NEWMONT MINING CORP /DE/ Form 10-Q April 26, 2018 <u>Table of Contents</u>

# UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2018

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-31240

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	84-1611629
(State or Other Jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
Incorporation or Organization)	Identification No.)
6363 South Fiddler's Green Circle Greenwood Village, Colorado (Address of Principal Executive Of Registrant's telephone number, including area code (303) 863	80111 (Zip Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company.)	Smaller reporting company
		Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 533,486,402 shares of common stock outstanding on April 19, 2018.

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# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# FIRST QUARTER 2018 RESULTS AND HIGHLIGHTS

(unaudited, in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound)

	Three Months Ended Marc 2018 2017			
Financial Results:	20	,10	20	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Sales	\$	1,817	\$	1,690
Gold	\$	1,739	\$	1,619
Copper	\$	78	\$	71
Costs applicable to sales (1)	\$	1,029	\$	957
Gold	\$	982	\$	918
Copper	\$	47	\$	39
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	169	\$	81
Net income (loss)	\$	191	\$	58
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont		-		
stockholders	\$	170	\$	70
Per common share, diluted:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont				
stockholders	\$	0.32	\$	0.13
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$	0.36	\$	0.09
Adjusted net income (loss) (2)	\$	185	\$	136
Adjusted net income (loss) per share, diluted (2)	\$	0.35	\$	0.26
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization (2)	\$	637	\$	561
Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization (2)	\$	644	\$	574
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations	\$	266	\$	377
Free Cash Flow (2)	\$	35	\$	197
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$	0.140	\$	0.050
1 I			·	
Operating Results:				
Consolidated gold ounces (thousands):				
Produced		1,286		1,327
Sold		1,312		1,328
Attributable gold ounces (thousands):				
Produced		1,209		1,234
Sold		1,231		1,229
Consolidated and attributable copper pounds (millions):				
Produced		26		29
Sold		27		26
Average realized price:				
Gold (per ounce)	\$	1,326	\$	1,219
Copper (per pound)	\$	2.88	\$	2.68
Consolidated costs applicable to sales: (1)(2)	·			
Gold (per ounce)	\$	748	\$	691
Copper (per pound)	\$	1.74	\$	1.50
All-in sustaining costs: (2)	Ŧ		Ŧ	

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Gold (per ounce)		\$ 973	\$ 900			
Copper (per pound)		\$ 2.07	\$ 1.77			

(1) Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.
(2) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61.

First Quarter 2018 Highlights

- Net income (loss): Delivered Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to Newmont stockholders of \$170 million or \$0.32 per diluted share, an increase of \$100 million from the prior-year quarter primarily due to higher average realized gold prices.
- Adjusted net income (loss): Delivered Adjusted net income (loss) of \$185 million or \$0.35 per diluted share, a 35% increase from the prior-year quarter (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61).
- Adjusted EBITDA: Generated \$644 million in adjusted EBITDA, a 12% increase from the prior-year quarter (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61).
- Cash Flow: Reported Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations of \$266 million, a 29% decrease from the prior-year quarter, and free cash flow of \$35 million (See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" beginning on page 61).
- Portfolio improvements: Approved plans to begin the Yanacocha Sulfides feasibility study and added Chaquicocha Oxides as a new project in Peru; progressed Long Canyon Phase 2 in Nevada to pre-feasibility study; advanced Ahafo North in Ghana to definitive feasibility study; commenced development of the Tanami Power project in Australia.
  - Attributable gold production: Decreased 2% to 1.21 million ounces from lower leach activity at Yanacocha, lower grade and scheduled maintenance at Boddington, and lower grade and reduced recovery at CC&V associated with the stockpiling of concentrate for shipment to Nevada, partially offset by improved production from Merian, Tanami, Carlin and Ahafo.
- Financial Strength: Ended the quarter with \$3.1 billion cash on hand and a first quarter dividend declared of \$0.14 per share, an increase of 180 percent over the prior-year quarter.

Our global project pipeline

Newmont's capital-efficient project pipeline supports stable production with improving margins and mine life. Near-term development capital projects are presented below. Funding for Subika Underground, Ahafo Mill Expansion, Twin Underground, Quecher Main and Tanami Power projects has been approved and these projects are in execution.

Subika Underground, Africa. This project leverages existing infrastructure and an optimized approach to develop Ahafo's most promising underground resource. First production was achieved in June 2017 with commercial production expected in the second half of 2018. The project is expected to have an average annual gold production of between 150,000 and 200,000 ounces per year for the first five years beginning in 2019 with an initial mine life of approximately 11 years. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$106, of which \$26 related to the first quarter of 2018.

Ahafo Mill Expansion, Africa. This project is designed to maximize resource value by improving production margins and accelerating stockpile processing. The project also supports profitable development of Ahafo's highly prospective underground resources. First production is expected in the first half of 2019, with commercial production expected in the second half of 2019. The expansion is expected to have an average annual gold production of between 75,000 and 100,000 ounces per year for the first five years beginning in 2020. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$62, of which \$20 related to the first quarter of 2018. Following the tragic construction accident at our Ahafo Mill Expansion that resulted in six fatalities, civil construction will remain suspended until Newmont and the authorities are satisfied that work can resume safely.

Twin Underground, North America. This project is a portal mine beneath Twin Creek's Vista surface mine with similar mineralization. First production was achieved in August 2017, with commercial production expected in mid-2018. The expansion is expected to have an average annual gold production of between 30,000 and 40,000 ounces per year between 2018 and 2022. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$23, of which

\$10 related to the first quarter of 2018.

Quecher Main, South America. This project will add oxide production at Yanacocha, leverage existing infrastructure and enable potential future growth at Yanacocha. First production is expected in early 2019, with commercial production in the fourth quarter of 2019. Quecher Main extends the life of the Yanacocha operation to 2027 with average annual gold production of about 200,000 ounces per year (on a consolidated basis) between 2020 and 2025. Development capital costs (excluding capitalized interest) since approval were \$21, of which \$9 related to the first quarter of 2018.

Tanami Power, Australia. This project will lower power costs from 2019, mitigate fuel supply risk and reduce carbon emissions. The project includes a 450 kilometer natural gas pipeline to be constructed connecting the Tanami site to the Amadeus Gas Pipeline, and construction and operation of two on-site power stations. The gas supply, gas transmission and power purchase agreements are for a ten year term with options to extend.

We manage our wider project portfolio to maintain flexibility to address the development risks associated with our projects including permitting, local community and government support, engineering and procurement availability, technical issues, escalating costs and other associated risks that could adversely impact the timing and costs of certain opportunities.

### PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1.FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

#### (unaudited, in millions except per share)

	TI 20	March 31, 017		
Sales (Note 5)		1,817	\$	1,690
Costs and expenses:				
Costs applicable to sales (1)		1,029		957
Depreciation and amortization		301		300
Reclamation and remediation (Note 6)		28		29
Exploration		40		36
Advanced projects, research and development		34		26
General and administrative		59		55
Other expense, net (Note 7)		11		17
		1,502		1,420
Other income (expense):				
Other income, net (Note 8)		21		(9)
Interest expense, net		(53)		(67)
		(32)		(76)
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items		283		194
Income and mining tax benefit (expense) (Note 9)		(105)		(111)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates		(9)		(2)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		169		81
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 10)		22		(23)
Net income (loss)		191		58
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests (Note 11)		1		(11)
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$	192	\$	47
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:				
Continuing operations	\$	170	\$	70
Discontinued operations		22		(23)
•	\$	192	\$	47
Net income (loss) per common share (Note 12):				
Basic:				
Continuing operations	\$	0.32	\$	0.13
Discontinued operations		0.04		(0.04)
*	\$	0.36	\$	0.09
Diluted:				
Continuing operations	\$	0.32	\$	0.13
Discontinued operations		0.04		(0.04)

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	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.09				
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.140	\$ 0.050				

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation. The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(unaudited, in millions)

