

GENESCO INC
Form 10-Q
December 13, 2018
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the Quarter Ended November 3, 2018

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 for the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission File No. 1-3083

Genesco Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Tennessee 62-0211340
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Genesco Park, 1415 Murfreesboro Road 37217-2895
Nashville, Tennessee
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (615) 367-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer; an accelerated filer; a non-accelerated filer; a smaller reporting company; or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes No

As of November 30, 2018, 20,192,544 shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

Genesco Inc.

and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share amounts)

Assets	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$53,423	\$39,937	\$50,740
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$3,217 at Nov. 3, 2018, \$4,593 at Feb. 3, 2018 and \$4,349 at October 28, 2017	48,364	43,292	52,704
Inventories	666,166	542,625	697,949
Prepays and other current assets	75,149	67,234	73,895
Total current assets	843,102	693,088	875,288
Property and equipment:			
Land	7,951	8,065	7,879
Buildings and building equipment	82,381	79,587	56,071
Computer hardware, software and equipment	231,920	213,335	196,955
Furniture and fixtures	181,813	179,008	170,795
Construction in progress	18,376	33,625	70,210
Improvements to leased property	440,935	440,719	430,032
Property and equipment, at cost	963,376	954,339	931,942
Accumulated depreciation	(601,498)	(571,710)	(553,459)
Property and equipment, net	361,878	382,629	378,483
Deferred income taxes	25,015	25,077	41,451
Goodwill	92,396	100,308	93,440
Trademarks, net of accumulated amortization of \$5,577 at Nov. 3, 2018, \$5,593 at Feb. 3, 2018 and \$5,582 at October 28, 2017	79,372	87,898	85,580
Other intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$17,474 at Nov. 3, 2018, \$17,439 at Feb. 3, 2018 and \$16,928 at Oct. 28, 2017	1,253	1,794	1,890
Other noncurrent assets	27,697	24,559	22,351
Total Assets	\$1,430,713	\$1,315,353	\$1,498,483

Genesco Inc.
and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In thousands, except share amounts)

Liabilities and Equity	November 3, 2018	February 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$257,504	\$140,962	\$244,366
Accrued employee compensation	31,534	20,616	17,799
Accrued other taxes	16,459	16,114	19,151
Accrued income taxes	69	1,488	24,907
Current portion – long-term debt	9,325	1,766	2,207
Other accrued liabilities	56,931	72,220	69,242
Provision for discontinued operations	470	1,902	1,822
Total current liabilities	372,292	255,068	379,494
Long-term debt	72,455	86,619	221,372
Pension liability	—	—	5,878
Deferred rent and other long-term liabilities	142,462	141,255	135,632
Provision for discontinued operations	1,743	1,707	1,707
Total liabilities	588,952	484,649	744,083
Commitments and contingent liabilities	—	—	—
Equity:			
Non-redeemable preferred stock	1,061	1,052	1,052
Common equity:			
Common stock, \$1 par value:			
Authorized: 80,000,000 shares			
Issued/Outstanding:			
November 3, 2018 – 20,681,008/20,192,544			
February 3, 2018 – 20,392,253/19,903,789			
October 28, 2017 – 20,401,665/19,913,201	20,681	20,392	20,402
Additional paid-in capital	260,709	250,877	247,504
Retained earnings	617,923	603,902	545,624
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(43,054)	(29,192)	(44,018)
Treasury shares, at cost (488,464 shares)	(17,857)	(17,857)	(17,857)
Total Genesco equity	839,463	829,174	752,707
Noncontrolling interest – non-redeemable	2,298	1,530	1,693
Total equity	841,761	830,704	754,400
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$1,430,713	\$1,315,353	\$1,498,483

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Genesco Inc.
and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	Nov. 3, 2018	Oct. 28, 2017	Nov. 3, 2018	Oct. 28, 2017
Net sales	\$713,069	\$716,759	\$2,011,920	\$1,976,633
Cost of sales	359,941	362,761	1,015,522	997,215
Selling and administrative expenses	327,099	322,719	968,265	947,122
Goodwill impairment	—	182,211	—	182,211
Asset impairments and other, net	6,558	1,446	9,149	1,623
Earnings (loss) from operations	19,471	(152,378)	18,984	(151,538)
Other components of net periodic benefit cost	(2)	) 21	17	77
Interest expense, net:				
Interest expense	984	1,454	3,144	3,883
Interest income	(147)	) 3	(176)) —
Total interest expense, net	837	1,457	2,968	3,883
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	18,636	(153,856)	15,999	(155,498)
Income tax expense	4,117	10,950	3,621	12,186
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	14,519	(164,806)	12,378	(167,684)
Provision for discontinued operations, net	(132)	) (15)	(337)	) (200)
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$14,387	\$(164,821)	\$12,041	\$(167,884)
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:				
Continuing operations	\$0.75	\$(8.55)	\$0.64	\$(8.73)
Discontinued operations	(0.01)	) (0.01)	(0.02)	) (0.01)
Net earnings (loss)	\$0.74	\$(8.56)	\$0.62	\$(8.74)
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:				
Continuing operations	\$0.74	\$(8.55)	\$0.63	\$(8.73)
Discontinued operations	(0.01)	) (0.01)	(0.01)	) (0.01)
Net earnings (loss)	\$0.73	\$(8.56)	\$0.62	\$(8.74)

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Genesco Inc.
and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	Nov. 3, 2018	Oct. 28, 2017	Nov. 3, 2018	Oct. 28, 2017
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 14,387	\$ (164,821)	\$ 12,041	\$ (167,884)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Pension liability adjustments, net of tax of \$0.1 million for each of the three months ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017 and \$0.2 million for each of the nine months ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017	145	125	430	383
Postretirement liability adjustments, net of tax of \$0.0 million for both the three and nine months ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017	11	21	48	64
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(466)	(1,358)	(14,340)	6,827
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(310)	(1,212)	(13,862)	7,274
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 14,077	\$ (166,033)	\$ (1,821)	\$ (160,610)

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Genesco Inc.
and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	November	October	November	October
	3, 2018	28, 2017	3, 2018	28, 2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net earnings (loss)	\$14,387	\$(164,821)	\$12,041	\$(167,884)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	19,151	18,984	58,069	57,530
Amortization of deferred note expense and debt discount	146	180	447	565
Deferred income taxes	(1,976)	(29,629)	(1,926)	(28,347)
Provision on accounts receivable	50	84	(53)	243
Impairment of intangible assets	5,736	182,211	5,736	182,211
Impairment of long-lived assets	1,522	510	3,724	687
Restricted stock expense	3,408	3,406	10,130	10,141
Provision for discontinued operations	178	25	455	328
Other	(566)	1,494	1,005	1,838
Effect on cash from changes in working capital and other assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Accounts receivable	(10,315)	(13,463)	(8,219)	(10,657)
Inventories	(59,680)	(29,775)	(130,537)	(131,220)
Prepays and other current assets	3,897	9,614	(6,949)	(11,627)
Accounts payable	37,599	4,719	110,587	77,334
Other accrued liabilities	3,949	25,924	3,961	(496)
Other assets and liabilities	(2,231)	2,770	(174)	6,808
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15,255	12,233	58,297	(12,546)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital expenditures	(16,082)	(36,727)	(47,208)	(104,063)
Other investing activities	872	—	1,505	—
Proceeds from asset sales	23	—	297	238
Net cash used in investing activities	(15,187)	(36,727)	(45,406)	(103,825)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Payments of long-term debt	(400)	(412)	(1,240)	(8,430)
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	33,946	114,696	239,942	439,683
Payments on revolving credit facility	(34,535)	(80,215)	(239,554)	(294,497)
Share repurchases related to share repurchase program	—	—	—	(16,163)
Restricted shares withheld for taxes	—	—	(2,433)	(1,716)
Change in overdraft balances	4,643	(2,558)	8,316	(1,931)
Additions to deferred note cost	—	—	(359)	—
Other	(73)	(143)	(3,282)	1,072
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,581	31,368	1,390	118,018
Effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on cash	(12)	346	(795)	792
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,637	7,220	13,486	2,439
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	49,786	43,520	39,937	48,301
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$53,423	\$50,740	\$53,423	\$50,740

Supplemental Cash Flow Information:

Net cash paid for:

Interest	\$628	\$1,233	\$2,352	\$3,338
Income taxes	2,080	3,442	12,041	27,586

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Genesco Inc.
and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity
(In thousands)

	Non-Redeemable Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Shares	Non Controlling Interest Non-Redeemable	Total Equity
Balance January 28, 2017	\$ 1,060	\$ 20,354	\$ 237,677	\$ 731,111	\$ (51,292)	\$(17,857)	\$ 1,468	\$ 922,521
Net loss	—	—	—	(111,839)	—	—	—	(111,839)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	22,100	—	—	22,100
Stranded tax effect from tax reform	—	—	—	2,234	—	—	—	2,234
Employee and non-employee restricted stock	—	—	13,505	—	—	—	—	13,505
Restricted stock issuance	—	357	(357)	—	—	—	—	—
Restricted shares withheld for taxes	—	(51)	51	(1,716)	—	—	—	(1,716)
Shares repurchased	—	(275)	—	(15,888)	—	—	—	(16,163)
Other	(8)	7	1	—	—	—	—	—
Noncontrolling interest – earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	62	62
Balance February 3, 2018	1,052	20,392	250,877	603,902	(29,192)	(17,857)	1,530	830,704
Cumulative adjustment from ASC 606, net of tax	—	—	—	4,413	—	—	—	4,413
Net earnings	—	—	—	12,041	—	—	—	12,041
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(13,862)	—	—	(13,862)
Employee and non-employee restricted stock	—	—	10,130	—	—	—	—	10,130
Restricted stock issuance	—	389	(389)	—	—	—	—	—
Restricted shares withheld for taxes	—	(61)	61	(2,433)	—	—	—	(2,433)
Other	9	(39)	30	—	—	—	—	—
Noncontrolling interest – earnings	—	—	—	—	—	—	768	768
Balance November 3, 2018	\$ 1,061	\$ 20,681	\$ 260,709	\$ 617,923	\$ (43,054)	\$(17,857)	\$ 2,298	\$ 841,761

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Genesco Inc.
and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes contained in this report are unaudited but reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods of the fiscal year ending February 2, 2019 ("Fiscal 2019") and of the fiscal year ended February 3, 2018 ("Fiscal 2018"). The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of February 3, 2018 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date. These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto for Fiscal 2018, which are contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on April 4, 2018.

