

PENNS WOODS BANCORP INC
Form 10-Q
November 12, 2013
Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

ý Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
for the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2013.

o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Exchange Act

For the Transition Period from _____ to _____.

No. 0-17077
(Commission File Number)

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)
PENNSYLVANIA
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

23-2226454
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

300 Market Street, P.O. Box 967 Williamsport,
Pennsylvania
(Address of principal executive offices)

17703-0967
(Zip Code)

(570) 322-1111
Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES ý NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES ý NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

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Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer
Small reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES NO

On November 2, 2013 there were 4,819,054 shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding.

Table of Contents

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.

INDEX TO QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

	Page Number
<u>Part I</u> <u>Financial Information</u>	
<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Financial Statements</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited) as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Income (Unaudited) for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	<u>9</u>
<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>32</u>
<u>Item 3.</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	<u>46</u>
<u>Item 4.</u> <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>47</u>
<u>Part II</u> <u>Other Information</u>	
<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Item 1A.</u> <u>Risk Factors</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Item 3.</u> <u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Item 4.</u> <u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Item 5.</u> <u>Other Information</u>	<u>48</u>
<u>Item 6.</u> <u>Exhibits</u>	<u>48</u>

Signatures 49

Exhibit Index and Exhibits 50

2

Table of Contents

Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(UNAUDITED)

(In Thousands, Except Share Data)	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS:		
Noninterest-bearing balances	\$23,073	\$12,695
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	9,776	2,447
Federal funds sold	195	—
Total cash and cash equivalents	33,044	15,142
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value	285,383	289,316
Loans held for sale	1,588	3,774
Loans	806,163	512,232
Allowance for loan losses	(9,630	) (7,617
Loans, net	796,533	504,615
Premises and equipment, net	18,352	8,348
Accrued interest receivable	4,639	4,099
Bank-owned life insurance	25,216	16,362
Investment in limited partnerships	2,387	2,883
Goodwill	17,104	3,032
Intangibles	1,892	—
Deferred tax asset	10,389	4,731
Other assets	7,563	4,233
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,204,090	\$856,535
LIABILITIES:		
Interest-bearing deposits	\$760,147	\$527,073
Noninterest-bearing deposits	215,374	114,953
Total deposits	975,521	642,026
Short-term borrowings	15,060	33,204
Long-term borrowings, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	70,750	76,278
Accrued interest payable	435	366
Other liabilities	16,472	10,935
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,078,238	762,809
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, no par value, 3,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued	—	—
Common stock, par value \$8.33, 15,000,000 shares authorized; 4,999,483 and 4,019,112 shares issued	41,662	33,492
Additional paid-in capital	49,782	18,157
Retained earnings	46,324	43,030
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Net unrealized (loss) gain on available for sale securities	(799	) 10,164
Defined benefit plan	(4,807	) (4,807
Treasury stock at cost, 180,596 shares	(6,310	) (6,310

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	125,852	93,726
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,204,090	\$856,535

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2013	2012	September 30, 2013	2012
INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME:				
Loans, including fees	\$9,211	\$6,346	\$23,256	\$18,954
Investment securities:				
Taxable	1,570	1,486	4,520	4,477
Tax-exempt	1,124	1,339	3,553	4,127
Dividend and other interest income	74	96	208	274
TOTAL INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME	11,979	9,267	31,537	27,832
INTEREST EXPENSE:				
Deposits	855	902	2,406	2,797
Short-term borrowings	16	38	63	100
Long-term borrowings, FHLB	479	637	1,480	1,877
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	1,350	1,577	3,949	4,774
NET INTEREST INCOME	10,629	7,690	27,588	23,058
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	600	600	1,675	1,800
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	10,029	7,090	25,913	21,258
NON-INTEREST INCOME:				
Service charges	671	489	1,651	1,394
Securities (losses) gains, net	(3	) 447	2,257	1,206
Bank-owned life insurance	199	138	481	539
Gain on sale of loans	551	527	1,204	1,053
Insurance commissions	286	295	797	1,053
Brokerage commissions	250	239	797	698
Other	888	636	1,923	1,872
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME	2,842	2,771	9,110	7,815
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:				
Salaries and employee benefits	4,515	2,939	11,025	8,806
Occupancy	554	317	1,302	963
Furniture and equipment	422	355	1,242	1,058
Pennsylvania shares tax	225	169	617	505
Amortization of investment in limited partnerships	165	165	496	496
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation deposit insurance	173	111	421	349
Marketing	156	132	371	405
Intangible amortization	91	—	122	—
Other	2,674	1,270	6,195	3,683
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	8,975	5,458	21,791	16,265
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION	3,896	4,403	13,232	12,808
INCOME TAX PROVISION	650	736	2,643	2,054
NET INCOME	\$3,246	\$3,667	\$10,589	\$10,754
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC	\$0.67	\$0.96	\$2.48	\$2.80
EARNINGS PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$0.67	\$0.96	\$2.48	\$2.80
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING - BASIC	4,818,494	3,837,925	4,272,989	3,837,570

