CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORP /DE/ Form 10-Q October 31, 2014 <u>Tables of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
У	OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 28, 2014 OR

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-10079

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 198 Champion Court, San Jose, California 95134 (Address of principal executive offices and zip code) (408) 943-2600 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) 94-2885898 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \circ No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \circ No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No ý The total number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock as of October 26, 2014 was 161,238,508.

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PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Forward-Looking Statements

The discussion in this Ouarterly Report on Form 10-O contains statements that are not historical in nature, but are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, statements related to: our expected future amortization expense of intangible assets and minimum lease payments; our expectations that we will continue to enter into additional licensing arrangements in the future; our expectations regarding the timing and cost of our restructuring liabilities; our expectations, beliefs and strategies regarding our active litigation matters including our intent to defend or pursue those matters rigorously and the merits of our claims; our expectations regarding pricing pressure and our ability to moderate the impact of declining selling prices; the competitive advantage we believe we have with our proprietary programmable technologies and programmable products; our expectation that we will continue to make significant investments in our current business ventures as well as new ventures; our foreign currency exposure and the impact exchange rates could have on our operating margins; the adequacy of our cash, working capital positions and borrowing arrangements to provide sufficient liquidity and capital needs of the Company and our ability to obtain alternative financing should our current financing arrangement be deemed insufficient; our ability to recognize certain unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months and the events that could impact such tax benefits; our ability to execute our future investment strategy; our expectation that we will continue to investigate strategic acquisition and investment transactions; the impact of interest rate fluctuations on our investments; the utility of our non-GAAP reporting; the adequacy of our audits; the potential impact of or possible payments due under our indemnification obligations; and the impact of new accounting standards on our financial statements. We use words such as "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "future," "intend" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are made as of the date hereof and are based on our current expectations, beliefs and intentions regarding future events or our financial performance and the information available to management as of the date hereof. Except as required by law, we assume no responsibility to update any such forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those expected, discussed or projected in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for any number of reasons, including, but not limited to: the state and future of the general economy and its impact on the markets and consumers we serve and our investments; our ability to timely deliver new proprietary and programmable technologies and products; the current credit conditions; our ability to expand our customer base; our ability to transform our business with a leading portfolio of programmable products; the number and nature of our competitors; the changing environment and/or cycles of the semiconductor industry; foreign currency exchange rates; our ability to efficiently manage our manufacturing facilities and achieve our cost goals; our ability to compete in our highly competitive industry and markets in the future; our ability to achieve our goals related to our restructuring activities; our success in our pending litigation matters; our ability to manage our investments and interest rate and exchange rate exposure; changes in the law; our ability to achieve liquidity in our investments; the failure or success of our Emerging Technologies Division; and/or the materialization of one or more of the risks set forth above or in Item 1A (Risk Factors) in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in Part I, Item 1A (Risk Factors) in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2013.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS* (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)	September 28, 2014 (In thousands, e per-share amound	2013 except),
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$105,084	\$86,009	
Short-term investments	15,293	18,453	
Accounts receivable, net	105,853	81,084	
Inventories	88,790	100,612	
Other current assets	29,094	33,555	
Total current assets	344,114	319,713	
Property, plant and equipment, net	244,298	258,585	
Goodwill	65,696	65,696	
Intangible assets, net	35,274	40,828	
Other long-term assets	87,727	78,062	
Total assets	\$777,109	\$762,884	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$33,462	\$47,893	
Accrued compensation and employee benefits	36,310	38,972	
Deferred margin on sales to distributors	134,726	122,578	
Dividends payable	17,727	16,850	
Income taxes payable	3,023	3,034	
Other current liabilities	79,375	76,515	
Total current liabilities	304,623	305,842	
Deferred income taxes and other tax liabilities	19,018	26,831	
Long-term revolving credit facility	227,000	227,000	
Other long-term liabilities	21,661	27,528	
Total liabilities	572,302	587,201	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		,	
Equity:			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding			
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 650,000 and 650,000 shares authorized; 304,336 and			
296,346 shares issued; 161,162 and 153,214 shares outstanding at September 28,	3,027	2,963	
2014 and December 29, 2013, respectively	,	,	
Additional paid-in-capital	2,681,923	2,665,453	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(177)
Accumulated deficit	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(397,849)
Stockholders' equity before treasury stock	2,301,330	2,270,390	,
Less: shares of common stock held in treasury, at cost; 143,158 and 143,132 shares at			
September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, respectively	(2,090,494)	(2,090,233)
Total Cypress stockholders' equity	210,836	180,157	
Noncontrolling interests		(4,474)
Total equity	204,807	175,683	-
· ·	<i>,</i>	*	

Total liabilities and equity\$777,109\$762,884* Amounts as of September 28, 2014 are unaudited. Amounts as of December 29, 2013 were derived from the
December 29, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements.The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months I	Ended	Nine Months E	nded
	September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousands, e	except per-share	amounts)	
Revenues	\$187,516	\$188,723	\$541,400	\$554,917
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenues	90,633	97,070	271,425	292,793
Research and development	38,626	50,429	124,883	148,563
Selling, general and administrative	41,119	45,533	125,787	139,049
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	s 1,701	1,987	5,334	5,983
Restructuring costs	(238)	3,693	(1,252)	15,826
Total costs and expenses	171,841	198,712	526,177	602,214
Operating income (loss)	15,675	(9,989)	15,223	(47,297)
Interest and other income (expense), net	(504)	427	(1,102)	3,030
Income (loss) before income taxes and	15 171	(0.5(2))	14 101	(AA) (7)
noncontrolling interest	15,171	(9,562)	14,121	(44,267)
Income tax provision (benefit)	1,231	(774)	(2,987)	(9,971)
Equity in net loss of equity method investees	(1,386)	(471)	(3,666)	(1,245)
Net income (loss)	12,554	(9,259)	13,442	(35,541)
Adjust for net loss attributable to noncontrolling	296	420	001	1 500
interests net of taxes	286	430	991	1,509
Net income (loss) attributable to Cypress	\$12,840	\$(8,829)	\$14,433	\$(34,032)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to Cypress:				
Basic	\$0.08	\$(0.06)	\$0.09	\$(0.23)
Diluted	\$0.08	\$(0.06)	\$0.09	\$(0.23)
Cash dividend declared per share	\$0.11	\$0.11	\$0.33	\$0.33
Shares used in net income (loss) per share				
calculation:				
Basic	159,759	149,679	157,594	147,551
Diluted	166,481	149,679	166,000	147,551
The accompanying notes are an integral part of thes	e condensed con	solidated financi	al statements.	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

	Three Months I September 28, 2014 (In thousands)	Ended September 29, 2013	Nine Months E September 28, 2014	nded September 29, 2013
Net income (loss)	\$12,554	\$(9,259) 13,442	\$(35,541)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes:				· · · · · ·
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale securities	(12)	(48) (27)	1,033
Reclassification of net realized (gains) losses on available for sale securities included in net income (loss)	_	_	_	(1,063)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(12)	(48) (27)	(30)
Comprehensive income (loss)	12,542	(9,307) 13,415	(35,571)
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	286	430	991	1,509
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Cypress	\$12,828	\$(8,877	\$14,406	\$(34,062)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended			
	September 28, September 2014 2013 (In thousands)		er 29,	
Cash flows from operating activities:	(III thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$13,442	\$(35,541)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating	ψ 15,772	$\psi(33,3+1)$)	
activities:				
Stock-based compensation expense	43,421	52,143		
Depreciation and amortization	35,366	36,932		
Deferred income taxes	(7,759) (15,191)	
Restructuring costs	(1,252) 15,826)	
(Gain) Loss on sale or retirement of property and equipment, net	(290)) 584		
Equity in loss of investee	3,666	1,245		
Other	272	(784)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	212	(704)	
Accounts receivable, net	(24,769) (25,280)	
Inventories	9,766	28,124)	
Other current and long-term assets	8,428	1,423		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(14,617) (19,722)	
Deferred margin on sales to distributors	12,148	6,766)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	77,822	46,525		
Cash flows from investing activities:	11,022	10,525		
Proceeds from sales or maturities of available-for-sale investments	14,401	53,461		
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(11,379) (23,315)	
Net employee distribution of deferred compensation plan	(810) (1,247)	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(17,178) (27,877)	
Cash paid for equity investments	(18,400) (4,361)	
Proceeds from sale of equity investments	(10,100	2,158)	
Proceeds from sale of held-for-sale equipment	3,240			
Other	1,706	1,751		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(28,420) 570		
Cash flows from financing activities:	(20,120) 010		
Line of credit proceeds	172,000	80,000		
Repayment of line of credit	(172,000) (85,000)	
Withholding of common shares for tax obligations on vested restricted shares	(245) (4,526	ý	
Payment of dividends	(51,520) (48,241	ý	
Proceeds from employee equity awards	26,664	33,395	,	
Repayment of equipment leases and loans, net	(5,544) (7,533)	
Yield Enhancement structured agreements settled in cash	318		,	
Repayment of other financing agreements	_	(3,254)	
Cash received for investment in subsidiary		1,411	,	
Net cash used in financing activities	(30,327) (33,748)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	19,075	13,347	,	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	86,009	63,203		
	,	,		

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$105,084	\$76,550
Supplemental disclosures:		
Dividends payable	\$17,727	\$16,578
Cash paid for taxes	\$3,220	\$5,386
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.		

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CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fiscal Years

Cypress Semiconductor Corporation ("Cypress" or the "Company") reports on a fiscal-year basis. The Company ends its quarters on the Sunday closest to the end of the applicable calendar quarter, except in a 53-week fiscal year, in which case the additional week falls into the fourth quarter of that fiscal year. Fiscal 2014 and fiscal 2013 had 52 weeks. The third quarter of fiscal 2014 ended on September 28, 2014 and the third quarter of fiscal 2013 ended on September 29, 2013.