Nature of Operations

Genesco Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") business includes the sourcing and design, marketing and distribution of footwear and accessories through retail stores in the U.S., Puerto Rico and Canada primarily under the Journeys, Journeys Kidz, Little Burgundy and Johnston & Murphy banners and under the Schuh banner in the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland and Germany; through catalogs and e-commerce websites including the following: journeys.com, journeyskidz.com, journeys.ca, schuh.co.uk, littleburgundyshoes.com, johnstonmurphy.com and trask.com, and at wholesale, primarily under the Company's Johnston & Murphy brand, the Trask brand, the licensed Dockers brand and other brands that the Company licenses for footwear. The Company's business also includes Lids Sports Group, which operates headwear and accessory stores in the U.S., Puerto Rico and Canada primarily under the Lids banner; the Lids Locker Room and Lids Clubhouse businesses, consisting of sports-oriented fan shops featuring a broad array of licensed merchandise such as apparel, hats and accessories, sports decor and novelty products, operating under various trade names; licensed team merchandise departments in Macy's department stores operated under the name Locker Room by Lids and on macys.com, under a license agreement with Macy's; certain e-commerce operations including lids.com, lids.ca, lidslockerroom.com and lidsclubhouse.com. Including both the footwear businesses and the Lids Sports Group business, at November 3, 2018, the Company operated 2,653 retail stores and leased departments in the U.S., Puerto Rico, Canada, the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland and Germany.

During the nine months ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, the Company operated five reportable business segments (not including corporate): (i) Journeys Group, comprised of the Journeys, Journeys Kidz and Little Burgundy retail footwear chains, e-commerce and catalog operations; (ii) Schuh Group, comprised of the Schuh retail footwear chain and e-commerce operations; (iii) Lids Sports Group, comprised as described in the preceding paragraph; (iv) Johnston & Murphy Group, comprised of Johnston & Murphy retail operations, e-commerce and catalog operations and wholesale distribution of products under the Johnston & Murphy[®] and H.S. Trask[®] brands; and (v) Licensed Brands, comprised of Dockers[®] Footwear, sourced and marketed under a license from Levi Strauss & Company; G.H. Bass Footwear operated under a license from G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., which was terminated in January 2018; and other brands.

Genesco Inc.
and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Principles of Consolidation

All subsidiaries are consolidated in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

Revenue Recognition

On February 4, 2018, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" ("ASC 606") using the modified retrospective approach for all contracts not completed as of the adoption date. Financial results for reporting periods beginning after February 3, 2018 are presented in accordance with ASC 606, while prior periods will continue to be reported in accordance with the Company's pre-adoption accounting policies and therefore have not been adjusted to conform to ASC 606.

The primary impact of adopting Topic 606 relates to the timing of revenue recognition for gift card breakage and the timing of recognizing expense for direct-mail advertising costs. Gift card breakage prior to adoption was recognized at the point gift card redemption was deemed remote. Upon adoption, the Company now recognizes gift card breakage over time in proportion to the pattern of rights exercised by the customer. Prior to adopting ASC 606, the Company capitalized direct-response advertising costs and expensed them over the period of benefit. Under ASC 606, the Company is recognizing these costs as expense when incurred. Additionally, the adoption of ASC 606 resulted in the Company presenting the asset for the carrying amount of product to be returned within prepaids and other current assets on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Prior to adopting ASC 606, the value of product expected to be returned was presented as a component of inventories on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The cumulative effect of the changes made to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of February 4, 2018 for the adoption of ASC 606 were as follows (in thousands):

	Balance at February 3, 2018	Adjustments due to ASC 606	Balance at February 4, 2018
Assets			
Current assets:			
Prepaids and other current assets	\$67,234	\$ 2,537	\$69,771
Inventories	542,625	(4,788)	537,837
Deferred income taxes	25,077	(1,568)	23,509
Liabilities and Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Other accrued liabilities	72,220	(8,232)	63,988
Equity			
Retained Earnings	603,902	4,413	608,315

Genesco Inc.
and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

In accordance with the requirements of ASC 606, the disclosure of the impact of adoption on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended November 3, 2018 and Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of November 3, 2018 was as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	November 3, 2018			
	As Reported	Balances without the adoption of ASC 606	Effect of Change Higher/(Lower)	
Inventories	\$666,166	\$669,794	\$ (3,628))
Prepays and other current assets	75,149	77,209	(2,060))
Total current assets	843,102	848,790	(5,688))
Deferred income taxes	25,015	25,812	(797))
Total Assets	1,430,713	1,437,198	(6,485))
Other accrued liabilities	56,931	65,407	(8,476))
Total current liabilities	372,292	380,768	(8,476))
Total liabilities	588,952	597,428	(8,476))
Retained earnings	617,923	615,908	2,015)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(43,054)	(43,030)	(24))
Total equity	841,761	839,770	1,991)
Total Liabilities and Equity	1,430,713	1,437,198	(6,485))
	Three Months Ended November 3, 2018			
	As Reported	Balances without the adoption of ASC 606	Effect of Change Higher/(Lower)	
Net sales	\$713,069	\$712,848	\$ 221)
Selling and administrative expenses	327,099	325,246	1,853)
Earnings from operations	19,471	21,103	(1,632))
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	18,636	20,268	(1,632))
Income tax expense	4,117	4,507	(390))
Earnings from continuing operations	14,519	15,761	(1,242))
Net earnings	14,387	15,629	(1,242))

Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations \$0.74 \$0.80 \$ (0.06)

Genesco Inc.
and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

	Nine Months Ended November 3, 2018		
	As Reported	Balances without the adoption of ASC 606	Effect of Change Higher/(Lower)
Net sales	\$2,011,920	\$2,011,650	\$ 270
Selling and administrative expenses	968,265	964,826	3,439
Earnings from operations	18,984	22,153	(3,169)
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	15,999	19,168	(3,169)
Income tax expense	3,621	4,392	(771)
Earnings from continuing operations	12,378	14,776	(2,398)
Net earnings	12,041	14,439	(2,398)
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$0.63	\$0.74	\$ (0.11)

In accordance with ASC 606, revenue shall be recognized upon satisfaction of all contractual performance obligations and transfer of control to the customer. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for corresponding goods. The majority of the Company's sales are single performance obligation arrangements for retail sale transactions for which the transaction price is equivalent to the stated price of the product, net of any stated discounts applicable at a point in time. Each sales transaction results in an implicit contract with the customer to deliver a product at the point of sale. Revenue from retail sales is recognized at the point of sale, is net of estimated returns, and excludes sales and value added taxes. Revenue from catalog and internet sales is recognized at estimated time of delivery to the customer, is net of estimated returns, and excludes sales and value added taxes. Wholesale revenue is recorded net of estimated returns and allowances for markdowns, damages and miscellaneous claims when the related goods have been shipped and legal title has passed to the customer. Actual amounts of markdowns have not differed materially from estimates. Shipping and handling costs charged to customers are included in net sales. The Company elected the practical expedient within ASC 606 related to taxes that are assessed by a governmental authority, which allows for the exclusion of sales and value added tax from transaction price.

A provision for estimated returns is provided through a reduction of sales and cost of goods sold in the period that the related sales are recorded. Estimated returns are based on historical returns and claims. Actual returns and claims in any future period may differ from historical experience. Revenue from gift cards is deferred and recognized upon the redemption of the cards. These cards have no expiration date. Income from unredeemed cards is recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations within net sales in proportion to the pattern of rights exercised by the customer in future periods. The Company performs an evaluation of historical redemption patterns from the date of original issuance to estimate future period redemption activity.

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets include an accrued liability for gift cards of \$6.9 million, \$18.1 million and \$14.9 million at November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28,

Genesco Inc.
and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

2017, respectively. Gift card breakage recognized as revenue was \$0.5 million for each of the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, and \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and 2018, respectively. During the nine months ended November 3, 2018, the Company recognized \$4.8 million of gift card redemptions and gift card breakage revenue that were included in the gift card liability as of February 3, 2018.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company had total available cash and cash equivalents of \$53.4 million, \$39.9 million and \$50.7 million as of November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively, of which approximately \$11.3 million, \$21.2 million and \$4.4 million was held by the Company's foreign subsidiaries as of November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively. The Company's strategic plan does not require the repatriation of foreign cash in order to fund its operations in the U.S., and it is the Company's current intention to indefinitely reinvest its foreign cash and cash equivalents outside of the U.S. If the Company were to repatriate foreign cash to the U.S., it would be required to accrue and pay U.S. taxes in accordance with applicable U.S. tax rules and regulations as a result of the repatriation. There were \$17.0 million in cash equivalents at November 3, 2018 and no cash equivalents included in cash and cash equivalents at February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017. Cash equivalents are highly-liquid financial instruments having an original maturity of three months or less and are classified as Level 1.

At November 3, 2018, substantially all of the Company's domestic cash was invested in deposit accounts at FDIC-insured banks. The majority of payments due from banks for domestic customer credit card transactions process within 24 - 48 hours and are accordingly classified as cash and cash equivalents in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

At November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, outstanding checks drawn on zero-balance accounts at certain domestic banks exceeded book cash balances at those banks by approximately \$22.5 million, \$14.2 million and \$34.7 million, respectively. These amounts are included in accounts payable in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Allowances on Accounts Receivable

The Company's footwear wholesale businesses sell primarily to department stores and independent retailers across the United States. Receivables arising from these sales are not collateralized. Customer credit risk is affected by conditions or occurrences within the economy and the retail industry as well as by customer specific factors. In the footwear wholesale businesses, one customer accounted for 19%, one customer accounted for 8% and one customer accounted for 7% of the Company's total trade receivables balance, while no other customer accounted for more than 6% of the Company's total trade receivables balance as of November 3, 2018.

Leases

The Company occasionally receives reimbursements from landlords to be used towards construction of a store the Company intends to lease. Leasehold improvements are recorded at their gross costs including items reimbursed by landlords. The reimbursements are amortized as a reduction of rent

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Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

expense over the initial lease term. Tenant allowances of \$28.2 million, \$29.0 million and \$28.6 million at November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively, and deferred rent of \$60.8 million, \$59.3 million and \$57.0 million, at November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively, are included in deferred rent and other long-term liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets include asset retirement obligations related to leases of \$12.4 million, \$11.5 million and \$10.9 million as of November 3, 2018, February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial instruments at November 3, 2018 and February 3, 2018 are as follows:

Fair Values

In thousands	November 3, 2018		February 3, 2018	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
U.S. Credit Facility Borrowings	\$57,836	\$58,489	\$69,372	\$69,421
UK Term Loans	9,295	9,302	11,419	11,602
UK Revolver Borrowings	14,649	14,730	7,594	7,671

Debt fair values were estimated using a discounted cash flow analysis based on current market interest rates for similar types of financial instruments and would be classified in Level 2 as defined in Note 5.

