

FIRST FINANCIAL CORP /IN/

Form 10-Q

November 07, 2008

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For The Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2008
Commission File Number 0-16759
FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
 (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| | |
|--|---|
| INDIANA | 35-1546989 |
| (State or other jurisdiction incorporation or organization) | (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) |
| One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, IN | 47807 |
| (Address of principal executive office) | (Zip Code) |
| (812)238-6000 | |

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

| | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | Smaller reporting company <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | | (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) | |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No .

As of November 3, 2008, the registrant had outstanding 13,098,615 shares of common stock, without par value.

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Item 1. Financial Statements

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

| | September 30, 2008 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2007 |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 49,824 | \$ 70,082 |
| Federal funds sold and short-term investments | 10,665 | 4,201 |
| Securities available-for-sale | 596,750 | 558,020 |
| Loans: | | |
| Commercial, financial and agricultural | 521,470 | 461,086 |
| Real estate construction | 28,449 | 29,637 |
| Real estate mortgage | 632,276 | 673,355 |
| Installment | 294,025 | 262,858 |
| Lease financing | 1,924 | 2,275 |
| | 1,478,144 | 1,429,211 |
| Less: | | |
| Unearned Income | (158) | (212) |
| Allowance for loan losses | (15,840) | (15,351) |
| | 1,462,146 | 1,413,648 |
| Credit card loans held-for-sale | 12,777 | 14,068 |
| Restricted Stock | 26,227 | 28,613 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 13,371 | 13,698 |
| Premises and equipment, net | 32,237 | 32,632 |
| Bank-owned life insurance | 61,566 | 59,950 |
| Goodwill | 7,102 | 7,102 |
| Other intangible assets | 1,619 | 1,937 |
| Other real estate owned | 3,469 | 1,472 |
| Other assets | 27,982 | 26,139 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 2,305,735 | \$ 2,231,562 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Deposits: | | |
| Noninterest-bearing | \$ 239,183 | \$ 225,549 |
| Interest-bearing: | | |
| Certificates of deposit of \$100 or more | 185,519 | 193,901 |
| Other interest-bearing deposits | 1,104,510 | 1,110,271 |
| | 1,529,212 | 1,529,721 |

| | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Short-term borrowings | 51,261 | 27,331 |
| Other borrowings | 410,167 | 341,285 |
| Other liabilities | 35,440 | 51,533 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 2,026,080 | 1,949,870 |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Common stock, \$.125 stated value per share; | | |
| Authorized shares-40,000,000 | | |
| Issued shares-14,450,966 | | |
| Outstanding shares-13,098,615 in 2008 and 13,136,359 in 2007 | 1,806 | 1,806 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 68,212 | 68,212 |
| Retained earnings | 261,843 | 250,011 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (18,016) | (5,181) |
| Treasury shares at cost-1,352,351 in 2008 and 1,314,607 in 2007 | (34,190) | (33,156) |
| TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | 279,655 | 281,692 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 2,305,735 | \$ 2,231,562 |

See accompanying notes.

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FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| | (unaudited) | (unaudited) | (unaudited) | (unaudited) |
| INTEREST INCOME: | | | | |
| Loans, including related fees | \$ 24,799 | \$ 26,661 | \$ 75,256 | \$ 78,263 |
| Securities: | | | | |
| Taxable | 6,412 | 5,957 | 18,794 | 17,405 |
| Tax-exempt | 1,609 | 1,694 | 4,787 | 4,876 |
| Other | 554 | 603 | 2,095 | 2,197 |
| TOTAL INTEREST INCOME | 33,374 | 34,915 | 100,932 | 102,741 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE: | | | | |
| Deposits | 7,378 | 10,676 | 25,971 | 31,265 |
| Short-term borrowings | 290 | 499 | 857 | 1,180 |
| Other borrowings | 4,602 | 4,991 | 14,084 | 14,525 |
| TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE | 12,270 | 16,166 | 40,912 | 46,970 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME | 21,104 | 18,749 | 60,020 | 55,771 |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,215 | 1,575 | 5,875 | 4,505 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES | 18,889 | 17,174 | 54,145 | 51,266 |
| NON-INTEREST INCOME: | | | | |
| Trust and financial services | 981 | 926 | 3,090 | 2,846 |
| Service charges and fees on deposit accounts | 3,157 | 3,062 | 8,937 | 8,803 |
| Other service charges and fees | 1,640 | 1,492 | 4,511 | 4,259 |
| Securities gains/(losses), net | (6,139) | | (5,784) | 20 |
| Insurance commissions | 1,556 | 1,715 | 4,752 | 4,659 |
| Gain on sales of mortgage loans | 184 | 211 | 594 | 615 |
| Other | 61 | 429 | 1,630 | 2,309 |
| TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME | 1,440 | 7,835 | 17,730 | 23,511 |
| NON-INTEREST EXPENSE: | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 10,043 | 9,606 | 30,501 | 29,173 |
| Occupancy expense | 1,047 | 1,003 | 3,084 | 3,074 |
| Equipment expense | 1,185 | 1,078 | 3,424 | 3,245 |