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of only normal, recurring items, which are necessary to state fairly the financial information included therein. The financial data should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2013.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

The condensed consolidated results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

During the nine months ended September 28, 2014, the Company recorded out-of-period correcting adjustments to write off certain manufacturing and subcontractor costs that were capitalized within other current assets in previous periods. These corrections resulted in a decrease of net income of \$2.6 million for the nine months ended September 28, 2014. The Company recorded these corrections, in the aggregate totaling \$2.6 million, in cost of revenues in the nine months ended September 28, 2014. Management assessed the impact of these errors and concluded that the amounts were not material, either individually or in the aggregate, to any prior period or to the Q3 2014 interim or expected full year financial statements.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, we increased our ownership in a privately-held entity which required us to change from the cost method of accounting to the equity method of accounting for this investment. Under the equity method of accounting, we are required to record our interest in the company's reported net income or loss each reporting period. Additionally, we are required to present our prior period financial results to reflect the equity method of accounting from the date of the initial investment in the company which resulted in an adjustment to retained earnings and a corresponding reduction to our investment. See Note 9 for more information. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern." The amendment requires that an entity's management evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. If conditions or events raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern additional disclosure is required to enable users of the financial statements to understand the conditions or events, management's

evaluation of the significance of those conditions and management's plans to that are intended to alleviate or management's plans that have alleviated substantial doubt. The amendment is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. We do not believe that the adoption of this guidance will have any material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In June 2014, the FASB issued an ASU on stock compensation, ASU No. 2014-12, "Compensation - Stock Compensation: Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period." The amendment requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that

<u>Table of Contents</u> CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued) (Unaudited)

could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. A reporting entity should apply existing guidance in Topic 718 as it relates to awards with performance conditions that affect vesting to account for such awards. Compensation cost should be recognized in the period in which it becomes probable that the performance target will be achieved and should represent the compensation cost attributable to the period(s) for which the requisite service has already been rendered. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of an Entity." This ASU 2014-08 amends the definition of a discontinued operation to include a disposal of a component or group of components that is disposed of or is classified as held for sale and represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect of an entity's operations and financial results. This ASU will be effective beginning in 2015. The adoption of this ASU may have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements in the event that we were to divest of a component that meets the definition of a discontinued operation.

In May 2014, the FASB issued an ASU on revenue from contracts with customers, ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." The standard update outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is not permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2013, the FASB issued an ASU on Income Taxes, ASU No. 2013-11, "Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." This guidance is expected to reduce diversity in practice and is expected to better reflect the manner in which an entity would settle at the reporting date any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position when net operating loss carryforwards, similar tax losses, or tax credit carryforwards exist. This guidance is effective for our interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013. We adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 and our adoption did not have a significant impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired in a business combination. The carrying amount of goodwill at September 28, 2014 and at December 29, 2013 was \$65.7 million, of which \$33.9 million was in our Memory Products Division (MPD) and \$31.8 million was in our Programmable Systems Division (PSD). The following table presents details of our intangible assets:

	As of September 28, 2014		As of December 29, 2013	
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization Net	Gross	Accumulated Amortization Net
	(In thousand	s)		
Acquisition-related intangible assets	\$151,773	\$(117,051) \$34,722	\$151,773	\$(111,673) \$40,100
Non-acquisition related intangible assets	10,523	(9,971) 552	10,423	(9,695) 728
Total intangible assets	\$162,296	\$(127,022) \$35,274	\$162,196	\$(121,368) \$40,828

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As of September 28, 2014, the estimated future amortization expense of these intangible assets was as follows:

	(In thousands)
2014 (remaining three months)	1,411
2015	5,643
2016	5,246
2017	5,221
2018 and future	17,753
Total future amortization expense	\$35,274

NOTE 3. RESTRUCTURING

During fiscal 2013, we implemented a restructuring plan to reduce operating expenses as part of our 2013 corporate priorities. The plan included the termination of employees and the disposal of certain equipment located in our Bloomington, Minnesota facility. For the nine months ended September 29, 2013, we recorded restructuring charges of \$15.2 million related to the Fiscal 2013 Restructuring Plan of which \$6.7 million was related to property, plant and equipment, \$8.0 million was related to personnel costs and \$0.5 million was mainly related to the amounts payable upon the termination of agreements with certain distributor representatives.

The benefit recorded for the nine months ended September 28, 2014 primarily resulted from the gain on the sale of a previously restructured asset of approximately \$0.6 million. The determination of when we accrue for severance and benefits costs, and which accounting standard applies, depends on whether the termination benefits are provided under a one-time benefit arrangement or under an on-going benefit arrangement.

The following table summarizes the restructuring activities recorded for the periods presented:

C	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Er	nded	
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)				
Personnel costs	\$—	\$3,568	\$(154	\$8,627	
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	—			6,698	
Other	(238) 125	(519) 501	
Gain on sale of held-for-sale assets	—		(579) —	
Total restructuring charges (benefit)	\$(238	\$3,693	\$(1,252	\$15,826	

A summary of the restructuring activities related to personnel costs, which are primarily in the U.S. is summarized as follows:

	(In thousan	ds)
Balance as of December 29 2013	\$4,158	
Release	(154)
Cash payments	(1,311)
Balance as of March 30, 2014	2,693	
Cash payments	(896)
Balance as of June 29, 2014	1,797	
Cash payment	(188)
Release	(238)
Balance as of September 28, 2014	1,371	

The restructuring liability as of September 28, 2014 related primarily to personnel costs and is expected to be paid out within the next twelve months.

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NOTE 4. BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable, gross Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable and sales returns Total accounts receivable, net	As of September 28, 2014 (In thousands) \$109,327 (3,474) \$105,853	December 29, 2013 \$84,431 (3,347) \$81,084
Inventories		
Raw materials Work-in-process Finished goods Total inventories Other Current Assets	As of September 28, 2014 (In thousands) \$4,848 64,673 19,269 \$88,790	December 29, 2013 \$4,026 71,948 24,638 \$100,612
	As of September 28, 2014	December 29, 2013
Prepaid expenses Assets held-for-sale Other current assets Total other current assets Other Long-term Assets	(In thousands) \$21,106 7,988 \$29,094	\$26,364 2,260 4,931 \$33,555
Employee deferred compensation plan	As of September 28, 2014 (In thousands) \$43,907	2013
Investments: Equity securities Other assets Total other long-term assets	28,314 15,506 \$87,727	15,009 20,702 \$78,062

Other Current Liabilities

	As of	
	September 28,	December 29,
	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	
Employee deferred compensation plan	\$44,225	\$41,605
Restructuring accrual (see Note 3)	1,371	4,158
Capital lease-current portion (see Note 8)	2,708	2,659
Equipment loan-current portion (see Note 10)	2,893	2,825
Rebate reserve-current portion	8,156	2,445
Other current liabilities	20,022	22,823
Total other current liabilities	\$79,375	\$76,515

Other Long-term Liabilities

	As of	
	September 28,	December 29,
	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	
Equipment loan-long-term portion (see Note 10)	\$3,740	\$5,918
Capital lease-long-term portion (see Note 8)	7,792	9,828
Other long-term liabilities	10,129	11,782
Total other long-term liabilities	\$21,661	\$27,528

NOTE 5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Assets/Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following tables present the fair value hierarchy for our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and our non-financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	As of September 28, 2014			As of December 29, 2013		
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total
	(In thousa	nds)				
Financial Assets						
Cash equivalents:						
Money market funds	\$2,472	\$—	\$2,472	\$29,719	\$—	\$29,719
Total cash equivalents	2,472		2,472	29,719		29,719
Short-term investments:						
U.S. Treasuries	2,997		2,997	_		_
Corporate notes and bonds		7,807	7,807		14,677	14,677
Commercial paper					1,300	1,300
Federal Agency		3,620	3,620			—
Certificates of deposit		869	869		2,476	2,476
Non-financial assets held-for-sale					2,260	2,260
Total short-term investments	2,997	12,296	15,293		20,713	20,713

Employee deferred compensation plan						
assets:						
Cash equivalents	3,364		3,364	3,941		3,941
Mutual funds	23,238		23,238	23,415		23,415
Equity securities	9,994		9,994	7,723		7,723
Fixed income	3,392		3,392	3,192		3,192
Money market funds		3,919	3,919		4,080	4,080
Total employee deferred compensation plan assets	¹ 39,988	3,919	43,907	38,271	4,080	42,351
Total financial assets Financial Liabilities	\$45,457	\$16,215	\$61,672	\$67,990	\$24,793	\$92,783
Employee deferred compensation plan liability	\$—	\$44,225	\$44,225	\$—	\$41,605	\$41,605

Valuation Techniques:

There have been no changes to our valuation techniques used to measure our assets and liabilities. For a description of our valuation techniques, refer to our Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2013.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

As of September 28, 2014, the carrying value of our line of credit was \$227.0 million. The carrying value of our line of credit approximates its fair value since it bears interest rates that are similar to existing market rates that would be offered to the Company and represents a Level 2 measurement.

Investments in Equity Securities

Our investments in equity securities include long-term investments in non-marketable equity securities of privately-held companies of approximately \$28.2 million and \$15.0 million as of September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, respectively.

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Included in our non-marketable equity securities is our investment in a company that designs, develops and manufactures products in the area of advanced battery storage for mobile consumer devices. As of December 29, 2013, we had cumulatively invested \$13.5 million in this company and accounted for it using the cost method. During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, our ownership in this company exceeded 20%, which required us to change the method of accounting from the cost method to the equity method for this investment. Under the equity method of accounting, we are required to record our interest in the investee's company's reported net income or loss for each reporting period. During the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014, we invested an additional \$4.0 million and \$15.0 million, respectively. As of September 28, 2014, we own approximately 26.2% of the company's outstanding voting shares and continue to use the equity accounting method for this investment. See Note 9 for additional disclosure related to the equity accounting method for this investment.

The remaining privately-held equity investments are accounted for under the cost method and are periodically reviewed for other-than-temporary declines in fair value.

We did not sell any of our investments in marketable securities in the first three quarters of fiscal 2014. In the first three quarters of 2013, we sold our investment in a marketable equity security for \$2.2 million, which resulted in a realized gain of \$1.1 million.

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchies during the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014.

