RYANAIR HOLDINGS PLC Form 6-K July 28, 2008

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of July, 2008

RYANAIR HOLDINGS PLC

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

c/o Ryanair Ltd Corporate Head Office Dublin Airport County Dublin Ireland

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F..X.. Form 40-F.....

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No ..X..

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-_____

RYANAIR Q1 PROFIT FALLS 85% TO €21M FUEL UP

93% AS TRAFFIC GROWS 19% TO 15M

Ryanair, Europe's largest low fares airline, today (
Monday,
28
th
July
2008

) announced a Q1 profit of €21m down €118m (or 85%) as fuel costs almost doubled and yields fell due to the absence of Easter in this quarter and its presence in the prior year comparable. Despite the absence of Easter, traffic grew by 19% to 15m, as average fares (incl. bag charges) fell by 8% to €42, while total revenues grew 12% to €777m. Unit costs excluding fuel fell by 6%, including fuel they increased by 18%, due to higher oil prices and longer sector lengths.

Summary Table of Results (IFRS) - in Euro

Quarter Ended	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	% Change.
Passengers	12.6m	15.0m	+19%
Revenue	€693m	€777m	+12%
Adjusted Profit after Tax (Note 1)	€139m	€21m	- 85%
Adjusted Basic EPS (Euro Cents) (Note 1)	8.98	1.40	-84%

Ryanair's CEO Michael O'Leary said:

"Trading conditions have been difficult in Q1 as we suffered the loss of Easter and the impact of higher fuel prices. Oil prices almost doubled in Q1 from \$61 to \$117 (per barrel) as our fuel bill rose 93% to €367m. Fuel now represents almost 50% of our total operating costs compared to 36% last year.

Yields fell by 8%, as we opened new routes and bases and suffered the absence of Easter in the quarter which distorts the prior year comparables. Yields were also impacted by a reduction in checked in baggage penetration rates as more passengers switch to web check-in and carry on baggage facilities. Traffic grew by 19% to 15m, whilst load factors at 81% were almost in line with Q1 last year despite the absence of Easter. Ancillary revenues grew by 25%, again faster than the rate of traffic growth, and we expect this to continue for the remainder of the year. Passengers will shortly be able to use their mobile phones and Blackberry's on 10

Dublin

based aircraft in a trial test which will expand to almost 40 aircraft by the year end.

We have taken advantage of the recent weakness in oil prices and are now hedged 90% for September at \$129 per barrel, 80% for Q3 at \$124 per barrel, but are unhedged for Q4. We continue to believe that oil prices remain subject to irrational exuberance. While many of our high fare competitors continue to increase fuel surcharges, Ryanair remains committed to our guarantee of no fuel surcharges - ever. We will continue to absorb higher oil costs, even if it means short-term losses, while we continue to deliver

Europe

's guaranteed lowest fares to our 58 million passengers.

Unit costs excluding fuel fell by 6%, better than we previously expected. Including fuel unit costs rose 18%. We have responded to these much higher oil prices by aggressively

tackling costs in all other areas. In the last quarter we have added cheaper, fuel efficient aircraft. We have implemented a company wide pay freeze and redundancies in our Dublin Call Centre. We have renegotiated many of our airport maintenance and handling contracts and we plan to introduce check-in kiosks in October at our main bases in

Dublin

and Stansted to further reduce airport staff and handling costs. The increased discretionary charges for baggage and airport check-in have encouraged more passengers to use web check-in and carry-on luggage and this is helping to significantly reduce our handling costs.

We have recently announced capacity reductions for the coming winter at our two highest cost airports in Stansted (15 aircraft grounded) and

Dublin

(4 aircraft) where regulatory failure has allowed these monopolies to further increase their already high airport charges. These high costs make it more profitable to ground some aircraft rather than fly them at Dublin

and Stansted this winter. Despite these cutbacks, Ryanair's traffic will still grow by approx. 9% this winter as we switch route and capacity growth to lower cost airports and bases. Accordingly, passenger volumes for the year will grow by 14% to 58m, slightly lower than the 16% previously guided.