	Three Months Ended 2018 20			ed March 31, 2017	
Net income (loss)	\$	191	\$	58	
Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Change in marketable securities, net of tax of \$- and \$-, respectively		2		(7)	
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(3)		4	
Change in pension and other post-retirement benefits, net of tax of \$(1) and					
\$(4), respectively		5		6	
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge instruments, net of tax of $(1)$ and $(4)$ ,					
respectively		4		9	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	8	\$	12	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	199	\$	70	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:					
Newmont stockholders	\$	200	\$	59	
Noncontrolling interests		(1)		11	
	\$	199	\$	70	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, in millions)

		nree Months Er )18		March 31,
Operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	191	\$	58
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and amortization		301		300
Stock-based compensation (Note 14)		19		16
Reclamation and remediation		26		28
Loss (income) from discontinued operations (Note 10)		(22)		23
Deferred income taxes		10		57
Write-downs of inventory and stockpiles and ore on leach pads		82		43
Other operating adjustments		10		36
Net change in operating assets and liabilities (Note 23)		(351)		(184)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations		266		377
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations				
(1)		(3)		(6)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		263		371
Investing activities:				
Additions to property, plant and mine development		(231)		(180)
Proceeds from sales of investments				19
Other		(5)		3
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(236)		(158)
Financing activities:				
Dividends paid to common stockholders		(76)		(27)
Repurchase of common stock		(64)		
Payments for withholding of employee taxes related to stock-based				
compensation		(39)		(13)
Funding from noncontrolling interests		32		21
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(31)		(32)
Other		(1)		(1)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(179)		(52)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash				1
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(152)		162
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period		3,298		2,782
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$	3,146	\$	2,944
		,		,
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,111	\$	2,919
Restricted cash included in Other current assets	т	1	Ŧ	1
Restricted cash included in Other noncurrent assets		34		24
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	3,146	\$	2,944
	Ψ	2,110	Ψ	<i>2,7</i> · · ·

(1) Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations includes \$(3) and \$(3) related to the Holt royalty obligation and \$- and \$(3) related to closing costs for the sale of Batu Hijau, all of which were paid out of Cash and cash equivalents held for use for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. For additional information regarding the Company's discontinued operations, see Note 10.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in millions)

	4 20	At March 31, 18	At 201	December 31,	
ASSETS					
1	\$	3,111	\$	3,259	
Trade receivables (Note 5)		211		124	
Other accounts receivables		119		113	
Investments (Note 17)		59		62	
Inventories (Note 18)		657		679	
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads (Note 19)		640		676	
Other current assets		141		153	
Current assets		4,938		5,066	
Property, plant and mine development, net		12,311		12,338	
Investments (Note 17)		273		280	
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads (Note 19)		1,897		1,848	
Deferred income tax assets		500		549	
Other non-current assets		564		565	
Total assets S	\$	20,483	\$	20,646	
LIABILITIES					
Debt (Note 20)	\$	7	\$	4	
Accounts payable		331		375	
Employee-related benefits		220		309	
Income and mining taxes payable		216		248	
Other current liabilities (Note 21)		407		462	
Current liabilities		1,181		1,398	
Debt (Note 20)		4,088		4,061	
Reclamation and remediation liabilities (Note 6)		2,358		2,345	
Deferred income tax liabilities		596		595	
Employee-related benefits		394		386	
Other non-current liabilities (Note 21)		311		342	
Total liabilities		8,928		9,127	
EQUITY					
Common stock		857		855	
Treasury stock		(69)		(30)	
Additional paid-in capital		9,576		9,592	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 22)		(169)		(292)	
Retained earnings		380		410	
Newmont stockholders' equity		10,575		10,535	
Noncontrolling interests		980		984	
Total equity		11,555		11,519	
	\$	20,483	\$	20,646	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(unaudited, in millions)

	Common Shares (in millio	Amount	Treasury Shares		Additional Paid-In t Capital	Comprehe	tted ens <b>Ret</b> ained Los <b>E)</b> trnings	Noncontr Interests	•
Balance at December 31, 2017 Cumulative-effect	534	\$ 855	(1)	\$ (30)	\$ 9,592	\$ (292)	\$ 410	\$ 984	\$ 11,519
adjustment of adopting ASU No. 2016-01 Net income (loss) Other						115 —	(115) 192	(1)	 191
comprehensive income (loss) Dividends declared Distributions	_	_	_			8	(76)	_	8 (76)
declared to noncontrolling interests Cash calls requested from noncontrolling	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(31)	(31)
interests (1) Repurchase and	_	—	_	—	_		_	28	28
retirement of common stock Withholding of employee taxes related to	(2)	(3)	—	_	(30)	—	(31)	—	(64)
stock-based compensation Stock-based awards and related share	_	_	(1)	(39)	_	_	_	_	(39)
issuances Balance at	3	5	_	—	14	_		—	19
March 31, 2018	535	\$ 857	(2)	\$ (69)	\$ 9,576	\$ (169)	\$ 380	\$ 980	\$ 11,555

(1) Cash calls requested from noncontrolling interests of \$28 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 represent cash calls requested from Staatsolie for the Merian mine. Staatsolie paid an additional \$4 related to prior periods during the three months ended March 31, 2018.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

# NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements ("interim statements") of Newmont Mining Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Newmont" or the "Company") are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring adjustments) and disclosures necessary for a fair presentation of these interim statements have been included. The results reported in these interim statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be reported for the entire year. These interim statements should be read in conjunction with Newmont's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed on February 22, 2018 on Form 10-K and revisions filed April 26, 2018 on Form 8-K. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from the audited financial statements and, in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q, certain information and footnote disclosures required by United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. References to "A\$" refers to Australian currency and "C\$" refers to Canadian currency.

Adoption of Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-15 and No. 2016-18

Certain amounts have been retrospectively reclassified for the three months ended March 31, 2017 to conform to the current period presentation and reflect the change in Newmont's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows required with the adoption of Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2016-15 as of January 1, 2018 related to the classification of certain items on the statement of cash flows and ASU No. 2016-18 as of December 31, 2017 related to the inclusion of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows as further described in Note 3.

See Note 2 for the financial statement line items that were affected by the adoption of these standards.

Correction of Immaterial Errors

In the first quarter of 2018, Newmont corrected a computation error that was immaterial to all affected prior periods related to its methodology for calculating and recording Reclamation and remediation liabilities under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 410, "Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations," since the adoption of the standard as of January 1, 2003. The Company concluded that the error had the effect of understating its asset retirement obligations liability and the related asset retirement cost resulting in immaterial errors in accretion and depreciation expense.

In evaluating the impact of the error, the Company followed the guidance of ASC 250, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections," Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 99, "Assessing Materiality," and SAB No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements." The Company concluded that the error was not material to our results of operations or financial condition on a quantitative and qualitative basis and did not require previously filed reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission to be amended. Correction of the cumulative error would have a disproportionate impact on our results for the first quarter of 2018 and for the annual estimated income for 2018. As such, the Company has corrected the error by revising the prior period financial statements. The Company also elected to correct other individually insignificant errors not previously recorded that the Company concluded were immaterial to our previously issued Consolidated Financial Statements.

See Note 2 for the financial statement line items that were affected by the correction of the error.

Certain other prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2018 presentation.

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

### NOTE 2 REVISION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's previously issued consolidated financial statements have been revised for the adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 and No. 2016-18 and the correction of the errors as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017						
		Reclamation					
	As	and	1				
	Previously	Re	mediation	Othe	er	As	
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations	Reported	Ad	justments	Adj	ustments	Revised	
Sales	\$ 1,659	\$		\$	31	\$ 1,690	
Costs applicable to sales	\$ 933	\$		\$	24	\$ 957	
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 293	\$	1	\$	6	\$ 300	
Reclamation and remediation	\$ 30	\$	(1)	\$		\$ 29	
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other	¢	\$		\$	1	¢	
items	<sup>\$</sup> 193	φ	—		1	\$ <sub>194</sub>	
Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	\$ (110)	\$	(1)	\$	—	\$ (111)	
Net income (loss):							
Continuing operations	\$ 81	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$ 81	
Discontinued operations	(23)				—	(23)	
	\$ 58	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$ 58	
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ (12)	\$	1	\$		\$ (11)	
Natingoma (loss) attributable to Navyment stackholders							
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:	\$ 69	¢		¢	1	\$ 70	
Continuing operations		\$	_	\$	1	\$ 70 (22)	
Discontinued operations	(23)	¢	_	¢	1	(23)	
	\$ 46	\$		\$	1	\$ 47	
Net income (loss) per common share							
Basic:	¢ 0.12	¢		¢		¢ 0 12	
Continuing operations	\$ 0.13	\$	_	\$		\$ 0.13	
Discontinued operations	(0.04)	¢	_	¢		(0.04)	
	\$ 0.09	\$		\$		\$ 0.09	
Diluted:	¢ 0.12	¢		¢		¢ 0 12	
Continuing operations	\$ 0.13	\$		\$		\$ 0.13	
Discontinued operations	(0.04)	¢		¢		(0.04)	
	\$ 0.09	\$		\$		\$ 0.09	

