Upland Software, Inc. Form 10-Q August 14, 2017 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number 001-36720

#### UPLAND SOFTWARE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

State of Delaware 27-2992077
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

401 Congress Avenue, Suite 1850

Austin, Texas

78701

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (512) 960-1010

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer "

Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer "(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company"

Emerging growth company X

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Shares Outstanding at August 4, 2017

Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value 20,599,395

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Item 1. Financial Statements

Upland Software, Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except for share and per share information)

(in thousands, except for share and per share information)	June 30, 2017 (unaudited)	December 31, 2016 (audited)
Assets		
Current assets:	¢ 57, 400	Φ <b>20.75</b> 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$57,420	\$28,758
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$940 and \$658 at June 30, 2017 and December 31,	14,278	15,254
2016, respectively) Prepaid and other	2,766	3,287
Total current assets	74,464	47,299
Canadian tax credits receivable	1,242	978
Property and equipment, net	3,876	4,356
Intangible assets, net	41,172	28,512
Goodwill	103,778	69,097
Other assets	330	346
Total assets	\$224,862	\$150,588
Liabilities and stockholders' equity	Ψ <b>22</b> .,002	Ψ120,200
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$2,482	\$1,268
Accrued compensation	2,469	2,541
Accrued expenses and other	7,704	5,505
Deferred revenue	29,870	23,552
Due to sellers	6,695	4,642
Current maturities of notes payable (includes unamortized discount of \$103 and \$329 at June		2.100
30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)	3,666	2,190
Total current liabilities	52,886	39,698
Canadian tax credit liability to sellers	_	361
Notes payable, less current maturities (includes unamortized discount of \$307 and \$1,113 at	68,593	45,739
June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)	00,393	43,739
Deferred revenue	1,372	247
Noncurrent deferred tax liability, net	3,853	3,404
Other long-term liabilities	1,624	2,126
Total liabilities	128,328	91,575
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized: 20,599,395 and 17,785,288	2	2
shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	173,179	124,566
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,152)
Accumulated deficit		(62,403 )
Total stockholders' equity	96,534	59,013
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$224,862	\$150,588
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated finance	nai statement	ts.

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Upland Software, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except for share and per share information) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenue:					
Subscription and support	\$19,407	\$ 16,220	\$37,542	\$31,461	
Perpetual license	1,746	458	2,440	776	
Total product revenue	21,153	16,678	39,982	32,237	
Professional services	2,128	1,892	4,051	3,915	
Total revenue	23,281	18,570	44,033	36,152	
Cost of revenue:					
Subscription and support	6,676	5,634	12,569	10,860	
Professional services	1,327	1,106	2,462	2,730	
Total cost of revenue	8,003	6,740	15,031	13,590	
Gross profit	15,278	11,830	29,002	22,562	
Operating expenses:					
Sales and marketing	4,037	2,953	7,258	6,022	
Research and development	4,003	4,054	7,480	7,964	
Refundable Canadian tax credits	(112)	(116	(229)	(225	)
General and administrative	6,576	4,547	12,480	8,670	
Depreciation and amortization	1,299	1,476	2,463	2,948	
Acquisition-related expenses	2,278	1,380	5,969	3,808	
Total operating expenses	18,081	14,294	35,421	29,187	
Loss from operations	(2,803)	(2,464	(6,419)	(6,625	)
Other expense:					
Interest expense, net	(1,160)	(662	(2,095)	(1,223	)
Loss on debt extinguishment	(1,634)	_	(1,634)	<b>—</b>	
Other expense, net	(18)	(293	(130)	(1,041	)
Total other expense	(2,812)	(955	(3,859)	(2,264	)
Loss before provision for income taxes	(5,615)	(3,419	(10,278)	(8,889)	)
Provision for income taxes	(196)	(158	(1,147)	(261	)
Net loss	\$(5,811)	\$ (3,577	\$(11,425)	\$ (9,150	)
Net loss per common share:					
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$(0.33)	\$ (0.22	\$(0.66)	\$ (0.58	)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	17,778,18	846,269,808	3 17,374,78	915,851,10	)6
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited co	ondensed o	consolidated	financial st	atements.	

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Upland Software, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss (in thousands) (unaudited)

Three Months Six Months Ended Ended June 30, June 30,

2017 2016 2017 2016 \$(5,811) \$(3,577) \$(11,425) \$(9,150) 255 5 333 481

Foreign currency translation adjustment 255 5 333 481 Comprehensive loss \$(5,556) \$(3,572) \$(11,092) \$(8,669)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Net loss

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Upland Software, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)
(unaudited)

(unaudited)	Six Mont	hs Ended
	2017	2016
Operating activities		
Net loss	\$(11,425)	\$(9,150)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,046	5,075
Deferred income taxes	392	102
Foreign currency re-measurement (gain) loss	(182	) (261 )
Non-cash interest and other expense	120	129
Non-cash stock compensation expense	5,920	1,564
Loss on disposal of business	_	731
Non-cash loss on retirement of fixed assets	(18	) —
Non-cash loss on debt extinguishment	1,634	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of purchase business combinations:		
Accounts receivable	4,038	1,364
Prepaids and other	846	549
Accounts payable	857	(1,509)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(462	) 258
Deferred revenue	(1,024	2,095
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,742	947
Investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(375	) (851 )
Purchase of customer relationships	(55	) (408 )
Purchase business combinations, net of cash acquired	(37,041	) (11,844 )
Net cash used in investing activities	(37,471	(13,103)
Financing activities		
Payments on capital leases	(745	) (908 )
Proceeds from notes payable, net of issuance costs	33,308	
Payments on notes payable		) (1,122 )
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	*	113
Additional consideration paid to sellers of businesses		) (1,484 )
Net cash provided by financing activities	60,201	11,586
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash	190	284
Change in cash and cash equivalents	28,662	(286)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	28,758	18,473
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$57,420	\$18,187
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$1,984	\$1,093
Cash paid for taxes	\$1,172	\$249
Noncash investing and financing activities:	<b>4.6</b>	<b>0.40</b>
Equipment acquired pursuant to capital lease obligations	\$165	\$340
Issuance of common stock in business combination	\$ <u> </u>	\$5,700
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidation	ated financi	al statements.

Upland Software, Inc.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of Presentation** 

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial reporting. In the opinion of management of the Company, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements and include all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation. The results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017 or for any other period.

The financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 30, 2017. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Significant items subject to such estimates include allowance for doubtful accounts, stock-based compensation, contingent consideration, acquired intangible assets, the useful lives of intangible assets and property and equipment, and income taxes. In accordance with GAAP, management bases its estimates on

and property and equipment, and income taxes. In accordance with GAAP, management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Management regularly evaluates its estimates and assumptions using historical experience and other factors; however, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Credit Risk and Significant Customers

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are placed with high-quality financial institutions, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in these accounts, and the Company does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents. The Company provides credit, in the normal course of business, to a number of its customers. The Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral. No individual customer represented more than 10% of total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2017 or June 30, 2016 or for the year ended December 31, 2016, or more than 10% of accounts receivable as of June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable, and long—term debt. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable approximate fair value, primarily due to short maturities. The carrying values of the Company's debt instruments approximated their fair value based on rates currently available to the Company.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09 (Topic 606), Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This ASU amends the existing accounting standards for revenue recognition and is based on the principle that revenue should be recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration a company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The Company will adopt this ASU on January 1, 2018, and we expect to use the modified retrospective application method. The Company is continuing to evaluate each of its revenue streams to identify any differences in the timing, measurement or presentation of revenue recognition under the new standard. The Company has determined that sales commission accounting under the new standard will be significantly different than the Company's current policy (to recognize the expense as incurred). The new standard will result in these types of costs being capitalized and amortized ratably related to new revenue contracts as well as certain historical contracts under which revenue is yet to recognized at the time of adoption.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. The core change with ASU 2016-2 is the requirement for the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under previous GAAP. The new standard is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have on its financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which changes the impairment model for most financial assets. The new model uses a forward-looking expected loss method, which will generally result in earlier recognition of allowances for losses. ASU 2016-13 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and early adoption is permitted for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of ASU 2016-13 will have on its financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. ASU 2016-15 is intended to add or clarify guidance on the classification of certain cash receipts and payments in the statement of cash flows and to eliminate the diversity in practice related to such classifications. The guidance in ASU 2016-15 is required for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of ASU 2016-15 will have on its financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, Clarifying the Definition of a Business, which revises the definition of a business and assists in the evaluation of when a set of transferred assets and activities is a business. ASU 2017-01 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and should be applied prospectively. Early adoption is permitted under certain circumstances.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other: Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. ASU 2017-04 eliminates step two of the goodwill impairment test and specifies that goodwill impairment should be measured by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount. Additionally, the amount of goodwill allocated to each reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount of net assets should be disclosed. ASU 2017-04 is effective for annual or interim goodwill impairment tests performed in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019; early adoption is permitted. We currently anticipate that the adoption of ASU 2017-04 will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation: Scope of Modification Accounting, which provides guidance about which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment awarded require an entity to apply modification accounting. ASU 2017-09 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The amendments in ASU 2017-09 are to be applied prospectively to an award modified on or after the adoption date; consequently, the impact will be dependent on whether we modify any share-based payment awards and the nature of such modifications. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

## Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern: Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern. The new standard provides guidance around management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. The new standard is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2014-15 during the first quarter of 2017. No additional disclosure was deemed necessary upon the adoption of ASU 2014-15. This standard would not result in an amount being recorded.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Stock Compensation. The core change with ASU 2016-09 is the simplification of several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classifications of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The new standard is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2016-09 during the first quarter of 2017. No impact on the financial statements was recorded as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-09.

## 2. Acquisitions

## 2017 Acquisitions

On January 10, 2017, the Company completed its purchase of Omtool, Ltd, a document capture, fax and workflow solution company. The purchase price consideration paid was approximately \$19.3 million in cash payable at closing (net of approximately \$3.0 million of cash acquired). Revenues recorded since the acquisition date through June 30, 2017 were approximately \$5.4 million.

On April 21, 2017, the Company acquired RightAnswers, Inc., a cloud-based knowledge management system. The purchase price was \$17.4 million, in cash at closing, net of cash acquired, and a \$2.5 million cash holdback payable in one year (a portion of which is available to satisfy indemnification claims) and excludes potential future earn-out payments tied to additional performance-based goals. Revenues recorded since the acquisition date through June 30, 2017 were approximately \$1.3 million.

See Note 12 — Subsequent Events for more information regarding the acquisition of Waterfall International Inc. in July 2017.

## 2016 Acquisitions

On January 7, 2016, the Company completed its purchase of LeadLander, Inc., a website analytics provider. The purchase price consideration paid was approximately \$8.0 million in cash payable at closing (net of approximately \$0.4 million of cash acquired) and a \$1.2 million cash holdback payable in 12 months (subject to indemnification claims), which was fully paid after December 31, 2016. In addition, the Asset Purchase Agreement included a contingent share consideration component pursuant to which the Company issued an aggregate of \$2.4 million in common stock on July 25, 2016.

On March 14, 2016, the Company completed its purchase of HipCricket, Inc., a cloud-based mobile messaging software provider. The consideration paid to the seller consisted of the issuance of one million shares of the Company's common stock and the transfer of the Company's EPM Live product business. The value of the shares on the closing date of the transaction was approximately \$5.7 million and the fair value of the EPM Live product business was approximately \$5.9 million. The Company recognized a loss on the transfer in conjunction with the EPM Live net asset value of approximately \$0.7 million in other expenses, net. Prior to the transaction, HipCricket was owned by an affiliate of ESW Capital, LLC, which is a shareholder of the Company. Raymond James & Co. provided a fairness opinion to the Company in connection with the transaction.

On April 27, 2016, the Company acquired Advanced Processing & Imaging, Inc. ("API"), a content management platform driving workflow in governments and schools. The purchase price consideration consisted of \$4.1 million in cash payable at closing (net of \$0.1 million of cash acquired), and a \$0.8 million cash holdback payable in 12 months (subject to indemnification claims).

The following condensed table presents the preliminary and finalized acquisition-date fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed for the acquisitions in 2016 and through the six months ended June 30, 2017 (and excludes the acquisition of Waterfall International Inc. See Note 12 — Subsequent Events for more information regarding the acquisition of Waterfall International Inc. in July 2017), as well as assets and liabilities (in thousands):

	Prelimina	ary	Finalize	ed	
	RightAns	sv@ <b>ns</b> tool	API	HipCricket	LeadLander
Year Acquired	2017	2017	2016	2016	2016
Cash	\$139	\$2,957	\$125	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ 365
Accounts receivable	2,164	784	821	1,226	199
Other current assets	94	405	54	273	55
Property and equipment	158	63	68		5
Customer relationships	5,700	4,390	1,420	1,000	970
Trade name	200	170	40	70	70
Technology	2,600	3,180	810	900	1,410
Goodwill	20,238	14,003	3,420	8,531	13,104
Other assets		33	89		6
Total assets acquired	31,293	25,985	6,847	12,000	16,184
Accounts payable	(138)	(219)	(11	(44)	
Accrued expense and other	(1,317)	(934)	(137)	· —	(254)
Deferred revenue	(5,540)	(2,618)	(1,699)	(356)	(910)
Total liabilities assumed	(6,995)	(3,771)	(1,847)	(400)	(1,164)

Total consideration \$24,298 \$22,214 \$5,000 \$11,600 \$15,020

Tangible assets were valued at their respective carrying amounts, which approximates their estimated fair value. The valuation of identifiable intangible assets reflects management's estimates based on, among other factors, use of established valuation methods. Customer relationships were valued using an income approach, which estimates fair value based on the earnings and cash flow capacity of the subject asset. The value of the marketing-related intangibles was determined using a relief-from-royalty method, which estimates fair value based on the value the owner of the asset receives from not having to pay a royalty to use the asset. Developed technology was valued using a cost-to-recreate approach.

The Company recorded the purchase of the acquisitions described above using the acquisition method of accounting and, accordingly, recognized the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values as of the date of the acquisition. The purchase price allocations for the 2017 acquisitions of Omtool and RightAnswers are preliminary as the Company has not obtained and evaluated all of the detailed information necessary to finalize the opening balance sheet amounts in all respects. The purchase price allocations for the 2016 acquisitions of Leadlander, HipCricket, and API are final. Management has recorded the purchase price allocations based upon acquired company information that is currently available. Management expects to close its purchase price allocations for Omtool and RightAnswers during the latter half of 2017.

The goodwill of \$59.3 million for the above acquisitions is primarily attributable to the synergies expected to arise after the acquisition. Goodwill deductible for tax purposes is \$4.9 million for the LeadLander acquisition and \$8.2 million for HipCricket. There was no goodwill deductible for tax purposes for the Omtool and RightAnswers acquisitions.

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the exit price, or the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. GAAP sets forth a three–tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The three tiers are Level 1, defined as observable inputs, such as quoted market prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, which therefore requires an entity to develop its own assumptions.

Changes to the fair value of earnout liabilities are recorded to other expense, net. Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below (in thousands):

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2016 Lekevel 2 Level 3 Total

Earnout consideration liability \$-\$ -\$2,500 \$2,500

Fair Value Measurements

at June 30, 2017 (unaudited)

Lekevel 2 Level 3 Total

Earnout consideration liability \$-\$ -\$4,000 \$4,000

The earnout consideration liability consists of amounts associated with the acquisitions of LeadLander in January 2016 and RightAnswers in April 2017. The LeadLander \$2.5 million Level 3 earnout consideration liability was settled in March 2017, and the RightAnswers \$4.0 million Level 3 earnout consideration liability was added during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

The following table presents additional information about liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and for which we have utilized significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs to determine fair value (in thousands):

Ending balance at December 31, 2016 \$2,500 Additions - cash earnouts 4,000 Settlements - cash earnouts (2,500) Ending balance at June 30, 2017 \$4,000

The fair value of the earnout consideration was determined using the Binary Option model based on the present value of the probability-weighted earnout consideration.