The demise of low fare air travel is again being predicted by high fare airlines like BA and others who are still losing shorthaul traffic to Ryanair. Higher oil prices won't end low fare air travel, it just increases the attraction of Ryanair's guaranteed lowest fares, as consumers become more price sensitive and switch away from high fare/fuel surcharging airlines like BA. Higher oil prices will speed up the decline of high fare shorthaul travel this winter as many European airlines consolidate or go bust. We believe that oil prices of approx. \$130 per barrel are unsustainable over the medium term, but we don't know when they are going to fall. The airline industry is cyclical, and this downturn will provide enormous opportunities for strong, well financed airlines, such as Ryanair to grow.

The outlook for the remainder of the fiscal year which is entirely dependent on fares and fuel prices remains poor. The emerging economic recession in the

UK

and

Ireland

caused by the global credit crisis and high oil prices means that consumer confidence is plummeting, and we believe this will have an adverse impact on fares for the rest of the year. We will respond as always with lower fares and aggressive pricing to keep people flying and maintain our high load factors. We now believe that our average fares for the year may fall by as much as 5% if European airfares plunge this winter. Ryanair will lead this downward pricing at a time when most of our competitors are hoping to raise fares and fuel surcharges. The market this winter will be heavily impacted by the timing and scale of EU airline bankruptcies and consolidations which are inevitable at these higher oil prices. Ryanair's better than anticipated savings which will flow from capacity and cost reductions already achieved will partly offset these lower yields. On the basis of our existing fuel hedges, Q4 oil prices at approx. \$130 per barrel, and average fares falling by 5% for the full year, we expect to record a full year result of between breakeven and a loss of €60m.

The capacity reductions which will ensue from this winter's wave of airline bankruptcies and consolidations will create more opportunities for Ryanair to grow. When oil prices fall significantly (as we believe they will over the medium term) then our earnings should rebound strongly. We have one of the strongest Balance Sheets in the industry and the business continues to be strongly cash generative with over €2.2bn in cash.

With the

lowest fares and lowest cost base in the industry Ryanair is the best positioned airline In Europe to take advantage of the opportunities that these very difficult trading conditions will create.

Note 1.

Q uarter end June 2008, excludes exceptional costs of i) Accelerated Depreciation of €17.

m on 15 aircraft to be disposed in 2009/10 and, ii) a €93.6m write down of our stake in Aer Lingus.

Ends.

Monday, 28

th

July 2008

For further information Howard Millar

Pauline McAlester please contact:

Ryanair Holdings Plc

Murray Consultants

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Tel: 353 1 498 0300

www.ryanair.com

Certain of the information included in this release is forward looking and is subject to important risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially. It is not reasonably possible to itemise all of the many factors and specific events that could affect the outlook and results of an airline operating in the European economy. Among the factors that are subject to change and could significantly impact Ryanair's expected results are the airline pricing environment, fuel costs, competition from new and existing carriers, market prices for the replacement aircraft, costs associated with environmental, safety and security measures, actions of the Irish, U.K., European Union ("EU") and other governments and their respective regulatory agencies, fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates, airport access and charges, labour relations, the economic environment of the airline industry, the general economic environment in Ireland, the UK and Continental Europe, the general willingness of passengers to travel and other economics, social and political factors.

Ryanair is Europe

's largest low fares airline with 28 bases and 729 low fare routes across 26 countries. By the end of March 2009 Ryanair will operate a fleet of 195 new Boeing 737-800 aircraft with firm orders for a further 70 new aircraft (all net of planned disposals), which will be delivered over the next 4 years. Ryanair currently employs a team of 6,000 people and expects to carry approximately 58 million scheduled passengers in the current fiscal year.

Ryanair Holdings
plc and
Subsidiaries
Condensed
Consolidated
Interim Balance
Sheet measured in
accordance with
IFRS (unaudited)
as at
June 30, 2008

as at		
June 30, 2008		
	At	At Mar 31,
	Jun 30,	
	2008	2008
	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	3,551,294	3,582,126
Intangible assets	46,841	46,841
Available for sale	218,023	10,011
financial assets	210,023	
illianciai assets		311,462
Total non-current assets	3,816,158	3,940,429
Current assets		
Inventories	1	1,997
	,	
0.1	886	160.500
Other assets	124,448	169,580
Current	1,069	1,585

