws relating to franchising, principally the Federal Trade Commission's Franchise Rules and analogous state laws which impact our agreements with our franchised operations. These laws and related rules and regulations impose specific disclosure requirements. Virtually all states also regulate the termination of franchises.

Also see Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Legal Regulations."

#### Trademarks

We maintain a number of registered trademarks, trade names and service marks in the United States and various other countries. We believe that many of these marks and trade names, including Manpower®, Manpower Professional®, Right Management Consultants®, Jefferson Wells®, Brook Street®, Elan®, Ultraskill®, and Skillware®, have significant value and are materially important to our business. In addition, we maintain other intangible property rights. The trademarks have been assigned an indefinite life based on our expectation of renewing the trademarks, as required, without material modifications and at a minimal cost, and our expectation of positive cash flows beyond the foreseeable future.

#### **Employees**

We had approximately 33,000 full-time equivalent employees as of December 31, 2008. In addition, we estimate that we recruit on behalf of our clients approximately four million permanent, temporary and contract workers on a worldwide basis each year.

As described above, in most jurisdictions, we, as the employer of our temporary and contract workers or as otherwise required by applicable law, are responsible for employment administration. This administration includes collection of withholding taxes, employer contributions for social security or its equivalent outside the United States, unemployment tax, workers' compensation and fidelity and liability insurance, and other governmental requirements imposed on employers. In most jurisdictions where such benefits are not legally required, including the United States, we provide health and life insurance, paid holidays and paid vacations to qualifying temporary and contract employees.

Financial Information about Foreign and Domestic Operations

Note 15 to our consolidated financial statements sets forth the information required for each segment and geographical area for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006. Such note is found in our 2008 Annual Report to Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements made in this report that are not statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. In addition, from time to time, we and our representatives may make statements that are forward-looking. All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. This section provides you with cautionary statements identifying, for purposes of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements made in this report or otherwise made by us or on our behalf. You can identify these forward-looking statements by forward-looking words such as "expect", "anticipate", "intend", "plan", "may", "will", "believe", "seek", "estimate", and simil expressions. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

The following are some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates contained in our forward-looking statements:

cost structure of subsidiaries;

management turnover;

reorganizations;

•material changes in the demand from larger clients, including clients with which we have national, multi-national, or sole-supplier arrangements;

- availability of workers with the skills required by clients;
  - increases in the wages paid to our associates;
- competitive market pressures, including pricing pressures;
- inability to pass along direct cost increases to clients;

changes in demand for our specialized services, including assisting companies in complying with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act legislation, and outplacement services;

- our ability to successfully expand into new markets or offer new service lines;
  - our ability to successfully invest in and implement information systems;
- unanticipated technological changes, including obsolescence or impairment of information systems;
  - changes in client attitudes toward the use of staffing services;
  - government, tax or regulatory policies adverse to the employment services industry;
    - general economic conditions in domestic and international markets;
      - interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations;

difficulties related to acquisitions, including integrating the acquired companies and achieving the expected benefits;

impairments to the carrying value of acquisitions and other investments resulting from poor financial performance or other factors;

- the risk factors disclosed below; and
- other factors that may be disclosed from time to time in our SEC filings or otherwise.

Some or all of these factors may be beyond our control. We caution you that any forward-looking statement reflects only our belief at the time the statement is made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made.

#### RISK FACTORS

Any significant economic downturn could result in our clients using fewer temporary and contract workers or becoming unable to pay us for our services on a timely basis or at all, which would materially adversely affect our business.

Because demand for recruitment services is sensitive to changes in the level of economic activity, our business may suffer during economic downturns. As economic activity begins to slow down, companies tend to reduce their use of temporary and contract workers before undertaking layoffs of their regular employees, resulting in decreased demand for temporary and contract workers. Significant declines in demand, and thus in revenues, can result in expense de-leveraging, which would result in lower profit levels.

In addition, during economic downturns companies may slow the rate at which they pay their vendors or become unable to pay their debts as they become due. If any of our significant clients does not pay amounts owed to us in a timely manner or becomes unable to pay such amounts to us at a time when we have substantial amounts receivable from such client, our cash flow and profitability may suffer.

The worldwide employment services industry is highly competitive with limited barriers to entry, which could limit our ability to maintain or increase our market share or profitability.