#### Debt

The Company believes the carrying value of its long-term debt at June 30, 2017 approximates its fair value based on the variable interest rate feature or based upon interest rates currently available to the Company.

The estimated fair value and carrying value of the Company's debt at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is \$72.7 million and \$49.4 million, respectively, based on valuation methodologies using interest rates currently available to the Company which are Level 2 inputs.

## 4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the Company's goodwill balance for the six months ended June 30, 2017 are summarized in the table below (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2016 \$69,097 Acquired in business combinations 34,258 Foreign currency translation adjustment 423 Balance at June 30, 2017 \$103,778

Net intangible assets include the estimated acquisition-date fair values of customer relationships, marketing-related assets, and developed technology that the Company recorded as part of its business acquisitions.

The following is a summary of the Company's intangible assets, net (in thousands):

	Estimated Useful	Gross	Accumulated	Net Carrying
	Life (Years)	<b>Carrying Amount</b>	Amortization	Amount
June 30, 2017:				
Customer relationships	1-10	\$ 43,102	\$ 14,560	\$ 28,542
Trade name	1.5-3	3,014	2,676	338
Developed technology	4-7	21,091	8,799	12,292
Total intangible assets		\$ 67,207	\$ 26,035	\$ 41,172
	Estimated Useful	Gross	Accumulated	Net Carrying
	Estimated Useful Life (Years)	Gross Carrying Amount		
December 31, 2016:				
December 31, 2016: Customer relationships	Life (Years)			
•	Life (Years)	Carrying Amount	Amortization	Amount
Customer relationships	Life (Years) 1-10 1.5-3	Carrying Amount \$ 32,703	Amortization \$ 12,418	Amount \$ 20,285

The following table summarizes the Company's weighted-average amortization period, in total and by major finite-lived intangible asset class (in years):

	June 30, 2017	December 31,
Customer relationships	9.4	9.3
Trade name	0.5	2.8
Developed technology	6.2	6.3
Total weighted-average amortization period	8.0	8.0

The Company periodically reviews the estimated useful lives of its identifiable intangible assets, taking into consideration any events or circumstances that might result in either a diminished fair value or revised useful life. There have been no indicators of impairment or change in the useful life during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. Total amortization expense during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 was \$3.8 million in both periods.

2016

Estimated annual amortization expense for the next five years and thereafter is as follows (in thousands):

Amortization

Expense

Year ending December 31:

Remainder of 2017	\$ 4,108
2018	7,852
2019	6,870
2020	5,900
2021	5,504
2022 and thereafter	10,938
Total	\$ 41,172

#### 5. Income Taxes

The Company's income tax provision for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 reflects its estimate of the effective tax rates expected to be applicable for the full years, adjusted for any discrete events that are recorded in the period in which they occur. The estimates are re-evaluated each quarter based on the estimated tax expense for the full year. The tax provision for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 is primarily related to foreign income taxes associated with our Canadian operations, changes in deferred tax liabilities associated with amortization of United States tax deductible goodwill, alternative minimum tax and state taxes in certain states in which the Company does not file on a consolidated basis or have net operating loss carryforwards. The Company has historically incurred operating losses in the United States and, given its cumulative losses and limited history of profits, has recorded a valuation allowance against its United States net deferred tax assets, exclusive of tax deductible goodwill, at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

The Company has reflected any uncertain tax positions within its current taxes payable, but none in deferred taxes. Federal, state, and foreign income tax returns have been filed in jurisdictions with varying statutes of limitations. Varying among the separate companies, tax years 1998 through 2016 remain subject to examination by federal and most state tax authorities due to our net operating loss carryforwards. In foreign jurisdictions, tax years 2008 through 2016 remain subject to examination. The Company increased both its net operating loss deferred tax asset and its valuation allowance by \$152,000 upon adoption of ASU No. 2016-09 relating to certain tax deductions associated with stock option transactions greater than the stock-related compensation expense for financial statement purposes. 6. Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (in thousands):

	June 30,	December
	2017	31, 2016
Senior secured loans (includes unamortized discount of \$410 and \$1,442 based on an imputed interest rate of 6.2% and 6.6%, at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)	\$72,259	\$47,929
Less current maturities	(3,666)	(2,190)
Total long-term debt	\$68,593	\$45,739

Loan and Security Agreements

Fifth Amendment to Credit Facility

Subsequent to June 30, 2017, the Company materially amended and expanded its Credit Agreement (the

"Credit Facility") on August 2, 2017. The Company entered into the Credit Facility with Wells Fargo Capital Finance and CIT Bank, N.A. as joint lead arrangers, and including Goldman Sachs, Bank USA, Regions Bank, and Citizens Bank, N.A., with a Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "Fifth Amendment") that amends that certain Credit Facility dated as of May 14, 2015 among inter alia the Company, certain of its subsidiaries, and each of the lenders named in the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility now provides for a \$200.0 million credit facility, including a \$95.0 million outstanding term loan, a \$40.0 million delayed draw term loan commitment, a \$10.0 million revolving loan commitment, and a \$55.0 million uncommitted accordion.

Specifically, the Amendment provides for, among other things, (i) the expansion of the Company's delayed draw term facility from \$10.0 million to \$40.0 million, (ii) an increase in the Company's uncommitted accordion amount from \$20.0 million to \$55.0 million, (iii) reduces principal installments to 2.5% per annum on or before June 30, 2019 with the existing 5.0% per annum due thereafter until the facility's maturity date of August 2, 2022, (iv) favorable adjustment of leverage ratio to exclude excess of \$2.5 million and up to \$15 million in qualified cash from such calculation, and (v) an increase in the maximum amount of purchase consideration payable in respect of an individual permitted acquisition from \$20.0 million to \$25.0 million and in respect of all permitted acquisitions from \$75.0 million. The information below does not reflect this subsequent event.

See Note 12 — Subsequent Events for more information regarding the Fifth Amendment to the Credit Facility, a July 2017 expansion of this credit facility, which increased the total borrowing capacity from \$90.0 million to \$200.0 million to pursue additional potential acquisitions.

## Loans

## Fourth Amendment to Credit Facility

On April 21, 2017, the Company amended its \$90.0 million Credit Facility among inter alia the Company, certain of its domestic and Canadian subsidiaries, and each of the lenders party thereto, which was subsequently amended by the Fifth Amendment (the "Fourth Amendment"). After giving effect to the Fourth Amendment, the Company borrowed an additional term loan of \$15.0 million million (in conjunction with the acquisition of RightAnswers), which was previously part of the uncommitted accordion feature of the Credit Facility.

The superseded Fourth Amendment provides for \$73.6 million of term debt comprised of (i) a fully drawn U.S. term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$53.1 million (the "U.S. Term Loan"), (ii) a fully drawn Canadian term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$5.5 million (the "Canadian Term Loan" and (iii) an additional \$15.0 million term loan from the accordion feature, and, together with the U.S. and Canadian Term Loans, the "Term Loans"). In addition, the Credit Facility also provides for fully available revolvers of \$10.0 million, comprised of (i) a U.S. revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$9.0 million (the "U.S. Revolver"), (ii) a Canadian revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1.0 million (the "Canadian Revolver" and, together with the U.S. Revolver, the "Revolver").

The superseded Fourth Amendment also includes provisions for optional, uncommitted increases in the maximum size of the loan facility available under the Credit Facility by an aggregate principal amount of \$20.0 million upon the satisfaction of the terms and conditions set forth in the Credit Facility, of which \$15.0 million was utilized as described above.

The superseded Fourth Amendment also provides for, among other things, (i) a maturity date of November 15, 2021 (the "Maturity Date"), (ii) a maximum amount of permitted stock repurchases of \$8.3 million, and (iii) a maximum amount of seller subordinated indebtedness permitted to be incurred in connection with permitted acquisitions of \$16.7 million.

As of June 30, 2017, there were no amounts drawn on its U.S. or Canadian revolving loans outstanding under the Credit Facility, and there was \$72.7 million outstanding on term loans comprised of (i) \$67.3 million in U.S. term loans outstanding under the Credit Facility; and (ii) \$5.4 million in Canadian term loans outstanding under the Credit Facility.