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Reclamation							
	As	and	1			A	SU	
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash	Previously		mediation		her		doption	As
Flows	Reported	Ad	justments	Ad	ljustment	s Re	evision	Revised
Operating activities:								
Net income	\$ 58	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$	—	\$ 58
Adjustments:								
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 293	\$	1	\$	6	\$		\$ 300
Reclamation and remediation	\$ 29	\$	(1)	\$		\$	—	\$ 28
Deferred income taxes	\$ 56	\$	1	\$		\$		\$ 57
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	\$ (175)	\$		\$	(7)	\$	(2)	\$ (184)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Continuing operations	\$ 379	\$		\$		\$	(2)	\$ 377
Discontinued operations	(6)							(6)
	\$ 373	\$		\$		\$	(2)	\$ 371
Investing activities:								
Acquisitions, net	\$ (2)	\$		\$		\$	2	\$ —
Net cash provided by (used in) investing	\$ (1(0)	\$		\$		\$		¢
activities	<sup>ф</sup> (160)	φ		φ		φ	2	<sup>\$</sup> (158)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash	\$ 2	\$		\$		\$		\$ 1
equivalents and restricted cash:	<sup>•</sup> 2	φ		φ		φ	(1)	<sup>φ</sup> 1
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and	\$ 160	\$		\$		\$		\$ 160
restricted cash	<sup>•</sup> 163	Ψ		ψ		ψ	(1)	<sup>ф</sup> 162
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at								
beginning of period	2,756						26	2,782
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at	\$ 2.010	\$		\$		\$		\$ 2011
end of period	<sup>\$</sup> 2,919	φ		φ		ψ	25	° 2,944

Year ended December 31, 2017									
	Reclamation								
As	and								
Previously	Remediation	As							
Reported	Adjustments	Revised							
\$ 12,267	\$ 71	\$ 12,338							
\$ 537	\$ 12	\$ 549							
\$ 20,563	\$ 83	\$ 20,646							

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Property, plant and mine development Deferred income tax assets Total assets

Other current liabilities (1)	\$ 459	\$ 3	\$ 462
Reclamation and remediation liabilities (2)	\$ 2,154	\$ 191	\$ 2,345
Total liabilities	\$ 8,933	\$ 194	\$ 9,127
Retained earnings	\$ 484	\$ (74)	\$ 410
Newmont stockholders' equity	\$ 10,609	\$ (74)	\$ 10,535
Noncontrolling interests	\$ 1,021	\$ (37)	\$ 984
Total equity	\$ 11,630	\$ (111)	\$ 11,519
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 20,563	\$ 83	\$ 20,646
Total liabilities Retained earnings Newmont stockholders' equity Noncontrolling interests Total equity	\$ 8,933 \$ 484 \$ 10,609 \$ 1,021 \$ 11,630	\$ 194 \$ (74) \$ (74) \$ (37) \$ (111)	\$ 9,127 \$ 410 \$ 10,535 \$ 984 \$ 11,519

(1) The adjustment at December 31, 2017 relates to the Company's current Reclamation and remediation liabilities, included in Other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For further information regarding our current Other current liabilities, see Note 21.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents non-current Reclamation and remediation liabilities.

# NOTE 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

As a global mining company, the Company's revenue, profitability and future rate of growth are substantially dependent on prevailing prices for gold and copper. Historically, the commodity markets have been very volatile, and there can be no assurance that

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#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

commodity prices will not be subject to wide fluctuations in the future. A substantial or extended decline in commodity prices could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, cash flows, access to capital and on the quantities of reserves that the Company can economically produce. The carrying value of the Company's Property, plant and mine development, net; Inventories; Stockpiles and ore on leach pads and Deferred income tax assets are particularly sensitive to the outlook for commodity prices. A decline in the Company's price outlook from current levels could result in material impairment charges related to these assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the accounting for and recognition and disclosure of assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenses. The Company must make these estimates and assumptions because certain information used is dependent on future events, cannot be calculated with a high degree of precision from data available or simply cannot be readily calculated based on generally accepted methodologies. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company adopted ASC 606, Revenue from contracts with customers, on January 1, 2018. Changes to the accounting policy as a result of adoption are discussed below.

Newmont generates revenue by selling gold and copper produced from its mining operations. Refer to Note 4 for further information regarding the Company's operating segments.

The majority of the Company's Sales come from the sale of refined gold; however, the end product at the Company's gold operations is generally doré bars. Doré is an alloy consisting primarily of gold but also containing silver and other metals. Doré is sent to refiners to produce bullion that meets the required market standard of 99.95% gold. Under the terms of the Company's refining agreements, the doré bars are refined for a fee, and the Company's share of the refined gold and the separately-recovered silver is credited to its bullion account. Gold from doré bars credited to its bullion account is typically sold to banks or refiners.

A portion of gold sold from Boddington and Kalgoorlie in Australia, Phoenix in Nevada and CC&V in Colorado is sold in the form of concentrate which includes copper and silver. The Company's Sales also come from the sale of copper. Copper sales are generally in the form of concentrate, which is sold to smelters for further treatment and refining, and cathode. Copper sold from Boddington in Australia is sold in concentrate form and copper sold from Phoenix in Nevada is sold in either concentrate or cathode form.

Generally, if a metal expected to be mined represents more than 10 to 20% of the life of mine sales value of all the metal expected to be mined, co-product accounting should apply. Generally, if metal expected to be mined is less than the 10 to 20% of the life of mine sales value, by-product accounting should apply. Revenues from by-product sales, which are immaterial, are credited to Costs applicable to sales as a by-product credit. Copper is produced as a co-product at Phoenix and Boddington. Copper and silver is produced as a by-product at certain of the Company's other operations.

Gold Sales from Doré Production

The Company recognizes revenue for gold from doré production when it satisfies the performance obligation of transferring gold inventory to the customer, which generally occurs upon transfer of gold bullion credits as this is the point at which the customer obtains the ability to direct the use and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of ownership of the asset.

The Company generally recognizes the sale of gold bullion credits at the prevailing market price when gold bullion credits are delivered to the customer. The transaction price is determined based on the agreed upon market price and the number of ounces delivered. Payment is due upon delivery of gold bullion credits to the customer's account.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Gold and Copper Sales from Concentrate Production

The Company recognizes revenue for gold and copper from concentrate production, net of treatment and refining charges, when it satisfies the performance obligation of transferring control of the concentrate to the customer. This generally occurs as material passes over the vessel's rail at the port of loading based on the date from the bill of lading, as the customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the material and the customer has the risk of loss. Newmont has elected to account for shipping and handling costs for concentrate contracts as fulfillment activities and not as promised goods or services; therefore these activities are not considered separate performance obligations.

The Company generally sells gold and copper concentrate based on the future monthly average market price for a future month, dependent on the relevant contract, following the month in which the delivery to the customer takes place. The amount of revenue recognized for concentrates is initially recorded on a provisional basis based on the forward prices for the estimated month of settlement and the Company's estimated metal quantities based on assay data. The Company's sales based on a provisional price contain an embedded derivative that is required to be separated from the host contract for accounting purposes. The host contract is the receivable from the sale of the concentrates at the forward price at the time of sale. The embedded derivative, which does not qualify for hedge accounting, is marked to market through Sales each period prior to final settlement. The Company also adjusts estimated metal quantities used in computing provisional sales using new information and assay data from the smelter as it is received (if any).

A provisional payment is generally due upon delivery of the concentrate to the customer. Final payment is due upon final settlement of price and quantity with the customer.

The principal risks associated with recognition of sales on a provisional basis include metal price and quantity fluctuations between the date the sale is recorded and the date of final settlement. If a significant decline in metal prices occurs, or assay data results in a significant change in quantity between the provisional pricing date and the final settlement date, it is reasonably possible that the Company could be required to return a portion of the provisional payment received on the sale.

### Copper Sales from Cathode Production

The Company recognizes revenue for copper from cathode production when it transfers control of copper cathode to the customer, which occurs when the material is picked up by the carrier. The Company generally sells copper cathode based on the weekly average market price for the week following production. The transaction price is determined based on this agreed upon price and the number of pounds delivered. Payment is due upon final settlement of price and quantity with the customer.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

**Revenue Recognition** 

In May 2014, ASU No. 2014-09 was issued related to revenue from contracts with customers. This ASU was further amended in August 2015, March 2016, April 2016, May 2016, December 2016 and September 2017 by ASU No. 2015-14, No. 2016-08, No. 2016-10, No. 2016-12, No. 2016-20 and No. 2017-13, respectively. The new standard provides a five-step approach to be applied to all contracts with customers and also requires expanded disclosures about revenue recognition.

The company retrospectively adopted this standard as of January 1, 2018. As there were no contracts outstanding as of December 31, 2017, there was no cumulative effect adjustment required to be recognized at January 1, 2018. The comparative information has not been adjusted and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for those periods.

The adoption of this standard primarily impacts the timing of revenue recognition on certain concentrate contracts based on the Company's determination of when control is transferred. Revenue related to concentrate shipments is now generally recognized upon completion of loading the material for shipment to the customer and satisfaction of the Company's significant performance obligation.

#### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

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(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Prior to the adoption of this standard, revenue was recognized for these contracts when the price was determinable, the concentrate had been loaded on a vessel or received by the customer, the title had been transferred and collection of the sales price was reasonably assured.