Carrying amounts reported on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets for cash, cash equivalents, receivables and accounts payable approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses include all operating costs of the Company excluding (i) those related to the transportation of products from the supplier to the warehouse, (ii) for its retail operations, those related to the transportation of products from the warehouse to the store and from the warehouse to the customer and (iii) costs of its distribution facilities which are allocated to its retail operations. Wholesale costs of distribution are included in selling and administrative expenses

on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations in the amount of \$1.4 million for each of the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and \$4.2 million for each of the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018.

Buying, Merchandising and Occupancy Costs

The Company records buying, merchandising and occupancy costs in selling and administrative expense on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Because the Company does

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Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

not include these costs in cost of sales, the Company's gross margin may not be comparable to other retailers that include these costs in the calculation of gross margin. Retail store occupancy costs recorded in selling and administrative expense were \$114.3 million and \$115.7 million for the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and \$341.9 million and \$343.1 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are predominantly expensed as incurred. Advertising costs were \$22.2 million and \$20.3 million for the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and \$60.1 million and \$56.8 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively. Prior to adopting ASC 606, the Company capitalized direct response advertising costs for catalogs and such costs were expensed over the period of benefit in accordance with the Other Assets and Deferred Costs Topic for Capitalized Advertising Costs of the Codification. For prior periods, the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets include prepaid assets for direct response advertising costs of \$2.3 million and \$5.1 million at February 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, respectively.

Cooperative Advertising

Cooperative advertising costs recognized in selling and administrative expenses on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations were \$0.7 million and \$1.0 million for the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and \$1.7 million and \$2.8 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively. During the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, the Company's cooperative advertising reimbursements paid did not exceed the fair value of the benefits received under those agreements.

Vendor Allowances

Vendor reimbursements of cooperative advertising costs recognized as a reduction of selling and administrative expenses were \$3.1 million for each of the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and \$7.4 million and \$7.5 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively. During the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, the Company's cooperative advertising reimbursements received were not in excess of the costs incurred.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Company's foreign operations is the applicable local currency. The translation of the applicable foreign currency into U.S. dollars is performed for balance sheet accounts using current exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expense accounts are translated at monthly average exchange rates. The unearned gains and losses resulting from such translation are included as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' equity. Gains and losses from certain foreign currency transactions are reported as an item of income and resulted in a net (gain) loss of \$0.2 million and \$(0.1) million for the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and a net loss of \$0.9 million and \$0.4 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Other Comprehensive Income

ASC 220 requires, among other things, the Company's pension liability adjustment, postretirement liability adjustment and foreign currency translation adjustment to be included in other comprehensive income net of tax. Accumulated other comprehensive loss at November 3, 2018

consisted of \$5.7 million of cumulative pension liability adjustments, net of tax, a cumulative post-retirement liability adjustment of \$2.2 million, net of tax, and a cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment of \$35.1 million.

The following table summarizes the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCI") for the nine months ended November 3, 2018:

	Foreign Currency Translation	Unrecognized Pension/Postretirement Benefit Costs	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(In thousands)			
Balance February 3, 2018	\$ (20,808)	\$ (8,384)	\$ (29,192)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(12,836)	—	(12,836)
Loss on intra-entity foreign currency transactions (long-term investment nature)	(1,504)	—	(1,504)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI:			
Amortization of net actuarial loss (1)	—	645	645
Income tax expense	—	167	167
Current period other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	(14,340)	478	(13,862)
Balance November 3, 2018	\$ (35,148)	\$ (7,906)	\$ (43,054)

(1) Amount is included in other components of net periodic benefit cost on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Income Taxes

The Company recorded an effective income tax rate of 22.1% and (7.1)% in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively. The tax rate for the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 benefitted from the lower U.S. federal income tax rate following the passage of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act in December 2017 and a favorable return to provision adjustment of \$0.3 million. The tax rate for the third quarter of Fiscal 2018 was impacted by the non-deductibility of \$107.6 million of the \$182.2 million of goodwill impairment charge in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018. The Company recorded an effective income tax rate of 22.6% and (7.8)% for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively. The tax rate for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 was higher due to the non-deductibility of \$107.6 million of the \$182.2 million of goodwill impairment charge in Fiscal 2018 and the inability to recognize a tax benefit for certain overseas losses, partially offset by the lower U.S. federal income tax rate following the passage of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act in December 2017 and tax credits related to wages paid to employees impacted by the hurricanes in Fiscal 2018.

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Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The tax rates for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018 were also impacted by \$0.5 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, of tax expense due to the impact of ASU 2016-09 related to the vesting of restricted stock grants. In addition, the tax rates for Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018 were favorably impacted by a return to provision adjustment of \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

New Accounting Pronouncements

New Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted

In March 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2018-05, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 118." The new guidance provides SEC Staff views on income tax accounting implications of the Act signed into law in December 2017. The guidance clarifies the measurement period timeframe, changes in subsequent reporting periods and reporting requirements as a result of the Act. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter of Fiscal 2019. The Company recorded a provisional impact of the Act in Fiscal 2018 and will recognize any changes to this provisional amount as the Company refines its estimates of its cumulative temporary differences and interpretations of guidance related to the application of the Act. The adoption of this guidance has not had, nor is expected to have, a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, "Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" ("ASC 220"), which allows a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the Act. This guidance is effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The amendments in ASC 220 should be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period in which the effect of the change in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate in the Act is recognized. The Company adopted ASC 220 in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2018 and reclassified \$2.2 million to retained earnings for the impact of stranded tax effects resulting from the Act.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, "Compensation - Retirement Benefits (Topic 715)" ("ASC 715"). The standard requires the sponsors of benefit plans to present service cost in the same line item or items as other current employee compensation costs, and present the remaining components of net benefit cost in one or more separate line items outside of income from operations, while also limiting the components of net benefit cost eligible to be capitalized to service cost. The standard will require the Company to present the non-service pension costs as a component of expense below operating income. The amendments to this standard allow a practical expedient that permits an employer to use the amounts disclosed in its employee benefits footnote for the prior comparative period as the estimation basis for applying the retrospective presentation. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years.

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Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The Company adopted ASC 715 in the first quarter of Fiscal 2019 and utilized the practical expedient to estimate the impact on the prior comparative period information presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. As required by the amendments in this update, the presentation of the service cost component and other components of net periodic benefit cost in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations were applied retrospectively on and after the effective date. Upon adoption of this standard update, the Company reclassified the other components of net periodic benefit cost from selling and administrative expenses to other components of net periodic benefit cost on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The retrospective adoption of this standard update resulted in an increase to earnings from operations of less than \$0.1 million for the three months and nine months ended October 28, 2017 which was fully offset by the same amount on the other components of net periodic benefit cost line on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. As such, there was no impact to consolidated net earnings for the three months and nine months ended October 28, 2017.

The Company adopted ASC 606 in the first quarter of Fiscal 2019 using the modified retrospective method by recognizing the cumulative effect of \$4.4 million as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at February 4, 2018. The comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods. While the adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures, it did impact the timing of revenue recognition for gift card breakage and the timing of recognizing expense for direct-mail advertising costs as presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for Fiscal 2019.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases". The standard's core principle is to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information. In July 2018, ASU 2018-10, "Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases," was issued to provide more detailed guidance and additional clarification for implementing ASU 2016-02. Furthermore, in July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, "Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements," which provides an optional transition method in addition to the existing modified retrospective transition method by allowing a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. The standard also provides for certain practical expedients. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted.

The Company intends to adopt this guidance in the first quarter of Fiscal 2020 using the optional transition method provided by ASU 2018-11. Additionally, the Company intends to elect the "package of practical expedients", which permits the Company not to reassess under the new standard its prior conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and initial direct costs. The Company also intends to elect the short-term lease exemption and intends to elect to not separate lease and non-lease components for its store leases.

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Note 1
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The Company is implementing new processes and updating internal controls to ensure compliance with the new standard. The Company continues to assess the impact the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have on its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, related disclosures and internal controls and is expecting a material impact on its Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets because the Company is party to a significant number of lease contracts.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-14, "Compensation - Retirement Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans - General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans", to improve the effectiveness of disclosures in the notes to financial statements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension plans. ASU 2018-14 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this update on its notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15, "Intangibles-Goodwill and Other-Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract." ASU 2018-15 requires that issuers follow the internal-use software guidance in ASC 350-40 to determine which costs to capitalize as assets or expense as incurred. The ASC 350-40 guidance requires that certain costs incurred during the application development stage be capitalized and other costs incurred during the preliminary project and post-implementation stages be expensed as they are incurred. ASU 2018-15 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2018-15.

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Note 2
Goodwill, Trademarks and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by segment were as follows:

(In Thousands)	Schuh Group	Journeys Group	Total Goodwill
Balance, February 3, 2018	\$89,915	\$10,393	\$100,308
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates	(7,342)	(570)	\$(7,912)
Balance, November 3, 2018	\$82,573	9,823	\$92,396

As required under ASC 350, the Company annually assesses its goodwill and indefinite lived trade names for impairment and on an interim basis if indicators of impairment are present. The Company's annual assessment date of goodwill and indefinite lived trade names is the first day of the fourth quarter.

During the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, because the Schuh Group business has continued to perform below the Company's projected operating results, the Company performed impairment testing as of September 29, 2018. Goodwill related to Schuh Group is \$82.6 million as of November 3, 2018. The Company found that the result of the impairment test, which valued the business at approximately \$16.4 million in excess of its carrying value, indicated no impairment at that time. The Company may determine in connection with the test to be performed as of the end of the current fiscal year or in future impairment tests that some or all of the carrying value of the goodwill may be impaired. Such a finding would require a write-off of the amount of the carrying value that is impaired, which would reduce the Company's profitability in the period of the impairment charge. Holding all other assumptions constant as of the measurement date, the Company noted that an increase in the weighted average cost of capital of 100 basis points would reduce the fair value of the Schuh Group business by \$10.3 million. Furthermore, the Company noted that a decrease in projected annual revenue growth by one percent would reduce the fair value of the Schuh Group business by \$7.1 million. However, if other assumptions do not remain constant, the fair value of the Schuh Group business may decrease by a greater amount.

During the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, the Company identified qualitative indicators of impairment, including a significant decline in the Company's stock price and market capitalization for a sustained period since the last consideration of indicators of impairment in the second quarter of Fiscal 2018, underperformance relative to projected operating results, particularly in the Lids Sports Group reporting unit, and an increased competitive environment in the licensed sports business.