## Terms of Revolver

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, loans under the Revolver are available up to the lesser of (i) \$10.0 million (the "Maximum Revolver Amount") or (ii) the result of (a) 100% multiplied by (subject to step-downs beginning December 31, 2016) of certain subsidiaries' recurring revenues on a trailing twelve month basis, minus (b)

the outstanding balance of the Term Loans and other uses of the capacity made under the Credit

Facility (such amount, the "Credit Amount"). The Revolver provides a subfacility whereby Borrowers may request letters of credit (the "Letters of Credit") in an aggregate amount not to exceed, at any one time outstanding, \$0.5 million and \$0.25 million, from the U.S & Canadian facilities, respectively. The aggregate amount of outstanding Letters of Credit are reserved against the credit availability under the Maximum Revolver Amount and the Credit Amount. Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, loans under the Revolver may be borrowed, repaid and reborrowed until November 15, 2021 (the "Maturity Date"), at which time all amounts borrowed under the Credit Facility must be repaid.

Terms of Term Loans

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, the Term Loans are repayable, on a quarterly basis beginning December 31, 2016, by an amount equal to 5.0% per annum of the original principal amount of such loan. Any amount remaining unpaid is due and payable in full on the Maturity Date.

Terms of Delay Draw Term Loan

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, pursuant to the terms of the Credit Facility, the DDTL is to be used to finance acquisitions, and was drawn in full in January, 2017 to finance the acquisition of Omtool. The DDTL is repayable, on a quarterly basis, by an amount equal to 5.0% per annum of the original funded amount of the DDTL. Any amount remaining unpaid would be due and payable in full on the Maturity Date.

Other Terms of Credit Facility

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, at the option of the Company, U.S. loans accrue interest at a per annum rate based on (i) the U.S. base rate plus a margin ranging from 3.0% to 4.0% depending on the leverage ratio or (ii) the U.S. LIBOR rate determined in accordance with the Credit Facility (based on 1, 2, 3 or 6-month interest periods) plus a margin ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% depending on the leverage ratio. The U.S. base rate is a rate equal to the highest of (i) the federal funds rate plus a margin equal to 0.5%, the U.S. LIBOR rate for a 1-month interest period plus 1.0%, and (ii) Wells Fargo Capital Finance's prime rate.

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, at the option of the Company, the Canadian loans accrue interest at a per annum rate based on (i) the Canadian prime rate or the U.S. base rate plus a margin ranging from 3.0% to 4.0% depending on the leverage ratio or (ii) the U.S. LIBOR rate determined in accordance with the Credit Facility (based on 1, 2, 3 or 6-month interest periods) (or the Canadian Bankers Acceptance ("Canadian BA") rate determined in accordance with the Credit Facility for obligations in Canadian dollars) plus a margin ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% depending on the leverage ratio.

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, accrued interest on the loans will be paid monthly, or, with respect to loans that are accruing interest based on the U.S. LIBOR rate or Canadian BA rate, at the end of the applicable U.S. LIBOR or Canadian BA interest rate period.

Lenders are entitled to a premium (the "Prepayment Premium") in the event of certain prepayments of the loans in an amount equal to (i) from November 15, 2016 to November 15, 2017, 2.0% times the sum of (a) the Maximum Revolver Amount plus (b) the outstanding principal amount of the Term Loan and DDTL on the date immediately prior to the date of the prepayment (such sum, the "Prepayment Amount") (ii) from November 15, 2017 to November 15, 2018, 1.0% times the Prepayment Amount and (iii) during the period from and after November 15, 2018 to the Maturity Date, 0.0% times the Prepayment Amount. The Company may also be subject to prepayment fees in the case of commitment reductions of the Revolver and also may be obligated to prepay loans upon the occurrence of certain events.

The Company is also obligated to pay other customary servicing fees, letter of credit fees and unused credit facility fees.

The Loan Facility contains customary affirmative and negative covenants. The negative covenants limit the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to, among other things (in each case subject to customary exceptions for a credit facility of this size and type):

Incur additional indebtedness or guarantee indebtedness of others;

Create liens on their assets;

Make investments, including certain acquisitions;

Enter into mergers or consolidations;

## Dispose of assets;

Pay dividends and make other distributions on the Company's capital stock, and redeem and repurchase the Company's capital stock;

Enter into transactions with affiliates; and

Prepay indebtedness or make changes to certain agreements.

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, there are certain financial covenants that became more restrictive starting March 31, 2017. If an event of default occurs, at the election of the Lenders, a default interest rate shall apply on all obligations during an event of default, at a rate per annum equal to 2.00% above the applicable interest rate.

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, the Loan Facility limits the Company's ability to buyback its capital stock, subject to restrictions including a minimum liquidity requirement of \$20.0 million before and after any such buyback.

## Termination of Prior Credit Facility

In conjunction with the Fourth Amendment to the Credit Facility on April 21, 2017, the borrowing of \$15.0 million from the previously uncommitted accordion feature of the Credit Facility triggered debt extinguishment accounting under ASC 470, Debt. As a result, the Company was required to write off debt issuance cost of \$1.6 million as Loss on debt extinguishment, which included unamortized debt discount of \$1.1 million and \$0.5 million of lender fees related directly to the new debt.

## Interest Rate and Debt Discount

Cash interest costs averaged 6.0% and 5.7% under the Credit Facility for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and for the year ended December 31, 2016, respectively. In addition, the Company has \$0.4 million of unamortized Debt Discount associated with the Credit Facility as of June 30, 2017. These Debt Discount costs will be amortized to non-cash interest expense over the term of the Credit Facility.

#### **Debt Maturities**

Under the terms of the superseded Fourth Amendment, future debt maturities of long-term debt (excluding financing costs) at June 30, 2017 are as follows (in thousands):

#### Year ending December 31:

Remaining 2017	\$1,884
2018	3,769
2019	3,769
2020	3,769
2021	59,478
Thereafter	
	\$72,669

#### 7. Net Loss Per Share

The following table sets forth the computations of loss per share (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

Three Months Ended Six Months Ended June 30. June 30.

2017 2016 2017 2016

Numerator:

Net Loss \$(5,811) \$(3,577) \$(11,425) \$(9,150)

Denominator:

Stock options

Weighted–average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted 17,778,1846,269,808 17,374,78915,851,106 Net loss per common share, basic and diluted \$(0.33) \$(0.22) \$(0.66) \$(0.58)

Due to the net losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively, basic and diluted loss per share were the same, as the effect of all potentially dilutive securities would have been anti–dilutive. The following table sets forth the anti–dilutive common share equivalents (which does not include 318,302 common shares issued July 25, 2016 in conjunction with the acquisition of Leadlander, as a result of the achievement of certain revenue targets):

June 30, 2017 2016 692,097 686,667 1,274,088 981,175

Restricted stock 1,274,088 981,175 Total anti–dilutive common share equivalents1,966,185 1,667,842

8. Commitments and Contingencies

**Purchase Commitments** 

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the Company purchased software development services pursuant to a technology services agreement with DevFactory FZ-LLC, in the amount of \$1.2 million in both periods, respectively. See Note 11 — Related Party Transactions for more information regarding our purchase commitment to this related party.

On March 28, 2017, the Company entered into an amendment to the Amended and Restated Technology Services Agreement with DevFactory FZ-LLC to extend the initial term end date from December 31, 2017 to December 31, 2021. Additionally, the Company amended the option for either party to renew annually for one additional year. The effective date of the amendment is January 1, 2017.

See Note 12 — Subsequent Events for more information regarding the July 2017 entry into a \$5.0 million, four-year commitment cloud hosting agreement with Amazon Web Services.

## Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Company may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings. At this time, the Company is not involved in any current or pending legal proceedings and does not anticipate any legal proceedings that may have a material adverse affect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of the Company.

