

ENGLOBAL CORP  
Form 10-Q  
November 03, 2017

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**Form 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

**Commission File No. 001-14217**

**ENGlobal Corporation**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**88-0322261**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**654 N. Sam Houston Parkway E., Suite 400, Houston, TX 77060-5914**

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

**(281) 878-1000**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shortened period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the close of business on November 1, 2017.

**\$0.001 Par Value Common Stock 27,513,574 shares**

**QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

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Table of Contents**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****ENGlobal Corporation****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations****(Unaudited)****(amounts in thousands, except per share data)**

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 24, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 24, 2016
Operating revenues	\$12,896	\$ 15,968	\$41,336	\$ 44,622
Operating costs	11,275	12,087	35,471	37,215
Gross profit	1,621	3,881	5,865	7,407
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,041	3,511	9,503	10,214
Operating income (loss)	(1,420 )	370	(3,638 )	(2,807 )
Other income (expense):				
Other income, net	2	10	57	17
Interest expense, net	(19 )	(44 )	(95 )	(129 )
Income (loss) from operations before income taxes	(1,437 )	336	(3,676 )	(2,919 )
Provision (benefit) for federal and state income taxes	10,717	(153 )	10,250	(1,056 )
Net income (loss)	\$(12,154 )	\$ 489	\$(13,926 )	\$ (1,863 )
Basic and diluted income (loss) per common share:	\$(0.44 )	\$ 0.02	\$(0.51 )	\$ (0.07 )
Basic and diluted weighted average shares used in computing earnings (loss) per share:	27,446	27,700	27,257	27,823

See accompanying notes to unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**ENGlobal Corporation****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets****(Unaudited)****(amounts in thousands, except share amounts)**

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 10,898	\$ 15,687
Trade receivables, net of allowances of \$302 and \$422	10,579	10,455
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	528	1,240
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	4,099	2,434
Total Current Assets	26,104	29,816
Property and equipment, net	1,084	1,194
Goodwill	2,806	2,806
Deferred tax asset	—	10,208
Other assets	251	412
Total Assets	\$ 30,245	\$ 44,436
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,174	\$ 2,876
Accrued compensation and benefits	1,711	2,099
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	2,202	1,371
Other current liabilities	854	1,270
Total Current Liabilities	6,941	7,616
Long Term Leases	2	14
Total Liabilities	6,943	7,630
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 8)		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized; 27,513,574 and 27,190,082 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	28	27
Additional paid-in capital	36,743	36,322
Accumulated (deficit) earnings	(13,469 )	457
Total Stockholders' Equity	23,302	36,806
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 30,245	\$ 44,436

See accompanying notes to unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.



Table of Contents**ENGlobal Corporation****Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****(Unaudited)****(amounts in thousands)**

	For the Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 24, 2016
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$(13,926)	\$(1,863 )
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	791	868
Share-based compensation expense	288	367
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	—	1
Stock issuance to vendor	225	—
Deferred tax asset	10,208	(1,237 )
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable	(124 )	11,026
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	(1,665 )	1,910
Other current assets	636	832
Accounts payable	(702 )	276
Accrued compensation and benefits	(388 )	(442 )
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	831	(1,776 )
Income taxes payable	181	(237 )
Other current liabilities, net	(351 )	33
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$(3,996 )	\$ 9,758
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Proceeds from notes receivable	45	30
Property and equipment acquired	(590 )	(84 )
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(545 )	\$ (54 )
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Purchase of treasury stock	(91 )	(1,100 )
Debt issuance cost	—	(20 )
Payments on capitalized leases	(157 )	(245 )
Net cash used in financing activities	\$(248 )	\$ (1,365 )
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(4,789 )	8,339
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at beginning of period	15,687	7,806
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at end of period	\$10,898	\$ 16,145

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

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Cash paid during the period for interest	\$100	\$ 131
Cash paid (received) during the period for income taxes (net of refunds)	\$(148	) \$ 428

See accompanying notes to unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**ENGLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of ENGlobal Corporation (which may be referred to as “ENGlobal,” the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our”) were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, these condensed financial statements do not include all of the information or note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, included in the Company’s 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The condensed financial statements included herein are unaudited for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 and September 24, 2016, and in the case of the condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2016, have been derived from the audited financial statements of the Company. These financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to fairly present the results for the periods presented.

The Company has assessed subsequent events through the date of filing of these condensed financial statements with the Securities and Exchange Commission and believes that the disclosures made herein are adequate to make the information presented herein not misleading.