tax	AC 500	24 170
Trade receivables	46,580	34,178
Derivative financial	6,034	10,228
instruments	202 572	202 421
Restricted cash	303,572	292,431
Financial assets:	312	406,274
cash > 3months	,	
~	016	4 4 7 0 0 4 0
Cash and cash	1,	1,470,849
equivalents	63	
	4	
	,	
	4	
	61	
Total current assets	2,430,066	2,387,122
Total assets	6,246,224	6,327,551
Total assets	0,240,224	0,327,331
Current liabilities		
Trade payables	1	129,289
rade payacres	62,079	123,233
Accrued expenses	9	919,349
and other liabilities	68	<i>313</i> ,6 .3
	864	
Current maturities of		366,801
debt	29,214	200,001
Derivative financial	1	141,711
instruments	23,032	111,711
Total current	1,583,189	1,557,150
liabilities	_,,,	-,,
Non-current		
liabilities		
Provisions	4	42,790
	7,425	
Derivative financial	48,990	75,685
instruments		
Deferred income tax	153,098	148,088
Other creditors	111,159	101,950
Non-current	1,887,825	1,899,694
maturities of debt		
Total non-current	2,248,497	2,268,207
liabilities		
CI 1 12 1		
Shareholders'		
equity	•	0.455
Issued share capital	9,	9,465
	390	500 5 55
	5	592,761

Share premium	88	
account	, 285	
Capital redemption	2	23,432
reserve	8	
	102	
Retained earnings	1,876,900	2,000,422
Other reserves	((123,886)
	88	
	, 1	
	3	
	9	
)	
Shareholders' equity	2,414,538	2,502,194
Total liabilities and	6	6,327,551
shareholders'	,	
equity	246,224	

Ryanair Holdings plc and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated

Interim Income Statement measured in accordance with IFRS (unaudited) for the quarter ended June 30, 2008

Pre		Total	
Exceptional	Exceptional	Period	Period
Results	Items	Ended	Ended
Jun-30	Jun-30	Jun-30	Jun

-

	2008 <u>€'00</u> 0	2008 <u>€'00</u> 0		30 2007 <u>€'00</u> 0
Operating revenues Scheduled revenues	6 30	-	6 30	575,948
Ancillary revenues	, 111 146,768	-	, 111 146	117,058
Total operating revenues -continuing operations	77 6	-	768 776,879	693,006
	, 879			
Operating expenses Staff costs Depreciation	80,457 47,173	- 17	80,457 6 5,031	75,927 34,778
		, 858		
Fuel & oil Maintenance, materials & repairs Marketing & distribution costs Aircraft rentals Route charges Airport & handling charges Other Total operating expenses	366,550 14,307 2,958 19,088 74,155 113,823 32,660 751, 171	- - - - - 17	366,550 14,307 2,958 19,088 74,155 113,823 32,660 7 6 9	190,389 12,630 8,314 18,182 63,173 101,807 30,344 535,544
Operating profit - continuing operations	2 5 , 70 8	8 (1 7 , 85 8	, 029 7,850	157,462
Other f		,		
inance income/ (expenses				
Finance income Finance expense	22,732 (30,037)	-	22,732 (30,037)	20,056 (22,924)

Foreign exchange gain/(loss) Loss on impairment of av ailable for sale	2,478	(9 (1) 3	2,478 93,582)	1,366
financial		582		
asset	00)	00	
Gain on disposal of property, plant & equipment	99	-	99	-
Total other income/(expenses)	(((
	4,728		9	1,502)
)		8,	
		(3	
		9	10	
		3,582)	,	
(Loss)/	2	((155,960
p	0,9	11	9	
rofit before tax	8	1	0	
	0	,	,	
		44 0	460	
)	,	
Tax on	-	, -	_	(17,046
(loss)/)
profit on ordinary activities				
(Loss)/				
	2	((9	138
rofit for the period- all attributable to equity holders of	0	11	0	,
parent	, 9	1	, 460	914
	8	, 44	100	
	0	0	,	
)		
Basic			(6.	8.98
(loss)/ earnings per ordinary share euro cent			0 8	
carmings per ordinary share curo cent)	
Diluted			(6	8.88
(loss)/			•	
earnings per ordinary share euro cent			0	
			8	
νD ' 1' (1 ')	0.00
*Basic adjusted earnings per ordinary share euro cent			1. 4	8.98
per ordinary share euro cent			0	
*Diluted adjusted earnings per ordinary share euro cent			1.	8.88
<i>y</i>			4	- · - •
			0	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in 000's)			1,	1,54
			488	7