## 9. Stockholders' Equity

On May 12, 2017, the Company filed a registration statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-217977) (the "S-3"), to register Upland securities in an aggregate amount of up to \$75.0 million for offerings from time to time. The S-3 was amended on May 22, 2017 and declared effective on May 26, 2017. On June 6, 2017, the Company completed a registered underwritten public offering pursuant to the S-3. The net proceeds of the offering was approximately \$42.7 million, net of issuance costs, in exchange for 2,139,534 shares of common stock. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources for more information related to the public underwritten offering.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company may issue up to approximately \$29.0 million of securities under the remaining capacity of its S-3 shelf registration.

Restricted Stock Awards

Restricted share activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Number of	Weighted-Average
	Restricted	Grant Date Fair
	Shares	
	Outstanding	Value
Unvested balances at December 31, 2016	839,477	\$ 7.55
Awards granted	666,853	
Awards vested	(212,241)	
Awards forfeited	(20,001)	
Unvested balances at June 30, 2017	1,274,088	\$ 11.22
Charle Oution Astinites		

**Stock Option Activity** 

Stock option activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Number of	Weighted-
		Average
	Options	Exercise
	Outstanding	Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	759,719	\$ 6.06
Options granted		\$ —
Options exercised	(64,374)	\$ 4.63
Options forfeited	(3,154)	\$ 6.21
Options expired	(94)	\$ 6.26
Outstanding at June 30, 2017	692,097	\$ 6.20

## **Share-based Compensation**

The Company recognized share-based compensation expense from all awards in the following expense categories (in thousands):

	Three			
	Months		Six Mo	nths
	Ended J	lune	Ended J	June 30,
	30,			
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Cost of revenue	\$113	\$8	\$131	\$15
Research and development	282	28	341	42
Sales and marketing	54	32	77	45
General and administrative	3,167	802	5,371	1,462
Total	\$3,616	\$870	\$5,920	\$1,564

## 10. Domestic and Foreign Operations

Revenue by geography is based on the ship-to address of the customer, which is intended to approximate where the customer's users are located. The ship-to country is generally the same as the billing country. The Company has operations in the U.S., Canada and Europe. Information about these operations is presented below (in thousands):

Three N	<b>Months</b>	Six Mo	onths
Ended.	June 30,	Ended	June 30,
2017	2016	2017	2016

Revenues:

U.S. \$18,016 \$15,733 \$35,624 \$30,163 Canada 1,234 1,011 2,080 2,013 Other International 4,031 1,826 6,329 3,976 Total Revenues \$23,281 \$18,570 \$44,033 \$36,152

## 11. Related Party Transactions

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the Company purchased software development services pursuant to a technology services agreement with DevFactory FZ-LLC, in the amount of \$1.2 million in both periods, respectively. On March 28, 2017, the Company entered into an amendment to the Amended and Restated Technology Services Agreement to extend the initial term end date from December 31, 2017 to December 31, 2021. Additionally, the Company amended the option for either party to renew annually for one additional year. The effective date of the amendment is January 1, 2017. The Company has an outstanding purchase commitment in 2017 for software development services pursuant to a technology services agreement in the amount of \$2.5 million. For years after 2017, the purchase commitment amount for software development services will be equal to the prior year purchase commitment increased (decreased) by the percentage change in total revenue for the prior year as compared to the preceding year. For example, if 2017 total revenues increase by 10% as compared to 2016 total revenues, then the 2018 purchase commitment will increase by approximately \$250,000 from the 2017 purchase commitment amount to approximately \$2.8 million.

The Company purchased approximately \$1.5 million and \$0.6 million in services from Crossover, Inc. during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. While there are no purchase commitments with this company, the Company continues to use their services in 2017.

The Company has an arrangement with a former subsidiary to provide management, human resource, payroll and administrative services, the Company received fees during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 totaling \$180,000 in each period.

## 12. Subsequent Events

#### Acquisitions

On July 13, 2017, the Company acquired Waterfall International Inc. ("Waterfall"), a cloud-based mobile messaging platform. The purchase price consideration paid was approximately \$24.4 million in cash at closing, net of cash acquired, and a \$1.5 million cash holdback payable in 18 months (subject to indemnification claims). The foregoing excludes additional potential earnout payments tied to performance-based conditions. Fifth Amendment of Credit Facility

On August 2, 2017, the Company entered into a credit facility with Wells Fargo Capital Finance and CIT Bank, N.A. as joint lead arrangers, and including Goldman Sachs, Bank USA, Regions Bank, and Citizens Bank, N.A., with a Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement (the "Fifth Amendment") that amends that certain Credit Agreement dated as of May 14, 2015 (the "Credit Facility") among inter alia the Company, certain of its subsidiaries, and each of the lenders named in the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility now provides for a \$200.0 million credit facility, including a \$95.0 million outstanding term loan, a \$40.0 million delayed draw term loan commitment, a \$10.0 million revolving loan commitment, and a \$55.0 million uncommitted accordion.

Specifically, the Fifth Amendment provides for, among other things, (i) the expansion of the Company's delayed draw term facility from \$10.0 million to \$40.0 million, (ii) an increase in the Company's uncommitted accordion amount from \$20.0 million to \$55.0 million, (iii) reduces principal installments to 2.5% per annum on or before June 30, 2019 with the existing 5.0% per annum due thereafter until the facility's maturity date of August 2, 2022, (iv) favorable adjustment of leverage ratio to exclude excess of \$2.5 million and up to \$15.0 million in qualified cash from such calculation, and (v) an increase in the maximum amount of purchase consideration payable in respect of an individual permitted acquisition from \$20.0 million to \$25.0 million and in respect of all permitted acquisitions from \$75.0 million to \$175.0 million.

## **Cloud Hosting Agreement**

On July 28, 2017, the Company entered into a four-year, \$5.0 million agreement with Amazon Web Services to support its cloud infrastructure in conjunction with the consolidation and elimination of a substantial portion of its physical cloud infrastructure maintained in various data centers around the United States, Canada and the UK.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Forward Looking Statements

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "may," "will," "continue," "seek," "estimate," "intend," "hope," "predict," "could," "should," "would," "project," "plan," "expect" or plural of these words or similar expressions, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. Factors or risks that could cause our actual results to differ from the results we anticipate include, but are not limited to:

our financial performance and our ability to achieve or sustain profitability or predict future results;

our ability to attract and retain customers;

our ability to deliver high-quality customer service;

the growth of demand for enterprise work management applications;

our ability to effectively manage our growth;

our ability to consummate and integrate acquisitions;

maintaining our senior management team and key personnel;

our ability to maintain and expand our direct sales organization;

our ability to obtain financing in the future on acceptable terms or at all;

our ability to adapt to changing market conditions and competition;

our ability to successfully enter new markets and manage our international expansion;

the operation and reliability of our third-party data centers and hosting providers;

our ability to manage our consultants and contractors;

our ability to adapt to technological change and continue to innovate;

economic and financial conditions;

our ability to integrate our applications with other software applications;

maintaining and expanding our relationships with third parties;

costs associated with defending intellectual property infringement and other claims;

our ability to maintain, protect and enhance our brand and intellectual property;

our ability to comply with privacy laws and regulations; and

other risk factors included under "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 30, 2017, as updated by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The outcome of the events described in these forward-looking statements is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements, including risks and uncertainties detailed in this and our other reports and filings with the SEC. The forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q represent our views as of the date of this

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We anticipate that subsequent events and developments may cause our views to change. However, while we may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we have no current intention of doing so except to the extent required by applicable law. You should, therefore, not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Overview

We provide cloud-based enterprise work management software. We define enterprise work management software as software applications that enable organizations to plan, manage and execute projects and work. Our family of applications enables users to manage their projects, professional workforce and IT investments, automate document-intensive business processes and effectively engage with their customers, prospects and community via the web and mobile technologies.

The continued growth of an information-based economy has given rise to a large and growing group of knowledge workers who operate in dynamic work environments as part of geographically dispersed and virtual teams. We believe that manual processes and legacy on-premise enterprise systems are insufficient to address the needs of the modern work environment. In order for knowledge workers to be successful, they need to interact with intuitive enterprise work systems in a collaborative way, including real-time access. Today, legacy processes and systems are being disrupted and replaced by cloud-based enterprise work management software that improves visibility, collaboration and productivity.