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WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING - DILUTED	4,818,494	3,837,925	4,272,989	3,837,570
DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER SHARE	\$0.47	\$0.47	\$1.66	\$1.41

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

4

Table of Contents

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Net Income	\$3,246	\$3,667	\$10,589	\$10,754	
Other comprehensive (loss) income:					
Change in unrealized (loss) gain on available for sale securities	(1,647	) 6,190	(14,354	) 13,228	
Tax effect	560	(2,105	) 4,881	(4,498)
Net realized loss (gain) included in net income	3	(447	) (2,257	) (1,206)
Tax effect	(1	) 152	767	410	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,085	) 3,790	(10,963	) 7,934	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$2,161	\$7,457	\$(374	) \$18,688	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(UNAUDITED)

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)	COMMON STOCK			RETAINED EARNINGS	ACCUMULATED		TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
	SHARES	AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	TREASURY STOCK	
Balance, December 31, 2011	4,017,677	\$33,480	\$18,115	\$36,394	\$(1,219)	\$(6,310)	\$80,460
Comprehensive income:							
Net income				10,754			10,754
Other comprehensive income					7,934		7,934
Dividends declared, (\$1.41 per share)				(5,411)			(5,411)
Common shares issued for employee stock purchase plan	1,100	9	33				42
Balance, September 30, 2012	4,018,777	\$33,489	\$18,148	\$41,737	\$6,715	\$(6,310)	\$93,779

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)	COMMON STOCK			RETAINED EARNINGS	ACCUMULATED		TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
	SHARES	AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	TREASURY STOCK	
Balance, December 31, 2012	4,019,112	\$33,492	\$18,157	\$43,030	\$5,357	\$(6,310)	\$93,726
Comprehensive loss:							
Net income				10,589			10,589
Other comprehensive loss					(10,963)		(10,963)
Dividends declared, (\$1.66 per share)				(7,295)			(7,295)
Common shares issued for employee stock purchase plan	1,394	12	47				59
Common shares issued for acquisition of Luzerne National Bank Corporation	978,977	8,158	31,578				39,736
Balance, September 30, 2013	4,999,483	\$41,662	\$49,782	\$46,324	\$(5,606)	\$(6,310)	\$125,852

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	Nine Months Ended September	
	30,	
(In Thousands)	2013	2012
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Income	\$10,589	\$10,754
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	708	569
Amortization of intangible assets	122	—
Provision for loan losses	1,675	1,800
Accretion and amortization of investment security discounts and premiums	(44	) (816
Securities gains, net	(2,257	) (1,206
Originations of loans held for sale	(42,985	) (32,116
Proceeds of loans held for sale	46,375	34,671
Gain on sale of loans	(1,204	) (1,053
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	(481	) (539
(Increase) decrease in deferred tax asset	(86	) 315
Other, net	(445	) (1,189
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,967	11,190
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Investment securities available for sale:		
Proceeds from sales	69,898	35,847
Proceeds from calls and maturities	12,775	17,259
Purchases	(71,221	) (64,965
Investment securities held to maturity:		
Proceeds from calls and maturities	—	55
Net increase in loans	(43,401	) (50,513
Acquisition of bank premises and equipment	(2,744	) (1,109
Proceeds from the sale of foreclosed assets	—	700
Purchase of bank-owned life insurance	(981	) (33
Proceeds from bank-owned life insurance death benefit	—	383
Proceeds from redemption of regulatory stock	2,237	1,034
Purchases of regulatory stock	(980) —
Acquisition, net of cash acquired	17,487	—
Net cash used for investing activities	(16,930	) (61,342
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase in interest-bearing deposits	38,636	55,515
Net increase in noninterest-bearing deposits	17,903	3,931
Proceeds from long-term borrowing, FHLB	—	15,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings, FHLB	(5,528) —
Net decrease in short-term borrowings	(20,910	) (11,666
Dividends paid	(7,295	) (5,411
Issuance of common stock	59	42
Net cash provided by financing activities	22,865	57,411
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	17,902	7,259
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	15,142	13,885

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$33,044	\$21,144
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See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

7

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	Nine Months Ended September	
	30,	2012
	2013	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Interest paid	\$3,880	\$4,809
Income taxes paid	2,770	2,350
Transfer of loans to foreclosed real estate	185	—
Acquisition of Luzerne National Bank Corporation		
Noncash assets acquired:		
Securities available for sale	21,783	
Loans	250,377	
Premises and equipment, net	8,014	
Accrued interest receivable	726	
Bank-owned life insurance	7,419	
Intangibles	2,015	
Other assets	2,636	
Goodwill	14,072	
	307,042	
Liabilities assumed:		
Deferred tax liability	76	
Interest-bearing deposits	194,438	
Noninterest-bearing deposits	82,518	
Short-term borrowings	2,766	
Accrued interest payable	103	
Other liabilities	4,892	
	284,793	
Net noncash assets acquired	22,249	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	\$20,363	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (Unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Penns Woods Bancorp, Inc. (the “Company”) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: Woods Investment Company, Inc., Woods Real Estate Development Company, Inc., Luzerne Bank (“Luzerne”) and Jersey Shore State Bank (referred to together as the “Bank”) and Jersey Shore State Bank’s wholly-owned subsidiary, The M Group, Inc. D/B/A The Comprehensive Financial Group (“The M Group”). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

