

GOLD FIELDS LTD  
Form 6-K  
January 26, 2007



**FORM 6-K**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**  
**Report of Foreign Private Issuer**  
**Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16**  
**of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the month of January 2007

Commission File Number 1-31318

**Gold Fields Limited**

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

24 St. Andrews Rd.

Parktown, 2193

South Africa

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F..x... Form 40-F.....

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): \_\_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): \_\_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes ..... No ..x...

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82- \_\_\_\_\_





**QUARTER ENDED  
31 DECEMBER 2006**

**News release**

**Q2 F2007 results**

**- Unaudited -**

**we deliver**

Operating profit maintained at R2 billion (US\$270 million) generating bottom line earnings of R767 million (US\$104 million)

**JOHANNESBURG. 25 January 2007** – Gold Fields Limited (NYSE & JSE: GFI) today announced net earnings for the December 2006 quarter of R767 million compared with R698 million in the September 2006 quarter and R284 million for the December quarter of 2005. In US dollar terms net earnings for the December 2006 quarter were US\$104 million compared with US\$98 million in the September 2006 quarter and US\$44 million for the December quarter of 2005. Net earnings excluding gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign debt net of cash and exceptional items were R564 million (US\$76 million) for the December 2006 quarter compared with R702 million (US\$99 million) for the September 2006 quarter.

December 2006 quarter highlights:

- Attributable gold production increased by 10,000 ounces to 1,015,000 ounces;
- Acquisition of Barrick Gold Corporation’s 50 per cent interest in South Deep completed – effective date 1 December 2006. Financed by bridging finance of R8.6 billion (US\$1.2 billion) and the issue of 18,701,944 Gold Fields shares worth R2.3 billion (US\$325 million);
- As at 18 January 2007, Gold Fields had received acceptances in respect of approximately 95.6 per cent of the issued share capital of Western Areas. This was financed by the issue of 43,920,023 Gold Fields shares to shareholders of Western Areas. Step is being taken to increase this to 100 per cent with the “squeeze out provisions” of the Companies Act;
- South African Government formally approved the conversion of Driefontein, Kloof and Beatrix old order mining licenses into new order mining licenses;
- Tarkwa announced US\$175 million (R1.25 billion) mill and heap leach expansion projects;
- Interim dividend declared of 90 SA cents per share payable on 19 February 2007. Ian Cockerill, Chief Executive Officer of Gold Fields, said:  
“Overall the Group’s performance for the December quarter was steady with production being largely as expected with the exception of Kloof which had a disappointing quarter. Given the cost escalations being experienced in the mining industry, our efforts in controlling costs in this challenging environment are satisfying.

The two significant achievements during the quarter under review have been the conversion of the mining rights for all three of our South African operations and our acquisition of the South Deep Gold Mine. While both of these achievements are cornerstones for the future of our company in South Africa, much work remains to be done. While our new order mining rights have now been approved, transformation is an ongoing imperative and Gold Fields is

committed to achieving the targets which it has set itself in this regard.

The integration of South Deep into Gold Fields is of the highest priority. We are analyzing the existing South Deep mine plan and feasibility study, and will be ramping up the production profile of this mine, to achieve its very significant potential.”

**Stock data**

**JSE Limited – (GFI)**

Number of shares in issue

Range - Quarter

**ZAR119.40 – ZAR143.25**

- at end December 2006

**551,527,036**

Average Volume - Quarter **2,200,535 shares / day**

- average for the quarter

**517,356,586**

**NYSE – (GFI)**

Free Float

**100%**

Range - Quarter

**US\$16.37 – US\$19.48**

ADR Ratio

**1:1**

Average Volume - Quarter **1,823,989 shares / day**

Bloomberg / Reuters

**GFISJ / GFLJ.J**







1  
I

## **GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

### **Health and safety**

We regret to report three fatal injuries during the December quarter all of which occurred at the South African operations. Two of the accidents were tramming related and the third a fall of ground. The fatal injury frequency rate for the December quarter was 0.08 per million man hours worked, an improvement on the previous quarter's figure of 0.25. The lost time injury frequency rate improved from 13.15 to 10.37, the serious injury frequency rate improved from 7.1 to 5.4 and the days lost frequency rate improved from 414 to 325 per million man hours worked.

Management is continuing to actively seek improvements to meet the Ontario safety standards on all of our mines. Behavioural based interventions continue at all operations in the group.

### **Financial review**

Quarter ended 31 December 2006 compared with quarter ended 30 September 2006

#### **Revenue**

Attributable gold production increased by 1 per cent from 1,005,000 ounces in the September 2006 quarter to 1,015,000 ounces in the December quarter. Attributable production at the South African operations increased marginally from 649,000 ounces to 652,000 ounces in the December quarter. Attributable production at the international operations increased 2 per cent from 356,000 ounces to 363,000 ounces.

The marginal increase of gold production at the South African operations over the previous quarter was primarily due to the inclusion of South Deep, which produced 24,500 attributable ounces as from the effective date of acquisition of 1 December 2006. Production at Driefontein decreased as a result of lower underground tonnages driven by re-planning at 4 shaft where volumes have been reduced by 40 per cent. Gold production at Kloof decreased on the back of lower yields caused by a lower mine call factor. Beatrix's gold production was consistent quarter on quarter, with lower volumes offset by higher yields.

At the international operations, all mines had an increase in gold production, other than the Agnew mine in Australia. Gold production at Tarkwa was higher than the September quarter due to record throughput and higher CIL yields. Damang's gold production increased on the back of increased fresh ore tonnages from the Damang and Juno 2 South West (J2SW) open pits. Choco 10 delivered increased production, but strike action early in December, a SAG mill shutdown and water shortages all adversely affected production. Water

shortages will continue into the coming quarter and the ongoing strategy of reducing reliance on rain water is being advanced. At St

Ives the marginal increase in gold production came from increased throughput and yields from the Lefroy mill and improvements from the heap leach facility. At Agnew, gold production decreased by 10 per cent for the quarter as a result of a 15 per cent reduction in underground volumes. Underground volumes were affected by restricted access due to poor ground conditions and the late commissioning of the paste fill plant which affected fill placement. This was partly offset by increased volumes from Songvang.

The average quarterly US dollar gold price decreased from US\$622 per ounce in the September quarter to US\$609 per ounce this quarter, a 2 per cent decrease. The average rand/US dollar exchange rate weakened by 4 per cent quarter on quarter, averaging R7.38, compared with R7.10 in the September quarter. As a result of the weaker rand, the rand gold price increased from R142,035 per kilogram to R144,485 per kilogram, a 2 per cent improvement.

The increase in the rand gold price achieved and higher production resulted in revenue increasing in rand terms from R4,732 million (US\$667 million) to R4,854 million (US\$658 million) quarter on quarter.

#### **Operating costs**

During financial 2006 a pro-forma total cash cost for the South African operations was provided in addition to the actual disclosed total cash cost. This pro-forma cash cost was calculated on the basis that Ore Reserve Development (ORD) was, like our peers, capitalised to the Balance Sheet. As from 1 July 2006 the Group accounting policy has changed; ORD is now and has retrospectively been capitalised, with the resultant assets being amortised on a units of production basis – see page 10 for further details. As a result, all prior year and quarterly results in this report have been restated in line with this policy.

Operating costs for December 2006, amounted to R2,975 million (US\$403 million) compared with R2,764 million (US\$389 million) in the September quarter, an increase of 8 per cent. The increase at the South African operations amounted to 9 per cent, from R1,644 million (US\$232 million) to R1,795 million (US\$244 million). Of the R151 million (US\$12 million) increase, R113 million (US\$16 million) is due to the inclusion of South Deep as from 1 December 2006. The increase at the remaining South African operations amounted to R38 million or 2 per cent quarter on quarter. Driefontein increased by R11 million due (US\$2 million) to additional equipping and opening-up, together with additional secondary support in haulages. Kloof increased by R14 million (US\$2 million) due to increased volumes mined and processed. Beatrix also increased by R14 million (US\$2 million) due to additional equipping and maintenance, together with additional shifts worked to reduce the impact of the Christmas break.

#### **South African Rand**

Salient features

#### **United States Dollars**

Six months to  
Quarter

**Quarter**  
**Six months to**

Restated~

Dec

2005

**Dec**

**2006**

Restated~

Dec

2005

Sept

2006

**Dec**

**2006**

**Dec**

**2006**

Sept

2006

Restated~

Dec

2005

**Dec**

**2006**

Restated~

Dec

2005

63,234

**62,842**

32,342

31,262

**31,580** kg

Gold produced\*

oz (000)

**1,015**

1,005

1,040

**2,020**

2,033

66,619

**81,793**

66,054

79,862

**83,707** R/kg

Total cash costs

\$/oz

**353**

350

315

**351**

318

23,977

**25,967**

12,089

12,858

**13,109** 000

Tons milled

000

**13,109**

12,858

12,089

**25,967**

23,977

96,526 **143,265** 101,184 142,035 **144,485** R/kg

Revenue

\$/oz

**609**

622

482

**615**

460

193

**221**

194

215

**227** R/ton

Operating costs

\$/ton

**31**

30

30

**31**

30

1,888

**3,956**

1,150

1,987

**1,969** Rm

Operating profit

\$m

**267**

280

176

**546**

290

29

**41**

33

42

**41** %

Operating margin

%

**41**

42  
33  
**41**  
29  
349  
**1,465**  
284  
698  
**767** Rm  
\$m  
**104**  
98  
44  
**202**  
53  
71  
**289**  
58  
141  
**148** SA c.p.s.  
Net earnings  
US c.p.s.  
**20**  
20  
9  
**40**  
11  
345  
**1,454**  
283  
692  
**762** Rm  
\$m  
**103**  
98  
43  
**201**  
53  
70  
**287**  
57  
140  
**147** SA c.p.s.  
Headline earnings  
US c.p.s.  
**20**  
20  
9  
**40**  
11  
366

**1,265**

297

702

**564 Rm**

\$m

**76**

99

46

**175**

56

74

**250**

60

142

**108 SA c.p.s.**

Net earnings

excluding gains and

losses on financial

instruments and

foreign debt net of

cash and

exceptional items

US c.p.s.

**15**

20

9

**35**

11

\* Attributable – All companies wholly owned except for Ghana (71.1%), Choco 10 (95%) and South Deep (91.95%).

~ Change in accounting policy – Ore Reserve Development (ORD) costs are capitalised and amortised.







**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**I  
2

Costs at the international operations, including gold-in-process (GIP) movements, amounted to R1,112 million (US\$151 million), compared with R1,101 million (US\$155 million) incurred in the September quarter. In dollar terms this is a 3 per cent decrease in costs despite the increase in gold production. In dollar terms, including GIP, costs at Tarkwa decreased reflecting an increase in GIP inventory partly offset by the cost of on-mine power generation in line with the national load shedding requirements, included for the full quarter compared with only one month's power costs included in the September quarter. Costs at Tarkwa were also impacted by an increase in fleet maintenance costs as forecast. At Damang, operating costs increased due to the additional power costs and increased production from the pits. Operating costs at Choco 10 increased as a result of the increased production. At St Ives, operating costs in Australian dollar terms including GIP, decreased by 10 per cent reflecting a decrease in the waste normalisation charge following completion of mining at the Mars and Agamemnon open pits early in the December quarter. Waste is accounted for over the life of a pit on a per unit ounce rate basis. Agnew reported similar costs quarter on quarter.

**Effect of capitalising Ore Reserve Development (ORD) on unit costs**

Ore Reserve Development has been capitalised in the December and September 2006 quarter's results and retrospectively in the comparative results in this report. This brings its accounting treatment in line with our peers and is the preferred methodology for accounting for ORD in the industry. The impact of the capitalisation is given in the tables at the bottom of page 16 (impact on total cash costs) and page 21 (impact on cost per ton milled).

**Operating margin**

The net effect of the changes in revenue and costs, after taking into account gold-in-process movements, was an operating profit of R1,969 million (US\$267 million). This is 1 per cent below the R1,987 million (US\$280 million) achieved in the September quarter. The Group operating margin was virtually unchanged at 41 per cent. The margin at the South African operations decreased from 43 per cent to 39 per cent, while the margin at the international operations increased from 41 per cent to 43 per cent, in line with the lower costs and increased production.

**Amortisation**

Amortisation increased from R681 million (US\$96 million) in the September quarter to R745 million (US\$101 million) in the December quarter. There was a marginal increase at the International operations in dollar terms (R32 million in rand terms). The balance of R32 million is at the South African operations with R9 million of this at South Deep for the month of December.

**Other**

Net interest and investment income decreased from an income of R17 million (US\$2 million) in the September quarter to net interest paid of

R27 million (US\$4 million) this quarter. This change reflects interest of R32 million (US\$4 million) paid on loans to finance the South Deep acquisition and lower interest received due to an average lower cash balance quarter on quarter.

The gain on foreign debt, net of cash, of R264 million (US\$36 million), compares with a loss of R3 million (US\$1 million) in the September quarter. The December quarter's gain consists largely of an unrealised exchange gain on the US\$1.2 billion loan raised to finance the acquisition of 50 per cent of the South Deep mine amounting to R223 million (US\$30 million), and exchange gains on the translation of the Western Areas gold derivative and deferred premium of R42 million (US\$6 million) and R15 million (US\$2 million) respectively. This was partly offset by an unrealised exchange loss of R13 million (US\$2 million) relating to a US dollar denominated insurance receivable at South Deep.

The loss on financial instruments doubled from R9 million (US\$1 million) to R19 million (US\$3 million) for the December quarter. This quarter's loss comprises marked to market losses on the Western Areas options and deferred premium of R44 million (US\$6 million), R21 million (US\$3 million) on the US dollar / Rand forward purchase, and R2 million (US\$0.3 million) on the diesel hedge taken out in Ghana. This was offset by marked to market gains on share warrants of R28 million (US\$4 million), R18 million (US\$3 million) on gold purchases effected by Western Areas and R2 million (US\$0.3 million) on the US dollar / Australia dollar call options.