NOTE 6. INVESTMENTS AND EMPLOYEE DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Available-For-Sale Securities

The following tables summarize our available-for-sale and other investments:

	As of Sept	ember 28, 20				As of Dece	mber 29, 20		
	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealize Losses	N d	Fair Value	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	(In thousa	nds)							
Reported as cash equivalents:									
Money market funds	\$2,472	\$—	\$—		\$2,472	\$29,719	\$ <u> </u>	\$—	\$29,719
Total cash equivalents	2,472				2,472	29,719			29,719
Reported as short-term									
investments:									
U.S. Treasuries	2,997		_		2,997			_	
Corporate note and bonds	7,817	2	(12)	7,807	14,667	10	_	14,677
Federal agency	3,620				3,620				
Commercial paper						1,300			1,300
Certificates of deposit	869		—		869	2,476			2,476
Total short-term investments	15,303	2	(12)	15,293	18,443	10	_	18,453
Total available-for-sale	;								
securities and other investments	\$17,775	\$2	\$(12)	\$17,765	\$48,162	\$10	\$—	\$48,172

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As of September 28, 2014, the contractual maturities of our available-for-sale investments and certificates of deposit were as follows (the table below does not include our investments in marketable equity securities and our assets held-for-sale):

	Cost	Fair Value
	(in thousands)	
Maturing within one year	\$7,587	\$7,585
Maturing in one to three years	10,188	10,180
Maturing in more than three years		
Total	\$17,775	\$17,765

There were no realized gains from sales and losses of available-for-sale investments during the nine months ended September 28, 2014. Realized gains from sales and losses of available-for-sale investments during the nine months ended September 29, 2013 was approximately \$1.1 million.

Employee Deferred Compensation Plan

We have a deferred compensation plan which provides certain key employees, including our executive management, with the ability to defer the receipt of compensation in order to accumulate funds for retirement on a tax-deferred basis. We do not make contributions to the deferred compensation plan or guarantee returns on the investments. Participant deferrals and investment gains and losses remain as our liabilities and the underlying assets are subject to claims of general creditors.

Under the deferred compensation plan, the assets are recorded at fair value in each reporting period with the offset being recorded in "Interest and other income, net." The liabilities are recorded at fair value in each reporting period with the offset being recorded as an operating expense or income. As of September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, the fair value of the assets was \$43.9 million and \$42.4 million, respectively, and the fair value of the liabilities was \$44.2 million and \$41.6 million, respectively.

All non-cash expense and income recorded under the deferred compensation plan are included in the following line items in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29, S		September 28, September 29		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)				
Changes in fair value of assets recorded in:					
Interest and other income, net	\$(247)	\$2,091	\$2,367	\$4,810	
Changes in fair value of liabilities recorded in:					
Cost of revenues	(4)	(265)	(471)	(718)	
Research and development expenses	(13)	(548)	(921)	(1,462)	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(24)	(1,181)	(2,085)	(3,187)	
Total income (expense)	\$(288)	\$97	\$(1,110)	\$(557)	

NOTE 7. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Our equity incentive plans are broad-based, long-term programs intended to attract and retain talented employees and align stockholder and employee interests.

The following table summarizes the stock-based compensation expense, by line item recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

Three Months Ended

Nine Months Ended

	September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousands)			
Cost of revenues	\$3,766	\$2,804	\$10,450	\$9,701
Research and development	2,089	6,806	13,633	18,686
Selling, general and administrative	6,427	9,701	19,338	23,756
Total stock-based compensation	\$12,282	\$19,311	\$43,421	\$52,143

As stock-based compensation expense recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations is based on awards ultimately expected to vest, it has been reduced for estimated forfeitures. The accounting guidance requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

Cash proceeds from the issuance of shares under the employee stock plans were approximately \$14.2 million and \$26.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014 and \$17.8 million and \$33.4 million for the three and nine

months ended September 29, 2013. We did not recognize a tax benefit from stock option exercises for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014 or September 29, 2013.

As of September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, stock-based compensation capitalized in inventories totaled \$3.2 million and \$5.3 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes the stock-based compensation expense by type of awards:

	Three Months I	Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)				
Stock options	\$2,380	\$2,234	\$5,101	\$6,645	
Restricted stock units and restricted stock awards	8,720	15,600	34,297	37,415	
Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP")	1,182	1,477	4,023	8,083	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$12,282	\$19,311	\$43,421	\$52,143	

The following table summarizes the unrecognized stock-based compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, by type of awards:

	As of	
		Weighted-
	September 28,	Average
	2014	Amortization
		Period
	(In thousands)	(In years)
Stock options	\$7,428	1.78
Restricted stock units and restricted stock awards	33,867	1.21
ESPP	1,722	0.59
Total unrecognized stock-based compensation balance	\$43,017	1.28
Valuation Assumptions		

We estimated the fair value of the stock options and ESPP awards using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Expected life	0.5-7.27 years	0.5-7.27 years	0.5-7.27 years	0.5-7.27 years
Volatility	33.6%-39.8	36.51%-42.7%	31.0%-39.8%	36.5%-46.3%

Risk-free interest rate 0.03%-1.8% 0.08%-1.9 0.03%-1.8% 0.08%-1.9% Dividend yield 4.40% 3.82% 4.0%-4.4% 3.8%-4.2% The fair value of the restricted stock units and the restricted stock awards was based on our stock price on the date of grant. Equity Incentive Program

As of September 28, 2014, approximately 3.5 million stock options, or 1.9 million restricted stock units and restricted stock awards, were available for grant under the Amended and Restated 2013 Stock Plan and the 2012 Incentive Award Plan.

Stock Options:

The following table summarizes our stock option activities:

	Weighted-
	Average
Shares	Exercise
	Price Per
	Share
(In thousa	ands, except
per-share	amounts)
Options outstanding as of December 29, 2013 19,060	\$8.33
Granted 141	\$10.03
Exercised (401) \$5.59
Forfeited or expired (289) \$11.93
Options outstanding as of March 30, 2014 18,511	\$8.35
Granted 88	\$10.31
Exercised (388) \$5.01
Forfeited or expired (374) \$10.86
Options outstanding as of June 29, 2014 17,837	\$8.38
Granted 281	\$10.33
Exercised (1,985) \$3.77
Forfeited or expired (230) \$12.31
Options outstanding as of September 28, 2014 15,903	\$8.94
Options exercisable as of September 28, 2014 10,680	\$7.56

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the options granted during the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014 was \$2.22 and \$2.20, respectively. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of the options granted during the three and nine months ended September 29, 2013 was \$2.88 and \$2.67, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value of the options outstanding and options exercisable as of September 28, 2014 was approximately \$38.4 million and \$38.1 million, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value which would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options as of September 28, 2014 and does not include substantial tax payments.

The aggregate pre-tax intrinsic value of option exercises, which represents the difference between the exercise price and the value of Cypress common stock at the time of exercise, was \$14.0 million and \$17.9 million during the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014, respectively, and \$13.1 million and \$23.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 29, 2013.

The total number of exercisable in-the-money options was approximately 5.3 million shares as of September 28, 2014. As of September 28, 2014, stock options vested and expected to vest totaled approximately 15.2 million shares, with a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 4.2 years and a weighted-average exercise price of \$8.84 per share.

Restricted Stock Units and Restricted Stock Awards

The following table summarizes our restricted stock unit and restricted stock award activities:

	Service-base Restricted Stock Units and Awards	^d Performance-base Restricted Stock Units	ed Shares	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share	
	(In thousands	•			
	per-share am	ounts)			
Balance as of December 29, 2013	4,055	4,597	8,652	\$11.97	
Granted	394	3,239	3,633	\$10.03	
Released	(311) (2,342)	(2,653) \$9.99	
Forfeited	(117) (1,750)	(1,867) \$11.12	
Balance as of March 30, 2014	4,022	3,743	7,765	\$11.54	
Granted	272	123	395	\$9.54	
Released	(948) (39)	(987) \$9.76	
Forfeited	(130) (58)	(188) \$12.62	
Balance as of June 29, 2014	3,216	3,769	6,985	\$10.88	
Granted	546	30	576	\$10.39	
Released	(123) (3)	(126) \$10.42	
Forfeited	(69) (52)	(121) \$11.57	
Balance as of September 28, 2014	3,570	3,744	7,314	\$11.32	

The 7.3 million outstanding restricted stock units and awards as of September 28, 2014 included approximately 3.7 million of performance-based restricted stock units ("PARS"). These PARS were issued to certain senior-level employees in the first quarter of fiscal 2014 and can be earned over a period of one to two years, subject to the achievement of certain performance milestones set by the Compensation Committee. For more information regarding the performance milestones, refer to our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 30, 2014.

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease Commitments

We lease certain facilities and equipment under non-cancelable operating lease agreements that expire at various dates through fiscal 2019. Some leases include renewal options, which would permit extensions of the expiration dates at rates approximating fair market rental values at the time of the extension.

As of September 28, 2014, future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases we	ere as follows:
Fiscal Year	(In thousands)
2014 (remaining three months)	\$1,593
2015	5,656
2016	3,641
2017	2,956
2018	520
2019 and thereafter	574
Total	\$14,940
2018 2019 and thereafter	520 574

Capital Leases

In 2011, we entered into capital lease agreements which allow us to borrow up to \$35.0 million to finance the acquisition of certain manufacturing equipment. As of September 28, 2014, the gross value and net book value of manufacturing equipment purchased under these capital leases were approximately \$20.5 million and \$14.4 million, respectively. As of September 28, 2014, the total minimum lease payments under these capital leases amounted to approximately \$10.5 million.

Assets purchased under all capital leases are included in "Property, plant and equipment, net" on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and the amortization is included in depreciation.

Future minimum payments by year under all the capitalized leases consist of the following:

Fiscal Year	(In thousands)
2014 (remaining three months)	\$785
2015	2,937
2016	6,582
2017	599
Total minimum lease payments	10,903
Less: amount representing interest	403
Total	\$10,500

Product Warranties

We generally warrant our products against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year and that product warranty is generally limited to a refund of the original purchase price of the product or a replacement part. We estimate our warranty costs based on historical warranty claim experience. Warranty returns are recorded as an allowance for sales returns. The allowance for sales returns is reviewed quarterly to verify that it properly reflects the remaining obligations based on the anticipated returns over the balance of the obligation period.