	,	,
	470	099
Weighted average number of diluted shares (in 000's)	1,	1,5
	4	64
	88,470	,
		182

*

Calculated on profit for the year before exceptional items

Ryanair Holdings plc and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Interim

Cashflow Statement measured in accordance with IFRS (unaudited)

for the quarter ended June 30, 2008

for the quarter chaca june 30, 2000	Period Ended	Period E nded
	Jun 3 0	Jun 30
	200 8	200 7
Operating activities	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0
(Loss)/	(9	155
p	0	,
rofit before tax	,	960
	460	
)	
Adjustments to reconcile (losses)/ profits before tax to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	6	34,778
1	5	,,,,,
	,	
	031	
D	111	160
ecrease in inventories	_	
(Increase) in trade receivables	((1,923)

	12	
	402	
)	
D	47	10,313
ecrease	,	
in other current assets	883	
Increase	3	(6,057)
/(decrease)	2	
in trade payables	,790	26.260
Increase in account avanages	43,817	36,260
in accrued expenses I	9,209	13,062
ncrease in other creditors	9,209	13,002
Increase in maintenance provisions	4	2,295
increase in maintenance provisions		2,273
	635	
((99	_
Gai)	
n)	,	
on disposal of property, plant and equipment		
Loss on	9	-
impairment of	3	
available for sale financial asset	,	
	439	
(Increase) in interest receivable	((7,096)
	2,751	
)	
Increase in interest payable	1	2,
	,	468
	996	
Retirement costs	108	147
Share based payments	678	8,076
I	51	(186
ncome tax	6)
refunded/		
(paid)	104	249.257
Net cash provided by operating activities		248,257
	501	
Investing activities		
Capital expenditure (purchase of property, plant and equipment)	((
capital expellentiale (purchase of property, plant and equipment)	110	96,622
	110)0,022
	401	,
)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	78	_
I I V/I	•	
	794	
Net	((
(11	68

i present in restricted cash system (141 present) in restricted cash (141 present) in financial assets: cash > 3months present (158 present) (, 284) (24,410) (1 8 9 , 316)
Net proceeds from shares issued Net (de (crease) in long term borrowings Net cash provided by /(used in)) (49,456) (49,456) (49,456) (49,456) (49,456) (49,456)	(23,231)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 1 6 3 6 12 Cash and cash equiva lents at beginning of the year	1,355) 1,346 ,419
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 63 4 , 461	1, 34 5 , 064

Ryanair Holdings plc and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated

Interim

Statement of Recognised Income and Expense measured in accordance with IFRS (unaudited) for the quarter ended June 30, 2008

Cash flow hedge reserve - effective portion of fair value changes to derivatives:

Net movements into cash flow hedge reserve	35,069 2	25,463
Net (decrease) in available for sale financial asset	-	(41 , 0 4 3)
Income and expenditure recognised dire ctly in equity	35,069	(15 , 5 8 0)
(Loss)/profit for the year	(9 0 , 460)	138 , 914
Total recognised income and expense	(55,391)	123 , 33 4

Ryanair Holdings plc and Subsidiaries Operating and Financial Overview

Introduction

For the purposes of the Management Discussion and Analysis (" MD&A

")

all figures and comments are by reference to the adjusted income statement excluding the exceptional items referred to below.

Exceptional items in the

period

ended

June 30

, 2008

amounted to

€

111.4m consisting of the impairment of the Aer Lingus shareholding of €93.6m and an accelerated depreciation charge of € 17.9m on aircraft to be disposed in 2009/10.

A

djusted profit

excluding exceptional items

decreased by 85% to €21.0m. Including exceptional items the loss in the period amounted to \notin 90.5m compared to a profit of €138.9m in the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Summary

Quarter ended June 30, 2008

Profit after tax

decreased by 85% to € 21.0m compared to € 138.9 in the quarter ended June 30, 200 7 primarily due to a 93% increase in fuel costs.