In accordance with ASC 350, when indicators of impairment are present on an interim basis, the Company must assess whether it is "more likely than not" (i.e., a greater than 50% chance) that an impairment has occurred. In our Fiscal 2017 annual evaluation of goodwill, the Company determined that the fair value of the Lids Sports Group and Schuh Group reporting units exceeded the carrying value of the reporting units' assets by approximately 15% and 28%, respectively. Due to the identified indicators of impairment during the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, the Company determined that it was "more likely than not" that an impairment had occurred and performed a full

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Note 2
Goodwill, Trademarks and Other Intangible Assets, Continued

valuation of its reporting units as required under ASC 350 and reconciled the aggregate fair values of the individual reporting units to the Company's market capitalization.

Based upon the results of these analyses, the Company concluded the goodwill attributed to Lids Sports Group was fully impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$182.2 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018.

Trademarks

During the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, the Company identified qualitative indicators of impairment due to the underperformance of its Canadian Lids Locker Room business along with Canadian Lids Locker Room store closings and conversions to other Lids stores. In accordance with ASC 350, when indicators of impairment are present on an interim basis, the Company must assess whether it is "more likely than not" (i.e., a greater than 50% chance) that an impairment has occurred. As a result, the Company evaluated the fair value of its Canadian trademark in its Lids Sports Group during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. The fair value of trademarks was determined based on the royalty savings approach.

Based upon the results of the analysis, the Company concluded its Canadian trademark was impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash trademark impairment charge of \$5.7 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. The charge is included in asset impairments and other, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Other Intangibles

Other intangibles by major classes were as follows:

(In Thousands)	Leases		Customer Lists		Other*		Total	
	Nov. 3, 2018	Feb. 3, 2018	Nov. 3, 2018	Feb. 3, 2018	Nov. 3, 2018	Feb. 3, 2018	Nov. 3, 2018	Feb. 3, 2018
Gross other intangibles	\$14,693	\$14,981	\$2,004	\$2,130	\$2,030	\$2,122	\$18,727	\$19,233
Accumulated amortization	(13,780)	(13,714)	(2,004)	(2,130)	(1,690)	(1,595)	(17,474)	(17,439)
Net Other Intangibles	\$913	\$1,267	\$—	\$—	\$340	\$527	\$1,253	\$1,794

*Includes non-compete agreements, vendor contract and backlog.

The amortization of intangibles, including trademarks, was \$0.0 million and \$0.1 million for the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018. The amortization of intangibles, including trademarks, is expected to be \$0.2 million for Fiscal 2019 and less than \$0.1 million for each of Fiscal 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

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Note 3

Asset Impairments and Other Charges and Discontinued Operations

Asset Impairments and Other Charges

In accordance with Company policy, assets are determined to be impaired when the revised estimated future cash flows are insufficient to recover the carrying costs. Impairment charges represent the excess of the carrying value over the fair value of those assets.

Asset impairment charges are reflected as a reduction of the net carrying value of property and equipment in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, and in asset impairments and other, net in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company recorded pretax charges of \$6.6 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, including \$5.7 million for the Canadian trademark impairment in the Lids Sports Group, \$1.5 million for retail store asset impairments and \$0.2 million for hurricane losses, partially offset by a \$(0.9) million gain related to Hurricane Maria. The Company recorded pretax charges of \$9.1 million in the first nine months of Fiscal 2019, including \$5.7 million for the Canadian trademark impairment in the Lids Sports Group, \$3.7 million for retail store asset impairments, \$1.0 million for legal and other matters and \$0.2 million for hurricane losses, partially offset by a \$(1.5) million gain related to Hurricane Maria.

The Company recorded pretax charges of \$1.4 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, including \$0.9 million for losses related to Hurricane Maria and \$0.5 million for retail store asset impairments. The Company recorded pretax charges of \$1.6 million in the first nine months of Fiscal 2018, including \$0.9 million for losses related to Hurricane Maria and \$0.7 million for retail store asset impairments.

Discontinued Operations

Accrued Provision for Discontinued Operations

In thousands	Facility Shutdown Costs
Balance January 28, 2017	\$ 5,043
Additional provision Fiscal 2018	552
Charges and adjustments, net	(1,986)
Balance February 3, 2018	3,609
Additional provision Fiscal 2019	455
Charges and adjustments, net	(1,851)
Balance November 3, 2018*	2,213
Current provision for discontinued operations	470
Total Noncurrent Provision for Discontinued Operations	\$ 1,743

*Includes a \$1.6 million environmental provision, including \$0.5 million in current provision for discontinued operations (see Note 8).

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Note 4
Inventories

In thousands	November	February
	3, 2018	3, 2018
Wholesale finished goods	\$ 39,242	\$ 52,924
Retail merchandise	626,924	489,701
Total Inventories	\$ 666,166	\$ 542,625

Note 5
Fair Value

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the Codification defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This topic defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. It also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

A financial asset or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of November 3, 2018 aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall (in thousands):

	Long-Lived Assets Held and Used	Level			Total Losses
		1	2	3	
Measured as of May 5, 2018	\$ 552	\$ —	—	—\$ 552	\$ 1,274
Measured as of August 4, 2018	384	—	—	384	928
Measured as of November 3, 2018	650	—	—	650	\$ 1,522
Sub-total asset impairment YTD					\$ 3,724

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Note 5
Fair Value, Continued

In accordance with the Property, Plant and Equipment Topic of the Codification, the Company recorded \$1.5 million and \$3.7 million of impairment charges as a result of the fair value measurement of its long-lived assets held and used during the three and nine months ended November 3, 2018, respectively. These charges are reflected in asset impairments and other, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company used a discounted cash flow model to estimate the fair value of these long-lived assets. Discount rate and growth rate assumptions are derived from current economic conditions, expectations of management and projected trends of current operating results. As a result, the Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its long-lived assets held and used are unobservable inputs that fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 6
Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Other Benefit Plans

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit cost related to the Company's pension and postretirement health care and life insurance plans:

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
In thousands	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Service cost	\$112	\$137	\$220	\$232
Interest cost	\$756	\$818	\$80	\$89
Expected return on plan assets	(1,049)	(1,125)	—	—
Amortization of losses	196	206	15	33
Total other components of net periodic benefit cost	\$(97)	\$(101)	\$95	\$122
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$15	\$36	\$315	\$354

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Note 6
Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Other Benefit Plans, Continued

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
In thousands	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017
Service cost	\$337	\$ 412	\$693	\$ 672
Interest cost	2,266	2,460	255	264
Expected return on plan assets	(3,149)	(3,380)	—	—
Amortization of losses	581	628	64	105
Total other components of net periodic benefit cost	(302)	(292)	319	369
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$35	\$ 120	\$1,012	\$ 1,041

The service cost component of net periodic benefit cost is recorded in selling and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, while the other components are recorded in other components of net periodic benefit cost in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

There is no cash contribution required for the pension plan in calendar 2018, however the Company made a \$3.5 million contribution to the Plan during the third quarter ended November 3, 2018.

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Note 7
Earnings Per Share

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Three Months Ended November 3, 2018			For the Three Months Ended October 28, 2017		
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 14,519					\$(164,806)
Basic EPS from continuing operations						
Income (loss) available to common shareholders	14,519	19,462	\$ 0.75	(164,806)	19,265	\$(8.55)
Effect of Dilutive Securities from continuing operations						
Dilutive share-based awards ⁽¹⁾		139			—	
Employees' preferred stock ⁽²⁾		36			—	
Diluted EPS from continuing operations						
Income (loss) available to common shareholders plus assumed conversions	\$ 14,519	19,637	\$ 0.74	\$(164,806)	19,265	\$(8.55)

(1) Due to the loss from continuing operations, restricted share-based awards are excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017.

(2) The Company's Employees' Subordinated Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible one for one to the Company's common stock. Because no dividends are paid on this stock, these shares are assumed to be converted in the diluted earnings per share calculation for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018. Due to the loss from continuing operations, these shares are not assumed to be converted for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017.

Genesco Inc.
and Consolidated Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 7
Earnings Per Share, Continued

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Nine Months Ended November 3, 2018			For the Nine Months Ended October 28, 2017		
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 12,378					\$(167,684)
Basic EPS from continuing operations						
Income (loss) available to common shareholders	12,378	19,361	\$ 0.64	(167,684)	19,202	\$(8.73)
Effect of Dilutive Securities from continuing operations						
Dilutive share-based awards ⁽¹⁾		114			—	
Employees' preferred stock ⁽²⁾		36			—	
Diluted EPS from continuing operations						
Income (loss) available to common shareholders plus assumed conversions	\$ 12,378	19,511	\$ 0.63	\$(167,684)	19,202	\$(8.73)

(1) Due to the loss from continuing operations, restricted share-based awards are excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation for the nine months ended October 28, 2017.

(2) The Company's Employees' Subordinated Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible one for one to the Company's common stock. Because no dividends are paid on this stock, these shares are assumed to be converted in the diluted earnings per share calculation for the nine months ended November 3, 2018. Due to the loss from continuing operations, these shares are not assumed to be converted for the nine months ended October 28, 2017.

The weighted shares outstanding reflects the effect of the Company's Board-approved share repurchase program. The Company did not repurchase any shares of common stock under the share repurchase program during the three and nine months ended November 3, 2018 and the three months ended October 28, 2017, but repurchased 275,300 shares of common stock during the nine months ended October 28, 2017 for \$16.2 million. The Company has \$24.0 million remaining under its current \$100.0 million share repurchase authorization.

Genesco Inc.
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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 8
Legal Proceedings

Environmental Matters

New York State Environmental Matters

In August 1997, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (“NYSDEC”) and the Company entered into a consent order whereby the Company assumed responsibility for conducting a remedial investigation and feasibility study and implementing an interim remedial measure with regard to the site of a knitting mill operated by a former subsidiary of the Company from 1965 to 1969. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (“EPA”), which assumed primary regulatory responsibility for the site from NYSDEC, issued a Record of Decision in September 2007. The Record of Decision specified a remedy of a combination of groundwater extraction and treatment and in-situ chemical oxidation.

In September 2015, the EPA adopted an amendment to the Record of Decision eliminating the separate ground-water extraction and treatment systems and the use of in-situ oxidation from the remedy adopted in the Record of Decision. The amendment provides for the continued operation and maintenance of the existing wellhead treatment systems on wells operated by the Village of Garden City, New York (the "Village"). It also requires the Company to perform certain ongoing monitoring, operation and maintenance activities and to reimburse EPA's future oversight cost, involving future costs to the Company estimated to be between \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million, and to reimburse EPA for approximately \$1.25 million of interim oversight costs. On August 15, 2016, the Court entered a Consent Judgment implementing the remedy provided for by the amendment.