The interim financial statements are unaudited, but in the opinion of management reflect all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of results for such periods. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The accounting policies followed in the presentation of interim financial results are the same as those followed on an annual basis. These policies are presented on pages 35 through 39 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

In reference to the attached financial statements, all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature pursuant to Rule 10-01(b) (8) of Regulation S-X.

Note 2. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income by component as of September 30, 2013 were as follows:

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013			Three Months Ended September 30, 2012		
	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available for Sale Securities	Defined Benefit Plan	Total	Net Unrealized Gain on Available for Sale Securities	Defined Benefit Plan	Total
Balance, June 30	\$286	\$(4,807)	\$(4,521)	\$7,058	\$(4,133)	\$2,925
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(1,087)	—	(1,087)	4,085	—	4,085
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	2	—	2	(295)	—	(295)
Net current-period other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,085)	—	(1,085)	3,790	—	3,790
Balance, September 30	\$(799)	\$(4,807)	\$(5,606)	\$10,848	\$(4,133)	\$6,715
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012		
(In Thousands)		Defined	Total	Net Unrealized	Defined	Total

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	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available for Sale Securities	Benefit Plan		Gain on Available for Sale Securities	Benefit Plan	
Balance, December 31	\$10,164	\$(4,807)	\$5,357	\$2,914	\$(4,133)	\$(1,219)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(9,473	) —	(9,473)	8,730	—	8,730
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,490	) —	(1,490)	(796	) —	(796)
Net current-period other comprehensive (loss) income	(10,963	) —	(10,963)	7,934	—	7,934
Balance, September 30	\$(799	) \$(4,807)	\$(5,606)	\$10,848	\$(4,133)	\$6,715

Table of Contents

The reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income as of September 30, 2013 were as follows:
(In Thousands)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statement of Income
	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	
Net unrealized loss on available for sale securities	\$ (3)	) \$ 447	Securities (losses) gains, net
Total reclassifications for the period	\$ (2)	) \$ 295	Income tax provision Net of tax

(In Thousands)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statement of Income
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012	
Net unrealized gain on available for sale securities	\$ 2,257	\$ 1,206	Securities gains, net
Total reclassifications for the period	767	410	Income tax provision Net of tax

Note 3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-01, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The amendments clarify that the scope of Update 2011-11 applies to derivatives accounted for in accordance with Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with Section 210-20-45 or Section 815-10-45 or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. An entity is required to apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. An entity should provide the required disclosures retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. The effective date is the same as the effective date of Update 2011-11. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. The amendments in this update require an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. For public entities, the amendments are effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The Company has provided the necessary disclosures in Note 2 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists. This Update applies to all entities that have unrecognized tax benefits when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists at the reporting date. An unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net

operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward, except as follows. To the extent a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position or the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction does not require the entity to use, and the entity does not intend to use, the deferred tax asset for such purpose, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented in the financial statements as a liability and should not be combined with deferred tax assets. The assessment of whether a deferred tax asset is available is based on the unrecognized tax benefit and deferred tax asset that exist at the reporting date and should be made presuming disallowance of the tax position at the reporting date. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The amendments should be applied prospectively to all unrecognized tax benefits that exist at the effective date. Retrospective application is permitted. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Note 4. Per Share Data

Table of Contents

There are no convertible securities which would affect the denominator in calculating basic and dilutive earnings per share. Net income as presented on the consolidated statement of income will be used as the numerator. The following table sets forth the composition of the weighted average common shares (denominator) used in the basic and dilutive earnings per share computation.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Weighted average common shares issued	4,999,090	4,018,521	4,453,585	4,018,166
Average treasury stock shares	(180,596)	(180,596)	(180,596)	(180,596)
Weighted average common shares and common stock equivalents used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share	4,818,494	3,837,925	4,272,989	3,837,570

Note 5. Investment Securities

The amortized cost and fair values of investment securities at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are as follows:

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2013			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Available for sale (AFS)				
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$30,263	\$795	\$(289)	\$30,769
State and political securities	148,581	3,215	(4,924)	146,872
Other debt securities	97,691	858	(2,424)	96,125
Total debt securities	276,535	4,868	(7,637)	273,766
Financial institution equity securities	8,384	1,616	(10)	9,990
Other equity securities	1,675	11	(59)	1,627
Total equity securities	10,059	1,627	(69)	11,617
Total investment securities AFS	\$286,594	\$6,495	\$(7,706)	\$285,383
	December 31, 2012			
(In Thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Available for sale (AFS)				
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$24,475	\$1,384	\$(19)	\$25,840
State and political securities	168,843	12,805	(1,424)	180,224
Other debt securities	70,108	1,750	(259)	71,599
Total debt securities	263,426	15,939	(1,702)	277,663
Financial institution equity securities	8,422	1,140	(14)	9,548
Other equity securities	2,068	74	(37)	2,105
Total equity securities	10,490	1,214	(51)	11,653
Total investment securities AFS	\$273,916	\$17,153	\$(1,753)	\$289,316

The following tables show the Company's gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time, that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at September 30,

2013 and December 31, 2012.