Total operating revenues

increased by

12

% to

€

776.9m, slower

than the

19 % growth in passenger volumes, as average fares

decreased by $\,8\,\%$, due to the absence of Easter

and lower baggage penetration rates.

Ancillary revenues grew by

25% to €

146.8m during the quarter.

Total revenue per passenger

as a result

de creased by

6 %, whilst

Load Factor

decreased

by

```
1 % during the quarter to 81%
```

Total operating expenses

increased by

40

% to

€ 7 51.2 m, primarily due to the increase in fuel prices,

the

higher

level of activity, and increased costs, associated with the growth of the airline.

Fuel, which represents

4.9~% of total operating costs compared to 3.5~% in the quarter ended June $30,\,2007$, increased by 93~% to ${\it \&}~366.6~m$

due to the increase

in the price per gallon

and

an increase

in the number of hours flown,

offset by a positive movement in the US dollar exchange rate versus the euro

Unit costs

excluding

fuel fell by 6%

ruer ren by 6%

Including fuel they rose by 18%.

Operating margins

fell

by

19

points

to

3 % whilst

operating profit

decreased by

84 % to €

25.7m

•

Net

margins

```
decreased
```

to 3 %

from 20% at June 30, 2007

for the reasons outlined above.

Earnings per share

decreased

to

1.40

cent for the

quarter compared

8.98 cent in

the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Balance

sheet

The

Group's

balance sheet

reflects the cash generative strength of the business.

The

Group

generated cash from operating activities of €

194.5 m and a further €78.8m from the sale of Boeing 737-800 aircraft

which part funded

a

€

33.1m share buy back programme

and

capital expenditure incurred during the

period

with the

remaining

balance reflected in

Total

c

ash

of €2,

250.0m

. Capital expenditure amounted to $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{C}}$

```
110.4m
which largely consisted of
a
dvance aircraft payments for future aircraft deliveries
and
the delivery of
three
aircraft.

Long term debt
, net of repayments,
de
creased by
€
49
.
5
m
during the
quarter
```

Detailed Discussion and Analysis Quarter

ended June 30, 2008

Adjusted profit after tax, decreased by 85% to €21.0m primarily due to a 93% increase in fuel costs.

```
Total operating revenues grew by 12% due to a 19
% increase in passenger numbers compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2007
, a n

8
% decrease in fares due to the absence of Easter , lower baggage penetration rates and strong growth in ancillary revenues.
```

The growth in revenues was offset primarily by the increase in fuel prices which rose by 93% to €366.6m, increases in

route charges and airport costs.

Operating margins

, as a result, fell by 19 points to 3 %, whilst

operating profit

de creas ed by 84 % to € 25.7 m

creased by

% due to the

Total operating revenues

```
increased by
12
% to €
77
6
9
whilst passenger volumes increased by
19
% to
15.0
Total revenue per passenger
```

```
fall
in average fare
of 8%
Scheduled passenger revenues
increased by
9
% to €
6
30
1
m reflecting
19
% increase in traffic
due to increased passenger numbers on existing routes and the successful launch of new routes and bases
, offset by an 8% decrease in average fares
due to the absence of Easter
and lower baggage penetration rates
Load factor
decreased by 1
compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2007.
Ancillary
revenues
continue to outpace the growth of passenger volumes and rose by
25
% to €
146.8
m in the
quarter
. This performance reflects the growth in
onboard sale
, non-flight scheduled revenues, and other ancillary products.
Total operating expenses
rose by
4
0
% to €
751.
```

2

m

```
primarily
due to the
93%
increase
in fuel prices, the
higher
level of activity, and the increased costs associated with the growth of the
airline
.
```

Total operating expenses

```
were also adversely impacted by a 2 % increase in average sector length.
```

Staff costs

```
have increased by 6 % to € 80 . 5 m
```

Excluding the charge of €7.0m for a one off share option grant in the quarter ended June 30, 2007 staff costs i

ncreased by 11 %

•

This primarily reflects a

3

% increase in average employee numbers to

 $6,\!280.$ Cabin crew, who earn lower than the average salary accounted for

the vast majority of the increase.