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| | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Other | 4,228 | 4,441 | 12,148 | 12,802 |
| TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE | 16,503 | 16,128 | 49,157 | 48,294 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES | 3,826 | 8,881 | 22,718 | 26,483 |
| Provision for income taxes | 324 | 2,519 | 5,123 | 7,285 |
| NET INCOME | \$ 3,502 | \$ 6,362 | \$ 17,595 | \$ 19,198 |
| PER SHARE DATA | | | | |
| Basic and Diluted | \$ 0.27 | \$ 0.48 | \$ 1.34 | \$ 1.45 |
| Dividends Per Share | | | \$ 0.44 | \$ 0.43 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in thousands) | 13,099 | 13,136 | 13,108 | 13,195 |

See accompanying notes.

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FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY
Three Months Ended
September 30, 2008, and 2007
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Common Stock | Additional Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) | Treasury Stock | Total |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|------------|
| Balance, July 1, 2007 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,003 | \$ 243,052 | \$ (10,723) | \$ (32,343) | \$ 269,795 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | 6,362 | | | 6,362 |
| Change in net unrealized gains/(losses) on securities available for-sale | | | | 3,708 | | 3,708 |
| Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on retirement plans | | | | 110 | | 110 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | | | | | | 10,180 |
| Treasury stock purchase | | | | | (1,567) | (1,567) |
| Balance, September 30, 2007 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,003 | \$ 249,414 | \$ (6,905) | \$ (33,910) | \$ 278,408 |
| Balance, July 1, 2008 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,212 | \$ 258,341 | \$ (12,452) | \$ (34,190) | \$ 281,717 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | 3,502 | | | 3,502 |
| Change in net unrealized gains/(losses) on securities available for-sale | | | | (5,692) | | (5,692) |
| Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on retirement plans | | | | 128 | | 128 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | | | | | | (2,062) |
| Balance, September 30, 2008 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,212 | \$ 261,843 | \$ (18,016) | \$ (34,190) | \$ 279,655 |

See accompanying notes.

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FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
Nine Months Ended
September 30, 2008, and 2007
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

| | Common Stock | Additional Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) | Treasury Stock | Total |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|------------|
| Balance, January 1, 2007 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,003 | \$ 235,967 | \$ (5,494) | \$ (29,022) | \$ 271,260 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | 19,198 | | | 19,198 |
| Change in net unrealized gains/(losses) on securities available for-sale | | | | (1,951) | | (1,951) |
| Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on retirement plans | | | | 540 | | 540 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | | | | | | 17,787 |
| Adoption of FIN48 | | | (86) | | | (86) |
| Cash Dividends, \$.43 per share | | | (5,665) | | | (5,665) |
| Treasury stock purchase | | | | | (4,888) | (4,888) |
| Balance, September 30, 2007 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,003 | \$ 249,414 | \$ (6,905) | \$ (33,910) | \$ 278,408 |
| Balance, January 1, 2008 | \$ 1,806 | \$ 68,212 | \$ 250,011 | \$ (5,181) | \$ (33,156) | \$ 281,692 |
| Comprehensive income: | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | 17,595 | | | 17,595 |
| Change in net unrealized gains/(losses) on securities available for-sale | | | | (13,219) | | (13,219) |
| Change in net unrealized gains/ (losses) on retirement plans | | | | 384 | | 384 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | | | | | | 4,760 |
| | | | (5,763) | | | (5,763) |

Cash Dividends, \$.44 per
share

Treasury stock purchase

(1,034)

(1,034)

Balance, September 30, 2008 \$ 1,806 \$ 68,212 \$ 261,843 \$ (18,016) \$ (34,190) \$ 279,655

See accompanying notes.