The Village additionally asserted that the Company is liable for the costs associated with enhanced treatment required by the impact of the groundwater plume from the site on two public water supply wells, including historical total costs ranging from approximately \$1.8 million to in excess of \$2.5 million, and future operation and maintenance costs which the Village estimated at \$126,400 annually while the enhanced treatment continues. On December 14, 2007, the Village filed a complaint (the "Village Lawsuit") against the Company and the owner of the property under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (“CERCLA”) as well as a number of state law theories in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York, seeking an injunction requiring the defendants to remediate contamination from the site and to establish their liability for future costs that may be incurred in connection with it.

In June 2016 the Company and the Village reached an agreement providing for the Village to continue to operate and maintain the well head treatment systems in accordance with the Record of Decision and to release its claims against the Company asserted in the Village Lawsuit in exchange for a lump-sum payment of \$10.0 million by the Company. On August 25, 2016, the Village Lawsuit was dismissed with prejudice. The cost of the settlement with the Village and the estimated costs associated with the Company's compliance with the Consent Judgment were covered by the Company's existing provision for the site. The settlement with the Village did not have, and the Company expects that the Consent Judgment will not have, a material effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

Genesco Inc.
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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 8
Legal Proceedings, Continued

In April 2015, the Company received from the EPA a Notice of Potential Liability and Demand for Costs (the "Notice") pursuant to CERCLA regarding the site in Gloversville, New York of a former leather tannery operated by the Company and by other, unrelated parties. The Notice demanded payment of approximately \$2.2 million of response costs claimed by EPA to have been incurred to conduct assessments and removal activities at the site. In February 2017, the Company and EPA entered into a settlement agreement resolving EPA's claim for past response costs in exchange for a payment by the Company of \$1.5 million which was paid in May 2017. The Company's environmental insurance carrier has reimbursed the Company for 75% of the settlement amount, subject to a \$500,000 self-insured retention. The Company does not expect any additional cost related to the matter.

Whitehall Environmental Matters

The Company has performed sampling and analysis of soil, sediments, surface water, groundwater and waste management areas at the Company's former Volunteer Leather Company facility in Whitehall, Michigan.

In October 2010, the Company and the Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Environment entered into a Consent Decree providing for implementation of a remedial Work Plan for the facility site designed to bring the site into compliance with applicable regulatory standards. The Work Plan's implementation is substantially complete and the Company expects, based on its present understanding of the condition of the site, that its future obligations with respect to the site will be limited to periodic monitoring and that future costs related to the site should not have a material effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

Accrual for Environmental Contingencies

Related to all outstanding environmental contingencies, the Company had accrued \$1.6 million as of November 3, 2018, \$3.0 million as of February 3, 2018 and \$2.9 million as of October 28, 2017. All such provisions reflect the Company's estimates of the most likely cost (undiscounted, including both current and noncurrent portions) of resolving the contingencies, based on facts and circumstances as of the time they were made. There is no assurance that relevant facts and circumstances will not change, necessitating future changes to the provisions. Such contingent liabilities are included in the liability arising from provision for discontinued operations on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets because they relate to former facilities operated by the Company. The Company has made pretax accruals for certain of these contingencies, including approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million in the third quarters of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively, and \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million in the first nine months of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018. These charges are included in provision for discontinued operations, net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and represent changes in estimates.

Other Matters

On February 22, 2017, a former employee of a subsidiary of the Company filed a putative class and collective action, *Shumate v. Genesco, Inc., et al.*, in the U.S District Court for the Southern District of Ohio, alleging violations of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") and Ohio wages and hours law including failure to pay minimum wages and overtime to the subsidiary's store managers and seeking back pay, damages, penalties, and declaratory and injunctive relief. On April 21, 2017, a former

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 8
Legal Proceedings, Continued

employee of the same subsidiary filed a putative class and collective action, *Ward v. Hat World, Inc.*, in the Superior Court for the State of Washington, alleging violations of the FLSA and certain Washington wages and hours laws, including, among others, failure to pay overtime to certain loss prevention investigators, and seeking back pay, damages, attorneys' fees and other relief. A total of seven loss prevention investigators elected to join the suit at the expiration of the opt-in period. The Company has removed the case to federal court and the court has approved its transfer to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Indiana. The Company disputes the material allegations in each of these complaints and intends to defend the matters.

On May 19, 2017, two former employees of the same subsidiary filed a putative class and collective action, *Chen and Salas v. Genesco Inc., et al.*, in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois alleging violations of the FLSA and certain Illinois and New York wages and hours laws, including, among others, failure to pay overtime to store managers, and also seeking back pay, damages, statutory penalties, and declaratory and injunctive relief. On March 8, 2018, the court granted the Company's motion to transfer venue to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Indiana. On March 9, 2018, a former employee of the same subsidiary filed a putative class action in the Superior Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts claiming violations of the Massachusetts Overtime Law, M.G.L.C. 151§1A, by failing to pay overtime to employees classified as store managers, and seeking restitution, an incentive award, treble damages, interest, attorneys' fees and costs. The Company has reached an agreement in principle to settle the Chen and Salas and Massachusetts matters for payment of attorneys' fees and administrative costs totaling \$410,000 plus total payments to members of the plaintiff class who opt to participate in the settlement of up to \$790,000. The proposed settlement is subject to documentation and approval by the court. The Company does not expect that the proposed settlement will have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

On April 30, 2015, an employee of a subsidiary of the Company filed an action, *Stewart v. Hat World, Inc., et al.*, under the California Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act on behalf of herself, the State of California, and other non-exempt, hourly-paid employees of the subsidiary in California, seeking unspecified damages and penalties for various alleged violations of the California Labor Code, including failure to pay for all hours worked, minimum wage and overtime violations, failure to provide required meal and rest periods, failure to timely pay wages, failure to provide complete and accurate wage statements, and failure to provide full reimbursement of business-related costs and expenses incurred in the course of employment. On April 17, 2018, the court issued a statement of decision in the first phase of the case, finding that the plaintiff is an "aggrieved employee" with regard to meal period and rest break claims only, and not with respect to any other violations alleged in the complaint and that she can represent other employees only with respect to meal and rest break claims. The Company intends to continue defending the matter.

In addition to the matters specifically described in this Note, the Company is a party to other legal and regulatory proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of its business. While management does not believe that the Company's liability with respect to any of these other matters is likely to have a material effect on its financial statements, legal proceedings are subject to inherent uncertainties and unfavorable rulings could have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial statements.

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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 9
Business Segment Information

During the nine months ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, the Company operated five reportable business segments (not including corporate): (i) Journeys Group, comprised of the Journeys, Journeys Kidz and Little Burgundy retail footwear chains, e-commerce and catalog operations; (ii) Schuh Group, comprised of the Schuh retail footwear chain and e-commerce operations; (iii) Lids Sports Group, comprised primarily of the Lids retail headwear stores, the Lids Locker Room and Lids Clubhouse fan shops (operated under various trade names), licensed team merchandise departments in Macy's department stores operated under the name of Locker Room by Lids under a license agreement with Macy's and certain e-commerce operations; (iv) Johnston & Murphy Group, comprised of Johnston & Murphy retail operations, e-commerce operations, catalog and wholesale distribution of products under the Johnston & Murphy® and H.S. Trask® brands; and (v) Licensed Brands, comprised of Dockers® Footwear, sourced and marketed under a license from Levi Strauss & Company; G.H. Bass Footwear operated under a license from G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., which was terminated in January 2018; and other brands.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (see Note 1, under Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 3, 2018).

The Company's reportable segments are based on management's organization of the segments in order to make operating decisions and assess performance along types of products sold. Journeys Group, Schuh Group and Lids Sports Group sell primarily branded products from other companies while Johnston & Murphy Group and Licensed Brands sell primarily the Company's owned and licensed brands.

Corporate assets include cash, domestic prepaid rent expense, prepaid income taxes, deferred income taxes, deferred note expense on revolver debt and corporate fixed assets. The Company charges allocated retail costs of distribution to each segment. The Company does not allocate certain costs to each segment in order to make decisions and assess performance. These costs include corporate overhead, bank fees, interest expense, interest income, asset impairment charges and other, including major litigation, major lease terminations and trademark and goodwill impairment charges.

Genesco Inc.
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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 9
Business Segment Information, Continued

Three Months Ended
November 3, 2018

In thousands	Journeys Group	Schuh Group	Lids Sports Group	Johnston & Murphy Group	Licensed Brands	Corporate & Other	Consolidated
Sales	\$345,702	\$95,567	\$173,241	\$79,736	\$18,757	\$66	\$713,069
Intercompany Sales	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net sales to external customers	\$345,702	\$95,567	\$173,241	\$79,736	\$18,757	\$66	\$713,069
Segment operating income (loss)	\$25,232	\$4,207	\$(388)	\$5,215	\$(189)	\$(8,048)	\$26,029
Asset Impairments and other*	—	—	—	—	—	(6,558)	(6,558)
Earnings (loss) from operations	25,232	4,207	(388)	5,215	(189)	(14,606)	19,471
Other components of net periodic benefit cost	—	—	—	—	—	2	2
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	(984)	(984)
Interest income	—	—	—	—	—	147	147
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$25,232	\$4,207	\$(388)	\$5,215	\$(189)	\$(15,441)	\$18,636
Total assets**	\$501,281	\$233,664	\$369,030	\$133,508	\$25,319	\$167,911	\$1,430,713
Depreciation and amortization***	7,075	3,443	6,389	1,654	160	430	19,151
Capital expenditures	7,244	1,932	4,252	2,384	28	242	16,082

*Asset Impairments and other charge includes a \$5.7 million charge for trademark impairment for Lids Sports Group, \$1.5 million charge for asset impairments, which includes \$0.8 million for Lids Sports Group, \$0.6 million for Schuh Group and \$0.1 million for Journeys Group, and a \$0.2 million charge for hurricane losses, partially offset by a \$(0.9) million gain related to Hurricane Maria.

**Total assets for the Schuh Group and Journeys Group include \$82.6 million and \$9.8 million of goodwill, respectively. Goodwill for the Schuh Group and Journeys Group decreased by \$7.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, from February 3, 2018, due to foreign currency translation adjustments. Of the Company's \$361.9 million of property and equipment, \$48.3 million and \$20.5 million relate to property and equipment in the United Kingdom and Canada, respectively.

