TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LTD Form 6-K August 11, 2016 based
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 6-K
REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO
RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016
Commission File Number 001-33725
Textainer Group Holdings Limited (Translation of Registrant's name into English)
Century House
16 Par-La-Ville Road
Hamilton HM 08
Bermuda
(441) 296-2500
(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F b Form 40-F "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes "No b

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): Not applicable

This report contains the quarterly report of Textainer Group Holdings Limited for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.
Exhibits 1. Quarterly Report of Textainer Group Holdings Limited for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016.

Exhibit 1

TEXTAINER	GROUP	HOLL	DINGS I	IMITED

Quarterly Report on Form 6-K for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

Table of Contents

Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements; Cautionary Language	Page
Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited):	
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	4
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015	6
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	30
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market and Credit Risk	44
Item 4. Risk Factors	45
Signature	46
2	
2	

INFORMATION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS; CAUTIONARY LANGUAGE

This Quarterly Report on Form 6-K, including the section entitled Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", contains forward-looking statements within the "safe harbor" provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not statements of historical facts and may relate to, but are not limited to, expectations or estimates of future operating results or financial performance, capital expenditures, regulatory compliance, plans for growth and future operations, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "pre "potential," "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar terminology. The forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K include, but are not limited to, statements regarding (i) factors that are likely to continue to affect our performance and (ii) our belief that, assuming that our lenders remain solvent, that our cash flow from operations, proceeds from the sale of containers and borrowing availability under our debt facilities are sufficient to meet our liquidity needs, including for the payment of dividends, for the next twelve months.

Although we do not make forward-looking statements unless we believe we have a reasonable basis for doing so, we cannot guarantee their accuracy, and actual results may differ materially from those we anticipated due to a number of uncertainties, many of which cannot be foreseen. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements for many reasons, including, among others, the risks we face that are described in the section entitled Item 3, "Key Information -- Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 11, 2016 (our "2015 Form 20-F").

We believe that it is important to communicate our expectations about the future to potential investors, shareholders and other readers. However, there may be events in the future that we are not able to accurately predict or control and that may cause actual events or results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in or implied by our forward-looking statements. The risk factors listed in Item 3, "Key Information -- Risk Factors" included in our 2015 Form 20-F, as well as any cautionary language in this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K, provide examples of risks, uncertainties and events that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations we describe in our forward-looking statements. Before you decide to buy, hold or sell our common shares, you should be aware that the occurrence of the events described in Item 3, "Key Information -- Risk Factors" included in our 2015 Form 20-F and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K could negatively impact our business, cash flows, results of operations, financial condition and share price. Potential investors, shareholders and other readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements regarding our present plans or expectations for fleet size, management contracts, container purchases, sources and availability of financing, and growth involve risks and uncertainties relative to return expectations and related allocation of resources, and changing economic or competitive conditions, as well as the negotiation of agreements with container investors, which could cause actual results to differ from present plans or expectations, and such differences could be material. Similarly, forward-looking statements regarding our present expectations for operating results and cash flow involve risks and uncertainties related to factors such as utilization rates, per diem rates, container prices, demand for containers by container shipping lines, supply and other factors discussed under Item 3, "Key Information -- Risk Factors" included in our 2015 Form 20-F or elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K, which could also cause actual results to differ from present plans. Such differences could be material.

All future written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. New risks and uncertainties arise from time to time, and we cannot predict those events or how they may affect us. The

forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K speak only as of, and are based on information available to us on, the date of the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K. We assume no obligation to, and do not plan to, update any forward-looking statements after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K as a result of new information, future events or developments, except as expressly required by U.S. federal securities laws. You should read this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K and the documents that we reference and have furnished as exhibits with the understanding that we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements and that actual results may differ materially from what we expect.

In this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K, unless otherwise specified, all monetary amounts are in U.S. dollars. To the extent that any monetary amounts are not denominated in U.S. dollars, they have been translated into U.S. dollars in accordance with our accounting policies as described in Item 18, "Financial Statements" included in our 2015 Form 20-F.

ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ende	d June 30, 2015	Six Months Ended J 2016	une 30, 2015
Revenues:	2010	2013	2010	2013
Lease rental income	\$120,223	\$128,342	\$242,273	\$257,588
Management fees	3,294	4,010	6,638	8,027
Trading container sales proceeds	3,062	4,220	4,964	9,052
Gains on sale of containers, net	870	1,593	2,488	2,649
Total revenues	127,449	138,165	256,363	277,316
Operating expenses:	., .			,
Direct container expense	14,549	9,965	29,178	19,169
Cost of trading containers sold	3,614	3,916	6,258	8,608
Depreciation expense	51,757	44,673	104,306	88,472
Container impairment	19,484	4,685	36,776	7,855
Amortization expense	1,372	1,167	2,746	2,334
General and administrative				
expense	6,599	7,275	13,765	14,495
Short-term incentive				
compensation (benefit)				
expense	(93	719	680	1,438
Long-term incentive				
compensation expense	1,498	1,810	3,106	3,481
Bad debt expense, net	1,837	1,116	2,986	2,542
Total operating expenses	100,617	75,326	199,801	148,394
Income from operations	26,832	62,839	56,562	128,922
Other (expense) income:				
Interest expense	(20,022)			(38,660)
Interest income	103	24	179	63
Realized losses on interest rate				
swaps, collars and				
caps, net	(2,378)	(3,228)	(4,731)	(6,094)
Unrealized (losses) gains on				
interest rate swaps,				
collars and caps, net	(5,022)	3,326	(16,199)	(2,675)

Other, net		3		13		(5)	13
Net other expense		(27,316	<u>()</u>	(19,130)	(60,743	,	(47,353)
(Loss) income before income tax		(27,310	, ,	(1),130)	(00,745	,	(47,555)
and								
noncontrolling interests		(484)	43,709		(4,181)	81,569
Income tax expense		(797)	(1,151)	(817)	(2,635)
Net (loss) income		(1,281)	42,558	,	•)	78,934
Less: Net (income) loss								
attributable to the								
noncontrolling interests	(176)		(2,297)	1	147		(3,368))
Net (loss) income attributable to								
Textainer								
Group Holdings Limited								
common shareholders	\$(1,457)		\$40,261		\$(4,851)		\$75,566	
Net (loss) income attributable to								
Textainer Group								
Holdings Limited common								
shareholders per share:	***		+ o = 4		*		*	
Basic	\$(0.03)		\$0.71		\$(0.09)		\$1.33	
Diluted	\$(0.03)		\$0.70		\$(0.09)		\$1.32	
Weighted average shares								
outstanding (in thousands):	56.500		56,000		56.505		56.005	
Basic	56,580		56,990		56,575		56,985	
Diluted	56,580		57,160		56,575		57,169	
Other comprehensive (loss)								
income:								
Foreign currency translation adjustments		111		(4)	(2)	(119)
Comprehensive (loss) income		(1,170))	42,554)	(5,000)	78,815
Comprehensive (income) loss		(1,170)	42,334		(3,000)	70,013
attributable to the								
attributable to the								
noncontrolling interests		(176)	(2,297)	147		(3,368)
Comprehensive (loss) income		(170	,	(2,2)	,	117		(2,200)
attributable to Textainer								
Group Holdings Limited								
common shareholders		\$(1,346)	\$40,257		\$(4,853)	\$75,447
See accompanying notes to conde								
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TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands)

	2016	2015
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$104,754	\$115,594
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$16,744 and \$14,053 at		
2016		
and 2015, respectively	93,996	88,370
Net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases	107,947	87,706
Trading containers	5,012	4,831
Containers held for sale	35,346	43,245
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	18,970	8,385
Insurance receivable	6,838	11,435
Due from affiliates, net	765	514
Total current assets	373,628	360,080
Restricted cash	34,587	33,917
Containers, net of accumulated depreciation of \$889,023 and \$810,393 at 2016 and 2015,		
respectively	3,669,374	3,698,011
Net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases	258,831	243,428
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$10,226 and \$9,836 at 2016 and 2015,		
respectively	1,877	1,663
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$38,455 and \$35,709 at 2016 and		
2015,		
respectively	17,504	20,250
Interest rate swaps, collars and caps	-	814
Deferred taxes	1,522	1,203
Other assets	7,637	6,988
Total assets	\$4,364,960	\$4,366,354
Liabilities and Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$11,603	\$10,477
Accrued expenses	6,855	6,816
Container contracts payable	66,550	41,356
Other liabilities	278	291

Due to owners, net	5,114	11,806
Revolving credit facility	32,853	-
Term loan	30,911	31,097
Bonds payable	58,915	58,788
Total current liabilities	213,079	160,631
Revolving credit facilities	1,037,862	1,013,252
Secured debt facilities	1,045,868	1,062,539
Term loan	383,638	403,500
Bonds payable	404,979	434,472
Interest rate swaps, collars and caps	18,797	3,412
Income tax payable	9,242	8,678
Deferred taxes	10,922	10,420
Other liabilities	2,391	2,523
Total liabilities	3,126,778	3,099,427
Equity:		
Textainer Group Holdings Limited shareholders' equity:		
Common shares, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 140,000,000 shares; 57,220,797 shares		
issued and		
56,590,797 shares outstanding at 2016; 57,163,095 shares issued and 56,533,095 shares		
outstanding at 2015	572	572
Additional paid-in capital	388,333	385,020
Treasury shares, at cost, 630,000 shares	(9,149)	(9,149)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(285)	(283)
Retained earnings	794,606	826,515
Total Textainer Group Holdings Limited shareholders' equity	1,174,077	1,202,675
Noncontrolling interests	64,105	64,252
Total equity	1,238,182	1,266,927
Total liabilities and equity	\$4,364,960	\$4,366,354
See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.		
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5		

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands)

	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$(4,998)	\$78,934
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	104,306	88,472
Container impairment	36,776	7,855
Bad debt expense, net	2,986	2,542
Unrealized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and caps, net	16,199	2,675
Amortization of debt issuance costs and accretion of bond discount	3,765	4,219
Amortization of intangible assets	2,746	2,334
Gains on sale of containers, net	(2,488)	(2,649)
Share-based compensation expense	3,423	3,801
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(13,267)	(10,996)
Total adjustments	154,446	98,253
Net cash provided by operating activities	149,448	177,187
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of containers and fixed assets	(228,073)	(370,524)
Proceeds from sale of containers and fixed assets	61,154	59,964
Receipt of payments on direct financing and sales-type leases, net of income earned	46,858	49,430
Net cash used in investing activities	(120,061)	(261,130)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities	153,000	159,177
Principal payments on revolving credit facilities	(95,322)	(140,321)
Proceeds from secured debt facilities	40,000	160,000
Principal payments on secured debt facilities	(58,600)	(21,500)
Principal payments on term loan	(19,800)	(19,800)
Principal payments on bonds payable	(30,115)	(30,115)
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash	(670)	17,828
Debt issuance costs	(1,550)	(4,154)
Issuance of common shares upon exercise of share options	_	194
Net tax benefit from share-based compensation awards	(110)	94
Capital contributions from noncontrolling interest	_	1,850
Dividends paid	(27,058)	(53,564)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(40,225)	69,689
Effect of exchange rate changes	(2)	(119)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(10,840)	(14,373)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	115,594	107,067

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

\$104,754 \$92,694

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands)

	Six Mont	ths Ended
	June 30, 2016	2015
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest expense and realized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and caps, net	\$41,020	\$41,767
Net income taxes paid	\$714	\$239
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing activities:		
Increase (decrease) in accrued container purchases	\$25,194	\$(27,165)
Containers placed in direct financing and sales-type leases	\$83,854	\$63,902

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(1) Nature of Business

Textainer Group Holdings Limited ("TGH") is incorporated in Bermuda. TGH is the holding company of a group of corporations, consisting of TGH and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), involved in the purchase, management, leasing and resale of a fleet of marine cargo containers. The Company manages and provides administrative support to the affiliated and unaffiliated owners (the "Owners") of the containers and structures and manages container leasing investment programs.

The Company conducts its business activities in three main areas: Container Ownership, Container Management and Container Resale (see Note 10 "Segment Information").

- (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
- (a) Basis of Accounting

The Company utilizes the accrual method of accounting.

Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 11, 2016.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal and recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the Company's condensed consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2016, and the Company's condensed consolidated results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and condensed consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. These condensed consolidated financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations or cash flows that may be reported for the remainder of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016.

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company include TGH and all of its subsidiaries. All material intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

(b) Principles of Consolidation and Variable Interest Entity

The condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company include TGH and all of its subsidiaries in which the Company has a controlling financial interest. The Company determines whether it has a controlling financial interest

in an entity by evaluating whether the entity is a voting interest entity ("VME") or a variable interest entity ("VIE") and whether the accounting guidance requires consolidation. All significant intercompany accounts and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

In February 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810) ("ASU 2015-02"). The Company adopted ASU No. 2015-02 on January 1, 2016 and there was no material impact on our consolidated financial statements (see Note 2(q) "Recently Issued Accounting Standards").

When evaluating an entity for possible consolidation, the Company must determine whether or not it has a variable interest in the entity. Variable interests are investments or other interests that absorb portions of an entity's expected losses or receive portions of the entity's expected returns. The Company's variable interests may include its decision maker or service provider fees, its direct and indirect investments and investments made by related parties, including related parties under common control. If it is determined that the Company does not have a variable interest in the entity, no further analysis is required and the Company does not consolidate the entity.

If the Company has a variable interest in the entity, it must determine whether that entity is a VIE or a VME.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

The Company considers the following facts and circumstances of individual entities when assessing whether or not an entity is a VIE. An entity is determined to be a VIE if the equity investors:

- ·do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support; or
- ·lack one or more of the following characteristics of a controlling financial interest:
- •The power, through voting rights or similar rights, to direct the activities of an entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance;
- ·the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity; or
- ·the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity.

The Company is required to consolidate a VIE if it is determined to have a controlling financial interest in the entity and therefore is deemed to be the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The Company is determined to have a controlling financial interest in a VIE if it has both the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and the aggregate indirect and direct variable interests held by the Company have the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to that VIE.

For entities that do not meet the definition of a VIE, the entity is considered a VME. For these entities, if the Company can exert control over the financial and operating policies of an investee, which can occur if it has a 50% or more voting interest in the entity, the Company consolidates the entity.

The Company has determined that it has a variable interest in TAP Funding Ltd. ("TAP Funding") (a Bermuda company), a joint venture between the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, its joint venture between Textainer Limited ("TL") (a Bermuda company) and TAP Ltd. ("TAP") in which TL owns 50.1% and TAP owns 49.9% of the common shares of TAP Funding, and that TAP Funding is a VME. The Company consolidates TAP Funding as the Company has a controlling financial interest in TAP Funding.

The Company has determined that it has a variable interest in TW Container Leasing, Ltd. ("TW") (a Bermuda company), a joint venture between the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, TL, and Wells Fargo Container Corp ("WFC") in which TL owns 25% and WFC owns 75% of the common shares of TW, and that TW is a VIE. The purpose of TW is to lease containers to lessees under direct financing leases. The Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of TW by its equity ownership in the entity and by virtue of its role as manager of the vehicle, namely that the Company has the power to direct the activities of TW that most significantly impact TW's economic performance. Accordingly, the Company consolidates TW. The book values of TW's direct financing and sales-type leases and related debt as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are disclosed in Note 7 "Direct Financing and Sales-type Leases" and Note 9 "Secured Debt Facilities, Revolving Credit Facilities, Term Loan and Bonds Payable, and Derivative Instruments", respectively.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of interest-bearing deposits or money market securities with original maturities of three months or less. The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash (see Note 11 "Commitments and Contingencies—Restricted Cash") with various financial institutions. These financial institutions are located in Bermuda, Canada, Hong Kong, Malaysia, Singapore, the United Kingdom and the United States. A significant portion of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash is maintained with a small number of banks and, accordingly, the Company is exposed to the credit risk of these counterparties in respect of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. Furthermore, the deposits maintained at some of these financial institutions exceed the amount of insurance provided on the deposits. Restricted cash is excluded from cash and cash equivalents and is included in long-term assets.

(d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets, consisting primarily of exclusive rights to manage container fleets, are amortized over the expected life of the contracts based on forecasted income to the Company. The contract terms range from 11 to 13 years. The Company reviews its intangible assets for impairment if events and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the intangible assets may not be recoverable. The Company compares the carrying value of the intangible assets to expected

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

future undiscounted cash flows for the purpose of assessing the recoverability of the recorded amounts. If the carrying amount exceeds expected undiscounted cash flows, the intangible assets are reduced to their fair value.

The changes in the carrying amount of intangible assets during the six months ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2015	\$20,250
Amortization expense	(2,746)
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$17,504

The following is a schedule, by year, of future amortization of intangible assets as of June 30, 2016:

Twelve months ending June 30:	
2017	\$5,547
2018	5,204
2019	3,964
2020	2,342
2021 and thereafter	447
Total future amortization of intangible assets	\$17,504

(e) Lease Rental Income

Lease rental income arises principally from the renting of containers owned by the Company to various international shipping lines. Revenue is recorded when earned according to the terms of the container rental contracts. These contracts are typically for terms of three to five years, but can vary from one to eight years, and are generally classified as operating leases.

Under long-term lease agreements, containers are usually leased from the Company for periods of three to five years. Such leases are generally cancelable with a penalty at the end of each 12-month period. Under master lease agreements, the lessee is not committed to leasing a minimum number of containers from the Company during the lease term and may generally return the containers to the Company at any time, subject to certain restrictions in the lease agreement. Under long-term lease and master lease agreements, revenue is earned and recognized evenly over the period that the equipment is on lease. Under direct financing and sales-type leases, a container is usually leased from the Company for the remainder of the container's useful life with a bargain purchase option at the end of the lease term. Revenue is earned and recognized on direct financing leases over the lease terms so as to produce a constant

periodic rate of return on the net investment in the leases. Under sales-type leases, a gain or loss is recognized at the inception of the leases by subtracting the book value of the containers from the estimated fair value of the containers and the remaining revenue is earned and recognized over the lease terms so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment in the leases.

The Company's container leases generally do not include step-rent provisions, nor do they depend on indices or rates. The Company recognizes revenue on container leases that include lease concessions in the form of free-rent periods using the straight-line method over the minimum terms of the leases.

The Company maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its lessees to make required payments. These allowances are based on management's current assessment of the financial condition of the Company's lessees and their ability to make their required payments. If the financial condition of the Company's lessees deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(f) Containers and Fixed Assets

Capitalized container costs include the container cost payable to the manufacturer and the associated transportation costs incurred in moving the containers from the manufacturer to the containers' first destined port. Containers purchased new are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives to an estimated dollar residual value. The Company estimates the useful lives of its containers to be as follows:

	Estimated useful
Container type	life (years)
Non-refrigerated containers other than open top and flat rack	
Containers	13
Refrigerated containers	12
Tanks	20
Open top and flat rack containers	14

Containers purchased used are depreciated based upon their remaining useful lives at the date of acquisition to an estimated dollar residual value. The Company evaluates the estimated residual values and remaining estimated useful lives on an ongoing basis. The Company has experienced a significant decrease in container resale prices as a result of the decreased cost of new containers. Based on this extended period of lower realized container resale prices, the Company decreased the estimated future residual value of its 40' high cube containers from \$1,650 per container to \$1,450 per container used in the calculation of depreciation expense, effective July 1, 2015. The effect of this change was an increase in depreciation expense of \$4,595 and \$9,253 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. Depreciation expense may fluctuate in future periods based on fluctuations in these estimates.

Fixed assets are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from three to seven years.

The Company reviews its containers and fixed assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. The Company compares the carrying value of the containers to the expected future undiscounted cash flows for the purpose of assessing the recoverability of the recorded amounts. If the carrying value exceeds expected future undiscounted cash flows, the assets are reduced to fair value. In addition, containers identified as being available for sale are valued at the lower of carrying value or fair value, less costs to sell.

The Company evaluated the recoverability of the recorded amount of container rental equipment at June 30, 2016 and 2015. During both the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, there was no container impairment for containers that were unlikely to be recovered from lessees in default. During both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, container impairment included \$288 for containers that were unlikely to be recovered from lessees in default.

The Company recorded impairments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$19,484 and \$36,776, respectively, and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 of \$4,397 and \$7,567, respectively, which are included in container impairment in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income, to write-down the value of containers held for sale to their estimated fair value less cost to sell.

(g) Income Taxes

In November 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-17, Income Taxes (Topic 740) ("ASU 2015-17"). The Company early adopted ASU 2015-17 on January 1, 2016 using the retrospective method, which resulted in a reclassification of \$1,203 current deferred taxes assets to non-current deferred taxes assets in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2015 (see Note 2(q) "Recently Issued Accounting Standards").

The Company uses the asset and liability method to account for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in the tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is recorded when the realization of a deferred tax asset is deemed to be unlikely.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

The Company also accounts for income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in the recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs. If there are findings in future regulatory examinations of the Company's tax returns, those findings may result in an adjustment to income tax expense.

The Company records interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense.

(h) Maintenance and Repair Expense and Damage Protection Plan

The Company's leases generally require the lessee to pay for any damage to the container beyond normal wear and tear at the end of the lease term. The Company offers a Damage Protection Plan ("DPP") to certain lessees of its containers. Under the terms of the DPP, the Company charges lessees an additional amount primarily on a daily basis and the lessees are no longer obligated for certain future repair costs for containers subject to the DPP. It is the Company's policy to recognize these revenues as earned on a daily basis over the related terms of its leases. The Company has not recognized revenue and related expense for customers who are billed at the end of their lease terms under the DPP. Based on past history, there is uncertainty as to the collectability of these amounts from lessees who are billed at the end of their lease terms because the amounts due under the DPP are typically re-negotiated at the end of the lease terms or the lease terms are extended. The Company uses the direct expense method of accounting for maintenance and repairs.

(i) Debt Issuance Costs

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03, Interest-Imputation of Interest: Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (Subtopic 835-30) ("ASU 2015-03"). In August 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-15 ("ASU 2015-15") to clarify the exclusion of line-of-credit arrangements from scope of ASU 2015-03. The Company adopted both ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 on January 1, 2016, which resulted in a reclassification of \$19,900 debt issuance costs associated with the Company's long-term debt (including current maturities) from prepaid expenses of \$7,147 and other assets of \$12,753 to long-term debt (including current maturities) in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2015 (see Note 2(q) "Recently Issued Accounting Standards").

The Company capitalizes costs directly associated with the issuance or modification of its debt in short-term and long-term debt in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Debt issuance costs are amortized using the interest rate method over the general terms of the related debt and the amortization is recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income as interest expense. Debt issuance costs of \$1,550 and \$4,151 were capitalized during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, amortization of debt issuance costs of \$1,819 and \$3,642, respectively, were recorded in interest expense. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, amortization of debt issuance costs of \$1,764 and \$3,622, respectively, were recorded in interest expense. When the Company's debt is modified or terminated, any unamortized debt issuance costs related to a decrease in borrowing capacity under any of the Company's lenders is immediately

written-off. No unamortized debt issuance costs were written-off during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, interest expense included \$160 of write-offs of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the amendment of the TL's revolving credit facility. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, interest expense included \$160 and \$298 of write-offs of unamortized debt issuance costs related to the amendment of TL's revolving credit facility and the amendment of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Textainer Marine Containers IV Limited's ("TMCL IV") (a Bermuda company), secured debt facility, respectively.

(j) Foreign Currency Transactions

Although substantially all of the Company's income from operations is derived from assets employed in foreign countries, virtually all of this income is denominated in U.S. dollars. The Company pays some of its expenses in various foreign currencies. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, \$3,866 (or 26.6%) and \$7,800 (or 26.7%), respectively, of the Company's direct container expenses were paid in up to 18 different foreign currencies. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, \$2,957 (or 29.7%) and \$5,748 (or 30.0%), respectively, of the Company's direct container expenses were paid in up to 17 different foreign currencies. The Company does not hedge these container expenses as there are no significant payments made in any one foreign currency.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(k) Concentrations

The Company's customers are mainly international shipping lines, which transport goods on international trade routes. Once the containers are on-hire with a lessee, the Company does not track their location. The domicile of the lessee is not indicative of where the lessee is transporting the containers. The Company's business risk in its foreign concentrations lies with the creditworthiness of the lessees rather than the geographic location of the containers or the domicile of the lessees. Except for the lessees noted in the table below, no other single lessee made up greater than 10% of the Company's lease rental income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended			Six M	onth	s Ende	1	
	June 30),			June 3	0,		
	2016		2015		2016		2015	
Customer A	11.5	%	10.5	%	11.4	%	10.2	%
Customer B	11.2	%	10.8	%	11.4	%	10.7	%

Another customer (Customer C) accounted for 16.6% and 8.1% of the Company's gross accounts receivable as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Customer A accounted for 8.9% and 9.7% of the Company's gross accounts receivable as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Customer B accounted for 12.2% and 9.3% of the Company's gross accounts receivable as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. There is no other single lessee accounted for more than 10% of the Company's gross accounts receivable as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

(1) Derivative Instruments

The Company has entered into various interest rate swap, collar and cap agreements to mitigate its exposure associated with its variable rate debt. The swap agreements involve payments by the Company to counterparties at fixed rates in return for receipts based upon variable rates indexed to the London Inter Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). The differentials between the fixed and variable rate payments under interest rate swap agreements are recognized in realized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and caps, net in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income.

As of the balance sheet dates, none of the derivative instruments are designated by the Company for hedge accounting. The fair value of the derivative instruments is measured at each balance sheet date and the change in fair value is recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income as unrealized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and caps, net.

(m) Share Options and Restricted Share Units

The Company estimates the fair value of all employee share options awarded under its 2015 Share Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan"), amended and restated from the 2007 Share Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan") on May 21, 2015, on the grant date. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the

requisite service periods in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income as part of long-term incentive compensation expense and direct container expense.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model as a method to determine the estimated fair value for employee share option awards. The Company uses the fair market value of the Company's common shares on the grant date, discounted for estimated dividends that will not be received by the employees during the vesting period, for determining the estimated fair value for employee restricted share units. Compensation expense for employee share awards is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the award.

(n) Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company's management evaluates its estimates on an ongoing basis, including those related to the container rental equipment, intangible assets, accounts receivable, income taxes, and accruals.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

These estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments regarding the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

(o)Net income attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited common shareholders per share Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the applicable period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if all outstanding share options were exercised for, and all outstanding restricted share units were converted into, common shares. Potentially dilutive share options and restricted share units were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS because they were anti-dilutive under the treasury stock method. A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic EPS with that of diluted EPS is presented as follows:

	Three Mo June 30,	nths Ended	Six Month June 30,	ns Ended
Share amounts in thousands	2016	2015	2016	2015
Numerator:				
Net (loss) income attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited				
common shareholders	\$(1,457) \$40,261	\$(4,851) \$75,566
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	56,580	56,990	56,575	56,985
Dilutive share options and restricted share units	-	170	-	184
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	56,580	57,160	56,575	57,169
Net (loss) income attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited				
common shareholders per common share				
Basic	\$(0.03) \$0.71	\$(0.09) \$1.33
Diluted	\$(0.03) \$0.70	\$(0.09) \$1.32
Potentially dilutive share options and restricted share units,				
weighted average	1,348,88	33 713,886	1,406,07	2 639,459

Given that the Company had a net loss attributable to Textainer Group Holdings Limited common shareholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, there was no dilutive effect of share options and restricted share units for both periods.

(p) Fair Value Measurements

The Company utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The following is a brief description of those levels:

- ·Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- ·Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- ·Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The Company uses the exchange price notion, which is the price in an orderly transaction between market participants to sell an asset or transfer a liability in the market in which the reporting entity would transact for the asset or liability, that is, the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability is a hypothetical transaction at the measurement date, considered from the perspective of a market participant that holds the asset or owes the liability. Therefore, the definition focuses on the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability (an exit price), not the price that would be paid to acquire the asset or received to assume the liability (an entry price).

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	Quote	ed			
	Prices	s in			
	Activo	e	Significant		
	Marke	ets	Other		
	for Identi	cal	Observable	Significa	
	Assets	S	Inputs	Unobser Inputs	vable
	(Leve	11)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
June 30, 2016					
Assets					
Interest rate swaps, collars and caps	\$	_	\$ —	\$	
Total	\$	_	\$ —	\$	
Liabilities					
Interest rate swaps, collars and caps	\$	—	\$ 18,797	\$	—
Total	\$	—	\$ 18,797	\$	_
December 31, 2015					
Assets					
Interest rate swaps, collars and caps	\$	—	\$ 814	\$	—
Total	\$	_	\$ 814	\$	
Liabilities					
Interest rate swaps, collars and caps	\$	_	\$ 3,412	\$	_
Total	\$		\$ 3,412	\$	

The following table summarizes the Company's assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

Quoted Significant Significant

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	Prices i	n Other	Unobse	rvable
	Active	Observable	Inputs	
	Markets for Identica	•		
	Assets (Level	1) (Level 2)	(Level :	3)
June 30, 2016				
Assets				
Containers held for sale (1)	\$ -	- \$ 27,108	\$	
Total	\$ -	- \$ 27,108	\$	
December 31, 2015				
Assets				
Containers held for sale (1)	\$ -	- \$ 32,153	\$	
Total	\$ -	- \$ 32,153	\$	_

(1) Represents the carrying value of containers included in containers held for sale in the condensed consolidated balance sheets that have been impaired to write down the value of the containers to their estimated fair value less cost to sell.

The Company measures the fair value of its \$1,924,168 notional amount of interest rate swaps, collars and caps using observable (Level 2) market inputs. The valuation also reflects the credit standing of the Company and the counterparties to the interest rate swaps, collars and caps. The valuation technique utilized by the Company to calculate the fair value of the interest rate swaps, collars and caps is the income approach. This approach represents the present value of future cash flows based upon current market expectations. The Company's interest rate swap, collar and cap agreements had a fair value liability of \$18,797 as of June 30, 2016 and a fair value asset and liability of \$814 and \$3,412, respectively, as of December 31, 2015. The credit valuation adjustment was determined to be \$82 (a reduction to the net liability) and \$97 (an addition to the net liability) as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The change in fair value for the

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of \$16,199 and \$2,675, respectively, was recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income as unrealized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and caps, net.

When the Company is required to write down the cost basis of its containers held for sale to fair value less cost to sell, the Company measures the fair value of its containers held for sale under a Level 2 input. The Company relies on its recent sales prices for identical or similar assets in markets, by geography, that are active. The Company recorded impairments to write down the value of containers identified for sale to their estimated fair value less cost to sell.

The Company calculates the fair value of its financial instruments and includes this additional information in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when the fair value is different from the book value of those financial instruments. The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable and payable, net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases, due from affiliates, net, container contracts payable, due to owners, net, debt and interest rate swaps, collars and caps. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the fair value of the Company's financial instruments approximated the related book value of such instruments except that, the fair value of net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases (including the short-term balance) was approximately \$356,585 and \$317,602 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, compared to book values of \$366,778 and \$331,134 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and the fair value of long-term debt (including current maturities) based on the borrowing rates available to the Company was approximately \$2,964,895 and \$2,996,400 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, compared to book values of \$2,995,026 and \$3,003,648 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

(q) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ("ASU 2014-09"). This new standard will replace all current U.S. GAAP guidance on this topic and eliminate industry-specific guidance. Leasing revenue recognition is specifically excluded from ASU 2014-09, and therefore, the new standard will only apply to sales of equipment portfolios and dispositions of used equipment. The topic was amended in August 2015 to defer the effective date to interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early application permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. ASU 2014-09 may be applied either using the full retrospective method or the modified retrospective method. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-09 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10) ("ASU 2016-01"). This amendment intends to improve the recognition and measurement of financial instruments under U.S. GAAP. The exit price notion will be used to measure the fair value of the financial instruments of public business entities that are required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost on their balance sheets. This amendment also requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or in the accompanying notes to

the financial statements. ASU 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of ASU 2016-01 is not permitted. ASU 2016-01 requires the use of the modified retrospective method to all periods presented. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-01 on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 will replace all current U.S. GAAP guidance on this topic. Under ASU 2016-02, lessors will account for leases using an approach that is substantially equivalent to existing U.S. GAAP for sales-type leases, direct financing leases and operating leases and lessors should be precluded from recognizing selling profit and revenue at lease commencement for a lease that does not transfer control of the underlying asset to the lessees. A dual approach is to be applied for lessee accounting with lease classification determined in accordance with the principles of existing lease requirements. A lessee will account for most existing capital leases as finance leases, recognizing amortization of the right-of-use asset separately from interest on the lease liability, and most existing operating leases as operating leases, recognizing a single total lease expense. Both finance leases and operating leases result in the lessee recognizing a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on balance sheet, with an exception for leases that commence at or near the end of the underlying asset's economic life. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years and with early application permitted. ASU 2016-02 requires the use of the

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

modified retrospective method to all periods presented. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) ("ASU 2016-09"). This amendment intends to improve the accounting for employee share-based payments under U.S. GAAP. ASU 2016-09 changes several aspects of accounting for share-based payment award transactions which includes accounting for income taxes, classification of excess tax benefits on statement of cash flows, forfeitures, minimum statutory tax withholding requirements and classification of employee taxes paid on the statement of cash flows when an employer withholds shares for tax-withholding purposes, 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of ASU 2016-09 is permitted. Amendments related to the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized, minimum statutory withholding requirements, forfeitures, and intrinsic value will be applied using a modified retrospective transition method, amendments related to the presentation of employee taxes paid on the statement of cash flows when an employer withholds shares to meet the minimum statutory withholding requirement will be applied retrospectively and amendment requiring recognition of excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies in the income statement will be applied prospectively. ASU 2016-09 may be applied either using a prospective transition method or a retrospective transition method for the amendments related to the presentation of excess tax benefits on the statement of cash flows. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-09 on its consolidated financial statements.

(3) Insurance Receivable and Impairment

In August 2015, one of the Company's customers became insolvent and containers on operating and direct financing leases to the customer were deemed unlikely to be recovered. The Company maintains insurance to cover the value of containers that are unlikely to be recovered from its customers, the cost to recover containers and up to 180 days of lost lease rental income. Accordingly, during the year ended 2015, an impairment was recorded to write off containers, net and net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases with book values of \$8,815 and \$2,903, respectively, and an insurance receivable of \$11,435 was recorded for \$8,796 of estimated proceeds for containers unlikely to be recovered, \$1,685 of recovery costs recorded as a reduction to direct container expense and \$955 of lost lease rental income recorded as reduction to container impairment. The impairment net of estimated insurance proceeds of \$1,968 was recorded in container impairment in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the year ended 2015. In addition, bad debt expense of \$2,574 was recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the year ended 2015 to fully reserve for the customer's outstanding accounts receivable. An additional insurance receivable of \$903 was recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2016 for \$64 and \$664 of recovery costs recorded as a reduction to direct container expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively, and \$239 of lost lease rental income recorded as a reduction to container impairment for the

three months ended March 31, 2016. There was no lost lease rental income recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2016. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company received a total of \$5,500 insurance proceeds, which was recorded as a reduction to the insurance receivable.

(4) Container Purchases

In February and March 2016, the Company concluded two separate purchases totaling approximately 41,100 containers from a third-party owner for total purchase consideration of approximately \$71,000. The total purchase price, which was based on the fair value of the assets acquired, was recorded in our net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(5) Purchase-leaseback Transactions

In April and June 2016, the Company concluded two separate purchase leaseback transactions for approximately 14,954 containers from a shipping company for total purchase consideration of approximately \$21,151. The purchase price and leaseback rental rates were below market rates. The leases also require the lessee to pay drop-off charges at above market rates when the containers are returned. The containers were recorded at fair value and the difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the containers was recorded as prepaid expenses and other current assets, resulting in the following purchase price allocation:

Containers, net	\$14,015
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7,136
Purchase price	\$21,151

As the lessee returns containers, the balance of prepaid expenses and other current assets will be reduced by drop-off charges paid to the Company.

(6) Transactions with Affiliates and Owners

Amounts due from affiliates, net generally result from cash advances and the payment of affiliated companies' administrative expenses by the Company on behalf of such affiliates. Balances are generally paid within 30 days.

Management fees, including acquisition fees and sales commissions for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Fees from affiliated owner	\$ 756	\$ 951	\$ 1,499	\$ 1,919	
Fees from unaffiliated owners	2,074	2,609	4,211	5,207	
Fees from owners	2,830	3,560	5,710	7,126	
Other fees	464	450	928	901	
Total management fees	\$ 3,294	\$ 4,010	\$6,638	\$8,027	

Due to owners, net represents lease rentals collected on behalf of and payable to Owners, net of direct expenses and management fees receivable. Due to owners, net at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Affiliated owner	\$888	\$ 1,881
Unaffiliated owners	4,226	9,925
Total due to owners, net	\$ 5,114	\$ 11,806

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(7) Direct Financing and Sales-type Leases

The Company leases containers under direct financing and sales-type leases. The Company had 207,053 and 165,255 containers under direct financing and sales-type leases as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The components of the net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases, which are reported in the Company's Container Ownership segment in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Future minimum lease payments receivable	\$405,112	\$ 372,644
Residual value of containers	7,445	7,460
Less unearned income	(45,779)	(48,970)
Net investment in direct financing and sales-type		
leases	\$366,778	\$ 331,134
Amounts due within one year	\$107,947	\$ 87,706
Amounts due beyond one year	258,831	243,428
Net investment in direct financing and sales-type		
leases	\$366,778	\$ 331,134

The carrying value of TW's net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases was \$172,009 and \$181,870 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The Company maintains detailed credit records about its container lessees. The Company's credit policy sets different maximum exposure limits for its container lessees. The Company uses various credit criteria to set maximum exposure limits rather than a standardized internal credit rating. Credit criteria used by the Company to set maximum exposure limits may include, but are not limited to, container lessee trade route, country, social and political climate, assessments of net worth, asset ownership, bank and trade credit references, credit bureau reports, including those from Dynamar B.V. and Lloyd's Marine Intelligence Unit (common credit reporting agencies used in the maritime sector), operational history and financial strength. The Company monitors its container lessees' performance and its

lease exposures on an ongoing basis, and its credit management processes are aided by the long payment experience the Company has had with most of its container lessees and the Company's broad network of long-standing relationships in the shipping industry that provide the Company current information about its container lessees.

If the aging of current billings for the Company's direct financing and sales-type leases included in accounts receivable, net were applied to the related balances of the unbilled future minimum lease payments receivable component of the Company's net investment in direct financing leases and sales-type leases as of June 30, 2016, the aging would be as follows:

1-30 days past due	\$4,702
31-60 days past due	56,326
61-90 days past due	3,708
Greater than 90 days past due	9,772
Total past due	74,508
Current	330,604
Total future minimum lease payments	\$405,112

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

The Company maintains allowances, if necessary, for doubtful accounts and estimated losses resulting from the inability of its lessees to make required payments under direct financing and sales-type leases based on, but not limited to, each lessee's payment history, management's current assessment of each lessee's financial condition and the adequacy of the fair value of containers that collateralize the leases compared to the book value of the related net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases. The changes in the carrying amount of the allowance for doubtful accounts related to billed amounts under direct financing and sales-type leases and included in accounts receivable, net, during the six months ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2015	\$3,883
Additions charged to expense	1,016
Write-offs	_
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$4,899

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments receivable under these direct financing and sales-type leases as of June 30, 2016:

Twelve months ending June 30:	
2017	\$128,201
2018	132,116
2019	57,744
2020	30,801
2021 and thereafter	56,250
Total future minimum lease payments receivable	\$405,112

Lease rental income includes income earned from direct financing and sales-type leases in the amount of \$5,811 and \$6,750 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

(8) Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rates were -164.7% and -19.5% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively, and 2.6% and 3.2% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The Company's tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as tax rates in foreign jurisdictions and the relative amounts of income we earn in those jurisdictions. It is also affected by discrete items that may occur in any given period. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company had income tax expense applied to pre-tax losses. This is a result of the Company forecasting an income tax benefit for the year against its forecasted pre-tax income for the year. The forecasted tax benefit for the year is a result of a forecasted decrease in activity in high tax foreign jurisdictions.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(9) Secured Debt Facilities, Revolving Credit Facilities, Term Loan and Bonds Payable, and Derivative Instruments The following represents the Company's debt obligations as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

Secured Debt Facilities, Revolving Credit Facilities, Term Loan and	June 30,	December 31,
Bonds Payable	2016	2015
TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, weighted average variable		
interest at 2.14% and 2.03% at June 30, 2016 and		
December 31, 2015, respectively	\$887,250	\$886,956
TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility, weighted average variable		
interest at 2.40% and 2.35% at June 30, 2016 and		
December 31, 2015, respectively	158,618	175,583
TL Revolving Credit Facility, weighted average variable		
interest at 1.71% and 1.67% at June 30, 2016 and		
December 31, 2015, respectively	593,468	569,722
TL Revolving Credit Facility II, weighted average variable		
interest at 1.75% and 1.57% at June 30, 2016 and		
December 31, 2015, respectively	184,830	158,952
TW Revolving Credit Facility, weighted average variable		
interest at 2.47% and 2.24% at June 30, 2016 and		
December 31, 2015, respectively	147,698	156,017
TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility, weighted average		
variable interest at 2.19% and 2.08% at June 30, 2016 and		
December 31, 2015, respectively	144,719	128,561

TL Term Loan, weighted average variable interest rate at								
2.13% and 2.11% at June 30, 2016 and								
December 31, 2015, respectively	414,549	434,597						
2013-1 Bonds, fixed interest at 3.90%	215,280	229,900						
2014-1 Bonds, fixed interest at 3.27%	248,614	263,360						
Total debt obligations	\$2,995,026	\$3,003,648						
Amount due within one year	\$122,679	\$89,885						
Amounts due beyond one year	\$2,872,347	\$2,913,763						

Secured Debt Facilities

TMCL II-- Textainer Marine Containers II Limited ("TMCL II") (a Bermuda Company), one of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, has a securitization facility (the "TMCL II Secured Debt Facility") that provides for an aggregate commitment amount of up to \$1,200,000 and requires principal payments on any payment date for the outstanding loan principal amount that exceeds the borrowing base on such payment date. The interest rate on the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, payable monthly in arrears, is LIBOR plus 1.70% during the revolving period prior to its Conversion Date (September 15, 2017). If the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility is not renewed by the Conversion Date, it will partially amortize over a four-year period and then mature. There is also a commitment fee of 0.45% (if the aggregate principal balance is less than 50% of the commitment amount) and 0.365% (if the aggregate principal balance is equal to or greater than 50% of the commitment amount) on the unused portion of the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, which is payable in arrears. Overdue payments of principal and interest accrue interest at a rate of 2.0% above the interest rate ordinarily applicable to such amounts.

The TMCL II Secured Debt Facility has an advance rate that is based on TMCL II's average sales proceeds. On June 30, 2016, the advance rate of the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility was lowered from 80.0% to 72.5% as a result of a decrease in TMCL II's average sales proceeds.

TMCL IV-TMCL IV has a securitization facility (the "TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility") that provides for an aggregate commitment amount of up to \$300,000 and requires principal payments on any payment date for the outstanding loan principal amount that exceeds the borrowing base on such payment date. The interest rate on the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility, payable monthly in arrears, is LIBOR plus 1.95% during the revolving period prior to its Conversion Date (February 2, 2018). There is also a commitment fee, which is payable monthly in arrears, of 0.485% on the unused portion of the TMCL IV Secured

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Debt Facility if total borrowings under the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility are less than 50% of the total commitment; otherwise, the commitment fee is 0.40%.

On February 4, 2015, TMCL IV entered into an amendment of the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility which extended the Conversion Date to February 2, 2018 from August 5, 2015 and lowered the interest rate from LIBOR plus 2.25% to LIBOR plus 1.95%. The amendment also lowered the commitment fee from 0.70% to 0.485% on the unused portion of the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility if total borrowings under the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility are less than 50% of the total commitment; otherwise, the commitment fee was lowered from 0.50% to 0.40%. The amendment also replaced the borrowing capacity of one of the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility lenders with the commitment allocated to two new lenders and, accordingly, the Company wrote-off \$298 of unamortized debt issuance costs in February 2015.

On December 22, 2015, TMCL IV entered into an amendment of the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility which lowered the restrictive covenant regarding certain containers' sales proceeds ratio from 100% to 90%.

Under the terms of the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility and TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility, the total outstanding principal of each of these two programs may not exceed the lesser of the commitment amount and an amount (the "Asset Base"), which is calculated by a formula based on TMCL II and TMCL IV's book value of equipment, restricted cash and direct financing and sales-type leases as specified in each of the relevant secured debt facility indentures. The total obligations under the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility and the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility are secured by a pledge of TMCL II and TMCL IV's assets, respectively. As of June 30, 2016, TMCL II Secured Debt Facility and TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility's Asset Base amounted to \$902,555 and \$169,071, respectively and TMCL II and TMCL IV's total assets amounted to \$1,289,269 and \$266,178, respectively.

Revolving Credit Facilities

TL—TL has a credit agreement, dated as of September 24, 2012, with a group of banks that provides for a revolving credit facility (the "TL Revolving Credit Facility") with an aggregate commitment amount of up to \$700,000 (which includes a \$50,000 letter of credit facility). The TL Revolving Credit Facility provides for payments of interest only during its term beginning on its inception date through June 19, 2020 when all borrowings are due in full. Interest on the outstanding amount due under the TL Revolving Credit Facility is based either on the U.S. prime rate or LIBOR plus a spread between 0.75% and 1.75%, which varied based on TGH's leverage. Interest payments on U.S. prime rate loan and LIBOR loan are payable in arrears on the last day of each calendar month and on the last day of each interest period, respectively. There is also a commitment fee of 0.175% to 0.275% on the unused portion of the TL Revolving Credit Facility, which varies based on the leverage of TGH and is payable quarterly in arrears.

On June 19, 2015, TL entered into an amendment of the TL Revolving Credit Facility, which extended the maturity date to June 19, 2020, lowered the interest rate to U.S. prime rate or LIBOR plus a spread between 0.75% and 1.75%, and lowered the commitment fee to between 0.175% and 0.275%. The amendment also replaced the borrowing

capacity of one of the TL Revolving Credit Facility lenders with the commitment allocated to 13 existing lenders and, accordingly, the Company wrote-off \$160 of unamortized debt issuance costs in June 2015.

On July 23, 2015, TL entered into a five-year revolving credit facility (the "TL Revolving Credit Facility II") with a group of financial institutions and an aggregate commitment amount of up to \$190,000. The TL Revolving Credit Facility II provides for payments of interest only during its term beginning on its inception date through July 23, 2020, when all borrowings are due in full. Interest on the outstanding amount due under the TL Revolving Credit Facility II is based either on the base rate or LIBOR plus a spread between 0.80% and 1.65%, which varies based on TGH's leverage. Interest payments on LIBOR loan and base rate loan are payable in arrears on the last day of each interest period, not to exceed three months, and on the last day of each calendar month, respectively. There is a commitment fee of 0.20% to 0.30% on the unused portion of the TL Revolving Credit Facility II, which varies based on the leverage of TGH and is payable quarterly in arrears.

On June 23, 2016 and June 24, 2016, TL entered into amendments of each the TL Revolving Credit Facility and the TL Revolving Credit Facility II, respectively, that added a new restrictive covenant regarding TGH's minimum consolidated tangible net worth and to revise the covenant calculation method on TGH's consolidated interest coverage ratio to allow certain container impairment amounts to be excluded in the calculation of consolidated earnings before interest and taxes during the period from April 1, 2016 through June 30, 2018.

The TL Revolving Credit Facility and the TL Revolving Credit Facility II are each secured by segregated pools of TL's containers and under the terms of both facilities, the total outstanding principal may not exceed the lesser of the commitment amount and an

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

amount (the "Asset Base"), which is calculated by a formula based on TL's net book value of containers and direct financing and sales-type leases designated to each of the TL Revolving Credit Facility and TL Revolving Credit Facility II. As of June 30, 2016, TL Revolving Credit Facility and the TL Revolving Credit Facility II's Asset Base amounted to \$700,000 and \$190,000, respectively. TGH acts as an unconditional guarantor of the TL Revolving Credit Facility and the TL Revolving Credit Facility II. The Company had no outstanding letters of credit under the TL Revolving Credit Facility as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

TW—TW has a credit agreement, dated as of October 1, 2012, with Wells Fargo Bank N.A. as the lender, which provides for a revolving credit facility with an aggregate commitment amount of up to \$300,000 (the "TW Revolving Credit Facility") and a revolving credit period through September 18, 2016. The TW Revolving Credit Facility provided for payments of interest, payable monthly in arrears, during its term beginning on its inception date through September 18, 2016. Interest on the outstanding amount due under the TW Revolving Credit Facility is based on one-month LIBOR plus 2.0%. There is a commitment fee of 0.50% on the unused portion of the TW Revolving Credit Facility, which is payable monthly in arrears.

On April 1, 2015, the TW Revolving Credit Facility was amended to increase the aggregate commitment amount from \$250,000 to \$300,000 and increased the advance rate for eligible finance lease containers from 85% to 90%. TW is required to make principal payments on a monthly basis to the extent that the outstanding amount due exceeds TW's borrowing base.

The TW Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a pledge of TW's total assets and under the terms of the TW Revolving Credit Facility, the total outstanding principal may not exceed the lesser of the commitment amount and an amount (the "Asset Base"), which is calculated a formula based on TW's net book value of containers, restricted cash and direct financing leases. As of June 30, 2016, TW Revolving Credit Facility's Asset Base and TW's total assets amounted to \$156,023 and \$187,605, respectively.

TAP Funding-- TAP Funding has a credit agreement, dated as of April 26, 2013, that provides for a revolving credit facility with an aggregate commitment amount of up to \$150,000 (the "TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility"). The TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility provides for payment of interest, payable monthly in arrears, during its terms beginning on its inception date through December 23, 2018. Interest on the outstanding amount due under the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility is based on one-month LIBOR plus 1.75%. There is a commitment fee of 0.55% (if aggregate loan principal balance is less than 70% of the commitment amount) and 0.365% (if aggregate loan principal balance is equal to or greater than 70% of the commitment amount) on the unused portion of the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility, which is payable monthly in arrears. TAP Funding is required to make principal payments on a monthly basis to the extent that the outstanding amount due exceeds TAP Funding's borrowing base. The aggregate loan principal balance is due on the maturity date, December 23, 2018.

On December 23, 2014, TAP Funding entered into an amendment of the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility which lowered the aggregate commitment amount from \$170,000 to \$150,000, extended the maturity date from April

26, 2016 to December 23, 2018 and lowered the interest rate from one-month LIBOR plus 2.0% to one-month LIBOR plus 1.75%, payable monthly in arrears. The amendment also lowered the commitment fee from 0.65% to 0.55% (if the aggregate loan principal balance is less than 70% of the commitment amount) and from 0.50% to 0.365% (if the aggregate loan principal balance is equal to or greater than 70% of the commitment amount) on the unused portion of the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility, which is payable monthly in arrears.

The TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a pledge of TAP Funding's total assets and under the terms of the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility, the total outstanding principal may not exceed the lesser of the commitment amount and an amount (the "Asset Base"), which is calculated by a formula based on TAP Funding's net book value of containers and direct financing and sales-type leases. As of June 30, 2016, TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility's Asset Base and TAP Funding's total assets amounted to \$150,000 and \$221,238, respectively.

Term Loan

On April 30, 2014, TL entered into a \$500,000 five-year term loan (the "TL Term Loan") with a group of financial institutions that represents a partially-amortizing term loan with the remaining principal due in full on April 30, 2019. Interest on the outstanding amount due under the TL Term Loan is based on the U.S. prime rate or LIBOR plus a spread between 1.0% and 2.0% which is based upon TGH's leverage. Under the terms of the TL Term Loan, scheduled principal repayments are payable in twenty quarterly installments, consisting of nineteen quarterly installments, commencing on September 30, 2014, each in an amount equal to 1.58% of the initial principal balance and one final installment payable on the Maturity Date (April 30, 2019). Interest payments are payable in arrears on the last day of each interest period, not to exceed three months. The Company used proceeds from the TL Term Loan and the Company's secured debt facilities and TMCL's available cash to repay all of the

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

outstanding principal balance of TMCL's bonds. TMCL then transferred all of its containers, net, net investment in direct financing and sales-type leases and remaining net assets, to TL, TMCL II and TMCL IV.

On June 24, 2016, TL entered into an amendment of the TL Term Loan that added a new restrictive covenant regarding TGH's minimum consolidated tangible net worth and to revise the covenant calculation method on TGH's consolidated interest coverage ratio to allow certain container impairment amounts to be excluded in the calculation of consolidated earnings before interest and taxes during the period from April 1, 2016 through June 30, 2018.

The TL Term Loan is secured by a segregated pool of the Company's containers and under the terms of the TL Term Loan, the total outstanding principal may not exceed the lesser of the commitment amount and an amount (the "Asset Base"), which is calculated by a formula based on TL's net book value of containers and direct financing and sales-type leases designated to the TL Term Loan. As of June 30, 2016, TL Term Loan's Asset Base amounted to \$416,300. TGH acts as an unconditional guarantor of the TL Term Loan.

Bonds Payable

TMCL III-- In September 2013, Textainer Marine Containers III Limited ("TMCL III") (a Bermuda Company), one of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, issued \$300,900 aggregate principal amount of Series 2013-1 Fixed Rate Asset Backed Notes (the "2013-1 Bonds") to qualified institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to non-U.S. persons in accordance with Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act. The 2013-1 Bonds were issued at 99.5% of par value, resulting in a discount of \$1,542 which is being accreted to interest expense using the interest rate method over a 10 year term. The \$300,900 in 2013-1 Bonds represent fully amortizing notes payable on a straight-line basis over a scheduled payment term of 10 years, but not to exceed a maximum payment term of 25 years. Based on the outstanding principal amount at December 31, 2014 and under the 10-year amortization schedule, \$30,090 in 2013-1 Bond principal will amortize per year. Under the terms of the 2013-1 Bonds, both principal and interest incurred are payable monthly. TMCL III was not permitted to make voluntary prepayments of all, or a portion of, the principal balance of the 2013-1 Bonds prior to September 20, 2015. The interest rate for the outstanding principal balance of the 2013-1 Bonds is fixed at 3.90% per annum. The target final payment date and legal final payment date are September 20, 2023 and September 20, 2038, respectively.

In October 2014, TMCL III issued \$301,400 aggregate principal amount of Series 2014-1 Fixed Rate Asset Backed Notes (the "2014-1 Bonds") to qualified institutional investors pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to non-U.S. persons in accordance with Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act. The 2014-1 Bonds were issued at 99.9% of par value, resulting in a discount of \$102 which is being accreted to interest expense using the interest rate method over a 10 year term. The \$301,400 in 2014-1 Bonds represent fully amortizing notes payable on a straight-line basis over a scheduled payment term of 10 years, but not to exceed a maximum payment term of 25 years. Based on the outstanding principal amount at December 31, 2014 and under the 10-year amortization schedule, \$30,140 in 2014-1 Bond principal will amortize per year. Under the terms of the 2014-1 Bonds, both principal and interest incurred are payable monthly. TMCL III is not permitted to make voluntary prepayments of all, or a portion

of, the principal balance of the 2014-1 Bonds prior to November 20, 2016. The interest rate for the outstanding principal balance of the 2014-1 Bonds is fixed at 3.27% per annum. The target final payment date and legal final payment date are October 20, 2024 and October 20, 2039, respectively.

Under the terms of the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds, the total outstanding principal may not exceed an amount (the "Asset Base"), which is calculated by a formula based on TMCL III's book value of equipment, restricted cash and direct financing and sales-type leases as specified in the bond indenture. The total obligations under the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds are secured by a pledge of TMCL III's assets. As of June 30, 2016, the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds' Asset Base amounted to \$231,626 and \$265,638, respectively, and TMCL III's total assets amounted to \$658,410.

Restrictive Covenants

The Company's secured debt facilities, revolving credit facilities, the TL Term Loan, the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds contain restrictive covenants, including limitations on certain liens, indebtedness and investments. The TL Revolving Credit Facility, TL Revolving Credit Facility II and the TL Term Loan contain certain restrictive financial covenants on TGH's consolidated tangible net worth and TGH and TL's leverage and interest coverage. The TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility, the TW Revolving Credit Facility, the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility and the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds contain restrictive covenants on TGH's leverage, debt service coverage, TGH's container management subsidiary net income and debt levels and TMCL II, TMCL IV, TW, TAP Funding and TMCL III's overall Asset Base minimums, respectively. The TMCL II Secured Debt Facility and TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility also contain restrictive

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

covenants regarding certain containers sales proceeds ratio. The TW Revolving Credit Facility also contains restrictive covenants limiting TW's finance lease default ratio and debt service coverage ratio. The TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility, the TAP Funding Revolving Credit Facility and the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds also contain restrictive covenants' regarding certain earnings ratios and the average age of the container fleets of TMCL II, TMCL IV, TAP Funding and TMCL III, respectively. The TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, the TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility and the 2013-1 Bonds and the 2014-1 Bonds also contain restrictive covenants on TMCL II, TMCL IV and TMCL III's ability to incur other obligations and distribute earnings, respectively. TGH and its subsidiaries were in full compliance with these restrictive covenants at June 30, 2016.

The following is a schedule of future scheduled repayments, by year, and borrowing capacities, as of June 30, 2016:

							Available	
							borrowing,	
							as limited by	Current
	Twelve m	onths ending	g June 30,		2021 and	Total	the Borrowing	and Available
	2017	2018	2019	2020	thereafter	Borrowing	Base	Borrowing
TMCL II Secured Debt Facility TMCL IV	\$ —	\$66,818	\$89,090	\$89,090	\$645,902	\$890,900	\$ 11,655	\$902,555
Secured Debt Facility	_	160,000	-	_	_	160,000	9,071	169,071
TL Revolving Credit Facility	_	_	_	_	598,000	598,000	102,000	700,000
TL Revolving Credit Facility II	_	_	_	_	186,000	186,000	4,000	190,000
TW Revolving Credit Facility (1)	32,853	25,851	22,656	18,238	48,100	147,698	8,325	156,023
TAP Funding Revolving Credit								
Facility TL Term Loan	31,600	31,600	145,500 353,100	-	_	145,500 416,300	4,500	150,000 416,300
2013-1 Bonds (2)	30,090	30,090	30,090	30,090	97,793	218,153	_	218,153

2014-1 Bonds (3)	30,140	30,140	30,140	30,140	130,607	251,167	_	251,167
Total (4)	\$124,683	\$344,499	\$670,576	\$167,558	\$1,706,402	\$3,013,718	\$ 139,551	\$3,153,269

- (1) See Note 13 "Subsequent Events" for amended terms effective July 29, 2016.
- (2) Future scheduled payments for the 2013-1 Bonds exclude an unamortized discount of \$812.
- (3) Future scheduled payments for the 2014-1 Bonds exclude an unamortized discount of \$71.
- (4) Future scheduled payments for all debts exclude prepaid debt issuance costs in an aggregate amount of \$17,809. The future repayments schedule for the TMCL II Secured Debt Facility is based on the assumption that the facility will not be extended on its Conversion Date and will then convert into a four-year partially amortizing note payable.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Derivative Instruments

The Company has entered into several interest rate cap, collar and swap agreements with several banks to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates associated with its debt obligations. The following is a summary of the Company's derivative instruments as of June 30, 2016:

Derivative instruments	Notional amount
Interest rate swap contracts with several banks, with fixed rates	
between 0.60% and 1.98% per annum, amortizing notional	
amounts, with termination dates through July 15, 2023	\$1,270,362
Interest rate swap contract with a bank, with a fixed rate of	
0.65% per annum, nonamortizing notional amount, with a	
termination date of August 16, 2016	45,000
Interest rate collar contracts with a bank which cap rates	
between 1.26% and 2.18% per annum, and sets floors for rates between 0.76% and 1.68% per annum, amortizing notional	
amount, with termination dates through June 15, 2023	102,806
Interest rate cap contracts with several banks with fixed rates	
between 3.32% and 3.63% per annum, nonamortizing	
notional amounts, with termination dates through	
June 30, 2017 Total notional amount as of June 30, 2016	506,000 \$1,924,168

The Company's interest rate swap, collar and cap agreements had a fair value liability of \$18,797 as of June 30, 2016, respectively, and a fair value asset and a fair value liability of \$814 and \$3,412 as of December 31, 2015, respectively,

which are inclusive of counterparty risk. The primary external risk of the Company's interest rate swap agreements is the counterparty credit exposure, as defined as the ability of a counterparty to perform its financial obligations under a derivative contract. The Company monitors its counterparties' credit ratings on an on-going basis and they were in compliance with the related derivative agreements at June 30, 2016. The Company does not have any master netting arrangements with its counterparties. The Company's fair value assets and liabilities for its interest rate swap, collar and cap agreements are included in interest rate swaps, collars and caps in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The change in fair value was recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income as unrealized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and caps, net.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(10) Segment Information

As described in Note 1 "Nature of Business", the Company operates in three reportable segments: Container Ownership, Container Management and Container Resale. The following tables show segment information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, reconciled to the Company's income before taxes as shown in its condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive (loss) income:

	Container	Container	Container			
Three Months Ended June 30, 2016	Ownership	Management		Other	Eliminations	
Lease rental income	\$119,492	\$ 731	\$ —	\$ —	\$ <i>-</i>	\$120,223
Management fees from external						
customers	73	2,545	676			3,294
Inter-segment management fees	_	10,572	2,115	_	(12,687)	
Trading container sales proceeds		_	3,062	_	_	3,062
Gains on sale of containers, net	870	_	_	_	_	870
Total revenue	\$120,435	\$ 13,848	\$ 5,853	\$—	\$ (12,687)	\$127,449
Depreciation expense	\$53,086	\$ 221	\$ <i>—</i>	\$—	\$ (1,550)	\$51,757
Container impairment	\$19,484	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$19,484
Interest expense	\$20,022	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$—	\$20,022
Unrealized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and						
caps, net	\$(5,022)	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ <i>—</i>	\$	\$ <i>—</i>	\$(5,022)
Segment (losses) income before taxes and	,					
noncontrolling interests	\$(6,963)	\$ 6,296	\$ 1,026	\$(965)	\$ 122	\$(484)
Total assets	\$4,353,334	\$ 104,254	\$ 5,800	\$7,368	\$ (105,796)	\$4,364,960
Purchases of long-lived assets	\$129,576	\$ 297	\$ <i>—</i>	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$129,873
	Container	Container	Container			
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Ownership	Management	Resale	Other	Eliminations	Totals
Lease rental income	\$127,917	\$ 425	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$128,342
Management fees from external						
customers	80	3,127	803			4,010
Inter-segment management fees		11,742	2,453	_	(14,195) —
Trading container sales proceeds			4,220			4,220
Gains on sale of containers, net	1,593		_	_		1,593
Total revenue	\$129,590	\$ 15,294	\$ 7,476	\$	\$ (14,195	\$138,165
Depreciation expense	\$45,956	\$ 196	\$ —	\$—	\$ (1,479	\$44,673
_						

Container impairment	\$4,685	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$4,685
Interest expense	\$19,265	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$19,265
Unrealized gains on interest rate swaps, collars and						
caps, net	\$3,326	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ <i>-</i>	\$ —	\$ —	\$3,326
Segment income (losses) before taxes and						
noncontrolling interests	\$35,830	\$ 6,456	\$ 2,413	\$(1,260)	\$ 270	\$43,709
Total assets	\$4,451,891	\$ 101,259	\$ 7,536	\$4,258	\$ (94,548) \$4,470,396
Purchases of long-lived assets	\$132,202	\$ 353	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$132,555
27						

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Container	Container	Container			
Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	Ownership	Management	Resale	Other	Eliminations	Totals
Lease rental income	\$241,044	\$ 1,229	\$ —	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$242,273
Management fees from external						
customers	146	5,121	1,371	_	_	6,638
Inter-segment management fees	<u>—</u>	20,616	4,203	_	(24,819)	<u> </u>
Trading container sales proceeds	_	_	4,964		_	4,964
Gains on sale of containers, net	2,488	_	_	_	_	2,488
Total revenue	\$243,678	\$ 26,966	\$ 10,538	\$ —	\$ (24,819	\$256,363
Depreciation expense	\$106,938	\$ 435	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (3,067)	\$104,306
Container impairment	\$36,776	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$36,776
Interest expense	\$39,987	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$39,987
Unrealized losses on interest rate swaps,						
collars and						
caps, net	\$(16,199)	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$(16,199)
Segment (losses) income before taxes						
and						
noncontrolling interests	\$(15,427)	\$ 10,465	\$ 1,855	\$(1,995)	\$ 921	\$(4,181)
Total assets	\$4,353,334	\$ 104,254	\$5,800	\$7,368	\$ (105,796)	\$4,364,960
Purchases of long-lived assets	\$252,618	\$ 649	\$—	\$—	\$-	\$253,267
C						
	Container	Container	Container			
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Ownership	Management	Resale	Other	Eliminations	Totals
Lease rental income	\$256,740	\$ 848	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$257,588
Management fees from external						
customers	159	6,397	1,471			8,027
Inter-segment management fees		24,593	4,459	_	(29,052)	—
Trading container sales proceeds			9,052			9,052
Gains on sale of containers, net	2,649		_	_	_	2,649
Total revenue	\$259,548	\$ 31,838	\$14,982	\$ —	\$ (29,052)	\$277,316
Depreciation expense	\$91,016	\$ 388	\$—	\$—		\$88,472
Container impairment	\$7,855	\$ <i>—</i>	\$—	\$—	\$ —	\$7,855
Interest expense	\$38,660	\$ —	\$—	\$—	\$ —	\$38,660
•	•) \$ —	\$—	\$—	\$ —	\$(2,675)

Unrealized losses on interest rate swaps, collars and

caps, net

Segment income (losses) before taxes and						
noncontrolling interests	\$66,159	\$ 13,863	\$4,256	\$(2,175)	\$ (534) \$81,569
Total assets	\$4,451,891	\$ 101,259	\$7,536	\$4,258	\$ (94,548) \$4,470,396
Purchases of long-lived assets	\$342,866	\$ 493	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$343,359

General and administrative expenses are allocated to the reportable business segments based on direct overhead costs incurred by those segments. Amounts reported in the "Other" column represent activity unrelated to the active reportable business segments. Amounts reported in the "Eliminations" column represent inter-segment management fees between the Container Management and Container Resale segments and the Container Ownership segment.

Geographic Segment Information

The Company's container lessees use containers for their global trade utilizing many worldwide trade routes. The Company earns its revenue from international carriers when the containers are on hire. Substantially all of the Company's leasing related revenue is denominated in U.S. dollars. As all of the Company's containers are used internationally, where no single container is domiciled in one particular place for a prolonged period of time, all of the Company's long-lived assets are considered to be international with no single country of use.

TEXTAINER GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(Unaudited)

(All currency expressed in United States dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Restricted Cash

Restricted interest-bearing cash accounts were established by the Company as additional collateral for outstanding borrowings under the Company's TMCL II Secured Debt Facility, TMCL IV Secured Debt Facility, TW Revolving Credit Facility, 2013-1 Bonds and 2014-1 Bonds. The total balance of these restricted cash accounts was \$34,587 and \$33,917 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

(b) Container Commitments

At June 30, 2016, the Company had placed orders with manufacturers for containers to be delivered subsequent to June 30, 2016 in the total amount of \$94,582.

(12) Share Repurchase Program

On October 29, 2015, TGH's board of directors approved a share repurchase program of up to \$100,000 of the Company's common shares. Under the program, the Company may purchase its common shares from time to time in the open market, in privately negotiated transactions or by establishing a trading plan under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to facilitate purchases of its common shares. The Company did not repurchase any of its common shares during the six months ended June 30, 2016.

(13) Subsequent Events

Dividend

On August 4, 2016, TGH's board of directors approved and declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.03 per share on TGH's issued and outstanding common shares, payable on August 30, 2016 to shareholders of record as of August 19, 2016.

TW Revolving Credit Facility Amendment

On July 29, 2016, TW entered into an amendment of the TW Revolving Credit Facility which lowered the aggregate commitment amount from \$300,000 to \$144,889. The revolving credit period was also terminated on July 29, 2016 and there is no commitment fee subsequent to July 29, 2016. The amendment further defined the payment priority in which the monthly principal payment amount is now equal to available funds from net revenue collection after

payments for manager and administration agent fee, interest, interest rate hedging payment and an amount required to maintain cash reserve account balance of three months interest. The applicable interest margin was increased from 2% to 3% due to the occurrence of an Asset Base deficiency resulting from a defaulted finance lease event that occurred on July 29, 2016.

Other than those mentioned above, there are no changes on other terms under the TW Revolving Credit Facility.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Item 1, "Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)" of this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K, as well as our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 11, 2016 (our "2015 Form 20-F"). In addition to historical consolidated financial information, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results may differ materially from those contained in or implied by any forward-looking statements. See "Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements; Cautionary Language." Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below and Item 3, "Key Information -- Risk Factors" included in our 2015 Form 20-F.

As used in the following discussion and analysis, unless indicated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to: (1) "the Company," "we," "us," "our" or "TGH" refer collectively to Textainer Group Holdings Limited, the issue of the publicly-traded common shares that have been registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and its subsidiaries; (2) "TEU" refers to a "Twenty-Foot Equivalent Unit," which is a unit of measurement used in the container shipping industry to compare shipping containers of various lengths to a standard 20' dry freight container, thus a 20' container is one TEU and a 40' container is two TEU; (3) "CEU" refers to a Cost Equivalent Unit, which is a unit of measurement based on the approximate cost of a container relative to the cost of a standard 20' dry freight container, so the cost of a standard 20' dry freight container is one CEU; the cost of a 40' dry freight container is 1.6 CEU; and the cost of a 40' high cube refrigerated container is 8.0 CEU; (4) "our owned fleet" means the containers we own; (5) "our managed fleet" means the containers we manage that are owned by other container investors; (6) "our fleet" and our" total fleet" means our owned fleet plus our managed fleet plus any containers we lease from other lessors; and (7) "container investors" means the owners of the containers in our managed fleet.

Dollar amounts in this section of this Quarterly Report on Form 6-K are expressed in thousands, unless otherwise indicated.

Overview

We are one of the world's largest lessors of intermodal containers with a total fleet of approximately 2.1 million containers, representing 3.2 million TEU. Containers are an integral component of intermodal trade, providing a secure and cost-effective method of transportation because they can be used to transport freight by ship, rail or truck, making it possible to move cargo from point of origin to final destination without repeated unpacking and repacking. We lease containers to approximately 350 shipping lines and other lessees, including all of the world's top 20 shipping lines, as measured by the total TEU capacity of their container vessels. We believe that our scale, global presence, access to capital, customer service, consistent investment, market knowledge and long history with our customers have made us one of the most reliable suppliers of leased containers. We have a long track record in the industry, operating since 1979, and have developed long-standing relationships with key industry participants. Our top 25 customers, as measured by revenues, have leased containers from us for an average of over 30 years.

We have purchased an average of more than 235,000 TEU of new containers per year for the past five years, and have been one of the world's largest buyers of new containers over the same period. We are one of the world's largest sellers of used containers, having sold an average of more than 93,000 containers (or 150,000 TEU) per year for the last five years to more than 1,200 customers. We provide our services worldwide via an international network of regional and area offices and independent depots.

We operate our business in three core segments:

- ·Container Ownership. As of June 30, 2016, we owned containers accounting for approximately 81% of our fleet.
- ·Container Management. As of June 30, 2016, we managed containers on behalf of 14 affiliated and unaffiliated container owners, providing acquisition, management and disposal services. As of June 30, 2016, managed containers accounted for approximately 19% of our fleet.
- ·Container Resale. We generally sell containers from our fleet when they reach the end of their useful lives in marine service or when we believe it is financially attractive for us to do so, considering the location, sale price, cost of repair and possible repositioning expenses. We also purchase and lease or resell containers from shipping line customers, container traders and other sellers of containers.

The table below summarizes the composition of our fleet, in TEU and CEU, by type of containers, as of June 30, 2016:

	TEU			CEU		
	Owned	Managed	Total	Owned	Managed	Total
Standard dry freight	2,383,352	585,417	2,968,769	2,131,846	524,451	2,656,297
Refrigerated	134,845	11,897	146,742	545,331	47,734	593,065
Other specialized	70,860	9,007	79,867	106,978	15,573	122,551
Total fleet	2,589,057	606,321	3,195,378	2,784,155	587,758	3,371,913
Percent of total fleet	81.0 %	19.0 %	6 100.0 %	82.6 %	17.4 %	100.0 %

Our fleet as of June 30, 2016, by lease type, as a percentage of total TEU on hire was as follows:

	Percent of Total On- Hire Fleet		
Term leases	73.6	%	
Master leases	12.6	%	
Direct financing and sales-type leases	11.5	%	
Spot leases	2.3	%	
Total	100.0	%	

The following table summarizes our average total fleet utilization (CEU basis) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three m	onths	Six months			
	ended		ended June 30,			
	June 30,	,				
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Utilization	94.7%	97.3%	94.6%	97.6%		

We measure the utilization rate on the basis of CEU on lease, using the actual number of days on hire, expressed as a percentage of CEU available for lease, using the actual days available for lease. CEU available for lease excludes CEU that have been manufactured for us but have not yet been delivered to a lessee and CEU designated as held-for-sale units.

Our total revenues primarily consist of leasing revenues derived from the leasing of our owned containers and, to a lesser extent, fees received for managing containers owned by third parties and equipment resale. The most important driver of our profitability is the extent to which revenues on our owned fleet and management fee income exceed our operating costs. The key drivers of our revenues are fleet size, rental rates and utilization. Our operating costs

primarily consist of depreciation expense, container impairment, direct operating expenses, administrative expenses and amortization expense. Our lessees are generally responsible for loss of or damage to a container beyond ordinary wear and tear, and they are required to purchase insurance to cover any other liabilities.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

We believe there are a number of key factors that have affected, and are likely to continue to affect, our operating performance. These key factors include the following, among others:

- ·the demand for leased containers;
- ·lease rates;
- ·steel prices;
- ·interest rates;
- ·our ability to lease out our new containers shortly after we purchase them;
- •prices of new containers and the impact of changing prices on containers held for sale and the residual value of our in-fleet owned containers;
- ·remarketing risk;

- ·the creditworthiness of our customers;
- ·further consolidation among container lessors;
- ·further consolidation of container manufacturers and/or decreased access to new containers; and
- •global and macroeconomic factors that affect trade generally, such as recessions, terrorist attacks, pandemics or the outbreak of war and hostilities.

For further details regarding these and other factors that may affect our business and results of operations, see Item 3, "Key Information -- Risk Factors" included in our 2015 Form 20-F.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

The following table summarizes our total revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and the percentage changes between those periods:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015 (Dollars in		C		Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015 (Dollars in		% Change Between 2016 and 2015	
	thousands))	thousands)					
Lease rental income	\$120,223	\$128,342	(6.3	%)	\$242,273	\$257,588	(5.9	%)
Management fees	3,294	4,010	(17.9	%)	6,638	8,027	(17.3	%)
Trading container sales proceeds	3,062	4,220	(27.4	%)				