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FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 2007 (Unaudited) | |
|---|---|-----------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net Income | \$ 17,595 | \$ 19,198 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Net amortization (accretion) of premiums and discounts on investments | (2,083) | (1,941) |
| Provision for loan losses | 5,875 | 4,505 |
| Securities (gains) losses | 5,784 | (20) |
| Gain on sale of other real estate | (41) | (163) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,618 | 2,600 |
| Other, net | (10,008) | (5,497) |
| NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 19,740 | 18,682 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Proceeds from the sales of securities available-for-sale | 961 | 2,939 |
| Proceeds from the redemption of restricted stock | 2,386 | |
| Calls, maturities and principal reductions on securities available-for-sale | 66,827 | 67,929 |
| Purchases of securities available-for-sale | (132,249) | (113,680) |
| Loans made to customers, net of repayment | (56,544) | (41,987) |
| Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned | 1,506 | 3,400 |
| Net change in federal funds sold | (6,464) | 20,712 |
| Additions to premises and equipment | (1,905) | (1,654) |
| NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (125,482) | (62,341) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net change in deposits | (509) | (6,741) |
| Net change in short-term borrowings | 23,930 | 43,161 |
| Dividends paid | (5,785) | (5,708) |
| Purchase of treasury stock | (1,034) | (4,888) |
| Proceeds from other borrowings | 283,500 | 81,000 |
| Repayments on other borrowings | (214,618) | (81,757) |
| NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | 85,484 | 25,067 |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (20,258) | (18,592) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 70,082 | 77,682 |
| | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD | \$ 49,824 | \$ 59,090 |

See accompanying notes.

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FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying September 30, 2008 and 2007 consolidated financial statements are unaudited. The December 31, 2007 consolidated financial statements are as reported in the First Financial Corporation (the Corporation) 2007 annual report. The information presented does not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The following notes should be read together with notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the 2007 annual report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to Form 10-K.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Corporation and its subsidiaries for interim financial reporting are consistent with the accounting policies followed for annual financial reporting. All adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and are of a normal recurring nature. The Corporation reports financial information for only one segment, banking. Some items in the prior year financials were reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

2. Impaired Loans

A loan is considered to be impaired when, based upon current information and events, it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan. Impairment is primarily measured based on the fair value of the loan's collateral. The following table summarizes impaired loan information:

| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Impaired Loans with related allowance for loan losses calculated under SFAS No. 114 | \$ 4,293 | \$ 2,203 |
| Impaired Loans with no related allowance for loan losses | 1,659 | |
| | \$ 5,952 | \$ 2,203 |

Interest payments on impaired loans are typically applied to principal unless collection of the principal amount is deemed to be fully assured, in which case interest is recognized on a cash basis.

3. Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of the Corporation's investments are shown below. All securities are classified as available-for-sale.

| | (000 \$) | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | September 30, 2008 | | December 31, 2007 | |
| | Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Fair Value |
| United States Government entity mortgage-backed securities | \$ 345,326 | \$ 345,404 | \$ 288,742 | \$ 289,704 |
| Collateralized Mortgage Obligations | 81,339 | 82,745 | 76,730 | 77,174 |
| State and Municipal Obligations | 141,701 | 140,911 | 142,862 | 146,515 |
| Corporate Obligations | 44,757 | 21,026 | 38,010 | 36,843 |
| Equity Securities | 4,847 | 6,664 | 4,721 | 7,784 |
| | \$ 617,970 | \$ 596,750 | \$ 551,065 | \$ 558,020 |

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities were \$28.5 million and \$2.8 million as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007. A majority of these losses represent negative adjustments to market value relative to the rate of interest paid on the securities and not losses related to the creditworthiness of the issuer. Management has the intent and ability to hold these investments for the foreseeable future and believes the value will recover as the securities approach maturity or market rates change. A significant portion of the unrealized losses relates to collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) that were separately evaluated under EITF 99-20, Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased Beneficial Interests and Beneficial Interests that Continue to be Held by a Transferor in Securitized Financial Assets.

Based upon a down grade in credit rating during the quarter and an analysis of expected cash flows, we determined that one CDO included in corporate obligations was other-than-temporarily impaired and wrote our investments in that CDO totaling \$9 million down to their fair value of \$2.9 million (or 31.7% of book value) at September 30, 2008. The impact of this impairment charge to current quarter and year income was \$3.7 million, net of tax.