***Includes \$19.1 million in depreciation expense for the three months ended November 3, 2018.

Genesco Inc.
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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 9
Business Segment Information, Continued

Three Months Ended
October 28, 2017

In thousands	Journeys Group	Schuh Group	Lids Sports Group	Johnston & Murphy Group	Licensed Brands	Corporate & Other	Consolidated
Sales	\$333,506	101,489	\$181,347	\$74,132	\$26,208	\$77	\$716,759
Intercompany Sales	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net sales to external customers	\$333,506	\$101,489	\$181,347	\$74,132	\$26,208	\$77	\$716,759
Segment operating income (loss)	\$24,283	\$7,054	\$1,991	\$5,287	\$1,153	\$(8,489)	\$31,279
Goodwill impairment*	—	—	—	—	—	(182,211)	(182,211)
Asset Impairments and other**	—	—	—	—	—	(1,446)	(1,446)
Earnings (loss) from operations	24,283	7,054	1,991	5,287	1,153	(192,146)	(152,378)
Other components of net periodic benefit cost	—	—	—	—	—	(21)	(21)
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	(1,454)	(1,454)
Interest income	—	—	—	—	—	(3)	(3)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$24,283	\$7,054	\$1,991	\$5,287	\$1,153	\$(193,624)	\$(153,856)
Total assets***	\$524,563	248,336	\$396,877	\$128,651	\$34,817	\$165,239	\$1,498,483
Depreciation and amortization****	6,385	3,443	6,609	1,565	166	816	18,984
Capital expenditures	21,772	2,124	8,438	1,929	227	2,237	36,727

*Goodwill impairment charge of \$182.2 million relates to Lids Sports Group.

**Asset Impairments and other charge includes a \$0.9 million charge for losses related to Hurricane Maria and a \$0.5 million charge for asset impairments, which includes \$0.2 million each for Journeys Group and Lids Sports Group and \$0.1 million for Schuh Group.

***Total assets for the Schuh Group and Journeys Group include \$83.4 million and \$10.0 million of goodwill, respectively. Goodwill for Schuh Group and Journeys Group increased by \$3.7 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, from January 28, 2017, due to foreign currency translation adjustments. Of the Company's \$378.5 million of property and equipment, \$54.3 million and \$21.4 million relate to property and equipment in the United Kingdom and Canada, respectively.

****Includes \$18.9 million in depreciation expense for the three months ended October 28, 2017.

Genesco Inc.
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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 9
Business Segment Information, Continued

Nine Months Ended
November 3, 2018

In thousands	Journeys Group	Schuh Group	Lids Sports Group	Johnston & Murphy Group	Licensed Brands	Corporate & Other	Consolidated
Sales	\$956,839	\$273,992	\$498,858	\$223,861	\$58,161	\$212	\$2,011,923
Intercompany Sales	—	—	—	—	(3)	—	(3)
Net sales to external customers	\$956,839	\$273,992	\$498,858	\$223,861	\$58,158	\$212	\$2,011,920
Segment operating income (loss)	\$46,530	\$(360)	\$(4,598)	\$11,149	\$(279)	\$(24,309)	\$28,133
Asset Impairments and other*	—	—	—	—	—	(9,149)	(9,149)
Earnings (loss) from operations	46,530	(360)	(4,598)	11,149	(279)	(33,458)	18,984
Other components of net periodic benefit cost	—	—	—	—	—	(17)	(17)
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	(3,144)	(3,144)
Interest income	—	—	—	—	—	176	176
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$46,530	\$(360)	\$(4,598)	\$11,149	\$(279)	\$(36,443)	\$15,999
Total assets**	\$501,281	\$233,664	\$369,030	\$133,508	\$25,319	\$167,911	\$1,430,713
Depreciation and amortization***	20,756	10,903	19,641	4,814	476	1,479	58,069
Capital expenditures	21,640	5,907	12,978	5,352	109	1,222	47,208

*Asset Impairments and other charge includes a \$5.7 million charge for trademark impairment for Lids Sports Group, \$3.7 million charge for asset impairments, which includes \$0.6 million for Journeys Group, \$1.7 million for Lids Sports Group and \$1.4 million for Schuh Group, a \$1.0 million charge for legal and other matters and \$0.2 million for hurricane losses, partially offset by a \$(1.5) million gain related to Hurricane Maria.

**Total assets for the Schuh Group and Journeys Group include \$82.6 million and \$9.8 million of goodwill, respectively. Goodwill for the Schuh Group and Journeys Group decreased by \$7.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, from February 3, 2018, due to foreign currency translation adjustments. Of the Company's \$361.9 million of property and equipment, \$48.3 million and \$20.5 million relate to property and equipment in the United Kingdom and Canada, respectively.

***Includes \$57.9 million in depreciation expense for the nine months ended November 3, 2018.

Genesco Inc.
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Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 9
Business Segment Information, Continued

Nine Months Ended
October 28, 2017

In thousands	Journeys Group	Schuh Group	Lids Sports Group	Johnston & Murphy Group	Licensed Brands	Corporate & Other	Consolidated
Sales	876,578	275,570	538,478	211,785	73,915	307	\$1,976,633
Intercompany Sales	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net sales to external customers	\$876,578	\$275,570	\$538,478	\$211,785	\$73,915	\$307	\$1,976,633
Segment operating income (loss)	29,561	10,905	3,245	10,654	2,377	(24,446)	\$32,296
Goodwill impairment*	—	—	—	—	—	(182,211)	(182,211)
Asset Impairments and other**	—	—	—	—	—	(1,623)	(1,623)
Earnings (loss) from operations	29,561	10,905	3,245	10,654	2,377	(208,280)	(151,538)
Other components of net periodic benefit cost	—	—	—	—	—	(77)	(77)
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	(3,883)	(3,883)
Interest income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$29,561	\$10,905	\$3,245	\$10,654	\$2,377	\$(212,240)	\$(155,498)
Total assets***	524,563	248,336	396,877	128,651	34,817	165,239	\$1,498,483
Depreciation and amortization****	19,208	10,190	20,278	4,709	503	2,642	57,530
Capital expenditures	65,623	7,555	23,410	4,440	388	2,647	104,063

*Goodwill impairment charge of \$182.2 million relates Lids Sports Group.

**Asset Impairments and other charge includes a \$0.9 million charge for losses related to Hurricane Maria and a \$0.7 million charge for asset impairments, which includes \$0.3 million each for Journeys Group and Lids Sports Group and \$0.1 million for Schuh Group.

***Total assets for Schuh Group and Journeys Group include \$83.4 million and \$10.0 million of goodwill, respectively. Goodwill for Schuh Group and Journeys Group increased by \$3.7 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, from January 28, 2017, due to foreign currency translation adjustments. Of the Company's \$378.5 million of property and equipment, \$54.3 million and \$21.4 million relate to property and equipment in the United Kingdom and Canada, respectively.

****Includes \$57.3 million in depreciation expense for the nine months ended October 28, 2017.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward Looking Statements

This discussion and the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include certain forward-looking statements, including those regarding the performance outlook for the Company and its individual businesses (including, without limitation, sales, expenses, margins and earnings) and all other statements not addressing solely historical facts or present conditions. Words such as "may," "will," "should," "likely," "anticipate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "project," "believe," "estimate" and similar expressions can be used to identify these forward-looking statements. Actual results, including those regarding the Company's performance outlook for Fiscal 2019 and beyond, could differ materially from those reflected by the forward-looking statements in this discussion, in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and in other disclosures.

A number of factors may adversely affect the outlook reflected in forward looking statements and the Company's future results, liquidity, capital resources and prospects. These factors (some of which are beyond the Company's control) include:

- The level and timing of promotional activity necessary to maintain inventories at appropriate levels.
- The Company's ability to complete the sale of the Lids Sports Group business on acceptable terms and the timing of any sale transaction.
- The imposition of tariffs on imported products.
- The Company's ability to obtain from suppliers products that are in-demand on a timely basis and effectively manage disruptions in product supply or distribution.
- Unfavorable trends in fuel costs, foreign exchange rates, foreign labor and material costs, and other factors affecting the cost of products.
- The effects of the British decision to exit the European Union and other sources of weakness in the U.K. market, including potential effects on consumer demand, currency exchange rates, and the supply chain.
- The effectiveness of the Company's omni-channel initiatives.
- Costs associated with changes in minimum wage and overtime requirements.
- Ability to attract and retain employees and costs associated with wage pressure in connection with a full employment environment in the U.S and the U.K.
- Weakness in the consumer economy and retail industry for the products we sell.
- Competition in the Company's markets, including online and including competition from some of the Company's vendors in both the licensed sports and branded footwear markets.
- Fashion trends, including the lack of new fashion trends or products, that affect the sales or product margins of the Company's retail product offerings.
- Weakness in shopping mall traffic and challenges to the viability of malls where the Company operates stores, related to planned closings of department and other stores or other factors, and the extent and pace of growth of online shopping.
- Risks related to the potential for terrorist events, especially in malls and shopping districts.
- The effects of the implementation of federal tax reform on the estimated tax rate reflected in certain forward-looking statements.
- Changes in buying patterns by significant wholesale customers.
- Bankruptcies or deterioration in the financial condition of significant wholesale customers or the inability of wholesale customers or consumers to obtain credit.
- The Company's ability to continue to complete and integrate acquisitions, expand its business and diversify its product base.

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Changes in the timing of holidays or in the onset of seasonal weather affecting period-to-period sales comparisons.

The performance of athletic teams, the participants in major sporting events such as NBA finals, Super Bowl, World Series and College Football Playoffs, developments with respect to certain individual athletes, and other sports-related events or changes, including the timing of major sporting events, that may affect period-to-period comparisons in the Company's Lids Sports Group retail businesses.

The Company's ability to build, open, staff and support additional retail stores and to renew leases for existing stores and control or lower occupancy costs, and to conduct required remodeling or refurbishment on schedule and at expected expense levels.

Deterioration in the performance of individual businesses or of the Company's market value relative to its book value, resulting in impairments of fixed assets or intangible assets or other adverse financial consequences and the timing and amount of such impairments or other consequences.

Unexpected changes to the market for the Company's shares or for the retail sector in general.

Costs and reputational harm as a result of disruptions in the Company's business or information technology systems either by security breaches and incidents or by potential problems associated with the implementation of new or upgraded systems.

The cost and outcome of litigation, investigations and environmental matters involving the Company, including but not limited to the matters discussed in Note 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company's ability to execute its cost-reduction initiatives and to achieve acceptable levels of expense in a changing retail environment.

Other factors cited in the "Risk Factors," "Legal Proceedings" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" sections of, and elsewhere in, our SEC filings, copies of which may be obtained from the SEC website, www.sec.gov, or by contacting the investor relations department of Genesco via our website, www.genesco.com.

Many of the factors that will determine the outcome of the subject matter of this Form 10-Q are beyond Genesco's ability to control or predict. Genesco undertakes no obligation to release publicly the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Forward-looking statements reflect the expectations of the Company at the time they are made. The Company disclaims any obligation to update such statements.