11

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2013					
	Less than Twelve Months		Twelve Months or Greater		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$ 16,179	\$(275)	\$ 747	\$(14)	\$ 16,926	\$(289)
State and political securities	41,626	(3,224)	3,993	(1,700)	45,619	(4,924)
Other debt securities	60,151	(2,424)	—	—	60,151	(2,424)
Total debt securities	117,956	(5,923)	4,740	(1,714)	122,696	(7,637)
Financial institution equity securities	160	(10)	—	—	160	(10)
Other equity securities	1,175	(59)	—	—	1,175	(59)
Total equity securities	1,335	(69)	—	—	1,335	(69)
Total	\$ 119,291	\$(5,992)	\$ 4,740	\$(1,714)	\$ 124,031	\$(7,706)
(In Thousands)	December 31, 2012					
	Less than Twelve Months		Twelve Months or Greater		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$ 910	\$(19)	\$—	\$—	\$ 910	\$(19)
State and political securities	8,882	(316)	5,647	(1,108)	14,529	(1,424)
Other debt securities	11,250	(189)	3,727	(70)	14,977	(259)
Total debt securities	21,042	(524)	9,374	(1,178)	30,416	(1,702)
Financial institution equity securities	66	(1)	205	(13)	271	(14)
Other equity securities	701	(28)	63	(9)	764	(37)
Total equity securities	767	(29)	268	(22)	1,035	(51)
Total	\$ 21,809	\$(553)	\$ 9,642	\$(1,200)	\$ 31,451	\$(1,753)

At September 30, 2013 there were a total of 190 and 11 individual securities that were in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and twelve months or greater, respectively.

The Company reviews its position quarterly and has determined that, at September 30, 2013, the declines outlined in the above table represent temporary declines and the Company does not intend to sell and does not believe it will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their cost basis, which may be at maturity. The Company has concluded that the unrealized losses disclosed above are not other than temporary but are the result of interest rate changes, sector credit ratings changes, or company-specific ratings changes that are not expected to result in the non-collection of principal and interest during the period.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at September 30, 2013, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities since borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

(In Thousands)	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 5,783	\$ 5,803
Due after one year to five years	30,823	31,301

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Due after five years to ten years	94,538	92,686
Due after ten years	145,391	143,976
Total	\$276,535	\$273,766

Total gross proceeds from sales of securities available for sale were \$69,898 and \$35,847, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The following table represents gross realized gains and losses on those transactions:

12

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2013	2012	September 30, 2013	2012
Gross realized gains:				
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$ 138
State and political securities	276	52	1,917	103
Other debt securities	163	142	462	219
Financial institution equity securities	—	144	130	605
Other equity securities	—	397	250	523
Total gross realized gains	\$439	\$735	\$2,759	\$1,588
Gross realized losses:				
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
State and political securities	415	144	475	146
Other debt securities	27	53	27	53
Financial institution equity securities	—	—	—	67
Other equity securities	—	91	—	116
Total gross realized losses	\$442	\$288	\$502	\$382

There were no impairment charges included in gross realized losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Note 6. Federal Home Loan Bank Stock

Jersey Shore State Bank and Luzerne are both members of the Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”) of Pittsburgh and as such, are required to maintain a minimum investment in stock of the FHLB that varies with the level of advances outstanding with the FHLB. The stock is bought from and sold to the FHLB based upon its \$100 par value. The stock does not have a readily determinable fair value and as such is classified as restricted stock, carried at cost and evaluated for impairment as necessary. The stock’s value is determined by the ultimate recoverability of the par value rather than by recognizing temporary declines. The determination of whether the par value will ultimately be recovered is influenced by criteria such as the following: (a) the significance of the decline in net assets of the FHLB as compared to the capital stock amount and the length of time this situation has persisted (b) commitments by the FHLB to make payments required by law or regulation and the level of such payments in relation to the operating performance (c) the impact of legislative and regulatory changes on the customer base of the FHLB and (d) the liquidity position of the FHLB.

Management evaluated the stock and concluded that the stock was not impaired for the periods presented herein. More consideration was given to the long-term prospects for the FHLB as opposed to the recent stress caused by the extreme economic conditions the world is facing. Management also considered that the FHLB maintains regulatory capital ratios in excess of all regulatory capital requirements, liquidity appears adequate, new shares of FHLB stock continue to change hands at the \$100 par value, and the resumption of dividends.

