

Kallo Inc.
Form 10-K
April 17, 2018

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017

Commission file number 000-53183

KALLO INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada 98-0542529
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

225 Duncan Mills Road, Suite 504, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M3B 3H9
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(416) 246-9997
(Issuer's telephone number including area code)

| | |
|---|---|
| Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: | Securities registered pursuant to section 12(g) of the Act: |
| None | Common Stock |
| (Title of Class) | (Title of Class) |

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

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Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large
Accelerated Accelerated Filer
Filer
Non-accelerated
Filer Smaller Reporting Company
Emerging
Growth
Company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting
company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes No

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of June 30, 2017: \$582,958

The registrant had 1,135,699,249 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 8, 2018.

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As used herein, the term "we," "us," "our," and the "Company" refers to Kallo, Inc. a Nevada corporation.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

THIS FORM 10-K CONTAINS "FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS". FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE STATEMENTS CONCERNING ESTIMATES, PLANS, OBJECTIVES, GOALS, STRATEGIES, EXPECTATIONS, INTENTIONS, PROJECTIONS, DEVELOPMENTS, FUTURE EVENTS, PERFORMANCE OR PRODUCTS, UNDERLYING (EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED) ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER STATEMENTS THAT ARE OTHER THAN HISTORICAL FACTS. IN SOME CASES FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS CAN BE IDENTIFIED BY THE USE OF FORWARD-LOOKING WORDS SUCH AS "ESTIMATED," "BELIEVES," "EXPECTS," "MAY," "WILL," "SHOULD," OR "ANTICIPATES," OR THE NEGATIVE OF THESE WORDS OR OTHER VARIATIONS OF THESE WORDS OR COMPARABLE WORDS, OR BY DISCUSSIONS OF PLANS OR STRATEGY THAT INVOLVE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. MANAGEMENT WISHES TO CAUTION THE READER THAT THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, STATEMENTS REGARDING THE COMPANY AND ITS PLANS OR INTENTIONS, ESTIMATES, GOALS, COMPETITIVE TRENDS AND OTHER MATTERS THAT ARE NOT HISTORICAL FACTS ARE ONLY PREDICTIONS. NO ASSURANCES CAN BE GIVEN THAT SUCH PREDICTIONS WILL PROVE CORRECT OR THAT THE ANTICIPATED FUTURE RESULTS WILL BE ACHIEVED. ACTUAL EVENTS OR RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY EITHER BECAUSE ONE OR MORE PREDICTIONS PROVE TO BE ERRONEOUS OR AS A RESULT OF OTHER RISKS FACING THE COMPANY. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SHOULD BE READ IN LIGHT OF THE CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND IMPORTANT FACTORS DESCRIBED IN THIS FORM 10-K, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO "THE FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS" SHOWN AS ITEM 1A AND IN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS. THE RISKS INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH AN EARLY-STAGE COMPANY HAS LIMITED ASSETS AND OPERATIONS, THE COMPARATIVELY LIMITED FINANCIAL RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY, THE INTENSE COMPETITION THE COMPANY FACES FROM OTHER ESTABLISHED COMPETITORS, AND THE LEGAL UNCERTAINTIES THAT DIRECTLY AND INDIRECTLY IMPACT DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANIES. ANY ONE OR MORE OF THESE OR OTHER RISKS COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE FUTURE RESULTS INDICATED, EXPRESSED, OR IMPLIED IN SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. WE UNDERTAKE NO OBLIGATION TO UPDATE OR REVISE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT TO REFLECT EVENTS, CIRCUMSTANCES, OR NEW INFORMATION AFTER THE DATE OF THIS FORM 10-K OR TO REFLECT THE OCCURRENCE OF UNANTICIPATED OR OTHER SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

We were incorporated in the state of Nevada on December 12, 2006 as Printing Components Inc. and then changed our name to Diamond Technologies Inc. and then to our current name of Kallo Inc. On December 11, 2009, we merged with Kallo Technologies Inc. (formerly known as Rophe Medical Technologies Inc.), an Ontario corporation and its shareholders (collectively "Rophe") wherein we acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Rophe in exchange for 3,000,000 common shares and \$1,200,000.

Upon acquiring Rophe, the focus of our business was to develop medical information technology software. It has since expanded to the delivery and support of an end to end healthcare solution for developing countries and rural communities with the focus on improving all aspects of health care delivery.

Business Overview

We are a small company and we offer what we believe is an end-to-end health care solution is called the Kallo Integrated Delivery System (KIDS). Our KIDS product consists of the following 3 components:

1. Care Platforms

These include the care facility platforms – MobileCar^{EM} and RuralCareTM described in more detail in the MD&A section, Dialysis care and brick and mortar hospitals as well as the emergency medical services care both land and air transportation.

2. Digital Technology

This component of the business includes the Electronic Medical Records (EMR), Picture Archiving and Communication System (PACS), eLearning system, eGovernance solutions as well as our Tele-health solution that supports the Global and Regional response centers for real time support of medical emergencies.

3. Education & Training

This component includes the education and training for all aspects of healthcare management – clinical including a. clinical informatics, engineering including bio-medical, information and communications technology and health administration.

Each of these components are included in the full KIDS solution but can also be used as individual components to enhance an existing health care infrastructure.

Our Copyrighted Technologies:

The following technologies are protected under Canadian and International copyrights and are authored by John Cecil and owned by Kallo Inc. Kallo Inc. has ownership rights of the products referred in this section, of which B, C, and D are under development

A.M.C. Telehealth – Mobile Clinic Telehealth System – Developed and launched in November 2011.

B.EMR Integration Engine – Electronic Medical Record Integration Engine - Under development.

C.C&ID-IMS – Communicable and Infectious Disease Information Management System - Under Development

D.CCG Technology – Clinical-Care Globalization technology – Under Development

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The following is a summary of the information:

| Number | Date of Filing | Place of Filing | Duration |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------|---|
| 1072203 | November 3, 2009 | Canada | Life of the Author, the remainder of the calendar year in which the author dies, and a period of 50 years following the end of that calendar year |
| 1072204 | November 3, 2009 | Canada | Life of the Author, the remainder of the calendar year in which the author dies, and a period of 50 years following the end of that calendar year |
| 1072205 | November 3, 2009 | Canada | Life of the Author, the remainder of the calendar year in which the author dies, and a period of 50 years following the end of that calendar year |
| 1072543 | November 17, 2009 | Canada | Life of the Author, the remainder of the calendar year in which the author dies, and a period of 50 years following the end of that calendar year |

Our Products in Development

Our product portfolio includes three earlier stage products listed below, all of which highlight the broad applicability of our proprietary technologies to what we believe may offer us potential future product opportunities if market conditions allow and in that event we plan to evaluate partnership opportunities for further development and commercialization of these products.

The company has proprietary Copyrighted Technology "EMR Integration Engine" that demonstrate the future direction for integrated solutions as well as current efforts that illustrate interoperability within the continuum of 1. care. EMR Integration Engine is software, which connects all the other applications in or outside a hospital/clinic with the EMR system. This enables the doctor/nurse to seamlessly access information in other healthcare applications without moving from one computer to the next.

C&ID-IMS is an Internet-based solution for monitoring and managing Communicable and Infectious Disease 2. information. Our target markets are Health Organizations and Ministries of Health, hospitals and Center for Disease Control (CDC) & the World Health Organization (WHO) members around the globe.

CCG is our clinical-care globalization technology. This product is an effective way to capitalize on the growing "medical tourism phenomenon" - patients going to low-cost countries for elective medical procedures –, a 3. fast-growing worldwide, multibillion-dollar industry actively promoted by many countries. CCG can be used by both the destination and home country of a patient to maintain complete and accurate records of the treatment history, avoiding errors due to incomplete patient data and lessening the burden and expense of corrective action on the home country when medical tourists return home.

MC-Telehealth (Mobile Clinic with Telehealth system) is our mobile clinic long distance or Telehealth technology. 4. Our product enables the remote transmission of standardized formats of data for laboratory information, diagnostic imaging, diagnosis and clinical notes.

KIDS (Kallo Integrated Delivery System), a Technology & process framework defines and describes the component parts of the various products and services that Kallo is delivering to its clients, including the human resources 5. component, and how these parts interact and relate to one another. The framework also recognizes the need for collaboration with local care facilities, services and providers to support continuity of care and facilitate patient transport between facilities.

KIDS (Kallo Integrated Delivery System) Global Tele-Health Ecosystems. The Tele-health Program encompasses the broad variety of Technologies and administrative processes needed to deliver virtual medical care, health 6. promotion/prevention and other patient education to KIDS patients. The tele-health program facilitates synchronous and asynchronous interactions where patients or care providers are in different locations and includes scheduling, information delivery and care management services.

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Target Market

We believe that our primary target market for the Kallo Integrated Delivery System is global with the current focus in developing countries where health care services are limited. We have established several sales and marketing partnership agreements under "Business Associate" section either representing Kallo independently or as an organization. We are currently in various stages of our sales cycle with more than 10 countries.

Additionally, with the components of our KIDS solution, we are targeting markets where, if our financial resources and market conditions allow, we believe we may be able to offer complimentary services to existing health care infrastructures. These markets include the following:

- Communicable & Infectious disease Information Management System – supporting World Health Organization (WHO) and Center for Disease Control (CDC); \$200B market
- Electronic Medical Records integration engine for Health Information Access Layer – focused on clinics, hospitals, IDC & IHC; \$100B market
- Clinical Care Globalization – focused on medical tourism; \$40B market
- Mobile Medical Clinics – focused on disaster recovery management and rural community health services for wide range of services, HIV monitoring, chemotherapy, acute care, dialysis, etc; \$30B market

Intellectual Property and Research and Development

If market conditions and our financial resources allow, we anticipate that we likely will continue our efforts in research and development through collaborations with medical faculties in Canada and the United States on an ongoing basis where our company stands to benefit from the technology ownership of the treatment or diagnostic systems developed for commercial use.

Since 2016, we decreased our expenses relating to research and development but we anticipate that we will, if market conditions and our financial resources allow, continue our research and development work on the Mobile Clinic and Telehealth system, which we anticipate will likely be in demand in the future.

Competition

We are a small company with limited financial and managerial resources. We compete with many larger, well-established entities in various sectors; mobile clinic and temporary medical facility manufacturers, health care equipment resellers, EMR developers, health care education providers, EMS contracted services, etc. Our competitors tend to be focused on a component of our health care solution, but do have established histories in their particular area of expertise affording them a resource advantage. We are effectively in the start-up phase of operations and as a result, we have little or no impact upon our competition. We believe that, if market conditions and our financial resources allow, we may be able to offer a fully integrated solution. In the opportunities that we have been engaged in, we have not encountered a competitor that offers the full end to end solution that we are proposing to our customers.

Management's View of the Market Trend

We are a small company with limited financial and managerial resources. We compete with many larger, well-established entities in various sectors; mobile clinic and temporary medical facility manufacturers, health care equipment resellers, EMR developers, health care education providers, EMS contracted services, etc. Our competitors tend to be focused on a component of our health care solution, but do have established histories in their particular area

of expertise affording them a resource advantage. We are effectively in the start-up phase of operations and as a result, we have little or no impact upon our competition. We believe that, if market conditions and our financial resources allow, we may be able to offer a fully integrated solution. In the opportunities that we have been engaged in, we have not encountered a competitor that offers the full end to end solution that we are proposing to our customers.

Other factors include the health needs of an aging and growing population as well as the rising prevalence of chronic diseases. The most rapid growth is expected to be in the Middle East and Africa due, in part, to population growth and efforts to expand access to care. All figures shown above are quoted from "World Industry Outlook: Healthcare and Pharmaceuticals, The Economist Intelligence Unit, May 2104".

In addition, of the eight Millennium Development Goals detailed by the United Nations, three of the initiatives are related to improvements in healthcare delivery. They include Goal 4: Reduce Child Mortality, Goal 5: Improve Maternal Health, and Goal 6: Combat HIV/Aids, Malaria and Other Diseases. These remain focus areas for global improvement.