#### **Exploration**

Exploration expenditure in rand terms was virtually unchanged at R65 million (US\$9 million) quarter on quarter. Please refer to the Exploration and Corporate Development section for more detail.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the quarter amounted to R480 million (US\$65 million) compared with R464 million (US\$65 million) in the September quarter. The tax provision includes normal and deferred taxation on all operations together with government royalties at the international operations.

#### **Earnings**

Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders amounted to R767 million (US\$104 million) or 148 SA cents per share (US\$0.20 per share), compared with R698 million (US\$98 million) or 141 SA cents per share (US\$0.20 per share) in the previous quarter and represents an increase of 10 per cent.

Headline earnings i.e. earnings less the after tax effect of asset sales, impairments and the sale of investments, was R762 million (US\$103 million) or 147 SA cents per share (US\$0.20 per share), compared with earnings of R692 million (US\$98 million) or 140 SA cents per share (US\$0.20 per share) last quarter.

Earnings excluding exceptional items as well as net gains and losses

on financial instruments and foreign debt net of cash amounted to R564 million (US\$76 million) or 108 SA cents per share (US\$0.15 per share), compared with earnings of R702 million (US\$99 million) or 142 SA cents per share (US\$0.20 per share) reported last quarter. The decrease in these earnings is mainly due to the after tax effect of increases in amortisation of R45 million (US\$6 million), sundry costs and royalties of R32 million (US\$4 million), a decrease in interest and investment income of R42 million (US\$6 million) and a decrease in operating profit of R12 million (US\$2 million).

**Cash flow**

Cash flow from operating activities for the quarter was R1,381 million (US\$190 million), which is 14 per cent lower than the operating cash flow generated in the September quarter of R1,609 million (US\$227 million). This decrease in cash flow reflects an increase in working capital as a result of an increase in inventories and receivables with the latter impacted by the timing of gold sales in the quarter.

There were no dividends paid during the quarter. In the September quarter dividends paid amounted to R556 million (US\$78 million) of which R11 million (US\$2 million) was paid to outside shareholders in Ghana.

Capital expenditure amounted to R1,376 million (US\$187 million) compared with R1,188 million (US\$167 million) in the September quarter, an increase of R188 million (US\$20 million). The majority of this increase was at the South African operations, where capital expenditure increased from R433 million (US\$61 million) in the September quarter to R565 million (US\$77 million) in the December quarter. The increase in capital expenditure is mainly due to additional development, upgrading the hostels and the inclusion of South Deep. The main areas of capital expenditure during the quarter were ore reserve development at Driefontein, Kloof and Beatrix of R94 million (US\$13 million), R96 million (US\$8 million) and R55 million (US\$7 million) respectively, as well as the other major projects. At Driefontein expenditure at the 1 and 5 shaft complex amounted to R20 million (US\$3 million), R13 million (US\$2 million) on the 4 shaft pillar extraction project and R10 million (US\$1 million) on the 9 shaft deepening project. At Kloof expenditure on the 4 sub-vertical shaft amounted to R17 million (US\$2 million) for the quarter, R13 million (US\$2 million) on the 1 shaft pillar extraction project and R12 million (US\$2 million) on the KEA drop down project. At Beatrix expenditure on the 3 shaft project amounted to R35 million (US\$5 million) together with development on West shaft of R22 million (US\$3 million). Expenditure at South Deep during December amounted to R41 million (US\$6 million) including ore reserve development.





**3**  
**I**

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

At the Ghanaian operations, capital expenditure at Tarkwa increased significantly from R90 million (US\$13 million) to R189 million (US\$26 million) quarter on quarter. The main areas of capital expenditure were the purchase of secondary mining fleet (US\$14 million), capital waste mining (Teberobie cutback - US\$7 million), expenditure on the initial work carried out on the CIL expansion project (US\$3 million) and progress on other minor projects. Damang at R53 million (US\$7 million) was similar to the September quarter.

At Choco 10 capital expenditure decreased by R39 million (US\$6 million) from R77 million (US\$11 million) to R38 million (US\$5 million) as exploration drilling costs decreased and the initial plant upgrade was completed in the September quarter.

The Australian operations incurred capital expenditure of R182 million (A\$32 million), compared with R174 million (A\$32 million) in the September quarter. Expenditure at St Ives increased by R10 million (A\$1 million) from R116 million (A\$21 million) to R126 million (A\$22 million) due to increased development costs. At Agnew, capital expenditure at R56 million (A\$10 million) was similar to the previous quarter.

Capital expenditure at the Cerro Corona mine in Peru amounted to R341 million (US\$46 million) in the December quarter compared with R361 million (US\$51 million) in the September quarter.

Spending on other investment activities amounted to R8,760 million (US\$1,210 million) of which R8,677 million (US\$1,198 million) was for the purchase of South Deep and R78 million (US\$11 million) for the purchase of shares in Conquest Mining in Australia and shares in Lero Gold Corporation, which is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange with assets in Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan and Russia.

The cash outflow from financing activities amounted to R9,016 million (US\$1,261 million) of which R9,058 million (US\$1.2 billion) was for loans received to finance the South Deep acquisition.

Net cash inflow for the quarter was R262 million (US\$55 million). After accounting for a translation loss of R73 million (US\$14 million), the cash balance at the end of December was R1,413 million (US\$202 million). The cash balance at the end of September was R1,224 million (US\$161 million).

**Detailed and operational review**

**Cost and revenue optimisation initiatives**

**Project 500**

Project 500 was initiated at the South African operations in September 2003 to increase revenue and reduce costs through two sub-projects i.e. Project 400 and Project 100. These projects have proved

successful and led to additional projects, Project 100+ and Project Beyond as detailed below.

**Project 400**

Project 400 was aimed at improving revenue such that an additional R400 million (US\$60 million) per annum could be generated on a sustainable basis. This was to be achieved through a basket of productivity initiatives; by eliminating non-contributing production and replacing low-grade surface material with higher margin underground material - all aimed at improved quality volumes. Operational Excellence, a change programme, was initiated in April 2005 to create the required skills, behaviour and environment to improve efficiencies. The objective of these initiatives is to increase mining volumes whilst maintaining yields as close as possible to life of mine reserve yields.

**Reconciliation of achieved yields to gold reserves**

Quarter ended

**F2005 F2006\***

**Sep**

**2006\***

**Dec**

**2006\***

Driefontein:

Life of mine head grade as per published declarations

8.1

8.0

8.0

**8.0**

Life of mine head grade adjusted for estimated metallurgical recoveries

7.8

7.8

7.8

**7.8**

Driefontein (underground yields achieved)

8.3

8.1

7.5



**7.5**

Kloof:

Life of mine head grade as per  
published declarations

10.5

10.0

10.0

**10.0**

Life of mine head grade adjusted for  
estimated metallurgical recoveries\*\*

10.2

9.7

9.7

**9.7**

Kloof (underground yields achieved)

9.1

8.7

8.7

**7.8**

Beatrix:

Life of mine head grade as per  
published declarations

5.5

5.5

5.5

**5.5**

Life of mine head grade adjusted for  
estimated metallurgical recoveries

5.3

5.3

5.3

**5.3**

Beatrix (underground yields  
achieved)

5.0

5.2

4.7

**5.0**

South Deep

+

:

Life of mine head grade as per  
published declarations

-

-

-

**6.1**

Life of mine head grade adjusted for  
estimated metallurgical recoveries

-

-

-

## 5.9

South Deep (underground yields achieved)

-

-

-

## 7.7

\*

Based on reserve statement at 31 December 2005.

\*\*

Kloof's life of mine head grade as adjusted for estimated metallurgical recoveries is higher than that currently achieved due to the high grade main shaft pillar, mining of which only commences in the F2007 year and a poor mine call factor achieved in the December quarter.

+

The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only and the reserve statement as at 30 June 2006.

### **Project 100+**

Continuing on the previous quarter's momentum and with several fresh initiatives, Project 100 remains a dedicated focus point for ongoing cost optimisation at the SA Operations.

Current projects include the labour optimisation project, with its long-term objective of improving productivity through a series of initiatives. The Eskom demand side management project focusing on managing hot and cold water systems is expected to realise around R12 million in financial 2007 increasing to an estimated R30 million in financial 2008. Further projects awaiting Eskom approval include the rollout of successful water control, thermal ice storage, compressed air and ventilation fan control, which will contribute to reduce electricity consumption.

The initiative to replace diesel-operated locomotives with battery operated locomotives sees the first replacement locomotives arriving in the March 2007 quarter. Benefits will be realised as from financial 2008. Savings are also anticipated in financial 2008 through the installation of equipment for the Pump Efficiency Monitoring initiative which will highlight pump inefficiency, with the monitoring having already commenced.

### **Project Beyond**

Following solid cost savings delivered over the previous two financial years continued total cost and productivity value delivery contributions were achieved over the last two quarters. Financial 2007 year to date did however experience extreme market driven inflationary pressures, with a June to November 2006 PPI of 7.2 per cent. As a result Gold Fields experienced an overall 4 per cent price inflation year to date impact over the total basket of actual supply and services spend (excluding power). The main industry commodity cost drivers behind

the stated year to date price inflation impact were steel, copper, fuels and food.

Financial year 2007 year to date cumulative contracted benefits are R35 million at the South African operations. Of this amount, R8 million of contracted benefits were delivered during the December quarter through a drill steel and waste optimisation pilot together with revised engineering supply and repair contracts, and a move to in-house





## **GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

**I**  
**4**

repairs for selected items as well as in-house manufacture. In addition the explosives performance initiative which is a risk and reward alliance arrangement with selected explosives suppliers showed a net benefit this last quarter of around R19 million, with a cumulative annual net benefit of around R26 million.

During the next quarter continued focus will be on explosives performance and drill steel wastage reduction projects being rolled-out across more shafts. Engineering cost optimisation, together with underground services efficiencies optimisation and the South Deep integration will also receive priority.

### **Global / International Supply Chain and Strategic Sourcing Optimisation**

Global integrated supply chain initiatives continued delivering total cost benefits in financial 2007. Cross regional cyanide contract alignment received priority focuses in the other International regions this last quarter.

Global inflationary pressures in financial year 2007 also impacted International operations. Price inflation across the total spend basket (excluding power) for Australia and Ghana was between 4 and 5 per cent which is in line with inflation. Key reasons for the price inflation in Ghana were higher prices for diesel, cyanide, cement and tyres. Australian upward price pressures were largely due to the combined impact of price increases in contract labour, tyres, caustic, cyanide, quicklime and cement.

From a contracted benefits perspective financial 2007 year to date cumulative annualised benefits are US\$6 million. The Australian Beyond-Bullion cost optimisation project contributed the largest portion to the additional US\$3 million savings during the December quarter. Africa region shipping rates also furthermore produced contracted savings for Ghana operations through a competitive tender process.

For the March quarter 2007 continued priority focus will be on cross regional synergies in areas such as earthmoving tyres, cyanide and group logistics.

South African Operations

#### **Driefontein**

#### **December**

**2006**

#### **September**

**2006**

Gold produced

- kg

**7,692**

8,009

- 000' ozs	
<b>247.3</b>	
257.5	
Yield - underground	
- g/t	
<b>7.5</b>	
7.5	
-	
combined	- g/t
<b>4.6</b>	
4.7	
Total cash costs	
- R/kg	
<b>81,721</b>	
77,163	
- US\$/oz	
<b>344</b>	
338	

Gold production decreased by 4 per cent from 257,500 ounces in the September quarter to 247,300 ounces in the December quarter, which was slightly higher than forecast. This decrease was due to the redesign and replanning of the 4 shaft pillar extraction necessitated by the instability experienced at the 4 shaft barrel.

Underground tonnage decreased from 964,000 tons in the September quarter to 937,000 tons in the December quarter. Underground yield was unchanged at 7.5 grams per ton. The reduction in underground production is directly attributable to the lower production levels at Driefontein 4 shaft as a consequence of the rescheduling of the extraction from the shaft pillar. Surface tons and yield declined marginally from 739,000 tons to 736,000 tons and from 1.1 grams per ton to 0.9 grams per ton respectively.

Operating costs increased by 2 per cent from R650 million (US\$92 million) to R661 million (US\$90 million) as a result of an increase in contractor expenditure. These contractors are being utilised for equipping and opening-up together with additional secondary support in haulages. As a result of the increase in costs and lower production, total cash costs increased by 6 per cent in rand terms from R77,163 per kilogram to R81,721 per kilogram. In US dollar terms, total cash costs increased 2 per cent from US\$338 per ounce to US\$344 per ounce.

Operating profit decreased by 8 per cent from R487 million (US\$69 million) in the September quarter to R450 million (US\$61 million) in the December quarter as a consequence of the lower gold production and increase in costs, partially offset by the higher rand gold price.

Capital expenditure increased from R144 million (US\$20 million) to R177 million (US\$24 million). The major portion of this expenditure was spent on the 1, 5 and 9 shaft projects, the 4 shaft pillar extraction

and ore reserve development. The 9 shaft project is still in the advanced design phase and shaft sinking should commence as planned by October 2007.

Gold production for the March quarter is forecast to reduce marginally due to the annual Christmas break. As a consequence unit costs will increase accordingly.

**Kloof**

**December**

**2006**

**September**

**2006**

Gold produced

- kg

**7,172**

7,549

- 000' ozs

**230.6**

242.7

Yield - underground

- g/t

**7.8**

8.7

-

combined - g/t

**7.3**

7.6

Total cash costs

- R/kg

**84,021**

78,077

- US\$/oz

**354**

342

Gold production at Kloof decreased by 5 per cent, from 242,700 ounces in the September quarter to 230,600 ounces in the December quarter. The reason for the decrease in gold production was lower yields associated with a lower mine call factor. Total underground tons milled increased from 852,000 to 893,000 tons. Surface tons reduced by 34 per cent from 140,000 to 93,000 tons, displaced by the increase in underground tons.