The worldwide employment services market is highly competitive with limited barriers to entry, and in recent years has been undergoing significant consolidation. We compete in markets throughout North America, South America, Europe, Australia and Asia with full-service and specialized employment services agencies. Several of our competitors, including Adecco S.A., Randstad Holding N.V. and Kelly Services, Inc., have very substantial marketing and financial resources. Price competition in the staffing industry is intense and pricing pressures from competitors and clients are increasing. We expect that the level of competition will remain high in the future, which could limit our ability to maintain or increase our market share or our profitability.

Government regulations may result in prohibition or restriction of certain types of employment services or the imposition of additional licensing or tax requirements that may reduce our future earnings.

In many jurisdictions in which we operate, such as France and Germany, the employment services industry is heavily regulated. For example, governmental regulations in Germany restrict the length of contracts and the industries in which our associates may be used. In some countries, special taxes, fees or costs are imposed in connection with the use of our associates. For example, our associates in France are entitled to a 10% allowance for the uncertain duration of employment, which is eliminated if a full-time position is offered to them within three days. The countries in which we operate may, among other things:

- create additional regulations that prohibit or restrict the types of employment services that we currently provide;
- require new or additional benefits be paid to our associates;
- require us to obtain additional licensing to provide employment services; or
- increase taxes, such as sales or value-added taxes, payable by the providers of temporary and contract recruitment centers.

Any future regulations may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and liquidity because they may make it more difficult or expensive for us to continue to provide employment services.

Our acquisition strategy may have a material adverse effect on our business due to unexpected or underestimated costs.

From time to time, we acquire and invest in companies throughout the world, including franchises. The total cash consideration paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired, was \$242.0 million and \$122.8 million in 2008 and 2007, respectively.

We may make additional acquisitions in the future. Our acquisition strategy involves significant risks, including:

- difficulties in the assimilation of the operations, services and corporate culture of acquired companies;
- over-valuation by us of acquired companies;
- insufficient indemnification from the selling parties for legal liabilities incurred by the acquired companies prior to the acquisitions; and
- diversion of management's attention from other business concerns.

These risks could have a material adverse effect on our business because they may result in substantial costs to us and disrupt our business. In addition, future acquisitions could materially adversely effect our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity because they would likely result in the incurrence of additional debt or dilution, contingent liabilities, an increase in interest expense and amortization expenses related to separately identified intangible assets. Possible impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite life, or restructuring charges could also occur. For example, we recorded a goodwill and intangible asset impairment charge of \$163.1 million in 2008 related to our acquisition of Right Management.

Intense competition may limit our ability to attract, train and retain the qualified personnel necessary for us to meet our clients' staffing needs.

We depend on our ability to attract and retain qualified associates who possess the skills and experience necessary to meet the requirements of our clients. We must continually evaluate and upgrade our base of available qualified personnel through recruiting and training programs to keep pace with changing client needs and emerging technologies. Competition for individuals with proven professional skills, particularly employees with accounting and technological skills, is intense, and we expect demand for such individuals to remain very strong for the foreseeable future. Qualified personnel may not be available to us in sufficient numbers and on terms of employment acceptable to us. Developing and implementing training programs requires significant expenditures and may not result in the trainees developing effective or adequate skills. We may not be able to develop training programs to respond to our clients' changing needs or retain associates who we have trained. The failure to recruit, train and retain qualified associates could materially adversely affect our business because it may result in an inability to meet our clients' needs.

We may be exposed to employment-related claims and costs from clients or third parties that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We are in the business of employing people and placing them in the workplaces of other businesses. Risks relating to these activities include:

- claims arising out of the actions or inactions of our associates, including matters for which we may have indemnified a client;
- claims by our associates of discrimination or harassment directed at them, including claims relating to actions of our clients;
- claims related to the employment of illegal aliens or unlicensed personnel;
- payment of workers' compensation claims and other similar claims;
- violations of wage and hour requirements;
- retroactive entitlement to employee benefits;
- errors and omissions of our associates, particularly in the case of professionals, such as accountants; and
- claims by our clients relating to our associates' misuse of clients' proprietary information, misappropriation of funds, other criminal activity or torts or other similar claims.

We may incur fines and other losses or negative publicity with respect to these problems. In addition, some or all of these claims may give rise to litigation, which could be time-consuming to our management team and costly and could have a negative impact on our business. We cannot be certain we will not experience these problems in the future.