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The challenges that we have seen in the market are primarily due to the lengthy sales cycle involved in the healthcare sector. We have developed a detailed sales process which allows us to fully understand the customer needs prior to quoting a solution. If we are selected for the project, we intend to work through the formal approval process of multiple government ministries. This process of coordination of approvals, financing complexities and the possibility of electoral and cabinet changes creates significant forecasting challenges.

Government Regulation and Compliance

The healthcare regulations and standards vary widely in the geographic areas that we are focused in, with the primary concerns around patient health, safety, and privacy. With rapid advances in clinical and technology changes, the increased scrutiny by governments, the media and consumers has created continual monitoring and increased regulation on drug and patient safety specifically.

Within the global market that we serve, North America has some of the most stringent regulations and standards for medical technology and pharmaceutical approvals. As such, we have partnered with a number of major biomedical suppliers to ensure the highest standards of equipment. We intend to utilize only the highest standards of product regardless of the market that we are serving.

Employees

As of March 8, 2018, we have four full time employees.

Warranties

We do not provide warranties in connection with our products or services. Our third party products are supplied with the manufacturer's warranty and we offer additional coverage with a service agreement.

Insurance

We currently do not have insurance but do intend to insure the business as soon as fiscally possible.

Executive Offices

Our administrative office is located at 225 Duncan Mills Road, Suite 504, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M3B 3H9, our telephone number is (416) 246-9997. Our registered agent for services of process is the Corporation Trust Company of Nevada, located at 6100 Neil Road, Suite 500, Reno, Nevada 89511. Our fiscal year end is December 31st.

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ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Our Common Stock is subject to a number of substantial risks, including those described below. No attempt has been made to rank these risks in the order of their likelihood or potential harm. In addition to those general risks enumerated elsewhere in the document, any purchaser of the Company's common stock should also consider the following risk factors:

Risks Related to the Ownership of the Company's Stock

1. No Revenues from Operations & Continuing Losses; Risk of Loss & Insolvency. During the past two fiscal years we have not generated and revenues and there can be no assurances that we will be successful in generating revenues in the future. In that respect we face all of the risks inherent in an early-stage business. We have incurred losses and there can be no assurance that we will ever achieve profitability and positive cash flow. While we believe that our business strategies are sound, there can be no assurance that our business will generate profits and positive cash flow or if we generate profits and positive cash flow, that it can be sustained. Investors should be aware that they may lose all or substantially all of their investment. We are also insolvent since our Total Liabilities exceed our Total Assets.

2. Limited Corporate Officers & Employees. We have only three corporate officers, one of which is part-time and an aggregate of four employees, including our three officers.

3. Auditor's Opinion: Going Concern & Insolvency. Our independent auditors have expressed substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern since: (a) our Total Current Liabilities exceed our Total Current Assets; (b) our Total Liabilities exceed our Total Assets; and (c) we are an early-stage company and there exists only a limited history of operations. Since our Total Liabilities exceed our Total Assets, we are insolvent and anyone who acquires our Common Stock should be prepared to lose their entire investment.

4. Limited Financial Resources; Need for Additional Financing. Our financial resources are minimal and we are insolvent. We need to obtain additional financing from the sale of our Common Stock, Debt, or some combination thereof in order to undertake further business plans. Our ability to operate as a going concern is contingent upon our receipt of additional financing through private placements or by loans. We anticipate that we will require significant additional funds in the future if we are successful in marketing our products and services. There can be no assurance that if additional funds are required they will be available, or, if available, that they can be obtained on terms satisfactory to our Board of Directors. In the event the Company elects to issue stock to raise additional capital, any rights or privileges attached to such stock may either (i) dilute the percentage of ownership of the already issued common shares or (ii) dilute the value of such shares; or (iii) both. No rights or privileges have been assigned to the stock and any such rights and privileges will be at the total discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company. There can be no guarantee that we will be able to obtain additional financing, or if we are successful, that we will be able to do so on terms that are reasonable in light of current market conditions. Further, we have not received any commitment from any person to provide any additional financing and we cannot assure that any such commitment is forthcoming.

5. Limited and Sporadic Trading Market for Common Stock. Our Common Stock trades on the OTC Market on a limited and sporadic basis and there can be no assurance that a liquid trading market for our Common Stock will develop and, if it does develop, that it can be sustained.

6. Lack of Revenues And Development Stage Company. We face all of the risks inherent in a new business. There is no information at this time upon which to base an assumption that our plans will either materialize or prove successful. Our present business plans and strategies have been developed by our corporate officers and they have been evaluated by any independent third party. plans have not been determined. There can be no assurance that any of our business plans and strategies will generate sales revenues that will result in any profits or positive cash flow. Investors should be aware that they may lose all or substantially all of their investment.

7. Lack of Dividends & No Likelihood of Dividends. We have not paid dividends and do not contemplate paying dividends in the foreseeable future.

8. Competition. We are an insignificant participant among firms which offer health care products and services. There are many well-established health care product and service companies which have significantly greater financial and managerial resources, technical expertise and experience than the Company. In view of our limited financial and managerial resources, we will likely be at a significant competitive disadvantage vis-a-vis our competitors.

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9. No Ability to Control. Any person who acquires our Common Stock will have no real ability to influence or control the Company or otherwise have any ability to elect any person to our Board of Directors. Our officers, directors, and certain other persons currently control the Company and there is no likelihood that any person who acquires our Common Stock will have any real ability to influence or control the Company in any meaningful way.

10. Possible Rule 144 Stock Sales. Many of our shares of our outstanding Common Stock are "restricted securities" and may be sold only in compliance with Rule 144 adopted under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended or other applicable exemptions from registration. Any person who acquires our common stock in any private placement should carefully review Rule 144 since any potential public resale may be limited and current broker-dealer and clearing firm requirements may make any re-sale of our common stock difficult at best.

11. Risks of Low Priced Stocks. Currently, our common stock is not trading in any market and there is no certain prospect that the Company's common stock will regain any trading in any organized market. In the past, the Company's common stock had only limited and sporadic trading in the so-called "pink sheets," and before that, on the "Electronic Bulletin Board." As a result and due to the absence of a market, a shareholder may find it more difficult to dispose of, or to obtain accurate quotations as to the price of, the Company's securities. In the absence of a security being quoted on NASDAQ, or the Company having \$2,000,000 in net tangible assets, trading in the Common Stock is covered by Rule 3a51-1 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for non-NASDAQ and non-exchange listed securities. Under such rule, broker/dealers who recommend such securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or an annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouse) must make a special written suitability determination for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written agreement to a transaction prior to sale.

In general, securities are also exempt from this rule if the market price is at least \$5.00 per share, or for warrants, if the warrants have an exercise price of at least \$5.00 per share. The Securities Enforcement and Penny Stock Reform Act of 1990 requires additional disclosure related to the market for penny stocks and for trades in any stock defined as a penny stock. The Commission has recently adopted regulations under such Act which define a penny stock to be any NASDAQ or non-NASDAQ equity security that has a market price or exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share and allow for the enforcement against violators of the proposed rules.

In addition, unless exempt, the rules require the delivery, prior to any transaction involving a penny stock, of a disclosure schedule prepared by the Commission explaining important concepts involving the penny stock market, the nature of such market, terms used in such market, the broker/dealer's duties to the customer, a toll-free telephone number for inquiries about the broker/dealer's disciplinary history, and the customer's rights and remedies in case of fraud or abuse in the sale.

Disclosure also must be made about commissions payable to both the broker/dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities, and if the broker/dealer is the sole market-maker, the broker/dealer must disclose this fact and its control over the market.

Finally, monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. While many NASDAQ stocks are covered by the proposed definition of penny stock, transactions in NASDAQ stock are exempt from all but the sole market-maker provision for (i) issuers who have \$2,000,000 in tangible assets (\$5,000,000 if the issuer has not been in continuous operation for three years), (ii) transactions in which the customer is an institutional accredited investor and (iii) transactions that are not recommended by the broker/dealer. In addition, transactions in a NASDAQ security directly with the NASDAQ

market-maker for such securities, are subject only to the sole market-maker disclosure, and the disclosure with regard to commissions to be paid to the broker/dealer and the registered representatives.

Finally, all NASDAQ securities are exempt if NASDAQ raised its requirements for continued listing so that any issuer with less than \$2,000,000 in net tangible assets or stockholder's equity would be subject to delisting. These criteria are more stringent than the proposed increase in NASDAQ's maintenance requirements.

Our securities are subject to the above rules on penny stocks and the market liquidity for our securities could be severely affected by limiting the ability of broker/dealers to sell our securities.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

None.

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ITEM 2. PROPERTIES.

The executive offices of Kallo Inc. are located at 225 Duncan Mills Road, Suite 504, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M3B 3H9, our telephone number is (416) 246-9997. This location is the office of one of our directors, who has graciously agreed to provide us use of this address and a meeting room, when needed, without charge.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

On April 21, 2017, an ex-employee of Kallo obtained a judgement ordering Kallo to pay Canadian \$ 135,959 for unpaid wages and expenses relating to services performed in 2016. The full amount has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo.

On October 24, 2016, a consultant obtained a judgement ordering Kallo to pay Canadian \$25,000 for unpaid fees. The full amount has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo.

On October 6, 2017, Thornley Fallis Communications Inc. ("Thornley") commenced a third party claim against Kallo concerning monies that Kallo allegedly owed to Thornley for redesign of a website and public relation services. Thornley is seeking damages in the amount of Canadian \$169,345 plus interest on the amounts outstanding and indemnification of the costs of the action. An amount of Canadian \$134,960 has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo.

While we believe that we may be successful in resolving these claims, we cannot assure that the outcome will not have a material adverse effect upon us.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

None.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR OUR COMMON STOCK, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

Our shares are traded on OTC Markets under the symbol "KALO". A summary of trading by quarter for 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

| Fiscal Year | High Bid | Low Bid |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2017 | | |
| Fourth Quarter 10-1-17 to 12-31-17 | \$0.0600 | \$0.0010 |
| Third Quarter 7-1-17 to 9-30-17 | \$0.0599 | \$0.0060 |
| Second Quarter 4-1-17 to 6-30-17 | \$0.1198 | \$0.0060 |
| First Quarter 1-1-17 to 3-31-17 | \$0.1198 | \$0.0599 |

| Fiscal Year | High Bid | Low Bid |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2016 | | |
| Fourth Quarter 10-1-16 to 12-31-16 | \$0.1198 | \$0.0299 |
| Third Quarter 7-1-16 to 9-30-16 | \$0.0599 | \$0.0599 |
| Second Quarter 4-1-16 to 6-30-16 | \$0.0599 | \$0.0587 |
| First Quarter 1-1-16 to 3-31-16 | \$0.1198 | \$0.0060 |

Dividends

We have not declared any cash dividends, nor do we intend to declare cash dividends at this point. We are not subject to any legal restrictions respecting the payment of dividends, except that they may not be paid to render us insolvent. Dividend policy will be based on our cash resources and needs and it is anticipated that all available cash will be needed for our operations in the foreseeable future.

A stock dividend was declared on February 11, 2008, wherein two additional common shares were issued for each one common share issued and outstanding as at February 25, 2008. We have not declared any other dividends.

Section 15(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Our company's shares are covered by Section 15(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended that imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker/dealers who sell such securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors (generally institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000 or individuals with net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual income exceeding \$200,000 or \$300,000 jointly with their spouses). For transactions covered by the Rule, the broker/dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchase and have received the purchaser's written agreement to the transaction prior to the sale. Consequently, the Rule may affect the ability of broker/dealers to sell our securities and also may affect your ability to sell your shares in the secondary market.

Section 15(g) also imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker/dealers who sell penny securities. These rules require a one page summary of certain essential items. The items include the risk of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and secondary marketing; terms important to in understanding of the function of the penny stock market, such as "bid" and "offer" quotes, a dealers "spread" and broker/dealer compensation; the broker/dealer

compensation, the broker/dealers duties to its customers, including the disclosures required by any other penny stock disclosure rules; the customers rights and remedies in causes of fraud in penny stock transactions; and, the FINRA's toll free telephone number and the central number of the North American Administrators Association, for information on the disciplinary history of broker/dealers and their associated persons.