In response to these changes, we are providing organizations and their knowledge workers with software applications that better align resources with business objectives and increase visibility, governance, collaboration, quality of customer experience and responsiveness to changes in the business environment. This results in increased work capacity, higher productivity, better execution and greater levels of customer engagement. Our applications are easy-to-use, scalable and offer real-time collaboration for knowledge workers distributed on a local or global scale. Our applications address enterprise work challenges in the following categories:

Project & Information Technology (IT) Management. Enables users to manage their organization's projects, professional workforce and IT costs.

Workflow Automation. Enables users to automate document-intensive workflow business processes across their enterprise and supply chain.

Digital Engagement. Enables users to effectively engage with their customers, prospects and community via the web and mobile technologies.

We sell our software applications primarily through a direct sales organization comprised of inside sales and field sales personnel. In addition to our direct sales organization, we have an indirect sales organization, which sells to distributors and value-added resellers. We employ a land-and-expand go-to-market strategy. After we demonstrate the value of an initial application to a customer, our sales and account management teams work to expand the adoption of that initial application across the customer, as well as cross-sell additional applications to address other enterprise work management needs of the customer. Our customer success organization supports our direct sales efforts by managing the post-sale customer lifecycle.

Our subscription agreements are typically sold either on a per-seat basis or on a minimum contracted volume basis with overage fees billed in arrears, depending on the application being sold. We service customers ranging from large global corporations and government agencies to small- and medium-sized businesses. We have more than 2,500 customers with over 250,000 users across a broad range of industries, including financial services, retail, technology, manufacturing, education, consumer goods, media, telecommunications, government, food and beverage, healthcare and life sciences.

Through a series of acquisitions and integrations, we have established a diverse family of software applications under the Upland brand and in three product categories (Project & IT Management, Workflow Automation, and Digital Engagement), each of which addresses a specific enterprise work management need. Our revenue has grown from \$22.8 million in 2012 to \$74.8 million in 2016 (and to \$44.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017), representing a 228% period-over-period growth rate. See Note 10 — Domestic and Foreign

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Operations in Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding our revenue as it relates to domestic and foreign operations.

To support continued growth, we intend to pursue acquisitions of complementary technologies, products and businesses. This will expand our product families, customer base, and market access resulting in increased benefits of scale. We will prioritize acquisitions within the product categories we currently participate in, including Project & IT Management, Workflow Automation, and Digital Engagement. Consistent with our growth strategy, we have made fourteen acquisitions since February, 2012 through June 30, 2017, excluding an additional acquisition in July 2017. See Note 12 — Subsequent Events in Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information regarding events occurring after June 30, 2017, including the acquisition of Waterfall International, Inc. on July 13, 2017.

#### **Key Metrics**

In addition to the GAAP financial measures described below in "—Components of Operating Results," we regularly review the following key metrics to evaluate and identify trends in our business, measure our performance, prepare financial projections and make strategic decisions.

## Adjusted EBITDA

We monitor our Adjusted EBITDA to help us evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of our operations. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss), calculated in accordance with GAAP, plus depreciation and amortization expense, interest expense, net, loss on debt extinguishment, other expense (income), net, provision for income taxes, stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related expenses, non-recurring litigation costs, and purchase accounting adjustments for deferred revenue. The following table presents a reconciliation of net loss from continuing operations, the most comparable GAAP measure, to Adjusted EBITDA for each of the periods indicated.

		nths Ended	Six Month	s Ended June
	June 30,		30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(dollars in	thousands)		
Reconciliation of Net loss to Adjusted EBITDA:				
Net Loss	\$(5,811)	\$(3,577)	\$(11,425)	\$(9,150)
Add:				
Depreciation and amortization expense	2,648	2,560	5,046	5,075
Interest expense, net	1,160	662	2,095	1,223
Loss on debt extinguishment	1,634		1,634	
Other expense, net	18	293	130	1,041
Provision for income taxes	196	158	1,147	261
Stock-based compensation expense	3,616	870	5,920	1,564
Acquisition-related expense	2,278	1,380	5,969	3,808
Nonrecurring litigation expense	_	13	_	25
Purchase accounting deferred revenue discount	1,059	417	1,738	932
Adjusted EBITDA	\$6,798	\$2,776	\$12,254	\$4,779
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding - basic	17,778,184	16,269,808	17,374,789	15,851,106
Weighted average ordinary shares outstanding - diluted	19,072,485	5 16,623,849	18,414,616	16,164,234
Adjusted EBITDA per share - basic	\$0.38	\$0.17	\$0.71	\$0.30
Adjusted EBITDA per share - diluted	\$0.36	\$0.17	\$0.67	\$0.30
Total revenue- plus purchase accounting deferred revenue discount	\$24,340	\$18,987	\$45,771	\$37,084
Adjusted EBITDA margin (using Total revenue plus purchase accounting deferred revenue discount)	28 %	15 %	27 %	13 %
Total revenue	\$23,281	\$18,570	\$44,033	\$36,152
Adjusted EBITDA margin		15 %		5 13 %
rigiona por or maism	<i></i>	15 /6	20 /0	, 13 /0

We believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to management, investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results for the following reasons:

Adjusted EBITDA is widely used by investors and securities analysts to measure a company's operating performance without regard to items that can vary substantially from company to company depending upon their financing, capital structures and the method by which assets were acquired;

Our management uses Adjusted EBITDA in conjunction with GAAP financial measures for planning purposes, in the preparation of our annual operating budget, as a measure of our operating performance, to

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assess the effectiveness of our business strategies and to communicate with our board of directors concerning our financial performance because Adjusted EBITDA eliminates the impact of items that we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance; and

Adjusted EBITDA provides more consistency and comparability with our past financial performance,

• facilitates period-to-period comparisons of our operations and also facilitates comparisons with other companies, many of which use similar non-GAAP financial measures to supplement their GAAP results.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to net loss or any other measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. The use of Adjusted EBITDA has limitations, including:

Depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, and the assets being depreciated or amortized will often have to be replaced in the future. Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash requirements for such replacements; however, much of the depreciation and amortization currently reflected relates to amortization of acquired intangible assets as a result of business combination purchase accounting adjustments, which will not need to be replaced in the future; Adjusted EBITDA may not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs or contractual commitments;

Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the potentially dilutive impact of stock-based compensation;

Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the revenue discount required by purchase accounting that could reduce cash available for use;

Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest, loss on debt extinguishment or tax payments that could reduce cash available for use; and,

Other companies, including companies in our industry, might calculate Adjusted EBITDA or similarly titled measures differently, which reduces their usefulness as comparative measures.

Because of these limitations, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA together with other financial performance measures, including various cash flow metrics, net loss and our other GAAP results.

## **Results of Operations**

Consolidated Statements of Operations Data

The following tables set forth our results of operations for the specified periods, as well as our results of operations for the specified periods as a percentage of revenue. The period-to-period comparisons of results of operations are not necessarily indicative of results for future periods.

Three Months Ended June 20. Six Months Ended June 20.												
	•						Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2017	Percent Percent				2017 2016 Percent				Dana	4	
	A		ent	A 4		ent	<b>A</b>		ent	A 4	Perc	ent
	Amount	of		Amount	of		Amount	of		Amount	of	
	(1-11	Reve			Reve			Reve	enue		Reve	enue
D	(dollars 1	n tnou	isanc	is, except	snare	ana	per share d	iaia)				
Revenue:	Φ10.40 <b>7</b>	0.2	O.	Φ16 <b>22</b> 0	07	01	Φ27.54 <b>2</b>	0.5	01	Φ01.461	07	C4
Subscription and support	\$19,407	83	%	\$16,220	87	%	\$37,542	85	%	\$31,461	87	%
Perpetual license	1,746	7	%	458	2	%	2,440	6	%	776	2	%
Total product revenue	21,153	90	% ~	16,678	89	% ~	39,982	91	% ~	32,237	89	% ~
Professional services	2,128	10	%	1,892	11	%	4,051	9	%	3,915	11	%
Total revenue	23,281	100	%	18,570	100	%	44,033	100	%	36,152	100	%
Cost of revenue:												
Subscription and support (1)(3)	6,676	29	%	5,634	30	%	12,569	29	%	10,860	30	%
Professional services (1)	1,327	5	%	1,106	6	%	2,462	5	%	2,730	8	%
Total cost of revenue	8,003	34	%	6,740	36	%	15,031	34	%	13,590	38	%
Gross profit	15,278	66	%	11,830	64	%	29,002	66	%	22,562	62	%
Operating expenses:												
Sales and marketing (1)	4,037	17	%	2,953	16	%	7,258	16	%	6,022	17	%
Research and development (1)	4,003	17	%	4,054	22	%	7,480	17	%	7,964	22	%
Refundable Canadian tax credits	(112)	· —	%	(116)	(1	)%		) (1	)%	(225)	(1	)%
General and administrative (1)(2)	6,576	28	%	4,547	24	%	12,480	28	%	8,670	24	%
Depreciation and amortization	1,299	6	%	1,476	8	%	2,463	6	%	2,948	8	%
Acquisition-related expenses	2,278	10	%	1,380	8	%	5,969	14	%	3,808	11	%
Total operating expenses	18,081	78	%	14,294	77	%	35,421	80	%	29,187	81	%
Loss from operations	•		)%		(13	)%		) (14	)%	•		)%
Other Expense:	( ) )		, .	( ) - /		,	(-)		, .	(-, ,		, .
Interest expense, net	(1,160)	(5	)%	(662	(4	)%	(2,095	) (5	)%	(1,223)	(3	)%
Loss on debt extinguishment		(7	)%	<del>_</del>	_	%		) (4	)%	— /	_	%
Other expense, net	(18)	. —	%		(1	)%		) (4	)%	(1,041)	(3	)%
Total other expense	. ,	(12	)%		(5	)%	` .	) (9	)%		(6	)%
Loss before provision for income			-			•			-		•	
taxes	(5,615)	(24	)%	(3,419)	(18	)%	(10,278	) (23	)%	(8,889)	(25	)%
Provision for income taxes	(196	(1	1%	(158	(1	10%	(1,147	(3	1%	(261		%
Net loss							\$(11,425)					
Loss per common share, basic and			,,,		-	,,,			,,,		•	) //
diluted	\$(0.33)	)		\$(0.22)	)		\$(0.66	)		\$(0.58)		
Weighted-average common shares												
outstanding, basic and diluted	17,778,18	84		16,269,80	80		17,374,78	39		15,851,10	)6	
outstanding, busic and anated												

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes stock-based compensation detailed under Share-based Compensation in Note 9 — Stockholders' Equity. (2) Includes General and administrative stock-based compensation of \$3,167 and \$802 for the three months and \$5,371 and \$1,462 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. General and administrative expense excluding stock-based compensation as a percentage of total revenues is 15% and 20% for the three months

and 16% and 20% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

(3) Includes depreciation and amortization of \$1,349 and \$1,084 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$2,583 and \$2,127 for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Comparison of the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 Revenue

	Three M	ths Ende	Six Months Ended June 30,									
	2017		2016		% Char	nge	2017		2016		% Char	nge
	(dollars	in 1	thousand	s)		C						U
Revenue:												
Subscription and support	\$19,407		\$16,220	)	20	%	\$37,542	)	\$31,461		19	%
Perpetual license	1,746		458		281	%	2,440		776		214	%
Total product revenue	21,153		16,678		27	%	39,982		32,237		24	%
Professional services	2,128		1,892		12	%	4,051		3,915		3	%
Total revenue	\$23,281		\$18,570	)	25	%	\$44,033	}	\$36,152	,	22	%
Percentage of revenue:												
Subscription and support	83	%	87	%			85	%	87	%		
Perpetual license	7	%	2	%			6	%	2	%		
Total product revenue	90	%	89	%			91	%	89	%		
Professional services	10	%	11	%			9	%	11	%		
Total revenue	100	%	100	%			100	%	100	%		
For the Three Months En	ded Inne	30	2017									

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Total revenue was \$23.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$18.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$4.7 million, or 25%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed an increase of \$4.9 million after the reduction of \$1.1 million purchase accounting deferred revenue discount. Therefore, total revenue for the organic business decreased by \$0.2 million, or 1%.

Subscription and support revenue was \$19.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$16.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$3.2 million, or 20%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed to an increase in subscription and support revenue of \$3.1 million after the reduction of \$1.1 million purchase accounting deferred revenue discount. Therefore, subscription and support revenue for the organic business increased by \$0.1 million, or 1%.

Perpetual license revenue was \$1.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, as compared to \$0.5 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$1.3 million, or 281%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed an increase of \$1.5 million. Therefore, perpetual license revenue for the organic business decreased by \$0.2 million, or 51%.

Professional services revenue was \$2.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.9 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 12%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed a \$0.3 million increase. Therefore, professional services revenue for the organic business decreased by \$0.1 million, or 4%.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Total revenue was \$44.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$36.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$7.9 million, or 22%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions contributed an increase of \$8.1 million, after the reduction of \$1.7 million in purchase accounting deferred revenue discount. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line in March 2016 decreased total revenue \$0.8 million. Therefore, total revenue for the organic business increased by \$0.6 million, or 2%.

Subscription and support revenue was \$37.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$31.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$6.1 million, or 19%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions contributed an increase of \$5.8 million after the reduction of \$1.7 million in purchase accounting deferred revenue discount. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased subscription and support revenue by \$0.5 million. Therefore, subscription and support revenue for the organic business increased by \$0.8 million, or 3%. Perpetual license revenue was \$2.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, as compared to \$0.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$1.7 million, or 214%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions increased perpetual license revenue by \$1.9 million and the divestiture of the EPM Live product line had minimal impact on perpetual license revenue. Therefore, perpetual license revenue for the organic business decreased by \$0.2 million, or 29%.

Professional services revenue was \$4.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$3.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$0.1 million, or 3%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions increased professional services revenue by \$0.4 million. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased professional services revenue by \$0.3 million. Therefore, professional services revenue for the organic business was flat. Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit Percentage

	Three M	Ion	ths Ende	d J	une	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	2017 2016 % Change					2017		2016		% Cha	nge	
	(dollars	in	thousand	s)								
Cost of revenue:												
Subscription and support (1)	\$6,676		\$5,634		18	%	\$12,569	)	\$10,860	)	16	%
Professional services	1,327		1,106		20	%	2,462		2,730		(10	)%
Total cost of revenue	8,003		6,740		19	%	15,031		13,590		11	%
Gross profit	\$15,278	3	\$11,830	)	29	%	\$29,002	,	\$22,562		29	%
Percentage of total revenue:												
Subscription and support (1)	29	%	30	%			29	%	30	%		
Professional services	5	%	6	%			5	%	8	%		
Total cost of revenue	34	%	36	%			34	%	38	%		
Gross profit	66	%	64	%			66	%	62	%		

(1) Includes depreciation and amortization expense as follows:

Deprectation	\$5/0	\$466	\$1,019	\$911
Amortization	\$779	\$618	\$1,564	\$1,216

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Cost of subscription and support revenue was \$6.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$5.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$1.0 million, or 18%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed an increase to cost of subscription and support revenue of \$0.6 million, which consisted primarily of personnel costs and amortization of intangible assets. Therefore, cost of subscription and support revenue for the organic portion of our business increased by \$0.4 million, primarily related to increased mobile messaging volume and charges taken for closure and consolidation of our data-center contracts as we migrate our cloud infrastructure to Amazon Web Services (AWS).