We cannot be certain our insurance will be sufficient in amount or scope to cover all claims that may be asserted against us. Should the ultimate judgments or settlements exceed our insurance coverage, they could have a material effect on our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. We cannot be certain we will be able to obtain appropriate types or levels of insurance in the future, that adequate replacement policies will be available on acceptable terms, if at all, or that the companies from which we have obtained insurance will be able to pay claims we make under such policies.

If we lose our key personnel, then our business may suffer.

Our operations are dependent on the continued efforts of our officers and executive management and the performance and productivity of our local managers and field personnel. Our ability to attract and retain business is significantly affected by local relationships and the quality of service rendered. The loss of those key officers and members of management who have acquired significant experience in operating an employment services company on an international level may cause a significant disruption to our business. Moreover, the loss of our key managers and field personnel may jeopardize existing client relationships with businesses that continue to use our services based upon past relationships with these local managers and field personnel. The loss of such key personnel could materially adversely affect our operations, because it may result in an inability to establish and maintain client relationships and otherwise operate our business.

Foreign currency fluctuations may have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

We conduct our operations in 82 countries and territories and the results of our local operations are reported in the applicable foreign currencies and then translated into U.S. Dollars at the applicable foreign currency exchange rates for inclusion in our consolidated financial statements. During 2008, approximately 89% of our revenues were generated outside of the United States, the majority of which were generated in Europe. Furthermore, approximately \$749.0 million of our outstanding indebtedness as of December 31, 2008 was denominated in foreign currencies. Because of devaluations and fluctuations in currency exchange rates or the imposition of limitations on conversion of foreign currencies into U.S. Dollars, we are subject to currency translation exposure on the profits of our operations, in addition to economic exposure. This exposure could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flow and results of operations in the future because, among other things, it could cause our reported revenues and profitability to decline or debt levels and interest expense to increase.

As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, we had \$952.9 million and \$914.5 million of total debt, respectively. This level of debt could adversely affect our operating flexibility and put us at a competitive disadvantage.

Our level of debt and the limitations imposed on us by our credit agreements could have important consequences for investors, including the following:

- we will have to use a portion of our cash flow from operations for debt service rather than for our operations;
- we may not be able to obtain additional debt financing for future working capital, capital expenditures or other corporate purposes or may have to pay more for such financing;
- some or all of the debt under our current or future revolving credit facilities may be at a variable interest rate, making us more vulnerable to increases in interest rates;
- we could be less able to take advantage of significant business opportunities, such as acquisition opportunities, and to react to changes in market or industry conditions;
- we will be more vulnerable to general adverse economic and industry conditions; and
- we may be disadvantaged compared to competitors with less leverage.

The terms of our revolving credit facility permit additional borrowings, subject to certain conditions. If new debt is added to our current debt levels, the related risks we now face could intensify.

We expect to obtain the money to pay our expenses, to repay borrowings under our credit facility and to repay our other debt primarily from our operations. Our ability to meet our expenses thus depends on our future performance, which will be affected by financial, business, economic and other factors. We are not able to control many of these factors, such as economic conditions in the markets where we operate and pressure from competitors. The money we earn may not be sufficient to allow us to pay principal and interest on our debt and to meet our other debt obligations. If we do not have enough money, we may be required to refinance all or part of our existing debt, sell assets or borrow additional funds. We may not be able to take such actions on terms that are acceptable to us, if at all. In addition, the terms of our existing or future debt agreements, including the revolving credit facilities and our indentures, may restrict us from adopting any of these alternatives.

Our failure to comply with restrictive covenants under our revolving credit facilities and other debt instruments could trigger prepayment obligations.

Our failure to comply with the restrictive covenants under our revolving credit facilities and other debt instruments could result in an event of default, which, if not cured or waived, could result in us being required to repay these borrowings before their due date. If we are forced to refinance these borrowings on less favorable terms, our results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected by increased costs and rates.

The lenders under our and our subsidiaries' credit facilities may be unwilling or unable to extend credit to us on acceptable terms or at all.

Our liquidity is dependent in part on our revolving credit facility, which is provided by a syndicate of banks. Each bank in the syndicate is responsible on a several, but not joint, basis for providing a portion of the loans under the facility. If any of the participants in the syndicate fails to satisfy its obligations to extend credit under the facility, the other participants refuse or are unable to assume its obligations and we are unable to find an alternative source of funding at comparable rates, our liquidity may be adversely affected or our interest expense may increase substantially.