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Securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans

We currently have two equity compensation plans: the 2012 Non-Qualified Incentive Stock Option Plan and the 2011 Non-Qualified Incentive Stock Option Plan.

The 2012 Non-Qualified Incentive Stock Option Plan provides for the issuance of shares of our Common Stock for services rendered to us. The board of directors is vested with the power to determine the terms and conditions of the options. The Plan includes 50,000,000 shares of common stock.

The 2011 Non-Qualified Incentive Stock Option Plan provides for the issuance of shares of our Common Stock for services rendered to us. The board of directors is vested with the power to determine the terms and conditions of the shares. The Plan included 10,000,000 shares of common stock. On September 7, 2012, 7,233,334 shares have been issued under this 2011 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan; and, 2,766,666 shares of common stock remain available under this plan.

| Plan category | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a) | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b) | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities in column (a)) (c) |
|--|--|--|--|
| Equity compensation plans approved by security holders | None | None | None |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by securities holders | 0 | \$0.0 | 52,766,666 |
| Total | 0 | \$0.0 | 52,766,666 |

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Our management believes that, if market conditions and our financial resources allow, we may be well-positioned to assist in the global focus on improving health care delivery through our solution platforms. Global spending on health care in 2013 totaled \$7.2 trillion or 10.6% of global gross domestic product. Health spending is expected to increase an average of 5.2% a year in 2014 – 2018 to \$9.3 trillion. A number of these factors drive the increase that includes

emerging market expansion, infrastructure improvements and treatment and technology advances. Overall, we believe that if these market trends and our financial resources allow, may offer us opportunities to provide our products and services.

There is substantial doubt that we can continue as an on-going business for the next twelve months unless we obtain additional capital to pay our bills. This is because we have generated no revenues from our operations during the last eight years. We have been able to remain in business as a result of investments, in debt or equity securities, by our officers and directors and by other unrelated parties. We expect to incur operating losses in the foreseeable future and our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to raise additional money through investments by others and achieve profitable operations. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise additional money or that additional money or that additional financing will be available to us on satisfactory terms or that we will be able to achieve profitable operations. The consolidated statements were prepared under the assumption that we will continue as a going concern, however, there can be no assurance that such financial support shall be ongoing or available on terms or conditions acceptable to the Company. This raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

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For the last seven fiscal years, starting January 2010, our management and board of directors have raised funds through a personal and professional network of investors. This has enabled product and business development, continued operations, and generation of customer interest. In order to continue operations, management has contemplated several options to raise capital and sustain operations in the next 12 months. These options include, but are not limited to, debt and equity offers to existing shareholders, debt and equity offers to independent investment professionals and through various other financing alternatives. We currently believe that if we can secure sufficient additional capital on reasonable terms and on a timely basis and if we are successful in securing at least one project that likely will enable us to continue operations for the next 12 months. There can be no guarantee that we will receive sufficient additional capital on a timely basis and on reasonable terms that will allow us to continue to remain in business. Currently we have not received any commitment from any third party to provide the additional capital that we believe we will require to sustain our company as a corporate entity or otherwise allow us to meet our financial obligations.

On April 8, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement with FE Pharmacy Inc. whereby in consideration for the issuance of 475,000,000 post reverse stock split common stock of Kallo, FE Pharmacy Inc. assumed and will pay all of the Company's outstanding indebtedness as at April 7, 2017. Management believes that with this agreement in place, it can concentrate on bringing the potential projects as detailed below to fruition and any additional funding can be met through one of the three options mentioned above.

On January 23, 2014, we announced the signing of a US\$200,000,925 (Two Hundred million nine hundred and twenty-five US dollars) Supply Contract with the Ministry of Health and Public Hygiene of the Republic Of Guinea. On April 14, 2015, the Minister of Health and Public Hygiene, in a letter confirmed the selection of Kallo Inc., as supplier pursuant to the MobilCare™ Supply Contract, to design and build specialized hospitals in the regions of Conakry, Kindia, Labe, Kankan and Nzerekore, and asked Kallo to mobilize its technical teams for site visits to engage in preliminary studies for the construction of these hospitals. No equipment has been sold under the terms of this supply contract, nor is there any assurance any equipment will be sold thereunder.

In addition to the primary supply contract, on April 6, 2015, the Government of Guinea signed an addendum to the agreement expanding the project by \$54,916,600.

Under the Supply Contract, we anticipate that we will implement an integrated healthcare delivery solution for the Republic of Guinea if our financial circumstances and market conditions allow. The components of the solution include, MobileCare, RuralCare, Hospital Information Systems, Telehealth Systems, Pharmacy Information, disaster management, air and surface patient transportation systems and clinical training.

In 2017 the Government of Ghana initiated several discussions with us, to revisit how the Ministry of Defense – Military Hospital requirements, the Ministry of Health healthcare infrastructure requirements and the Ministry of Education Teaching Hospital infrastructure requirements can be met using the Kallo Integrated Delivery Model. The success of these discussions confirmed Ghana's continued belief in the Kallo Integrated Delivery System, as the best solution for the nations healthcare infrastructure development, which is very encouraging for our continued business in Ghana.

On June 20, 2017, our branch office was legally registered in Ghana. A valid tax identification number was issued and this number is to be used by us in all of our anticipated business that we hope to conduct within Ghana. We have incorporated four SPVs (Special Purpose Vehicles / Companies) to oversee the various projects we seek to undertake in Ghana. The SPVs are all incorporated under the laws of Ghana as private companies. While we believe that our business plans involving Ghana are sound and may offer us significant business opportunities, we cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain sufficient financing on reasonable terms and on a timely basis that will allow us to

pursue these opportunities.

We have entered into four major concession agreements with four key governmental institutions in Ghana. We have also through our SPVs has entered into the following concession arrangements for the construction and operation of various hospital facilities in Ghana:

| Project Description | Kallo SPV |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1 Tamale Military Hospital project | K-TMH Ghana Limited |
| 2 Cape Coast Teaching Hospital project | K-UCC Cape Coast Limited |
| 3 Sunyani Teaching Hospital project | K-UENR Sunyani Limited |
| 4 Ho Teaching Hospital project | K-UHAS Ho Limited |

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These agreements are effective upon execution and the concession period will start from the date on which financial close is achieved with the Lenders and all conditions precedent are satisfied or waived. The financing has not closed yet and there is no guarantee that financial close will be achieved.

We are also having very active discussions with other neighboring countries in Africa such as Niger, South Africa, and Nigeria for further expansion of our businesses in the region.

In 2017, we have also initiated project negotiations in Canada with two First Nations Groups to provide innovative solutions to increase accessibility and monitoring and management of medication from prescription to consumption with direct reporting to the provincial ministries.

Project Financing for the projects is being arranged by, Nova Capital Global LLC, New York, GRISSAG AG (PTY) LTD, CILA Investment Group. The risk guarantees are being provided by the African Guarantee Fund and the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA), the Political Risk Insurance arm of the World Bank Group.

In order to manage the aggressive expansion of our business, we have entered into collaboration agreements with TAHPI, an international company with expertise in Health Service Planning, Health Facility Planning, Architecture and Interior Design on 30th June 2017 and FORTA MEDICAL, an advanced off-site building methods company on 28th July 2017. FORTA offers healthcare facilities based on a fast-track modular design and construction solutions with minimal disruption to the surrounding facilities operation. Their advanced factory prefabrication helps shorten project construction timetables in a way that is not achievable with on-site building technologies. Overall, if these collaborations are successful, they may allow us to increase our project delivery capacity and our ability to deliver projects at a higher level of complexity and thereby demonstrate the quality of our products and services. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in securing these projects and also, at the same time, secure the financial commitments that will be needed or, if we are successful in either or both of these pursuits, that the terms and conditions will allow us to achieve profitability and positive cash flow.

We have also secured renewed commitment from our technology partners and technology infrastructure providers.
Plan of Operation

The following plan of operation contains forward-looking statements, which involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those set forth elsewhere in this document. Because of the speculative nature of our operations and the nature of the African countries we are attempting to do business with, there is no assurance that any of the planned operations will occur.

To the extent that we are financially able, we plan to continue to develop components of Kallo Integrated Delivery System:

Kallo Integrated Delivery System (KIDS)

· MobileCare™ – a mobile trailer that opens into a state of the art clinical setup in a vehicle equipped with the latest technology in healthcare. More than just a facility, MobileCare™ can instantly connect the onboard physician with specialists for on-demand consultation via satellite through its Telehealth system. This is truly a holistic approach to delivering healthcare to the remotely located. For many rural communities, the nearest hospital, doctor or

nurse may be hundreds of kilometers away. In many cases, this gap can be bridged using Telehealth technology that allows patients, nurses and doctors to talk as if they were in the same room.

RuralCare™ – prefabricated modular healthcare units focused in rural areas where no roads infrastructure is available. They are equipped to provide primary healthcare including X-Ray, ultrasound, surgery, pharmacy and lab services. Ranging from 1,200 to 3,800 square feet, these clinics can be up and running in disaster zones or rural areas in as little as one week. Similar to the MobileCare™ product, RuralCare™ also utilizes satellite communications to access the Telehealth system.

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Our overall healthcare mission is to "reach the unreachable." The end-to-end solution includes the following:

Global response center – located in the Kallo headquarters in Canada, this is the escalation point for the coordination of delivery of Telehealth and eHealth support. It consists of both the Clinical Command Center and the Administrative Command Center

Regional response centers, Clinical and Administrative Command centers – located in the urban area hospitals and connected with satellite communications, these centers coordinate all aspects of the healthcare delivery solution with the Mobile clinics and Rural clinics including clinical services, Telehealth services, pharmacy and medical consumable coordination as well as escalations to the Global response center

Kallo University – provides education, training and development of local resources for all aspects of the healthcare delivery which includes clinical, engineering and administration

Emergency Medical Services – provides ground and air ambulance vehicles for emergency patient transport

Our end-to-end delivery solution is equipped with necessary medical equipment as per regional healthcare requirements. We also install our copyrighted software and third party software as required along with a 5 year support agreement renewable after the 5 year initial term that includes the medical equipment, software licenses, installation implementation and training. This generates an ongoing revenue stream for service, maintenance, spare-parts, and consumables.

Sales Go-To-Market Strategy

Our Sales Go-To-Market Strategy is segmented and we believe that it is based on the varying needs of our customers in the following three categories:

Full solution with Kallo Integrated Delivery System (KIDS) – typically longer sales cycle and includes the end to end solution of Mobile Clinics, Rural Poly Clinics, Global and Regional response centers, Clinical and Administrative command centers, telehealth support, Kallo University training, pharmacy and medical consumable support and Emergency services with ground and air ambulance vehicles. This solution is focused on the end to end healthcare needs of developing countries.

Component Solutions – typically mid-term sales cycle and includes any of the components of the KIDS implementation without the full support structure. This strategy is focused on augmenting healthcare support where needed, such as, disaster management, North American First Nations, medical equipment supply, installation and testing.

Technology Solutions – typically short-term sales cycle and includes elements of the KIDS program that can enhance existing healthcare solutions. These would include our Hospital Management System, Consulting services, Bio Medical support, Mobile or Fixed Clinic manufacturing, etc. This strategy is focused on enhancing existing healthcare environments globally

Over the next twelve months, we have established the following objectives:

1. To follow-up completion of the financing process with financiers and the respective governments.
2. To pursue working capital raise with financial institutions and private placements.
3. To complete our organization restructuring and continue to build our infrastructure and resources for operations and management.

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There can be no assurance that we will be successful in raising the additional capital needed to implement any one or more of the above business objectives. And in the event that we are successful in raising additional capital, there can be no assurance that any capital that is raised will be on reasonable terms. We have had some preliminary discussions with potential sources who may provide us with additional capital but we are not able to give any assurances that we will obtain the necessary capital in sufficient amounts and on reasonable terms that will allow us to achieve these objectives. Any person who acquires our Common Stock should be prepared to lose their entire investment.