Operating costs at R629 million (US\$85 million) for the quarter increased by 2 per cent compared with the previous quarter's cost of R616 million (US\$87 million). This was mainly due to a 2 per cent increase in area mined albeit at lower grades and the increase in underground tonnage produced. As a result of the lower gold production and increase in costs, total cash costs increased by 8 per cent to R84,021 per kilogram, compared with R78,077 per kilogram in the September quarter. In US dollar terms total cash costs increased



by 4 per cent to US\$354 per ounce compared with the September quarter's US\$342 per ounce. Operating profit was lower at R407 million (US\$55 million) compared with R455 million (US\$64 million) for the September quarter.

Capital expenditure increased from R184 million (US\$26 million) to R191 million (US\$26 million) due to an increase in ore reserve development. The KEA project is being advanced on schedule.

Gold production and costs for the March quarter are forecast to be similar to the December quarter with potentially higher gold production offset by the impact of the Christmas break.

**Beatrix**

**December**

**2006**

**September**

**2006**

Gold produced

- kg

**4,650**

4,636

- 000' ozs

**149.5**

149.1

Yield - underground

- g/t

**5.0**

4.7

Total cash costs

- R/kg

**80,237**

77,330

- US\$/oz

**338**

339

Gold production at Beatrix was stable at 149,500 ounces in the December quarter compared with the 149,100 ounces produced in the September quarter. Tonnage milled reduced to 935,000 tons in the December quarter from 984,000 tons in the previous quarter. This was due to lower volumes mined due to infrastructure and logistical issues at the West section. This was offset by an increase in yield from 4.7





5

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

grams per ton in the September quarter to 5.0 grams per ton in the December quarter as quality volumes improved.

Operating costs quarter on quarter increased by 3 per cent from R379 million (US\$53 million) to R392 million (US\$53 million). This was mainly due to additional equipping, haulage maintenance, increased material prices and additional overtime worked to minimise the impact of the Christmas break. Total cash costs increased from R77,330 per kilogram (US\$339 per ounce) in the September quarter to R80,237 per kilogram (US\$338 per ounce) in the December quarter. Beatrix posted an operating profit of R275 million (US\$37 million) for the quarter compared with R284 million (US\$40 million) in the September quarter.

Capital expenditure increased by R51 million (US\$6 million) from R105 million (US\$15 million) in the September quarter to R156 million (US\$21 million) in the December quarter. This was mainly due to an increase in capital development, predominantly at the North and West sections.

Gold production is forecast to be marginally lower in the March quarter due to the impact of the Christmas/New Year break.

**South Deep****December****2006****September****2006**

Gold produced

- kg

**838**

n/a

- 000' ozs

**26,900**

n/a

Gold sold

- kg

**682**

n/a

- 000' ozs

**21,900**

n/a

Yield - underground

- g/t

**7.7**

n/a

-

combined - g/t

**4.6**

n/a

Total cash costs

- R/kg

**133,724**

n/a

- US\$/oz

**564**

n/a

Gold production since acquisition on 1 December 2006 amounted to 26,900 ounces at a cash cost of R133,724 per kilogram and US\$564 per ounce.

The fire which broke out on 31 August 2006 has been fully extinguished. Rehabilitation work and equipping of the affected areas is ongoing and mining has already commenced in certain of the affected areas. In addition, new areas have been opened up for mining which will contribute to achieving the targeted levels of production.

South Deep will see production back at 150,000 tons per month by the end of the March quarter, the same level as April 2006 before the Twin Shaft accident. The shaft repairs have been completed and signed-off. The last two weeks in January have concentrated on on-the-job refresher training of the shaft operating personnel and cautiously drawing down the ore passes, which have remained full since before the accident; this process is going well. The team is to be congratulated for their dedicated efforts over the 9 month period, safely completing the work and meeting the targets of the physical repair programme.

Production will continue to ramp up and by the December 2007 quarter current infrastructure will support steady state production of 200,000 to 220,000 tons per month. The backfill plant upgrades completed last year will ensure increased backfill volumes are matched to the higher production rates. The below 95 level capital development is currently out on tender where the successful contractor is expected to mobilize during March, with initial development concentrating on 100 level followed by 105, 110 and 110A levels forecast to be completed by calendar year end. This capital development, one of several major capital projects, is critical to achieve the previous JV's approved Feasibility Study of increased production to 330,000 tons per month in a 6-7 year timeline, with the increased infrastructure and required capital spend of approximately R3.5 billion. The current 94 level refrigeration project is on target for February 2008, with current work concentrating on the re-support of the excavations and the installation of the brattice wall in the Ventilation shaft. This is followed by deepening of the Ventilation shaft by 300 metres to 10 metres below the Main shaft and 3,005 metres below the surface collar. The rock winder will be ordered by year end for commissioning in 2010. During this period it is planned to upgrade the metallurgical facility to 330,000 tons per month throughput with the addition of the second ball mill and

the construction of a tailings dam facility.

The year ahead will see a dynamic and exciting time in the mine development with the following specifics, to name a few, the commencement of long hole stoping with backfill, the down dip development in the 95 1W and 3W projects, the commencement of the mechanized de-stress trial mining method, backfill design work for paste fill to augment the present backfill facilities and exploration drilling, both underground and from surface.

Capital expenditure for the month of December amounted to R41 million.

Gold production for the March quarter is forecast at 80,000 ounces. The higher volumes will result in an associated decrease in cash costs.

International Operations

**Ghana**

**Tarkwa**

**December**

**2006**

**September**

**2006**

Gold produced

- 000' ozs

**178.8**

173.6

Yield - Heap leach

- g/t

**0.8**

0.8

-

CIL

plant - g/t

**1.6**

1.5

-

Combined - g/t

**1.0**

1.0

Total cash costs

- US\$/oz

**323**

344

For the quarter Tarkwa processed 5.59 million tons and produced 178,800 ounces of gold at an average yield of 1.0 gram per ton. This compares to 5.51 million tons processed, producing 173,600 ounces in the September quarter also at a yield of 1.0 gram per ton. The yield from the CIL plant increased from 1.5 to 1.6 grams per ton in the December quarter, whilst heap leach yield decreased slightly from 0.82 to 0.81 grams per ton. Both heap leach and CIL tonnages treated

increased in the December quarter.

Total tons mined, including capital stripping, increased from 24.4 million tons in the previous quarter to 26.0 million tons for the current quarter. Ore tons moved for the December quarter at 5.23 million tons compares with 5.20 million tons in the September quarter. The mined grade of 1.20 grams per ton in December compares with a mined grade of 1.33 grams per ton in the September quarter. The overall strip ratio for the quarter was 3.96 compared with 3.68 in the September quarter.

Total feed to the heap leach sections was 4.24 million tons at a head grade of 1.13 grams per ton, compared with 4.20 million tons at a head grade of 1.12 grams per ton for the September quarter. Overall, the heap leach sections produced 110,500 ounces for the quarter compared with the 110,100 ounces achieved in September quarter. There was a net gold-in-process increase of 6,900 ounces.

The total feed to the CIL plant was higher than the previous quarter at a record 1.35 million tons, compared with the previous quarter's 1.32 million tons. Head grade also increased from 1.52 grams per ton to 1.68 grams per ton. The CIL plant produced 68,300 ounces in the December quarter, compared with 63,500 ounces in the previous quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process (GIP) movements, at US\$58 million (R425 million) were US\$2 million lower than the previous quarter and reflect an increase in GIP partially offset by an increase in the cost of on-site power generation (in line with national load shedding requirements), an increase in earthmoving machine maintenance and repair costs, the increase in tonnage treated and an increase in labour costs.

Operating cost per ton processed was US\$11.02 as against US\$10.95 in the September quarter. Total cash costs at US\$323 per ounce decreased 6 per cent compared with the September quarter's US\$344 per ounce. This decrease in cash costs was caused primarily by the impact of savings brought about in the mining operation through







**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I  
6**

increased load and haul efficiencies and by the 3 per cent increase in gold output. Operating profit at US\$52 million (R381 million) increased from US\$49 million (R344 million) when compared with the September quarter.

The Tarkwa CIL Expansion and North Heap Leach Extension projects were approved during the quarter. The estimated costs of these projects are US\$126 million and US\$49 million respectively. The CIL Expansion project will increase plant throughput from current levels to 1 million tons per month, whilst the North Heap Leach Extension project is a planned extension of the existing heaps to cater for ongoing stacking requirements.

Capital expenditure for the quarter amounted to US\$26 million (R189 million) compared with US\$13 million (R90 million) in the September quarter. The main areas of capital expenditure were the purchase of secondary mining fleet, capital waste mining (Teberebie cutback), expenditure on the initial work carried out on the CIL expansion project and progress on other minor projects. A US\$4 million joint venture tyre re-tread facility was approved for construction during the quarter. This project is being advanced to mitigate the global tyre shortage.

Gold production for the March quarter is expected to be similar to the current quarter and still in line with an annualised throughput of around 700,000 ounces. Unit costs are expected to remain under pressure on the back of the continued cost of on-mine power generation.

**Damang**  
**December**  
**2006**  
**September**  
**2006**

Gold produced

- 000' ozs

**51.6**

48.5

Yield

- g/t

**1.2**

1.1

Total cash costs

- US\$/oz

**447**

438

Gold production increased 6 per cent from 48,500 ounces during the September quarter to 51,600 ounces in the December quarter. This improvement resulted from an increase in the higher-grade fresh ore tonnages mined and processed from the Damang pit cutback and Juno

2 South West (J2SW) pits, which in turn reduced the volume of lower grade B3 stockpile material that was fed to the plant. The mill throughput for the quarter at 1.33 million tons was marginally higher than the 1.32 million tons processed in the September quarter.

Total tons mined increased from 5.1 million tons in the previous quarter to 5.4 million tons in the current quarter. Ore mined for the quarter at 856,000 tons was 5 per cent higher than the previous quarter's 818,000 tons. This was as a result of the higher fresh ore tonnages mined from the Damang pit cutback and J2SW pits. Additional oxide ore tonnages were mined from Tomento pits to meet mill-blending requirements. The strip ratio of 5.3 was similar to the September quarter. The Tomento pits will remain the main source of oxide feed to the plant, while increasing volumes of fresh ore will be mined from the Damang pit cutback and J2SW pits.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process (GIP) movements, increased from US\$21 million (R150 million) to US\$23 million (R169 million). The higher tonnages mined from the pits and the on-site power generation (in line with national load shedding requirements) were the main contributors to the higher costs. These factors increased the cost per ton milled from US\$15.23 to US\$16.98. Total cash costs increased from US\$438 per ounce to US\$447 per ounce, also reflecting the higher operating costs. Operating profit for the quarter at US\$9 million (R64 million) was similar to the September quarter.

Capital expenditure for the quarter was similar to the September quarter at US\$7 million (R53 million) with the majority of this expenditure incurred in mining the Damang pit cutback and the raising of tailings storage facility embankments. The total volume mined from the Damang pit cutback to date is 5.58 million bank cubic metres (BCM), which is 9 per cent more than the progressive project plan. The project remains on plan at US\$44 million. A capital project to construct a seventh leach tank commenced during the quarter. This project is expected to deliver higher recoveries through increased residence time.

Gold production is expected to increase slightly in the March quarter as a greater proportion of lower grade B3 fresh stockpiled ore is replaced by high-grade fresh ore mined from the Damang pit cutback and J2SW pits. Cost pressure will continue as a result of the continued cost of on-mine power generation.

**Venezuela**

**Choco 10**

**December**

**2006**

**September**

**2006**

Gold sold

- 000'ozs

**22.8**

17.2  
 Gold produced  
 - 000'ozs  
**22.8**  
 16.2  
 Yield  
 - g/t  
**2.0**  
 1.7  
 Total cash costs  
 - US\$/oz  
**426**  
 458

Gold production for the quarter increased 41 per cent from 16,200 ounces to 22,800 ounces.

Mining continued in the Pisolita, Coacia and the Rosika open pits. Mined quantities were slightly lower than plan mainly as a result of lower than expected machinery availability and a strike which lasted for a week during December. Also, during November the SAG mill motor was damaged due to the ingress of water causing a loss of 4 days' production. An additional 4 days were lost due to the scheduled relining of the ball mill. Added to this is a water shortage which negatively affected production towards the end of the quarter and will continue into 2007. This will severely affect production for the remainder of financial 2007. The grade mined was similar to last quarter at 1.90 grams per ton. Lower grade material was stockpiled separately, allowing a processed head grade of 2.23 grams per ton compared with 1.98 grams per ton in the September quarter.

Total mill throughput for the quarter increased from 306,000 tons to 357,000 tons.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, amounted to US\$11 million (R78 million) compared with US\$9 million (R66 million) last quarter, in line with the increase in production. Total cash costs decreased from US\$458 per ounce to US\$426 per ounce driven by the increased level of production. Operating profit was US\$3 million (R23 million) compared with US\$1 million (R8 million) in the September quarter.

Water levels in the reservoir supplying the mine remain low, as a consequence of lower than normal seasonal rainfall. A water exploration programme was expedited to alleviate this shortfall. As water is encountered in the water exploration holes these are being equipped as temporary production wells for conversion into permanent wells during the second quarter of 2007. The permit to extract water from the Yuruari River has not yet been granted and construction of the pipeline cannot commence without this permit.

Capital expenditure amounted to US\$5 million (R38 million) for the quarter compared with US\$11 million (R77 million) in the September quarter. The resource definition exploration programme on Choco 10 continued to return numerous significant intersects during the quarter, defining high-grade extensions to mineralisation along strike and down-dip at the VBK deposit. A total of 8,413m of diamond drilling and 4,271 metres of RC drilling were completed during the quarter. High-grade mineralisation has now been defined over 800 metres strike. The site is currently in the process of updating the resources and reserves to reflect the aggressive 2006 exploration programme.

Gold production for the March quarter is expected to be below 9,000 ounces due to the lack of water to support the milling process and due to lower grades as more ore is mined from the low grade Coacia open pit. Renegotiation of the mine's Collective Bargaining Agreement will commence during the March quarter.





7

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Australia

St Ives

December

**2006**

September

**2006**

Gold produced

- 000' ozs

**124.6**

123.4

Yield - Heap leach

- g/t

**0.5**

0.4

-

Milling

- g/t

**3.1**

3.0

-

Combined - g/t

**2.2**

2.3

Total cash costs

- A\$/oz

**493**

564

- US\$/oz

**378**

429

Gold production for the quarter was 124,600 ounces, 1 per cent up on the last quarter's 123,400 ounces. This increase was due to an increase in head grade from 3.24 grams per ton to 3.34 grams per ton at the Lefroy mill at similar volumes. Gold production from the Lefroy mill was 117,000 ounces compared with 116,200 ounces in the September quarter. The heap leach produced 7,600 ounces compared with 7,200 ounces, the increase resulting from on-going recovery of gold from slow leaching Mars ore stacked during the previous quarter.

Total open pit volumes decreased as did strip ratios as the Thunderer open pit commenced ore production. During the quarter 2.4 million bank cubic metres (BCM's) of ore and waste were mined compared with 3.2 million BCM's in the previous quarter. The average strip ratio decreased to 4.7 compared with 6.3 previously. Open pit operations produced 1.0 million tons of ore for the quarter compared with 1.2 million tons the previous quarter. Open pit ore grade remained constant at 2.3 grams per ton. The majority of ore was mined from the



Thunderer and Delta North pits.

Underground operations produced 341,100 tons of ore at 5.2 grams per ton for the quarter compared with 381,500 tons at 4.8 grams per ton the previous quarter mainly due to labour and equipment availability. At the Leviathan complex the majority of production came from the Conqueror zone, with total tonnage from the complex down but grade increased by 0.6 grams per ton resulting in a similar contribution. Argo also produced lower tonnage at an increased grade for slightly less contained ounces compared with the previous quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreased to A\$62 million (R348 million) from A\$69 million (R372 million), reflecting the decrease in volumes mined and a decrease in the waste charge-back following completion of mining in the Mars and Agamemnon open pits early in the quarter. A price participation royalty calculated at 10 per cent of the average quarterly gold price above A\$600 per ounce was payable during the quarter and amounted to A\$3 million (R14 million) similar to the previous quarter. Total cash costs decreased from A\$564 per ounce (US\$429 per ounce) in the previous quarter to A\$493 per ounce (US\$378 per ounce) for the December quarter. Operating profit at A\$37 million (R213 million) was up on the previous quarter's A\$32 million (R172 million).

Capital expenditure for the December quarter amounted to A\$22 million (R126 million), which was similar to the September quarter. Mine development capital increased marginally to A\$14 million (R81 million), with reduced pre-strip costs at Thunderer offset by commencement of development at the Bahama pit. Argo underground development and expansion of the number 3 heap leach pad were also significant contributors. Capitalised exploration expenditure was A\$6 million (R34 million) for the quarter, compared with A\$8 million (R41 million) in the preceding quarter, with an increased focus on resource infill drilling. The Leviathan project is being advanced on plan and should be presented to the Board before financial year end. This large pit will access around 650,000 ounces of gold.

Gold production for the March quarter is expected to increase slightly with a corresponding reduction in unit costs. This will be achieved through increased tonnages processed.

**Agnew**  
**December**  
**2006**  
**September**  
**2006**

Gold produced

- 000'ozs

**53.0**

59.2

Yield

- g/t

**5.2**

5.4

Total cash costs

- A\$/oz

**338**

276

- US\$/oz

**260**

209

Gold production for the quarter was 53,000 ounces, 10 per cent down on the previous quarter's 59,200 ounces. This was due to a decrease in mill throughput from 344,000 tons to 318,000 tons combined with lower yields for the quarter at 5.2 grams per ton compared with 5.4 grams per ton during the previous quarter. This was mainly on the back of lower tonnage from the high grade Kim lode, which was affected by restricted access due to ground conditions, and the paste fill plant which has not yet been commissioned. This affected fill placement. Added to this were reduced tonnage and grade from Main Lode and marginally lower grade from Songvang, together with plant throughput restrictions due to ore blend.

Open pit mining at Songvang produced 344,000 tons of ore for the quarter, significantly up on the 213,300 tons produced during the preceding quarter. The total volume of ore and waste mined from the pit was 1.2 million bank cubic metres (BCM's) versus 1.3 million BCM during the previous quarter. The average strip ratio decreased to 9.1 from 17.0 during the preceding quarter. The average grade fell to 1.92 grams per ton compared with 1.96 grams per ton last quarter.

The underground operations at Waroonga produced 100,300 tons of ore at 13.1 grams per ton during the quarter, compared with 118,600 tons at 13.2 grams per ton in the preceding quarter.

Operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, were A\$16 million (R92 million) for the December quarter similar to the September quarter. An increase in costs of A\$2 million due to the completion of the capitalised waste pre-strip at Songvang and the resultant expensing of internal waste as from November 2006 was offset by a reduction in costs due to the lower production. Total cash costs increased to A\$338 per ounce (US\$260 per ounce) for the quarter compared with A\$276 per ounce (US\$209 per ounce) in the preceding quarter. Operating profit decreased to A\$27 million (R151 million) compared with A\$32 million (R173 million) quarter on quarter.

Capital expenditure for the December quarter was A\$10 million (R56 million) compared with A\$11 million (R57 million) in the September quarter. Songvang pre-strip was a major contributor to this expenditure (A\$4 million), together with ongoing development of the Waroonga complex underground mine (Kim and Main Lodes - A\$3 million). Capitalised exploration expenditure was A\$2 million (R10 million) compared with A\$3 million (R14 million) the previous quarter.

Gold produced during the March quarter is expected to exceed 60,000 ounces due to increased tonnage and grades from Songvang when compared with the December quarter, whilst cash costs are expected to fall in line with the increased production. Capital expenditure is expected to increase with the commencement of the extension to the Leinster village.

Quarter ended 31 December 2006 compared  
with quarter ended 31 December 2005

Attributable gold production decreased 2 per cent from 1,040,000 ounces for the quarter ended 31 December 2005 to 1,015,000 ounces produced in the quarter ended 31 December 2006. This decrease was mainly due to the decrease in production at the South African operations, partially offset by the newly acquired acquisitions at Choco 10 and South Deep. Production at the remaining international operations was similar quarter on quarter.

The South African operations produced 652,000 ounces compared with the 698,000 ounces produced in the December 2005 quarter. The decrease at Driefontein, Kloof and Beatrix amounted to 42,800, 22,000 and 5,400 ounces respectively.





## **GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

### **I 8**

Revenue increased by 40 per cent in rand terms (increased 23 per cent in US dollar terms) from R3,479 million (US\$534 million) to R4,854 million (US\$658 million). The higher gold price of R144,485 per kilogram (US\$609 per ounce) compared with R101,184 per kilogram (US\$482 per ounce), contributed significantly to this increase.

Operating costs, increased from R2,349 million (US\$360 million) to R2,975 million (US\$403 million), an increase of 27 per cent. The weaker rand when translating costs at the international operations into South African rand accounted for over R100 million of this increase. Exchange rates weakened from an average of US\$1 = R6.53 to US\$1 = R7.38, or 13 per cent and from A\$1 = R4.88 to A\$1 = R5.66, or 16 per cent quarter on quarter. Total cash costs for the Group in rand terms, increased 19 per cent from R66,054 per kilogram (US\$315 per ounce) to R83,707 per kilogram (US\$353 per ounce).

At the South African operations operating costs excluding South Deep increased by 9 per cent to R1,682 million for the year compared with R1,539 million the previous year. This was due to above inflation wage increases, an increase in equipping and secondary support, an increase in commodity prices, particularly steel, copper, fuel and food, as well as normal inflationary pressures. Costs at South Deep amounted to R113 million (US\$16 million) for December 2006. Unit cash costs including South Deep increased from R67,977 to R83,952 per kilogram. Total cash costs excluding South Deep were R82,213 per kilogram for the quarter. At the international operations unit cash costs increased by 17 per cent from US\$299 per ounce to US\$351 per ounce mainly due to the combined effect of higher stripping ratios and lower grades, added to the increased cost of inputs driven by the commodities boom and increased fleet maintenance costs at Tarkwa.

Operating profit at R1,969 million (US\$267 million), compared with R1,150 million (US\$176 million) in the previous year, with the group benefiting from the higher gold price in all currencies.

Net earnings were R767 million (US\$104 million) compared with R284 million (US\$44 million) in the December 2005 quarter. The increase in earnings was largely due to the increase in operating profit.

Earnings excluding gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign debt and exceptional items amounted to R564 million (US\$76 million) this quarter compared with R297 million (US\$46 million) in the December 2005 quarter.

### **C a p i t a l a n d d e v e l o p m e n t p r o j e c t s**

#### **Cerro Corona**

The politically motivated and illegal road blockade as reported last quarter was peacefully withdrawn on 27 October. Local public support

for this action was never strong, indeed few supported the action. It was this lack of support coupled with continuous dialog and the support of Peruvian ministry officials which brought this event to a close. In spite of the blockade, community relationships around this project remained quite positive and perhaps are now even stronger than before. The company continues to work closely with the several communities located near the Cerro Corona project site, fulfilling the commitments made for cooperative community enhancement projects. The focus of these projects remains on sustainable development efforts as well as projects with a particular focus on education and health.

More than three full weeks of construction activity were lost because of this blockade. However, by late November most activities had resumed, though at a reduced rate. During this period, contract formats were also changed to address and reinforce other requirements with respect to using local contractors. Work reallocation among more than fifty local contractors was accomplished.

Once work was resumed on 15 November, the mining operations quickly ramped up to pre-stoppage levels and by the end of the quarter mining rates were at the level required for full scale operations of 1 million tons per month.

A majority of on site construction activities involved topsoil stripping from the tailing management facility embankment foot print and mass earthworks for the plant site platform which reached 98 per cent complete by the end of the period. Run of mine pad earthworks and haul road construction advanced, however at a slower than planned pace due to the lack of suitable mined overburden for construction. The plant civil, structural, mechanical and piping contractor commenced mobilization in November and will commence concrete works in early January following completion and turnover of the plant site platforms. There are currently in excess of 500 workers engaged onsite of which some 170 are employed directly by the company.

Completion of outstanding engineering activities by the engineering contractor continued, but at a slower than planned advance rate. Current estimates are that this effort will now be completed by mid-February 2007. Final design packages for tailing and mine overburden storage facilities have been received, comments and observations are being addressed in final design revisions. Procurement is similarly advanced and delivery of all major equipment is not on the Project critical path.

Schedule recovery planning is in progress, with the contractor to maintain a plant commissioning and production schedule for late December 2007, however with recent delays related to community-driven issues, this is at risk in slipping into early first quarter of calendar 2008.

Project commitments through the end of the quarter were US\$172 million versus US\$240 million planned. The commitment under-runs are primarily due to delays in committing the tailings embankment, electrical and instrumentation and auxiliary buildings packages. Current forecast at completion remains at about US\$340 million.

#### **Arctic Platinum**

North American Palladium Finland OY (“NAPF”) and Gold Fields Exploration technical staff continue to review drilling results and processing options during the quarter. The third party engineering firm retained by NAPF for development of a Feasibility level study will complete their work in the third quarter of FINANCIAL 20077. Both NAPF and Gold Fields will review the findings and agree future activities at that time.

#### **E x p l o r a t i o n a n d c o r p o r a t e d e v e l o p m e n t**

Gold Fields completed drilling on six projects during the quarter on its greenfield exploration sites. At the Essakane project in Burkina Faso (GFI earning 60 per cent), significant progress was made towards completing the reassay programme and finalising a new resource estimation as at year end. Results are presently under review and we are poised to commence the Bankable Feasibility Study once final agreement is reached with our partners Orezone Resources Inc (TSX: “OZN”) on the commercial and operating agreements for the project.

On the Sankarani project (GFI earning 65 per cent) in south-western Mali, presently operated by partner Glencar Mining plc (AIM: “GEX”), additional RC drilling was completed on the Kabaya South target during the quarter. At the 80 per cent owned Kisenge project in the southern DRC partial results for the previously completed aircore and diamond drilling programme were received during the quarter. These results support the concept that a significant resource could be present on the Kisenge project and that it has direct geologic analogues to the Tarkwa project in Ghana. We are planning a significant drilling programme after the rainy season upon approval of budgets and availability of a suitable contractor for the project.

At the Central Victoria project in Australia, aircore drilling continued to define the newly discovered parallel trend located to the east of Lockington trend. Follow-up diamond drilling commenced in December and results are pending. Initial aircore and RC drilling was completed on two targets within our New South Wales generative programme being completed with a subsidiary company owned by GeoInformatics Exploration Inc (TSX Venture: “GXL”).

In China, Gold Fields reached an agreement with Sino Gold Limited (ASX: “SGX”) to form a new strategic alliance for future exploration in China. Gold Fields currently owns 17.4 per cent of SGX. The alliance calls for the transfer of all the Gold Fields exploration properties in China as well as its operating staff into a new 50:50 owned and funded exploration vehicle focused on greater than 5 million ounce projects. Gold Fields will benefit from the operating experience of SGX in China







9

I

## **GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

and SGX will benefit from Gold Fields technical and operational abilities.

In the El Callao District in Venezuela, regional exploration continued surrounding Gold Fields 95 per cent owned Choco 10 mine and fieldwork continued on the recently acquired Choco 6 concession. An extensive resource drilling programme is in progress at Choco 10 that will lead to the issuance of Gold Fields' first resource and reserve statement on that property.

Diamond drilling continued on the Tres Palmas project in the Dominican Republic with partner GoldQuest Mining Corp (TSX Venture: "GQC"). Approximately 1,300 meters was completed of a proposed 2,000 meter programme before the Christmas break curtailed activities.

C o r p o r a t e

### **Acquisition of South Deep**

On 11 September 2006, Gold Fields Limited announced three separate transactions, collectively worth approximately US\$2.5 billion, which would significantly increase Gold Fields' interest in the South Deep Gold Mine in South Africa. South Deep is one of the most important developing gold mines in the world, with reserves of 29.3 million ounces contained in a resource of 67 million ounces.

The salient features and status of the three separate transactions is as follows:

- Gold Fields and Barrick Gold Corporation (Barrick) reached agreement for Gold Fields to acquire the 50 per cent stake owned by Barrick in the developing South Deep gold mine for a total consideration of US\$1.525 billion. On 1 December 2006, Gold Fields announced that it had successfully completed the acquisition of Barrick's 50 per cent stake in South Deep;
- Gold Fields and JCI Limited (JCI) reached agreement for Gold Fields to acquire 27 million Western Areas shares from JCI, which would increase Gold Fields' stake in Western Areas to 34.7 percent. The parties further agreed to a reciprocal call and put option that could see Gold Fields increase its stake in Western Areas to 41 per cent. On 1 December 2006, Gold Fields announced that it had acquired the 27 million WAL shares from JCI and also exercised the call option in respect of a further 9.96 million WAL shares; and
- Gold Fields undertook to make a general offer to Western Areas Limited (Western Areas) shareholders to acquire all of the outstanding shares in Western Areas which Gold Fields did not yet own. Western Areas' largest asset is its 50 per cent interest in South Deep. On 30 October 2006, Gold Fields made a general offer to all Western Areas shareholders. As at 18 January 2007, Gold Fields either owned or had received irrevocable undertakings in respect of approximately 95.6 per cent of the issued share capital of

Western Areas, allowing Gold Fields to invoke the “compulsory squeeze out” provisions of Section 440K of the Companies Act, 61 of 1973 (“Section 440K”). Western Areas shares will be suspended on the JSE Limited (“JSE”), with effect from the commencement of trade one business day following the day upon which notice in terms of Section 440K is posted to remaining Western Areas shareholders. The listing of Western Areas shares will be terminated on the JSE, with effect from the commencement of trade on the first Monday following the date upon which Gold Fields becomes entitled and bound to acquire, in terms of Section 440K of the Act, those offer shares in respect of which the offer had not been accepted by the closing date.

#### **Provisional accounting in accordance with IFRS3,**

##### **Business combinations**

The acquisition of South Deep has been accounted for on a provisional basis in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 3, Business Combinations. To give effect to the acquisition on a provisional basis, the difference between the purchase price and the net asset value of South Deep, without adjusting for any fair values, has been accounted for under property, plant and equipment. In addition, no account has been made of the tax effect on the difference, nor has any additional amortisation arising from the difference been charged to earnings.

IFRS 3 states that where the fair values to be assigned to the assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities or the cost of the combination can only be determined provisionally, the business combination shall be accounted for using those provisional values. Adjustments to these provisional values must however be completed within twelve months from acquisition of a controlling interest (i.e. November 2007).

##### **Western Areas Limited gold derivative structure**

By quarter end Gold Fields Limited had acquired 84 per cent of Western Areas Limited and as such also acquired its long-dated gold derivative structure. Details of the structure are outlined below.

In 2001 the Board of Western Areas Limited decided to enter into a long-dated derivative structure based on the selling of options on Western Areas’ share of South Deep’s gold production. The derivative structure took effect in the last quarter of 2001 and expires in mid-2014.

##### **Current Structure**

- Western Areas bought put options to provide price protection for the operation up to June 2014.
- Western Areas sold call options equivalent to 77 per cent of the puts bought, capping the upside gold price participation over the remaining nine year period.
- Western Areas bought call options equivalent to 39 per cent of the calls sold at a higher gold price, giving the Company upside gold price participation over the remaining nine year period.
- Western Areas sold higher value call options equivalent to 31 per

cent of the puts bought, capping the upside gold price participation over the remaining nine year period.

- The option premium for the sold options was received upfront, and payment for the bought options was deferred until maturity of the option, effectively spreading the payment over the duration of the hedge.
- The net volume of gold committed to the derivative structure is currently 7.8 per cent of Western Areas' attributable mineral reserves.
- The options provide the ability to close out the hedge positions in the event of appropriate market conditions.
- There is currently no Rand hedging in this structure and the Company is fully exposed to currency fluctuations. All the options are United States Dollar denominated.

In December 2001, US\$104 million was received for premiums on sold options. This gave rise to the cash balance held in Escrow at the time, which was used to fund the mining operation. Simultaneously the options bought gave rise to an obligation to pay option premiums, totaling US\$250 million, at various predetermined dates in the future – the Option premium payable. The Option premium payable liability is reflected at the current settlement value of the future payments. An adjustment is made on a periodic basis to reflect the change in the value of the liability.

In terms of the option exposure to the gold price, for every one US dollar increase/decrease in the gold price, the extent of the liability will increase/decrease by US\$1.1 million as at 31 December 2006. The exposure to the gold price decreases monthly as the Company closes out the matured options. Refer detail on page 15.

#### **Listing on the Dubai International Financial Exchange**

On 30 October 2006 Gold Fields became the first African, South African and gold mining company to list on the Dubai International Financial Exchange (DIFX).

Gold Fields is again leading South African companies into a new terrain that we believe will yield many positive returns in the future. The DIFX is the gateway to a significant pool of liquidity in the Gulf, Middle East and Central Asian region.

The South African Minister of Minerals and Energy, Buyelwa Sonjica expressed her approval by saying:

“Gold Fields is one of South Africa's leading companies and also one of our proudest exports. The listing in Dubai supports our government's initiatives to build solid cross-border interactions and encourage capital inflows into our beautiful country. I therefore wish Gold Fields well in this venture and believe that it will add value to the economy of Dubai.”

#### **South African Government Approves Mining Licenses**

On 10 November 2006 it was announced that the South African Department of Minerals and Energy had formally approved the





## **GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

**I**

**10**

conversion of the Driefontein, Kloof and Beatrix gold mines old-order mining licenses into new order mining licenses.

To convert old order mining licenses into new order mining licenses, companies must meet the requirements of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act (MPRDA) 28 of 2002, which was enacted in May 2004, as well as the Broad Based Socio-Economic Empowerment Charter for the South African Mining Industry and the associated Scorecard for the Mining Industry.

### **Expansion projects at Tarkwa**

Two significant expansion projects at Tarkwa Gold Mine in Ghana were approved by the Board during the last quarter.

The first relates to the expansion of the existing Carbon-in-Leach ('CIL') process plant facility from a design tonnage throughput capacity of 4.2 million tons per annum ('Mtpa') to 12.0Mtpa. The capital cost for this expansion is estimated at US\$126 million (R900 million).

Construction is expected to start in the first quarter of calendar 2007, with commissioning scheduled to be completed by the second half of calendar 2008. In addition to the main process plant, this project also entails an expansion of the tailings storage facilities and associated infrastructure.

The second project is an expansion of Tarkwa's North Heap Leach facility by adding an additional heap leach pad (Phase 5) to the North Heap Leach complex. Phase 5 will add 39 million tons stacking capacity to the current area and will enable continuation of stacking at the North facility until June 2011. Budgeted capital expenditure for this project is US\$49 million (R350 million), consisting of US\$35 million to expand the leach pads, and US\$14 million to build associated infrastructure and services required for Phase 5 and subsequent Phases 6 to 8 of the leach pad complex. Construction of the Phase 5 facility is also expected to begin in the first quarter of calendar 2007, with commissioning scheduled to be completed by mid calendar 2008.

These expansion projects will maintain the total ore tonnage treated at approximately 21.6Mtpa, comprising 9.6Mtpa of heap leach and 12.0Mtpa milled ore. It will enable gold production to be maintained at a level in excess of 700,000 ounces per annum until 2021, minimise the sub-optimal processing of ore by improving the overall recovery and decrease the processing unit operating cost through economies of scale.

The improved recovery from CIL will ultimately result in an additional 1 million ounces of recovered gold over the life of the mine.

### **Terence Goodlace to head up Gold Fields operations in South Africa**

On 9 January 2007 it was announced that Mr. Terence Goodlace would replace the late Mr. Brendan Walker as head of its South African



operations, with immediate effect. Mr. Walker was tragically killed in a car accident on 30 December 2006. Brendan was associated with Gold Fields his entire career. He was appointed as an executive vice president and head of South African operations on 1 March 2006.

Mr. Goodlace was previously head of Gold Fields' international operations. Terence's appointment will ensure stability and continuity at a time when we face significant new challenges in South Africa. Terence, who is well known to and respected by the South African operations, has a deep insight into and understanding of the many and complex challenges facing our operations. He has filled various operational positions in the Group with distinction over the past 20 years and is a longstanding member of the Gold Fields Executive Committee. Before becoming head of the international operations he was head of strategic planning for the Group.

Gold Fields' South African operations include the Beatrix, Driefontein and Kloof gold mines, as well as the recently acquired South Deep gold mine.

Mr. Peter McArdle, currently head of technical and strategic planning for the international operations, will act as head of international operations while a global search is conducted to fill the position on a permanent basis.

#### D i v i d e n d

In line with the Company's policy of paying out 50 per cent of its earnings, subject to investment opportunities, an interim dividend has been declared payable to shareholders as follows:

- Interim dividend number 66:

90 SA cents per share

- Last date to trade cum-dividend:

Friday, 9 February 2007

- Sterling & US dollar conversion date:

Monday, 12 February 2007

- Trading commences ex-dividend:

Monday, 12 February 2007

- Record date:

Friday, 16 February 2007

- Payment date:

Monday, 19 February 2007

Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Monday, 12 February 2007 and Friday, 16 February 2007, both dates inclusive.

#### C h a n g e i n a c c o u n t i n g p o l i c y

##### **Capitalisation of costs relating to Ore Reserve**

##### **Development (ORD)**

On 1 July 2006, the Group changed its accounting policy on Ore Reserve Development ("ORD") costs. These costs are now capitalised and amortised over the period the Group expects to consume the

economic benefits relating to ORD. Previously, ORD costs were expensed. The change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively for the earliest comparative period presented in terms of IAS8 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors.

ORD is all off-reef development that allows access to reserves that are economically recoverable in the future. ORD includes, but is not limited to, crosscuts, footwalls, return airways and box holes. The cost of developing access ways and other infrastructure creates for the Group probable economic benefits that, in combination with other assets at its mining operations, contribute directly to the future cash inflows of the Group. The change in accounting policy will therefore allow for improved financial reporting and will align the Group's policy with those of its global industry peers.

The effect of the change in accounting policy for the last 3 years is an after tax credit to earnings of:

F2006 - R81.5 million  
F2005 - R100.7 million  
F2004 - R363.9 million

The impact of the change in accounting policy for the December 2006 quarter is a credit to earnings of R40.0 million. The credit to earnings in the September 2006 quarter amounted to R49.7 million. For the December 2005 quarter the impact was a credit to earnings of R22.3 million.

The corresponding entry for the above adjustments was to increase property, plant and equipment and deferred tax liabilities.

#### O u t l o o k

Gold production for the December quarter should be between 2 and 4 per cent higher due to an increase at the Australian operations, especially Agnew, and additional gold from South Deep's first full quarter. This will be partially offset by the reduction at Choco 10. Cash costs in rand terms should be similar quarter on quarter.

#### B a s i s o f a c c o u n t i n g

The unaudited results for the quarter and six months have been prepared on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) basis. The detailed financial, operational and development results for the December 2006 quarter are submitted in this report.

These consolidated quarterly statements are prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies used in the preparation of this report are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year other than the change in accounting policy referred to.

I.D. Cockerill  
Chief Executive Officer  
25 January 2007





11

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Income statement

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***South African Rand****Quarter****Six months to****December****2006**

September

2006

Restated

December

2005

**December****2006**

Restated

December

2005

Revenue

**4,854.4**4,731.9      3,478.8      **9,586.3**

6,501.3

Operating costs

**2,974.7**2,763.6      2,349.0      **5,738.3**

4,623.0

Gold inventory change

**(89.7)**(18.3)      (20.6)      **(108.0)**

(9.7)

**Operating profit****1,969.4**1,986.6      1,150.4      **3,956.0**

1,888.0

Amortisation and depreciation

**745.1**

680.7      535.1

**1,425.8**

1,033.9

**Net operating profit****1,224.3**

1,305.9      615.3

**2,530.2**

854.1

Finance

income

**237.0**13.8      17.8      **250.8**

17.7		
- Net interest (paid)/received		
<b>(26.6)</b>		
16.7	16.8	<b>(9.9)</b>
17.6		
- Gain/(loss) on foreign debt, net of cash		
<b>263.6</b>		
(2.9)	1.0	
<b>260.7</b>		
0.1		
Loss on financial instruments		
<b>(19.2)</b>		
(9.4)	(18.8)	<b>(28.6)</b>
(27.6)		
Other expenses		
<b>(63.9)</b>		
(28.7)	(29.0)	<b>(92.6)</b>
(47.8)		
Exploration		
<b>(64.9)</b>		
(65.6)	(54.1)	<b>(130.5)</b>
(120.3)		
<b>Profit before tax and exceptional items</b>		
<b>1,313.3</b>		
1,216.0	531.2	
<b>2,529.3</b>		
676.1		
Exceptional gain		
<b>7.8</b>		
8.7	1.8	<b>16.5</b>
4.5		
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		
<b>1,321.1</b>		
1,224.7	533.0	
<b>2,545.8</b>		
680.6		
Mining and income taxation		
<b>480.2</b>		
464.2	211.2	<b>944.4</b>
269.0		
- Normal taxation		
<b>259.4</b>		
251.7	121.2	<b>511.1</b>
195.2		
- Deferred taxation		
<b>220.8</b>		
212.5	90.0	<b>433.3</b>
73.8		
<b>Net profit</b>		
<b>840.9</b>		
760.5	321.8	

<b>1,601.4</b>		
411.6		
Attributable to:		
- Ordinary shareholders		
<b>766.8</b>		
697.8	284.2	
<b>1,464.6</b>		
348.5		
- Minority shareholders		
<b>74.1</b>		
62.7	37.6	<b>136.8</b>
63.1		
<b>Exceptional items:</b>		
Profit on sale of investments		
<b>4.7</b>		
0.4	-	
<b>5.1</b>		
1.8		
Profit on sale of assets		
<b>2.8</b>		
8.3	-	
<b>11.1</b>		
-		
Other		
<b>0.3</b>		
-	1.8	<b>0.3</b>
2.7		
<b>Total exceptional items</b>		
<b>7.8</b>		
8.7	1.8	<b>16.5</b>
4.5		
Taxation		
<b>(2.7)</b>		
(3.1)	(0.6)	<b>(5.8)</b>
(1.2)		
<b>Net exceptional items after tax and minorities</b>		
<b>5.1</b>		
5.6	1.2	<b>10.7</b>
3.3		
Net earnings		
<b>766.8</b>		
697.8	284.2	
<b>1,464.6</b>		
348.5		
Net earnings per share (cents)		
<b>148</b>		
141	58	<b>289</b>
71		
Headline earnings		
<b>761.7</b>		
692.2	283.0	



**1,453.9**

345.2

Headline earnings per share (cents)

**147**140            57            **287**

70

Diluted earnings per share (cents)

**147**141            57            **288**

70

Net earnings excluding gains and losses on financial instruments  
and foreign debt, net of cash and exceptional items**563.6**

701.7            296.9

**1,265.3**

365.7

Net earnings per share excluding gains and losses on financial  
instruments and foreign debt, net of cash and exceptional items

(cents)

**108**142            60            **250**

74

Gold sold – managed

kg

**33,598**33,315            34,381            **66,913**

67,353

Gold price received

R/kg

**144,485**142,035            101,184            **143,265**

96,526

Total cash costs

R/kg

**83,707**79,862            66,054            **81,793**

66,619





**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I****12**

Income statement

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***United States Dollars****Quarter****Six months to****December****2006**

September

2006

Restated

December

2005

**December****2006**

Restated

December

2005

Revenue

**657.6**

666.5          533.5

**1,324.1**

997.1

Operating costs

**403.4**389.2          360.3          **792.6**

709.0

Gold inventory change

**(12.3)**(2.6)          (3.2)          **(14.9)**

(1.5)

**Operating profit****266.5**279.9          176.4          **546.4**

289.6

Amortisation and depreciation

**101.0**95.9          82.0          **196.9**

158.6

**Net operating profit****165.5**184.0          94.4          **349.5**

131.0

Finance income

**32.6**2.0          2.7          **34.6**

2.7

- Net interest (paid)/received

<b>(3.8)</b>		
2.4	2.6	
<b>(1.4)</b>		
2.7		
- Gain/(loss) on foreign debt, net of cash		
<b>36.4</b>		
(0.4)	0.1	<b>36.0</b>
-		
Loss on financial instruments		
<b>(2.7)</b>		
(1.3)	(2.9)	<b>(4.0)</b>
(4.2)		
Other expenses		
<b>(8.7)</b>		
(4.1)	(4.4)	<b>(12.8)</b>
(7.3)		
Exploration		
<b>(8.7)</b>		
(9.3)	(8.3)	<b>(18.0)</b>
(18.5)		
<b>Profit before tax and exceptional items</b>		
<b>178.0</b>		
171.3	81.5	<b>349.3</b>
103.7		
Exceptional gain		
<b>1.1</b>		
1.2	0.3	<b>2.3</b>
0.7		
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		
<b>179.1</b>		
172.5	81.8	<b>351.6</b>
104.4		
Mining and income taxation		
<b>65.0</b>		
65.4	32.4	<b>130.4</b>
41.3		
- Normal taxation		
<b>35.1</b>		
35.5	18.6	<b>70.6</b>
29.9		
- Deferred taxation		
<b>29.9</b>		
29.9	13.8	<b>59.8</b>
11.4		
<b>Net profit</b>		
<b>114.1</b>		
107.1	49.4	<b>221.2</b>
63.1		
Attributable to:		
- Ordinary shareholders		
<b>104.0</b>		

98.3	43.6	<b>202.3</b>
53.4		
-	Minority shareholders	
<b>10.1</b>		
8.8	5.8	<b>18.9</b>
9.7		
<b>Exceptional items:</b>		
Profit on sale of investments		
<b>0.7</b>		
-	-	
<b>0.7</b>		
0.3		
Profit on sale of assets		
<b>0.3</b>		
1.2	-	
<b>1.5</b>		
-		
Other		
<b>0.1</b>		
-	0.3	<b>0.1</b>
0.4		
<b>Total exceptional items</b>		
<b>1.1</b>		
1.2	0.3	<b>2.3</b>
0.7		
Taxation		
<b>(0.4)</b>		
(0.4)	(0.1)	<b>(0.8)</b>
(0.2)		
<b>Net exceptional items after tax and minorities</b>		
<b>0.7</b>		
0.8	0.2	<b>1.5</b>
0.5		
Net earnings		
<b>104.0</b>		
98.3	43.6	<b>202.3</b>
53.4		
Net earnings per share (cents)		
<b>20</b>		
20	9	<b>40</b>
11		
Headline earnings		
<b>103.3</b>		
97.5	43.4	<b>200.8</b>
52.9		
Headline earnings per share (cents)		
<b>20</b>		
20	9	<b>40</b>
11		
Diluted earnings per share (cents)		
<b>20</b>		

20	9	<b>40</b>
11		
Net earnings excluding gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign debt, net of cash and exceptional items		
<b>76.0</b>		
98.8	45.6	<b>174.8</b>
56.1		
Net earnings per share excluding gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign debt, net of cash and exceptional items (cents)		
<b>15</b>		
20	9	<b>35</b>
11		
South African rand/United States dollar conversion rate		
<b>7.38</b>		
7.10	6.53	<b>7.24</b>
6.52		
South African rand/Australian dollar conversion rate		
<b>5.66</b>		
5.38	4.88	<b>5.52</b>
4.92		
Gold sold – managed ozs (000)		
<b>1,080</b>		
1,071	1,105	<b>2,151</b>
2,165		
Gold price received \$/oz		
<b>609</b>		
622	482	<b>615</b>
460		
Total cash costs \$/oz		
<b>353</b>		
350	315	<b>351</b>
318		







13

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Balance sheet

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*

**South African Rand**

**United States Dollars**

**December**

**2006**

Restated

June

2006

**December**

**2006**

Restated

June

2006

Property, plant and equipment

**43,362.7**

24,069.5

**6,212.4**

3,239.5

Non-current assets

**550.4**

484.0

**78.9**

65.1

Investments

**1,838.9**

2,483.9

**263.5**

334.3

Current assets

**6,111.0**

4,351.2

**875.5**

585.6

- Other current assets

**4,698.5**

2,733.7

**673.1**

367.9

- Cash and deposits

**1,412.5**

1,617.5

**202.4**

217.7

**Total assets**

**51,863.0**

31,388.6

**7,430.3**  
 4,224.5  
 Shareholders' equity  
**27,764.3**  
 19,851.5  
**3,977.7**  
 2,671.8  
 Deferred taxation  
**3,551.2**  
 5,454.7  
**508.8**  
 734.1  
 Long-term loans  
**2,177.9**  
 2,021.6  
**312.0**  
 272.1  
 Environmental rehabilitation provisions  
**1,127.6**  
 1,079.3  
**161.5**  
 145.3  
 Post-retirement health care provisions  
**22.0**  
 18.0  
**3.2**  
 2.4  
 Current liabilities  
**17,220.0**  
 2,963.5  
**2,467.1**  
 398.8  
 - Other current liabilities  
**8,446.6**  
 2,641.8  
**1,210.2**  
 355.5  
 - Current portion of long-term loans  
**8,773.4**  
 321.7  
**1,256.9**  
 43.3  
**Total equity and liabilities**  
**51,863.0**  
 31,388.6  
**7,430.3**  
 4,224.5  
 South African rand/US dollar conversion rate  
**6.98**  
 7.43  
 South African rand/Australian dollar conversion rate

**5.47**

5.44

Condensed statement of changes in equity

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*

**South African Rand**

**United States Dollars**

**December**

**2006**

Restated

December

2005

**December**

**2006**

Restated

December

2005

Balance at the beginning of the financial year

**19,851.5**

16,534.1

**2,671.8**

2,467.8

Effect of change in accounting policy – capitalisation of ORD costs

-

464.6

-

69.3

Issue of share capital

**28.4**

0.6

**4.1**

0.1

Increase in share premium

**7,164.5**

5.8

**1,026.4**

0.9

Marked to market valuation of listed investments

**156.2**

234.2

**22.4**

35.9

Dividends paid

**(545.4)**

(196.8)

**(78.1)**

(29.4)

Increase in share-based payment reserve

**38.1**

31.2

**5.5**

4.9  
 Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders  
**1,464.6**  
 348.5  
**202.3**  
 53.4  
 Profit attributable to minority shareholders  
**136.8**  
 63.1  
**18.9**  
 9.7  
 Decrease in minority interests  
**(121.4)**  
 (66.6)  
**(13.0)**  
 (10.5)  
 Currency translation adjustment and other  
**(409.0)**  
 (607.6)  
**117.4**  
 37.0  
**Balance as at the end of December**  
**27,764.3**  
 16,811.1  
**3,977.7**  
 2,639.1  
 Reconciliation of quarterly headline earnings with net earnings  
 International Financial Reporting Standards Basis  
*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*  
**South African Rand**  
**United States Dollars**  
**December**  
**2006**  
 September  
 2006  
 Restated  
 December  
 2005  
**December**  
**2006**  
 September  
 2006  
 Restated  
 December  
 2005  
**Net earnings**  
**766.8**  
 697.8          284.2  
**104.0**  
 98.3          43.6  
 Profit on sale of investments

**(4.7)**  
 (0.4) -  
**(0.7)**  
 - -  
 Taxation effect of profit on sale of investments  
 -  
 - -  
 -  
 - -

Profit on sale of assets

**(2.8)**  
 (8.3) -  
**(0.3)**  
 (1.2) -  
 Taxation effect of profit on sale of assets  
**2.7**

3.1 -  
**0.4**  
 0.4 -  
 Other after tax adjustments

**(0.3)**  
 - (1.2)  
**(0.1)**  
 - (0.2)

**Headline earnings**

**761.7**  
 692.2 283.0  
**103.3**  
 97.5 43.4

Headline earnings per share – cents

**147**  
 140 57  
**20**  
 20 9

Based on headline earnings as given above divided by  
 517,356,586 (September 2006 – 495,505,475 and December  
 2005 – 492,600,779) being the weighted average number of  
 ordinary shares in issue for the period







**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I****14**

Cash flow statement

International Financial Reporting Standards Basis

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***South African Rand****Quarter****Six months to****December****2006**

September

2006

Restated

December

2005

**December****2006**

Restated

December

2005

**Cash flows from operating activities****1,381.2**

1,609.3            749.2

**2,990.5**

1,235.3

Profit before tax and exceptional items

**1,313.3**

1,216.0            531.2

**2,529.3**

676.1

Exceptional items

**7.8**8.7            1.8            **16.5**

4.5

Amortisation and depreciation

**745.1**

680.7            535.1

**1,425.8**

1,033.9

Change in working capital

**(320.9)**9.9            (266.4)            **(311.0)**

(386.8)

Taxation paid

**(85.6)**(314.8)            (57.1)            **(400.4)**

(134.8)

Other non-cash items

**(278.5)**

8.8            4.6

**(269.7)**

42.4

**Dividends paid**

-

(555.9) -

**(555.9)**

(196.8)

Ordinary shareholders

-

(545.4) -

**(545.4)**

(196.8)

Minority shareholders in subsidiaries

-

(10.5) -

**(10.5)**

-

**Cash flows from investing activities****(10,135.8)**

(1,307.2) (622.1)

**(11,443.0)**

(1,136.0)

Capital expenditure – additions

**(1,376.0)**

(1,188.0) (594.3)

**(2,564.0)**

(1,102.8)

Capital expenditure – proceeds on disposal

**2.9**8.4 3.6 **11.3**

7.8

Purchase of subsidiaries

**(8,676.8)**

-

**(8,676.8)**

-

Purchase of investments

**(77.5)**(121.4) (26.8) **(198.9)**

(38.9)

Proceeds on the disposal of investments

**6.9**

2.2 -

**9.1**

8.4

Environmental and post-retirement health care payments

**(15.3)**

(8.4) (4.6)

**(23.7)**

(10.5)

**Cash flows from financing activities**

<b>9,016.4</b>		
(168.9)	6.4	
<b>8,847.5</b>		
(200.2)		
Loans received		
<b>9,057.9</b>		
-	-	
<b>9,057.9</b>		
-		
Loans repaid		
-		
(155.6)	-	
<b>(155.6)</b>		
(140.0)		
Minority shareholders loans received		
<b>(44.6)</b>		
(45.5)	(66.6)	<b>(90.1)</b>
(66.6)		
Shares issued		
<b>3.1</b>		
32.2	73.0	<b>35.3</b>
6.4		
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow)</b>		
<b>261.8</b>		
(422.7)	133.5	
<b>(160.9)</b>		
(297.7)		
Translation adjustment		
<b>(73.2)</b>		
29.1	4.1	
<b>(44.1)</b>		
(140.1)		
Cash at beginning of period		
<b>1,223.9</b>		
1,617.5	2,799.6	<b>1,617.5</b>
3,375.0		
<b>Cash at end of period</b>		
<b>1,412.5</b>		
1,223.9	2,937.2	<b>1,412.5</b>
2,937.2		
<b>United States Dollars</b>		
<b>Quarter</b>		
<b>Six months to</b>		
<b>December</b>		
<b>2006</b>		
September		
2006		
Restated		
December		
2005		
<b>December</b>		

**2006**Restated  
December

2005

**Cash flows from operating activities****189.8**226.7            119.3            **416.5**

194.5

Profit before tax and exceptional items

**178.0**

171.3            81.5

**349.3**

103.7

Exceptional items

**1.1**1.2            0.3            **2.3**

0.7

Amortisation and depreciation

**101.0**

95.9            82.0

**196.9**

158.6

Change in working capital

**(44.4)**1.4            (40.8)            **(43.0)**

(59.3)

Taxation paid

**(7.4)**

(44.3)            (4.4)

**(51.7)**

(15.7)

Other non-cash items

**(38.5)**

1.2            0.7

**(37.3)**

6.5

**Dividends paid**

-

(78.3)            -

**(78.3)**

(29.4)

Ordinary shareholders

-

(76.8)            -

**(76.8)**

(29.4)

Minority shareholders in subsidiaries

-

(1.5)            -

**(1.5)**

-

**Cash flows from investing activities****(1,396.4)**

(184.1) (95.9)

**(1,580.5)**

(174.3)

Capital expenditure – additions

**(186.8)**(167.3) (91.2) **(354.1)**

(169.2)

Capital expenditure – proceeds on disposal

**0.4**1.2 0.1 **1.6**

1.2

Purchase of subsidiaries

**(1,198.5)**

- -

**(1,198.5)**

-

Purchase of investments

**(10.4)**

(17.1) (4.1)

**(27.5)**

(6.0)

Proceeds on the disposal of investments

**1.0**

0.3 -

**1.3**

1.3

Environmental and post-retirement health care payments

**(2.1)**(1.2) (0.7) **(3.3)**

(1.6)

**Cash flows from financing activities****1,261.4**

(23.8) 0.7

**1,237.6**

(31.0)

Loans received

**1,265.7**

- -

**1,265.7**

-

Loans repaid

**0.4**

(21.9) -

**(21.5)**

(21.5)

Minority shareholders loans received

**(5.1)**(6.4) (10.5) **(11.5)**

(10.5)

Shares issued

**0.4**4.5            11.2            **4.9**

1.0

**Net cash inflow/(outflow)****54.8**(59.5)            24.1            **(4.7)**

(40.2)

Translation adjustment

**(13.4)**

2.8            (5.3)

**(10.6)**

(2.4)

Cash at beginning of period

**161.0**217.7            442.3            **217.7**

503.7

**Cash at end of period****202.4**161.0            461.1            **202.4**

461.1







15

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Hedging / Derivatives

The Group's policy is to remain unhedged to the gold price. However, hedges are sometimes undertaken on a project specific basis as follows:

- to protect cash flows at times of significant expenditure,
- for specific debt servicing requirements, and
- to safeguard the viability of higher cost operations.

Gold Fields may from time to time establish currency financial instruments to protect underlying cash flows.

Gold Fields has various currency financial instruments - those remaining are described in the schedule. It has been decided not to account for these

instruments under the hedge accounting rules of IAS 39 and accordingly the positions have been marked to market.

**Position at end of December 2006**

**Western Areas Limited Gold Derivative Structure**

The existing option positions are detailed in the table below:

**US Dollar Denominated Gold Call and Put Options**

**Year ended 30 June**

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

2014

Notional

Amount

Strike

Price

(US\$/oz)

Notional

Amount

Strike

Price

(US\$/oz)

Notional

Amount

Strike

Price

(US\$/oz)

Notional

Amount

Strike

Price

(US\$/oz)

Notional

Amount



453.70

The marked to market valuation of all transactions making up the positions in the above table was a negative R2,673.4 million (US\$383.4 million). The value was based on a US dollar gold price of US\$634.22/oz and an exchange rate of US\$/ZAR 6.9732 and the prevailing interest rates and volatilities at the time.

The Option premium payable is detailed in the table below:

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
2013	2014				
Deferred Premium (US\$ - 000`s)					
25,000					
25,000					
25,000					
25,000					
25,000					
25,000					
25,000					
12,500					

The marked to market valuation of all transactions making up the positions in the above table was a negative R1,092.0 million (US\$156.6 million). The value was based on an exchange rate of US\$/ZAR 6.9732 and the prevailing interest rates and volatilities at the time.

#### **Gold purchases – Gold ounces 275,000 at an average of US\$627.9 per ounce**

As part of the close-out of the WAL hedge book, WAL accumulated the delta in the spot gold market beginning on 16 December 2006. The marked to market value of all transactions making up the position in the above position was a positive R18.2 million (US\$2.6 million). The value was based on an exchange rate of US dollar/Rand 6.9750 and the spot US dollar gold price of US\$620.80 and the prevailing interest rates and volatility at the time. The spot purchases were rolled to mature on 22 January 2007. Subsequently the position was rolled to mature on 30 January 2007.

#### **US Dollars / Australian Dollars call options**

Year ended 30 June

2007

Australian dollar call options:

Amount (US dollars)

- 000`s

25,000

Average strike price

- (US\$/A\$)

0.7670

The marked to market value of all transactions making up the positions in the above table was a positive US\$0.5 million. This was based on an exchange rate of A\$/US\$ 0.7836. The value was based on the prevailing interest rates and volatilities at the time. This derivative has since been matured resulting in a cash flow of US\$0.6 million.

#### **US Dollars / Rand forward purchases**

Year ended 30 June

2007

Forward purchases:

Amount (US Dollars)

- 000`s

30,000

Average rate

- (ZAR/US\$)

7.3002

The marked to market value of all transactions making up the positions in the above table was a negative R5.7 million (US\$0.8 million). The value was based on an exchange rate of US\$6.9750 and the prevailing interest rates and volatilities at the time. The forward purchases of US\$30 million matured on 5 December 2006. These were extended

to mature on 6 June 2007, resulting in a cash inflow of R9.6 million.

**Diesel Hedge**

On 3 July 2006, Gold Fields Ghana purchased a one year Asian style (average monthly price) call option in respect of 58.8 million litres of diesel, settled monthly, to protect against adverse energy price movements. The call option resulted in a premium of US\$2.5 million, paid upfront, at a strike price of US\$0.5716 per litre (US\$676.20 per metric ton). This equates to US\$73.89 per barrel Brent crude. The price at the end of December was US\$62.06 per barrel and US\$0.4595 cents per litre respectively. The balance of the unexpired options are given below:

Year ended 30 June

2007

Forward purchases:

Amount (litres)

- 000's

34,300

Strike price

- US\$/litre

0.5716

Conversion factor from US dollar per metric ton to US dollar cents per litre = 1,183

The marked to market value of all transactions making up the position above was a positive US\$0.1 million. The value was based on an IPE Gasoil

price of US\$0.4722 per litre (US\$558.61 per metric ton). The value was based on the prevailing interest rates and volatilities at the time.





**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I****16**

Total cash costs

Gold Institute Industry Standard

*All figures are in Rand millions unless otherwise stated***South African Operations****International Operations****Ghana Venezuela Australia**

#

.

**Total Mine****Operations****Total Driefontein****Kloof Beatrix****South****Deep+****Total****Tarkwa****Damang****Choco 10****St Ives****Agnew****Operating costs****(1)****December****2006****2,974.7****1,794.7****660.5****629.1****392.1****113.0****1,180.0****454.4 165.8 78.4 372.2****109.2**

September 2006

**2,763.6**

1,644.0

650.0

615.5

378.5

-

1,119.6

428.5 142.4 69.6 392.0

87.1

Financial year to date

**5,738.3**

3,438.7

1,310.5 1,244.6

770.6

113.0			
2,299.6			
882.9	308.2	148.0	764.2
196.3			
Gold-in-process and			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>(69.4)</b>			
<b>(21.8)</b>			
-			
-			
-			
<b>(21.8)</b>			
<b>(47.6)</b>			
<b>(25.0)</b>	<b>3.0</b>		
<b>(0.2)</b>			
<b>(14.8)</b>			
<b>(10.6)</b>			
inventory change*			
September 2006			
(13.3)			
-			
-			
-			
-			
(13.3)			
(3.2)	7.8		
(4.1)			
(12.4)			
(1.4)			
Financial year to date			
(82.7)			
(21.8)			
-			
-			
-			
(21.8)			
(60.9)			
(28.2)	10.8	(4.3)	(27.2)
(12.0)			
Less:			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>8.9</b>			
<b>6.4</b>			
<b>3.0</b>			
<b>2.0</b>			
<b>1.4</b>			
-			
<b>2.5</b>			
<b>0.8</b>	-	-	
<b>1.7</b>			



-			
Rehabilitation costs			
September 2006			
8.7			
6.4			
3.0			
2.0			
1.4			
-			
2.3			
0.7	-	-	
1.6			
-			
Financial year to date			
17.6			
12.8			
6.0			
4.0			
2.8			
-			
4.8			
1.5	-	-	
3.3			
-			
Production taxes			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>6.5</b>			
<b>6.5</b>			
<b>2.5</b>			
<b>2.5</b>			
<b>1.5</b>			
-			
-			
-	-	-	-
-			
September 2006			
7.2			
7.2			
3.3			
2.5			
1.4			
-			
-			
-	-	-	-
-			
Financial year to date			
13.7			
13.7			
5.8			
5.0			
2.9			

-			
-			
-	-	-	-
-			
General and admin			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>132.8</b>			
<b>71.0</b>			
<b>28.9</b>			
<b>24.5</b>			
<b>17.6</b>			
-			
<b>61.8</b>			
<b>27.3</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>15.4</b>
<b>4.1</b>			
September 2006			
123.1			
71.7			
29.0			
24.1			
18.6			
-			
51.4			
23.4	3.7	11.6	9.9
2.8			
Financial year to date			
255.9			
142.7			
57.9			
48.6			
36.2			
-			
113.2			
50.7	8.1	22.2	25.3
6.9			
Exploration costs			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>7.8</b>			
-			
-			
-			
-			
-			
<b>7.8</b>			
-	<b>0.7</b>		
-	<b>6.4</b>		
<b>0.7</b>			
September 2006			
8.8			
-			
-			

-			
-			
-			
8.8			
-	2.1		
-	6.1		
0.6			
Financial year to date			
16.6			
-			
-			
-			
-			
16.6			
-	2.8		
-	12.5		
1.3			
<b>Cash operating costs</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>2,749.3</b>			
<b>1689.0</b>			
<b>626.1</b>			
<b>600.1</b>			
<b>371.6</b>			
<b>91.2</b>			
<b>1,060.3</b>			
<b>401.3</b>	<b>163.7</b>	<b>67.6</b>	<b>333.9</b>
<b>93.8</b>			
September 2006			
2,602.5			
1,558.7			
614.7			
586.9			
357.1			
-			
1,043.9			
401.2	144.4	53.9	362.0
82.3			
Financial year to date			
5,351.8			
3,247.7			
1,240.8	1,187.0		
728.7			
91.2			
2,104.1			
802.5	308.1	121.5	695.9
176.1			
Plus:			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>6.5</b>			

<b>6.5</b>			
<b>2.5</b>			
<b>2.5</b>			
<b>1.5</b>			
-			
-			
-	-	-	-
-			
Production taxes			
September 2006			
7.2			
7.2			
3.3			
2.5			
1.4			
-			
-			
-	-	-	-
-			
Financial year to date			
13.7			
13.7			
5.8			
5.0			
2.9			
-			
-			
-	-	-	-
-			
Royalties			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>56.6</b>			
-			
-			
-			
-			
<b>56.6</b>			
<b>24.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>13.8</b>
<b>7.8</b>			
September 2006			
50.9			
-			
-			
-			
-			
50.9			
23.1	6.4	2.1	13.8
5.5			
Financial year to date			

107.5			
-			
-			
-			
-			
107.5			
47.5	13.0	6.1	27.6
13.3			
<b>TOTAL CASH COSTS</b>			
<b>(2)</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>2,812.4</b>			
<b>1,695.5</b>			
<b>628.6</b>			
<b>602.6</b>			
<b>373.1</b>			
<b>91.2</b>			
<b>1,116.9</b>			
<b>425.7</b>	<b>170.3</b>	<b>71.6</b>	<b>347.7</b>
<b>101.6</b>			
September 2006			
2,660.6			
1,565.9			
618.0			
589.4			
358.5			
-			
1,094.7			
424.3	150.8	56.0	375.8
87.8			
Financial year to date			
5,473.0			
3,261.4			
1,246.6	1,192.0		
731.6			
91.2			
2,211.6			
850.0	321.1	127.6	723.5
189.4			
Plus:			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>690.9</b>			
<b>373.7</b>			
<b>122.4</b>			
<b>152.1</b>			
<b>89.9</b>			
<b>9.3</b>			
<b>317.2</b>			
<b>66.9</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>13.8</b>	
<b>226.9</b>			