We had no items of other comprehensive income in any period presented; therefore, no other components of comprehensive income or comprehensive income are presented.

Each of our quarters is comprised of 13 weeks.

***Changes in Accounting***

In March 2016, the Financial Statements Accounting Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-09, *Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, to change several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including a requirement to recognize all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. This pronouncement is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2016, with early adoption permitted. Varying transition methods (modified retrospective, retrospective or prospective) are applied to different provisions of the standard. We adopted this pronouncement in the first quarter of 2017 by electing to account for forfeitures in compensation costs as they occur and reflecting this change in accounting policy on a modified retrospective basis through a non-material, cumulative-effect adjustment reducing accumulated earnings as of the beginning of 2017. We recognized a benefit in stock compensation related to forfeitures of \$.01 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

In November 2016, the FASB Issued Update 2016-18, *Statement of Cash flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force)*. This update addresses the presentation of restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. This pronouncement is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early application permitted. We adopted this pronouncement in the first quarter of 2017 and have reported restricted cash as a component of ending cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash on the Statements of Cash Flows.

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***New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted***

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue From Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, that will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition requirements in U.S. GAAP and will require entities to recognize revenue at an amount that reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. This new standard also requires significantly expanded disclosures regarding the qualitative and quantitative information of an entity's nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12 to clarify certain narrow aspects of Topic 606 such as assessing the collectability criterion, presentation of sales taxes and other similar taxes collected from customers, non-cash consideration, contract modifications at transition, completed contracts at transition, and other technical corrections. This new accounting standard, as updated, is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We have begun the process of evaluating the principles in the new standard following the five step approach and we are assessing its potential impact on our financial position, results of operations, cash flows and related disclosures. Through our initial evaluation, we believe the impact to our financial statements will be immaterial and we do not believe the implementation will have a material impact on our business practices.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, that will amend the accounting standards for leases. This new standard retains a distinction between finance leases and operating leases but the primary change is the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases on the lessee's balance sheet and certain aspects of lease accounting have been simplified. This new standard requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures along with specific quantitative disclosures required by lessees and lessors to meet the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. This pronouncement is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early application permitted. We are currently evaluating the provisions of this pronouncement and are assessing its potential impact on our financial position, results of operations, cash flows and related disclosures. However we are currently unable to reasonably estimate the impact this pronouncement will have on our financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*. This amendment addresses how certain specified cash receipts and cash payments are presented in the statement of cash flows. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We are currently evaluating the provisions of this pronouncement and are assessing its potential impact on our financial position, results of operations, cash flows and related disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. This amendment removes the second step of the two-step goodwill impairment test. When adopted, an entity will apply a one-step quantitative test and record the amount of goodwill impairment as the excess of a reporting unit's carrying amount over its fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. This pronouncement is effective for the Company's annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests

in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the provisions of this pronouncement and are assessing its potential impact on our financial position, results of operations, cash flows and related disclosures.

**NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH**

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the consolidated financial statements:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	(dollars in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,238	\$ 15,687
Restricted cash	660	—
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 10,898	\$ 15,687

Amounts included in restricted cash represent those required to be set aside to collateralize a letter of credit required by a customer. This letter of credit will expire in December 2017.

Table of Contents**NOTE 3 - CONTRACTS**

Costs, estimated earnings and billings on uncompleted contracts consisted of the following at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	(dollars in thousands)	
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$54,116	\$ 58,933
Estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	15,345	24,694
Earned revenues	69,461	83,627
Less: billings to date	67,564	82,564
Net costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 1,897	\$ 1,063
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$4,099	\$ 2,434
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	(2,202 )	(1,371 )
Net costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$ 1,897	\$ 1,063

Revenue on fixed-price contracts is recorded primarily using the percentage-of-completion (cost-to-cost) method. Revenue and gross margin on fixed-price contracts are subject to revision throughout the lives of the contracts and any required adjustments are made in the period in which the revisions become known. To manage unknown risks, management may use contingency amounts to increase the estimated costs, therefore, lowering the earned revenues until the risks are better identified and quantified or have been mitigated. We currently have \$1.1 million in contingency amounts as of September 30, 2017 compared to \$0.9 million as of December 31, 2016. Losses on contracts are recorded in full as they are identified. Fixed price contracts generally include retainage provisions under which a percentage of the contract price is withheld until the project is complete and has been accepted by our customer. We currently have \$0.3 million in retainage as of September 30, 2017 compared to \$1.4 million as of December 31, 2016.