#### Investments

In January 2016, ASU No. 2016-01 was issued related to financial instruments. This ASU was further amended in February 2018 by ASU No. 2018-03. The new guidance requires entities to measure equity investments that do not result in consolidation and are not accounted for under the equity method at fair value and recognize any changes in fair value in net income. This new guidance also updates certain disclosure requirements for these investments. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, and upon adoption, an entity should apply the amendments with the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance recognized at January 1, 2018. The Company adopted this standard as of January 1, 2018. Upon adoption, the Company reclassified \$115 of unrealized holding gains and losses and deferred income taxes related to investments in marketable equity securities from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to Retained earnings in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

In August 2016, ASU No. 2016-15 was issued related to the statement of cash flows. This new guidance addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted the guidance as of January 1, 2018. Upon adoption, the Company reclassified \$2 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of Acquisitions, net previously reported as a cash outflow from investing activities, to operating activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows related to contingent consideration payments.

#### Intra-Entity Transfers

In October 2016, ASU No. 2016-16 was issued related to the intra-entity transfers of assets other than inventory. This new guidance requires entities to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018, and determined it had no impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures.

#### **Restricted Cash**

In November 2016, ASU No. 2016-18 was issued related to the inclusion of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows. This new guidance requires that a statement of cash flows present the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is

permitted. The Company retrospectively adopted this guidance as of December 31, 2017. Upon adoption, the Company included a reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Balance Sheets to the total shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Adoption of this guidance had no other impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures.

# **Employee Benefits**

In March 2017, ASU No. 2017-07 was issued related to the presentation of net periodic pension and postretirement cost. The new guidance requires the service cost component of net benefit costs to be classified similar to other compensation costs arising from services rendered by employees. Other components of net benefit costs are required to be classified separately from the service cost and outside income from operations. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018. The adoption of this guidance resulted in the recognition of other components of net benefit costs within Other income, net rather than Costs applicable to sales or

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

General and administrative and is no longer included in costs that benefit the inventory or production process. Adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures.

### Hedging

In August 2017, ASU No. 2017-12 was issued related to hedge accounting. The new guidance expands the ability to hedge nonfinancial risk components, eliminates the current requirement to separately measure and report hedge ineffectiveness, and requires the entire change in fair value of a hedging instrument to be presented in the same income statement line as the hedged item, when reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The guidance also eases certain hedge effectiveness documentation and assessment requirements. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018, and there was no material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosures as a result of adoption.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

#### Leases

In February 2016, ASU No. 2016-02 was issued related to leases, which was further amended in September 2017 by ASU No. 2017-13 and in January 2018 by ASU 2018-01. The new guidance modifies the classification criteria and requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities arising from most leases on the balance sheet. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company anticipates adopting the new guidance as of January 1, 2019.

The Company has begun its assessment of the new guidance and the impact it will have on the Consolidated Financial Statements and disclosures, and expects to complete its analysis in 2018. To date, the Company has reviewed a sample of contracts that are representative of the Company's various contracts. Management is still completing its assessment of the impacts; however, based on the sample reviewed, management anticipates certain service contracts will contain embedded leases under the revised guidance. The Company continues to assess other potential impacts of the new standard. Based on preliminary findings, the Company expects that the majority of its identified leases will be required to be reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets; however, the Company expects there will be minimal impacts to the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company expects to have an update to the impacts of the standard in upcoming quarters.

Other Comprehensive Income Reclassifications Related to Tax Reform

In February 2018, ASU 2018-02 was issued allowing companies the option to reclassify to retained earnings the tax effects related to items in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") that was enacted on December 22, 2017. This update is effective in fiscal years, including interim periods, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. This guidance should be applied either in the period of adoption or retrospectively to each period in which the effects of the change in the U.S. federal income tax rate in the Act is recognized. The Company is still completing its assessment of the impacts and anticipated adoption date of this guidance.

#### NOTE 4 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has organized its operations into four geographic regions. The geographic regions include North America, South America, Australia and Africa and represent the Company's operating segments. The results of these operating segments are reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and assess their performance. As a result, these operating segments represent the Company's reportable segments. Notwithstanding this structure, the Company internally reports information on a mine-by-mine basis for each mining operation and has chosen to disclose this information on the following tables. Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items from reportable segments does not

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

reflect general corporate expenses, interest (except project-specific interest) or income and mining taxes. Intercompany revenue and expense amounts have been eliminated within each segment in order to report on the basis that management uses internally for evaluating segment performance. Newmont's business activities that are not considered operating segments are included in Corporate and Other. Although they are not required to be included in this footnote, they are provided for reconciliation purposes.

Unless otherwise noted, the Company presents only the reportable segments of its continuing operations in the tables below. The financial information relating to the Company's segments is as follows:

		Costs	Depreciation	Advanced Projects, Research	Income (Loss) before Income	
		Applicable	and	and Development	and	Capital
	Sales	to Sales	Amortization	and Exploration	Other Items	Expenditures(1)
Three Months Ended	Sales	to sales	Amortization	Exploration	Items	Experiances(1)
March 31, 2018 Carlin	\$ 304	\$ 199	\$ 52	\$7	\$ 42	\$ 30
Phoenix:	φ 50+	Φ 177	φ 52	φ	ψ τ2	φ 50
Gold	100	62	15			
Copper	26	16	4			
Total Phoenix	126	78	19	1	26	7
Twin Creeks	110	64	15	2	31	18
Long Canyon	59	16	19	6	19	3
CC&V	83	39	15	2	26	9
Other North America				4	(6)	2
North America	682	396	120	22	138	69
Yanacocha	143	114	30	10	(28)	16
Merian	166	67	22	3	74	22
Other South America			3	7	(16)	
South America	309	181	55	20	30	38
Boddington:						
Gold	210	128	23			
Copper	52	31	6			
Total Boddington	262	159	29		74	16
Tanami	167	76	19	6	67	21

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Kalgoorlie	117	60	6	3	48	8
Other Australia			1	2	(2)	1
Australia	546	295	55	11	187	46
Ahafo	138	90	26	4	16	62
Akyem	142	67	42	3	24	10
Other Africa	_		_	1	(2)	_
Africa	280	157	68	8	38	72
Corporate and Other Consolidated	\$ 1,817	\$ 1,029	3 \$ 301	13 \$ 74	(110) \$ 283	4 \$ 229

(1) Includes a decrease in accrued capital expenditures of \$2; consolidated capital expenditures on a cash basis were \$231.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

		Costs	Depreciation	Advanced Projects, Research	Income (Loss) before Income and	
		Applicable	and	and Development	Mining Tax and	Capital
				and	Other	
	Sales	to Sales	Amortization	Exploration	Items	Expenditures(1)
Three Months Ended						
March 31, 2017 Carlin	\$ 264	\$ 208	\$ 53	\$ 3	\$ (1)	\$ 48
Phoenix:	\$ 204	ф 208	\$ <u>55</u>	φ 3	\$(1)	φ <del>4</del> 0
Gold	54	44	11			
Copper	26	18	5			
Total Phoenix	80	62	16	1	(2)	6
Twin Creeks	102	50	14	2	35	8
Long Canyon	39	12	13	5	9	4
CC&V	156	75	32	4	46	4
Other North America				3	(5)	2
North America	641	407	128	18	82	72
Yanacocha	179	119	36	4	9	11
Merian	133	48	21	4	60	16
Other South America			4	10	(19)	
South America	312	167	61	18	50	27
Boddington:						
Gold	228	122	26			
Copper	45	21	4			
Total Boddington	273	143	30	—	86	15
Tanami	92	50	16	3	20	24
Kalgoorlie	104	52	4	2	43	4
Other Australia			2	1	(15)	1
Australia	469	245	52	6	134	44
Ahafo	114	76	23	6	9	17
Akyem	154	62	34	1	55	6
Other Africa				1	(1)	—
Africa	268	138	57	8	63	23

Corporate and Other		_	2	12	(135)	2
Consolidated	\$ 1,690	\$ 957	\$ 300	\$ 62	\$ 194	\$ 168

 (1) Includes a decrease in accrued capital expenditures of \$12; consolidated capital expenditures on a cash basis were \$180.