Depreciation and amortisation

```
in creased by 36 % to € 47 .
```

m

```
. This reflects
, net of disposals,

an additional

39
lower cost 'owned' aircraft in the fleet this quarter compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2007 offset
by
the positive impact on amortisation of the stronger euro versus the US dollar.
```

Fuel costs

```
rose by
93
% to €
366
.
6
m
due to
the increase in fuel
costs
and
a 2
2
% increase in the number of hours flown
```

Maintenance costs

```
increased by

13
% to €

14.3
m
primarily
due to a combination of the
growth
in the number of leased aircraft from

3

5

to 3

9

and

the increased level of activity, offset by
the positive impact of
a stronger
euro versus US dollar exchange rate.
```

Marketing and distribution costs

```
de
creased by
64
% to €
3
0
m
due to the
tight control on expend
ture and the increased focus on internet based promotions.
Aircraft rental costs
increased by
5
% to €
19.1
m
as the number of leased aircraft increased by
4
to 3
9
during the
quarter.
Route charges
rose by
17
% to €
74
2
due to an increase in the number of sectors flown and a
2
%
increase in the average sector length.
Airport and handling charges
increased by
12
```

% to € 113.8

```
due to the 19% increase in passenger volumes
offset by lower costs at new airports and bases
launched and savings
achieved
on handling costs.
Other expenses
increased by
% to €
32.7
, which is lower than the growth in ancillary
revenues
due to improved margins on some existing products and cost reductions on some indirect costs.
\mathbf{o}
perating margins
have declined by
point
\mathbf{S}
to
3
% due to the reasons outlined above
operating profits have
creased by
84
% to €
25.7m
compared to the
quarter ended June 30, 2007
Interest receivable
has increased by
13
% to €
22.7
```

primarily due to the increase in average deposit rates earned in the period

m for the quarter

.

Interest payable

increased by

31

% to €

30

•

0

m

due to the drawdown of debt to part finance the purchase of new aircraft and the adverse impact of higher interest rates.

Foreign exchange

gains

during the

quarter

of €

2.5

m

arose on the retranslation of foreign currency deposits.

Exceptional items

:

Accelerated depreciation

of €

17.

9

m

arose on

aircraft to be disposed in 2009/10.

Impairment

charge:

During the

quarter

the

Group

recognised an impairment charge of €93.6m on its Aer Lingus shareholding reflecting the decline in the Aer Lingus share price from €2.00

per share

at March 31, 2008

to €1.40 per share

at June 30, 2008.

Balance

```
sheet
The
Group's
balance
sheet reflects the cash generative strength of the business.
The
Group
generated cash from operating activities of €
194.
5
m
and
a further
78
8
m from the sale of Boeing 737-800 aircraft
which part funded
a
€
33.1
m share buy back programme
capital expenditure incurred during the
period
with the
remaining
balance reflected in
Total
c
ash
of €2,
250.0
. Capital expenditure amounted to €
110.4
which largely consisted of
dvance aircraft payments for future aircraft deliveries
the delivery of
three
aircraft.
Long term debt
, net of repayments,
de
creased by
```

€

```
49
5
during the
quarter
Shareholders' Equity
at
March
31, 200
8
de
creased by €
8
7.7m
to €2,414.5m, compared to March 30, 2008
due to the €
0
2
m
de
crease in
profitability during the quarter
, offset by the impact of IFRS accounting treatment for derivative financial assets,
pensions,
stock option
grants
and
a share buy back.
(
See
detail
in note 1
4
```

).

Statement of the directors in respect of the three month financial report

We confirm our responsibility for the three month financial statements

and that to the best of our knowledge:

- * the condensed set of financial statements comprising the condensed income statement, the condensed statement of recognised income and expense, the condensed balance sheet and the related notes have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting;
- * the interim management report includes a fair review of the

information required by:

(a) Regulation 8(2) of the Transparency (Directive 2004/109/EC)

Regulations 2007, being an indication

of important events that have occurred during the first

three

months of the financial year and their impact on the condensed set of financial statements; and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining

nine

months of the year; and

(b) Regulation 8(3) of the Transparency (Directive 2004/109/EC) Regulations 2007, being related party transactions that have taken place in the first

three

months of the current financial year and that have materially affected the financial position or performance of the entity during that period; and any changes in the related party transactions described in the last annual report that could do so.