Note 7. Credit Quality and Related Allowance for Loan Losses

Management segments the Bank’s loan portfolio to a level that enables risk and performance monitoring according to similar risk characteristics. Loans are segmented based on the underlying collateral characteristics. Categories include commercial and agricultural, real estate, and installment loans to individuals. Real estate loans are further

segmented into three categories: residential, commercial and construction.

The following table presents the related aging categories of loans, by segment, as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

13

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2013				
	Current	Past Due 30 To 89 Days	Past Due 90 Days Or More & Still Accruing	Non- Accrual	Total
Commercial and agricultural	\$105,001	\$66	\$ 4	\$ 108	\$105,179
Real estate mortgage:					
Residential	378,441	2,117	228	894	381,680
Commercial	280,793	2,840	—	3,782	287,415
Construction	17,044	—	—	1,049	18,093
Installment loans to individuals	14,346	335	—	—	14,681
	795,625	\$5,358	\$ 232	\$5,833	807,048
Net deferred loan fees and discounts	(885)				(885)
Allowance for loan losses	(9,630)				(9,630)
Loans, net	\$785,110				\$796,533
(In Thousands)	December 31, 2012				
	Current	Past Due 30 To 89 Days	Past Due 90 Days Or More & Still Accruing	Non- Accrual	Total
Commercial and agricultural	\$48,322	\$133	\$ —	\$ —	\$48,455
Real estate mortgage:					
Residential	245,674	4,888	351	1,229	252,142
Commercial	177,539	443	—	4,049	182,031
Construction	13,813	177	—	6,077	20,067
Installment loans to individuals	10,550	109	—	—	10,659
	495,898	\$5,750	\$ 351	\$ 11,355	513,354
Net deferred loan fees and discounts	(1,122)				(1,122)
Allowance for loan losses	(7,617)				(7,617)
Loans, net	\$487,159				\$504,615

Purchased loans acquired are recorded at fair value on their purchase date without a carryover of the related allowance for loan losses.

Upon acquisition, the Company evaluated whether each acquired loan (regardless of size) was within the scope of ASC 310-30, Receivables-Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality. Purchased credit-impaired loans are loans that have evidence of credit deterioration since origination and it is probable at the date of acquisition that the Company will not collect all contractually required principal and interest payments. There were no material increases or decreases in the expected cash flows of these loans between June 1, 2013 (the “acquisition date”) and September 30, 2013. The fair value of purchased credit-impaired loans, on the acquisition date, was determined, primarily based on the fair value of loan collateral. The carrying value of purchased loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality was \$909,000 at September 30, 2013.

On the acquisition date, the preliminary estimate of the unpaid principal balance for all loans evidencing credit impairment acquired in the Luzerne acquisition was \$1,211,000 and the estimated fair value of the loans was \$878,000. Total contractually required payments on these loans, including interest, at the acquisition date was \$1,783,000. However, the Company’s preliminary estimate of expected cash flows was \$941,000. At such date, the Company established a credit risk related non-accretable discount (a discount representing amounts which are not expected to be collected from the customer nor liquidation of collateral) of \$842,000 relating to these impaired loans, reflected in the recorded net fair value. Such amount is reflected as a non-accretable fair value adjustment to loans.

The Company further estimated the timing and amount of expected cash flows in excess of the estimated fair value and established an accretable discount of \$63,000 on the acquisition date relating to these impaired loans.

The carrying value of the loans acquired and accounted for in accordance with ASC 310-30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality, was determined by projecting discounted contractual cash flows. The table below

14

Table of Contents

presents the components of the purchase accounting adjustments related to the purchased impaired loans acquired in the Luzerne acquisition as of June 1, 2013:

(In Thousands)	June 1, 2013	
Unpaid principal balance	\$1,211	
Interest	572	
Contractual cash flows	1,783	
Non-accretable discount	(842)
Expected cash flows	941	
Accretable discount	(63)
Estimated fair value	\$878	

Changes in the amortizable yield for purchased credit-impaired loans were as follows for the four months ended September 30, 2013:

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2013	
Balance at beginning of period	\$63	
Accretion	(17)
Balance at end of period	\$46	

The following table presents additional information regarding loans acquired with specific evidence of deterioration in credit quality under ASC 310-30:

(In Thousands)	June 1, 2013	September 30, 2013
Outstanding balance	\$1,211	\$1,225
Carrying amount	878	909

The following table presents the interest income if interest had been recorded based on the original loan agreement terms and rate of interest for non-accrual loans and interest income recognized on a cash basis for non-accrual loans for the three and nine ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013		2012	
	Interest Income That Would Have Been Recorded Based on Original Term and Rate	Interest Income Recorded on Cash Basis	Interest Income That Would Have Been Recorded Based on Original Term and Rate	Interest Income Recorded on Cash Basis
Commercial and agricultural	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Real estate mortgage:				
Residential	13	10	13	4
Commercial	49	5	92	43
Construction	16	8	77	11
	\$78	\$23	\$182	\$58