The following table presents our warranty reserve activities:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29,			September 28, September 29,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
	(In thousands)					
Beginning balance	\$3,267	\$3,360	\$2,628	\$3,360		
Settlements made	(681)	(98)	(1,221)	(276)		
Provisions	146	98	1,325	276		
Ending balance	\$2,732	\$3,360	\$2,732	\$3,360		

Equity Investment Commitments

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We have committed to purchase additional preferred stock from a company that works in the area of advanced battery storage. In July 2014, we invested an additional \$4.0 million in this company. Subject to the attainment of certain milestones, we intend to purchase additional preferred stock of this company.

Litigation and Asserted Claims

Our seven-patent infringement case is currently pending against GSI's static random access memory ("SRAM") technology in the United Stated District Court for Northern California. We are seeking damages as well as injunctive relief in the case. We have received one Markman ruling addressing disputed claim terms for two of the seven patents, and a second Markman hearing is scheduled for October 28, 2014. To defend against our claims, GSI submitted petitions for inter-partes review with the PTO on five of our asserted patents. Four of these petitions were instituted by the PTO and the district court litigation will by stayed with respect to those four patents into 2015. We believe strongly in the merits of our patent infringement claims, and intend to take the steps necessary to protect our intellectual property.

With respect to the civil antitrust case filed by GSI in the United States District Court for the Northern California, fact discovery and expert discovery is now complete. We filed a motion for summary judgment in June 2014 and a hearing on the motion occurred on October 21, 2014. GSI's case, which only names Cypress as a defendant, accuses the QDR Consortium, which was comprised of several other semiconductor companies, of certain anti-competitive behavior. Aside from injunctive relief, GSI's expert has opined that GSI incurred monetary damages due to delayed introduction of SigmaQuad-III. We believe strongly that we have meritorious defenses to the allegations set forth in the GSI civil antitrust complaint and we intend to defend ourselves vigorously in this matter.

With respect to the litigation stemming from our acquisition of Ramtron, both the Dent and the Weber shareholder litigation cases have been dismissed with prejudice.

In the LongPath Capital, LLC ("LongPath") appraisal case, filed with the Court of Chancery in the State of Delaware, Petitioner LongPath seeks an appraisal of the fair value of the common stock shares held by LongPath, and an order that Ramtron pay such fair value, plus interest. We believe LongPath's petition is without merit and we are defending this matter vigorously. In June 2013, we paid the purchase price of \$3.10 per share to LongPath, or approximately \$1.5 million, to cut off the accrual of statutory interest on the principal. As a result, our potential exposure is limited to any premium on the purchase price that might be awarded by the court. A bench trial was held from October 7-9, 2014, in Wilmington, Delaware. The respective positions of the parties on valuation make it impossible for us to accurately estimate the potential exposure, if any, for this matter.

After extended licensing discussions were effectively abandoned by LG Electronics, Inc. ("LG") and Blackberry Limited/Blackberry Corporation ("Blackberry"), on August 29, 2013, we filed a patent infringement complaint against LG in the federal district court in the Northern District of California, accusing certain of their products of infringing six of our USB and Touch patents. In August 2014, LG filed petitions for inter-partes review of the six patents and filed a motion to stay the case pending the PTO's review of the petitions. The motion to stay is still pending, and we are currently engaged in discovery and the claim construction phase of the case. We filed a second complaint in the Northern District of California with respect to the same six USB and Touch patents against Blackberry on September 10, 2014. On November 4, 2013, Blackberry filed an answer to our complaint along with a counter-claim asserting three of their patents against us. On the same day, Blackberry filed a second patent infringement complaint in the Northern District of Texas, asserting two of its patents against us. We have reviewed all the asserted patents and are confident in our ability to defend ourselves. On January 31, 2014, we filed petitions for inter-partes review by the PTO on both of the patents asserted in the Northern District of Texas case, and both petitions have been instituted. In September 2014, BlackBerry filed petitions for inter-partes review with respect to all six Cypress patents. Also in September 2014, the parties agreed to dismiss the respective district court litigations without prejudice, but BlackBerry's petitions for inter-partes review and the instituted proceedings involving the two BlackBerry patents remain pending. We believe strongly in the merits of our patent infringement claims, and intend to take the steps necessary to protect our intellectual property as well as the business interests of our non-infringing customers.

We are currently a party to various other legal proceedings, employee-related claims, disputes and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on our own investigations, we believe the ultimate outcome of our current legal proceedings, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operation or cash flows. However, because of the nature and inherent uncertainties of the litigation, should the outcome of these actions be unfavorable, our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

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Indemnification Obligations

We are a party to a variety of agreements pursuant to which we may be obligated to indemnify another party to such agreements with respect to certain matters. Typically, these obligations arise in the context of contracts we have entered into, under which we customarily agree to hold the other party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations and covenants or terms and conditions related to such matters as the sale and/or delivery of our products, title to assets sold, certain intellectual property claims, defective products, specified environmental matters and certain income taxes. In these circumstances, payment by us is customarily conditioned on the other party making a claim pursuant to the procedures specified in the particular contract, which procedures typically allow us to challenge the other party's claims and vigorously defend ourselves and the third party against such claims. Further, our obligations under these agreements may be limited in terms of time, amount or the scope of our responsibility and in some instances, we may have recourse against third parties for certain payments made under these agreements. It is not possible to predict the maximum potential amount of future payments under these agreements due to the conditional nature of our obligations and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular agreement. Historically, payments we have made under these agreements have not had a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. We believe that if we were to incur a loss in any of these matters, such loss would not have a material effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows or results of operations, although there can be no assurance of this. As of September 28, 2014, we had no reason to believe a loss exceeding amounts already recognized had been incurred.

NOTE 9. EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENT

During the first fiscal quarter of fiscal 2014, we invested an additional \$4.0 million in a battery company. The additional investment in this company increased our ownership interest in the company's outstanding stock from 17.2% to 20.3% and required us to change from the cost method of accounting to the equity method of accounting for this investment. Under the equity method of accounting, we are required to record our interest in the company's reported net income or loss for each reporting period. Additionally, we are required to present our prior period financial results to reflect the equity method of accounting from the date of the initial investment in the company which resulted in a \$3.0 million adjustment to retained earnings and a corresponding reduction to our investment. During the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014, we invested an additional \$4.0 million and \$15.0 million, respectively. As of September 28, 2014, we own approximately 26.2% of the company's outstanding voting shares and continue to use the equity accounting method for this investment. Cypress's results of operations for the three months and nine months ended September 28, 2014 include a charge of \$1.4 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, for this investment. Cypress's recognized loss from this investment for the three months and nine months ended September 28, 2014 include a charge of \$1.4 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, for this investment. Cypress's recognized loss from this investment for the three months and nine months ended September 28, 2014 include a charge of \$1.4 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, for this investment. Cypress's recognized loss from this investment for the three months and nine months ended September 29, 2013 was \$0.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. These investee losses for fiscal 2014 and fiscal 2013 were recorded in "Other Income and Expense" on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following table lists the relevant captions from our statements of operations, as originally presented, and after the change in accounting method:

Table of Cor CYPRESS S NOTES TO (Unaudited)	EMICON				ICIAL ST.	ATEMEN	ΓS—(Cont	inued)		
As previously presented	Q1'12	Q2'12	Q3'12	Q4'12	FY'12	Q1'13	Q2'13	Q3'13	Q4'13	FY'13
Net Income from Operations Interest and	(17,640)	5,148	15,047	(21,470)	(18,915)	(29,175)	(8,132)	(9,989)	(10,899)	(58,195)
other income (expense), net Equity	334	1	(1,330)	(1,750)	(2,745)	483	2,119	427	(804)	2,225
Impairment Net Income/Loss EPS	(19,460)	4,977	14,332	(22,219)	(22,370)	(28,195)	3,766	(8,358)	(13,577)	(46,364)
Basic Diluted	· /	0.03 0.03	0.1 0.09	(0.15) (0.15)	. ,	. ,	0.03 0.02	· ,	(0.09) (0.09)	(0.31) (0.31)
As adjusted Net Income from Operations Pro rata shar	(17,640)	5,148	15,047	(21,470)	(18,915)	(29,175)	(8,132)	(9,989)	(10,899)	(58,195)
of (loss) from equity investments	n(242)	(279)	(278)	(276)	(1,075)	(284)	(490)	(471)	(632)	(1,877)
Interest and other income (expense), net Equity Impairment	² 334	1	(1,330)	(1,750)	(2,745)	483	2,119	427	(804)	2,225
Net Income/Loss EPS	(19,702)	4,698	14,054	(22,495)	(23,445)	(28,479)	3,276	(8,829)	(14,209)	(48,241)
Basic Diluted Cumulative		0.03 0.03	0.10 0.09		. ,	. ,	0.02 0.02			(0.32) (0.32)
effect of change in retained earnings	(242)	(521)	(799)	(1,075)	(1,075)	(1,359)	(1,849)	(2,320)	(2,952)	(2,952)

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NOTE 10. DEBT AND EQUITY TRANSACTIONS Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility

We have a \$300 million senior secured revolving credit facility ("Credit Facility") in which the borrowings are collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company. The financial covenants include the following conditions: 1) maximum senior secured leverage ratio of 2.50 to 1.00 through January 1, 2017 and 2.25 to 1.0 thereafter, 2) maximum total leverage ratio of 4.25 to 1.00 through January 3, 2015, 3.50 to 1.00 through January 1, 2017, and 3.00 to 1.00 thereafter, 3) minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.00 to 1.00, and 4) minimum liquidity of at least \$100 million. At September 28, 2014, our outstanding borrowings of \$227.0 million were recorded as part of long-term liabilities and are presented as "Long-term revolving credit facility" in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. As of September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, we were in compliance with all of the financial covenants under the Credit Facility.