Need for additional capital

We have incurred operating losses since inception and has an accumulated deficit and a working capital deficit at December 31, 2017. We expect to incur additional losses as it executes its go to market strategy. This raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

We cannot guarantee we will be successful in our business operations. Our business is subject to risks inherent in the establishment of a business enterprise, including limited capital resources and possible cost overruns due to price increases in services and products.

To become profitable and competitive, we have to sell our products and services in sufficient volumes and with margins that may allow us to achieve profitability. We cannot assure you or anyone that we will be successful in these efforts.

There is no guaranty that we will obtain sufficient additional financing on a timely basis and on reasonable terms. If financing is not available on satisfactory terms, we may be unable to continue, develop, or expand our operations. Any equity financing will likely result in immediate and substantial dilution of existing stockholders.

Results of operations

December 31, 2017 compared to December 31, 2016

Revenues

We did not generate any revenues during the year ended December 31, 2017 or 2016. We are pursuing numerous sales opportunities.

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Expenses

During the year ended December 31, 2017 we incurred total expenses of \$7,031,975, including \$6,488,667 in salaries and compensation, \$133,347 in professional fees, \$5,520 in selling and marketing, \$168,885 in interest and financing costs, \$44,509 gain in change in fair value on derivative liabilities, \$189,572 in foreign exchange loss and \$98,216 as other general and administrative expenses, net of gain on settlement of debt of \$7,723. Our professional fees consist of legal, consulting, accounting and auditing fees.

During the year ended December 31, 2016 we incurred total expenses of \$2,999,110, including \$1,928,905 in salaries and compensation, \$31,533 in depreciation, \$96,661 in professional fees, \$25,553 in selling and marketing, \$323,944 in interest and financing costs, \$147,970 loss in change in fair value on derivative liabilities, \$104,018 in fixed asset impairment and \$371,318 as other general and administrative expenses, net of \$30,792 foreign exchange gain.

The increase in our expenses for the year ended December 31, 2017 was primarily due to an increase in salaries and compensation of \$4,559,762 as a result of non-cash stock-based compensation of \$5,999,673 issued to management and employees, otherwise there has been a decrease in the number of employees from 2016 to 2017. There is an increase in professional fees of \$36,686 as the Company caught up on all its previously late filings. Interest and financing costs decreased by \$155,059 reflecting efforts by the Company to settle all third parties convertible promissory notes, which was \$Nil as at December 31, 2017. The Company is operating with a minimal number of full time employees and office space until it can secure new contracts.

Net Loss

During the year ended December 31, 2017 we incurred a net loss of \$7,031,975 compared to a net loss of \$2,999,110 in 2016. The main reason is the increase in salaries and compensation for the reasons discussed above.

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Liquidity and capital resources

As at December 31, 2017, we had current assets of \$4,000, current liabilities of \$4,330,395 and a working capital deficiency of \$4,326,395. As of December 31, 2017, our total assets were \$4,000 in prepaid expenses and our total liabilities were \$4,330,395 comprised of \$3,362,802 in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans payable of \$17,827 and convertible loans payable of \$949,766.

Cash used in operating activities amounted to \$261 during fiscal 2017, primarily as a result of the net loss adjusted for non-cash items and various changes in operating assets and liabilities.

There was no cash used in investing activities.

Cash provided by financing activities during the year amounted to \$261 and represented mainly proceeds from short term loans payable.

As of December 31, 2017, our Total Liabilities exceeded our Total Assets and we were insolvent.

Summary of critical accounting policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-K related to smaller reporting companies as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, Stock Compensation. Under the provisions of ASC 718, share-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date, based on the calculated fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense for services rendered and over the employee's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity grant).

Stock Issued in Exchange for Services

The valuation of the Company's common stock issued to non-employees in exchange for services is valued at an estimated fair market value as determined by Management of the Company based upon trading prices of the Company's common stock on the dates of the stock transactions. The corresponding expense of the services rendered is recognized over the contractor's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity grant).

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of
Kallo Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Kallo Inc. and its subsidiary (collectively, the "Company") as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficiency, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern Matter

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a net capital deficiency that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ MaloneBailey, LLP

www.malonebailey.com

We have served as the Company's
auditor since 2014.

Houston, Texas

April 16, 2018

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KALLO INC.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

As at December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

| ASSETS | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Current Assets: | | |
| Prepaid expenses | \$4,000 | \$57,011 |
| Total Current Assets | 4,000 | 57,011 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$4,000 | \$57,011 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Bank overdraft | \$- | \$211 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 3,362,802 | 2,731,879 |
| Derivative liabilities | - | 270,581 |
| Convertible promissory notes, net of discount of \$NIL and \$8,872 respectively | - | 324,586 |
| Convertible loans payable – third parties | 215,520 | 191,510 |
| Short term loans payable | 17,827 | 16,215 |
| Convertible loans payable – related parties | 734,246 | 615,163 |
| Deferred lease inducement | - | 1,260 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 4,330,395 | 4,151,405 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 4,330,395 | 4,151,405 |
| Commitments and Contingencies | | |
| Stockholders' Deficiency: | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.00001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 95,000,000 Series A preferred shares issued and outstanding | 950 | 950 |
| Common stock, \$0.00001 par value, 1,150,000,000 shares authorized, 1,135,699,249 and 13,497,905 shares issued and outstanding respectively. | 11,357 | 135 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 41,435,879 | 31,046,675 |
| Assignment of liabilities | (3,600,452) | - |
| Accumulated deficit | (42,174,129) | (35,142,154) |
| Total Stockholders' Deficiency | (4,326,395) | (4,094,394) |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY | \$4,000 | \$57,011 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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KALLO INC.

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 | For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 |
|--|---|--|
| Operating Expenses | | |
| General and administration | 6,720,230 | 2,396,884 |
| Selling and marketing | 5,520 | 25,553 |
| Impairment of assets | - | 104,018 |
| Depreciation | - | 31,533 |
| Operating loss | (6,725,750) | (2,557,988) |
| Interest and financing costs | (168,885) | (323,944) |
| Change in fair value of derivative liabilities | 44,509 | (147,970) |
| Foreign exchange gain (loss) | (189,572) | 30,792 |
| Gain on settlement of debt | 7,723 | - |
| Net loss | \$(7,031,975) | \$(2,999,110) |
| Net loss per share - Basic and diluted | \$(0.01) | \$(0.24) |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding - Basic and diluted | 732,384,815 | 12,278,206 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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KALLO INC.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Deficiency

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

| | Preferred Stock \$.00001 par value | | Common Stock \$.00001 par value | | Additional Paid-In | Assignment Of | Deficit Accumulated During the | Total |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | Capital | Liabilities | Development Stage | Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) |
| Balance December 31, 2015 | 95,000,000 | \$950 | 9,413,985 | \$94 | \$30,381,065 | \$- | \$(32,143,044) | \$(1,760,935) |
| Shares issued to directors and employees | - | - | 7,475,000 | 75 | 448,425 | - | - | 448,500 |
| Shares issued for debt conversion | - | - | 4,083,920 | 41 | 217,110 | - | - | 217,151 |
| Cancellation of shares issued to directors and employees | - | - | (7,475,000) | (75) | 75 | - | - | - |
| Net Loss | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,999,110) | (2,999,110) |
| Balance December 31, 2016 | 95,000,000 | 950 | 13,497,905 | 135 | 31,046,675 | - | (35,142,154) | (4,094,394) |
| Shares issued to directors and employees | - | - | 628,000,000 | 6,280 | 5,836,697 | - | - | 5,842,977 |
| Shares issued for debt conversion | - | - | 1,201,344 | 12 | 60,942 | - | - | 60,954 |
| Shares issued to FE Pharmacy Inc. | - | - | 475,000,000 | 4,750 | 4,130,287 | (4,135,037) | - | - |
| Shares issuable for consulting services | - | - | 18,000,000 | 180 | 156,516 | - | - | 156,696 |
| Unissued shares for consulting services reclassified to liability | - | - | - | - | (156,435) | - | - | (156,435) |
| | - | - | - | - | 361,197 | - | - | 361,197 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Reclassification of shares for consulting services to equity | | | | | | | | |
| Cash settlement of liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | 534,585 | - | 534,585 |
| Net Loss | - | - | - | - | - | - | (7,031,975) | (7,031,975) |
| Balance December 31, 2017 | 95,000,000 | \$950 | 1,135,699,249 | \$11,357 | \$41,435,879 | \$(3,600,452) | \$(42,174,129) | \$(4,326,395) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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KALLO INC.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 | For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 |
|---|---|---|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net loss | \$(7,031,975) | \$(2,999,110) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities | | |
| Depreciation | - | 31,533 |
| Stock-based compensation | 5,999,673 | 448,500 |
| Impairment of assets | - | 104,018 |
| Impairment of prepaid expenses | 32,747 | - |
| Amortization of debt discount | 8,872 | 120,635 |
| Deferred lease inducement | (1,260) | (14,120) |
| Change in fair value of derivative liabilities | (44,509) | 147,970 |
| Gain on settlement of debt | (7,723) | - |
| Interest and penalties on promissory notes | 158,033 | 201,642 |
| Unrealized foreign exchange gains | 188,902 | 7,244 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses | 21,264 | 95,875 |
| Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 675,715 | 1,526,965 |
| NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES | (261) | (328,848) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Proceeds from short term loans payable | 472 | - |
| Proceeds from other convertible notes (2016 - \$268,311 from related parties) | - | 323,667 |
| Change in bank indebtedness | (211) | 211 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES | 261 | 323,878 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | - | (28) |
| NET DECREASE IN CASH | - | (4,998) |
| CASH | | |
| Beginning of year | - | 4,998 |
| End of year | \$- | \$- |
| SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | | |
| Income tax paid | \$- | \$- |
| Interest paid | - | - |
| SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Stock issued to related party for current and future settlement of accounts payable and convertible debts | \$4,135,037 | \$- |
| Settlement of promissory notes and accounts payable by FE Pharmacy Inc. | 534,585 | - |

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| | | |
|---|---------|---------|
| Conversion of promissory notes into common shares | 60,954 | 217,151 |
| Convertible loan payable for expenses paid directly by lender | 27,151 | 5,434 |
| Unissued shares for consulting services reclassified to liability | 156,435 | - |
| Reclassification of shares for consulting services to equity | 361,197 | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 1 - BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN

Organization

Kallo Inc. ("Kallo" or the "Company") develops customized health care solutions designed to improve or enhance the delivery of care in the countries and regions we serve.

Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements do not purport to represent realizable or settlement values. The Company has incurred operating losses since inception and has an accumulated deficit and a working capital deficit at December 31, 2017. The Company is expected to incur additional losses as it executes its go to market strategy. This raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has met its historical working capital requirements from the sale of common shares and related party loans. In order to not burden the Company, certain officers/stockholders have agreed to provide funding to the Company to pay its annual audit fees, filing costs and legal fees as long as the board of directors deems it necessary. However, there can be no assurance that such financial support shall be ongoing or available on terms or conditions acceptable to the Company. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-K related to smaller reporting companies as promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Kallo and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. Significant inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at acquisition.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Earnings Per Share

The Company computes basic net loss per share in accordance with ASC 260, Earnings Per Share, by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of securities that could share in earnings of an entity. In a loss year, dilutive common equivalent shares are excluded from the loss per share calculation as the effect would be anti-dilutive. For the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, basic and diluted losses per share are the same for both years.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Key estimates include the fair value of common stock issued for services received by the Company, valuation of financial instruments, measurement of non-monetary transactions and provision for penalties and interest on estimated payroll tax liabilities.

Software Development Costs

Software development costs are accounted for in accordance with ASC 985-20, Costs of Software to be Sold, Leased or Marketed. Software development costs incurred internally in creating computer software products are expensed until technological feasibility has been established upon completion of a detailed program design. Based on the Company's product development process, technological feasibility is established upon completion of a working model. The determination of technological feasibility and the ongoing assessment of the recoverability of these costs require considerable judgment by management with respect to certain external factors including anticipated future gross product revenues, estimated economic life and changes in hardware and software technology.