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013		2012	
	Interest Income That Would Have Been Recorded Based on Original Term and Rate	Interest Income Recorded on Cash Basis	Interest Income That Would Have Been Recorded Based on Original Term and Rate	Interest Income Recorded on Cash Basis
Commercial and agricultural Real estate mortgage:	\$4	\$—	\$—	\$—
Residential	67	22	25	17
Commercial	165	89	135	51
Construction	97	33	298	67
	\$333	\$144	\$458	\$135

Impaired Loans

Impaired loans are loans for which it is probable the Bank will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Bank evaluates such loans for impairment individually and does not aggregate loans by major risk classifications. The definition of “impaired loans” is not the same as the definition of “non-accrual loans,” although the two categories overlap. The Bank may choose to place a loan on non-accrual status due to payment delinquency or uncertain collectability, while not classifying the loan as impaired. A loan evaluated for impairment is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status and collateral value. The amount of impairment for these types of loans is determined by the difference between the present value of the expected cash flows related to the loan, using the original interest rate, and its recorded value, or as a practical expedient in the case of collateralized loans, the difference between the fair value of the collateral and the recorded amount of the loan. When foreclosure is probable, impairment is measured based on the fair value of the collateral.

Management evaluates individual loans in all of the commercial segments for possible impairment if the loan is greater than \$100,000 and if the loan is either on non-accrual status or has a risk rating of substandard. Management may also elect to measure an individual loan for impairment if less than \$100,000 on a case by case basis.

Mortgage loans on one-to-four family properties and all consumer loans are large groups of smaller-balance homogeneous loans and are measured for impairment collectively. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays, which are defined as 90 days or less, generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration all circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower including the length of the delay, the borrower’s prior payment record, and the amount of shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Interest income for impaired loans is recorded consistent with the Bank’s policy on nonaccrual loans.

The following table presents the recorded investment, unpaid principal balance, and related allowance of impaired loans by segment as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

Table of Contents

	September 30, 2013		
(In Thousands)	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial and agricultural	\$310	\$446	\$—
Real estate mortgage:			
Residential	845	945	—
Commercial	1,249	1,249	—
Construction	533	533	—
	2,937	3,173	—
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial and agricultural	543	543	233
Real estate mortgage:			
Residential	788	1,040	143
Commercial	6,939	7,083	1,895
Construction	528	1,382	128
	8,798	10,048	2,399
Total:			
Commercial and agricultural	853	989	233
Real estate mortgage:			
Residential	1,633	1,985	143
Commercial	8,188	8,332	1,895
Construction	1,061	1,915	128
	\$11,735	\$13,221	\$2,399
	December 31, 2012		
(In Thousands)	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance
With no related allowance recorded:			
Commercial and agricultural	\$—	\$—	\$—
Real estate mortgage:			
Residential	410	487	—
Commercial	324	324	—
Construction	2,894	4,599	—
	3,628	5,410	—
With an allowance recorded:			
Commercial and agricultural	485	485	46
Real estate mortgage:			
Residential	1,146	1,255	237
Commercial	8,515	8,611	2,018
Construction	3,196	4,696	234
	13,342	15,047	2,535
Total:			
Commercial and agricultural	485	485	46
Real estate mortgage:			
Residential	1,556	1,742	237
Commercial	8,839	8,935	2,018
Construction	6,090	9,295	234
	\$16,970	\$20,457	\$2,535

Table of Contents

The following table presents the average recorded investment in impaired loans and related interest income recognized for the three and nine months ended for September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013			2012		
	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on an Accrual Basis on Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on a Cash Basis on Impaired Loans	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on an Accrual Basis on Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on a Cash Basis on Impaired Loans
Commercial and agricultural	\$786	\$ 7	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$ —
Real estate mortgage:						
Residential	1,652	28	10	1,253	10	4
Commercial	8,277	45	5	6,576	63	6
Construction	1,119	1	8	6,822	1	11
	\$11,834	\$ 81	\$ 23	\$14,651	\$ 74	\$ 21
(In Thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013			2012		
	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on an Accrual Basis on Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on a Cash Basis on Impaired Loans	Average Investment in Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on an Accrual Basis on Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized on a Cash Basis on Impaired Loans
Commercial and agricultural	\$869	\$ 20	\$ —	\$—	\$ —	\$ —
Real estate mortgage:						
Residential	2,110	45	21	1,382	35	33
Commercial	11,278	138	89	6,541	224	14
Construction	4,071	1	561	8,266	1	67
	\$18,328	\$ 204	\$ 671	\$16,189	\$ 260	\$ 114

There is approximately \$129,000 committed to be advanced in connection with impaired loans.