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Corporate obligations include four additional investments in CDOs consisting of pooled trust preferred securities in which the issuers are primarily banks. One of these CDOs with a par value of \$2.4 million is rated AAA, is not in the scope of EITF 99-20 and is not considered to be other-than-temporarily impaired based on its credit quality. Three of these CDOS, totaling \$19.3 million in par value, are rated A1 or A2 and are included in the scope of EITF 99-20. The Company evaluates the CDOS for possible other-than-temporary impairment by comparing original cash flow expectations to a current projection of cash flows, which are developed by considering past and current issuer defaults and deferrals, expected future defaults and the allocation of projected payments to the various note classes. A stress analysis is also performed to determine the maximum future default experience that can occur before impacting the cash flows of the Company's note class. At September 30, 2008, the EITF 99-20 cash flow projections indicated no adverse change in these CDOs, there had been no change in credit ratings for these CDOs, and the stress analyses continued to indicate that the collateral position is more than sufficient to cover projected future defaults. Therefore, we believe the unrealized losses on these CDOs relate to market conditions and these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired as of September 30, 2008.

4. Fair Value

Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) of identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level I prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The fair value of securities available for sale is determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

For those securities that cannot be priced using quoted market prices or observable inputs a Level 3 valuation is determined. These securities are primarily trust preferred securities, which are priced using Level 3 due to current market illiquidity. The fair value of these securities is computed based upon discounted cash flows estimated using payment, default and recovery assumptions believed to reflect the assumptions of market participants. Cash flows are discounted at appropriate market rates, including consideration of credit spreads and illiquidity discounts.

| | September 30, 2008 | | | Carrying Value |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | |
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Securities available-for-sale (1) | \$ 2,580 | \$ 581,995 | \$ 12,175 | \$ 596,750 |

(1) Carried at fair value prior to the adoption of SFAS 159. The fair value of securities reported using

Level 3 inputs include certain investments in bank equities and collateralized debt obligations for which Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are not available.

The table below presents a reconciliation and income statement classification of gains and losses for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

| | Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | |
|---|---|----------|
| Beginning Balance | \$ | 33,745 |
| Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized) | | (21,306) |
| Purchase | | 0 |
| Settlements | | (264) |
| Pay downs and Maturities | | 0 |
| Transfers into (out of) Level 3 | | 0 |
| Ending Balance | \$ | 12,175 |

Changes in unrealized gains and losses recorded in earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 for Level 3 assets and liabilities that are still held at September 30, 2008 were approximately \$6.1 million.

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All impaired loans disclosed in footnote 2 are valued at Level 3 and have a valuation allowance of \$2.1 million at September 30, 2008. The impact to the provision for loan losses for the nine months ending September 30, 2008 was \$1.3 million. Fair value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing those loans, and is determined using several methods. Generally the fair value of real estate is determined based on appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers. If an appraisal is not available, the fair value may be determined by using a cash flow analysis, a broker's opinion of value, the net present value of future cash flows, or an observable market price from an active market. Fair value on non real estate loans is determined using similar methods. In addition, business equipment may be valued by using the net book value from the business financial statements.

5. Short-Term Borrowings

Period-end short-term borrowings were comprised of the following:

| | (000 s) | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
| Federal Funds Purchased | \$ 29,558 | \$ 3,032 |
| Repurchase Agreements | 19,405 | 22,656 |
| Note Payable - U.S. Government | 2,298 | 1,643 |
| | \$ 51,261 | \$ 27,331 |

6. Other Borrowings

Other borrowings at period-end are summarized as follows:

| | (000 s) | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
| FHLB Advances | \$ 403,567 | \$ 334,685 |
| City of Terre Haute, Indiana economic development revenue bonds | 6,600 | 6,600 |
| | \$ 410,167 | \$ 341,285 |

7. Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

| | Three Months Ended September 30, (000 s) | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, (000 s) | | | |
|--|---|--------|------------------------------------|-------|--|----------|------------------------------------|-------|
| | Pension Benefits | | Post-Retirement Health Benefits | | Pension Benefits | | Post-Retirement Health Benefits | |
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Service cost | \$ 758 | \$ 768 | \$ 31 | \$ 29 | \$ 2,273 | \$ 2,304 | \$ 94 | \$ 88 |
| Interest cost | 727 | 693 | 60 | 77 | 2,181 | 2,080 | 179 | 232 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (823) | (911) | | | (2,469) | (2,733) | | |
| Amortization of transition obligation | | | 15 | 15 | | | 45 | 45 |
| Net amortization of prior service cost | (5) | (5) | | | (14) | (14) | | |
| | 182 | 116 | 3 | 43 | 547 | 347 | 8 | 129 |