Furthermore, a number of our subsidiaries maintain uncommitted lines of credit with various banks. Under the terms of these lines of credit, the bank is not obligated to make loans to the subsidiary or to make loans to the subsidiary at a particular interest rate. If any of these banks cancel these lines of credit or otherwise refuse to extend credit on acceptable terms, we may need to extend credit to those subsidiaries or the liquidity of our subsidiaries may be adversely affected.

The performance of our subsidiaries and their ability to distribute cash to our parent company may vary, negatively affecting our ability to service our debt at the parent company level or in other subsidiaries.

Since we conduct a significant portion of our operations through our subsidiaries, our cash flow and our consequent ability to service our debt depends in part upon the earnings of our subsidiaries and the distribution of those earnings to our parent company, or upon loans or other payments of funds by those subsidiaries to our parent company or to other subsidiaries. The payment of such dividends and the making of such loans and advances by our subsidiaries may be subject to legal or contractual restrictions, depend upon the earnings of those subsidiaries and be subject to various business considerations, including the ability of such subsidiaries to pay such dividends or make such loans and advances in a manner that does not result in substantial tax liability.

We are exposed to counterparty risk in our hedging arrangements.

From time to time we enter into arrangements with other parties to hedge our exposure to fluctuations in currency and interest rates, including forward contracts and swap agreements. Recently, a number of financial institutions similar to those that serve as counterparties to our hedging arrangements have been adversely affected by the global credit crisis and in some cases have been unable to fulfill their debts and other obligations. If any of the counterparties to our hedging arrangements become unable to fulfill their obligations to us, we may lose the financial benefits of these arrangements. The fair value of our derivative financial instruments related to interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward exchange contracts reflected in our consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2008 were assets of \$2.7 million and liabilities of \$18.5 million.

Our inability to secure letters of credit on acceptable terms may substantially increase our cost of doing business in various countries.

In a number of countries in which we conduct business we are obligated to provide guarantees or letters of credit to secure licenses, lease space or for insurance coverage. We typically receive these guarantees and letters of credits from a number of financial institutions around the world. In the event that we are unable to secure these arrangements from a bank, lender or other third party on acceptable terms, our liquidity may be adversely affected, there could be a disruption to our business or there could be a substantial increase in cost for our business.

The price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly, which may result in losses for investors.

The market price for our common stock has been and may continue to be volatile. For example, during 2008, the prices of our common stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange ranged from a high of \$70.35 to a low of \$23.60. Our stock price can fluctuate as a result of a variety of factors, including factors listed in these "Risk Factors" and others, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

- actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly operating results;
- announcement of new services by us or our competitors;
- announcements relating to strategic relationships or acquisitions;
- changes in financial estimates or other statements by securities analysts; and
- changes in general economic conditions such as the current credit environment.

Because of this volatility, we may fail to meet the expectations of our shareholders or of securities analysts, and our stock price could decline as a result.

Wisconsin law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that could make the takeover of our company more difficult.

Certain provisions of Wisconsin law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws could have the effect of delaying or preventing a third party from acquiring us, even if a change in control would be beneficial to our shareholders. These provisions of our articles of incorporation and bylaws include:

- providing for a classified board of directors with staggered, three-year terms;
- permitting removal of directors only for cause;
- providing that vacancies on the board of directors will be filled by the remaining directors then in office: and
- requiring advance notice for shareholder proposals and director nominees.

In addition, the Wisconsin control share acquisition statute and Wisconsin's "fair price" and "business combination" provisions limit the ability of an acquiring person to engage in certain transactions or to exercise the full voting power of acquired shares under certain circumstances. These provisions and other provisions of Wisconsin law could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so would benefit our shareholders. As a result, offers to acquire us, which may represent a premium over the available market price of our common stock, may be withdrawn or otherwise fail to be realized. The provisions described above could cause our stock price to decline.

Improper disclosure of employee and client data could result in liability and harm our reputation.

Our business involves the use, storage and transmission of information about our employees, our clients and employees of our clients. We and our third party service providers have established policies and procedures to help protect the security and privacy of this information. It is possible that our security controls over personal and other data and other practices we and our third party service providers follow may not prevent the improper access to or disclosure of personally identifiable or otherwise confidential information. Such disclosure could harm our reputation and subject us to liability under our contracts and laws that protect personal data and confidential information, resulting in increased costs or loss of revenue. Further, data privacy is subject to frequently changing rules and regulations, which sometimes conflict among the various jurisdictions and countries in which we provide services. Our failure to adhere to or successfully implement processes in response to changing regulatory requirements in this area could result in legal liability or impairment to our reputation in the marketplace.