The Group's auditors have not reviewed these condensed financial statements.

On behalf of the Board

David Bonderman Michael O'Leary Chairman Chief Executive July 28, 2008

Ryanair Holdings plc and Subsidiaries

Notes

1. Reporting entity

Ryanair

Holdings plc (the "Company") is a company domiciled in

Ireland

. The condensed consolidated

interim

financial statements of the Company for the

quarter

ended

June

3

0

, 200 8

comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the

year

ended

March 31

, 200

8

are available at

www.ryanair.com

2. Statement of compliance

These

unaudited

condensed consolidated interim financial statements

```
("the interim financial statements")
have been prepared in accordance with International
Accounting
Standard
No. 34
(
Ι
AS 34"
Interim Financial Reporting
```

. They do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the most recent published consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The comparative figures included for the year ended March 31, 2008 do not constitute statutory financial statements of the Group within the meaning of regulation 40 of the European Communities (companies, group accounts) regulations, 1992. Statutory financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2008 are being filed with the companies' office. The auditors' report on these financial statements was unqualified.

The Audit Committee

, upon delegation of authority by the Board of Directors, approved the interim financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2008 on July 25 , 200 8

3. Significant accounting policies

Except as stated otherwise below, this quarter's

financial information has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in the Group's

most recent published consolidated financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

as adopted by the European Union and in compliance with IFRS's as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

4. Generally Accepted Accounting Policies

The Management Discussion and Analysis of Results (Operating and Financial Overview) for the quarter

ended

June

30, 2008 and the comparative year are based on the adjusted results reported under the Group's IFRS accounting policies.

5. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Except as described below, in preparing these consolidated financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied in the most recent published consolidated financial statements.

In

the

year

ended

March

31, 200

8

management reassessed its estimates of the recoverable amount of aircraft residual values following certain recent and forward

aircraft disposals

and

aircraft pricing

trends in the market

6. Seasonality of operations

The

Group's

results of operations have varied significantly from quarter to quarter, and management expects these variations to continue. Among the factors causing these variations are the airline industry's sensitivity to general economic conditions and the seasonal nature of air travel. Accordingly the first half-year typically results in higher revenues and results.

7. Income tax expense

The Group's consolidated effective tax rate in respect of operations for the

quarter

ended

June

30, 2008

was 0% due to the loss in the quarter

8. Capital and reserves

Share buy back programme.

Pursuant to the share buy-back program

me

announced in February 2008, from April 1, 2008 to date

, the Company has repurchased

and cancelled

11.9 million shares at a total cost of €33 million. This is equivalent to 0.8% of the issued share capital of the Company at June 30, 2008.

9. Share based payments

The terms and conditions of the share option programme are disclosed in the most recent published consolidated financial statements.

The

charge to the income statement in the

period

of approximately

€

0

. 7

m

illion

is related to the

fair value of

various

share option

S

gran

ed in prior periods, which are being recognised within the income statement in accordance with employee services rendered.

10. Contingencies

The Group is engaged in litigation arising in the ordinary course of its business.

The Group

does not believe that any such litigation will individually or in aggregate have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Group. Should the Group be unsuccessful in these litigation actions, management believes the possible liabilities then arising cannot be determined but are not expected to materially adversely affect the Group's results of operations or financial position.

11. Capital commitments

During the quarter ended

June

30.

2008, the

Groun

exercised three options under the 2005 contract with Boeing whereby it will increase its "firm" aircraft del

veries by this amount during the 2011 fiscal year.

This brings Ryanair's total firm orders for Boeing 737-800 aircraft to 135 and the total fleet size (net of planned disposals) to

265

by 2013.

12. Available for sale

financial assets (Aer Lingus)

In the

quarter

ended June 30, 2008, the Group recognised an impairment charge of €93.6 million on its shareholding in Aer Lingus reflecting a further decline in the Aer Lingus share price from €2.00 per share at March 31, 2008 to €1.40 at

June 30, 2008.