We recognize service revenue as soon as the services are performed. For clients that we consider higher risk, due to past payment history or history of not providing written work authorizations, we have deferred revenue recognition until we receive either a written authorization or a payment. We currently have \$0.5 million in deferred revenue recognition as of September 30, 2017 compared to \$0.1 million as of December 31, 2016. This deferred revenue represents work on not-to-exceed contracts that has been performed but has not been billed or booked as revenue due to our revenue recognition policies as the work was performed outside the contracted amount without obtaining proper work order changes. It is uncertain as to whether these revenues will eventually be recognized by us or the proceeds collected. The costs associated with these billings have been expensed as incurred.



Table of Contents**NOTE 4 – LINE OF CREDIT AND LETTER OF CREDIT FACILITIES***Line of Credit Facility*

On March 31, 2017, the Company terminated its credit facility with Regions Bank. There were no loans outstanding under that facility on that date. See “Note 6 - Credit Facilities” to our financial statements included in our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a description of the material terms of the Regions Bank credit facility. The facility was terminated because the Company believes that its cash on hand, internally generated funds and other working capital are sufficient to fund its current operations and near term growth. In addition, the elimination of the facility, which was scheduled to expire in September 2017, will significantly reduce costs to the Company.

**NOTE 5 – SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Engineering, Procurement and Construction Management (“EPCM”) segment provides services relating to the development, management and execution of projects requiring professional engineering and related project services primarily to the energy industry throughout the United States. The EPCM segment includes the government services group, which provides engineering, design, installation and operation and maintenance of various government, public sector and international facilities and the fabrication operation. The Automation segment provides services related to the design, integration and implementation of advanced automation, information technology, process distributed control systems, analyzer systems, and electrical projects primarily to the upstream and downstream sectors throughout the United States.

Revenues, operating income, and identifiable assets for each segment are set forth in the following table. The amount identified as Corporate includes those activities that are not allocated to the operating segments and includes costs related to business development, executive functions, finance, accounting, safety, human resources and information technology that are not specifically identifiable with the segments.

Segment information for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and September 24, 2016 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

For the three months ended September 30, 2017:	EPCM	Automation	Corporate	Consolidated
Revenue	\$8,573	\$ 4,323	\$ —	\$ 12,896
Gross profit	899	722	—	1,621

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SG&A	873	531	1,637	3,041
Operating income (loss)	26	191	(1,637 )	(1,420 )
Other income				2
Interest expense, net				(19 )
Tax (expense)				(10,717 )
Net loss				\$ (12,154 )

For the three months ended September 24, 2016:	EPCM	Automation	Corporate	Consolidated
Revenue	\$8,216	\$ 7,752	\$ —	\$ 15,968
Gross profit	1,454	2,427	—	3,881
SG&A	909	685	1,917	3,511
Operating income (loss)	545	1,742	(1,917 )	370
Other income				10
Interest expense, net				(44 )
Tax benefit				153
Net income				\$ 489

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Segment information for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and September 24, 2016 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017:	EPCM	Automation	Corporate	Consolidated
Revenue	\$26,833	\$ 14,503	\$ —	\$ 41,336
Gross profit	3,618	2,247	—	5,865
SG&A	2,667	1,670	5,166	9,503
Operating income (loss)	951	577	(5,166 )	(3,638 )
Other income				57
Interest expense, net				(95 )
Tax (expense)				(10,250 )
Net loss				\$ (13,926 )

For the nine months ended September 24, 2016:	EPCM	Automation	Corporate	Consolidated
Revenue	\$25,000	\$ 19,622	\$ —	\$ 44,622
Gross profit	2,877	4,530	—	7,407
SG&A	2,432	2,203	5,579	10,214
Operating income (loss)	445	2,327	(5,579 )	(2,807 )
Other income				17
Interest expense, net				(129 )
Tax benefit				1,056
Net loss				\$ (1,863 )

	As of	As of
Total Assets by Segment	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	(dollars in thousands)	
EPCM	\$8,316	\$ 6,530
Automation	10,503	10,296
Corporate	11,426	27,610
Consolidated	\$30,245	\$ 44,436

**NOTE 6 – FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES**

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification 740, “Income Taxes” (“ASC 740”). Under ASC 740 for the three and nine months ended September 24, 2016, we estimated an annual

effective tax rate based on year-to-date operating results and our projection of operating results for the remainder of the year. We applied this annual effective tax rate to the year-to-date operating results. Certain states are not included in the calculation of the estimated annual effective tax rate because the underlying basis for the tax is related to revenues and not taxable income. Amounts for Texas margin taxes are reported as income tax expense.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2017, management recorded an \$11.3 million valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets. ASC Topic 740 requires all available evidence, both positive and negative, be considered to determine whether, based on the weight of that evidence, a valuation allowance is needed. During the quarter ended September 30, 2017, based upon the Company's recent performance, management determined the realization of deferred tax assets is uncertain as tax planning strategies and projections of future taxable income in its evaluation of the realizability of its deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2017 did not outweigh recent loss history.