Net amortization of
net (gain) loss

Net Periodic Benefit

| | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|
| Cost | \$ 839 | \$ 661 | \$ 109 | \$ 164 | \$ 2,518 | \$ 1,984 | \$ 326 | \$ 494 |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|

Employer Contributions

First Financial Corporation previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 that it expected to contribute \$1.7 and \$1.3 million respectively to its Pension Plan and ESOP and \$185 thousand to the Post Retirement Health Benefits Plan in 2008. Contributions of \$1.725 million have been made through the first nine months of 2008 for the Pension Plan. Contributions of \$130 thousand have been made through the first nine months of 2008 for the Post Retirement Health Benefits plan.

8. Unrecognized Tax Benefits

The unrecognized tax benefits attributable to prior years has been reduced for the nine months ending September 30, 2008 by \$345 thousand, including \$54 thousand of interest. The reversals relates to a recent U.S. Tax Court decision that confirmed that a subsidiary of a bank can deduct the interest expense of tax exempt obligations it has purchased and the completion of an Internal Revenue Service audit through the year 2005.

9. New accounting standards

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement establishes a fair value hierarchy about the assumptions used to measure fair value and clarifies assumptions about risk and the effect of a restriction on the sale or use of an asset. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, Financial Accounting Standards Board Staff Position (FSP) No. 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, was issued that delayed the application of SFAS No. 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, until January 1, 2009. The Corporation adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157 except these non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities subject to the deferral as a result of FSP No. 157-2. The impact of adoption was not material.

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On October 10, 2008 the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) 157-3, Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for that Asset Is Not Active, which provides an example that illustrates key considerations in determining the fair value of a financial asset when the market for that asset is not active. The FSP provides clarification for how to consider various inputs in determining fair value under current market conditions consistent with the principles of FAS 157. The FSP includes only one example, as the FASB emphasized the need to apply reasonable judgment to each specific fact pattern. Several additional concepts addressed include distressed sales, the use of 3rd party pricing information, use of internal assumptions and the relevance of observable data, among others. The FSP was effective upon issuance, including prior periods for which financial statements have not yet been issued. Therefore, it will apply to September 30, interim and annual financial statements. We have evaluated FSP 157-3 and believe its provisions are consistent with our method of valuing our available-for-sale securities portfolio.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (SFAS No. 159). The standard provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value and establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. The Corporation did not elect the fair value option for any financial assets or financial liabilities as of January 1, 2008, the effective date of the standard.

10. Participation in the Treasury Capital Purchase Program

On October 3, 2008, Congress passed the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 (EESA), which provides the U. S. secretary of the Treasury with broad authority to implement certain actions to help restore stability and liquidity to U.S. markets. One of the provisions resulting from the Act is the Treasury Capital Purchase Program (CPP), which provides direct equity investment of perpetual preferred stock by the Treasury in qualified financial institutions. The program is voluntary and requires an institution to comply with a number of restrictions and provisions, including limits on executive compensation, stock redemptions and declaration of dividends. Applications must be submitted by November 14, 2008 and are subject to approval by the Treasury. The CPP provides for a minimum investment of 1% of Risk-Weighted Assets, with a maximum investment equal to the lesser of 3 percent of Total Risk-Weighted Assets or \$25 billion. The perpetual preferred stock investment will have a dividend rate of 5% per year, until the fifth anniversary of the Treasury investment, and a dividend of 9%, thereafter. The CPP also requires the Treasury to receive warrants for common stock equal to 15% of the capital invested by the Treasury. The Corporation has determined to not participate in this program at this time. The Corporation is evaluating whether to apply for future participation in the CPP. Participation in the program is not automatic and subject to approval by the Treasury. Under the Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program (the TLGP) under a systemic risk exception to the FDIC Act, the FDIC will temporarily (i) guarantee a participating financial institution's newly issued senior unsecured debt, and (ii) fully guarantee the non-interest bearing deposit transaction accounts held at the institution. A financial institution may choose to opt out of either or both components of the program. The full guarantee of the non-interest bearing deposit transaction accounts began on October 14, 2008, and will, unless a financial institution opts out, expire on December 31, 2009. Financial institutions that do not intend to participate in the TLGP must affirmatively opt out prior to December 5, 2008.