Equipment Loans

In December 2011, we obtained equipment loans from a financial institution for an aggregate amount of approximately \$14.1 million which are collateralized by certain manufacturing equipment and bear interest of 3.15% to 3.18% per annum payable in 60 equal installments with the first installment due January 2012. Of the \$6.6 million outstanding balance as of September 28, 2014, approximately \$2.9 million was recorded as part of "Other current liabilities" and \$3.7 million was recorded as part of "Other long-term liabilities" in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The schedule of principal payments under our equipment loans is as follows:

Fiscal Year	(In thousands)
2014 (remaining three months)	\$715
2015	2,915
2016	3,003
Total	\$6,633

\$400 Million Stock Buyback Program:

For the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014, repurchases made under this program were immaterial. Since we announced our \$400 million stock buyback program in September 2011 through the end of the third quarter of fiscal 2014, we used approximately \$316.7 million from this program to repurchase approximately 23.6 million shares at an average share price of \$13.43. As of September 28, 2014, the total remaining dollar amount of shares that may be repurchased under the program was approximately \$83.3 million.

Yield Enhancement Program

During the nine months ended September 28, 2014, we entered into two separate short-term yield enhanced structured agreements by paying \$9.7 million in cash for each agreement. Both agreements had an average maturity of 41 days or less and matured in the third quarter of 2014. Upon maturity, we received cash of \$9.9 million and \$9.8 million from each agreement and recognized an aggregate income of \$0.3 million during the three months ended September 28, 2014. Such income was recorded as interest and other income in our statement of operations for the three months ended September 28, 2014.

Dividends

On August 15, 2014, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.11 per share payable to holders of record of our common stock at the close of business day on September 25, 2014. This cash dividend was paid on October 16, 2014 and totaled approximately \$17.7 million which was accrued for and shown as "Dividends payable" in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 28, 2014.

NOTE 11. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss were as follows:

	Net unrealized	Cumulative	Accumulated of	other
	gains (loss) on	translation	comprehensive)
		adjustment and	loss	
	investments	other	(income)	
Balance as of December 29, 2013	\$(183	\$6	\$ (177)
Other comprehensive income attributable to Cypress	(27	·	(27)
Balance as of September 28, 2014	\$(210)	\$6	\$ (204)

NOTE 12. FOREIGN CURRENCY DERIVATIVES

The aggregate notional and fair value of outstanding forward contracts to hedge the risks associated with foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities as of December 29, 2013 was not material to our condensed consolidated financial statements. There were no outstanding forward contracts as of September 28, 2014.

NOTE 13. INCOME TAXES

Our income tax expense was \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 28, 2014, and tax benefit was \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 29, 2013. Our income tax benefit was \$3.0 million and \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 28, 2014 and September 29, 2013, respectively. The tax expense for the third quarter was related to non-U.S. taxes on income earned in foreign jurisdictions, and the tax benefit for the first nine months of fiscal 2014 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign jurisdictions. The tax benefit for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign jurisdictions. The tax benefit for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign jurisdictions. The tax benefit for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign examination and expired statutes of limitations in domestic and foreign jurisdictions, offset by non-U.S. taxes on income earned in foreign jurisdictions.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

As of September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect our effective tax rate totaled \$12.1 million and \$17.6 million, respectively.

Management believes events that could occur in the next 12 months and cause a material change in unrecognized tax benefits include, but are not limited to, the following:

completion of examinations by the U.S. or foreign taxing authorities; and expiration of statute of limitations on our tax returns.

The calculation of unrecognized tax benefits involves dealing with uncertainties in the application of complex global tax regulations. Management regularly assesses our tax positions in light of legislative, bilateral tax treaty, regulatory and judicial developments in the countries in which we do business. We believe it is reasonably possible that we may recognize approximately \$1.0 million to \$1.5 million of our existing unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months as a result of the lapse of statutes of limitations and the resolution of agreements with domestic and various foreign tax authorities.

Classification of Interest and Penalties

Our policy is to classify interest and penalties, if any, as components of the income tax provision in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of September 28, 2014 and December 29, 2013, the amount of accrued interest and penalties totaled \$2.7 million and \$5.8 million, respectively.

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NOTE 14. NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share:

	Three Months I	Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands, e	except per-share	amounts)		
Net income (loss) attributable to Cypress	\$12,840	\$(8,829)	\$14,433	\$(34,032)	
Weighted-average common shares	159,759	149,679	157,594	147,551	
Weighted-average diluted shares	166,481	149,679	166,000	147,551	
Net income (loss) per share—basic	\$0.08	\$(0.06)	\$0.09	\$(0.23)	
Net income (loss) per share—diluted	\$0.08	\$(0.06)	\$0.09	\$(0.23)	

For the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014, approximately 8.4 million and 8.7 million weighted average potentially dilutive securities, respectively, were excluded in the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

For the three and nine months ended September 29, 2013, approximately 8.8 million and 7.6 million weighted average potentially dilutive securities, respectively, were excluded in the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

NOTE 15. SEGMENT, GEOGRAPHICAL AND CUSTOMER INFORMATION

Segment Information

We design, develop, manufacture and market a broad range of programmable system solutions for various markets including consumer, computation, data communications, automotive, industrial and handset/mobile. We evaluate our reportable business segments in accordance with the accounting guidance. We operate in the following four reportable business segments:

Business Segments	Description
PSD: Programmable Systems Division	A division focusing primarily on our PSoC [®] and PSoC-based products. This business segment focuses on (1) the PSoC platform family of devices including PSoC 1, PSoC 3, PSoC 4 and PSoC 5 and all derivatives, (2) PSoC-based user interface products such as CapSense [®] touch-sensing and TrueTouch [®] touchscreen products, (3) automotive products and (4) certain legacy product lines.
MPD: Memory Products Division	A division that will continue to focus on our SRAM, FRAM and non-volatile business units and general-purpose programmable clocks.
DCD: Data Communications Division	A division focusing on USB controllers and WirelessUSB [™] peripheral controllers, also offering module solutions including Trackpads and Ovation [™] Optical Navigation Sensors.
ETD: Emerging Technologies Division	Our "startup" division includes AgigA Tech Inc. and Deca Technologies Inc., both majority-owned subsidiaries of Cypress.

ETD also includes our foundry business and other development-stage activities.

The following tables set forth certain information relating to the reportable business segments:

Revenue

ice venue	Three Months	Ended	Nine Months E	nded
	September 28,	-	•	September 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Dragman able Cristana Division	(In thousands)	¢70 125	¢010 772	¢ 224 061
Programmable Systems Division Memory Products Division	\$68,750 92,179	\$78,135 88,743	\$212,773 259,084	\$224,961 259,098
Data Communications Division	19,091	18,884	239,084 52,670	62,927
Emerging Technologies Division	7,496	2,961	16,873	7,931
Total revenue	\$187,516	\$188,723	\$541,400	\$554,917
Income (Loss) before Income Taxes				
	Three Months	Ended	Nine Months E	nded
	September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousands)			
Programmable Systems Division	,	\$246	,	\$(16,763)
Memory Products Division	37,694	30,345	99,204	86,346
Data Communications Division				(5,170)
Emerging Technologies Division	(2,574)	(4,720)	(10,189)	(14,202)
Unallocated items:				
Stock-based compensation				(52,143)
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles				(9,142)
Restructuring charges	238		1,252	(15,826)
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	(288)	97		(556)
Impairment of assets and other				(16,811)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$15,171	\$(9,562)	\$14,121	\$(44,267)
Depreciation				
	Three Months		Nine Months E	
	September 28,		September 28,	•
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	425 0 <i>6</i>	¢ 10 500	¢10.046
Programmable Systems Division	\$3,518	\$3,706	\$10,500	\$10,946
Memory Products Division	3,946	4,108	11,863	12,363
Data Communications Division	881	926	2,548	3,149

1,748

\$10,093

Emerging Technologies Division

Total depreciation

4,791

\$29,702

1,005

\$9,745

3,679

\$30,137

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Geographical Information

The following table presents our revenues by geographical locations:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, September 29, S		September 28, September 2	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousand	s)		
United States	\$24,047	\$ 18,432	\$66,850	\$ 57,587
Europe	26,407	21,932	74,528	60,641
Asia:				
China	75,950	82,782	225,166	234,091
South Korea	17,636	22,328	58,021	79,784
Japan	15,963	19,344	46,549	49,307
Rest of the World	27,513	23,905	70,286	73,507
Total revenue	\$187,516	\$ 188,723	\$541,400	\$ 554,917
Asia: China South Korea Japan Rest of the World	75,950 17,636 15,963 27,513	82,782 22,328 19,344 23,905	225,166 58,021 46,549 70,286	234,091 79,784 49,307 73,507

Property, plant and equipment, net, by geographic locations were as follows:

		December 29,
	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	
United States	\$134,911	\$149,977
Philippines	90,615	88,102
Other	18,772	20,506
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$244,298	\$258,585

We track our assets by physical location. Although management reviews asset information on a corporate level and allocates depreciation expense by segment, our chief operating decision maker does not review asset information on a segment basis.

Customer Information

Outstanding accounts receivable from four of our distributors, accounted for 14%, 12%, 10% and 10% of our consolidated accounts receivable as of September 28, 2014. Outstanding accounts receivable from three of our distributors, accounted for 17%, 12% and 11% of our consolidated accounts receivable as of December 29, 2013. Revenue generated through two of our distributors accounted for 11% and 11% of our consolidated revenue for the three months ended September 28, 2014. Revenue through three of our distributors accounted for 11%, 11% and 10% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 28, 2014. One end customer which purchases our products both from our distributors and directly from us accounted for 8% and 10% of our consolidated revenue for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014, respectively.

Revenue generated through two of our distributors accounted for 12% and 11% of our consolidated revenue for the three months ended September 29, 2013. Revenue generated through two of our distributors accounted for 11% and 10% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 29, 2013. Shipments made by our distributors to one end customer during the three and nine months ended September 29, 2013 accounted for 10% and 12% of our consolidated revenues, respectively.