Outsourcing certain aspects of our business could result in disruption and increased costs.

We have outsourced certain aspects of our business to third party vendors that subject us to risks, including disruptions in our business and increased costs. For example, we have engaged a third party to host and manage certain aspects of our data center information and technology infrastructure. Accordingly, we are subject to the risks associated with the vendor's ability to provide information technology services to meet our needs. Our operations will depend significantly upon their and our ability to make our servers, software applications and websites available and to protect our data from damage or interruption from human error, computer viruses, intentional acts of vandalism, labor disputes, natural disasters and similar events. If the cost of hosting and managing certain aspects of our data center information technology structure is more than expected, or if the vendor or we are unable to adequately protect our data and information is lost or our ability to deliver our services is interrupted, then our business and results of operations may be negatively impacted.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff	Comments
Not applicable.	
Item 2.	Properties
	ous locations worldwide, none of which are material. Most of our operations are conducted we do not anticipate any difficulty in renewing these leases or in finding alternative sites in siness.
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings
We are involved in litigate the ordinary course of bus	ion of a routine nature and various legal matters, which are being defended and handled in iness.
December 31, 2008, unde	by this Item is set forth in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended r the heading "Significant Matters Affecting Results of Operations" (pages 34 to 39), which orporated herein by reference.
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
Not applicable.	
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# EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF MANPOWER (as of February 17, 2009)

Name of Officer Office

Age 49

Jeffrey A. Joerres Chairman of Manpower since May 2001, and President and Chief Executive Officer of Manpower since April 1999. Senior Vice President - European Operations and Marketing and Major Account Development of Manpower from July 1998 to April 1999. A director of Artisan Funds, Inc. and Johnson Controls, Inc. A director of Manpower for more than five years. An employee of Manpower since July 1993.

Michael J. Van Handel

Age 49

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer of Manpower since January 2008. Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of Manpower from April 2002 to January 2008. Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of Manpower from August 1999 to April 2002. Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary of Manpower from July 1998 to August 1999. An employee of Manpower since May 1989.

Barbara J. Beck Age 48

Executive Vice President of Manpower, President – Europe, Middle East and Africa since January 2006. A director of Ecolab Inc. since February 2008. Executive Vice President of Manpower – United States and Canadian Operations from January 2002 to December 2005. Independent consultant from August 2000 to January 2002. Area Vice President and General Manager of United States - West for Sprint Corporation from February 1996 to August 2000. An employee of Manpower since January 2002.

**Jonas Prising** Age 43

Executive Vice President of Manpower, President – The Americas of Manpower since January 2009. Executive Vice President of Manpower, President – United States and Canadian Operations from January 2006 to December 2008. Managing Director of Manpower Italy from July 2002 to December 2005. Director of Manpower Global Accounts – EMEA from June 1999 to June 2002. Prior to joining Manpower, held multiple international management positions with Electrolux from 1989 to May 1999. An employee of Manpower since June 1999.

Age 51

Owen J. Sullivan Executive Vice President of Manpower, and Chief Executive Officer of Right Management and Jefferson Wells since January 2005. Chief Executive Officer of Jefferson Wells International, Inc. from April 2003 to January 2005. Independent consultant from 2002 to 2003. President of the Financial Services Group – Metavante Corporation from 1999 to 2003. An employee of Manpower since April 2003.

Francoise Gri Age 51

Executive Vice President of Manpower, President – France since February 2007. Prior to joining Manpower, held various leadership roles with IBM from 1981 to February 2007 including: regional general manager of France, Belgium and Luxembourg; vice president of marketing and channels software for IBM EMEA; and executive of e-business solutions for IBM EMEA. An employee of Manpower since February 2007.

Darryl Green Age 48

Executive Vice President of Manpower, President -Asia-Pacific and Middle East Operations since January 2009. Executive Vice President of Manpower, President – Asia-Pacific Operations from May 2007 to December 2008. Prior to joining Manpower, served as CEO of Tata Teleservices. Previously, CEO of Vodafone Japan, a publicly listed mobile services provider. From 1989 to 1998, held various management positions within AT&T, including three years as President and CEO of its Japanese operations. An employee of Manpower since May 2007.