It is not clear at this time what impact the EESA, the CPP, the TLGP, and other programs developed by the Department of the Treasury and the federal bank regulators will have on the financial markets generally and the Corporation specifically.

ITEMS 2. and 3. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The purpose of this discussion is to point out key factors in the Corporation's recent performance compared with earlier periods. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements beginning on page three of this report. All figures are for the consolidated entities. It is presumed the readers of these financial statements and of the following narrative have previously read the Corporation's annual report for 2007.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance, nor should they be relied upon as representing management's views as of any subsequent date. The forward-looking statements are based

on management's expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Although management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially include, without limitation, the Corporation's ability to effectively execute its business plans; changes in general economic and financial market conditions; changes in interest rates; changes in the competitive environment; continuing consolidation in the financial services industry; new litigation or changes in existing litigation; losses, customer bankruptcy, claims and assessments; changes in banking regulations or other regulatory or legislative requirements affecting the Corporation's business; and changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other regulatory agencies. Additional information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements is available in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, and subsequent filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Copies of these filings are available at no cost on the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov or on the Corporation's Web site at www.first-online.com. Management may elect to update forward-looking statements at some future point; however, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so.

Table of Contents**Critical Accounting Policies**

Certain of the Corporation's accounting policies are important to the portrayal of the Corporation's financial condition and results of operations, since they require management to make difficult, complex or subjective judgments, some of which may relate to matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates associated with these policies are susceptible to material changes as a result of changes in facts and circumstances. Facts and circumstances which could affect these judgments include, without limitation, changes in interest rates, in the performance of the economy or in the financial condition of borrowers. Management believes that its critical accounting policies include determining the allowance for loan losses and the valuation of goodwill. See further discussion of these critical accounting policies in the 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K. During the current quarter and year, we also believe the determination of other-than-temporary impairment of securities to be a critical accounting policy.

Declines in the fair value of securities below their cost that are other than temporary are reflected as realized losses. In estimating other-than-temporary losses, management considers: 1) the length of time and extent that fair value has been less than cost; 2) the financial condition and near term prospects of the issuer; and 3) the Corporation's ability and intent to hold the security for a period sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

For securities falling under EITF 99-20, *Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased Beneficial Interests and Beneficial Interests That Continue to be Held by a Transferor in Securitized Financial Assets*, such as collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) and collateralized debt obligations (CDOs), an other-than-temporary impairment is deemed to have occurred when there is an adverse change in the expected cash flows (principal or interest) to be received and the fair value of the beneficial interest is less than its carrying amount. In determining whether an adverse change in cash flows has occurred, the present value of the remaining cash flows, as estimated at the initial transaction date (or the last date previously revised), is to be compared to the present value of the expected cash flows at the current reporting date. The estimated cash flows reflect those a market participant would use and are discounted at a rate equal to the current effective yield. If an other-than-temporary impairment is recognized as a result of this analysis, the yield is changed to the market rate. The last revised estimated cash flows is then used for future impairment analysis purposes.

Summary of Operating Results

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2008 was \$3.5 million compared to \$6.4 million for the same period of 2007. Basic earnings per share decreased to \$0.27 for the third quarter of 2008 compared to \$0.48 for 2007, a 44.8% decrease. Return on Assets and return on Equity were 0.61% and 4.94% respectively, compared to 1.16% and 9.28% for the three months ended September 30, 2007. During the third quarter of 2008 the Corporation recognized a charge to earnings for an other than temporarily impaired investment security of \$6.1 million that reduced earnings by \$3.7 million or \$0.28 per share after recording the tax effect of the transaction.

The primary components of income and expense affecting net income are discussed in the following analysis.

Net Interest Income

The Corporation's primary source of earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest earned on loans and other investments and the interest paid for deposits and other sources of funds. Net interest income increased \$2.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2008 to \$21.1 million from \$18.7 million in the same period in 2007. The net interest margin for the first nine months of 2008 is 4.02% compared to 3.89% for the same period of 2007, a 3.34% increase, driven by a greater decline in the costs of funding than the decline in the income realized on earning assets.