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Cost of professional services revenue was \$1.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 20%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed an increase to cost of professional services revenue of \$0.3 million, which consisted primarily of personnel and related costs. Therefore, cost of professional services revenue for the organic portion of our business declined by \$0.1 million primarily related to personnel costs.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Cost of subscription and support revenue was \$12.6 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$10.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$1.7 million, or 16%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions contributed an increase to cost of subscription and support revenue of \$1.2 million, which consisted primarily of personnel costs and amortization of intangible assets. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased costs of subscription and support revenue by \$0.3 million primarily consisting of personnel costs and cost of third party software and equipment. Therefore, cost of subscription and support revenue for the organic portion of our business increased by \$0.8 million, primarily related to increased mobile messaging volume and charges taken for closure and consolidation of our data-center contracts as we migrate our cloud infrastructure to Amazon Web Services (AWS). Cost of professional services revenue was \$2.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$2.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$0.3 million, or 10%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions contributed an increase in cost of professional services revenue of \$0.4 million primarily due to personnel costs. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased costs of professional services by \$0.3 million consisting of personnel costs. Therefore, cost of professional services revenue for the organic portion of our business declined by \$0.4 million and consisted primarily of personnel costs.

## **Operating Expenses**

Sales and Marketing Expense

	Three Mo	nths Ende	d June	Six Months Ended June				
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change		
	(dollars in	thousands	s)					
Sales and marketing	\$4,037	\$2,953	37 %	\$7,258	\$6,022	21 %		
Percentage of total revenue	17 %	16 %		16 %	17 %			
	1.1 20	2017						

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Sales and marketing expense was \$4.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$3.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$1.0 million, or 37%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed \$0.9 million of increased sales and marketing cost, primarily consisting of personnel costs and sales commissions. Therefore, sales and marketing expense for the organic portion of our business increased by \$0.1 million and consisted primarily of increased personnel costs.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Sales and marketing expense was \$7.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$6.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$1.2 million, or 21%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions contributed \$1.4 million of increased sales and marketing cost, primarily consisting of personnel costs and sales commissions. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased sales and marketing costs by \$0.1 million. Therefore, sales and marketing expense for the organic portion of our business decreased by \$0.1 million and consisted of a \$0.3 million increase in personnel costs, a \$0.3 million decrease in discretionary marketing spend and a \$0.1 million decrease in sales commission.

## Research and Development Expense

	Three	Mo	onths Ended	d June 30,	Six Mo	nth	s Ended	l Jui	ne 3	0,
	2017		2016	% Change	2017		2016		% Ch	ange
	(dollar	s in	thousands	s)						
Research and development	\$4,003	3	\$4,054	(1)%	\$7,480		\$7,964		(6	)%
Refundable Canadian tax credits	(112	)	(116)	(3)%	(229	)	(225	)	2	%
Total research and development	\$3,891		\$3,938	(1)%	\$7,251		\$7,739	)	(6	)%
Percentage of total revenue:										
Research and development	17	%	22 %		17	%	22	%		
Refundable Canadian tax credits		%	(1)%	,	(1	)%	(1	)%		
Total research and development	17	%	21 %		16	%	21	%		

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Research and development expense was \$4.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$4.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 1%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 contributed \$0.5 million of increased research and development costs primarily consisting of personnel costs. Therefore, research and development costs for the organic portion of our business decreased by \$0.6 million due to a decrease in personnel costs, most of which are the result of our planned operating efficiencies. Refundable Canadian tax credits were \$0.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the same amount in the three months ended June 30, 2016.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Research and development expense was \$7.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$8.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$0.5 million, or 6%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions contributed \$0.9 million of increased research and development costs primarily consisting of personnel costs. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased research and development costs by \$0.2 million. Therefore, research and development costs for the organic portion of our business decreased by \$1.2 million due to a decrease in personnel costs, most of which are the result of our planned operating efficiencies.

Refundable Canadian tax credits were \$0.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the same amount in the six months ended June 30, 2016.

General and Administrative Expense

	Three Mo 30,	nths Ende	d June	Six Months	s Ended Ju	ne 30,
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change
	(dollars in	thousand	s)			
General and administrative	\$6,576	\$4,547	45 %	\$12,480	\$8,670	44 %
Percentage of total revenue	28 %	24 %		28 %	24 %	
For the Three Months Ende	d June 30	2017				

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

General and administrative expense was \$6.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$4.5 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$2.1 million, or 45%. An increase in general administrative expense of \$0.2 million was due to the acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016, which consisted primarily of personnel costs. Therefore, general and administrative expense for the organic portion of our business increased by \$1.9 million year-over-year, which was driven primarily by increased non-cash stock compensation expense, which included a stock grant from 2016 which required mark-to-market valuation accounting treatment creating higher non-cash stock compensation expense in the three months ended June 30, 2017 as a result of the significant increase in the trading

value of our stock, however, as this stock grant is fully vested as of June 30, 2017, there will be no further stock compensation expense in future periods for this grant.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

General and administrative expense was \$12.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$8.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$3.8 million, or 44%. An increase in general administrative expense of \$0.3 million was due to the 2017 and 2016 acquisitions, which consisted primarily of personnel costs. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line did not have any significant impact on general and administrative costs. Therefore, general and administrative expense for the organic portion of our business increased by \$3.5 million year-over-year, which was driven primarily by increased non-cash stock compensation expense, which included a stock grant from 2016 which required mark-to-market valuation accounting treatment creating higher non-cash stock compensation expense in the six months ended June 30, 2017 as a result of the significant increase in the trading value of our stock, however, as this stock grant is fully vested as of June 30, 2017, there will be no further stock compensation expense in future periods for this grant.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

	Three 3	Mo	nths En	ide	d June	Six Months Ended June 30					
	2017		2016		% Change	2017		2016		% Change	
	(dollar	s in	thousa	nds	s)						
Depreciation and amortization:											
Depreciation	\$122		\$167		(27)%	\$235		\$316		(26)%	
Amortization	1,177		1,309		(10)%	2,228		2,632		(15)%	
Total depreciation and amortization	\$1,299	)	\$1,476	)	(12)%	\$2,463	3	\$2,948		(16)%	
Percentage of total revenue:											
Depreciation	1	%	1	%		1	%	1	%		
Amortization	5	%	7	%		5	%	7	%		
Total depreciation and amortization	6	%	8	%		6	%	8	%		
Eartha Thuas Mantha Endad Inna 2	0 2017										

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$1.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.5 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 12%. The acquisitions closed after March 31, 2016 increased the depreciation and amortization expense by \$0.2 million, while the depreciation and amortization expense for the organic portion of our business decreased by \$0.4 million as a result of assets acquired in earlier years becoming fully amortized or depreciated.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$2.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$2.9 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$0.5 million, or 16%. The 2017 and 2016 acquisitions increased the depreciation and amortization expense by \$0.4 million. The divestiture of the EPM Live product line decreased the depreciation and amortization expense by \$0.1 million, while the organic portion of our business decreased by \$0.8 million as a result of assets acquired in earlier years becoming fully amortized or depreciated. Acquisition-related Expenses

	Three Mo 30,	nths Ende	d June	Six Montl	hs Ended J	une 30,
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change
	(dollars in	thousands	s)			
Acquisition-related expenses	\$2,278	\$1,380	65 %	\$5,969	\$3,808	57 %
Percentage of total revenue	10 %	8 %		14 %	11 %	
For the Three Months Ended	June 30, 2	2017				

Acquisition related expense was \$2.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$0.9 million, or 65%. These one-time acquisition related expenses vary by acquisition and are expensed as incurred. The level of acquisition activity varies from period to period so, as a result, year-over-year comparison of these expenses are not necessarily meaningful due to the one-time nature of these expenses.

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017

Acquisition related expense was \$6.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$3.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$2.2 million, or 57%. These one-time acquisition related expenses vary by acquisition and are expensed as incurred. The level of acquisition activity varies from period to period so, as a result, year-over-year comparison of these expenses are not necessarily meaningful due to the one-time nature of these expenses.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (Expense)						
	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2017	2016	% Change	2017	2016	% Change
	(dollars in thousands)					
Other expense:						
Interest expense, net	\$(1,160)	\$(662)	75 %	\$(2,095)	\$(1,223)	71 %
Loss on debt extinguishment	(1,634)		NA	(1,634)	_	NA
Other expense, net	(18)	(293)	(94)%	(130)	(1,041)	(88)%
Total other expense	\$					