13. Loans and borrowings

The following is the movement in loans and borrowings (non-current and current) during the quarter:

	<u>€'00</u> 0
Balance at April	2,266,496
1, 2008	
Loans raised to	48,621
finance	
aircraft/simulator	
purchases	
Repayments of	(98,078)
debt borrowed	
Balance at	2,
June	2
30,2008	17,039

14. Changes in shareholders' equity

				Other R	eserves	
		Share		Capital		
	Ordinary	premium	Retained	redemption	Other	
	shares	account	earnings	Shares	R	Total
					eserves	
	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0
Balance at March 31, 200	9,		1,	-	17	2
7	822	607	905		,	,
		,	,		307	539
		433	211			,
						773
Issue of ordinary equity shares			-	-	-	8
	21	8				,
		,				403
		382				
Repurchase of ordinary equity shares	_	_	(299,994)	_	- (2	99,994)
Capital redemption reserve fund	(378)	(23,054)	(2)),))¬¬)	23,432	- (2	- -

Effective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges				((129,960) ((129,960)
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedges transferred to the profit and loss Net movement	-	-	-	-	26,768 (103	26,768 (103
out of cash flow reserve					192)	192)
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	10 ,9 2 5	10 ,9 25
Retirement benefits	-	-	4,497	-	-	4
						497
Subtotal Profit for the financial year	(378)	(23,054)	(295,497)	23,432 ((141,193) ((436,690)
			390			390
			708			708
Balance at March 31, 2008	9,465	592	2,000 , 422	23,432	(123,886)	2,5 02
		, 761	422			, 194
Issue of ordinary equity shares Repurchase of ordinary equity shares	- -	119	33,062)	- -	-	119 (33
		(-	33,002)			, 062
Capital redemption reserve fund	(75	(4	-	4	-)
)	, 595)		670		
Net movement into	-	-	-	-	35	35
cash flow reserve					069	, 0 6 9
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	678	678
Subtotal	(75)	(4,595)	(33,062)	4,670	35,747	2,685
Loss for the period	-	-	(9	-	-	(90,

			0,			460
			460)
)			
Bala	9,	5	1,87	2	(2,
nce at June	390	88	6	8	88	414
3		,	,	,	,	,
0		285	900	102	13	538
, 2008					9	
)	

15. Analysis of operating revenues and segmental analysis

All revenues derive from the Group's principal activity and business segment as a low fares airline and includes scheduled services, car hire, internet income and related sales to third parties.

Revenue is analysed by geographical area (by country of origin) as follows:

	Quarter	Quarter
	E	Е
	nded	nded
	Jun 30	Jun 30
	,	,
	200	200
	8	7
	<u>€'00</u> 0	<u>€'00</u> 0
United Kingdom	261,163	275
C	,	,
		538
Other European countries	515,716	117,468
Total operating revenues	776,879	*

All of the Group's operating profit arises from low fares airline-related activities, its only business segment. The major revenue earning assets of the Group are comprised of its aircraft fleet, which is registered in

Ireland

and therefore principally all profits accrue in

Ireland

. Since the Group's aircraft fleet is flexibly employed across its route network in

Europe

, there is no suitable basis of allocating such assets and related liabilities to geographical segments.

16.

Earnings per share

For the quarter ended June 30, 2008, there was no difference in the weighted average number of ordinary shares used for basic and diluted net loss per ordinary share, as the effect of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares outstanding was anti-dilutive.

17.

Property, plant and equipment

Acquisitions and disposals
During the
quarter

ended

June 30, 2008, the Group acquired assets with a cost of €

110

4

million

(quarter

ended

June

30, 2007: €96.6 million).

There were

four

Boeing 737-800 aircraft

disposed of during the

quarter

, the sale proceeds of which amounted to €

78.8m.

Deposits have been received in relation to

future aircraft disposals.

18.

Post balance sheet events

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In July 2008, the Group acquired a further 3.5	
million shares in Aer Lingus plc at a cost of €4.2	
million , bringing Ryanair's total holding in Aer Lingus to 29.8%.	
US GAAP Reconciliation Following on from the issuance by the SEC of R ule 3235 "Acceptance from Foreign Private Issuers of Financial States Financial Reporting Standards without reconciliation to US GAAP". Reconciliation from these interim financial statements.	
SIGNATURES	
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, t signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.	the Registrant has duly caused this report to be
	RYANAIR HOLDINGS PLC
Date: 28 July 2008	
	By:/s/ James Callaghan
	James Callaghan Company Secretary & Finance Director