Thereafter, all software development costs incurred through the software's general release date are capitalized and subsequently reported at the lower of amortized cost or net realizable value. Capitalized costs are amortized based on current and expected future revenue for each software solution with minimum annual amortization equal to the straight-line amortization over the estimated economic life of the solution. No costs have been capitalized to date as the Company has not completed a working model as of yet.

Related party transactions

FASB ASC 850, "Related Party Disclosures" requires companies to include in their financial statements disclosures of material related party transactions. The Company discloses all material related party transactions. Related parties are defined to include any principal owner, director or executive officer of the Company and any immediate family members of a principal owner, director or executive officer.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Research and Development

The Company accounts for research and development costs in accordance with ASC 730-10, Research and Development. Accordingly, all research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred as software development costs.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the United States dollar. Transaction may occur in Canadian dollars which are accounted for under ASC 830, Foreign Currency Matters. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates of exchange in effect at the date of the transaction. Average monthly rates are used to translate revenues and expenses. Gains and losses arising on translation or settlement of foreign currency denominated transactions or balances are included in the Statements of Operations. The Company has not, to the date of these consolidated financial statements, entered into derivative instruments to offset the impact of foreign currency fluctuations.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based upon differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the statements of operations in the period that includes the enactment date. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized.

The Company recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not to be sustained. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which a change in judgement occurs, as a result of information that arises or when a tax position is effectively settled. Interest and penalties related to income tax matters are recognized in general and administrative expense.

In accordance with the statute of limitations for federal tax returns, the Company's federal tax returns for the years 2011 through 2017 are subject to examination. The Company had no material adjustments to its liabilities for unrecognized income tax benefits according to the provisions of FASB ASC 740.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company used a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in valuation techniques for determining fair value of investments and liabilities. The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Financial assets and liabilities recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that the company has the ability to access at the measurement date (examples include active exchange-traded equity securities, listed derivatives and most United States Government and agency securities).

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on quoted prices in markets where trading occurs infrequently or whose values are based on quoted prices of instruments with similar attributes in active markets. Level 2 inputs include the following:

- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds which trade infrequently);
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include interest rate and currency swaps); and
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include certain securities and derivatives).

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Availability of observable inputs can vary and is affected by a variety of factors. The Company uses judgment in determining fair value of assets and liabilities and Level 3 assets and liabilities involve greater judgment than Level 1 and Level 2 assets or liabilities.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following is a summary of our financial instruments that are accounted for at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2017 and 2016:

December 31, 2017

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Derivative liability | \$- | \$- | \$- | \$- |

December 31, 2016

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Derivative liabilities | \$- | \$- | \$270,581 | \$270,581 |

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for share-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, Stock Compensation. Under the provisions of ASC 718, share-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date, based on the calculated fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense for services rendered and over the employee's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity grant).

Contingencies

The Company accrues estimates for resolution of any legal and other contingencies when losses are probable and estimable, in accordance with ASC 450, Contingencies. Legal defense costs are accrued as incurred.

Stock Issued in Exchange for Services

In accordance with ASC 505, the valuation of the Company's common stock issued to non-employees in exchange for services is valued at an estimated fair market value as determined by Management of the Company based upon trading prices of the Company's common stock on the dates of the stock transactions. The corresponding expense of the services rendered is recognized over the contractor's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity grant).

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KALLO INC.

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(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Convertible promissory note

The Company accounts for conversion options embedded in convertible notes in accordance with ASC 815. ASC 815 generally requires companies to bifurcate conversion options embedded in convertible notes from their host instruments and to account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments if they do not meet the criteria for classification in stockholders' equity.

The Company has evaluated the terms and conditions of its convertible notes under the guidance of ASC 815. The conversion feature did not meet the definition of "indexed to a company's own stock" provided for in ASC 815. Therefore, the conversion features require bifurcation and liability classification. The Company recorded the conversion feature as a derivative liability and debt discount and is amortized over the life of the convertible note. The debt discount is recorded against the related convertible note outstanding. The amortization is recorded as interest expense. The derivative liabilities are re-valued at the end of each reporting period using the lattice Model, with changes in the fair value of the derivative liability recorded as charges or credits to income, in the period in which the changes occur.

Revenue recognition

Revenue will be recognized when all of the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; delivery or performance has occurred; the sales price is fixed or determinable; and collection is reasonably assured.

Professional service revenue will primarily consist of the fees the Company earns related to installation and consulting services. The Company will recognize revenue from professional services upon delivery or completion of performance.

Training services will be recognized upon delivery of the training.

There were no revenues during 2017 and 2016.

Lease accounting

The Company evaluates each lease for classification as either a capital lease or an operating lease. If substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership have been transferred to the Company as lessee, the Company records the lease as a capital lease at its inception. The Company performs this evaluation at the inception of the lease and when a modification is made to a lease. If the lease agreement calls for a scheduled rent increase during the lease term, the Company recognizes the lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company determines the straight-line rent expense impact of an operating lease upon inception of the lease.

Advertising costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. The total costs the Company recognized related to advertising were \$Nil during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605, Revenue Recognition. This ASU is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The ASU also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. The effective date will be the first quarter of fiscal year 2018 using one of two retrospective application methods or a cumulative effect approach. The Company intends to apply the amendment retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this update recognized at the date of initial application but does not expect it will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements as there were insignificant revenues in the past.

In August 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements-Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern ("ASU 2015-14"). Under the new standard, management must evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. This evaluation initially does not take into consideration the potential mitigating effect of management's plans that have not been fully implemented as of the date the financial statements are issued. When substantial doubt exists under this methodology, management evaluates whether the mitigating effect of its plans sufficiently alleviates substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The mitigating effect of management's plans, however, is only considered if both (1) it is probable that the plans will be effectively implemented within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued, and (2) it is probable that the plans, when implemented, will mitigate the relevant conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

In February 2016, the FASB issued an ASU related to the accounting for leases. The new standard establishes a right-of-use ("ROU") model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. This pronouncement is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact that the new standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. ASU 2016-15 addresses the classification of certain specific cash flow issues including debt prepayment or extinguishment costs, settlement of certain debt instruments, contingent consideration payments made after a business combination, proceeds from the settlement of certain insurance claims and distributions received from equity method investees. ASU 2016-15 is effective for the Company in the first quarter of 2018 and early adoption is permitted. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. The Company is evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated statement of cash flows.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 2 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (continued)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting. ASU 2017-09 clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. Under the new guidance, modification accounting is required only if the fair value, the vesting conditions, or the classification of the award changes as a result of the change in terms or conditions. ASU 2017-09 will be applied prospectively to awards modified on or after the adoption date. ASU 2017-09 is effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL STOCK

Common Stock

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the holders of promissory notes converted the principal and the related interest outstanding of \$39,644 into 1,201,344 shares. The fair value of the derivative liability associated with the notes that were converted, \$21,310 was reclassified to equity upon conversion. Therefore the Company recorded \$60,954 in conjunction with the conversions.

On April 18, 2017, the Board of Directors approved a reverse stock split of the authorized and outstanding shares of common stock on a 1 for 600 basis, after which, the authorized number of common stock will decrease from 15,000,000,000 to 25,000,000. After the completion of the reverse stock split, the Board of Directors approved the increase of the authorized number of common stock from 25,000,000 to 1,150,000,000. FINRA approved the reverse stock split in December 2017 and 9,907,548,954 common shares outstanding as at December 19, 2017 were replaced by 16,512,582 post reverse stock split common shares.

On April 8, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement with FE Pharmacy Inc., a company controlled by a shareholder of Kallo, and a related party, whereby in consideration for the issuance of 475,000,000 post reverse stock split common stock of Kallo, FE Pharmacy Inc. assumed and will pay all of the Company's outstanding indebtedness as at April 7, 2017. Because the 475,000,000 shares were issued before the approval by FINRA of the reverse stock split, the 475,000,000 shares issued during the quarter ended June 30, 2017 were reduced to 791,667 when the reverse stock split became effective and 474,208,333 additional post reverse stock split shares were issued on December 27, 2017 to make them whole again. The 475,000,000 shares issuable to FE Pharmacy Inc. has been valued at the book value of the total liabilities assigned to FE Pharmacy Inc. of \$4,135,037. The assignment of the liabilities to FE Pharmacy Inc. has been recorded as a receivable in the equity section of the consolidated balance sheet and will be reduced as the liabilities are settled by FE Pharmacy Inc. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the assignment of liabilities amount has been reduced by \$332,000 cash settlement of convertible promissory notes and \$202,585 cash

settlement of accounts payable.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL STOCK (continued)

Common Stock (continued)

On May 25, 2017, the Company approved the issuance of 595,000,000 post reverse stock split common stock valued at \$5,179,678 to various directors and employees as compensation for services rendered and the issuance of 16,000,000 post reverse stock split common stock valued at \$139,285 to the controlling shareholder of FE Pharmacy Inc. and a related party as compensation for services rendered and for nominal cash. On July 5, 2017, the Company approved the issuance of 2,000,000 post reverse stock split common stock valued at \$17,411 to a party related to the controlling shareholder of FE Pharmacy Inc. as compensation for services rendered. Because the 613,000,000 shares were issued before the approval by FINRA of the reverse stock split, the 613,000,000 shares were reduced to 1,021,667 when the reverse stock split becomes effective and 611,978,333 additional post reverse stock split shares were issued on December 27, 2017 to make them whole again. It was determined that the unissued shares relating to the compensation for services to the consultant and controlling shareholder of FE Pharmacy Inc. was a derivative under ASC 815 and therefore the related amount of \$156,435 was shown as a liability for issuable shares on the Consolidated Balance Sheet pending issuance. When the remaining shares were finally issued on December 19, 2017, they were revalued, based on quoted price, to \$361,197 and reclassified from liability for issuable shares to Additional Paid-In Capital and resulted in a derivative loss of \$204,762.

On December 19, 2017, the Company approved the issuance of 33,000,000 post reverse stock split common stock valued at \$663,299 to various directors and employees as compensation for services rendered.

During 2016, the holders of promissory notes converted the principal and the related interest outstanding of \$128,928 into 4,083,920 shares. The fair value of the derivative liability associated with the notes that were converted, \$88,223 was reclassified to equity upon conversion. Therefore the Company recorded \$217,151 in conjunction with the conversions. During the quarter ended June 30, 2016, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of 7,475,000 common shares valued at \$448,500 to various employees and directors as compensation for services rendered. On September 12, 2016, the Company rescinded its decision to issue the 7,475,000 common shares to various directors and employees.

Preferred Stock

The Company has designated 95,000,000 of its preferred stock as Series A Preferred Stock, each of which has 100 votes. The Company, will not, without the affirmative vote or written consent of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock (i) authorize or create any additional series of stock ranking prior to or on a parity with the Series A Preferred Stock as to dividends, voting rights, or the distribution of assets upon liquidation; or (ii) change any of the rights, privileges or preferences of the Series A Preferred Stock.

The Company issued 95,000,000 Series A Preferred shares to several directors as compensation for services rendered during 2014. The shares of Series A Preferred stock are not convertible, carry voting rights of 100 votes per Preferred share and the fair value of the Preferred shares were deemed to be \$288,780 based on the voting rights of the Preferred shares relative to the fair value of the Company at the date of the issuance.

During 2017 and 2016, the Company did not issue any Preferred Class shares.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 4 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 2017, 625,000,000 shares (2016 – 6,291,667) were issued to directors of the Company as stock-based compensation and were valued, using the market closing price on the date of the grant, at \$5,816,861 (2016 - \$377,500). The 6,291,667 shares to be issued to the directors during 2016 were subsequently rescinded and not issued.

On May 25, 2017, 16,000,000 shares valued at \$139,285 were issued to the controlling shareholder of FE Pharmacy Inc. and a related party as compensation for services rendered and for nominal cash. On July 5, 2017, 2,000,000 shares valued at \$17,411 were issued to a party related to the controlling shareholder of FE Pharmacy Inc. as compensation for services rendered. Because the 18,000,000 shares were issued before the approval by FINRA of the reverse stock split, the 18,000,000 shares were reduced to 30,000 when the reverse stock split becomes effective and 17,970,000 additional post reverse stock split shares were issued on December 19, 2017 to make them whole again, resulting in an increase in the original valuation of \$204,762.