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# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

#### NOTE 5 SALES

The following table presents the Company's Sales by mining operation, product and inventory type:

		Gold Sales	Copper Sales	-	
	Gold Sales	from	from	Copper Sales from	
	from Doré	Concentrate	Concentrate	Cathode	
	Production	Production	Production	Production	Total Sales
Three Months Ended March 31, 2018	Troduction	Troduction	Troduction	Troduction	Bules
Carlin	\$ 304	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 304
Phoenix	41	59	12	14	126
Twin Creeks	110				110
Long Canyon	59				59
CC&V	83			—	83
North America	597	59	12	14	682
Yanacocha	143	_	_		143
Merian	166			—	166
South America	309	—	—		309
Boddington	59	151	52	_	262
Tanami	167			—	167
Kalgoorlie	117			—	117
Australia	343	151	52	—	546
Ahafo	138	_	_	_	138
Akyem	142				142
Africa	280	—	_		280
Consolidated	\$ 1,529	\$ 210	\$ 64	\$ 14	\$ 1,817

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

		Gold Sales	Copper Sales	Gamma	
	Gold Sales	from	from	Copper Sales from	
	from Doré	Concentrate	Concentrate	Cathode	
	Production	Production	Production	Production	Total Sales
Three Months Ended March 31, 2017	11000000000	11000000000	11000000000	11000000000	Sures
Carlin	\$ 264	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 264
Phoenix	24	30	15	11	80
Twin Creeks	102				102
Long Canyon	39				39
CC&V	150	6			156
North America	579	36	15	11	641
Yanacocha	179	_	_	_	179
Merian	133				133
South America	312	—	—	—	312
Boddington	59	169	45	_	273
Tanami	92				92
Kalgoorlie	104		—	—	104
Australia	255	169	45	_	469
Ahafo	114	_	_	_	114
Akyem	154				154
Africa	268	—	—		268
Consolidated	\$ 1,414	\$ 205	\$ 60	\$ 11	\$ 1,690

The following table details the receivables included within Trade receivables:

	At March 31,			December 31,
	201	8	201'	7
Receivables from Sales:				
Gold sales from doré	\$	50	\$	
Gold and copper sales from concentrate production		159		117
Copper sales from cathode production		2		7

Total receivables from Sales	\$	211	\$	124
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The impact to Sales from revenue initially recognized in previous periods due to the changes in the final pricing and changes in quantities resulting from assays is an increase of \$1 and \$2, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and an increase of \$11 and \$7, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

The impact to Sales from revenue recognized in current and previous periods due to the changes in the final pricing is an increase (decrease) of \$(2) and \$12 for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following tables summarize the impacts of adopting this standard on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2018:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018		
			Balance without
		Effect of	Adoption
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations	As Reported	Change	of ASC 606
Sales	\$ 1,817	\$ (105)	\$ 1,712
Costs applicable to sales	\$ 1,029	\$ (62)	\$ 967
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 301	\$ (14)	\$ 287
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items	\$ 283	\$ (29)	\$ 254
Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	\$ (105)	\$8	\$ (97)
Net income (loss)	\$ 191	\$ (21)	\$ 170
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:			
Continuing operations	\$ 170	\$ (21)	\$ 149
Discontinued operations	22		22
	\$ 192	\$ (21)	\$ 171
Net income (loss) per common share		. ,	
Basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.28
Discontinued operations	0.04		0.04
	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.32
Diluted:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.28
Discontinued operations	0.04		0.04
•	\$ 0.36	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.32

Three Months Ended March 31,			
2018			
		Balance	
		without	
	Effect of	Adoption	
As Reported	Change	of ASC 606	

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Operating activities:

Net income (loss)	\$ 191	\$ (21)	\$ 170
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 301	\$ (14)	\$ 287
Deferred income taxes	\$ 10	\$ (2)	\$ 8
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	\$ (351)	\$ 37	\$ (314)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations	\$ 266	\$ —	\$ 266

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At March 3		
			Balance
			without
		Effect of	Adoption
	As	Change	of ASC
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	Reported	Change	606
Trade receivables	\$ 211	\$ (108)	\$ 103
Inventories	\$ 657	\$ 79	\$ 736
Deferred income tax assets	\$ 500	\$ 2	\$ 502
Total assets	\$ 20,483	\$ (27)	\$ 20,456
Income and mining taxes payable	\$ 216	\$ (6)	\$ 210
Total liabilities	\$ 8,928	\$ (6)	\$ 8,922
Retained earnings	\$ 380	\$ (21)	\$ 359
Newmont stockholders' equity	\$ 10,575	\$ (21)	\$ 10,554
Total equity	\$ 11,555	\$ (21)	\$ 11,534
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 20,483	\$ (27)	\$ 20,456

### NOTE 6 RECLAMATION AND REMEDIATION

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various domestic and international laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all material respects. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations, but cannot predict the full amount of such future expenditures. Estimated future reclamation and remediation costs are based principally on current legal and regulatory requirements.

The Company's Reclamation and remediation expense consisted of:

	Three Month March 31,	s Ended
	2018	2017
Reclamation accretion	\$ 24	\$ 23
Remediation adjustments	\$ 3	\$5
Remediation accretion	1	1
Total remediation expense	\$ 4	\$ 6
-	\$ 28	\$ 29

The following are reconciliations of Reclamation and remediation liabilities:

	2018	2017
Reclamation balance at January 1,	\$ 2,144	\$ 1,913
Additions, changes in estimates and other		(1)
Payments, net	(5)	(5)
Accretion expense	24	23
Reclamation balance at March 31,	\$ 2,163	\$ 1,930

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	2018	2017
Remediation balance at January 1,	\$ 304	\$ 312
Additions, changes in estimates and other	—	2
Payments, net	(5)	(8)
Accretion expense	1	1
Remediation balance at March 31,	\$ 300	\$ 307

The current portion of reclamation liabilities was \$60 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, and was included in Other current liabilities. The current portion of remediation liabilities was \$45 at March 31, 2018 and \$43 as of December 31, 2017, and was included in Other current liabilities. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$2,163 and \$2,144, respectively, were accrued for reclamation obligations relating to operating properties. In addition, the Company is involved in several matters concerning environmental remediation obligations associated with former, primarily historic, mining activities. Generally, these matters concern developing and implementing remediation plans at the various sites involved. At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$300 and \$304, respectively, were accrued for such environmental remediation obligations.

Non-current restricted cash held for purposes of settling reclamation and remediation obligations was \$34 at March 31, 2018 and \$38 at December 31, 2017. Of the amounts at March 31, 2018, \$25 was related to the Ahafo and Akyem mines in Ghana, Africa, \$8 was related to the Con mine in Yellowknife, NWT, Canada, and \$1 was related to the San Jose Reservoir in Yanacocha, Peru. Of the amounts at December 31, 2017, \$25 was related to the Ahafo and Akyem mines, \$6 was related to the Con mine, \$6 was related to the San Jose Reservoir, and \$1 was related to the Midnite mine site.

Included in Other non-current assets at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, was \$68 and \$64, respectively, of non-current restricted investments, which are legally pledged for purposes of settling reclamation and remediation obligations related to the San Jose Reservoir, Midnite mine site and for various locations in Nevada.

Refer to Note 25 for further discussion of reclamation and remediation matters.

#### NOTE 7 OTHER EXPENSE, NET

	Three Months Endec March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Restructuring and other	\$6	\$7	
Impairment of long-lived assets		3	
Acquisition cost adjustments		2	
Other	5	5	
	\$ 11	\$ 17	

Restructuring and other. Restructuring and other primarily represents certain costs associated with severance and legal settlements for all periods presented.

Impairment of long-lived assets. Impairment of long-lived assets primarily relates to non-cash write-downs of obsolete assets at Yanacocha and Australia in 2017.

Acquisition cost adjustments. Acquisition cost adjustments represent net adjustments to the contingent consideration and related liabilities associated with the acquisition of the final 33.33% interest in Boddington in June 2009 for all periods presented.

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

#### NOTE 8 OTHER INCOME, NET

	Three Months Endec March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Interest	\$ 11	\$4	
Foreign currency exchange, net	7	(17)	
Gain (loss) on asset and investment sales, net	(1)	2	
Other	4	2	
	\$ 21	\$ (9)	

Foreign currency exchange, net. Although the majority of the Company's balances are denominated in U.S. dollars, foreign currency exchange gains (losses) are recognized on balances to be satisfied in local currencies. These balances primarily relate to the timing of payments for employee-related benefits and other current liabilities in Australia, Peru and Suriname.

#### NOTE 9 INCOME AND MINING TAXES

A reconciliation of the U.S. federal statutory tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 2017			
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items	:	\$ 283		\$ 194
U.S. Federal statutory tax rate	21 %	\$ 59	35 %	\$ 68
Reconciling items:				
Percentage depletion	(6)	(17)	(17)	(32)
Change in valuation allowance on deferred tax assets	6	18	35	67
Mining and other taxes	7	21	10	19
Foreign rate differential	11	31		
U.S. tax effect of noncontrolling interest attributable to non-U.S.				
investees	(3)	(9)		
Other	1	2	(6)	(11)
Income and mining tax expense	37 %	\$ 105	57 %	\$ 111

The Company continues to assess the income tax effects of the Act which was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Company anticipates completing the analysis within the one year measurement period. There are no new estimates or

finalized income tax items associated with the Act included in the income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

# NOTE 10 NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The details of Net income (loss) from discontinued operations are set forth below:

	Three Months	
	Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Holt royalty obligation	\$ 19	\$ (23)
Batu Hijau contingent consideration (1)	3	
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$ 22	\$ (23)

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 15 for details on the Batu Hijau contingent consideration.