Modifications

The loan portfolio also includes certain loans that have been modified in a Troubled Debt Restructuring (“TDR”), where economic concessions have been granted to borrowers who have experienced or are expected to experience financial difficulties. These concessions typically result from loss mitigation activities and could include reductions in the interest rate, payment extensions, forgiveness of principal, forbearance, or other actions. Certain TDRs are classified as nonperforming at the time of restructure and may only be returned to performing status after considering the borrower’s sustained repayment performance for a reasonable period, generally six months.

Loan modifications that are considered TDRs completed during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

Three Months Ended September 30,

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(In Thousands, Except Number of Contracts)	2013		2012			
	Number of Contracts	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number of Contracts	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment
Real estate mortgage:						
Residential	—	\$ —	\$ —	1	\$ 100	\$ 100
Commercial	2	1,634	1,634	—	—	—
Construction	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	\$ 1,634	\$ 1,634	1	\$ 100	\$ 100

Table of Contents

(In Thousands, Except Number of Contracts)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013		2012			
	Number of Contracts	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number of Contracts	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment
Real estate mortgage:						
Residential	2	\$ 61	\$ 61	3	\$ 254	\$ 254
Commercial	4	1,898	1,898	1	37	37
Construction	—	—	—	2	26	26
	6	\$ 1,959	\$ 1,959	6	\$ 317	\$ 317

There were three loan modifications considered troubled debt restructurings made during the twelve months previous to September 30, 2013 that defaulted during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The loans that defaulted are commercial real estate loans that are currently in litigation with a recorded investment of \$1,343,000 at September 30, 2013.

Troubled debt restructurings amounted to \$12,008,000 and \$16,217,000 as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Internal Risk Ratings

Management uses a ten point internal risk rating system to monitor the credit quality of the overall loan portfolio. The first six categories are considered not criticized, and are aggregated as “Pass” rated. The criticized rating categories utilized by management generally follow bank regulatory definitions. The special mention category includes assets that are currently protected but are potentially weak, resulting in an undue and unwarranted credit risk, but not to the point of justifying a substandard classification. Loans in the substandard category have well-defined weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt, and have a distinct possibility that some loss will be sustained if the weaknesses are not corrected. All loans greater than 90 days past due are considered Substandard. Loans in the doubtful category exhibit the same weaknesses found in the substandard loans, however, the weaknesses are more pronounced. Such loans are static and collection in full is improbable. However, these loans are not yet rated as loss because certain events may occur which would salvage the debt. Loans classified loss are considered uncollectible and charge-off is imminent.

To help ensure that risk ratings are accurate and reflect the present and future capacity of borrowers to repay a loan as agreed, the Bank has a structured loan rating process with several layers of internal and external oversight. Generally, consumer and residential mortgage loans are included in the pass category unless a specific action, such as bankruptcy, repossession, or death occurs to raise awareness of a possible credit event. An external annual loan review of all commercial relationships \$800,000 or greater is performed, as well as a sample of smaller transactions. Confirmation of the appropriate risk category is included in the review. Detailed reviews, including plans for resolution, are performed on loans classified as Substandard, Doubtful, or Loss on a quarterly basis.

The following table presents the credit quality categories identified above as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2013				Installment Loans to Individuals	Totals
	Commercial and Agricultural	Real Estate Residential	Mortgages Commercial	Construction		
Pass	\$98,043	\$379,857	\$268,408	\$13,142	\$14,681	\$774,131

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Special Mention	5,109	278	6,360	1,500	—	13,247
Substandard	2,027	1,545	12,647	3,451	—	19,670
	\$105,179	\$381,680	\$287,415	\$18,093	\$14,681	\$807,048

December 31, 2012

(In Thousands)	Commercial and Real Estate Mortgages				Installment Loans	
	Agricultural	Residential	Commercial	Construction	to Individuals	Totals
Pass	\$46,805	\$250,161	\$167,463	\$13,944	\$10,659	\$489,032
Special Mention	1,480	—	1,630	—	—	3,110
Substandard	170	1,981	12,938	6,123	—	21,212
	\$48,455	\$252,142	\$182,031	\$20,067	\$10,659	\$513,354

Table of Contents

Allowance for Loan Losses

An allowance for loan losses (“ALL”) is maintained to absorb losses from the loan portfolio. The ALL is based on management’s continuing evaluation of the risk characteristics and credit quality of the loan portfolio, assessment of current economic conditions, diversification and size of the portfolio, adequacy of collateral, past and anticipated future loss experience, and the amount of non-performing loans.

The Bank’s methodology for determining the ALL is based on the requirements of ASC Section 310-10-35 for loans individually evaluated for impairment (previously discussed) and ASC Subtopic 450-20 for loans collectively evaluated for impairment, as well as the Interagency Policy Statements on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses and other bank regulatory guidance. The total of the two components represents the Bank’s ALL.

Loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment are analyzed with general allowances being made as appropriate. Allowances are segmented based on collateral characteristics previously disclosed, and consistent with credit quality monitoring. Loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment are grouped into two classes for evaluation. A general allowance is determined for “Pass” rated credits, while a separate pool allowance is provided for “Criticized” rated credits that are not individually evaluated for impairment.