On April 8, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement with FE Pharmacy Inc., a company controlled by a shareholder of Kallo, and a related party, whereby in consideration for the issuance of 475,000,000 shares of Kallo, FE Pharmacy Inc. assumed and will pay all of the Company's outstanding indebtedness as at April 7, 2017. The 475,000,000 shares issued to FE Pharmacy Inc. has been valued at the book value of the total liabilities assigned to FE Pharmacy Inc. of \$4,135,037. The assignment of the liabilities to FE Pharmacy Inc. has been recorded as a receivable in the equity section of the consolidated balance sheet and will be reduced as the liabilities are settled by FE Pharmacy Inc. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the assignment of liabilities amount has been reduced by \$332,000 cash settlement of convertible promissory notes and \$202,585 cash settlement of accounts payable. Subsequent to December 31, 2017, there were additional cash settlement of accounts payable of \$24,086 which reduced the assignment of liabilities amount.

During 2016, \$268,311 was received from a director and an affiliate of the Company and is included in the convertible loans payable to related parties. At December 31, 2017, \$734,246 (2016 - \$615,173), including accrued interest, was owing to the two related parties.

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is an amount of \$667,239 (2016 - \$306,664) due to directors and officers of the Company as at December 31, 2017.

NOTE 5 – EQUIPMENT

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------|-----------|
| Computer equipment under capital lease | \$ - | \$223,683 |
| Nexus computer equipment under capital lease | - | 42,023 |
| Computer equipment | - | 50,724 |
| Computer software | - | 37,210 |
| Hardware & Installation | - | 10,128 |
| Office furniture and equipment | - | 27,739 |
| Leasehold improvement | - | 55,072 |
| Medical Equipment | - | 13,274 |

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| | | |
|-------------------------------|------|-----------|
| Clinical Command Center | - | 15,790 |
| Infrastructure | - | 7,911 |
| Total Equipment | - | 483,554 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | - | (379,536) |
| Less impairment | - | (104,018) |
| Equipment – net | \$ - | \$- |

Depreciation expense during 2017 and 2016 were \$Nil and \$31,533 respectively. Impairment on fixed assets during 2017 and 2016 were \$Nil and \$104,018.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 6 – CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES AND DERIVATIVE LIABILITIES

The convertible promissory notes were unsecured and bore interest at between 8% and 12% per annum with all principal and accrued interest due and payable between one and two years from the dates of execution of the Notes. The Holders of the Notes could, in lieu of payment of the principal and interest, elect to convert such amount into common shares of the Company at the agreed conversion price per share. There were no remaining notes outstanding as of December 31, 2017.

A summary of the promissory notes is as follows:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Balance as at Beginning of Period | \$324,586 | \$229,377 |
| Interest and penalties | 45,909 | 103,502 |
| Converted into shares | (39,644) | (128,928) |
| Settled by FE Pharmacy Inc. in cash | (332,000) | - |
| Amortization of debt discount | 8,872 | 120,635 |
| Gain on settlement | (7,723) | - |
| Balance as at end of period | - | 324,586 |
| Convertible notes – short term | - | (324,586) |
| Convertible notes – long term | \$- | \$- |

The company analyzed the conversion option for derivative accounting consideration under ASC Topic 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging – Contract in Entity's Own Stock and concluded that the conversion option does not meet the criteria for classification in stockholders' equity. Therefore, derivative accounting is applicable for the conversion option.

During the year 2016, there were no new promissory notes but there were additions due to accrued interest and penalties. On December 31, 2016, all the derivative liabilities were valued at \$270,581 which resulted in a loss in fair value of \$147,970 for the year ended December 31, 2017. The debt discounts were amortized over the terms of the respective Notes and were \$120,635 at December 31, 2017 and, together with interest and penalties of \$103,502 on the promissory notes, were included in net finance charge of \$323,944 for the year ended December 31, 2016 in the consolidated statement of operations. The fair value of the embedded conversion feature was estimated at the end of each quarterly reporting period using the Multinomial lattice model.

During the year 2017, there were no new promissory notes but there were additions due to accrued interest and penalties. The debt discounts were amortized over the terms of the respective Notes and were \$8,872 at December 31, 2017 and, together with interest and penalties of \$45,909 on the promissory notes, were included in net finance charge of \$168,885 for the year ended December 31, 2017 in the consolidated statement of operations. The fair value of the embedded conversion feature is estimated at the end of each quarterly reporting period using the Multinomial lattice model. Revaluations of the derivative liabilities and their subsequent extinguishment resulted in change in fair value of \$249,271 during the year ended December 31, 2017. Some convertible promissory notes were also cash settled for \$332,000 by FE Pharmacy Inc. resulting in a gain on settlement of debt of \$7,723.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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NOTE 6 – CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES AND DERIVATIVE LIABILITIES (continued)

The key assumptions for the valuation of the derivative liability during the year were as follows:

• The notes convert with an initial conversion price of 55%-75% of the average or low of the close or bid prices over the 15-25 previous days.

• The projected annual volatility curve for each valuation period was based on the historical annual volatility of the company in the range 117% - 264%.

• The holder would automatically convert the note at the maximum of 2 times the conversion price.

• Full Reset events are projected to occur quarterly generating a projected conversion prices at 125% of market.

The following table illustrates the fair value adjustments that were recorded related to the level 3 derivative liabilities, associated with the convertible promissory notes:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Fair value as at Beginning of Year | \$270,581 | \$210,834 |
| Elimination associated with conversion and settlement of promissory notes | (21,310) | (88,223) |
| Change in fair value loss (gain) | (249,271) | 147,970 |
| Fair value as at End of Year | \$- | \$270,581 |

As discussed in Note 3, during 2017, a loss of \$204,762 was recognized on the liability for issuable shares. This resulted in a net derivative gain of \$44,509 during 2017.

NOTE 7 – CONVERTIBLE LOANS PAYABLE

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Convertible promissory note bearing interest at 15% per annum - third party | \$215,520 | \$191,510 |
| Convertible promissory note bearing interest at 15% per annum – related party | 734,246 | 615,163 |
| | \$949,766 | \$806,673 |

During the year ended December 31, 2017, \$Nil (2016 - \$323,667) was received in cash and \$27,151 was paid directly by the lender for expenses resulting in Convertible loans payable which bear 15% interest per annum and are convertible at a fixed price at any time during the 1 year term. The company has the option to pay the note at any time. The company analyzed the conversion option for derivative accounting consideration under ASC Topic 815-40, Derivatives and Hedging – Contract in Entity's Own Stock and concluded that the embedded conversion was a derivative but the fair value of the feature was zero. The total outstanding notes from the debt offering is \$949,766, including accrued interest, of which \$734,246 is to from related parties. Interest of \$112,125 on the convertible loans

payable are included in net finance charge of \$168,885 for the year ended December 31, 2017 included in the consolidated statement of operations. \$919,218 of the above convertible loans payable were in default as at December 31, 2017.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 8 – SHORT TERM LOANS PAYABLE

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|----------|----------|
| Non-interest bearing short term funding from third parties | \$17,827 | \$16,215 |
| | \$17,827 | \$16,215 |

As at December 31, 2017, the balance of \$17,827 (2016 - \$16,215) represented short term funding provided by third parties which are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed repayment date. The amount in Canadian dollars is \$21,772 which is subject to revaluation at the end of each period end.

NOTE 9 – INCOME TAXES

The Company had no income taxes payable at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The reconciliation of income tax provision computed at statutory rates to the reported income tax provision is as follows:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Net loss for the year | \$(7,031,975) | \$(2,999,110) |
| Effective statutory rate | 34 | % 34 % |
| Expected tax recovery | \$(2,390,871) | \$(1,019,697) |
| Net effects of non deductible and allowable items | 2,115,233 | 254,917 |
| Change in valuation allowance | 275,638 | 764,780 |
| | \$- | \$- |

Deferred income taxes reflect the net income tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for income taxes. The Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities consist of the following:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Net operating loss carry forward | \$3,602,486 | \$5,525,126 |
| Equipment | 65,669 | 138,154 |
| Valuation allowance | (3,668,155) | (5,663,280) |
| Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance | \$- | \$- |

Net operating loss carry forwards totaled approximately \$17,155,000 at December 31, 2017. The net operating loss carry forwards will begin to expire in the year 2021 if not utilized. After consideration of all the evidence, management has recorded a valuation allowance at December 31, 2017 due to uncertainty of realizing the deferred tax assets. Utilization of the Company's net operating loss carry forwards may be limited based on changes in ownership as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 382. Tax years 2011 through 2017 remain open to examination by tax authorities.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cut and Jobs Act, which establishes new tax laws that affects 2018 and future years, including a reduction in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate to 21%, effective January 1, 2018.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Sales commission agreement

On January 23, 2014, Kallo Inc. announced the signing of a US\$200,000,925 Supply Contract with the Ministry of Health and Public Hygiene of the Republic Of Guinea (the "Guinea Project").

Under the Supply Contract, Kallo will implement customized healthcare delivery solutions for the Republic of Guinea. The components of the solutions include, MobileCare, RuralCare, Hospital Information Systems, Telehealth Systems, Pharmacy Information, disaster management, air and surface patient transportation systems and clinical training.

In respect of the Guinea Project mentioned above, the Company has agreed with two third parties in Guinea to pay sales commissions for facilitating and securing the Contract with the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Guinea as follows:

equal to \$20,000,000, payable as to an advance of \$300,000 immediately after the loan agreement for the Kallo MobileCare and RuralCare program is signed by the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Guinea and the remainder within 7 to 14 business days of receipt of payment for the Project by Kallo in proportion to the payments received by Kallo.

equal to \$4,000,000, payable within 7 to 14 business days of receipt of payment for the Project by Kallo in proportion to the payments received by Kallo. In addition, a performance incentive payment of \$1,000,000 will be payable to three persons related to the third party in accordance to the same terms of payment described herein.

On October 13, 2017, Kallo sent notices of termination of the agreements with the above two third parties to be effective 30 days later.

Agreements with suppliers

The Company has entered into agreements with a number of service providers for licensing of software and other professional services to be rendered. The total remaining amount committed is \$2,773,737.

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KALLO INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

(Amounts expressed in US dollars)

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Contingencies

On April 21, 2017, an ex-employee of Kallo obtained a judgement ordering Kallo to pay Canadian \$ 135,959 for unpaid wages and expenses relating to services performed in 2016. The full amount has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo.

On October 24, 2016, a consultant obtained a judgement ordering Kallo to pay Canadian \$25,000 for unpaid fees. The full amount has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo.

On October 6, 2017, Thornley Fallis Communications Inc. ("Thornley") commenced a third party claim against Kallo concerning monies that Kallo allegedly owed to Thornley for redesign of a website and public relation services. Thornley is seeking damages in the amount of Canadian \$169,345 plus interest on the amounts outstanding and indemnification of the costs of the action. An amount of Canadian \$134,960 has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo.

There is also a claim by Commercial Credit Adjusters on behalf of Northwest Company for payment of Canadian \$34,000. An amount of Canadian \$26,515 has been accrued for in the financial statements of Kallo. Negotiations are in process for the settlement of this debt for a lump sum.

Canada Revenue Agency has assessed the Company for Canadian \$360,400 representing unremitted employee source deductions, the full amount of which has been accrued in the financial statements of Kallo.

Responsibility for payments of the above claims has been assumed by FE Pharmacy Inc. under the terms of the agreement mentioned in Note 3.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During January to March 2018, FE Pharmacy, Inc. Settled Kallo's accounts payable for a total of \$24,184

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

ITEM 9A CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We conducted an evaluation (the "Evaluation"), under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures ("Disclosure Controls") as of the end of the period covered by this report pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act. Based on this Evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our Disclosure Controls were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this report due to lack of segregation of duties in financial reporting and presence of adjusting journal entries during the audit.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of the inherent limitations due to, for example, the potential for human error or circumvention of controls, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (1992) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Based on this evaluation, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2017. Material weakness identified included:

- *Lack of segregation of duties
- *Insufficient controls over the financial close process and preparation of the financial statements identified by the auditors during the audit of the company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

We will begin to take steps to remedy the foregoing material weaknesses, including hiring a VP of Finance to oversee the accounting and financial reporting process, after the Company is up to date on all its filings.

Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2017 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

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PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

Officers and Directors

Each of our directors serves until his or her successor is elected and qualified. Each of our officers is elected by the board of directors to a term of one (1) year and serves until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified, or until he or she is removed from office. The board of directors has no nominating, auditing or compensation committees. It does have an audit committee comprised of the board of directors.

The names, addresses, ages and positions of our present officers and directors are set forth below:

| Name and Address | Age | Position(s) |
|--|-----|--|
| John Cecil 255 Duncan Mill Road, Unit 504 Toronto, Ontario Canada M3B 3H9 | 54 | President, Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer |
| Lloyd A. Chiotti 255 Duncan Mill Road, Unit 504 Toronto, Ontario Canada M3B 3H9 | 69 | Chief Operating Officer and Director |
| Samuel R Baker 255 Duncan Mill Road, Unit 504 Toronto, Ontario Canada M3B 3H9 | 82 | Secretary and a Director |

Background of officers and directors

John Cecil – President, Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

On October 20, 2010, John Cecil was appointed Chairman of the Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer and a Director and on February 29, 2016, Mr Cecil was appointed President. And as of March 25, 2011, John Cecil was appointed the treasurer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer of Kallo Inc. Since December 31, 2009, John Cecil was on our board of directors. Since December 2003 John Cecil has been the president of Rophe Medical Technologies Inc., in Toronto, Canada. He is responsible for its research and development and the design and copyright of the company's technology. From May 2008 to April 2009 Mr. Cecil was the Senior Healthcare Solutions Architect at SUN Microsystems Canada Inc., in Toronto, Canada, a publicly traded company listed on the

NASDAQ under the symbol JAVA. He was responsible for Innovative product positioning by workshops / white board sessions with stakeholders of the customer to increase business value and support sales in revenue growth and design innovative technology solutions. From April 2007 to May 2008, Mr. Cecil was the Healthcare Director at Satyam Computer Service Ltd., in Toronto, Canada, a publicly traded company listed on the NYSE under the symbol "SAY". He managed healthcare consulting practices and services. On February 29, 2016, Mr Cecil was appointed to the position of President of Kallo Inc.

Samuel Baker - Secretary and a Director

On November 17, 2010, Samuel Baker was appointed Secretary and a member of our Board of Directors. Since October 1997 Mr. Baker has been the Senior Lawyer at Baker Law Firm in Toronto, Canada. Since September 2008, Mr. Baker has been the director of Arehada Mining Limited. Arehada Mining Limited operates a lead/zinc mine in Inner Mongolia, China. It is a public company traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange, ticker symbol AHD.

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Lloyd Chiotti – Chief Operating Officer and Director

On September 22, 2011, Lloyd Chiotti was appointed to our board of directors and on February 29, 2016, Mr Chiotti was appointed Chief Operating Officer. In February 2015, Mr. Chiotti began full time with Kallo Inc. as the Executive Vice President. He holds an Engineering degree and an MBA, both from the University of Toronto. He worked with Enbridge Gas Distribution (formerly The Consumers Gas Company) for over 34 years. Over the course of his career he held a number of senior management positions including Director of Information Services and a number of Regional General Manager roles within Operations. In 2006 he joined the Engineering department to lead the Asset Management initiative as Director, Asset Management Strategy. In this capacity, he led a team which implemented an Asset Management system for gas distribution consistent with the international standard called PAS 55 (now ISO 55001). In 2010 he was appointed to the position of Director, Distribution Asset Management. In this capacity, he was responsible for all distribution system planning and records management and led the development of a comprehensive methodology to develop risk based, long range asset management plans. He was actively involved in the natural gas industry. He served as Chair of the Asset Management Task Force of the Canadian Gas Association from 2006 to 2013 and served as a member of the Distribution Working Committee of the International Gas Union from 2007 to 2012. Throughout his career he has also served on the Boards of a number of not-for-profit organizations including: President, Alternative Computer Training for the Disabled; Chair, United Way of Peel Campaign 1992; Chair of the Board, West Park Healthcare Centre Foundation; Vice-Chair of the Board, Junior Achievement of Toronto and Chair of the Board, Toronto Mendelssohn Choir. He retired from Enbridge on October 1, 2013.

Conflicts of Interest

There is no conflict that we foresee as our officers and directors devote full time to the business and the operations of the company except for Samuel R. Baker who is not full time in the organization.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

During the past ten years, Messrs. Cecil, Baker, and Chiotti have not been the subject of the following events:

- A petition under the Federal bankruptcy laws or any state insolvency law was filed by or against, or a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer was appointed by a court for the business or property of such person, or any
1. partnership in which he was a general partner at or within two years before the time of such filing, or any corporation or business association of which he was an executive officer at or within two years before the time of such filing;
 2. Convicted in a criminal proceeding or is a named subject of a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);

The subject of any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of

3. competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from, or otherwise limiting, the following activities;

- i) Acting as a futures commission merchant, introducing broker, commodity trading advisor, commodity pool operator, floor broker, leverage transaction merchant, any other person regulated by the Commodity Futures

Trading Commission, or an associated person of any of the foregoing, or as an investment adviser, underwriter, broker or dealer in securities, or as an affiliated person, director or employee of any investment company, bank, savings and loan association or insurance company, or engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with such activity;

ii) Engaging in any type of business practice; or

iii) Engaging in any activity in connection with the purchase or sale of any security or commodity or in connection with any violation of Federal or State securities laws or Federal commodities laws;

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4. The subject of any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any Federal or State authority barring, suspending or otherwise limiting for more than 60 days the right of such person to engage in any activity described in paragraph 3.i in the preceding paragraph or to be associated with persons engaged in any such activity;

5. Was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Commission to have violated any Federal or State securities law, and the judgment in such civil action or finding by the Commission has not been subsequently reversed, suspended, or vacated;

6. Was found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a civil action or by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated any Federal commodities law, and the judgment in such civil action or finding by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission has not been subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated;

7. Was the subject of, or a party to, any Federal or State judicial or administrative order, judgment, decree, or finding, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, relating to an alleged violation of:

i) Any Federal or State securities or commodities law or regulation; or

ii) Any law or regulation respecting financial institutions or insurance companies including, but not limited to, a temporary or permanent injunction, order of disgorgement or restitution, civil money penalty or temporary or permanent cease-and-desist order, or removal or prohibition order, or

iii) Any law or regulation prohibiting mail or wire fraud or fraud in connection with any business entity; or

8. Was the subject of, or a party to, any sanction or order, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any self-regulatory organization (as defined in Section 3(a)(26) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(26)), any registered entity (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1(a)(29)), or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.

Audit Committee and Charter

We have a separately designated audit committee of the board. Our board of directors performs the audit committee functions. None of our directors are deemed independent. Two of our directors also hold positions as our officers. Our audit committee is responsible for: (1) selection and oversight of our independent accountant; (2) establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal controls and auditing matters; (3) establishing procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by our employees of concerns regarding accounting and auditing matters; (4) engaging outside advisors; and, (5) funding for the outside auditors and any outside advisors engagement by the audit committee. A copy of our audit committee charter is filed as an exhibit to our 2007 Form 10-K.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

We do not have an audit committee financial expert.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a corporate code of ethics. We believe our code of ethics is reasonably designed to deter wrongdoing and promote honest and ethical conduct; provide full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure in public reports; comply with applicable laws; ensure prompt internal reporting of code violations; and provide accountability for adherence to the code. A copy of the code of ethics is filed as Exhibit 14.1 to our S-1 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 25, 2014.

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Disclosure Committee and Committee Charter

We have a disclosure committee and disclosure committee charter. Our disclosure committee is comprised of all of our officers and directors. The purpose of the committee is to provide assistance to the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer in fulfilling their responsibilities regarding the identification and disclosure of material information about us, and the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of our financial reports. A copy of the disclosure committee charter is filed as Exhibit 99.2 to our 2007 Form 10-K.

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, requires our directors, officers and persons who beneficially owned more than ten percent of our common stock to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership of common stock. Based solely upon a review of Forms 3, 4 and 5 furnished to us during the fiscal year 2016, all officers, directors, and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of our common stock filed all reports required by Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

The following table sets forth the compensation paid by us during the last two fiscal years for our officers. This information includes the dollar value of base salaries, bonus awards and number of stock options granted, and certain other compensation, if any. The compensation discussed addresses all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our named executive officers.

Summary Compensation Table

| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) | (f) | (g) | (h) | (i) | (j) |
|---------------------------------|------|-------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Name and Principal Position [1] | Year | Salary (\$) | Bonus (\$) | Stock Awards (\$)[1] | Option Awards (\$) | Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) | Change in Pension Value & Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$) | All Other Compensation (\$) | Totals (\$) |
| John Cecil Chairman & CEO | 2017 | 169,618 | 0 | 4,681,063 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,850,681 |
| | 2016 | 161,907 | 0 | 225,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386,907 |
| Samuel Baker Secretary | 2017 | 0 | 0 | 295,344 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 295,344 |
| | 2016 | 0 | 0 | 42,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42,500 |
| Lloyd Chiotti Director & EVP | 2017 | 136,541 | 0 | 840,454 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 976,995 |
| | 2016 | 130,334 | 0 | 110,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 240,334 |

During the year ended December 31, 2017, 625,000,000 common shares were approved for issuance to directors [1] and officers for a total amount of \$5,816,861 of which \$NIL was contributed as cash by them and \$5,816,861 was to be granted to them as stock-based compensation.

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The number of shares approved for issuance as compensation to each named executive officer for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

- John Cecil – 505,000,000 common shares issuable as compensation valued at \$4,681,063
- Samuel Baker – 30,000,000 common shares issuable as compensation valued at \$295,344
- Lloyd Chiotti – 90,000,000 common shares issuable as compensation valued at \$840,454

The values reported represent the issue date fair value of the shares multiplied by the number of shares issuable.

All compensation received by our officers and directors has been disclosed.

Option/SAR Grants

There are no stock option, retirement, pension, or profit sharing plans for the benefit of our officers and directors other than our 2012 and 2012 Non-Qualified Incentive Stock Option Plans. No options have been granted to our officers and directors thereunder.

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Long-Term Incentive Plan Awards

We do not have any long-term incentive plans that provide compensation intended to serve as incentive for performance.

Compensation of Directors

The members of our board of directors are not compensated for their services as directors. We no longer have employment contracts with our officers or directors.

Indemnification

Under our Bylaws, we may indemnify an officer or director who is made a party to any proceeding, including a lawsuit, because of his position, if he/she acted in good faith and in a manner he/she reasonably believed to be in our best interest. We may advance expenses incurred in defending a proceeding. To the extent that the officer or director is successful on the merits in a proceeding as to which he/she is to be indemnified, we must indemnify him/her against all expenses incurred, including attorney's fees. With respect to a derivative action, indemnity may be made only for expenses actually and reasonably incurred in defending the proceeding, and if the officer or director is judged liable, only by a court order. The indemnification is intended to be to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the State of Nevada.

Regarding indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, which may be permitted to directors or officers under Nevada law, we are informed that, in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, indemnification is against public policy, as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT.