Overview

Description of Business

The Company's business includes the sourcing and design, marketing and distribution of footwear and accessories through retail stores, including Journeys®, Journeys Kidz®, Little Burgundy® and Johnston & Murphy® in the U.S., Puerto Rico and Canada and through Schuh® stores in the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland and Germany, and through e-commerce websites and catalogs, and at wholesale, primarily under the Company's Johnston & Murphy® brand, the H.S. Trask® brand, the licensed Dockers® brand, and other brands that the Company licenses for footwear. The Company's wholesale footwear brands are distributed to more than 1,325 retail accounts in the United States, including a number of leading department, discount, and specialty stores. The Company's business also includes Lids Sports Group, which operates (i) headwear and accessory stores under the Lids® name and other names in the U.S., Puerto Rico and Canada, (ii) the Lids Locker Room and Lids Clubhouse businesses, consisting of sports-oriented fan shops featuring a broad array of licensed merchandise such as apparel, hats and accessories, sports decor and novelty products, operating under various trade names, (iii) licensed team merchandise departments in Macy's department stores operated under the name Locker Room by Lids and on macys.com under a

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license agreement with Macy's, and (iv) e-commerce operations. Including both the footwear businesses and the Lids Sports business, at November 3, 2018, the Company operated 2,653 retail stores and leased departments in the U.S., Puerto Rico, Canada, the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland and Germany.

During the nine months ended November 3, 2018 and October 28, 2017, the Company operated five reportable business segments (not including corporate): (i) Journeys Group, comprised of the Journeys, Journeys Kidz and Little Burgundy retail footwear chains, e-commerce and catalog operations; (ii) Schuh Group, comprised of the Schuh retail footwear chain and e-commerce operations; (iii) Lids Sports Group, comprised as described in the preceding paragraph; (iv) Johnston & Murphy Group, comprised of Johnston & Murphy retail operations, e-commerce and catalog operations and wholesale distribution of products under the Johnston & Murphy[®] and H.S.Trask[®] brands; and (v) Licensed Brands, comprised of Dockers[®] Footwear, sourced and marketed under a license from Levi Strauss & Company; G.H. Bass Footwear operated under a license from G-III Apparel Group, Ltd., which was terminated in January 2018; and other brands.

The Journeys retail footwear stores sell footwear and accessories primarily for 13 to 22 year old men and women. The stores average approximately 2,100 square feet. The Journeys Kidz retail footwear stores sell footwear primarily for younger children, ages five to 12. These stores average approximately 1,525 square feet. The Journeys Group stores are primarily in malls and factory outlet centers throughout the United States, Puerto Rico and Canada. The Company's Canadian subsidiary acquired the Little Burgundy retail footwear chain in Canada during the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2016. Little Burgundy is being operated under the Journeys Group. Little Burgundy retail footwear stores sell footwear and accessories to fashion-oriented men and women in the 18 to 34 age group ranging from students to young professionals. These stores average approximately 1,825 square feet. With the 41 Little Burgundy stores, Journeys Group now operates 87 stores in Canada. Journeys also sells footwear and accessories through direct-to-consumer catalog and e-commerce operations.

The Schuh retail footwear stores sell a broad range of branded casual and athletic footwear and accessories along with a meaningful private label offering primarily for 15 to 30 year old men and women. The stores, which average approximately 4,875 square feet, include both street-level and mall locations in the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland and Germany. The Schuh Group also sells footwear and accessories through e-commerce operations.

The Lids Sports Group includes stores and kiosks, primarily under the Lids banner, that sell licensed and branded headwear to men and women primarily in the early-teens to mid-20's age group. The Lids store locations average approximately 900 square feet and are primarily in malls, airports, street-level stores and factory outlet centers throughout the United States, Puerto Rico and Canada. The Lids Sports Group also operates Lids Locker Room and Lids Clubhouse stores under a number of trade names, selling licensed sports headwear, apparel and accessories to sports fans of all ages in locations averaging approximately 2,875 square feet in malls and other locations primarily in the United States and Canada. The Lids Sports Group operates 138 stores in Canada. The Lids Sports Group also operates Locker Room by Lids leased departments in Macy's department stores offering headwear, apparel, accessories and novelties representing an assortment of college and professional teams specific to particular Macy's department stores' geographic locations. As of November 3, 2018, the Company operated 119 Locker Room by Lids leased departments averaging approximately 650 square feet. The Lids Sports Group also sells headwear and accessories through e-commerce operations.

Johnston & Murphy retail shops sell a broad range of men's footwear, apparel and accessories. Women's footwear and accessories are sold in select Johnston & Murphy retail locations. Johnston & Murphy shops

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average approximately 1,575 square feet and are located primarily in better malls and in airports throughout the United States. As of November 3, 2018, Johnston & Murphy operated eight stores in Canada. The Company also has license and distribution agreements for wholesale and retail sales of Johnston & Murphy products in various non - U.S. jurisdictions. The Company also sells Johnston & Murphy footwear and accessories in factory stores, averaging approximately 2,400 square feet, located in factory outlet malls, and through a direct-to-consumer catalog and e-commerce operations. In addition, Johnston & Murphy shoes are distributed through the Company's wholesale operations to better department stores, independent specialty stores and e-commerce. Additionally, the Company offers the H.S. Trask brand, with men's and women's footwear and leather accessories distributed to better independent retailers and department stores.

The Licensed Brands segment markets casual and dress casual footwear under the licensed Dockers® brand to men aged 30 to 55 through many of the same national retail chains that carry Dockers pants and sportswear and in department and specialty stores across the United States. The Company entered into an exclusive license with Levi Strauss & Co. to market men's footwear in the United States under the Dockers brand name in 1991. Levi Strauss & Co. and the Company have subsequently added additional territories, including Canada and Mexico and certain other Latin American countries. The Dockers license agreement expires on November 30, 2019. The Company also sells footwear under other licenses and in March 2015 entered into a license agreement to source and distribute certain men's and women's footwear under the G.H. Bass trademark and related marks. This license was terminated in January 2018.

Strategy

The Company's long-term strategy has been to seek organic growth by: 1) improving comparable sales, both in stores and e-commerce, 2) increasing operating margin, 3) increasing the Company's store base in its newer concepts and opportunistically in more mature concepts, 4) expanding retail square footage in proven locations with upside opportunity, and 5) enhancing the value of its brands. As a result of the degree of penetration of many of our concepts in their current geographic markets and the increasing trend of consumer purchases through e-commerce channels, the Company anticipates opening fewer new stores in the future, concentrating on locations that the Company believes will be most productive, as well as closing certain stores, perhaps reducing the overall square footage and store count from current levels, and has enhanced its investments in technology and infrastructure to support omni-channel retailing. In recognition of a continuing shift in added expense associated with omni-channel operations, the Company has undertaken a profit enhancement initiative, targeting annualized expense reductions in the range of \$35 million to \$40 million in an effort to reduce the fixed cost structure of its retail stores and improve efficiency in e-commerce.

To supplement its organic growth potential, the Company has made acquisitions, including the acquisition of the Schuh Group in June 2011, Little Burgundy in December 2015 and several smaller acquisitions of businesses in the Lids Sports Group's markets, and expects to consider acquisition opportunities, either to augment its existing businesses or to enter new businesses that it considers compatible with its existing businesses, core expertise and strategic profile. Acquisitions involve a number of risks, including, among others, inaccurate valuation of the acquired business, the assumption of undisclosed liabilities, the failure to integrate the acquired business appropriately, and distraction of management from existing businesses. The Company seeks to mitigate these risks by applying appropriate financial metrics in its valuation analysis and developing and executing plans for due diligence and integration that are appropriate to each acquisition. The Company also seeks appropriate opportunities to extend existing brands and retail concepts. The Company typically tests such extensions on a relatively small scale to determine their viability and to refine their strategies and operations before making significant, long-term commitments.

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More generally, the Company attempts to develop strategies to mitigate the risks it views as material, including those discussed under the caption “Forward Looking Statements,” above, and those discussed in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K. Among the most important of these factors are those related to consumer demand. Conditions in the external economy can affect demand, resulting in changes in sales and, as prices are adjusted to drive sales and manage inventories, in gross margins. In addition, given the Company’s largely fixed expense base, if comparable sales do not increase in retail stores, the Company could face deleverage of these fixed expenses. Because fashion trends influencing many of the Company’s target customers can change rapidly, the Company’s ability to react quickly to those changes is critical. Even when the Company succeeds in aligning its merchandise offerings with consumer preferences, those preferences may affect results by, for example, driving sales of products with lower average selling prices or lower average margins or products which are more widely available in the marketplace and thus more subject to competitive pressures than the Company’s typical offering. Moreover, economic factors, such as unemployment and any future economic contraction and changes in tax policies, may reduce the consumer’s disposable income or his or her willingness to purchase discretionary items, and thus may reduce demand for the Company’s merchandise, regardless of the Company’s skill in detecting and responding to fashion trends. Similarly, consumers may choose to spend their disposable income in merchandise categories other than those the Company sells. The Company believes its experience and discipline in merchandising and the buying power associated with its relative size and importance in the industry segments in which it competes are important to its ability to mitigate risks associated with changing customer preferences and other changes in consumer demand.

Summary of Results of Operations

The Company’s net sales decreased 0.5% to \$713 million during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 compared to \$717 million for the same quarter of Fiscal 2018. The sales decrease includes approximately \$20 million due to the move of a strong week of back-to-school sales which was in the third quarter last year to the second quarter this year related to last year’s 53-week calendar shift. In addition, sales were impacted by lower foreign exchange rates, net store closures and lower wholesale sales, partially offset by a 4% increase in comparable sales for the quarter. Schuh Group sales decreased 6%, Lids Sports Group sales decreased 4% and Licensed Brand sales decreased 28%, while Journeys Group sales increased 4% and Johnston & Murphy sales increased 8% during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. Gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased to 49.5% during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, compared to 49.4% for the same period last year, reflecting increased gross margin in Lids Sports Group and Johnston & Murphy Group, partially offset by decreased margins in Journeys Group, Schuh Group and Licensed Brands. Selling and administrative expenses increased to 45.9% of net sales during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 from 45.0% for the same quarter of Fiscal 2018, reflecting increases in expenses as a percentage of net sales including higher catalog marketing expense due to a shift in timing and higher bonus expense, in all of the Company’s business units except Journeys Group and Corporate. Without these expenses, selling and administrative expenses would have decreased 1% from 45.9%. During the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, the Company performed an interim review of goodwill impairment due to a significant decline in the Company’s stock price and market capitalization for a sustained period. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$182.2 million for its Lids Sports Group in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018. Earnings (loss) from operations increased as a percentage of net sales to 2.7% during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 compared to (21.3%) in the same quarter of Fiscal 2018, reflecting the goodwill impairment charge of \$182.2 million last year, partially offset by decreased earnings from operations as a percentage of net sales in all of the Company’s business units, except Journeys Group, which was flat for the third quarter this year.