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### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The Holt Royalty Obligation

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the estimated fair value of the Holt royalty obligation was \$217 and \$243, respectively. Changes to the estimated fair value resulting from periodic revaluations are recorded to Net income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax. During the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company recorded a gain (loss) of \$19 and \$(23), net of tax benefit (expense) of \$(4) and \$13, respectively, related to the Holt royalty obligation.

The Company paid \$3 during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, related to the Holt royalty obligation. Refer to Note 15 for additional information on the Holt royalty obligation.

### NOTE 11 NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

	Three Months Ended				
	March 31,				
	2018	2017			
Merian	\$ 17	\$ 13			
Yanacocha	(18)	(1)			
Other		(1)			
	\$ (1)	\$ 11			

Newmont has a 75.0% economic interest in Suriname Gold Project C.V. ("Merian"), with the remaining interests held by Staatsolie Maatschappij Suriname N.V. ("Staatsolie"), a company wholly owned by the Republic of Suriname. Newmont consolidates Merian, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Newmont Suriname LLC., in its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as the primary beneficiary in the variable interest entity.

In December 2017, Yanacocha repurchased 64 million shares (a 5% ownership) from International Finance Corporation, which resulted in Newmont's ownership in Yanacocha increasing from 51.35% to 54.05%, with the remaining interests held by Buenaventura (which increased from 43.65% to 45.95%). Newmont consolidates Yanacocha in its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements due to a majority voting interest.

## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following summarizes the assets and liabilities of Merian (including noncontrolling interests):

	A 201	t March 31, 8	At 201	December 31, 7
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54	\$	27
Trade receivables		42		_
Inventories		76		79
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		21		21
Other current assets (1)		4		6
		197		133
Non-current assets:				
Property, plant and mine development, net		771		769
Other non-current assets (2)		12		8
Total assets	\$	980	\$	910
Current liabilities:				
Other current liabilities (3)	\$	52	\$	50
		52		50
Non-current liabilities:				
Reclamation and remediation liabilities		18		18
Other non-current liabilities (4)		1		1
Total liabilities	\$	71	\$	69

<sup>(1)</sup> Other current assets include other accounts receivables, prepaid assets and other current assets.

<sup>(2)</sup> Other non-current assets include intangibles, stockpiles and ore on leach pads.

<sup>(3)</sup> Other current liabilities include accounts payable, employee-related benefits and other current liabilities.

<sup>(4)</sup> Other non-current liabilities include employee-related benefits.

#### NOTE 12 NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing income available to Newmont common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed similarly, except that weighted average common shares is increased to reflect all dilutive instruments, including employee stock

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

awards and convertible debt instruments. The dilutive effects of Newmont's dilutive securities are calculated using the treasury stock method and only those instruments that result in a reduction in net income per share are included in the calculation.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2018	2017
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:		
Continuing operations	\$ 170	\$ 70
Discontinued operations	22	(23)
-	\$ 192	\$ 47
Weighted average common shares (millions):		
Basic	534	532
Effect of employee stock-based awards	1	1
Diluted	535	533
Net income (loss) per common share attributable to Newmont stockholders: Basic:		
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.13
Discontinued operations	0.04	(0.04)
•	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.09
Diluted:		
Continuing operations	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.13
Discontinued operations	0.04	(0.04)
	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.09

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company repurchased and retired approximately 1.7 million shares of its common stock for \$64. Additionally, during the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company withheld 1.0 million shares for payments of employee withholding taxes related to the vesting of stock awards.

When treasury shares are retired, the Company's policy is to allocate the excess of the repurchase price over the par value of shares acquired to both Retained earnings and Additional paid-in capital. The portion allocated to Additional paid-in capital is calculated on a pro-rata basis of the shares to be retired and the total shares issued and outstanding as of the date of the retirement.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

### NOTE 13 EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

	Three Months Endeo March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Pension benefit costs, net (1):			
Service cost	\$8	\$ 7	
Interest cost	10	11	
Expected return on plan assets	(17)	(15)	
Amortization, net	8	7	
Settlements		4	
	\$9	\$ 14	

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Other benefit costs, net (1):			
Interest cost	\$ 1	\$ 1	
Amortization, net	(2)	(1)	
	\$ (1)	\$ —	

<sup>(1)</sup> Service costs are included in Costs applicable to sales or General and administrative and the other components of benefit costs and settlements are included in Other income, net.

# NOTE 14 STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

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	Three Months End March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Stock-based compensation:			
Performance leveraged stock units	<b>\$</b> 9	\$8	
Restricted stock units	10	7	
Strategic stock units		1	
	\$ 19	\$ 16	

# NOTE 15 FAIR VALUE ACCOUNTING

Fair value accounting establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and

Level 3 Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following tables set forth the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required by accounting guidance, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Fair Value at March 31, 2018			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,111	\$ 3,111	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	35	35		
Trade receivable from provisional gold and copper concentrate				
sales, net	152		152	
Diesel forward derivative contracts	5		5	
Marketable equity securities	163	163		
Restricted marketable debt securities	61	22	39	
Restricted other assets	7	7		
Batu Hijau contingent consideration	27			27
	\$ 3,561	\$ 3,338	\$ 196	\$ 27
Liabilities:				
Debt (1)	\$ 4,518	\$ —	\$ 4,518	\$ —
Holt royalty obligation	217			217
	\$ 4,735	\$ —	\$ 4,518	\$ 217

	Fair Value at December 31, 2017			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,259	\$ 3,259	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	39	39	—	—
Trade receivable from provisional gold and copper concentrate				
sales, net	111	—	111	—
Diesel forward derivative contracts	6	—	6	—
Marketable equity securities	165	165	—	—
Restricted marketable debt securities	55	17	38	—
Restricted other assets	9	9		
Batu Hijau contingent consideration	23			23
	\$ 3,667	\$ 3,489	\$ 155	\$ 23
Liabilities:				
Debt (1)	\$ 4,671	\$ —	\$ 4,671	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward derivative contracts	1		1	
Holt royalty obligation	243		—	243
	\$ 4,915	\$ —	\$ 4,672	\$ 243

<sup>(1)</sup> Debt, exclusive of capital leases, is carried at amortized cost. The outstanding carrying value was \$4,041 and \$4,040 at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The fair value measurement of debt was based on an independent third party pricing source.

The fair values of the derivative instruments in the table above are presented on a net basis. The gross amounts related to the fair value of the derivative instruments above are included in Note 16. All other fair value disclosures in the above table are presented on a gross basis.

The Company's cash and cash equivalent and restricted cash (which includes restricted cash and cash equivalent) instruments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices. The cash and cash equivalent instruments and restricted cash are valued based on quoted market prices in active markets and are primarily money market securities and U.S. Treasury securities.

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### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The Company's net trade receivables from provisional gold and copper concentrate sales, which contain an embedded derivative and are subject to final pricing, are valued using quoted market prices based on forward curves for the particular metal. As the contracts themselves are not traded on an exchange, these receivables are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's derivative instruments are valued using pricing models, and the Company generally uses similar models to value similar instruments. Valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices, forward curves, measures of volatility, and correlations of such inputs. The Company's derivatives trade in liquid markets, and as such, model inputs can generally be verified and do not involve significant management judgment. Such instruments are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's marketable equity securities are valued using quoted market prices in active markets and as such are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the marketable equity securities are calculated as the quoted market price of the marketable equity security multiplied by the quantity of shares held by the Company.

The Company's restricted marketable debt securities are primarily U.S. government issued bonds and international bonds. The Company's South American debt securities are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, using published market prices of actively traded securities. The Company's North American debt securities are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as they are valued using pricing models which are based on prices of similar, actively traded securities.

The Company's restricted other assets primarily consist of bank issued certificate of deposits that have maturities over 90 days and marketable equity securities. Both are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy as their fair values are based on quoted prices available in active markets.