For the general allowances, historical loss trends are used in the estimation of losses in the current portfolio. These historical loss amounts are modified by other qualitative factors. A historical charge-off factor is calculated utilizing a twelve quarter moving average. Management has identified a number of additional qualitative factors which it uses to supplement the historical charge-off factor because these factors are likely to cause estimated credit losses associated with the existing loan pools to differ from historical loss experience. The additional factors that are evaluated quarterly and updated using information obtained from internal, regulatory, and governmental sources are: national and local economic trends and conditions; levels of and trends in delinquency rates and non-accrual loans; trends in volumes and terms of loans; effects of changes in lending policies; experience, ability, and depth of lending staff; value of underlying collateral; and concentrations of credit from a loan type, industry and/or geographic standpoint.

Loans in the criticized pools, which possess certain qualities or characteristics that may lead to collection and loss issues, are closely monitored by management and subject to additional qualitative factors. Management also monitors industry loss factors by loan segment for applicable adjustments to actual loss experience.

Management reviews the loan portfolio on a quarterly basis in order to make appropriate and timely adjustments to the ALL. When information confirms all or part of specific loans to be uncollectible, these amounts are promptly charged off against the ALL.

There has been no allowance for loan losses recorded for acquired loans with or without specific evidence of deterioration in credit quality as of June 1, 2013 as well as those acquired without specific evidence of deterioration in credit quality as of September 30, 2013.

Activity in the allowance is presented for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012:

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2013						Totals
	Commercial and Real Estate Mortgages		Installment Loans				
	Agricultural	Residential	Commercial	Construction	to Individuals	Unallocated	
Beginning Balance	\$540	\$3,045	\$3,988	\$843	\$141	\$847	\$9,404
Charge-offs	—	(105)	(193)	(100)	(29)	—	(427)
Recoveries	39	(2)	1	1	14	—	53

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Provision	(59) 520	(31) 8	14	148	600
Ending Balance	\$520	\$3,458	\$3,765	\$752	\$ 140	\$995	\$9,630

20

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012						Totals
	Commercial and Real Estate Mortgages			Installment Loans			
	Agricultural	Residential	Commercial	Construction	to Individuals	Unallocated	
Beginning Balance	\$355	\$960	\$3,164	\$2,139	\$169	\$651	\$7,438
Charge-offs	—	(49)	(1)	(483)	(22)	—	(555)
Recoveries	1	4	2	19	12	—	38
Provision	(9)	418	223	37	13	(82)	600
Ending Balance	\$347	\$1,333	\$3,388	\$1,712	\$172	\$569	\$7,521

(In Thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013						Totals
	Commercial and Real Estate Mortgages			Installment Loans			
	Agricultural	Residential	Commercial	Construction	to Individuals	Unallocated	
Beginning Balance	\$361	\$1,954	\$3,831	\$950	\$144	\$377	\$7,617
Charge-offs	—	(239)	(199)	(100)	(79)	—	(617)
Recoveries	52	3	7	851	42	—	955
Provision	107	1,740	126	(949)	33	618	1,675
Ending Balance	\$520	\$3,458	\$3,765	\$752	\$140	\$995	\$9,630

(In Thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012						Totals
	Commercial and Real Estate Mortgages			Installment Loans			
	Agricultural	Residential	Commercial	Construction	to Individuals	Unallocated	
Beginning Balance	\$418	\$939	\$2,651	\$2,775	\$190	\$181	\$7,154
Charge-offs	—	(60)	(19)	(1,360)	(73)	—	(1,512)
Recoveries	7	7	4	23	38	—	79
Provision	(78)	447	752	274	17	388	1,800
Ending Balance	\$347	\$1,333	\$3,388	\$1,712	\$172	\$569	\$7,521

The Company grants commercial, industrial, residential, and installment loans to customers throughout north-east and central Pennsylvania. Although the Company has a diversified loan portfolio at September 30, 2013, a substantial portion of its debtors' ability to honor their contracts is dependent on the economic conditions within this region.

The Company has a concentration of loans at September 30, 2013 and 2012 as follows:

	September 30, 2013		
	2013	2012	
Owners of residential rental properties	15.73	% 18.32	%
Owners of commercial rental properties	13.20	% 14.57	%

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment based on impairment method as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

Table of Contents

(In Thousands)	September 30, 2013						Unallocated Totals
	Commercial and Agricultural	Real Estate Residential	Mortgages Commercial	Construction	Installment Loans to Individuals		
Allowance for Loan Losses:							
Ending allowance balance attributable to loans:							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$233	\$143	\$1,895	\$128	\$—	\$—	\$2,399
Collectively evaluated for impairment	287	3,315	1,870	624	140	995	7,231
Total ending allowance balance	\$520	\$3,458	\$3,765	\$752	\$140	\$995	\$9,630

Loans: