PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA Form 6-K April 23, 2015

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of April, 2015

Commission File Number 1-15106

PETRÓLEO BRASILEIRO S.A. - PETROBRAS

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Brazilian Petroleum Corporation - PETROBRAS

(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

Avenida República do Chile, 65 20031-912 - Rio de Janeiro, RJ Federative Republic of Brazil (Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ____X ___ Form 40-F _____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes _____ No___X____

FOURTH QUARTER OF 2014

RESULTS

Rio de Janeiro - April 22, 2015

Petrobras announces today its audited consolidated results for 4Q-2014 and the full year 2014, stated in millions of U.S. dollars, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards - IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board - IASB. In addition, the Company has published today its consolidated interim financial statements for 3Q-2014 and the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 reviewed by the Company's independent auditors. Those interim financial statements, and the information in this release about the Company's 3Q-2014 results, supersede the unreviewed information in Reais that the Company published on January 28, 2015.

The US\$ 7,367 million loss in 2014 resulted from impairment charges in the amount of US\$ 16,823 million. Write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized in the amount of US\$ 2,527 million were recognized in the 3Q-2014 related to the payment scheme uncovered by the investigations of the "Lava Jato (Car Wash) Operation" (referred to below *agrite-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized*).

Key events

Jan-Dec

(7,367) 11,094 (166) Consolidated net (9,722) (2,150) 352 2,760 income (loss) attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras 2,669 2,539 5 Total domestic and 2,799 2,746 2 2,534 international crude oil and natural gas production (Mbbl/d)

24,966	29,426	(15)	Adjusted EBITDA	7,881	3,730	111	6,832
--------	--------	------	-----------------	-------	-------	-----	-------

The Company reported a US\$ 9,722 million loss in the 4Q-2014, due mainly to the following key event:

• Pre-tax impairment charges of US\$ 16,695 million (US\$ 12,081 million after taxes), mainly related to the following assets:

i) domestic refineries (US\$ 11,662 million), resulting from testing the second refining unit of Refinaria Abreu e Lima (RNEST) and Complexo Petroquímico do Rio de Janeiro (COMPERJ) individually for impairment purposes, due to the postponement of these projects for an extended period of time as a result of the Company's measures to preserve cash and of the implications to the Company's suppliers of the "Lava Jato" investigation. The impairment charges are mainly attributable to project planning deficiencies, to the use of a higher discount rate (which included a risk premium related to the stand-alone view of the assets), to the impact of a delay in expected cash inflows and lower projected economic growth;

ii) assets related to exploration and production of crude oil and natural gas (US\$ 3,766 million) attributable to lower international crude oil prices; and

iii) petrochemical assets (US\$ 1,121 million) as a result of decreased demand and lower margins.

In addition, the Company had the following key events for the 4Q-2014:

• Diesel (5%) and gasoline (3%) price increases on November 7, 2014.

• Higher domestic crude oil and NGL production (a 3% increase, 60 thousand barrels/day) due to the ramp-up of P-55, P-62 and P-58 platforms and the ramp-up of FPSOs Cidade de São Paulo and Cidade de Paraty, as well as the production start-up of FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba and Cidade de Ilhabela. The Company reached a crude oil production monthly record level of 666 thousand barrels per day at the pre-salt layer in December 2014.

• A US\$ 1,304 million gain on the disposal of the Company's interest in Petrobras Energia Peru S/A, with a US\$ 2,643 million increase in cash and cash equivalents.

Information about the 3Q-2014 and the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 is set out in "Additional Information".

Comments from the CEO	Page 2
Note about "Lava Jato Operation"	Page 3
Financial and Operating Highlights	Page 7
Additional Information of the 3Q-2014	Page 28

Comments from the CEO

Mr. Aldemir Bendine

Dear Shareholders and Investors,

Petrobras has overcome an important obstacle by publishing its 2014 audited financial statements, following a collective effort that highlights our ability to meet challenges under adverse circumstances. This experience has given me even more confidence to address the strategic issues that we face in pursuing the Company's business plan in an efficient manner that creates value for the Company.

We have developed a methodology to estimate the overpayments incorrectly capitalized related to the payment scheme uncovered by the investigations of the "Lava Jato (Car Wash) Operation." The write-offs related to those incorrectly capitalized overpayments were recognized in the third quarter 2014.

In addition, changes in Petrobras' business context, including the decline in oil prices, the appreciation of the U.S. Dollar and the need to reduce our level of indebtedness, have prompted a review of the Company's future prospects and ultimately led to the reduction in the pace of the Company's capital expenditures.

As a result, the Company has decided to postpone the completion of some of the assets and projects in its 2014-2018 Business and Management Plan. The postponement of those projects had an impact on our impairment tests, and we recognized impairment charges in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Now that we have published our financial statements, we will turn our focus to our medium and long-term challenges. We are developing a new business plan, in which we will include financial assumptions that reflect current oil industry conditions.

We are revising our capital expenditure plans to prioritize oil and gas exploration and production activities, which is our most profitable business segment. We are focusing on building a sustainable business plan from a cash flow perspective, considering potential effects on our supply chain and, consequently, on our production curve.

I would like to conclude this message by emphasizing my strong belief that Petrobras is and will remain a profitable and efficient Company, which has made substantial improvements in its corporate governance and increased its dedication to generating returns for its shareholders and investors.

Aldemir Bendine, CEO.

NOTE ABOUT "LAVA JATO OPERATION"

The note below provides a general summary of the Lava Jato (Car Wash) operation and its impact on the Company. For a more detailed description, see Note 3 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements of the period ended December 31, 2014.

The "Lava Jato (Car Wash) Operation" and its effects on the Company

In the third quarter of 2014, the Company wrote off US\$ 2,527 million of capitalized costs representing amounts that Petrobras overpaid for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment in prior years.

According to testimony from Brazilian criminal investigations that became available beginning October 2014, senior Petrobras personnel conspired with contractors, suppliers and others from 2004 through April 2012 to establish and implement an illegal cartel that systematically overcharged the Company in connection with the acquisition of property, plant and equipment. Two Petrobras executive officers (*diretores*) and one executive manager were involved in this payment scheme, none of whom has been affiliated with the Company since April 2012; they are referred to below as the "former Petrobras personnel." The overpayments were used to fund improper payments to political parties, elected officials or other public officials, individual contractor personnel, former Petrobras personnel and other individuals involved in the payment scheme. The Company itself did not make the improper payments, which were made by the contractors and suppliers and by intermediaries acting on behalf of the contractors and suppliers.

Petrobras believes that the amounts it overpaid pursuant to this payment scheme should not have been included in historical costs of its property, plant and equipment. However, Petrobras cannot specifically identify either the individual contractual payments that include overcharges or the reporting periods in which overpayments occurred. As a result, Petrobras developed a methodology to estimate the aggregate amount that it overpaid under the payment scheme, in order to determine the amount of the write-off representing the overstatement of its assets resulting from overpayments used to fund improper payments.

Background

Over the course of 2014, the investigations of the Lava Jato Operation, led by the Brazilian Federal Prosecutor's Office, uncovered a broad payment scheme that involved a wide range of participants, including former Petrobras personnel. Based on the information available to Petrobras, the payment scheme involved a group of 27 companies that, between 2004 and April 2012, colluded to obtain contracts with Petrobras, overcharge the Company under those contracts and use the overpayment received under the contracts to fund improper payments to political parties, elected officials or other public officials, individual contractor personnel, former Petrobras personnel and other individuals involved in the scheme. Petrobras refers to this scheme as the "payment scheme" and to the companies involved in the scheme as "cartel members".

In addition to the payment scheme, the investigation pointed out specific cases where other companies also charged additional costs and allegedly used these values to fund payments to certain former employees of Petrobras, including a former director of the International area. These companies are not members of the cartel and acted individually.

As announced on January 28, 2015, the Company considered whether it could develop a surrogate or proxy to quantify the errors to be corrected. The proposed proxy would involve determining the fair value of each affected asset and estimating the amount of overcharges by contractors and suppliers as being the difference between the fair value of each affected asset and its carrying amount.

The difference between fair value and carrying amount would conceptually be attributed to improper payments. However, after the difference was measured, the Company concluded that the shortfall between the fair value and the carrying amount of the assets was significantly larger than any reasonable estimate of the improper payments uncovered in the context of the Lava lato investigation. Fair value shortfalls originate not primarily from improper payments, but from different sources (both related to the method of measuring the fair value and to changes in the business context), including: the fair value of the assets was measured on a stand-alone basis and did not consider value that would be added to the assets when used in an integrated manner; the discount rate used by the appraisers considered a risk premium related to the acquisition of a single asset by a third party inside a market highly concentrated in a single large-scale player (Petrobras); changes in economic and financial variables (exchange rate, discount rate, risk metrics and cost of capital); changes in estimates of prices and margins of inputs; changes in projections of prices, margins and demand for products sold in light of recent changes in market conditions; changes in equipment and input prices, wages and other correlated costs; the impact of local content requirements; and project planning deficiencies (especially in the Engineering and Downstream areas).

Therefore, the Company concluded that using the fair value as a surrogate or proxy to adjust its property, plant and equipment would not have been appropriate.

Approach adopted by the Company to adjust its property, plant and equipment for overpayments

The information available to the Company is generally consistent with respect to the existence of the payment scheme, the companies involved in the payment scheme, the former Petrobras personnel involved in the payment scheme, the period during which the payment scheme was in effect, and the maximum amounts involved in the payment scheme relative to the contract values of affected contracts.

As it is impracticable to identify specific periods and amounts for the overpayments by the Company, the Company considered all the information available (as described above) to quantify the impact of the payment scheme and developed an estimation methodology to serve as a proxy for the adjustment that should be made to property plant and equipment using the five steps described below:

• Identify contractual counterparties: the Company listed all the companies identified in public testimony, and using that information the Company identified all of the contractors and suppliers that were either so identified or were consortia including entities so identified.

• Identify the period: the Company concluded from the testimony that the payment scheme was operating from 2004 through April 2012.

• Identify contracts: the Company identified all contracts entered into with the counterparties identified in step 1 during the period identified in step 2, which included supplemental contracts when the original contract was entered into between 2004 and April 2012. It has identified all of the property, plant and equipment related to those contracts.

• Identify payments: the Company calculated the total contract values under the contracts identified in step 3.

• Apply a fixed percentage to the total contract values: the Company estimated the aggregate overpayment by applying a percentage indicated in the depositions (3%) to the total amounts for identified contracts

For overpayments attributable to non-cartel members, unrelated to the payment scheme, the Company included in the write-off for incorrectly capitalized overpayments the specific amounts of improper payments or percentages of contract values, as described in the testimony, which were used by those suppliers and contractors to fund improper payments.

Along with the write-off to reduce the carrying amount of specified property, plant and equipment, the impact in the current period includes write-offs of tax credits (VAT and correlated taxes) and a provision for credits applied in prior periods with respect to property,

plant and equipment that has been written-down, as well as the reversal of depreciation of affected assets beginning on the date they started operating.

As previously discussed, the testimony does not provide sufficient information to allow the Company to determine the specific period during which the Company made specific overpayments. Accordingly, the write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized was recognized in the third quarter of 2014, because it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effect in each prior period. The Company believes this approach is the most appropriate pursuant to the requirements of IFRS for the correction of an error.

The Company has not recovered and cannot reliably estimate any recoverable amounts at this point. Any amounts ultimately recovered would be recorded as income when received (or when their realization becomes virtually certain).

As previously mentioned, Petrobras believes that the amounts it overpaid pursuant to the payment scheme should not have been included in the historical cost of the property, plant and equipment. Therefore, under Brazilian tax legislation, this write-off is considered a loss resulting from unlawful activity and subject to the evolution of the investigations in order to establish the actual extent of the losses before they can be deducted from an income tax perspective.

As a result, at September 30, 2014, it is not possible for the Company to estimate the amounts that will ultimately be considered deductible or the timing for the deduction. Accordingly no deferred tax assets were recognized for the writte-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized.

Petrobras believes that this methodology produces the best estimate for the aggregate overstatement of its property, plant and equipment resulting from the payment scheme, in the sense that it represents the upper bound of the range of reasonable estimates.

The Company carefully considered all available information and, as discussed above, does not expect that new developments in the investigations by the Brazilian authorities, by the independent law firms conducting an internal investigation, or by new internal commissions set up (or a review of the results of previous internal investigations) could materially impact or change the methodology described above. Notwithstanding this expectation, the Company will continuously monitor the investigations for additional information and will review its potential impact on the adjustment.

The total impact of the adjustments by business area, in million of U.S. dollars, is set out below.

"Write-off – overpayments incorrectly capitalized" Payment scheme:

Total contract amounts 25,573	45,233	8,663	309	307	1,355	81,440
(*)						

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K											
Estimated aggregate overpayments (3%)	767	1,358	260	9	9	41	2,444				

Unrelated payments	57	_	4	_	_	_	61
(outside the cartel)							

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
824	1,358	264	9	9	41	2,505				

Edgar	Filing: PETI	ROBRAS -	PETROLEC) BRASILEIF	O SA - For	m 6-K	
Reversal of depreciation of the affected assets	(35)	(81)	(21)	-	_	(4)	(141)

Edgar	Filing: PET	ROBRAS -	PETROLEC) BRASILEIF	RO SA - For	m 6-K	
Impact on property, plant and equipment	789	1,277	243	9	9	37	2,364

Write-down of tax	15	121	23	_	_	4	163
credits related to							
affected assets ^(**)							

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K											
Write-off – overpayments incorrectly capitalized	804	1,398	266	9	9	41	2,527				

 $^{(\ast)}$ Of this amount, US\$ 17,999 million represents amounts scheduled to be paid after September 30, 2014.

^(**) Write-down of tax credits that will not be applicable in the future.

The Company's response to the facts uncovered in the investigation

While the internal and external investigations are ongoing, the Company is taking the necessary procedural steps with Brazilian authorities to seek compensation for the damages it has suffered, including those related to its reputation. To the extent that any of the proceedings resulting from the Lava Jato investigation involve leniency agreements with cartel members or plea agreements with individuals pursuant to which they agree to return funds, Petrobras may be entitled to receive a portion of such funds.

The proceedings will also include civil proceedings against cartel members, which Petrobras would have the right to join as a plaintiff, and it expects to do so. The civil proceedings typically result in three types of relief: effective damages, civil fines and moral damages. Petrobras would be entitled to any effective damages and possibly civil fines. Moral damages would typically be contributed to a federal fund, although Petrobras may seek to obtain moral damages once it joins the proceedings as a plaintiff.

Petrobras does not tolerate corruption or any illegal business practices of its contractors or suppliers or the involvement of its employees in such practices, and it has therefore undertaken the following initiatives in furtherance of the investigation of irregularities involving its business activities and to improve its corporate governance system:

• The Company has established several Internal Investigative Committees (*Comissões* Internas de Apuração – CIA) to investigate instances of non-compliance with corporate rules, procedures or regulations. We have provided the findings of the internal commissions that have been concluded to Brazilian authorities.

• On October 24 and 25, 2014, the Company engaged two independent law firms, U.S. firm Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP and Brazilian firm Trench, Rossi e Watanabe Advogados, to conduct an independent internal investigation.

• The Company has been cooperating fully with the Brazilian Federal Police (Polícia Federal), the Brazilian Public Prosecutor's Office (Ministério Público Federal), the Brazilian Judiciary, and other Brazilian authorities (the Federal Audit Court – Tribunal de Contas da União – TCU, and the Federal General Controller – Controladoria Geral da União – CGU).

• The Company has established committees to analyze the application of sanctions against contractors and suppliers, and imposed a provisional ban on contracting with the cartel members (and entities related to them) mentioned in the testimony that has been made public.

• The Company has developed and implemented measures to improve corporate governance, risk management and control, which are documented in standards and minutes of management meetings that establish procedures, methods, responsibilities and other guidelines to integrate such measures into the Company's practices.

• The Company has created a position of Governance, Risk and Compliance Officer, with the aim of supporting the Company's compliance programs and mitigating risks in its activities, including fraud and corruption. The new Officer participates in the decisions of the Executive Board, and any matter submitted to the Executive Board for approval must

previously be approved by this Officer as they relate to governance, risk and compliance.

• On January 13, 2015 the Board of Directors appointed Mr. João Adalberto Elek Junior to the position of Governance, Risk and Compliance Officer. Mr. João Adalberto Elek Junior took office on January 19, 2015. He will serve a three-year term, which may be renewable, and may only be removed by a vote of the Board of Directors, including the vote of at least one Board Member elected by the non-controlling shareholders or by the preferred shareholders.

• A Special Committee was formed to act independently and to serve as a reporting line to the Board of Directors for the firms conducting the independent internal investigation. The Special Committee is composed of Ellen Gracie Northfleet, retired Chief Justice of the Brazilian Supreme Court (as chair of the Committee), Andreas Pohlmann, Chief Compliance Officer of Siemens AG from 2007 to 2010, and the executive officer of Governance, Risk and Compliance, João Adalberto Elek Junior.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Main Items and Consolidated Economic Indicators

Jan-Dec

33,409 38,844 (14) 35,593 **Sales revenues** 143,657 141,462 2

	8,649	8,985	(4)	7,284	Gross profit	34,180	32,628	5
--	-------	-------	-----	-------	--------------	--------	--------	---

(12,168) (1,967) (519) 3,091 Net income (loss) before (6,963) 16,214 (143) finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

(713)	(427)	(67)	(1,326)	Net finance income	(1,635)	(2,791)	41
				(expense)			

(9,722) (2,150) (352) 2,760 **Consolidated net income** (7,367) 11,094 (166) (loss) attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

(0.75) (0.16) (352) 0.21 Basic and diluted earnings (0.56) 0.85 (166) (losses) per share 1

 Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

 26
 23
 3
 20
 Gross margin (%) 2
 24
 23
 1

(36)	1	(37)	9	Operating margin (%) ²	(3)	11	(14)
------	---	------	---	-----------------------------------	-----	----	------

 Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

 (29)
 (6)
 (23)
 8
 Net margin (%) ²
 (5)
 8
 (13)

7,881 3,730 111 6,832 Adjusted EBITDA – U.S.\$ 24,966 29,426 (15) million ³

Net income (loss) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes by business segment

1,688 5,955 (72) 7,839 **. Exploration & Production** 21,898 29,798 (27)

(12,087) (5,096) (137) (3,607) **. Refining, Transportation** (22,976) (12,333) (86) **and Marketing**

179 (1,534) 112 (147) . Gas & Power (728) 701 (20	179	(1,534) 112	(147)	. Gas & Power	(728)	701	(204)
--	-----	-------------	-------	---------------	-------	-----	-------

(22) (30) 27 (19) . Biofuel (112) (147)	(22)	(30)	27	(19)	. Biofuel	(112)	(147)	24
--	------	------	----	------	-----------	-------	-------	----

262 (128) 305 247 . Distribution	786	1,336	(41)
---	-----	-------	------

(1,013) (7) – 116 . International (535) 1,875 (3	(1,013) (7)	_	116	. International	(535)	1,875	(129)
---	-------------	---	-----	-----------------	-------	-------	-------

(1,759) (1,574) (12) (1,105) **. Corporate** (5,972) (4,932) (21)

9,664 9,250 4 15,441 **Capital expenditures and** 37,004 48,097 (23) **investments**

Financial and economic indicators

76.27 101.85 (25) 109.27 Brent crude (U.S.\$/bbl) 98.99 108.66 (9)

2.54 2.27 12 2.27 Average commercial selling2.35 2.16 9 rate for U.S. dollar (R\$/U.S.\$)

2.66	2.45	8	2.34	Period-end commercial	2.66	2.34	13
				selling rate for U.S. dollar			
				(R\$/U.S.\$)			

8.4	11.3	(3)	5.0	Variation of the period-end 13.4	14.6	(1)
				commercial selling rate for		
				U.S. dollar (%)		

11.22	10.90	_	9.52	Selic interest rate -	10.86	8.19	3
				average (%)			

Average price indicators

90.01 98.67 (9) 94.67 **Domestic basic oil products**96.49 97.11 (1) **price (U.S.\$/bbl)**

Domestic Sales price

66.49	90.73	(27)	96.92	. Crude oil (U.S.\$/bbl) ⁴	87.84	98.19	(11)
-------	-------	------	-------	---------------------------------------	-------	-------	------

45.54	49.28	(8)	45.08	. Natural gas (U.S.\$/bbl)	47.93	47.68	1
-------	-------	-----	-------	----------------------------	-------	-------	---

International Sales price

73.66	84.05	(12)	86.43	. Crude oil (U.S.\$/bbl)	82.93	89.86	(8)
-------	-------	------	-------	--------------------------	-------	-------	-----

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

22.26	19.16	16	21.70	. Natural gas (U.S.\$/bbl)	21.18	21.08	—
-------	-------	----	-------	----------------------------	-------	-------	---

¹ Net income (loss) per share calculated based on the weighted average number of shares.

² Gross margin equals sales revenues less cost of sales divided by sales revenues; Operating margin equals net income (loss) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes, excluding *write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized* divided by sales revenues; Net margin equals consolidated net income (loss) attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras divided by sales revenues.

³ Adjusted EBITDA equals net income plus net finance income (expense); income taxes; depreciation, depletion and amortization; share of earnings in equity-accounted investments; impairment and *write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized*. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure defined by IFRS and it is possible that it may not be comparable to similar measures reported by other companies. It should not be considered as a substitute for income before taxes, finance income (expense), profit sharing and share of earnings in equity-accounted investments or as a better measure of liquidity than cash flow provided by operations, both of which are calculated in accordance with IFRS. The Company reports its Adjusted EBITDA to give additional information about its ability to pay debt, carry out investments and cover working capital needs. See Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA by Business Segment and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income on page 26.

⁴ Average between the exports prices and the internal transfer prices from Exploration & Production to Refining, Transportation and Marketing.

7

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 compared with fiscal year ended December 31, 2013:

Virtually all revenues and expenses of our Brazilian operations are denominated and payable in Brazilian Reais. When the U.S. dollar strengthens relative to the Brazilian Real, as it did from January to December 2014 (a 9% appreciation), revenues and expenses decrease when translated into U.S. dollars. Nevertheless, the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Brazilian Real affects the line items discussed below in different ways.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by 5% (US\$ 1,552 million) in 2014 compared to 2013, mainly due to:

 \varnothing Sales revenues of US\$ 143,657 million, 2% higher than in 2013 (US\$ 141,462 million), attributable to:

• Higher oil product prices in the domestic market attributable to diesel and gasoline price increases in 2013 and to the impact of foreign currency depreciation (9%) on the price (in *reais*) of oil products that are adjusted to reflect international prices, as well as higher electricity and natural gas prices;

• A 3% increase in the domestic demand for oil products, mainly diesel (2%), gasoline (5%) and fuel oil (21%), and an increase in crude oil export volumes (12%), partially offset by a decrease in oil product export volumes (15%);

• Foreign currency translation effects (appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Brazilian Real) reduced the increase of sales revenues in U.S. dollars. Sales revenues were 11% higher in *Reais*.

 \emptyset Cost of sales were US\$ 109,477 million, 1% higher than in 2013 (US\$ 108,834 million). Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation effects (appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Brazilian *Real*), cost of sales was 9% higher in *Reais*, due to:

• Higher import costs and production taxes attributable to foreign currency depreciation;

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

• Domestic oil products sales volumes were 3% higher and increased LNG import volumes to meet the demand; and

• Higher electricity costs due to an increase in the electricity prices in the spot market.

Net loss before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net loss before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes reached US\$ 6,963 million in 2014, compared to a US\$ 16,214 million net income in 2013. This result reflects:

- Impairment charges in 2014 (US\$ 16,823 million);
- Write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized (US\$ 2,527 million);

• Allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the isolated electricity sector in the Northern region of Brazil (US\$ 1,948 million);

• Write-off of the capitalized costs of Premium I and Premium II refineries due to the decision to abandon these projects (US\$ 1,247 million);

• The impact of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan - PIDV (US\$ 1,035 million);

- A review of the Company's estimates of decommissioning costs (US\$ 501 million);
- Write-off of E&P areas returned to the Brazilian Agency of Petroleum, Natural Gas and Biofuelds ANP and cancelled E&P projects (US\$ 249 million); and
- Higher actuarial expenses related to retirees due to the review of the Company's pension and medical benefit obligations (US\$ 130 million).
- Foreign currency translation effects (appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Brazilian Real) reduced our operating profit in U.S. dollars.

These effects were partially offset by a higher gross profit.

Net finance expense

Net finance expense of US\$ 1,635 million, US\$ 1,156 million lower when compared to 2013, resulting from:

- A decrease in foreign exchange variation charges on lower net liabilities in U.S. dollar exposed to exchange rate variation;
- Foreign exchange gain attributable to the appreciation of the U.S. dollar againts other currencies, mainly the Euro;
- Inflation indexation gains on a contingent asset with respect to undue taxes paid on finance income PIS and COFINS from February 1999 to December 2002; and

• Inflation indexation on debt acknowledgement agreements with respect to receivables from the isolated electricity sector.

Those effects were partially offset by higher interest expenses resulting from an increase in the Company's finance debt.

Net loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

Net loss attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras reached US\$ 7,367 million in 2014, compared to a US\$ 11,094 million net income in 2013, resulting mainly from impairment charges in refining, exploration and production of oil and natural gas and petrochemical assets.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

NET INCOME BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

Petrobras is an integrated energy company and most of the crude oil and natural gas production from the Exploration & Production segment is transferred to other business segments of the Company. Our results by business segment include transactions carried out with third parties, transactions between companies of Petrobras's Group and transfers between Petrobras's business segments that are calculated using internal transfer prices defined through methodologies based on market parameters.

EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

Jan-Dec

Net Income Attributable to the Shareholders of Petrobras 14,133 19,523 (28)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

Net income was US\$ 14,133 million in 2014, a 28% decrease when compared to 2013 (US\$19,523 million), mainly due to foreign currency translation effects. Excluding foreign currency translation effects, net income was 24% lower in Reais, due to impairment charges in 2014, to *write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized*, to the impact of the Company's voluntary separation incentive plan (PIDV), to a review of the Company's estimated decommissioning costs, to write-off of E&P areas returned to the ANP and to higher operating costs, such as equipment depreciation, equipment maintenance, interventions on wells, oil platform chartering, materials and increased employee compensation costs. These effects were partially offset by the higher crude oil and NGL production (5%). This net result in 2014, when compared to 2013, is further impacted by the fact that in 2013 we recognized a gain on the disposal of Parque das Conchas offshore project (BC-10).

The spread between the average domestic oil price (sale/transfer) and the average Brent price increased from US\$10.47/bbl in 2013 to US\$ 11.15/bbl in 2014.

Jan-Dec

Exploration & Production - Brazil (Mbbl/d) (*)

Crude oil and NGLs

2,034 1,931 5

Natural gas ⁵

426 389 10

Total

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

Crude oil and NGL production increased by 5% in 2014 resulting from the start-up of platforms P-58 (Parque das Baleias) and P-62 (Roncador) and FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá), as well as from the ramp-up of P-63 (Papa-Terra), P-55 (Roncador) production systems, FPSO Cidade de Itajaí (Baúna), Cidade de Paraty (Lula NE) and Cidade de São Paulo (Sapinhoá). The natural decline of certain fields partially offset these effects. The 10% increase in natural gas production is attributable to the production start-up of platforms P-58 (Parque das Baleias) and P-62 (Roncador) and of FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá), as well as the ramp-up of P-55 (Roncador).

(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

¹ Does not include LNG. Includes gas reinjection.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Jan-Dec

Lifting Cost - Brazil (*)

U.S.\$/barrel:

Excluding production taxes

14.57 14.76 (1)

Including production taxes

30.54 32.98 (7)

Lifting Cost - Excluding production taxes

Lifting cost excluding production taxes was 1% lower in Jan-Dec/2014 compared to Jan-Dec/2013. Excluding the impact of the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Brazilian Real, it increased by 4% due to higher maintenance costs in platforms, higher engineering and subsea maintenance costs in the Campos Basin and to the start-up of the FPSOs Cidade de Mangaratiba (Iracema Sul) and Cidade de Ilhabela (Sapinhoá), which have higher costs per unit produced during the start-up period.

Lifting Cost - Including production taxes

The 7% decrease in lifting cost including production taxes in 2014 when compared to 2013 is attributable to lower average reference price for domestic crude oil in U.S. dollars (a 10% decrease), which is used as parameter to calculate production taxes in Brazil, as a result of lower international crude oil prices in 2014 when compared to 2013.

^{*} Not audited by independent auditor.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

REFINING, TRANSPORTATION AND MARKETING

Jan-Dec

Net Income Attributable to the Shareholders of Petrobras (15,405) (8,150) 89

Net losses were higher in 2014 when compared to 2013, as a result of impairment charges in 2014, *write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized* and of the write-off of capitalized costs in Premium I and Premium II refineries and from the impact of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan (PIDV). Those effects were partially offset by higher average oil product selling prices due to diesel and gasoline price increases in 2013 and 2014, and by an increase in oil product production (2%).

Jan-Dec

Imports and Exports of Crude Oil and Oil Products (Mbbl/d) ^(*)

Crude oil imports

392 404 (3)

Oil product imports

413 389 6

Imports of crude oil and oil products	805	793	2

Crude oil exports 6

232 207 12

Oil	product	exports
-----	---------	---------

158 186 (15)

Exports of crude oil and oil products	390	393	(1)
			• • •

Exports (imports) net of crude oil and oil products (415) (400) (4)

Other exports	3	2	50

Crude oil exports were higher in 2014, resulting from higher crude oil production, even considering the increase in the share of domestic crude oil processed in the Brazilian refineries. Oil product imports were higher in order to meet a higher domestic demand.

Fuel oil exports decreased because domestically produced fuel oil was sold to thermoelectric power plants for electricity generation.

* Not audited by independent auditor.

⁶ It includes crude oil exports volumes of Refining, Transportation and Marketing and Exploration & Production segments.

	Jan-Dec		
Refining Operations (Mbbl/d) ^(*)			
Output of oil products Reference feedstock ⁷	2,170 2,176	2,124 2,102	
Refining plants utilization factor (%) ⁸	98	97	
Feedstock processed (excluding NGL) - Brazil ⁹	2,065	2,029	
Feedstock processed - Brazil ¹⁰	2,106	2,074	
Domestic crude oil as % of total feedstock processed	82	82	

Daily feedstock processed was 2% higher in 2014 when compared to 2013, resulting from a sustainable improvement of the performance of the Company's refineries.

	Jan-Dec		
Refining Cost - Brazil ^(*)			
Refining cost (U.S.\$/barrel)	2.90	3.09	(6)

Refining cost was 6% lower in Jan-Dec/2014 compared to Jan-Dec/2013 due to the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Brazilian Real. Excluding the impact of the appreciation of the U.S. dollar, our refining cost increased by 2%, mainly attributable to higher maintenance and repair costs and from higher employee compensation costs arising from the 2014 Collective Bargaining Agreement.

* Not audited by independent auditor.

⁷ Reference feedstock or Installed capacity of primary processing considers the maximum sustainable feedstock processing reached at the distillation units at the end of each period, respecting the project limits of equipments and the safety, environment and product quality

2

4 1

2 2 requirements. It is lower than the authorized capacity set by ANP (including temporary authorizations) and by environmental protection agencies.

⁸ Refining plants utilization factor is the feedstock processed (excluding NGL) divided by the reference feedstock.

⁹ Feedstock processed (excluding NGL) – Brazil is the volume of crude oil processed in the Company's refineries and is factored into the calculation of the Refining Plants Utilization Factor.

¹⁰ Feedstock processed - Brazil includes crude oil and NGL processing.

GAS & POWER

Jan-Dec

Net Income Attributable to the Shareholders of Petrobras (410) 631 (165)

Our net loss in 2014 is attributable to higher LNG and natural gas import costs to meet thermoelectric demand in Brazil, to the impacts in our net income of an agreement as to the import of Bolivian natural gas from YPFB, to an allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector, to the *write-off of overpayments incorrectly capitalized* and to the effects of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan (PIDV). These effects were partially offset by higher average electricity prices attributable to higher spot prices, as a result of lower water reservoir levels, and by a US\$ 274 million gain from the disposal of 100% of the Company's interest in Brasil PCH S.A.

Jan-Dec

Physical and Financial Indicators (*)

Electricity sales (Free contracting market - ACL) - average MW 1,183 2,056 (42)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

Electricity sales (Regulated contracting market - ACR) - average 2,425 1,798 35 MW

3,983

16

Generation of electricity - average MW 4,637

Imports of natural gas (Mbbl/d)

205 198 4

Electricity price in the spot market - Differences settlement price 286 121 136 (PLD) - US\$/MWh 11

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

Electricity sales volumes were 42% lower in 2014 when compared to 2013 resulting from the shift of the sale of a portion of our available capacity (574 average MW) towards the Brazilian electricity regulated market (Ambiente de Contratação Regulada – ACR). The termination of our lease agreement for Araucária thermoelectric power plant, which reduced our availability of electricity for trading (349 average MW) also reduced our sales volumes.

Electricity generation was 16% higher and spot prices increased by 136% due to lower rainfall levels in the period.

LNG imports and natural gas imports from Bolivia were 47% and 4% higher, respectively, to meet a higher thermoelectric demand in Brazil.

* Not audited by independent auditor.

¹¹ Differences settlement price is the price of electricity in the spot market and is computed based on weekly weighed prices per output level (light, medium and heavy), number of hour and submarket capacity.

BIOFUEL

Jan-Dec

Net Income Attributable to the Shareholders of Petrobras (127) (117) 9

Biofuel net losses were higher in 2014, when compared to 2013, mainly due to the higher share of losses from biodiesel investees and to the impact of the Company's voluntary separation incentive plan (PIDV). These effects were partially offset by lower losses on biodiesel operations and by a decrease in inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value).

DISTRIBUTION

Jan-Dec

Net Income Attributable to the Shareholders of Petrobras 499 863 (42)

Net income was US\$ 499 million in 2014, a 42% decrease when compared to 2013 (US\$ 863 million), mainly due to foreign currency translation effects. Excluding foreign currency translation effects, net income was 35% lower in Reais, due to higher selling expenses attributable to an allowance for impairment of trade receivables from the electricity sector and to the impact of the Company's Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan (PIDV), partially offset by an increase in sales volumes and higher average margins in fuel trading.

Jan-Dec

Market Share (*)

37.9% 37.5% -

Our market share increased mainly due to higher sales volumes necessary to meet a higher thermoelectric demand from the Brazilian integrated electricity system.

(*) Not audited by independent auditors. Our market share in the Distribution Segment in Brazil is based on estimates made by Petrobras Distribuidora.

INTERNATIONAL

Jan-Dec

Net Income Attributable to the Shareholders of Petrobras (1,145) 1,729 (166)

Our net loss in 2014 is attributable to impairment charges recognized on E&P activities in the United States and Bolivia and on our Japanese refinery, mainly resulting from a decrease in international crude oil and oil product prices, a recognition of an allowance for losses in investments in Venezuela, Ecuador and Africa, higher inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) in Japan, as well as a lower gross profit, mainly in international E&P operations, due to divestments completed and to a decrease in international commodities prices. These effects were partially offset by a gain on disposal of the Company's interest in Peruvian operations and on onshore assets in Colombia, concluded in 2014. The net result in 2014, when compared to 2013, was further affected by the fact that in 2013 we recognized a gain on the disposal of 50% of the Company's assets in Africa.

	Jan-Dec		
Exploration & Production-International (Mbbl/d) ^{12 (*)}			
Consolidated international production			
Crude oil and NGLs	85	109	(22)
Natural gas	93	91	2
Total consolidated international production	178	200	(11)
Non-consolidated international production	31	19	63
Total international production	209	219	(5)

Consolidated crude oil and NGL production decreased by 22% in 2014, attributable to the disposal of onshore areas in Colombia, concluded in April 2014, in Peru in November 2014 and from the disposal of the Puesto Hernandez asset in Argentina in January 2014 and of the disposal of 50% of the Company's interest in companies in Nigeria, completed in June 2013. Our production share in Nigerian assets (our 50% remaining interest) was accounted for as

non-consolidated production. These effects were partially offset by an increase in the crude oil and NGL production in the United States due to the production start-up of new wells in Cascade and Chinook fields, beginning on January 2014.

Natural gas production was higher, mainly in Peru, due to the start-up of Kinteroni field in March 2014.

^(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

¹² Some of the countries that comprise the international production are operating under the production-sharing model, with the production taxes charged in crude oil barrels.

Jan-Dec

Lifting Cost - International (U.S.\$/barrel) (*)

8.98 9.50 (5)

International lifting cost was 5% lower in 2014, mainly in Argentina, resulting from the depreciation of the Argentine Peso against the U.S. dollar and from the disposal of the Company's Puesto Hernández asset, which had higher-than-average production costs when compared to other assets in the international segment. In addition, production was higher in Cascade and Chinook fields in the United States.

Jan-Dec

Refining Operations - International (Mbbl/d) (*)

Total feedstock processed ¹³

163 169 (4)

Output of oil	products
---------------	----------

175 185 (5)

Reference feedstock 14

230 231 –

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILE	EIRO SA - Fo	orm 6-K	
Refining plants utilization factor (%) ¹⁵	69	70	(1)

Our total international feedstock processed was 4% lower due to a decrease in oil product production and lower capacity utilization, resulting from a scheduled stoppage in Argentina in 2014, to the lower fuel oil demand in Japan and to maintenance stoppages in the catalytic cracking units in the United States.

Jan-Dec

Refining Cost - International (U.S.\$/barrel) (*)

4.14 4.06 2

International refining cost per unit was 2% higher in 2014 when compared to 2013, mainly in the United States, due to higher expenses with effluent water treatment in refining and to maintenance stoppages of the catalytic cracking unit in the period. These effects were partially offset by lower refining costs in Argentina, when expressed in U.S. dollars, attributable to the depreciation of the Argentine Peso against the U.S. dollar.

(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

¹³ Total feedstock processed is the crude oil processed abroad at the atmospheric distillation plants, plus the intermediate products acquired from third parties and used as feedstock in other refining units.

¹⁴ Reference feedstock is the maximum sustainable crude oil feedstock processing reached at distillation plants.

¹⁵ Refining Plants Utilization Factor is the crude oil processed at the distillation plant divided by the reference feedstock.

Sales Volumes - (Mbbl/d)(*)

Jan-Dec

Diesel Gasoline Fuel oil Naphtha LPG Jet fuel Others Total oil products Ethanol, nitrogen fertilizers, renewables and other products Natural gas Total domestic market Exports International sales Total international market	1,001 620 119 163 235 110 2,458 99 446 3,003 393 571 964	984 590 98 171 231 106 203 2,383 91 409 2,883 395 514 909	2 5 21 (5) 2 4 3 9 9 4 (1) 11 6
	-	-	

Our domestic sales volumes increased by 4% in 2014 compared to 2013, primarily due to:

• Diesel (a 2% increase) – higher consumption by infrastructure construction projects in Brazil, an increase in the Brazilian diesel-moved light vehicle fleet (vans, pick-ups and SUVs) and higher thermoelectric consumption by the Brazilian Integrated Electricity System;

• Gasoline (a 5% increase) – an increase in the automotive gasoline-moved fleet attributable to the higher competitive advantage of gasoline prices relatively to ethanol in most Brazilian states and to a higher household consumption. An increase in the anhydrous ethanol content requirement for Type C gasoline (from 20% to 25%) in 2014 partially offset these effects;

• Fuel oil (a 21% increase) – due to higher demand from thermoelectric plants in several Brazilian states; and

• Natural gas (a 9% increase) – due to a higher demand on the electricity sector.

(*) Not audited by independent auditor.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows – Summary⁶

Jan-Dec

28,665 30,130 25,955 Adjusted cash and cash 19,746 23,732 equivalents at the beginning of period ¹⁷

(8,419) (3,733) (8,309) Government bonds and time (3,878) (10,212) deposits at the beginning of period

20,246 26,397 17,646 Cash and cash equivalents 15,868 13,520 at the beginning of period 16

5,885	10,353	4,734	Net cash provided by (used in) 26,632	26,289
			operating activities	

(6,670) (13,675) (8,092) Net cash provided by (used in) (36,475) (35,625) investing activities

(8,717)	(8,848)	(14,105)	Capital expenditures and	(34,750)	(45,163)
			investments in operating		
			segments		

3,160	133	1,756	Proceeds from disposal of	3,744	3,820
			assets (divestment)		

(1,113)	(4,960)	4,257	Investments in marketable	(5,469)	5,718
			securities		

(785)	(3,322)	(3,358)	(=) Net cash flow	(9,843)	(9,336)

	(2,421)	(2,197)	1,999	Net financings	15,024	16,021
--	---------	---------	-------	----------------	--------	--------

1,502	2,207	5,635	Proceeds from long-term	31,050	39,542
			financing		

(3,923)	(4,404)	(3,636)	Repayments	(16,026)	(23,521)
			1 2		

	Edga	ar Filing: PETRC	BRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
6	(8)	(1)	Dividends paid to shareholders (3,918)	(2,656)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	

(76)	(25)	28	Acquisition of non-controlling	(98)	(70)
			interest		

(315)	(599)	(446)	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash	(378)	(1,611)
			equivalents		

16,655 20,246 15,868 Cash and cash equivalents 16,655 15,868 at the end of period ¹⁶

9,302	8,419	3,878	Government bonds and time	9,302	3,878
			deposits at the end of period		

25,957 28,665 19,746 Adjusted cash and cash 25,957 19,746 equivalents at the end of period ¹⁷ As of December 31, 2014, the balance of cash and cash equivalents increased 5% when compared to December 31, 2013 and the balance of adjusted cash and cash equivalents¹⁷ increased by 31%. Our principal uses of funds in 2014 were for capital expenditures and payment of dividends. We met these requirements with cash provided by operating activities of US\$ 26,632 million, net long-term financing of US\$ 15,024 million and disposal of assets of US\$ 3,744 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased by 1% in 2014 when compared to 2013. Excluding forein currency translation effects, cash provided by operating activities increased by 11% in *reais*, mainly due to a higher gross profit and a decrease in the level of inventories. Capital expenditures and investments were 23% lower in 2014, mainly due to a decrease in RTM (US\$ 5,394 million) and in E&P capital expenditures (US\$ 3,612 million). Proceeds from disposal of assets were US\$ 3,744 million in 2014, resulting from the disposal of Petrobras Energia Peru, Brasil PCH, Innova and Gasmig. Proceeds from long-term financing, net of repayments, amounted to US\$ 15,024 million in 2014. The principal sources of long-term financing were the issuance of global notes for a total of US\$ 13.6 billion in international capital markets, as well as long-term financing obtained in the domestic and international banking markets.

The Company's ability to invest its available funds has been limited as a result of a decrease in expected future operating revenues following the decline of oil prices, along with the devaluation of the Brazilian real, which has increased the Company's cash outflows to service debt in the near term, most of which is denominated in foreign currencies. For a variety of reasons, including the current economic environment in Brazil, Petrobras is currently unable to access the capital markets. As a result, the Company has recently determined to postpone projects impacted by complications due to contractor insolvency or to a lack of availability of qualified suppliers (mainly as a result of the Lava Jato investigation).

The Company is currently seeking funding in the Asian banking market as a part of its strategy to increase funding opportunities and as an alternative for its current context .. The Company intends to use different funding sources (banking market, Export Credit Agency - ECAs and capital markets) in 2015 to obtain the necessary funding to repay debt and fund its capital expenditures. In addition, the Company's divestment program (of US\$ 13.7 billion) will contribute to its funding needs.

¹⁶ For more details, see the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on page 23.

¹⁷ Our adjusted cash and cash equivalents include government bonds and time deposits from high level financial institutions abroad with maturities of more than 3 months as from the date of deposit, considering the expected realization of those financial investments in the short-term. This measure is not defined under the International Financial Reporting Standards – IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for cash and cash equivalents computed in accordance with IFRS. It may not be comparable to adjusted cash and cash equivalents of other companies, however management believes that it is an appropriate supplemental measure that helps investors assess our liquidity and supports leverage management.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Capital expenditures and investments

Jan-Dec

Exploration & Production

24,164 65 27,566 57 (12)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-KRefining, Transportation and Marketing7,7782114,24330(45)

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PET	ROLEO BF	RASILEIRC	SA - Form	16-K	
Gas & Power		2,545	7	2,716	6	(6)

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - F	PETROLEO BR	RASIL	EIRO SA - Form 6-	К
International		1,513	4	2,368 5	(36)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PET	ROLEO BR	RASILEIRC	SA - Form	1 6-K	
Exploration & Production	1,336	88	2,126	90	(37)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - Pl	ETROLEO E	BRASILE	IRO SA - For	m 6-K	
Refining, Transportation and Marketing	104	7	156	7	(33)

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS -	PETROLEO	BRASILE	IRO SA - Fo	orm 6-K	
Gas & Power		26	2	26	1	-

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PI	ETROLEO I	BRASILE	IRO SA - Fo	rm 6-K	
Distribution		41	3	52	2	(21)

Other

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PE	TROLEO E	BRASILE	IRO SA - For	m 6-K	
Distribution		446	1	514	1	(13)

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
---	--

Biofuel

112 1 143 – (22)

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K					
Corporate		446	1	547	1	(18)

Total capital expenditures and investments

37,004 100 48,097 100 (23)

Pursuant to the Company's strategic objectives, it operates through joint ventures in Brazil and abroad, as a concessionaire of oil and gas exploration, development and production rights.

In 2014, we invested US\$ 37,004 million, primarily aiming at increasing production and modernizing and expanding our refineries.

19

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Consolidated debt

Current debt ¹⁸ Non-current debt ¹⁹ Total	11,884 120,274 132,158	8,017 106,308 114,325	48 13 16
Cash and cash equivalents	16,655	15,868	5
Government securities and time deposits (maturity of more	5		
than 3 months)	9,302	3,878	140
Adjusted cash and cash equivalents	25,957	19,746	31
Net debt ²⁰	106,201	94,579	12
Net debt/(net debt+shareholders' equity)	48%	39%	9
Total net liabilities ²¹	272,730	301,677	(10)
Capital structure			
(Net third parties capital / total net liabilities)	57%	51%	6
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA ratio	4.25	3.21	32

Summarized information on financing

Floating rate debt

65,494 59,109 11

Fixed rate debt

66,592 55,127 21

Total

Reais

23,425 22,825 3

US Dollars

Euro

9,719 6,398 52

Other currencies

3,769 3,237 16

Total

until 1 year

1 to 2 years

12,572 7,266 73

2 to 3 years

11,948 12,692 (6)

3 to 4	years
--------	-------

4 to 5 years

5 years and thereafter

53,720 61,547 (13)

Total

As of December 31, 2014, net debt in U.S. dollars was 12% higher when compared to December 31, 2013, as a result of long-term financing, partially offset by a 13.4% impact from the depreciation of the Real against the U.S. dollar in 2014.

¹⁸ Includes finance lease obligations (Current debt: US\$ 16 million on December 31, 2014 and US\$16 million on December 31, 2013).

¹⁹ Includes finance lease obligations (Non-current debt: US\$ 56 million on December 31, 2014 and US\$73 million on December 31, 2013).

²⁰ Net debt is not a measure defined in the International Standards -IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for total long-term debt calculated in accordance with IFRS. Our calculation of net debt may not be comparable to the calculation of net debt by other companies. Management believes that net debt is an appropriate supplemental measure that helps investors assess our liquidity and supports leverage management.

²¹ Total liabilities net of adjusted cash and cash equivalents.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Statement - Consolidated^{22 23}

Jan-Dec

33,40938,84435,593Sales revenues143,657141,462

8,649	8,985	7,284	Gross profit	34,180	32,628
- ,	- ,	/ -		- ,	- /

(1,4/1) $(2,355)$ $(1,270)$ Selling expenses $(0,027)$ $(4,50)$	(1,471)	(2,959)	(1,270)	Selling expenses	(6,827)	(4,904)
---	---------	---------	---------	------------------	---------	---------

(1,326)	(1,190)	(1,269)	General and administrative	(4,756)	(4,982)
			expenses		

(587)	(1,017)	(766)	Exploration costs	(3,058)	(2,959)
()	() =)	(= =)		(-)/	() = = =)

(287)	(292)	(250)	Research and development	(1,099)	(1,132)
			expenses		

	Edgar	Filing: PETR	OBRAS - PETROLEO BRA	ASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
(239)	(243)	(452)	Other taxes	(760)	(780)

2	1	0
~	I	υ

(16,695)	(134)	(544)	Impairment of assets	(16,823)	(544)
----------	-------	-------	----------------------	----------	-------

(2,527)	_	Write-off - overpayments incorrectly capitalized	(2,527)

_

(212)	(2,590)	358	Other income and expenses,	(5,293)	(1,113)
			net		

(20,817) (10,952) (4,193) (41,143) (16,414)

(12,168) (1,967) 3,091 Net income (loss) before (6,963) 16,214 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

652	516	362	Finance income	1,949	1,815
-----	-----	-----	----------------	-------	-------

	(1,132)	(1,003)	(912)	Finance expenses	(3,923)	(2,673)
--	---------	---------	-------	------------------	---------	---------

(233)	60	(776)	Foreign exchange and inflation indexation charges	339	(1,933)
			5		

(713)	(427)	(1,326)	Net finance income (expense)	(1,635)	(2,791)
-------	-------	---------	------------------------------	---------	---------

(212)	87	25	Share of earnings in	218	507
			equity-accounted investments		

	Edgar F	iling: PETROE	BRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA	- Form 6-K	
(106)	(56)	(99)	Profit-sharing	(444)	(520)

(13,199) (2,363) 1,691 Net income (loss) before (8,824) 13,410 income taxes

3,335	(51)	924	Income taxes	1,321	(2,578)

	(9,864)	(2,414)	2,615	Net income (loss)	(7,503)	10,832
--	---------	---------	-------	-------------------	---------	--------

Net income (loss) attributable to:

(9,722)	(2,150)	2,760	Shareholders of Petrobras	(7,367)	11,094
---------	---------	-------	---------------------------	---------	--------

(142)	(264)	(145)	Non-controlling interests	(136)	(262)
-------	-------	-------	---------------------------	-------	-------

(9,864) (2,414) 2,615 (7,503) 10,832

²² Beginning in the 1Q-2014, a line item for profit sharing benefits has been included, as previously disclosed in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

²³ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

21

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Statement of Financial Position – Consolidated

ASSETS

Current assets

50,832 52,655

Cash and cash equivalents

16,655 15,868

Marketable securities

9,323 3,885

Trade and other receivables, net

7,969 9,670

Inventories

Recoverable taxes

3,811 4,971

Assets classified as held for sale	5	2,407
	÷	_,

Other current assets

1,603 1,629

Non-current assets

Long-term receivables

Trade and other receivables, net5,4374,532

Marketable securities

131

109

Judicial deposits

2,682 2,504

Deferred taxes

Other tax assets

4,008 5,380

Advances to suppliers

2,409 3,230

Other non-current assets

3,212 1,875

Investments

Property, plant and equipment

Intangible assets

Total assets

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities

31,118 35,226

Trade payables

9,760 11,919

Current debt

Taxes payable

Dividends payable

3,970

_

Employee compensation (payroll, profit-sharing and related charges) 2,066 2,052

Pension and medical benefits

796

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale –	1,073

Other current liabilities

2,301 2,429

Non-current liabilities

Non-current debt

120,274 106,308

Deferred taxes

Pension and medical benefits

16,491 11,757

Provision for decommissioning costs	8,267	7,133
	•,=•.	.,====

Provisions for legal proceedings 1,540 1,246

Other non-current liabilities

724

988

Shareholders' equity

Share capital (net of share issuance costs)107,101107,092

Profit reserves and others

9,171 41,435

Non-controlling interests

596

706

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Statement of Cash Flows – Consolidated

Jan-Dec

(9,722)(2,150)2,760Net income (loss)(7,367)11,094attributable to the
shareholders of Petrobras

15,607	12,503	1,974	(+) Adjustments for:	33,999	15,195
,	/	_/- · ·	(, ,	/	,

3,460	3,092	3,296	Depreciation, depletion and	13,023	13,188
			amortization		

1,161	1,148	1,158	Foreign exchange and inflation 3,571	3,167
			indexation and finance charges	

	(142)	(264)	(145)	Non-controlling interests	(136)	(262)
--	-------	-------	-------	---------------------------	-------	-------

212	(87)	(25)	Share of earnings in	(218)	(507)
			equity-accounted investments		

2,527	_	Write-off - overpayments	2,527	
		incorrectly capitalized		

_

547	1,738	52	Allowance for impairment of	2,378	73
			trade receivables		

(1,188) 1,794 (918) (Gains) / losses on disposal / 481 (1,745) write-offs of non-current assets, returned areas and cancelled projects

(4,011)	(48)	(1,469)	Deferred income taxes, net	(3,045)	402
---------	------	---------	----------------------------	---------	-----

309	752	551	Exploration expenditures	2,178	1,892
			writen-off		

16,695	134	544	Impairment of assets	16,823	544
--------	-----	-----	----------------------	--------	-----

530	274	190	Inventory write-down to net	1,015	580
			realizable value		

639	400	605	Pension and medical benefits	2,022	2,566
			(actuarial expense)		

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K								
467	2,175	88	Inventories	570	(2,128)			

(520)	(622)	(1,442)	Trade and other receivables,	(2,507)	(1,142)
			net		

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K (720) (575) 765 Trade payables (1,211) 1,108

(256)	(182)	(259)	Pension and medical benefits	(834)	(796)
-------	-------	-------	------------------------------	-------	-------

(1,133)	755	(46)	Taxes payable	(1,245)	(1,517)
(-//		(/		(-/ /	(-//

(443)	(508)	(971)	Other assets and liabilities	(1,393)	(228)
-------	-------	-------	------------------------------	---------	-------

5,885 10,353 4,734 (=) Net cash provided by 26,632 26,289 (used in) operating activities (6,670) (13,675) (8,092) (-) Net cash provided by (36,475) (35,625) (used in) investing activities

(8,717)	(8,848)	(14,105)	Capital expenditures and investments in operating	(34,750)	(45,163)
			segments		

3,160	133	1,756	Proceeds from disposal of	3,744	3,820
			assets (divestment)		

(1,113)	(4,960)	4,257	Divestments (investments) in	(5,469)	5,718
			marketable securities		

(785)	(3,322)	(3,358)	(=) Net cash flow	(9,843)	(9,336)
· ·	• • •	• • •		• • •	

(2,491) (2,230) 2,026 (-) Net cash provided by 11,008 13,295 (used in) financing activities

1,502	2,207	5,635	Proceeds from long-term	31,050	39,542
			financing		

(2,488)	(2,736)	(2,756)	Repayment of principal	(10,031)	(18,455)
---------	---------	---------	------------------------	----------	----------

(1,435) (1,	668) (880)	Repayment of interest	(5,995)	(5,066)
-------------	--------	------	-----------------------	---------	---------

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K							
6	(8)	(1)	Dividends paid to shareholders (3,918)	(2,656)				

(76)	(25)	28	Acquisition of non-controlling	(98)	(70)
			interest		

(315)	(599)	(446)	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash	(378)	(1,611)
			3		
			equivalents		

(3,591)	(6,151)	(1,778)	(=) Net increase (decrease) 787	2,348
			in cash and cash	
			equivalents in the period	

20,246	26,397	17,646	Cash and cash equivalents at	15,868	13,520
			the beginning of period		

16,655	20,246	15,868	Cash and cash equivalents at	16,655	15,868
			the end of period		

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

SEGMENT INFORMATION²⁴

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment – 2014²⁵

Sales revenues Intersegments Third parties Cost of sales Gross profit Expenses Selling, general and	65,116 500 (35,072) 30,544 (8,646)	112,320 39,251 73,069 (115,984) (3,664) (19,312)	1,695 16,187 (15,303) 2,579	238 28 (311) (45)	41,729 1,129 40,600 (38,495) 3,234 (2,448)	(12,829 1,083	_ _	(108,068) (108,068) - 108,517 449)227	-
administrative expenses Exploration costs Research and development	(440) (2,882)	(2,762) _	(2,551) —	(50) —	(2,253) —	(821) (176)	(2,935) _	229 _	(11,5 (3,05
expenses Other taxes Impairment of	(548) (52)	(192) (95)	(85) (124)	(15) —	(1) (12)	(1) (111)	(257) (366)		(1,09 (760)
assets Write-off - overpayments incorrectly	(2,133)	(12,782)	(117)	_	-	(1,791)	_	-	(16,8
capitalized	(804)	(1,398)	(266)	_	(9)	(9)	(41)	_	(2,52
Other income and expenses, net Net income (loss) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and		(2,083)	(164)	(2)	(173)	1,291	(2,373)	(2)	(5,29
income taxes		(22,976)	(728)	(112)	786	(535)	(5,972)	676	(6,96
Net finance income (expense) Share of earnings ir equity-accounted	_ 16	_ 120	_ 195	_ (53)	-	_ (63)	(1,635) 3	_ _	(1,63 218

investments Profit-sharing Net income (loss) before income	(150)	(127)	(20)	(1)	(26)	(10)	(110)	_	(444)
taxes	21,764	(22,983)	(553)	(166)	760	(608)	(7,714)	676	(8,82
Income taxes	(7,635)	7,569	163	39	(261)	(493)	2,168	(229)	1,321
Net income (loss)	14,129	(15,414)	(390)	(127)	499	(1,101)	(5,546)	447	(7,50
Net income (loss) attributable to: Shareholders of									
Petrobras Non-controlling	14,133	(15,405)	(410)	(127)	499	(1,145)	(5,359)	447	(7,36
interests	(4) 14,129	(9) (15,414)	20 (390)	_ (127)	_ 499	44 (1,101)	(187) (5,546)	_ 447	(136) (7,50

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment – 2013

Sales revenues	68,210 111,665 14,017 3	88 40,023	16,302 -	(109,143)141,
----------------	-------------------------	-----------	----------	---------------

Intersegments	67,096 37,375	1,191	324	995	2,162	_	(109,143) —

Third parties	1,114	74,290	12,826	64	39,028 14,140	141,4
---------------	-------	--------	--------	----	---------------	-------

Cost of sales (34,283)(120,043)(12,154) (466) (36,639) (14,212) – 108,963 (108,

Gross profit 33,927 (8,378) 1,863 (78) 3,384 2,090 – (180) 32	Gross profit	33,927 (8,378)	1,863	(78)	3,384	2,090	-	(180)	32,0
---	--------------	----------------	-------	------	-------	-------	---	-------	------

Expenses (4,129) (3,955) (1,162) (69) (2,048) (215) (4,932) 96 (16,4

Selling, general and (443) (3,150) (1,087) (55) (2,048) (860) (2,406) 163 (9,88 administrative expenses

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Exploration costs	(2,784) —	_	_	_	(175)	_	_	(2,95		

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Research and development expenses	(523)	(242)	(57)	(16)	(2)	(2)	(290)	-	(1,13	

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Other taxes	(238)	(166)	(81)	(1)	(15)	(141)	(138)	_	(780)	

Impairment of	(4)	_	_	_	_	(540) –	 (544)
assets							

_

_

_

_

_

Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

_

_

Other income and	(137)	(397)	63	3	17	1,503	(2,098) (67)	(1,11
expenses, net								

Net income (loss) 29,798 (12,333) 701 (147) 1,336 1,875 (4,932)(84) 16,22 before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net finance income –	_	_	_	_	_	(2,791) -	(2,79
(expense)							

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Share of earnings in 2 equity-accounted investments	73	243	(20)	2	174	33	_	507		

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Profit-sharing	(181)	(141)	(23)	(1)	(32)	(14)	(128)	_	(520)	

Net income (loss) 29,619 (12,401) 921 (168) 1,306 2,035 (7,818)(84) 13,42 before income taxes

Income taxes	(10,070)4,243	(230)	51	(443)	(246)	4,087	30	(2,57
--------------	---------------	-------	----	-------	-------	-------	----	-------

Net income (loss) 19,549 (8,158) 691 (117) 863 1,789 (3,731)(54) 10,83

Net income (loss) attributable to:

Shareholders of 19,523 (8,150) 631 (117) 863 1,729 (3,331) (54) 11,09 Petrobras

Non-controlling	26	(8)	60	_	_	60	(400) —	(262)
interests								

19,549 (8,158) 691 (117) 863 1,7	789 (3,731)(54) 10,8
----------------------------------	----------------------

²⁴ Beginning in 2014, management of Liquigás (a subsidiary) was allocated to the RTM segment (previously Distribution). Amounts previously reported for 2013 were restated for comparability purposes and the results previously attributable to the Distribution segment are now presented under the RTM segment, pursuant to the management and accountability premise adopted for the financial statements by business segment.

²⁵ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Other Income (Expenses) by Segment – 2014²⁶

Unscheduled stoppages and pre-operating									
expenses	(813)	(111)	(123)	-	-	(24)	(18)	_	(1,089)
Voluntary Separatior Incentive Plan - PIDV Pension and medical	' (415)	(211)	(64)	(5)	(67)	(9)	(264)	_	(1,035)
benefits - retirees Institutional relations	_	-	-	_	_	_	(1,030)	-	(1,030)
and cultural projects Gains / (losses) on decommissioning of returned/abandoned	(48)	(32)	(4)	_	(81)	(11)	(567)	-	(743)
areas	(443)	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	(443)
Collective bargaining agreement E&P areas returned) (176)	(96)	(17)	-	(25)	(5)	(121)	-	(440)
and cancelled projects Legal, administrative	(268) e	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(268)
and arbitration proceedings Health, safety and	136	(94)	-	-	(48)	(33)	(155)	_	(194)
environment Government grants Gains / (losses) on	(27) 9	(27) 33	(10) 8	_	_	(4) —	(75) 11		(143) 61
disposal/write-offs of assets Reimbursements from E&P	(251)	(1,479)	32	_	16	1,499	(30)	-	(213)
partnership operations Others Other Income (Ex		_ (66))(2,083) by Seg		_ 3 (2) 2013	_ 32 (173)	- (122) 1,291	– (124) (2,373	_ (2))(2)	360 (116) (5,293)

Unscheduled	(664) (109) (106)	_	_	(27)	(17)	_	(923)
stoppages and pre-operating							
expenses							

Pension and medical –	_	_	_	_	_	(900)	_	(900)
benefits - retirees								

Institutional relations (125) (38) (6) – (68) (14) (570) – (821) and cultural projects

Gains / (losses) on	58	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	58
decommissioning of									
returned/abandoned									
areas									

Collective bargaining (161) (91) (14) – (22) (5) (126) – (419) agreement

E&P areas returned	(19)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(19)
and cancelled									
projects									

Legal, administrative 189 (83) (5) – (28) (18) (324) – (269) and arbitration proceedings

Health, safety and (33) (75) (7) – – (15) (95) – (225) environment

Edgar	Filing	: PETF	ROBRAS -	PETROLE	O BRASILE	EIRO SA	- Form 6-	К	
Government grants	18	44	74	_	-	39	6	-	181

Gains / (losses) on 370 (57) 3 – 20 1,486 (58) – 1,764 disposal/write-offs of assets

Reimbursements 243 – – – (2) – – 241 from E&P partnership operations

E	dgar Filing: Pl	ETROBRA	S - PETR	OLEO BRASI	LEIRO S	A - Form 6	6-K	
Others	(13) 12	124	3	115	59	(14)	(67)	219

	(137)(397)63	3	17	1,503 (2,098)(67)	(1,113)
--	--------------	---	----	-------------------	---------

Consolidated Assets by Segment – 12.31.2014

Total assets	151,524	170,038	828,367	1,109	7,221	13,009	932,385	5(4,966)	298,687
Current assets Non-current	6,008	14,724	3,979	65	3,481	2,345	24,160	0(3,930)	50,832
assets	145,516	555,314	24,388	1,044	3,740	10,664	48,225	(1,036)	247,855
Long-term receivables Investments Property, plant	6,729 200	3,605 1,807	1,411 524	3 836	1,211 15	1,848 2,226	5,029 145	(973) —	18,863 5,753
and equipmen Operating		49,662	22,126	205	2,284	6,058	2,787	(63)	218,730
assets Assets under	99,313	40,940	17,868	189	1,730	3,716	2,094	(63)	165,787
construction Intangible	36,358	8,722	4,258	16	554	2,342	693	-	52,943
assets	2,916	240	327	_	230	532	264	_	4,509

Consolidated Assets by Segment – 12.31.2013

Total assets 152,70792,53427,703 1,196 7,254 18,12328,540(6,634) 321,423

Current 5,902 19,1413,864 77 2,380 5,089 21,643(5,441) 52,655 assets

Non-current 146,80573,39323,839 1,119 4,874 13,0346,897 (1,193) 268,768 assets

Long-term 6,251 4,411 1,853 2 2,229 1,987 3,168 (1,119) 18,782 receivables

	Edgar F	iling: PET	FROBRAS	- PETROL	EO BRASII	LEIRO SA	- Form	6-K	
Investments	94	2,318	749	895	6	2,511	93	_	6,666

Property, plant 126,716 66,522 20,882 222 2,350 7,971 3,312 (74) 227,901 and equipment

Operating 90,888 32,636 16,698 205 1,686 3,792 2,312 (74) 148,143 assets

Assets under	35,828	33,886 4,184	17	664	4,179	1,000	_	79,758
construction								

	Edgar F	iling: PE ⁻	TROBRAS	- PETROL	EO BRASI	LEIRO S	A - Form	6-K	
Intangible assets	13,744	142	355	-	289	565	324	_	15,419

²⁷ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Statement by Segment – Jan-Dec/2014

Net income (loss) Net finance	14,129	(15,414)	(390)	(127)	499	(1,101) (5,546)	447	(7,503)
income (expense Income taxes Depreciation, depletion and)— 7,635	_ (7,569)	_ (163)	_ (39)	_ 261	_ 493	1,635 (2,168)	_ 229	1,635 (1,321)
amortization	7,675	2,916	848	13	173	1,011	387	_	13,023
EBITDA	29,43	9(20,067)295	(153)	933	403	(5,692))676	5,834
Share of earnings in									
equity-accounted investments Impairment	(16)	(120)	(195)	53	-	63	(3)	-	(218)
losses / (reversals) Write-off - overpayments	2,133	12,782	117	-	-	1,791	-	-	16,823
incorrectly capitalized Adjusted	804	1,398	266	_	9	9	41	_	2,527
EBITDA	32,36	0(6,007)	483	(100)	942	2,266	(5,654))676	24,966

Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Statement by Segment – Jan-Dec/2013

Net income (loss) Net finance) 19,549	(8,158)	691	(117)	863	1,789	(3,731)	(54)	10,832
income (expense) —	_	_	_	_	_	2,791	_	2,791
Income taxes	10,070	(4,243)	230	(51)	443	246	(4,087)	(30)	2,578
Depreciation,	7,816	2,731	928	12	176	1,074	451	_	13,188
depletion and									

amortization EBITDA Share of earnings in	-	5(9,670)1,849	(156)	1,482	3,109	(4,576)(84)	29,389
equity-accounted investments Impairment losses /	(2)	(73)	(243)	20	(2)	(174)	(33)	-	(507)
(reversals) Write-off - overpayments incorrectly	4	-	-	-	-	540	-	-	544
capitalized Adjusted EBITDA	- 37,437	_ 7(9,743	_)1,606	- (136)	- 1,480	- 3,475	- (4,609	_)(84)	- 29,426

Reconciliation between Adjusted EBITDA and Net Income

Jan-Dec

	(9,864)	(2,414)	309	2,615	Net income (loss)	(7,503)	10,832	(169)
--	---------	---------	-----	-------	-------------------	---------	--------	-------

713	427	67	1,326	Net finance income	1,635	2,791	41
				(expense)			

(3,333) 31 $(0,033)$ (324) income taxes $(1,321)$ 2,370 (133)	(3,335)	51	(6,639)	(924)	Income taxes	(1,321) 2,578	(151)
---	---------	----	---------	-------	--------------	---------------	-------

3,460	3,092	12	3,296	Depreciation, depletion	13,023	13,188	(1)
				and amortization			

(9,026) 1,156 (881) 6,313 EBITDA 5,834 29,389	(80)
---	------

212	(87)	(344)	(25)	Share of earnings in equity-accounted investments	(218)	(507)	57
				investments			

16,695	134	12,359	544	Impairment losses /	16,823	544	_
				(reversals)			

_

2,527 (100) – Write-off - overpayments2,527 incorrectly capitalized

_

7,881	3,730	111	6,832	Adjusted EBITDA	24,966	29,426	(15)
-------	-------	-----	-------	-----------------	--------	--------	------

24	10	14	19	Adjusted EBITDA	17	21	(4)
				margin (%) ²⁷			

Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure defined in the International Financial Reporting Standards – IFRS. Our calcaulation may not be comparable to the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as a substitute for operational profit or as a better measure of liquidity than cash flow provided by operations, both of which are calculated in accordance with IFRS.

In 2014, the Company decided not to include write-offs of overpayments incorrectly capitalized in the calculation of the Adjusted EBITDA, because the Company's future cash generation and its current balance of cash and cash equivalents are not impacted by those adjustments. The Company believes excluding those write-offs provides a more appropriate information about its potential cash generation.

²⁷ Adjusted EBITDA margin equals Adjusted EBITDA divided by sales revenues.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

Consolidated Income Statement for International Segment

Income Statement - Jan-Dec 2014

Sales revenues

3,000 7,406 490 5,167 23 (2,174) 13,912

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
---	--

Intersegments	1,234	1,528	34	2	15	(2,174) 639
······································	_/ :	_/				(=,=::, ===

Third parties	1 766	5 878	456	5,165	8	_	13,273
millu parties	1,700	5,676	450	5,105	0	_	15,275

Net income (loss) before 185 (556) 71 96 (327) (4) (535) finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

 Net income (loss)
 (413)
 (474)
 92
 82
 (428)
 (4)
 (1,145)

 attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras
 shareholders
 shareholder Income Statement - Jan-Dec 2013

Sales revenues

4,134 8,633 556 5,223 7 (2,251) 16,302

Intersegments	2,382	1,982	37	7	5	(2,251) 2,162
incersegnienes	2,302	1,502	57	,	5	(2,231) 2,102

Third parties

1,752 6,651 519 5,216 2 -

14,140

Net income (loss) before 2,030 (22) 66 105 (303) (1) 1,875 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net income (loss)	1,644	(12)	68	92	(62)	(1)	1,729
attributable to the							
shareholders of Petrobras							

Consolidated Assets for International Segment

 Total assets on December
 9,623
 1,861
 472
 940
 1,230
 (1,117)
 13,009
 31, 2014

Total assets on December 13,6562,652 602 1,085 1,970 (1,842) 18,123 31, 2013

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Income Statement - Consolidated^{28 29}

Jan-Sep

38,84436,91033,955Sales revenues110,248105,869

	(29,859)	(28,470)	(26,867)	Cost of sales	(84,717)	(80,525)
--	----------	----------	----------	---------------	----------	----------

	8,985	8,440	7,088	Gross profit	25,531	25,344
--	-------	-------	-------	--------------	--------	--------

(2,959) (1,243) (1,251) Selling expenses (5,356)	(3,634)
--	---------

(1,190)	(1,157)	(1,224)	General and administrative	(3,430)	(3,713)
			expenses		

(1,017) (808) (968) Exploration costs (2,471) (2,1	(1,017)	(808)	(968)	Exploration costs	(2,471)	(2,193)
--	---------	-------	-------	-------------------	---------	---------

(292)	(270)	(258)	Research and development	(812)	(882)
			expenses		

(2+3) $(1+0)$ (30) Other (0.05) (321) (321) (321)	(243)	(140)	(96)	Other taxes	(521)	(328)
---	-------	-------	------	-------------	-------	-------

(2,527)	_	_	Write-off - overpayments	(2,527)	_
			incorrectly capitalized		

(2,724)	(853)	(790)	Other income and expenses, net (5,209)	(1,471)
---------	-------	-------	--	---------

(10,952) (4,471) (4,587) (20,326) (12,	(10,952)	(4,471)	(4,587)		(20,326)	(12,221)
--	----------	---------	---------	--	----------	----------

(1,967) 3,969 2,501 Net income (loss) before 5,205 13,123 finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit-sharing and income taxes

	Edga	r Filing: PETR	OBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILE	IRO SA - Form 6-K	
516	340	527	Finance income	1,297	1,453

	(1,003)	(1,006)	(542)	Finance expenses	(2,791)	(1,761)
--	---------	---------	-------	------------------	---------	---------

60	244	(431)	Foreign exchange and inflation indexation charges	572	(1,157)

(427)	(422)	(446)	Net finance income (expense)	(922)	(1,465)
-------	-------	-------	------------------------------	-------	---------

87	122	216	Share of earnings in	430	482
			equity-accounted investments		

	Edgar	Filing: PETRO	OBRAS - PETROLEO BRASII	LEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
(56)	(140)	(100)	Profit-sharing	(338)	(421)

(2,363) 3,529 2,171 Net income (loss) before 4,375 11,719 income taxes

(51)	(1,200)	(623)	Income taxes	(2,014)	(3,502)

	(2,414)	2,329	1,548	Net income (loss)	2,361	8,217
--	---------	-------	-------	-------------------	-------	-------

Net income (loss) attributable to:

(2,150)	2,225	1,484	Shareholders of Petrobras	2,355	8,334
---------	-------	-------	---------------------------	-------	-------

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
---	--

(204) 104 04 Non-controlling interests 0 (117)	(264)	104	64	Non-controlling interests	6	(117)
--	-------	-----	----	---------------------------	---	-------

(2,414)	2,329	1,548	2,361	8,217

²⁸ Beginning in the 1Q-2014, a line item for profit sharing benefits has been included, as previously disclosed in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

²⁹ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

28

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Statement of Financial Position – Consolidated

ASSETS

Current assets

58,322 52,655

Cash and cash equivalents

20,246 15,868

Marketable securities

8,435 3,885

Trade and other receivables, net

8,792 9,670

Inventories

Recoverable taxes

3,510 4,971

Assets classified as held for sale

2,061 2,407

Other current assets

2,044 1,629

Non-current assets

Long-term receivables

Trade and other receivables, net5,1854,532

Marketable securities

120 131

Judicial deposits

2,750 2,504

Deferred taxes

992 1,130

Other tax assets

4,582 5,380

Advances to suppliers

2,956 3,230

Other non-current assets

2,948 1,875

Investments

Property, plant and equipment

Intangible assets

Total assets

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities

34,560 35,226

Trade payables

11,284 11,919

Current debt

Taxes payable

Dividends payable

3,970

_

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

Employee compensation (payroll, profit-sharing and related charges) 3,235 2,052

Pension and medical benefits

897

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K		
Liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	241	1,073

Other current liabilities

2,087 2,429

Non-current liabilities

Non-current debt

123,811 106,308

Deferred taxes

8,944 9,906

Pension and medical benefits

16,722 11,757

Provision for decommissioning costs	6,526	7,133
5		•

Provisions for legal proceedings 1,623 1,246

Other non-current liabilities

724

936

Shareholders' equity

Share capital (net of share issuance costs)107,101107,092

Profit reserves and others

32,157 41,435

Non-controlling interests

596

438

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Statement of Cash Flows Data – Consolidated

Jan-Sep

(2,150) 2,225 1,484 Net income (loss) 2,355 8,334 attributable to the shareholders of Petrobras

12,503	4,188	4,790	(+) Adjustments for:	18,392	13,221
	.,	.,	(·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,

3,092	3,458	3,320	Depreciation, depletion and	9,563	9,892
			amortization		

1,148	663	886	Foreign exchange and inflation 2,410	2,009
			indexation and finance charges	

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K

(264)	104	64	Non-controlling interests	6	(117)
-------	-----	----	---------------------------	---	-------

(87)	(122)	(216)	Share of earnings in	(430)	(482)
			equity-accounted investments		

2,527	_	-	Write-off - overpayments incorrectly capitalized	2,527	-
			incorrectly capitalized		

1,738	79	21	Allowance for impairment of	1,831	21
			trade receivables		

1,794	122	(150)	(Gains) / losses on disposal /	1,669	(827)
			write-offs of non-current asset	S	

(48)	724	201	Deferred income taxes, net	966	1,788
------	-----	-----	----------------------------	-----	-------

752	670	736	Exploration expenditures	1,869	1,341
			writen-off		

408	88	159	Impairment of property, plant	613
			and equipment and other	
			assets	

400	543	595	Pension and medical benefits	1,383	1,961
			(actuarial expense)		

2,175	(1.027)	(1,383)	Inventories	103	(2,216)
2,1,5	(1,027)	(1,505)	Inventories	105	(2,210)

(622)	(287)	(82)	Trade and other receivables,	(1,987)	300
			net		

	Edga	r Filing: PETR	OBRAS - PETROLEO BRASIL	EIRO SA - Form 6-K	
(575)	289	371	Trade payables	(491)	343

(182)	(254)	(152)	Pension and medical benefits	(578)	(537)
-------	-------	-------	------------------------------	-------	-------

	Edgar	Filing: PETRC	OBRAS - PETROLEO BR	ASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K	
755	(328)	(175)	Taxes payable	(112)	(1,388)

(508)	(534)	595	Other assets and liabilities	(950)	743
-------	-------	-----	------------------------------	-------	-----

10,353 6,413 6,274 (=) Net cash provided by 20,747 21,555 (used in) operating activities (13,675) (7,590) (8,561) (-) Net cash provided by (29,805) (27,533) (used in) investing activities

(8,848)	(8,584)	(10,640)	Capital expenditures and investments in operating	(26,033)	(31,058)
			segments		

133	83	522	Proceeds from disposal of	584	2,064
			assets (divestment)		

(4,960)	911	1,557	Investments in marketable	(4,356)	1,461
			securities		

(3,322)	(1,177)	(2,287)	(=) Net cash flow	(9,058)	(5,978)

(2,230) (2,838) (2,926) (-) Net cash provided by 13,499 11,269 (used in) financing activities

2,207	4,538	4,235	Proceeds from long-term	29,548	33,907
			financing		

(2,736) (2,21	.2) (4,140)	Repayment of principal	(7,543)	(15,699)
---------------	-------------	------------------------	---------	----------

(1,668) (1,297)	(1,752)	Repayment of interest	(4,560)	(4,186)
-----------------	---------	-----------------------	---------	---------

(25)	49	-	Acquisition of non-controlling	(22)	(98)
			interest		

(599)	157	(272)	Effect of exchange rate	(63)	(1,165)
			changes on cash and cash		
			equivalents		

(6,151) (3,858) (5,485) (=) Net increase (decrease) 4,378 4,126 in cash and cash equivalents in the period

26,397	30,255	23,131	Cash and cash equivalents at	15,868	13,520
			the beginning of period		

20,246	26,397	17,646	Cash and cash equivalents at	20,246	17,646
			the end of period		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Consolidated debt

Current debt ³⁰	11,523	8,017	44
Non-current debt ³¹	123,811	106,308	16
Total	135,334	114,325	18
Cash and cash equivalents	20,246	15,868	28
Government securities and time deposits (maturity of more	2		
than 3 months)	8,419	3,878	117
Adjusted cash and cash equivalents	28,665	19,746	45
Net debt ³²	106,669	94,579	13
Net debt/(net debt+shareholders' equity)	43%	39%	4
Total net liabilities ³³	304,153	301,677	1
Capital structure			
(Net third parties capital / total net liabilities)	54%	51%	3
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA ratio	4.68	3.21	46

Summarized information on financing

Floating rate debt

69,177 59,109 17

Fixed rate debt

Total

135,251 114,236 18

Reais

25,739 22,825 13

US Dollars

Other	currencies

4,162 3,237 29

Total

135,251 114,236 18

2014	5 423	8,001	(32)
2011	5,125	0,001	(32)

7,911 7,266 9

12,819 12,692 1

12,156 8,679 40

18,367 16,051 14

2019 and thereafter

78,575 61,547 28

Total

135,251 114,236 18

As of September 30, 2014, net debt in U.S. dollars was 13% higher when compared to December 31, 2013, resulting from long-term funding sources, partially offset by a 4.6% impact from the depreciation of the Real against the U.S. dollar.

³⁰ Includes finance lease obligations (Current debt: US\$ 16 million on September 30, 2014 and US\$16 million on December 31, 2013).

³¹ Includes finance lease obligations (Non-current debt: US\$ 67 million on September 30, 2014 and US\$73 million on December 31, 2013).

³² Net debt is not a measure defined in the International Standards -IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for total long-term debt calculated in accordance with IFRS. Our calculation of net debt may not be comparable to the calculation of net debt by other companies. Management believes that net debt is an appropriate supplemental measure that helps investors assess our liquidity and supports leverage management.

³³ Total liabilities net of adjusted cash and cash equivalents.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

SEGMENT INFORMATION³⁴

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment – Jan-Sep/2014⁵

Sales revenues Intersegments Third parties Cost of sales Gross profit Expenses Selling, general and administrative	51,510 325 (26,503) 25,332 (5,122)	86,649 30,267 56,382)(91,682) (5,033) (5,856)	1,601	167 25) (230) (38)	31,827 880 30,947 (29,231) 2,596 (2,072)	11,005 589 10,416 (9,854) 1,151 (673)	_	(84,596) (84,596) – 84,518 (78))170	-
expenses Exploration costs Research and development	(276) (2,354)	(2,293) —	(1,886) —	(36) —	(1,925) —	(590) (117)	(1,952) —	172 -	(8,786) (2,471)
expenses Other taxes Write-off - overpayments incorrectly	(414) (32)	(138) (72)	(63) (85)	(11) _	_ (9)	_ (77)	(186) (246)	-	(812) (521)
capitalized Other income and	(804)	(1,398)	(266)	-	(9)	(9)	(41)	_	(2,527)
expenses, net Net income (loss) before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and	l	(1,955)	(208)	(5)	(129)	120	(1,788)	(2)	(5,209)
income taxes	20,210	(10,889))(907)	(90)	524	478	(4,213))92	5,205

Net finance income (expense) Share of earnings in	- 1	-	_	-	_	-	(922)	_	(922)
equity-accounted investments	(4)	137	162	(42)	_	174	3	_	430
Profit-sharing	(116)	(94)	(16)	— —	(20)	(8)	(84)	_	(338)
Net income (loss)									
before income									
taxes	20,090	(10,846))(761)	(132)	504	644	(5,216))92	4,375
Income taxes	(7,104)		223	31	(174)	(176)	•	(31)	(2,014)
Net income (loss) Net income (loss) attributable to: Shareholders of	12,986	(7,588)	(538)	(101)	330	468	(3,257))61	2,361
Petrobras Non-controlling	12,989	(7,582)	(549)	(101)	330	400	(3,193)	61	2,355
interests	(3) 12,986	(6) (7,588)	11 (538)	_ (101)	_ 330	68 468	(64) (3,257)	_)61	6 2,361

Consolidated Income Statement by Segment – Jan-Sep/2013

Sales revenues	50 714 83 383	11 008 311	29 945	12,289 -	(81,781)105,86
Sales levellues	JU,/14 0J,J0J	11,000 311	23,343	12,209 -	(01,/01)103,00

Intersegments	49,937	28,053	911	261	772	1,847	_	(81,781) —

Third parties	777	55,330	10,097	50	29,173	10,442	_	_	105,869
inna paraeo		00,000	20,007		20,270	±0,112			100,000

Cost of sales (25,471)(89,281)(9,312) (383) (27,357) (10,523) - 81,802 (80,525)

Gross profit	25,243 (5,898) 1,696	(72)	2,588	1,766	-	21	25,344
--------------	----------------------	------	-------	-------	---	----	--------

Expenses (3,284) (2,828) (848) (56) (1,499) (7) (3,827) 128 (12,221

Selling, general and (321) (2,372) (799) (41) (1,500) (641) (1,794) 121 (7,347) administrative expenses

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Exploration costs	(2,073)	_	-	-	-	(120)	-	-	(2,193)	

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Research and development expenses	(442)	(162)	(42)	(19)	(1)	(2)	(214)	-	(882)	

	Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Other taxes	(34)	(53)	(61)	(1)	(11)	(105)	(63)	_	(328)		

_

_

_

_

_

_

_

Write-off overpayments incorrectly capitalized

Other income and	(414)	(241)	54	5	13	861	(1,756) 7	(1,471)
expenses, net								

Net income (loss) 21,959 (8,726) 848 (128) 1,089 1,759 (3,827)149 13,123 before finance income (expense), share of earnings in equity-accounted investments, profit sharing and income taxes

Net finance income –	_	_	_	_	_	(1,465) —	(1,465)
(expense)							

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K											
Share of earnings in 2 equity-accounted investments	80	132	(18)	1	287	(2)	-	482			

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K											
Profit-sharing	(151)	(108)	(19)	_	(25)	(10)	(108)	_	(421)		

Net income (loss) 21,810 (8,754) 961 (146) 1,065 2,036 (5,402) 149 11,719 before income taxes

Income taxes	(7,414) 3,006	(281)	44	(362)	(535)	2,090	(50)	(3,502)
--------------	---------------	-------	----	-------	-------	-------	------	---------

Net income (loss) attributable to:

Shareholders of	14,369	(5,748)	636	(102)	703	1,448	(3,071) 99	8,334
Petrobras								

Non-controlling	27	_	44	_	_	53	(241)	_	(117)
interests									

14,396 (5,748)680	(102)	703	1,501	(3,312)99	8,217
14,330 (3,740) 000	(102)	705	1,301	(3,312)33	0,21

³⁵ Beginning in 2014, the amount of inventory write-downs to net realizable value (market value) was reclassified from Other Income and Expenses to Cost of Sales. The amounts for 2013 were reclassified for comparison purposes.

³⁴ Beginning in 2014, management of Liquigás (a subsidiary) was allocated to the RTM segment (previously Distribution). Amounts previously reported for 2013 were restated for comparability purposes and the results previously attributable to the Distribution segment are now presented under the RTM segment, pursuant to the management and accountability premise adopted for the financial statements by business segment.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Other Income and Expenses, Net by Segment – Jan-Sep/2014³⁶

Gains / (losses) or disposal/write-offs	5								
of assets Voluntary Separation Incentive Plan -	(223)	(1,466)	81	_	13	194	(46)	_	(1,447)
PIDV Unscheduled stoppages and	(421)	(210)	(64)	(5)	(67)	(9)	(264)	-	(1,040)
pre-operating expenses Pension and medical benefits -	(672)	(19)	(72)	-	-	(14)	(14)	_	(791)
retirees Institutional relations and	_	-	-	-	-	-	(656)	-	(656)
cultural projects Collective bargaining	(36)	(23)	(3)	_	(57)	(6)	(459)	_	(584)
agreement E&P areas returned and	(175)	(99)	(19)	-	(25)	(5)	(112)	-	(435)
cancelled projects	; (222)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(222)
Impairment	- -	_	(134)	_	_	6	_	_	(128)
Health, safety and	k		,						ι, γ
environment Legal, administrative and	(21)	(22)	(7)	_	_	(3)	(58)	-	(111)
arbitration	u								
proceedings Government	159	(60)	(10)	-	(40)	(14)	(109)	-	(74)
grants	7	25	11	_	_	_	9	_	52
Reimbursements from E&P partnership	237	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	237

Other Income and Expenses, Net by Segment – Jan-Sep/2013

Gains / (losses) on 49 (44) (2) – 20 806 (2) – 827 disposal/write-offs of assets

Unscheduled	(366) (23)	(84)	_	_	(23)	(10)	_	(506)
stoppages and								
pre-operating								
expenses								

Pension and	_	_	_	_	_	_	(682) —	(682)
medical benefits -								
retirees								

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K										
Institutional relations and cultural projects	(90)	(28)	(4)	_	(31)	(10)	(395)	_	(558)	

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K											
Collective bargaining agreement	(157) (78)	(15)	-	(22)	(5)	(105)	-	(382)			

_

_

_

_

_

_

_

_

Impairment

Health, safety and (24) (67) (5) – – (13) (75) – (184) environment

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K Legal, (33) (47) (4) – (31) (12) (416) – (543) administrative and arbitration proceedings

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K								
Government grants 14	25	17	_	_	40	2	_	98

Reimbursements 190 – – – – (2) – – 188 from E&P partnership operations

Edgar Filing: PETROBRAS - PETROLEO BRASILEIRO SA - Form 6-K									
Others	3	21	151	5	77	80	(73)	7	271

(414)(241)54 5 13 861	. (1,756)7 (1,471)
-----------------------	--------------------

Consolidated Assets by Segment – 09.30.2014

Total assets 159,24690,75127,690 1,121 9,351 16,69534,053(6,089) 332,818