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As a result of the valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2017, the effective income tax rates for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017 were not meaningful. The effective income tax rates for the three and nine month periods ended September 24, 2016 were 45.8% and 36.2%, respectively.

The Company applies a more likely than not recognition threshold for all tax uncertainties. The FASB guidance for uncertain tax positions only allows the recognition of those tax benefits, based on their technical merits that have a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities. Management has reviewed the Company's tax positions and determined there are no uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the financial statements. U.S. federal tax returns prior to 2013 and Texas margins tax returns prior to 2013 are closed. Generally, the applicable statutes of limitations are three to four years from their filings.

**NOTE 7 – STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAM**

On April 21, 2015, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$2 million of the Company's common stock from time to time through open market or privately negotiated transactions, based on prevailing market conditions. The Company is not obligated to repurchase any dollar amount or specific number of shares of common stock under the repurchase program, which may be suspended or discontinued at any time. As of September 30, 2017, the Company had purchased and retired 1,191,050 shares for \$1.5 million under this program with no shares purchased in the three months ended September 30, 2017. The stock repurchase program was suspended on May 16, 2017.

**NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

From time to time, ENGlobal or one or more of its subsidiaries is involved in various legal proceedings or is subject to claims that arise in the ordinary course of business alleging, among other things, claims of breach of contract or negligence in connection with the performance or delivery of goods and/or services. The outcome of any such claims or proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty. Management is not aware of any pending or threatened lawsuits or proceedings that are expected to have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

We carry a broad range of insurance coverage, including general and business automobile liability, commercial property, professional errors and omissions, workers' compensation insurance, directors' and officers' liability insurance and a general umbrella policy, all with standard self-insured retentions/deductibles. We also provide health insurance to our employees (including vision and dental), and are partially self-funded for these claims. Provisions for expected future payments are accrued based on our experience, and specific stop loss levels provide protection for the Company. We believe we have adequate reserves for the self-funded portion of our insurance policies. We are not aware of any material litigation or claims that are not covered by these policies or which are likely to materially

exceed the Company's insurance limits.

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**ENGLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as other written and oral statements made or incorporated by reference from time to time by the Company and its representatives in other reports, filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, press releases, conferences or otherwise, may be deemed to be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This information includes, without limitation, statements concerning the Company’s future financial position and results of operations, planned capital expenditures, business strategy and other plans for future operations, the future mix of revenues and business, customer retention, project reversals, commitments and contingent liabilities, future demand and industry conditions. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to have been correct. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Generally, the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “may” and similar expressions, identify forward-looking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. Actual results could differ materially from the results described in the forward-looking statements due to the risks and uncertainties set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the specific risk factors identified in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following discussion is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the Company’s financial statements, including the notes thereto, included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

**Overview**

ENGlobal Corporation (which may be referred to as “ENGlobal,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” or “our”), incorporated in the State of Nevada in June 1994, is a leading provider of engineering and professional services principally to the energy industry through two segments: Engineering, Procurement and Construction Management (“EPCM”), which includes

fabrication, and Automation engineering and integrated products (“Automation”).

We recently expanded into our fabrication facility in Henderson, Texas positioning us in our market place as a vertically integrated service provider capable of engineering, mechanical fabrication, systems integration and automation. We believe this will allow us to differentiate our company from most of its competitors as a full service provider, thereby reducing our clients’ coordination of multiple vendors, which improves control of their schedules. Our strategy and positioning has also allowed the Company to pursue larger scopes of work centered around many different types of modularized engineered systems.

During the second quarter of 2017, management worked closely with a strategy consultant to perform an assessment of the Company and both short term and long term market trends, which in turn assisted management in updating its long term business growth strategy. The results of this assessment concluded that the Company’s market segments that are expected to experience the highest future growth rates are those relating to Industrial Controls and Automation and the Industrial Internet of Things (IIOT). These are both areas in which the Company has extensive experience providing higher value products and services to its clients but have not been the Company’s primary focus in recent years.

As a result of this strategic assessment, management has developed a multi-year plan to invest and position the Company as a leading provider of higher value industrial automation and IIOT to its extensive customer base – an area where the Company has historically experienced higher margins. Additionally, management believes that because of the vertical integration strategy, an increasing amount of engineering, mechanical fabrication and systems integration work will be awarded to the Company.

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**ENGLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Management has taken several steps during this quarter to begin the implementation of the Company's strategy. These steps include the reorganization and refocusing of our business development personnel, the development of relevant marketing materials and the successful implementation of a new customer relationship management system. In addition, we have completed the reorganization of our staff resulting in a senior VP responsible for the staffing, training, development and project execution of our automation business and a senior VP with the same responsibilities for our multidiscipline engineering and EPC projects business.

While our strategy work is in its beginning phases, we have seen encouraging early indicators that this approach is aligned with our customers' strategic focus and will be well received by our clients. We have been developing our automation pipeline over the last few quarters resulting in a 20% increase of our automation backlog during the quarter just ended. In addition to our traditional sales efforts, the Company is currently working with several clients for the replacement and upgrade of their control systems. While this work has not been awarded, the scope of this work is much larger than our traditional automation scope of work and would represent a significant increase in our automation backlog.

**Results of Operations**

The majority of the Company's EPCM services have historically been provided through time-and-material contracts and a majority of the Company's engineered automation system revenues have been provided through fixed-price contracts. In the course of providing our services, we routinely provide materials and equipment and may provide construction or construction management services on a subcontractor basis. Generally, these materials, equipment and subcontractor costs are passed through to our clients and reimbursed, along with handling fees, which in general are at margins lower than those of our normal core business. In accordance with industry practice and generally accepted accounting principles, all such costs and fees are included in revenue. The use of subcontractor services can vary significantly from project to project; therefore, changes in revenue and gross profit, SG&A expense and operating income as a percentage of revenue may not be indicative of the Company's core business trends. Segment operating SG&A expense includes management, business development and staff compensation, office costs such as rents and utilities, depreciation, amortization, travel, and other expenses generally unrelated to specific client contracts, but directly related to the support of a segment's operations. Corporate SG&A expenses include finance, accounting, human resources, legal and information technology which are unrelated to specific projects but which are incurred to support corporate activities.

Table of Contents**ENGLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS*****Comparison of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 versus the three and nine months ended September 24, 2016***

The following table, for the three months ended September 30, 2017 versus the three months ended September 24, 2016, provides relevant financial data that is derived from our consolidated statements of operations (amounts in thousands except per share data).

Operations Data	EPCM	Automation	Corporate	Consolidated	
Three months ended September 30, 2017:					
Revenue	\$8,573	\$ 4,323	\$ —	\$ 12,896	100.0%
Gross profit	899	722	—	1,621	12.6 %
SG&A	873	531	1,637	3,041	23.6 %
Operating income (loss)	26	191	(1,637 )	(1,420 )	(11.0 )%
Other income				2	
Interest expense, net				(19 )	
Tax (expense)				(10,717 )	
Net loss				\$ (12,154 )	(94.2 )%
Diluted loss per share				\$ (0.44 )	

## Three months ended September 24, 2016:

Revenue	\$8,216	\$7,752	\$—	\$15,968	100.0%
Gross profit	1,454	2,427	—	3,881	24.3 %
SG&A	909	685	1,917	3,511	22.0 %
Operating income (loss)	545	1,742	(1,917)	370	2.3 %
Other income				10	
Interest expense, net				(44 )	
Tax benefit				153	
Net income				\$489	3.1 %
Diluted income per share				\$0.02	

**Increase (Decrease) in****Operating Results:**

Revenue	\$357	\$(3,429)	\$—	\$(3,072 )	(19.2 )%
Gross profit (loss)	(555)	(1,705)	—	(2,260 )	(58.2 )%
SG&A	(36 )	(154 )	(280)	(470 )	(13.4 )%

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Operating income (loss)	(519)	(1,551)	280	(1,790 )	(483.9 )%
Other income				(8 )	
Interest expense, net				25	
Tax benefit				(10,870)	
Net loss				\$(12,643)	(2585.5)%
Diluted loss per share				\$(0.46 )	

Table of Contents**ENGLOBAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

The following table, for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 versus the nine months ended September 24, 2016, provides relevant financial data that is derived from our consolidated statements of operations (amounts in thousands except per share data).

<b>Operations Data</b>	<b>EPCM</b>	<b>Automation</b>	<b>Corporate</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>		
<b>Nine months ended September 30, 2017:</b>						
Revenue	\$26,833	\$ 14,503	\$	—	\$ 41,336	100.0%
Gross profit	3,618					