Mara E. Swan Age 49

Executive Vice President - Global Strategy and Talent since January 2009. Senior Vice President of Global Human Resources from August 2005 to December 2008. Prior to Manpower, served as Chief People Officer for the Molson Coors Brewing Company for its global operations. Previously, Human Resources Manager for Miller Brewing Company. An employee of Manpower since August 2005.

Age 59

Kenneth C. Hunt Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Manpower since January 2008. Prior to joining Manpower, a shareholder with the law firm of Godfrey & Kahn, S.C. from 1981 to 2007. An employee of Manpower since January 2008.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

Audit Committee Approval of Audit-Related and Non-Audit Services

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors has approved the following audit-related and non-audit services performed or to be performed for us by our independent registered public accounting firm, Deloitte & Touche LLP, in 2008:

- (a) preparation and/or review of tax returns, including sales and use tax, excise tax, income tax, local tax, property tax, and value-added tax:
- (b) consultation regarding appropriate handling of items on tax returns, required disclosures, elections and filing positions available to us;
- (c) assistance with tax audits and examinations, including providing technical advice on technical interpretations, applicable laws and regulations, tax accounting, foreign tax credits, foreign income tax, foreign earnings and profits, U.S. treatment of foreign subsidiary income, and value-added tax, excise tax or equivalent taxes in foreign jurisdictions;
- (d) advice and assistance with respect to transfer pricing matters, including the preparation of reports used by us to comply with taxing authority documentation requirements regarding royalties and inter-company pricing, and assistance with tax exemptions;
  - (e) advice regarding tax issues relating to our internal reorganizations;
- (f) assistance relating to reporting under and compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, including the issuance of consents and comfort letters;
  - (g) reviews of our quarterly financial statements;
  - (h) consultation regarding current, proposed and newly adopted accounting pronouncements;
    - (i) audit of a foreign employee pension plan;
    - (j) advice and assistance related to data privacy;
- (k) auditor reports required as part of an internal restructuring, related to a government grant and required as part of tender offers and related to a statement of flexworker educational expenses;
  - (1) SAS 70 controls report in the U.S.; and
    - (m) human capital advisory services.

#### **PART II**

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Shareholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

In August 2007, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 5.0 million shares of our common stock, not to exceed a total purchase price of \$400.0 million. The authorization permitted share repurchases from time to time through a variety of methods, including open market purchases, block transactions, privately negotiated transactions, accelerated share repurchase programs, forward repurchase agreements or similar facilities. The following table shows the total amount of shares repurchased under this authorization during the fourth quarter of 2008.

#### ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

	Total number of	Average price paid	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly	Approximate number of shares that may yet be
	shares purchased	per share	announced plan	purchased
October 1 - 31, 2008	-	\$ -	-	1,026,490
November 1 - 30, 2008	-	-	-	1,026,490
December 1 - 31, 2008	135(1)	-	-	1,026,490(2)

- (1) Delivered by a director to Manpower, upon vesting, to satisfy tax withholding requirements.
- (2) Not to exceed a total purchase price of \$182.1 million.

The remaining information required by this Item is set forth in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, under the heading "Note 16 - Quarterly Data" (page 71) and "Corporate Information" (page 74) and in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009, under the caption "Equity Compensation Plan Information", which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, under the heading "Selected Financial Data" (page 72), which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, under the headings "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" (pages 17 to 39), which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, under the heading "Significant Matters Affecting Results of Operations" (pages 34 to 39), which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 8.

#### Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The information required by this Item is set forth in the financial statements and the notes thereto (pages 42 to 71) contained in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain a set of disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports filed by us under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting is set forth on page 39 in our Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference. The Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm's report with respect to the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting is included on pages 40 and 41 of our Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ended December 31, 2008 which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation discussed above that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **PART III**

# Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

- (a) Executive Officers. Reference is made to "Executive Officers of Manpower" in Part I after Item 4.
- (b) Directors. The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009 under the caption "Election of Directors," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.
- (c) The board of directors has determined that Edward J. Zore, chairman of the audit committee, is an "audit committee financial expert." Mr. Zore is "independent" as that term is used in Item 7(d)(3)(iv) of Schedule 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- (d) Audit Committee. The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009 under the caption "Meetings and Committees of the Board," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.
- (e) Section 16 Compliance. The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009 under the caption "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.
- (f) We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer and controller. We have posted the Code on our Internet website at www.manpower.com.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009, under the caption "Executive and Director Compensation"; under the caption "Executive Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation"; and under the caption "Report of the Executive Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Shareholder Matters

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009, under the caption "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners" and under the caption "Security Ownership of Management"; and under the caption "Equity Compensation Plan Information," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009, under the caption "Meetings and Committees of the Board," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this Item is set forth in our Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 28, 2009, under the caption "Audit Committee Report," which information is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

#### **PART IV**

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a)(1) Financial Statements.