The following table sets forth, as of the date of this report, the total number of shares owned beneficially by each of our directors, officers and key employees, individually and as a group, and the present owners of 5% or more of our total outstanding shares. The stockholder listed below has direct ownership of his/her shares and possesses sole voting and dispositive power with respect to the shares.

| Name and Address Beneficial Owner [1] | Number of Common Shares Owned | Percentage of Ownership | Number of Preferred Shares Owned | Percentage of Ownership |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| John Cecil [2] 255 Duncan Mill Road, Unit 504 Toronto, Ontario Canada M3B 3H9 | 507,756,028 | 44.71% | 70,000,000 | 73.69% |
| Lloyd Chiotti 255 Duncan Mill Road, Unit 504 Toronto, Ontario Canada M3B 3H9 | 91,370,917 | 8.05% | 5,000,000 | 5.26% |

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| | | | | |
|---|-------------|--------|------------|--------|
| Samuel Baker [3] 255 Duncan Mill Road, Unit 504 Toronto, Ontario Canada M3B 3H9 | 30,546,508 | 2.69% | - | 0.00% |
| All Officers and Directors as a Group (3 persons) | 629,673,453 | 55.45% | 75,000,000 | 78.95% |

[1] The persons named above may be deemed to be a "parent" and "promoter" of our company, within the meaning of such terms under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, by virtue of his/its direct and indirect stock holdings.

[2] Includes 32,670 shares of common stock owned by family members of John Cecil.

[3] Includes 667 shares of common stock owned by family members of Samuel Baker.

[4] Each preferred share is entitled to 100 votes.

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ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, 505,000,000 commons shares, 90,000,000 common shares and 30,000,000 common shares were issued respectively to John Cecil, Lloyd Chiotti and Samuel Baker, as stock based compensation and were valued at \$4,681,063, \$840,454 and \$295,344 respectively.

As at December 31, 2017, we owe our officers and directors \$667,239 in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES.

(1) Audit Fees

The aggregate fees billed for each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for our audit of annual financial statements and review of financial statements included in our Form 10-Qs or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years was:

2017 \$62,810 MaloneBailey LLP
2016 \$49,530 MaloneBailey LLP

(2) Audit-Related Fees

The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for assurance and related services by the principal accountants that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and are not reported in the preceding paragraph:

2017 \$ 0 MaloneBailey, LLP
2016 \$ 0 MaloneBailey LLP

(3) Tax Fees

The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning was:

2017 \$0 MaloneBailey, LLP
2016 \$0 MaloneBailey LLP

(4) All Other Fees

The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for the products and services provided by the principal accountant, other than the services reported in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) was:

2017 \$0 MaloneBailey LLP
2016 \$ 0 MaloneBailey LLP

(5) Our audit committee's pre-approval policies and procedures described in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X were that the audit committee pre-approve all accounting related activities prior to the performance of any services by any accountant or auditor.

(6) The percentage of hours expended on the principal accountant's engagement to audit our financial statements for the most recent fiscal year that were attributed to work performed by persons other than the principal accountant's full time, permanent employees was 0%.

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PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES.

| Exhibit | Document Description | Incorporated by reference FormDate | Filed Number herewith |
|---------|---|--|-----------------------------|
| 2.1 | Articles of Merger. | 8-K 1/21/11 | 2.1 |
| 3.1 | Articles of Incorporation. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 3.1 |
| 3.2 | Bylaws. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 3.2 |
| 3.3 | Amended Articles of Incorporation (11/23/2015). | 8-K 12/02/15 | 3.1 |
| 4.1 | Specimen Stock Certificate. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 4.1 |
| 10.1 | Option Agreement. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 10.1 |
| 10.2 | Lease Agreement | SB-2 3/05/07 | 10.1 |
| 10.3 | Agreement with Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. dated December 11, 2009. | 10-K 3/31/10 | 10.2 |
| 10.4 | Amended Agreement with Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. dated December 18, 2009. | 10-K 3/31/10 | 10.3 |
| 10.5 | Amended Agreement with Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. dated March 16, 2010. | 10-K 3/31/10 | 10.4 |
| 10.6 | Investment Agreement with Kodiak Capital Group, LLC. | S-1 10/29/14 | 10.6 |
| 10.7 | Consulting Agreement with Ten Associate LLC. | S-1 5/24/10 | 10.7 |
| 10.8 | Employment Agreement with Samuel Baker. | S-1 5/24/10 | 10.9 |
| 10.9 | Employment Agreement with John Cecil. | S-1 5/24/10 | 10.10 |
| 10.10 | Amended Consulting Agreement with Ten Associate LLC dated October 5, 2010. | 8-K 10/14/10 | 10.13 |
| 10.11 | Agreement with Jarr Capital Corp. | 8-K 11/17/10 | 10.1 |
| 10.12 | Agreement with Mary Kricfalusi. | 8-K 11/19/10 | 10.1 |

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| | | | | |
|-------|--|----------------|----------|-------|
| 10.13 | Agreement with Herb Adams. | 8-K | 11/19/10 | 10.2 |
| 10.14 | North American Authorized Agency Agreement with Advanced Software Technologies, Inc. | 8-K | 12/16/10 | 10.1 |
| 10.15 | Amended Agreement with Jarr Capital Corp. | 8-K | 2/22/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.16 | Termination of Employment Agreement with John Cecil. | 8-K | 2/22/11 | 10.2 |
| 10.17 | Termination of Employment Agreement with Samuel Baker. | 8-K | 2/22/11 | 10.4 |
| 10.18 | Services Agreement with Buchanan Associates Computer Consulting Ltd. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.19 | Equipment Lease Agreement with Buchanan Associates Computer Consulting Ltd. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.2 |
| 10.20 | Agreement with Mansfield Communications Inc. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.3 |
| 10.21 | Agreement with Watt International Inc. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.4 |
| 10.22 | Pilot EMR Agreement with Nexus Health Management Inc. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.5 |
| 10.23 | 2011 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan. | S-8 | 6/27/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.24 | Multimedia Contractual Agreement with David Miller. | 8-K | 10/28/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.25 | Strategic Alliance Agreement with Petro Data Management Services Limited and Gateway Global Fabrication Ltd. | 8-K | 11/02/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.26 | Independent Contractor Agreement with Savers Drug Mart. | 8-K | 1/26/12 | 10.1 |
| 10.27 | 2012 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan. | S-8 | 9/06/12 | 10.1 |
| 10.28 | Memorandum of Offering with Ministry of Health of Republic of Ghana. | S-1/A-36/26/13 | | 10.32 |
| 14.1 | Code of Ethics. | 10-K | 4/15/08 | 14.1 |
| 16.1 | Letter from Kempisty & Company | 8-K | 10/27/09 | 16.1 |
| 16.2 | Letter from MaloneBailey, LLP | 8-K | 3/02/11 | 16.1 |
| 16.3 | Letter from Schwartz Levitsky Feldman LLP | 8-K | 6/11/14 | 16.1 |
| 21.1 | List of Subsidiary Companies. | 10-K | 3/31/10 | 21.1 |
| 23.1 | Consent of MaloneBailey LLP. | 10-K | 4/14/16 | 23.1 |

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| | | | |
|---------|---|-------------------|---|
| 32.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | X |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | X |
| 99.1 | Audit Committee Charter. | 10-K 4/15/08 99.1 | |
| 99.2 | Disclosure Committee Charter. | 10-K 4/15/08 99.2 | |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document. | | X |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Schema. | | X |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Calculations. | | X |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Definitions. | | X |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Labels. | | X |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Presentation. | | X |

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on this 16th day of April, 2018.

KALLO INC.

BY: JOHN CECIL

John Cecil

President, Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Chairman of Board of Directors

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, this amended report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

| Signature | Title | Date |
|---|---|----------------|
| <u>JOHN CECIL</u> John Cecil | President, Principal Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and the Chairman of Board of Directors | April 16, 2018 |
| <u>SAMUEL BAKER</u> Samuel Baker | Corporate Secretary and member of the Board of Directors | April 16, 2018 |
| <u>LLOYD A. CHIOTTI</u> Lloyd A. Chiotti | Chief Operating Officer and member of the Board of Directors | April 16, 2018 |

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EXHIBITS INDEX.

| Exhibit | Document Description | Incorporated by reference FormDate | Filed Numberherewith |
|---------|---|--|-------------------------|
| 2.1 | Articles of Merger. | 8-K 1/21/11 | 2.1 |
| 3.1 | Articles of Incorporation. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 3.1 |
| 3.2 | Bylaws. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 3.2 |
| 3.3 | Amended Articles of Incorporation (11/23/2015). | 8-K 12/02/15 | 3.1 |
| 4.1 | Specimen Stock Certificate. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 4.1 |
| 10.1 | Option Agreement. | SB-2 3/05/07 | 10.1 |
| 10.2 | Lease Agreement | SB-2 3/05/07 | 10.1 |
| 10.3 | Agreement with Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. dated December 11, 2009. | 10-K 3/31/10 | 10.2 |
| 10.4 | Amended Agreement with Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. dated December 18, 2009. | 10-K 3/31/10 | 10.3 |
| 10.5 | Amended Agreement with Rophe Medical Technologies Inc. dated March 16, 2010. | 10-K 3/31/10 | 10.4 |
| 10.6 | Investment Agreement with Kodiak Capital Group, LLC. | S-1 10/29/14 | 10.6 |
| 10.7 | Consulting Agreement with Ten Associate LLC. | S-1 5/24/10 | 10.7 |
| 10.8 | Employment Agreement with Samuel Baker. | S-1 5/24/10 | 10.9 |
| 10.9 | Employment Agreement with John Cecil. | S-1 5/24/10 | 10.10 |
| 10.10 | Amended Consulting Agreement with Ten Associate LLC dated October 5, 2010. | 8-K 10/14/10 | 10.13 |
| 10.11 | Agreement with Jarr Capital Corp. | 8-K 11/17/10 | 10.1 |
| 10.12 | Agreement with Mary Kricfalusi. | 8-K 11/19/10 | 10.1 |

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|-------|--|----------------|----------|-------|
| 10.13 | Agreement with Herb Adams. | 8-K | 11/19/10 | 10.2 |
| 10.14 | North American Authorized Agency Agreement with Advanced Software Technologies, Inc. | 8-K | 12/16/10 | 10.1 |
| 10.15 | Amended Agreement with Jarr Capital Corp. | 8-K | 2/22/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.16 | Termination of Employment Agreement with John Cecil. | 8-K | 2/22/11 | 10.2 |
| 10.17 | Termination of Employment Agreement with Samuel Baker. | 8-K | 2/22/11 | 10.4 |
| 10.18 | Services Agreement with Buchanan Associates Computer Consulting Ltd. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.19 | Equipment Lease Agreement with Buchanan Associates Computer Consulting Ltd. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.2 |
| 10.20 | Agreement with Mansfield Communications Inc. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.3 |
| 10.21 | Agreement with Watt International Inc. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.4 |
| 10.22 | Pilot EMR Agreement with Nexus Health Management Inc. | 10-K | 5/18/11 | 10.5 |
| 10.23 | 2011 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan. | S-8 | 6/27/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.24 | Multimedia Contractual Agreement with David Miller. | 8-K | 10/28/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.25 | Strategic Alliance Agreement with Petro Data Management Services Limited and Gateway Global Fabrication Ltd. | 8-K | 11/02/11 | 10.1 |
| 10.26 | Independent Contractor Agreement with Savers Drug Mart. | 8-K | 1/26/12 | 10.1 |
| 10.27 | 2012 Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan. | S-8 | 9/06/12 | 10.1 |
| 10.28 | Memorandum of Offering with Ministry of Health of Republic of Ghana. | S-1/A-36/26/13 | | 10.32 |
| 14.1 | Code of Ethics. | 10-K | 4/15/08 | 14.1 |
| 16.1 | Letter from Kempisty & Company | 8-K | 10/27/09 | 16.1 |
| 16.2 | Letter from MaloneBailey, LLP | 8-K | 3/02/11 | 16.1 |
| 16.3 | Letter from Schwartz Levitsky Feldman LLP | 8-K | 6/11/14 | 16.1 |
| 21.1 | List of Subsidiary Companies. | 10-K | 3/31/10 | 21.1 |
| 23.1 | Consent of MaloneBailey LLP. | 10-K | 4/14/16 | 23.1 |

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|---------|---|-------------------|---|
| 32.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | X |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. | | X |
| 99.1 | Audit Committee Charter. | 10-K 4/15/08 99.1 | |
| 99.2 | Disclosure Committee Charter. | 10-K 4/15/08 99.2 | |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document. | | X |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Schema. | | X |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Calculations. | | X |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Definitions. | | X |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Labels. | | X |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension – Presentation. | | X |

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