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Significant Developments

Goodwill and Trademark Impairment

During the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, the Company identified qualitative indicators of impairment due to the underperformance of its Canadian Lids Locker Room business along with Canadian Lids Locker Room store closings and conversions to other Lids stores. In accordance with ASC 350, when indicators of impairment are present on an interim basis, the Company must assess whether it is "more likely than not" (i.e., a greater than 50% chance) that an impairment has occurred. As a result, the Company evaluated the fair value of its Canadian trademark in its Lids Sports Group during the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. The fair value of trademarks was determined based on the royalty savings approach.

Based upon the results of the analysis, the Company concluded its Canadian trademark was impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$5.7 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. The charge is included in asset impairments and other, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

During the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, the Company identified qualitative indicators of impairment, including a significant decline in the Company's stock price and market capitalization for a sustained period since the last consideration of indicators of impairment in the second quarter of Fiscal 2018, underperformance relative to projected operating results, particularly in the Lids Sports Group reporting unit, and an increased competitive environment in the licensed sports business.

Due to the identified indicators of impairment during the the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, the Company determined that it was "more likely than not" that an impairment had occurred and performed a full valuation of its reporting units as required under ASC 350 and reconciled the aggregate fair values of the individual reporting units to the Company's market capitalization.

Based upon the results of these analyses, the Company concluded the goodwill attributed to Lids Sports Group was fully impaired. As a result, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$182.2 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018.

The potential sale of Lids Sports Group

The Company announced in February 2018 it was initiating a formal process to explore the sale of its Lids Sports Group business. The Company's board of directors concluded through a strategic review process that it is in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders to focus on its industry-leading footwear businesses, which it believes is the optimal platform to deliver enhanced shareholder value over the long term.

If this process results in a sale of all or a portion of the related assets, or the possibility for consummation of such a sale increases, the Company could be required to recognize additional asset impairment charges and asset write-downs related to trademarks and other assets of the business.

Asset Impairment and Other Charges

The Company recorded pretax charges of \$6.6 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, including \$5.7 million for the Canadian trademark impairment in the Lids Sport Group, \$1.5 million for retail store asset impairments and \$0.2 million for hurricane losses, partially offset by a \$(0.9) million gain related to Hurricane Maria. The Company recorded pretax charges of \$9.1 million in the first nine months of Fiscal 2019, including \$5.7 million for the Canadian trademark impairment in the Lids Sport Group, \$3.7 million

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for retail store asset impairments, \$1.0 million for legal and other matters and \$0.2 million for hurricane losses, partially offset by a \$(1.5) million gain related to Hurricane Maria.

The Company recorded pretax charges of \$1.4 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018, including \$0.9 million for losses related to Hurricane Maria and \$0.5 million for retail store asset impairments. The Company recorded pretax charges of \$1.6 million in first nine months of Fiscal 2018, including \$0.9 million for losses related to Hurricane Maria and \$0.7 million for retail store asset impairments.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company has identified the critical accounting policies used in determining estimates and assumptions in the amounts reported in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 3, 2018. Management believes that there have been no material changes in those critical accounting policies.

Comparable Sales

For purposes of this report, "comparable sales" are sales from stores open longer than one year, beginning with the first day it has comparable prior year sales (which we refer to in this report as "same store sales"), and sales from websites operated longer than one year and direct mail catalog sales (which we refer to in this report as "comparable direct sales"). Temporarily closed stores are excluded from the comparable sales calculation if closed more than seven days. Expanded stores are excluded from the comparable sales calculation until the first day it has comparable prior year sales. Current year foreign exchange rates are applied to both current year and prior year comparable sales to achieve a consistent basis for comparison.

Results of Operations - Third Quarter Fiscal 2019 Compared to Third Quarter Fiscal 2018

The Company's net sales in the third quarter ended November 3, 2018 decreased 0.5% to \$713.1 million from \$716.8 million in the third quarter ended October 28, 2017. The sales decrease includes approximately \$20 million due to the move of a strong week of back-to-school sales which was in the third quarter last year to the second quarter this year related to last year's 53-week calendar shift. In addition, sales were impacted by lower foreign exchange rates, net store closures and lower wholesale sales, partially offset by a 4% increase in comparable sales for the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, which included an increase of 4% in same store sales and an increase of 9% in comparable direct sales. Gross margin decreased slightly to \$353.1 million in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 from \$354.0 million in the same period last year, but increased as a percentage of net sales from 49.4% to 49.5%, reflecting increased gross margin in Lids Sports Group and Johnston & Murphy Group, partially offset by decreased margins in Journeys Group, Schuh Group and Licensed Brands. Selling and administrative expenses in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 increased 1.4%, and increased as a percentage of net sales from 45.0% to 45.9%, reflecting increased expenses as a percentage of net sales in all of the Company's business units except Journeys Group and Corporate. The increase in selling and administrative expense as a percentage of net sales reflects higher bonus accruals from the Company's better performing businesses and increased catalog marketing expense due to the shift in timing of recognizing these expenses due to the new revenue recognition standard. Without these expenses, selling and administrative expenses would have decreased 1%. The Company

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records buying and merchandising and occupancy costs in selling and administrative expense. Because the Company does not include these costs in cost of sales, the Company's gross margin may not be comparable to other retailers that include these costs in the calculation of gross margin. Explanations of the changes in results of operations are provided by business segment in discussions following these introductory paragraphs.

Earnings (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes (“pretax earnings (loss)”) for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018 were earnings of \$18.6 million compared to a loss of (\$153.9) million for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017. Pretax earnings for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018 included an asset impairment and other charge of \$6.6 million for a trademark impairment, retail store asset impairments and hurricane losses, partially offset by a gain related to Hurricane Maria. The pretax loss for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017 included a goodwill impairment charge of \$182.2 million and an asset impairment and other charge of \$1.4 million for losses related to Hurricane Maria and retail store asset impairments.

The net earnings for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018 was \$14.4 million (\$0.73 diluted earnings per share) compared to a net loss of (\$164.8) million (\$8.56 diluted loss per share) for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017. The Company recorded an effective income tax rate of 22.1% and (7.1%) in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 and Fiscal 2018, respectively. The tax rate for the third quarter of Fiscal 2019 benefitted from the lower U.S. federal income tax rate following the passage of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act in December 2017 and a favorable return to provision adjustment of \$0.3 million. The tax rate for the third quarter of Fiscal 2018 was impacted by the non-deductibility of \$107.6 million of the \$182.2 million of goodwill impairment charge in the third quarter of Fiscal 2018.

Journeys Group

	Three Months Ended		
	November	October	%
	3, 2018	28, 2017	Change
	(dollars in thousands)		
Net sales	\$345,702	\$333,506	3.7 %
Earnings from operations	\$25,232	\$24,283	3.9 %
Operating margin	7.3	% 7.3	%

Net sales from Journeys Group increased 3.7% to \$345.7 million for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018, compared to \$333.5 million for the same period last year. The increase reflects a 9% increase in comparable sales, partially offset by a 2% decrease in the average number of Journeys Group stores operated (i.e. the sum of the number of stores open on the first day of the fiscal quarter and the last day of each fiscal month during the quarter divided by four) and a shift of approximately \$20 million in sales out of the third quarter this year because Fiscal 2018 was a 53-week year. The comparable sales increase reflected a 3% increase in the average price per pair of shoes and a 5% increase in footwear unit sales. Journeys Group operated 1,219 stores at the end of the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, including 243 Journeys Kidz stores, 46 Journeys stores in Canada and 41 Little Burgundy stores in Canada, compared to 1,237 stores at the end of the third quarter last year, including 246 Journeys Kidz stores, 46 Journeys stores in Canada and 36 Little Burgundy stores in Canada.

Journeys Group earnings from operations increased 3.9% to \$25.2 million for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018 compared to \$24.3 million for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017. The increase

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in earnings from operations for Journeys Group was due to (i) increased net sales and (ii) decreased expenses as a percentage of net sales, reflecting leverage of occupancy related costs and selling salaries, partially offset by increased bonus expense and increased catalog marketing expense due to the shift in timing. Gross margin for Journeys Group decreased slightly as a percentage of net sales due primarily to higher distribution center bonuses and depreciation expense.

Schuh Group

	Three Months Ended		
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	% Change
	(dollars in thousands)		
Net sales	\$95,567	\$101,489	(5.8)%
Earnings from operations	\$4,207	\$7,054	(40.4)%
Operating margin	4.4	% 7.0	%

Net sales from Schuh Group decreased 5.8% to \$95.6 million for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018, compared to \$101.5 million for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017. The decrease reflects a 4% decrease in comparable sales and a \$1.4 million decrease due to decreases in foreign exchange rates this year, partially offset by a 3% increase in the average number of Schuh stores operated during the quarter. Schuh Group operated 134 stores at the end of the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, compared to 132 stores at the end of the third quarter of Fiscal 2018.

Schuh Group earnings from operations decreased 40.4% to \$4.2 million for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018 compared to \$7.1 million for the third quarter ended October 28, 2017. The decrease in earnings this year reflects decreased gross margin as a percentage of net sales, reflecting less full-price selling and increased promotional activity, and increased expenses as a percentage of net sales reflecting the inability to leverage expenses due to the negative comparable sales for the quarter, partially offset by decreased bonus expense. In addition, Schuh Group's earnings were impacted less than \$0.1 million due to changes in foreign exchange rates this year compared to the same period last year.

Lids Sports Group

	Three Months Ended		
	November 3, 2018	October 28, 2017	% Change
	(dollars in thousands)		
Net sales	\$173,241	\$181,347	(4.5)%
Earnings (Loss) from operations	\$(388)	\$1,991	NM
Operating margin	(0.2)%	1.1	%

Net sales from Lids Sports Group decreased 4.5% to \$173.2 million for the third quarter ended November 3, 2018, compared to \$181.3 million for the same period last year. The decrease reflects primarily a comparable sales decrease of 2% and a 5% decrease in the average number of Lids Sports Group stores operated, excluding leased departments, in the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. Comparable sales reflects a an average price decrease of 2%, while comparable store hat and apparel units sold increased 1% for the third quarter of Fiscal 2019. Lids Sports Group operated 1,116 stores at the end of the third quarter of Fiscal 2019, including 112 Lids stores in Canada, 168 Lids Locker Room and Clubhouse stores, which

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includes 26 Locker Room stores in Canada, and 119 Locker Room by Lids leased departments in Macy's, compared to 1,177 stores at the end of the third quarter last year, inclu