Consolidated Financial Statements (data incorporated by reference from the attached Annual Report to Shareholders):	Page Number(s) in Annual Report to Shareholders
Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	40-41
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	42
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	43
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	44
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders Equity for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006	45
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	46-71

(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedule.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Financial Statement Schedule

SCHEDULE II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

(a)(3) Exhibits.

See (c) below.

Pursuant to Regulation S-K, Item 601(b)(4)(iii), Manpower hereby agrees to furnish to the Commission, upon request, a copy of each instrument and agreement with respect to long-term debt of Manpower and its consolidated subsidiaries which does not exceed 10 percent of the total assets of Manpower and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

#### (c) Exhibits.

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation of Manpower Inc. incorporated by reference to Annex C of the Prospectus, which is contained in Amendment No. 1 to Form S-4 (Registration No. 33-38684).
- 3.2 Amendment of Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Manpower Inc., incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2001.
- 3.3 Amended and Restated By-laws of Manpower Inc., incorporated by reference to the Company's Ouarterly Report on Form 10-O for the quarter ended June 30, 2004.
- 4.1 Fiscal and Paying Agency Agreement between Manpower Inc. and Citibank, N.A. as Fiscal Agent, Principal Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent and Citibank International PLC as Irish Paying Agent, dated as of June 1, 2005 (including the forms of Rule 144A Global Note and Regulation S Global Note, attached thereto as Exhibits A and B, respectively), incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.
- 4.2 Fiscal and Paying Agency Agreement between Manpower Inc. and Citibank, N.A. as Fiscal Agent, Principal Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent and Citibank International PLC as Irish Paying Agent, dated as of June 14, 2006 (including the form of Note attached thereto as Schedule 1), incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006.
- 10.1 Amended and Restated Manpower Inc. Senior Management Performance-Based Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. \*\*
- 10.2(a) Five-Year Credit Agreement dated as of October 8, 2004 among Manpower Inc., the initial lenders named therein, Citibank N.A., Wachovia Bank, BNP Paribas, Bank One N.A., and The Royal Bank of Scotland, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 14, 2004.
- 10.2(b) Amendment to Five-Year Credit Agreement dated as of March 14, 2005, incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005.
- 10.2(c) Amendment No. 2 to the Credit Agreement dated as of January 10, 2006, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.
- 10.2(d) Amendment No. 3 to the Credit Agreement dated as of November 16, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.
- 10.3 Amended and Restated Manpower 1991 Executive Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of Manpower Inc. dated September 30, 1996. \*\*
- 10.4 Manpower Savings Related Share Option Scheme, incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 33-38684). \*\*

- 10.5 Manpower 1990 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (Amended and Restated effective April 26, 2005), incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005.
- 10.6 Manpower Retirement Plan, as amended and restated effective as of March 1, 1989, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of Manpower PLC, SEC File No. 0-9890, filed for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1989. \*\*
- 10.7 1994 Executive Stock Option and Restricted Stock Plan of Manpower Inc. (Amended and Restated October 29, 2002), incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. \*\*

- Manpower Inc. 2007 Corporate Senior Management Incentive Program dated as of May 2, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 2, 2007. \*\*
- 10.9(a) Employment Agreement between Jeffrey A. Joerres and Manpower Inc. dated as of February 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.9(b) Severance Agreement between Jeffrey A. Joerres and Manpower Inc. dated as of February 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.10(a) Employment Agreement between Michael J. Van Handel and Manpower Inc. dated as of February 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.10(b) Severance Agreement between Michael J. Van Handel and Manpower Inc. dated as of February 20, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.11(a) Assignment Agreement by and among Manpower Inc., Manpower Holdings Limited and Barbara Beck dated as of December 20, 2005, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 20, 2005. \*\*
- 10.11(b) Letter Agreement by and among Manpower Inc., Manpower Holdings Limited and Barbara Beck dated as of April 1, 2008. \*\*
- 10.12(a) Amended and Restated Assignment Agreement by and among Manpower Inc. and Jonas Prising dated as of December 29, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 29, 2008. \*\*
- 10.12(b) Employment Agreement between Francoise Gri and Manpower Inc. dated as of February 15, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.12(c) Letter Agreement between Darryl Green and Manpower Inc. dated as of April 4, 2007, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.13(a) Terms and Conditions Regarding the Grant of Awards to Non-Employee Directors under the 2003 Equity Incentive Plan of Manpower Inc. (Amended and Restated Effective January 1, 2006), incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005. \*\*
- 10.13(b) Terms and Conditions Regarding the Grant of Awards to Non-Employee Directors under the 2003 Equity Incentive Plan of Manpower Inc. (Amended and Restated Effective January 1, 2008), incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.13(c) Manpower Inc. Compensation for Non-Employee Directors (Effective January 1, 2006), incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 19, 2005. \*\*
- 10.13(d)

Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Barbara Beck and Manpower Inc. dated as of November 10, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 10, 2008. \*\*

- 10.13(e) Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Jonas Prising and Manpower Inc. dated as of November 10, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 10, 2008. \*\*
- 10.13(f) Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Owen Sullivan and Manpower Inc. dated as of November 10, 2008, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 10, 2008. \*\*

- 10.13(g) Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Mara Swan and Manpower Inc. dated as of November 10, 2008. \*\*
- 10.13(h) Amended and Restated Severance Agreement dated November 10, 2008 between Manpower Inc. and Darryl Green, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 3, 2008. \*\*
- 10.13(i) Change of Control Severance Agreement dated February 15, 2007 between Manpower Inc. and Francoise Gri, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.13(j) Change of Control Severance Agreement dated December 31, 2007 between Manpower Inc. and Kenneth C. Hunt, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.13(k) 2003 Equity Incentive Plan of Manpower Inc. (Amended and Restated Effective October 31, 2006), incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 31, 2006. \*\*
- 10.13(1) Form of Indemnification Agreement, incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 31, 2006.
- 10.14(a) Form of Nonstatutory Stock Option Agreement, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.14(b) Form of Performance Share Unit Agreement, incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 10.14(c) Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (CEO Form), incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. \*\*
- 12.1 Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
- 2008 Annual Report to Shareholders. Pursuant to Item 601(b)(13) of Regulation S-K, the portions of the Annual Report incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K are filed as an exhibit hereto.
- Manpower Inc. Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (Amended and Restated Effective December 9, 2003) incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.
- 21 Subsidiaries of Manpower Inc.
- 23.1 Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP.
- 24 Powers of Attorney.
- 31.1 Certification of Jeffrey A. Joerres, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.2 Certification of Michael J. Van Handel, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

- 32.1 Statement of Jeffrey A. Joerres, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350.
- 32.2 Statement of Michael J. Van Handel, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss. 1350.

\*\* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### MANPOWER INC.

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Joerres

Jeffrey A. Joerres

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 20, 2009

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Name Title Date

/s/ Jeffrey A. Joerres Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and a Director February 20, 2009

(Principal Executive Officer)

Jeffrey A. Joerres

/s/ Michael J. Van Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal February 20, 2009)

Handel Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Michael J. Van Handel

Directors: J. Thomas Bouchard, Marc J. Bolland, Gina R. Boswell, Cari M. Dominguez, Jack M. Greenberg, Terry A. Hueneke, Ulice Payne, Jr., John R. Walter and Edward J. Zore

February 20, 2009

By: /s/ Kenneth C. Hunt Kenneth Hunt Attorney-In-Fact\*

\* Pursuant to authority granted by powers of attorney, copies of which are filed herewith.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Manpower Inc.:

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Manpower Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008, and the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, and have issued our reports thereon dated February 18, 2009; such consolidated financial statements and reports are included in the 2008 Annual Report to Shareholders and are incorporated herein by reference. Our audits also included the consolidated financial statement schedule of the Company listed in Item 15. This consolidated financial statement schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our audits. In our opinion, such consolidated financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Deloitte & Touche LLP Milwaukee, Wisconsin February 18, 2009

# SCHEDULE II - VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, in millions:

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

Bal	lance at	Provisions					
Beg	ginning	Charged to		Translation	Reclassifications	Balance at	
of	f Year	Earnings	Write- Offs	Adjustments	and Other	End	of Year
2008 \$	123.1	23.4	(21.5)	(10.1)	3.6	\$	118.5
2007 \$	109.9	21.8	(20.8)	9.5	2.7	\$	123.1
2006 \$	86.5	27.4	(14.1)	97	0.4	\$	109 9