Non-Interest Income

Non-interest income for the quarter was \$1.4 million, a decrease of 81.6% from the \$7.8 million for the same period of 2007. For the nine months ended September 30 2008 non-interest income decreased 24.6% or \$5.8 million to \$17.7 million compared to \$23.5 million for the same period of 2007. The decrease was due to the aforementioned other-than-temporary impairment charge. The non-interest income, excluding the charge of \$6.1 million for the other than temporarily impaired investment security, would have been \$7.5 million and \$23.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Non-Interest Expenses

The Corporation's non-interest expense for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2008 increased by \$375 thousand, or 2.3% and \$863 thousand or 1.8%, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2007. Income tax expense decreased \$2.2 million and the effective tax rate dropped from 27.5% to 22.6% due to non-taxable income being a higher proportion of pre-tax income.

Table of Contents**Allowance for Loan Losses**

The Corporation's provision for loan losses increased \$640 thousand for the third quarter of 2008 compared to the same period of 2007. Net charge-offs were increased by \$511 thousand. The volume of impaired and non-accrual loans both increased. The allowance for loan losses has remained stable at 1.07% of gross loans at December 31, 2007 and September 30, 2008. Based on management's analysis of the current portfolio, an evaluation that includes consideration of historical loss experience, non-performing loans trends, and probable incurred losses on identified problem loans, management believes the allowance is adequate.

Non-performing Loans

Non-performing loans consist of (1) non-accrual loans on which the ultimate collectability of the full amount of interest is uncertain, (2) loans which have been renegotiated to provide for a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower, and (3) loans past due ninety days or more as to principal or interest. A summary of non-performing loans at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 follows:

| | (000 \$) | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
| Non-accrual loans | \$ 12,147 | \$ 7,971 |
| Restructured loans | 101 | 50 |
| Accruing loans past due over 90 days | 3,326 | 4,462 |
| | \$ 15,574 | \$ 12,483 |
| Ratio of the allowance for loan losses as a percentage of non-performing loans | 102% | 123% |

The following loan categories comprise significant components of the nonperforming loans:

| | (000 \$) | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
| Non-accrual loans | | |
| 1-4 family residential | \$ 1,624 | \$ 2,574 |
| Commercial loans | 9,076 | 3,938 |
| Installment loans | 1,447 | 1,459 |
| | \$ 12,147 | \$ 7,971 |
| Past due 90 days or more | | |
| 1-4 family residential | \$ 660 | \$ 1,230 |
| Commercial loans | 1,785 | 2,795 |
| Installment loans | 881 | 437 |
| | \$ 3,326 | \$ 4,462 |

Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

First Financial Corporation has established risk measures, limits and policy guidelines for managing interest rate risk and liquidity. Responsibility for management of these functions resides with the Asset Liability Committee. The primary goal of the Asset Liability Committee is to maximize net interest income within the interest rate risk limits approved by the Board of Directors.

Interest Rate Risk

Management considers interest rate risk to be the Corporation's most significant market risk. Interest rate risk is the exposure to changes in net interest income as a result of changes in interest rates. Consistency in the Corporation's net interest income is largely dependent on the effective management of this risk.

The Asset Liability position is measured using sophisticated risk management tools, including earning simulation and market value of equity sensitivity analysis. These tools allow management to quantify and monitor both short-term and long-term exposure to interest rate risk. Simulation modeling measures the effects of changes in interest rates, changes in the shape of the yield curve and the effects of embedded options on net interest income. This measure projects earnings in the various environments over the next three years. It is important to note that measures of interest rate risk have limitations and are dependent on various assumptions. These assumptions are inherently uncertain and, as a result, the model cannot precisely predict the impact of interest rate fluctuations on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to timing, frequency and amount of interest rate changes as well as overall market conditions. The Committee has performed a thorough analysis of these assumptions and believes them to be valid and theoretically sound. These assumptions are continuously monitored for behavioral changes.

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The Corporation from time to time utilizes derivatives to manage interest rate risk. Management continuously evaluates the merits of such interest rate risk products but does not anticipate the use of such products to become a major part of the Corporation's risk management strategy.