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NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 29, 2014, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into an investment agreement with Hua Hong Semiconductor Limited (HHSL). HHSL is the parent company of Grace Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation, which is one of our strategic foundry partners. Under the investment agreement, the Company agreed to buy \$10.0 million worth of HHSL's ordinary shares in connection with their initial public offering ("IPO"). In October 2014, the Company purchased approximately 6.9 million shares of HHSL's ordinary shares at the IPO price for \$10.0 million pursuant to the investment agreement.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve risks and uncertainties, which are discussed in the "Forward-Looking Statements" section under Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Overview

Cypress Semiconductor Corporation ("Cypress") delivers high-performance, mixed-signal, programmable solutions that provide customers with rapid time-to-market and exceptional system value. Cypress offerings include our flagship PSoC[®] 1, PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5 programmable system-on-chip families. Cypress is a world leader in capacitive user interface solutions including CapSense[®] touch sensing, TrueTouch[®] touchscreens, and trackpad solutions. Cypress is also a significant participant in Universal Serial Bus (USB) controllers, which enhance connectivity and performance in a wide range of consumer and industrial products. Cypress is also the world leader in static random access memory (SRAM) and nonvolatile RAM memories. Cypress serves numerous major markets, including consumer, mobile handsets, computation, data communications, automotive, industrial, and military.

We evaluate our reportable business segments in accordance with the accounting guidance. We operate in the following four reportable business segments:

Business Segments	Description
MPD: Memory Products Division	MPD focuses on static random access memory (SRAM), nonvolatile RAMs and general-purpose programmable clocks.
DCD: Data Communications Division	DCD focuses on USB controllers and WirelessUSB TM peripheral controllers, also offering module solutions including Trackpads and Ovation TM Optical Navigation Sensors.
PSD: Programmable Systems Division	PSD focuses primarily on our PSoC® programmable system-on-chip and PSoC-based products. This business segment focuses on (1) the PSoC platform family of devices including PSoC 1, PSoC 3, PSoC 4 and PSoC 5, and all derivatives, (2) PSoC-based user interface products such as CapSense® touch-sensing and TrueTouch® touchscreen products, and (3) automotive products.
ETD: Emerging Technologies Division	Our "startup" division includes AgigA Tech Inc. and Deca Technologies Inc., both majority-owned subsidiaries of Cypress. ETD also includes our foundry business and other development-stage activities.

As stated in the Shareholder Letter contained in our 2013 Annual Report, our primary focus has been to resume revenue growth and increase profitability. For revenue growth, our revenue model is based on three underlying trends: increasing our SRAM market share and expanding our memory portfolio by introducing new products, a return to growth of our TrueTouch and PSoC revenue, and significant revenue growth from companies in our ETD. For profitability, we monitor our operating expenses closely to maintain our operating leverage as driven by various

company-wide initiatives, including our World Wide Cost program to continuously reduce cost line items as well as a Human Resource effort to flatten our worldwide organization to reduce cost and efficiency. In order to achieve our goals on revenue growth and profitability, Cypress will continue to pursue the following strategies:

Drive profitability. Cypress has implemented and maintained a tight, corporate wide focus on gross margin and operating expenses. We are committed to maintaining our current strong operating expense management in 2014 even with revenue growth, continued new product development, and investments in our Emerging Technologies Division. Drive programmability, extend leadership and drive PSoC proliferation. We continue to define, design and develop new programmable products and solutions that offer our customers increased flexibility and efficiency, higher performance, and higher levels of integration with a focus on analog functionality. We continue to drive PSoC adoption in large market segments.

Focus on large and growing markets. We continue to pursue business opportunities in large and growing markets.

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Collaborate with customers to build system-level solutions. We work closely with customers from initial product design through manufacturing and delivery in order to optimize our customers' design efforts, helping them achieve product differentiation, improve time-to-market and develop whole product solutions.

Leverage flexible manufacturing. Our manufacturing strategy combines capacity from leading foundries with output from our internal manufacturing facilities allowing us to meet rapid swings in customer demand while lessening the burden of high fixed costs.

Identify and exit legacy or non-strategic, underperforming businesses. We continue to monitor and, if necessary, exit certain business units that are inconsistent with our future initiatives and long-term plans so that we can focus our resources and efforts on our core programmable and proprietary business model.

Pursue complementary strategic relationships. We continue to assess opportunities to develop strategic relationships through acquisitions, investments, licensing and joint development projects. We also continue to make significant investments in current ventures as well as new ventures.

As we continue to implement our strategies, there are many internal and external factors that could impact our ability to meet any or all of our objectives. Some of these factors are discussed under Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2013.

Results of Operations

Revenues

Our total revenues decreased approximately 0.6% in the three-month period ended September 28, 2014 and approximately 2.4% in the nine-month period ended September 28, 2014 compared to the same periods in the prior year. The decrease in revenues in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 28, 2014 compared to the same periods a year ago was driven by a decrease in our overall unit sales volume, which decreased by approximately 2% and 4% year-over-year, respectively. The decrease in the unit sales volume was primarily attributed to our PSD products where we experienced weakness in our end customers' handset/mobile business demand. The overall average selling price of our products for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014 remained relatively stable at \$1.12 and \$1.10, respectively, and are the same average prices for the three and nine months ended in the same periods one year ago.

We have experienced, and expect to continue to experience, moderate pricing pressure in certain product lines, primarily due to competitive conditions. We have in the past been able to, and expect in the future to be able to, moderate average selling price declines in our product lines by introducing new products with more features and higher prices. We may be unable to maintain average selling prices for our products as a result of increased pricing pressure in the future, which could adversely affect our operating results.

The following table summarizes our consolidated revenues by segments:

C	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)				
Programmable Systems Division	\$68,750	\$78,135	\$212,773	\$224,961	
Memory Products Division	92,179	88,743	259,084	259,098	
Data Communications Division	19,091	18,884	52,670	62,927	
Emerging Technologies Division	7,496	2,961	16,873	7,931	
Total revenue	\$187,516	\$188,723	\$541,400	\$554,917	

Programmable Systems Division:

Revenues from the Programmable Systems Division decreased by \$9.4 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 and \$12.2 million in the first three quarters of 2014, or approximately 12.0% and 5.4% compared to the same prior-year periods primarily attributable to a decrease in sales as we experienced weakness in our end customers' handset/mobile business demand. The decrease was partially offset by an increase in sales of PSD products to industrial and automotive customers where we experienced a ramp in volume from recent design wins.

Memory Products Division:

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Revenues from the Memory Products Division decreased by approximately \$3.4 million, or 3.9%, in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 and was flat in the first three quarters of 2014 compared to the same prior-year period. The decline in the third quarter is primarily attributable to a decline in worldwide SRAM market, partially offset by an increase in revenue of our Non Volatile RAM products.

Data Communications Division:

Revenues from the Data Communications Division increased by \$0.2 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 and decreased \$10.3 million in the first three quarters of 2014, or approximately 1.1%, and 16.3%, respectively, compared to the same prior-year period. The decrease for the nine months ended September 28, 2014 was primarily due to the decreases in sales of our legacy USB-related products.

Emerging Technologies Division:

Revenues from the Emerging Technologies Division increased by \$4.5 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 and \$8.9 million in the first three quarters of 2014, or 153.2% and 113%, respectively, compared to the same prior-year period primarily due to the overall increase in demand as certain of our Emerging Technologies companies begin to ramp production with new customer design wins.

Cost of Revenues/Gross Margins

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)				
Cost of revenues	\$90,633	\$97,070	\$271,425	\$292,793	
Gross margin	51.7 %	48.6 %	49.9 %	6 47.2 %	

In the third quarter and the first three quarters of fiscal 2014, gross margin increased by 3.1% and 2.7% percentage points, respectively, primarily due to product and customer mix and reduced impact of fair value adjustments related to acquired Ramtron inventory.

Research and Development ("R&D") Expenses

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended					
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,		September 29,			
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
	(In thousands)							
R&D expenses	\$38,626		\$50,429		\$124,883		\$148,563	
As a percentage of revenues	20.6 %	%	26.7	%	23.1	%	26.8	%

R&D expenditures decreased by \$11.8 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 compared to the same prior-year period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$4.8 million decrease in stock-based compensation, a \$2.1 million decrease in consulting fees and other outside services, a \$1.8 million decrease in variable bonus-related expense, a \$0.5 million decrease in deferred compensation expense, a \$0.5 million decrease in purchased technology and expensed assets and other individually minor items, partially offset by a \$0.9 million increase in headcount-related expenses.

R&D expenditures decreased by \$23.7 million in the first three quarters of fiscal 2014 compared to the same prior-year period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in consulting fees and other outside services of \$6.7 million, a \$4.8 million decrease in stock-based compensation, a \$3.2 million decrease in variable bonus-related expenses, a \$1.1 million decrease in purchased technology and expensed assets, a \$0.5 million decrease in deferred compensation expense and other individually minor items. As a percentage of revenues, R&D expenses were lower in the first three quarters of fiscal 2014 driven by a company-wide effort to reduce overall operating expenses.

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 28, September 29,		September 28,	September 29,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousands)				
SG&A expenses	\$41,119	\$45,533	\$125,787	\$139,049	
As a percentage of revenues	21.9 %	24.1 9	6 23.2	% 25.1 %	

SG&A expenses decreased by \$4.4 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 compared to the same prior-year period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$3.3 million decrease in stock-based compensation expense, a decrease in deferred compensation of \$1.2 million, a \$1.1 million decrease in headcount-related expenses which was driven by a company-wide effort to reduce costs, and a \$0.9 million decrease in variable bonus-related expenses. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in professional and other outside services of \$2.6 million.

SG&A expenses decreased by \$13.3 million in the first three quarters of fiscal 2014 compared to the same prior-year period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$8.5 million decrease in headcount-related expenses which was driven by a company-wide effort to reduce costs, a \$4.4 million decrease in stock-based compensation expense, and a \$2.2 million decrease in variable bonus-related expense. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in professional services of \$5.1 million. As a percentage of revenues, SG&A expenses were lower in the first three quarters of fiscal 2014 driven by a company-wide effort to reduce overall operating expenses.