The estimated value of the Batu Hijau contingent consideration was determined using (i) a discounted cash flow model, (ii) a Monte Carlo valuation model to simulate future copper prices using the Company's long-term copper price, and (iii) estimated production and/or development dates for Batu Hijau Phase 7 and the Elang projects in Indonesia. The contingent consideration is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The estimated fair value of the Holt royalty obligation was determined using (i) a discounted cash flow model, (ii) a Monte Carlo valuation model to simulate future gold prices using the Company's long-term gold price, (iii) various gold production scenarios from reserve and resource information and (iv) a weighted average discount rate. The royalty obligation is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables set forth a summary of the quantitative and qualitative information related to the unobservable inputs used in the calculation of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	At			
	March 31,			Range/Weighted
Description	2018	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	average

Batu Hijau contingent consideration	\$ 27	Monte Carlo	Discount rate Short-term copper price Long-term copper price	17.50 3.16 3.00	%
Holt royalty					
obligation	\$ 217	Monte Carlo	Discount rate	3.82	%
			Short-term gold price	\$ 1,329	
			Long-term gold price	\$ 1,300	
			Gold production scenarios (in		
			000's of ounces)	350 - 1,592	2

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At	December 31	l,		R	ange/Weig	ghted
Description Batu Hijau contingent	20	17	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	av	verage	
consideration	\$	23	Monte Carlo	Discount rate		17.50	%
				Short-term copper price	\$	3.09	
				Long-term copper price	\$	3.00	
Holt royalty							
obligation	\$	243	Monte Carlo	Discount rate		3.32	%
C				Short-term gold price	\$	1,275	
				Long-term gold price Gold production scenarios		1,300	
				(in 000's of ounces)		402 - 1,7	79

The following tables set forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities:

	Co	tu Hijau ntingent nsideration	То	otal	R	olt oyalty bligation	То	otal
	(1)		1	Assets	(1	)	Li	abilities
Fair value at December 31, 2017	\$	23	\$	23	\$	243	\$	243
Settlements						(3)		(3)
Revaluation		4		4		(23)		(23)
Fair value at March 31, 2018	\$	27	\$	27	\$	217	\$	217

	Asset Backed	Batu Hijau	Holt
	Commercial	Contingent Total	Royalty Total
		Consideration	Obligation
	Paper (2)	(1) Assets	(1) Liabilities
Fair value at December 31, 2016	\$ 18	\$ 13 <b>\$</b> 31	\$ 187 \$ 187
Settlements	(18)	— (18)	(3) (3)
Revaluation			36 36
Fair value at March 31, 2017	\$ —	\$ 13 \$ 13	\$ 220   \$ 220

<sup>(1)</sup> The gain (loss) recognized is included in Net income (loss) from discontinued operations.

### <sup>(2)</sup> The gain (loss) recognized is included in Other income, net.

### NOTE 16 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company's strategy is to provide shareholders with leverage to changes in gold and copper prices by selling its production at spot market prices. Consequently, the Company does not hedge its gold and copper sales. The Company has and will continue to manage certain risks associated with commodity input costs, interest rates and foreign currencies using the derivative market.

### Cash Flow Hedges

The Company uses hedge programs to mitigate the variability of its operating costs primarily related to diesel price fluctuations. Prior to adoption of ASU No. 2017-12, Newmont's hedge portfolio consisted of Nevada diesel swaps and Australian dollar foreign currency forwards. Subsequent to the adoption of this ASU, the Company initiated new diesel hedge programs for all of its Nevada sites in North America, Merian in South America and Boddington, Tanami and KCGM in Australia. The Company's final Australian dollar foreign currency forwards expired during the quarter.

The following diesel contracts were transacted for risk management purposes and qualify as cash flow hedges. The unrealized changes in market value have been recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and are reclassified to income during the period in which the hedged transaction affects earnings.

#### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

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(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The Company has the following diesel derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2018:

	Expected				
Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts:	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total/ Average
North America					
Diesel gallons (millions)	12	3	2		17
Average rate (\$/gallon)	1.67	1.78	1.93	1.90	1.73
South America Diesel gallons (millions) Average rate (\$/gallon)			1 1.87	 1.87	1 1.87
Australia Diesel barrels (thousands) Average rate (\$/barrel)			45 75.84	_	45 75.84

The hedging instruments at the sites above consist of a series of financially settled fixed forward contracts, which run through the first quarter of 2021 in North America, the first quarter of 2021 in South America, and the third quarter of 2020 in Australia.

Derivative Instrument Fair Values

The Company had the following derivative instruments designated as hedges at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Fair Values of Derivative Instruments At March 31, 2018									
	Other	Other	Other	Other						
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current						
	Assets	Assets Assets Liabilities Lia								
Diesel fixed forwards	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —						

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments										
At December 31, 2017										
Other	Other	Other	Other							
Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current							

	As	ssets	Asset	S	Lia	bilities	Liabi	lities
A\$ operating fixed forwards	\$		\$		\$	1	\$	
Diesel fixed forwards		6						—
	\$	6	\$	_	\$	1	\$	

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all hedging instruments held by the Company were subject to enforceable master netting arrangements held by various financial institutions. In general, the terms of the Company's agreements provide for offsetting of amounts payable or receivable between it and the counterparty, at the election of both parties, for transactions that occur on the same date and in the same currency. The Company's agreements also provide that in the event of an early termination, the counterparties have the right to offset amounts owed or owing under that and any other agreement with the same counterparty. The Company's accounting policy is to not offset these positions in its accompanying balance sheets. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the potential effect of netting derivative assets against liabilities due to the master netting agreement was not significant.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following table shows the effect of cash flow hedge accounting in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	(Gain) Loss Recognized fro Cash Flow Hedges Three Months Ended Marc			
	20	18	20	17
Total Costs Applicable to Sales	\$	1,029	\$	957
Amount of (gain) loss reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into income (loss) from diesel hedging instruments Amount of (gain) loss reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive	\$	(2)	\$	2
income (loss) into income (loss) from foreign currency hedging instruments	\$	3	\$	8
Total Interest expense, net Amount of (gain) loss reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into income (loss) from discontinued interest rate hedging	\$	53	\$	67
instruments	\$	3	\$	2

The following table shows the location and amount of (gains) losses reported in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements related to the Company's hedges.

	Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts		Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts			cts	Interest Rate Contract			icts		
	2018	3	2017	7	201	8	201	7	20	18	20	17
For the three months ended March 31,												
Cash flow hedging relationships:												
(Gain) loss recognized in Other comprehensive												
income (loss)	\$ -		\$ (4	4)	\$ (	(1)	\$ 3	3	\$		\$	
(Gain) loss reclassified from Accumulated other												
comprehensive income (loss) into income (loss)	\$ 3	3	\$ 8	8	\$ (	(2)	\$ 2	2	\$	3	\$	2

At March 31, 2018, the amount expected to be reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax to income during the next 12 months is a loss of approximately \$6.

Batu Hijau Contingent Consideration

Consideration received by the Company in conjunction with the sale of PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara included the Contingent Payment and the Elang Development deferred payment deeds, which were determined to be financial instruments that met the definition of a derivative, but do not qualify for hedge accounting, under ASC 815. See Note 15 for additional information. Contingent consideration of \$27 and \$23 was included in Other non-current assets in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

# Provisional Gold and Copper Sales

The Company's provisional gold and copper concentrate sales contain an embedded derivative that is required to be separated from the host contract for accounting purposes. The host contract is the receivable from the sale of the gold and copper concentrates at the prevailing indices' prices at the time of sale. The embedded derivative, which does not qualify for hedge accounting, is marked to market through earnings each period prior to final settlement.

At March 31, 2018, Newmont had gold and copper sales of 97,000 ounces and 20 million pounds priced at an average of \$1,328 per ounce and \$3.04 per pound, respectively, subject to final pricing over the next several months.

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

### NOTE 17 INVESTMENTS

At March 31, 20 Fair Value/ Equity Basis (1)					
\$	59				
\$	103				
	1				
	104				
	12				
	108				
	49				
	157				
\$	273				
\$	61				
	7				
\$	68				
	Fair Equi \$ \$ \$ \$				

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At Decer	At December 31, 2017				
	Cost/Equ	Fair Value/ Equity Basis				
	Basis	Gain	Loss	(1)		
Current:						
Marketable equity securities	\$ 38	\$ 32	\$ (8)	\$ 62		
Non-current: Marketable equity securities:						
Continental Gold Inc.	\$ 109	\$ —	\$ (8)	\$ 101		
Other marketable equity securities	4	·	(2)	2		
	113		(10)	103		
Other investments	12			12		
Equity method investments:						
TMAC Resources Inc. (28.79%)	115			115		
Minera La Zanja S.R.L. (46.94%)	50		—	50		
•	165			165		
	\$ 290	\$ —	\$ (10)	\$ 280		
Non-current restricted investments: (2)						
Marketable debt securities	\$ 58	\$ —	\$ (3)	\$ 55		
Other assets	8	1		9		
	\$ 66	\$ 1	\$ (3)	\$ 64		

<sup>(1)</sup> Subsequent to adopting ASU No. 2016-01 as of January 1, 2018, gains and losses related to marketable equity securities are recorded in Other income, net. Previously, gains and losses related to marketable equity securities were recorded in Other comprehensive income (loss).