The table below shows the Corporation's estimated sensitivity profile as of September 30, 2008. The change in interest rates assumes a parallel shift in interest rates of 100 and 200 basis points. Given a 100 basis point increase in rates, net interest income would increase 1.10% over the next 12 months and increase 2.65% over the following 12 months. Given a 100 basis point decrease in rates, net interest income would decrease 0.14% over the next 12 months and decrease 3.15% over the following 12 months. These estimates assume all rate changes occur overnight and management takes no action as a result of this change.

| Basis Point Interest Rate Change | Percentage Change in Net Interest Income | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| | 12 months | 24 months | 36 months |
| Down 200 | -1.85 | -8.49 | -11.17 |
| Down 100 | -0.14 | -3.15 | -4.85 |
| Up 100 | 1.10 | 2.65 | 3.43 |
| Up 200 | -2.33 | 1.09 | 4.62 |

Typical rate shock analysis does not reflect management's ability to react and thereby reduce the effect of rate changes, and represents a worst-case scenario.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity is measured by each bank's ability to raise funds to meet the obligations of its customers, including deposit withdrawals and credit needs. This is accomplished primarily by maintaining sufficient liquid assets in the form of investment securities and core deposits. The Corporation has \$16.6 million of investments that mature throughout the coming 12 months. The Corporation also anticipates \$63.6 million of principal payments from mortgage-backed securities. Given the current rate environment, the Corporation anticipates \$26.0 million in securities to be called within the next 12 months. With these sources of funds, the Corporation currently anticipates adequate liquidity to meet the expected obligations of its customers.

Financial Condition

Comparing the third quarter of 2008 to the same period in 2007, loans, including credit card loans held-for-sale, net of unearned discount are up 4.35% or \$62.2 million. Deposits are up \$33.3 million at September 30, 2008, a 2.2% increase from the balances at the same time in 2007. Shareholders' equity increased \$1.2 million. This financial performance increased book value per share 0.5% to \$21.35 at September 30, 2008 from \$21.24 at September 30, 2007. Book value per share is calculated by dividing the total shareholders' equity by the number of shares outstanding.

Capital Adequacy

As of September 30, 2008, the most recent notification from the respective regulatory agencies categorized the subsidiary banks as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized the banks must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the bank's category. Below are the capital ratios for the Corporation and lead bank.

| | September 30, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Total risk-based capital Corporation | 17.94% | 18.18% |
| First Financial Bank | 17.89% | 18.13% |
| Tier I risk-based capital Corporation | 17.00% | 17.22% |

| | | |
|--|--------|--------|
| First Financial Bank | 17.11% | 17.33% |
| Tier I leverage capital Corporation | 12.67% | 12.44% |
| First Financial Bank | 12.61% | 12.60% |

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ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.

First Financial Corporation's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective disclosure controls and procedures, as defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As of September 30, 2008, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2008 were effective in ensuring material information required to be disclosed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported on a timely basis. Additionally, there was no change in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II Other Information

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

There are no material pending legal proceedings, other than routine litigation incidental to the business of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, to which the Corporation or any of the subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their respective property is subject. Further, there is no material legal proceeding in which any director, officer, principal shareholder, or affiliate of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries, or any associate of such director, officer, principal shareholder or affiliate is a party, or has a material interest, adverse to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors from those disclosed in the Corporation's 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(a) None.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) Purchases of Equity Securities.

The Corporation periodically acquires shares of its common stock directly from shareholders in individually negotiated transactions. The Corporation has not adopted a formal policy or adopted a formal program for repurchases of shares of its common stock. No shares of common stock were purchased by the Corporation during the quarter covered by this report.

ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information.

(a) Not applicable.

(b) Not applicable.

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ITEM 6. Exhibits.

| Exhibit No.: | Description of Exhibit: |
|--------------|--|
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002. |
| 3.2 | Code of By-Laws of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002. |
| 10.1 | Employment Agreement for Norman L. Lowery, dated April 14, 2008 and effective January 1, 2008, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Corporation Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2008. |
| 10.2 | 2001 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002. |
| 10.3 | 2008 Schedule of Director Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. |
| 10.4 | 2008 Schedule of Named Executive Officer Compensation, incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. |
| 31.1 | Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 by Principal Executive Officer, dated November 6, 2008. |
| 31.2 | Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 by Principal Financial Officer, dated November 6, 2008. |
| 32.1 | Certification, dated November 6, 2008, of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2005 on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2008. |

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: November 6, 2008

By: /s/ Donald E. Smith
Donald E. Smith, Chairman

Date: November 6, 2008

By: /s/ Norman L. Lowery
Norman L. Lowery, Vice Chairman and CEO

Date: November 6, 2008

By: /s/ Michael A. Carty
Michael A. Carty, Treasurer and CFO

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Exhibit Index

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