Restructuring

During fiscal 2013, we implemented a restructuring plan to reduce operating expenses as part of our 2013 corporate priorities. The plan included the termination of employees and the disposal of certain equipment located in our Bloomington, Minnesota facility. For the nine months ended September 29, 2013, we recorded restructuring charges of \$15.2 million related to the Fiscal 2013 Restructuring Plan of which \$6.7 million was related to property, plant and equipment, \$8.0 million was related to personnel costs and \$0.5 million was mainly related to the amounts payable upon the termination of agreements with certain distributor representatives.

The benefit recorded for the nine months ended September 28, 2014 primarily resulted from the gain on the sale of a previously restructured asset of approximately \$0.6 million. The determination of when we accrue for severance and benefits costs, and which accounting standard applies, depends on whether the termination benefits are provided under a one-time benefit arrangement or under an on-going benefit arrangement.

The following table summarizes the restructuring activities recorded for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Er	nded
	September 28,	September 29,	September 28,	September 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(In thousands)			
Personnel costs	\$—	\$3,568	\$(154) \$8,627
Impairment of property, plant and equipment				6,698
Other	(238) 125	(519) 501
Gain on sale of held-for-sale assets			(579) —
Total restructuring charges (benefit)	\$(238) \$3,693	\$(1,252) \$15,826

A summary of the restructuring activities related to personnel costs, which are primarily in the U.S. is summarized as follows:

	(In thousands)	
Balance as of December 29 2013	\$4,158	
Release	(154)
Cash payments	(1,311)
Balance as of March 30, 2014	2,693	
Cash payments	(896)
Balance as of June 29, 2014	1,797	
Release	(238)
Balance as of September 28, 2014	1,371	

The restructuring liability as of September 28, 2014 related primarily to personnel costs and is expected to be paid out within the next twelve months. Income Taxes

Our income tax expense was \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 28, 2014, and tax benefit was \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 29, 2013. Our income tax benefit was \$3.0 million and \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 28, 2014 and September 29, 2013, respectively. The tax expense for the third quarter was related to non-U.S. taxes on income earned in foreign jurisdictions, and the tax benefit for the first nine months of fiscal 2014 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign jurisdictions. The tax benefit for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign jurisdictions. The tax benefit for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign jurisdictions. The tax benefit for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 was primarily attributable to a release of previously accrued taxes and interest for the resolution of a foreign examination and expired statutes of limitations in domestic and foreign jurisdictions, offset by non-U.S. taxes on income earned in foreign jurisdictions.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table summarizes information regarding our cash and investments and working capital:

	As of	
	September 28,	December 29,
	2014	2013
	(In thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$105,084	\$86,009
Short-term investments	15,293	18,453
Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$120,377	\$104,462
Total current assets	\$344,114	\$319,713
Total current liabilities	304,623	305,842
Working capital	\$39,491	\$13,871

Key Components of Cash Flows

	Nine Months En	Nine Months Ended		
	September 28,	September 29,		
	2014	2013		
	(In thousands)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$77,822	\$46,525		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$(28,420)	\$570		
Net cash used in financing activities	\$(30,327)	\$(33,748)		
Nine Months Ended September 28, 2014				

During the nine months ended September 28, 2014, cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately \$19.1 million primarily due to the cash we generated from our operating activities of approximately \$77.8 million This increase was partially

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offset by the \$30.3 million of cash we used in our financing activities, principally related to our dividend payment of \$51.5 million and \$28.4 million of cash used in our investing activities.

Operating Activities

The \$77.8 million in cash generated from our operating activities during the nine months ended September 28, 2014 was primarily due to \$73.4 million in net non-cash adjustments to our net income, an increase in deferred margin on sales to distributors, and decreases in inventories and other assets, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable, and a decrease in accounts payable and other liabilities.

The key changes in our working capital as of September 28, 2014 compared to December 29, 2013 were as follows: Accounts receivable increased by \$24.8 million primarily due to an increase in distributor shipments in the latter-half of our third quarter.

Inventories decreased by \$11.8 million compared to December 29, 2013 due in part to reduced wafer starts to manage our production and an increase in distributor shipments in the latter-half of the quarter.

Deferred margin on sales to distributors increased by \$12.1 million due to inventory mix in the distribution channel. Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities decreased by \$14.4 million primarily due to timing of accounts payable invoices.

Investing Activities

During the nine months ended September 28, 2014, we used approximately \$28.4 million of cash from our investing activities primarily due to \$14.4 million the sales or maturities of investments and proceeds from the sale of restructured equipment totaling \$3.2 million, partially offset by \$17.2 million of cash used for property and equipment expenditures, \$18.4 million cash paid as an additional investment in certain equity securities and \$11.4 million cash used for the purchase of investments.

Financing Activities

During the nine months ended September 28, 2014, we used approximately \$30.3 million of cash from our financing activities primarily related to a \$51.5 million dividend payment and \$5.5 million used to repay equipment leases and loan. These decreases were partially offset by net proceeds from the issuance of common shares under our employee stock plans of \$26.7 million.

Liquidity and Contractual Obligations

Stock Buyback Program

On September 20, 2011, our Board of Directors authorized a \$400 million stock buyback program. For the three months ended September 28, 2014, repurchases made under this program were immaterial. As of September 28, 2014, the total remaining dollar value of the shares that may be repurchased under the program was approximately \$83.3 million.

Yield Enhancement Program

During the nine months ended September 28, 2014, we entered into two separate short-term yield enhanced structured agreements by paying \$9.7 million in cash for each agreement. Both agreements had an average maturity of 41 days or less and matured in the third quarter of 2014. Upon maturity, we received cash of \$9.9 million and \$9.8 million from each agreement and recognized an aggregate income of \$0.3 million during the three months ended September 28, 2014. Such income was recorded as interest and other income in our statement of operations for the three months ended September 28, 2014.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as of September 28, 2014:

	Total	2014	2015 and 2016	2017 and 2018	After 2018
	(In thousands)			
Purchase obligations (1)	\$74,881	\$71,360	\$3,521	\$—	\$—
Equipment loan	6,633	715	5,918		
Operating lease commitments	14,940	1,593	9,297	3,476	574
Capital lease commitments	10,903	785	9,519	599	
Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facili	ty 227,000			227,000	
Patent license fee commitments (2)	5,880		5,880		
Total contractual obligations	\$340,237	\$74,453	\$34,135	\$231,075	\$574

Purchase obligations primarily include non-cancelable purchase orders for materials, services, manufacturing

(1) equipment, building improvements and supplies in the ordinary course of business. Purchase obligations are defined as enforceable agreements that are legally binding on us and that specify all significant terms, including quantity, price and timing.

On April 30, 2012, we entered into a patent license agreement whereby we paid a total patent license fee of \$14.0 (2) million in fiscal 2012 and committed to pay another \$5.9 million on or before April 30, 2016 representing fees for future purchases of patents and patent related services.

As of September 28, 2014, our unrecognized tax benefits were \$12.1 million, which were classified as long-term liabilities. We believe it is possible that we may recognize approximately \$1.0 million to \$1.5 million of our existing unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months as a result of the lapse of statutes of limitations and the resolution of agreements with domestic and various foreign tax authorities.

Equity Investment Commitments

As disclosed in Note 8, we have committed to purchase additional preferred stock from a company that operates in the area of advanced battery storage. During the three months ended September 28, 2014, we purchased \$4.0 million of preferred stock which was recorded as part of our investments in non-marketable securities. Subject to the attainment of certain milestones, we may purchase additional preferred stock of this company.

On September 29, 2014, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into an investment agreement with Hua Hong Semiconductor Limited (HHSL). HHSL is the parent company of Grace Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation, which is one of our strategic foundry partners. Under the investment agreement, the Company agreed to buy \$10.0 million worth of HHSL's ordinary shares in connection with their initial public offering ("IPO"). In October 2014, the Company purchased approximately 6.9 million shares of HHSL's ordinary shares at the IPO price for \$10.0 million pursuant to the investment agreement.

Capital Resources and Financial Condition

Our long-term strategy is to maintain a minimum amount of cash and cash equivalents for operational purposes and to invest the remaining amount of our cash in interest-bearing and highly liquid cash equivalents and debt securities, payments of regularly scheduled cash dividends, the repayment of our short-term debt, and the purchase of our stock through our stock buyback program. As of September 28, 2014, in addition to \$105.1 million in cash and cash equivalents, we had \$15.3 million invested in short-term investments for a total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment position of \$120.4 million that is available for use in our current operations.

As of September 28, 2014, approximately 16% of our cash, cash equivalents and available-for-sale investments are held in offshore funds. While these amounts are primarily invested in U.S. dollars, a portion is held in foreign currencies. All offshore balances are exposed to local political, banking, currency control and other risks. In addition, these amounts, if repatriated may be subject to tax and other transfer restrictions.