<sup>(2)</sup> Non-current restricted investments are legally pledged for purposes of settling reclamation and remediation obligations and are included in Other non-current assets. For further information regarding these amounts, see Note 6.

(3) There was \$1 of unrealized gain recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of March 31, 2018, related to marketable debt securities.

NOTE 18 INVENTORIES

	А	t March 31,	At	December 31,
	201	8	201	.7
Materials and supplies	\$	421	\$	416
In-process		121		131
Concentrate and copper cathode		75		83
Precious metals		40		49
	\$	657	\$	679

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

# NOTE 19 STOCKPILES AND ORE ON LEACH PADS

	At March 31, 2018		At December 3 2017		
Current:					
Stockpiles	\$	304	\$	330	
Ore on leach pads		336		346	
	\$	640	\$	676	
Non-current:					
Stockpiles	\$	1,514	\$	1,502	
Ore on leach pads		383		346	
	\$	1,897	\$	1,848	

	At March 31, 2018		At December 2017	
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads:				
Carlin	\$	440	\$	441
Phoenix		67		68
Twin Creeks		334		340
Long Canyon		43		34
CC&V		328		314
Yanacocha		259		270
Merian		29		25
Boddington		448		431
Tanami		3		4
Kalgoorlie		130		125
Ahafo		398		409
Akyem		58		63
	\$	2,537	\$	2,524

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded write-downs of \$79 and \$29, classified as components of Costs applicable to sale and Depreciation and amortization, respectively, to reduce the carrying value of stockpiles and ore on leach pads to net realizable value. Of the write-downs during the three months ended March 31, 2018, \$26 is related to Carlin, \$16 to Twin Creeks, \$24 to Yanacocha, \$20 to Ahafo and \$22 to Akyem.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded write-downs of \$40 and \$13, classified as components of Costs applicable to sales and Depreciation and amortization, respectively, to reduce the carrying value of stockpiles and ore on leach pads to net realizable value. Of the write-downs during the three months ended March

31, 2017, \$23 was related to Carlin, \$4 to Twin Creeks, \$8 to Yanacocha and \$18 to Ahafo.

# NOTE 20 DEBT

Scheduled minimum debt repayments are \$- for the remainder of 2018, \$626 in 2019, \$- in 2020, \$- in 2021, \$992 in 2022 and \$2,474 thereafter. Scheduled minimum capital lease repayments are \$3 for the remainder of 2018, \$3 in 2019, \$1 in 2020, \$1 in 2021, \$1 in 2022 and \$1 thereafter.

In December 2017, the Company began the early phases of the Tanami Power project which includes the construction of a gas pipeline to the Tanami site, and construction and operation of two on-site power stations under agreements that qualify for build-to-suit lease accounting. As of March 31, 2018, the financing obligations under the build-to-suit arrangements were \$44, of which \$3 was classified as current.

## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 21 OTHER LIABILITIES

Other ourrent lightlities	A 201	At March 31, 8	At 1 201	December 31, 7
Other current liabilities: Reclamation and remediation liabilities Accrued operating costs Accrued capital expenditures Accrued interest Royalties Holt royalty obligation Taxes other than income and mining Derivative instruments Other	\$ \$	105 103 71 62 34 15 8  9 407	\$ \$	103 124 77 52 63 15 7 1 20 462
Other non-current liabilities: Holt royalty obligation Income and mining taxes Power supply agreements Social development obligations Other	\$ \$	202 47 31 22 9 311	\$ \$	228 47 32 22 13 342

#### NOTE 22 RECLASSIFICATIONS OUT OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Unrealized Ga	inForeign	Pension and Other	Unrealized Ga (Loss) on	ain
	(Loss) on	Currency	Post-retirement Cash flow		
	Marketable	Translation	Benefit	Hedge	
	Securities, net	Adjustments Adjustmen		Instruments	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017 Cumulative effect adjustment of adopting	\$ (116)	\$ 130	\$ (208)	\$ (98)	\$ (292)
ASU No. 2016-01 Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss):	115	—	—	—	115

Change in other comprehensive income					
(loss) before reclassifications	2	(3)		1	
Reclassifications from accumulated other					
comprehensive income (loss)			5	3	8
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 2	\$ (3)	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 8
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$ 1	\$ 127	\$ (203)	\$ (94)	\$ (169)
35					

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensi Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 2017				Affected Line Item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements ive Indocape (Intion):		
Pension and other post-retirement benefit							
adjustments: Amortization Settlements	\$	6	\$	6 4	Other income, net Other income, net		
Total before tax Tax		6		10	other meonie, net		
Net of tax	\$	(1) 5	\$	(4) 6			
Hedge instruments adjustments:							
Operating cash flow hedges	\$	1	\$	10	Costs applicable to sales		
Interest rate contracts		3		2	Interest expense, net		
Total before tax		4		12			
Tax		(1)		(4)			
Net of tax	\$	3	\$	8			
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax	\$	8	\$	14			

### NOTE 23 NET CHANGE IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations attributable to the net change in operating assets and liabilities is composed of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31			
	2018	2017		
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:				
Trade and other accounts receivables	\$ (77)	\$ 39		
Inventories, stockpiles and ore on leach pads	(89)	(55)		
Other assets	(4)	(2)		

Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	(91)	(57)
Reclamation and remediation liabilities	(10)	(13)
Employee related liabilities	(80)	(96)
	\$ (351)	\$ (184)

# NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 24 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements are presented to satisfy disclosure requirements of Rule 3-10(e) of Regulation S-X resulting from the inclusion of Newmont USA Limited ("Newmont USA"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newmont, as a co-registrant with Newmont on debt securities issued under a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 filed under the Securities Act of 1933 under which securities of Newmont (including debt securities guaranteed by Newmont USA) may be issued (the "Shelf Registration Statement"). In accordance with Rule 3-10(e) of Regulation S-X, Newmont USA, as the subsidiary guaranter, is 100% owned by Newmont, the guarantees are full and unconditional, and no other subsidiary of Newmont guaranteed any security issued under the Shelf Registration Statement. There are no restrictions on the ability of Newmont or Newmont USA to obtain funds from its subsidiaries by dividend or loan.

Certain amounts have been retrospectively reclassified for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and at December 31, 2017 to conform to the current period presentation and reflect a change in Newmont's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows required with the adoption of ASU No. 2016-15 and ASU No. 2016-18, the correction of an error related to Newmont's reclamation and remediation liabilities and other adjustments as described in Note 2.

	Three Mo					
	(Issuer)	(Guarantor)	(N	on-Guarantor)	)	Newmont
	Newmont	t				Mining
	Mining	Newmont	Ot	her		Corporation
Condensed Consolidating Statement of						
Operation	Corporati	orUSA	Su	bsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales	\$ —	\$ 512	\$	1,305	\$ —	\$ 1,817
Costs and expenses:						
Costs applicable to sales (1)		324		705		1,029
Depreciation and amortization	1	87		213		301
Reclamation and remediation		3		25		28
Exploration		11		29		40
Advanced projects, research and						
development		6		28		34
General and administrative		19		40		59
Other expense, net		1		10		11
<b>A</b> .	1	451		1,050		1,502
Other income (expense):						
Other income, net	8	7		6		21
Interest income - intercompany	34	11		9	(54)	
Interest expense - intercompany	(8)			(46)	54	
Interest expense, net	(49)	(2)		(2)		(53)
L	(15)	16		(33)		(32)
Income (loss) before income and mining	× /			. /		~ /
tax and other items	(16)	77		222	—	283

Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	3	(14)	(94)	_	(105)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates	205	(57)	(9)	(148)	(9)
Net income (loss) from continuing					
operations	192	6	119	(148)	169
Net income (loss) from discontinued					
operations			22		22
Net income (loss)	192	6	141	(148)	191
Net loss (income) attributable to					
noncontrolling interests			1		1
Net income (loss) attributable to					
Newmont stockholders	\$ 192	\$6	\$ 142	\$ (148)	\$ 192
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 200	\$6	\$ 141	\$ (148)	\$ 199
Comprehensive loss (income)					
attributable to noncontrolling interests			1		1
Comprehensive income (loss)					
attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 200	\$6	\$ 142	\$ (148)	\$ 200

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes Depreciation and amortization and Reclamation and remediation.

### NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 As			
	Previously	As		
Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operation	Reported	Adjustments	Revised	
Sales	\$ 1,659	\$ 31	\$ 1,690	
Costs and expenses:				
Costs applicable to sales (1)	933	24	957	
Depreciation and amortization	293	7	300	
Reclamation and remediation	30	(1)	29	
Exploration	36		36	
Advanced projects, research and development	26		26	
General and administrative	55		55	
Other expense, net	17	_	17	