We believe that liquidity provided by existing cash, cash equivalents and available-for-sale investments and our borrowing arrangements will provide sufficient capital to meet our requirements for at least the next twelve months. However, should prevailing economic conditions and/or financial, business and other factors beyond our control adversely affect the estimates of our future cash requirements; we could be required to fund our cash requirements by alternative financing. There

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can be no assurance that additional financing, if needed, would be available on terms acceptable to us or at all. In addition we may choose at any time to raise additional capital or debt to strengthen our financial position, facilitate growth, enter into strategic initiatives including the acquisition of other companies and provide us with additional flexibility to take advantage of other business opportunities that arise. Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement its consolidated financial results presented in accordance with GAAP, Cypress uses the following non-GAAP financial measures which are adjusted from the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures:

Gross margin Research and development expenses Selling, general and administrative expenses Operating income (loss) Net income (loss) Diluted net income (loss) per share

The non-GAAP measures set forth above exclude charges primarily related to stock-based compensation, which represent approximately 60% to 85% of total adjustments for the four most recent quarters, as well as restructuring charges, acquisition-related expenses and other adjustments. Management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures reflect an additional and useful way of viewing aspects of Cypress's operations that, when viewed in conjunction with Cypress's GAAP results, provide a more comprehensive understanding of the various factors and trends affecting Cypress's business and operations. Management uses these non-GAAP measures for strategic and business decision-making, internal budgeting, forecasting and resource allocation processes. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures facilitate management's internal comparisons to Cypress's historical operating results and comparisons to competitors' operating results. Pursuant to the requirements of Regulation G and to make clear to our investors the adjustments we make to GAAP measures, we have provided a reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

	Three Months Ended		
	September 28, September 2		
	2014	2013	
	(In thousands, except per share		
	amounts)		
Non-GAAP gross margin	\$100,350	\$101,507	
Non-GAAP research and development expenses	\$36,293	\$41,978	
Non-GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	\$34,732	\$34,416	
Non-GAAP operating income	\$29,325	\$25,113	
Non-GAAP net income attributable to Cypress	\$26,538	\$21,544	
Non-GAAP net income per share attributable to Cypress—diluted	\$0.16	\$0.14	

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (In thousands, except per-share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months En				
	September 28,	September 28, % of S		, % of	
	2014	Revenue	2013	Revenue	
GAAP gross margin	\$96,883	51.7 %	\$91,653	48.6	%

Stock-based compensation expense	3,766	2.0	% 2,804	1.5	%
Acquisition-related expenses	—		% 265	0.1	%
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	4		% 6,849	3.6	%
Impairment of assets and other	(303) (0.2)% (64) —	%
Tax and tax-related items			%		%
Non-GAAP gross margin	\$100,350	53.5	% \$101,507	53.8	%

	***			* = 0 / = 0		
GAAP research and development expenses	\$38,626			\$50,429	,	
Stock-based compensation expense	(2,089)		(6,806)	
Acquisition-related expenses				(19)	
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	(13)		(548)	
Impairment of assets and other	(231)		(1,078)	
Non-GAAP research and development expenses	\$36,293			\$41,978		
GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	\$41,119			\$45,533		
Stock-based compensation expense	(6,427)		(9,701)	
Acquisition-related expenses				(366)	
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	(24)		(1,181)	
Impairment of assets and other	64			131		
Non-GAAP selling, general and administrative	\$34,732			\$34,416		
expenses						
GAAP operating income (loss)	\$15,675			\$(9,989)	
Stock-based compensation expense	12,282			19,311		
Acquisition-related expenses	1,701			9,221		
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	41			1,994		
Impairment of assets and other	(136)		883		
Restructuring charges	(238)		3,693		
Tax and tax-related items	\$—			\$—		
Non-GAAP operating income	\$29,325			\$25,113		
GAAP pretax profit	\$15,171	8.1	%	\$(9,562) (5.1)%
Stock-based compensation expense	12,282	6.5	%	\$19,311	10.2	%
Acquisition-related expenses	1,701	0.9	%	\$9,221	4.9	%
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	288	0.2	%	\$(97) —	%
Impairment of assets and other	(137) (0.1)%	\$883	0.4	%
Restructuring charges	(238) (0.1)%	\$3,693	2.1	%
Tax and tax-related items	(966) (0.5)%	\$231		%
Investment-related gains/losses	1,386	0.7	%	\$ —		%
Non-GAAP pretax profit	\$29,487	15.7	%	\$23,680	12.5	%
GAAP net income (loss) attributable to Cypress	\$12,840			\$(8,829)	
Stock-based compensation	12,282			19,311		
Acquisition-related expenses	1,701			9,221		
Changes in value of deferred compensation plan	288			(97)	
Impairment of assets and other	(136)		883	,	
Restructuring charges	(238)		3,693		
Tax and tax-related items	(1,585)		(2,638)	
Losses from equity method investment	1,386	/			,	
Non-GAAP net income attributable to Cypress	\$26,538			\$21,544		
GAAP net income (loss) per share attributable to						
Cypress-diluted	0.08			\$(0.06)	
Stock-based compensation expense	0.07			0.12		
Acquisition-related expenses	0.07			0.02		
Impairment of assets and other				0.02		
Restructuring charges				0.03		
Tax and tax-related items	(0.01)		(0.02))	
Losses from equity method investment	0.01)		(0.02)	
Non-GAAP share count adjustment				0.01		
Non-GAAP net income attributable to Cypress-diluted	 1 \$0 16			\$0.14		
Non-OAAT net meente autoutable to Cypress-unuter	ι ψ0.10			ψ0.14		

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risks

Our investment portfolio consists of a variety of financial instruments that expose us to interest rate risk, including, but not limited to, money market funds, commercial paper and corporate securities. These investments are generally classified as available-for-sale and, consequently, are recorded on our balance sheets at fair market value with their related unrealized gain or loss reflected as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in stockholders' equity. Due to the relatively short-term nature of our investment portfolio, we do not believe that an immediate 10% increase in interest rates would have a material effect on the fair market value of our portfolio. Since we believe we have the ability to liquidate this portfolio, we do not expect our operating results or cash flows to be materially affected to any significant degree by a sudden change in market interest rates on our investment portfolio. Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We operate and sell products in various global markets and purchase capital equipment using foreign currencies but predominantly the U.S. dollar. As a result, we are exposed to risks associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Changes in exchange rates between foreign currencies and the U.S. dollar may adversely affect our operating margins. For example, when foreign currencies appreciate against the U.S. dollar, inventory and expenses denominated in foreign currencies become more expensive. An increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies could make our products more expensive for international customers, thus potentially leading to a reduction in demand, and therefore in our sales and profitability. Furthermore, many of our competitors are foreign companies that could benefit from such a currency fluctuation, making it more difficult for us to compete with those companies. We cannot predict the impact of future exchange rate fluctuations on our business and results of operations.

We analyzed our foreign currency exposure, including our hedging strategies, to identify assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies. For those assets and liabilities, we evaluated the effects of a 10% shift in exchange rates between those currencies and the U.S. dollar. We have determined that there would be an immaterial effect on our results of operations from such a shift.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and subject to the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three month period ended September 28, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information required by this item is included in Note 8 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements under Item 1, Part 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Other than the update to the risk factor below, there are no material changes to the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2013.

If we are unable to obtain stockholder approval of additional shares for our share-based compensation award programs in the future, we could be at a competitive disadvantage in the marketplace for qualified personnel.

Our compensation program, which includes cash and share-based compensation award components, has been instrumental in attracting, hiring, motivating, and retaining qualified personnel. Competition for qualified personnel in our industry is extremely intense, particularly for engineering and other technical personnel. Our success depends on our continued ability to attract, hire, motivate, and retain qualified personnel and our share-based compensation award programs provide us with a competitive compensatory tool for this purpose. The continued use of our share-based compensation program is necessary for us to compete for engineering and other technical personnel and professional talent. In the future, if we are unable to obtain stockholder approval of additional shares for our share-based compensation award programs, we could be at a competitive disadvantage in the marketplace for qualified personnel.

We invest in companies for strategic reasons and may not realize a return on our investments.

We make investments in companies around the world to further our strategic objectives and support key business initiatives. These investments include equity or debt instruments of public or private companies, and many of these instruments are non-marketable at the time of our initial investment. Companies range from early-stage companies that are still defining their strategic direction to more mature companies with established revenue streams and business models. The companies in which we invest may fail if they are unprofitable or are unable to secure additional funding, obtain favorable terms for future financings, or participate in liquidity events such as public offerings, mergers, and private sales. If any of these companies fail, we could lose all or part of our investment. If we determine that an other-than-temporary decline in the fair value exists for an investment, we write down the investment to its fair value and recognize a loss, impacting gains (losses) on equity investments, net.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

On September 20, 2011, our Board of Directors (the "Board") authorized a \$400 million stock buyback program. The program allows us to purchase our common stock or enter into equity derivative transactions related to our common stock. The timing and actual amount expended with the new authorized funds will depend on a variety of factors including the market price of our common stock, regulatory, legal, and contractual requirements, other uses of cash, and other market factors. The program does not obligate us to repurchase any particular amount of common stock and may be modified or suspended at any time at the discretion of our Board. As of September 28, 2014, the total remaining dollar amount of shares that may be repurchased under the program was approximately \$83.3 million.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES Not applicable.

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ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Quarterly Executive Incentive Payments

On October 29, 2014, Cypress's Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Compensation Committee") approved the incentive payments to our executive officers for the third quarter of fiscal 2014 performance incentive plans. These payments were earned in accordance with the terms of our Key Employee Bonus Plan (the "KEBP") and the Performance Bonus Plan (the "PBP").

The payments were determined based upon the financial performance of Cypress and each executive's performance. The performance measures under the KEBP include our non-GAAP profit-before-taxes percentage as well as individual strategic, operational and financial goals established for each executive. The following table sets forth the cash payments to our Named Executive Officers (as determined in our Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2014) under the KEBP and the PBP for the third quarter of fiscal 2014:

Named Executive Officers	KEBP	PBP
T.J. Rodgers, President and Chief Executive Officer	\$—	\$17,724
Thad Trent, Executive Vice President, Finance & Administration and Chief Financial Officer	\$9,667	\$—
Paul Keswick, Executive Vice President, Marketing and IT	\$10,653	\$—
Badri Kothandaraman, Executive Vice President, Data Communications Division	\$—	\$—
Dana Nazarian, Executive Vice President, Memory Products Division	\$4,149	\$—

Additionally, the Compensation Committee authorized quarterly incentive payments under the KEBP totaling \$39,610 to five other senior executive officers who are not Named Executive Officers.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

		Incorporated by Reference			T ¹¹ 1	
Exhibit Number	Description	Form	Filing Date	File No.	Filed Herewith	
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				Х	
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				Х	
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X	
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X	
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.					
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.					
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.					
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.					
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.					
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.					
	Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnisher prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities					

* XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION

By: /s/ THAD TRENT Thad Trent Executive Vice President, Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 31, 2014

EXHIBIT INDEX

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101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.				
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.				
101.PRE* * XBRL (XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnis	hed and	l not filed or a	part of a reg	istration
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* XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.