Amortisation\*

September 2006

643.8

342.8

119.8

139.5

83.5

-

301.0

66.5            7.1            12.7

214.7

Financial year to date

1,334.7

716.5

242.2

291.6

173.4

9.3

618.2

133.4            16.7            26.5

441.6

Rehabilitation

**December 2006**

**8.9**

**6.4**

**3.0**

**2.0**

**1.4**

-

**2.5**

**0.8            -            -**

**1.7**

September 2006

8.7

6.4

3.0

2.0

1.4

-

2.3

0.7            -            -

1.6

Financial year to date

17.6

12.8

6.0

4.0

2.8

-

4.8

1.5            -            -

3.3

**December 2006**

**3,512.2**

**2,075.6**

**754.0**

**756.7**

**464.4**

**100.5**

**1,436.6**

**493.4      179.9      85.4**

**677.9**

**TOTAL PRODUCTION**

**COSTS**

**(3)**

September 2006

3,313.1

1,915.1

740.8

730.9

443.4

-

1,398.0

491.5      157.9      68.7

679.9

Financial year to date

6,825.3

3,990.7

1,494.8      1,487.6

907.8

100.5

2,834.6

984.9      337.8      154.1

1,357.8

**Gold sold**

**December 2006**

**1,080.2**

**649.3**

**247.3**

**230.6**

**149.5**

**21.9**

**430.9**

**178.8      51.6      22.8      124.6**

**53.0**

**- thousand ounces**      September 2006

1,071.1

649.3

257.5

242.7

149.1

-

421.8			
173.6	48.5	17.2	123.4
59.2			

Financial year to date

2,151.3

1,298.6

504.8

473.3

298.6

21.9

852.7

352.4	100.1	40.0	248.0
-------	-------	------	-------

112.2

**TOTAL CASH COSTS****December 2006****353****354****344****354****338****564****351**

<b>323</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>378</b>
------------	------------	------------	------------

**260****- US\$/oz**

September 2006

350

340

338

342

339

-

365

344	438	458	429
-----	-----	-----	-----

209

Financial year to date

351

347

341

348

338

564

358

333	443	440	403
-----	-----	-----	-----

233

**TOTAL CASH COSTS****December 2006****83,707****83,952****81,721****84,021****80,237**



<b>133,724</b>			
<b>83,338</b>			
<b>76,537</b>	<b>106,106</b>	<b>100,987</b>	<b>89,706</b>
<b>61,576</b>			
<b>- R/kg</b>			September 2006
79,862			
77,543			
77,163			
78,077			
77,330			
-			
83,431			
78,589	100,000	104,478	97,941
47,691			
Financial year to date			
81,793			
80,748			
79,396			
80,973			
78,785			
133,724			
83,384			
77,548	103,148	102,490	93,803
54,254			

**TOTAL PRODUCTION**

**December 2006**

<b>441</b>			
<b>433</b>			
<b>413</b>			
<b>445</b>			
<b>421</b>			
<b>621</b>			
<b>452</b>			
<b>374</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>508</b>	
<b>517</b>			

**COSTS** September 2006

436			
415			
405			
424			
419			
-			
467			
399	459	561	
525			

**- US\$/oz**

Financial year to date

438
424
409
434

420  
 621  
 459  
 386            466            532  
 521

**DEFINITIONS**

Total cash costs and Total production costs are calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Industry standard.

(1)  
 Operating costs – All gold mining related costs before amortisation/depreciation, changes in gold inventory, taxation and exceptional items.

(2)  
 Total cash costs – Operating costs less off-mine costs, including general and administration costs, as detailed in the table above.

(3)  
 Total production costs – Total cash costs plus amortisation/depreciation and rehabilitation provisions, as detailed in the table above.

\* Adjusted for amortisation/depreciation (non-cash item) excluded from gold-in-process change.  
 Average exchange rates are US\$1 = R7.38 and US\$1 = R7.10 for the December 2006 and September 2006 quarters respectively.

# As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew based on endowment ounces and also as these two Australian operations are entitled to transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful to split the income statement below operating profit.

+ The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.

**Restated total cash cost on the assumption that Ore Reserve Development (ORD) is fully expensed**

**South African  
 Operations  
 International  
 Operations  
 Total Mine  
 Operations  
 Total Driefontein  
 Kloof    Beatrix  
 South  
 Deep+  
 Total**

Total cash costs as above

**December 2006**  
**2,812.4            1,695.5**

**628.6  
 602.6  
 373.1  
 91.2  
 1,116.9**

(ORD capitalised)  
 September 2006  
 2,660.6            1,565.9  
 618.0  
 589.4  
 358.5

-

1,094.7  
 Financial year to date  
 5,473.0      3,261.4  
 1,246.6  
 1,192.0  
 731.6  
 91.2  
 2,211.6  
 Add back ORD  
**December 2006**  
**246.2      246.2**  
**94.3**  
**96.4**  
**55.5**  
 -  
 -  
 September 2006  
 233.1      233.1  
 85.4  
 87.9  
 59.8  
 -  
 -  
 Financial year to date  
 479.3      479.3  
 179.7  
 184.3  
 115.3  
 -  
 -  
 Restated total cash costs#  
**December 2006**  
**3,058.6      1,941.7**  
**722.9**  
**699.0**  
**428.6**  
**91.2**  
**1,116.9**  
 September 2006  
 2,893.7      1,799.0  
 703.4  
 677.3  
 418.3  
 -  
 1,094.7  
 Financial year to date  
 5,952.3      3,740.7  
 1,426.3  
 1,376.3  
 846.9  
 91.2

2,211.6

Restated total cash costs

**December 2006**

**384**

**405**

**396**

**411**

**388**

**564**

**351**

- US\$ per ounce

September 2006

381

390

385

393

395

-

365

Financial year to date

382

398

390

402

392

564

358

Restated total cash costs

**December 2006**

**91,035      96,143**

**93,981**

**97,462**

**92,172**

**133,724**

**83,338**

- Rand per kilogram

September 2006

86,859      89,086

87,826

89,720

90,229

-

83,431

Financial year to date

88,956      92,615

90,841

93,492

91,202

133,724

83,384

#Restated total cash costs relates to total cash costs prior to the change in accounting policy.

+ The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.





17

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Operating and financial results

**South African Operations****South African Rand****Total Mine****Operations****Total Driefontein****Kloof            Beatrix****South****Deep+****Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

**December 2006****13,109****3,778            1,673            986            935****184**

September 2006

12,858

3,679            1,703            992            984

-

Financial year to date

25,967

7,457            3,376            1,978            1,919

184

Yield (grams per ton)

**December 2006****2.6****5.4            4.6            7.3            5.0****4.6**

September 2006

2.6

5.5            4.7            7.6            4.7

-

Financial year to date

2.6

5.4            4.7            7.4            4.8

4.6

Gold produced (kilograms)

**December 2006****33,754****20,352            7,692            7,172            4,650****838**

September 2006

33,283

20,194            8,009            7,549            4,636

-

Financial year to date

67,037

40,546            15,701            14,721            9,286

838



Gold sold (kilograms)

**December 2006****33,598****20,196**            **7,692**            **7,172**            **4,650****682**

September 2006

33,315

20,194            8,009            7,549            4,636

-

Financial year to date

66,913

40,390            15,701            14,721            9,286

682

Gold price received (Rand per kilogram)

**December 2006****144,485****144,083**            **144,371**            **144,423**            **143,398****141,935**

September 2006

142,035

142,121            141,978            141,820            142,860

-

Financial year to date

143,265

143,102            143,150            143,088            143,129

141,935

Total cash costs (Rand per kilogram)

**December 2006****83,707****83,952**            **81,721**            **84,021**            **80,237**            **133,724**

September 2006

79,862

77,543            77,163            78,077            77,330

-

Financial year to date

81,793

80,748            79,396            80,973            78,785            133,724

Total production costs (Rand per kilogram)

**December 2006****104,536****102,773**            **98,024****105,508**            **99,871**            **147,361**

September 2006

99,448

94,835            92,496            96,821            95,643

-

Financial year to date

102,003

98,804            95,204

101,053            97,760            147,361

Operating costs (Rand per ton)

**December 2006**

227

475                    395                    638                    419

614

September 2006

215

447                    382                    620                    385

-

Financial year to date

221

461                    388                    629                    402

614

**Financial Results (Rand million)**

Revenue

**December 2006**

4,854.4

2,909.9                    1,110.5                    1,035.8                    666.8

96.8

September 2006

4,731.9

2,870.0                    1,137.1                    1,070.6                    662.3

-

Financial year to date

9,586.3

5,789.9                    2,247.6                    2,106.4                    1,329.1

96.8

Operating costs

**December 2006**

2,974.7

1,794.7                    660.5                    629.1                    392.1

113.0

September 2006

2,763.6

1,644.0                    650.0                    615.5                    378.5

-

Financial year to date

5,738.3

3,438.7                    1,310.5                    1,244.6                    770.6

113.0

Gold inventory change

**December 2006**

(89.7)

(21.8)                    -                    -                    -

(21.8)

September 2006

(18.3)

-

-

Financial year to date

(108.0)

(21.8)                    -                    -                    -

(21.8)			
<b>Operating profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>1,969.4</b>			
<b>1,137.2</b>	<b>450.0</b>	<b>406.7</b>	<b>274.7</b>
<b>5.6</b>			
September 2006			
1,986.6			
1,226.0	487.1	455.1	283.8
-			
Financial year to date			
3,956.0			
2,363.2	937.1	861.8	558.5
<b>5.6</b>			
Amortisation of mining assets			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>710.3</b>			
<b>372.7</b>	<b>122.4</b>	<b>151.3</b>	<b>89.7</b>
<b>9.3</b>			
September 2006			
648.8			
342.8	119.8	139.5	83.5
-			
Financial year to date			
1,359.1			
715.5	242.2	290.8	173.2
<b>9.3</b>			
<b>Net operating profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>1,259.1</b>			
<b>763.5</b>	<b>327.6</b>	<b>255.4</b>	<b>185.0</b>
<b>(3.7)</b>			
September 2006			
1,337.8			
883.2	367.3	315.6	200.3
-			
Financial year to date			
2,596.9			
1,646.7	694.9	571.0	385.3
<b>(3.7)</b>			
Other income/(expense)			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>(17.1)</b>			
<b>(42.9)</b>	<b>(10.8)</b>	<b>(9.5)</b>	<b>(11.3)</b>
<b>(11.3)</b>			
September 2006			
(16.8)			
(26.7)	(8.8)	(7.3)	(10.6)
-			
Financial year to date			
(33.9)			

(69.6)	(19.6)	(16.8)	(21.9)	
(11.3)				
<b>Profit before taxation</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>1,242.0</b>				
<b>721.4</b>	<b>316.8</b>	<b>245.9</b>	<b>173.7</b>	
<b>(15.0)</b>				
September 2006				
1,321.0				
856.5	358.5	308.3	189.7	
-				
Financial year to date				
2,563.0				
1,577.9	675.3	554.2	363.4	
(15.0)				
Mining and income taxation				<b>December 2006</b>
<b>423.2</b>				
<b>229.6</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>62.9</b>	<b>67.9</b>	
<b>(5.3)</b>				
September 2006				
476.9				
302.8	122.8	106.9	73.1	
-				
Financial year to date				
900.1				
532.4	226.9	169.8	141.0	
(5.3)				
- Normal taxation				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>205.3</b>				
<b>75.3</b>	<b>75.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	
-				
September 2006				
246.3				
112.9	112.8	0.1		
-				
-				
Financial year to date				
451.6				
188.2	187.9	0.2	0.1	
-				
- Deferred taxation				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>217.9</b>				
<b>154.3</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>62.8</b>	<b>67.8</b>	
<b>(5.3)</b>				
September 2006				
230.6				
189.9	10.0			
106.8	73.1			
-				

Financial year to date			
448.5			
344.2	39.0		
169.6	140.9		
(5.3)			
<b>Profit before exceptional items</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>818.8</b>			
<b>491.8</b>	<b>212.7</b>	<b>183.0</b>	<b>105.8</b>
(9.7)			
September 2006			
844.1			
553.7	235.7	201.4	116.6
-			
Financial year to date			
1,662.9			
1,045.5	448.4	384.4	222.4
(9.7)			
Exceptional items			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>7.9</b>			
<b>2.9</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.1</b>
-			
September 2006			
8.3			
8.2	4.5	-	3.7
-			
Financial year to date			
16.2			
11.1	5.3	-	5.8
-			
<b>Net profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>826.7</b>			
<b>494.7</b>	<b>213.5</b>	<b>183.0</b>	<b>107.8</b>
(9.7)			
September 2006			
852.4			
561.9	240.2	201.4	120.3
-			
Financial year to date			
1,679.1			
1,056.6	453.7	384.4	228.2
(9.7)			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>822.0</b>			
<b>493.0</b>	<b>213.1</b>	<b>183.0</b>	<b>106.6</b>
(9.7)			
September 2006			
859.3			
556.6	237.3	201.3	118.0

-

Net profit excluding gains and losses on  
financial instruments and foreign debt and  
exceptional items

Financial year to date

1,681.3

1,049.6	450.4	384.3	224.6
---------	-------	-------	-------

(9.7)

**Capital expenditure**

**December 2006**

**1,025.8**

<b>564.7</b>	<b>177.4</b>	<b>190.7</b>	<b>156.1</b>
--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

**40.5**

September 2006

821.7

432.7	143.7	183.7	105.3
-------	-------	-------	-------

-

Financial year to date

1,847.5

997.4	321.1	374.4	261.4
-------	-------	-------	-------

40.5

Planned for next six months to June 2007

2,423.2

1,359.9	496.5	358.6	240.1
---------	-------	-------	-------

264.7

+ The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.







**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I****18**

Operating and financial results

**International Operations****Ghana****Venezuela****Australia #****South African Rand****Total****Tarkwa****Damang****Choco 10****St Ives****Agnew****Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

**December 2006****9,331**      **5,588**      **1,326****357**      **1,742****318**

September 2006

9,179      5,514      1,317

306      1,698

344

Financial year to date

18,510      11,102      2,643

663

3,440

662

Yield (grams per ton)

**December 2006****1.4**      **1.0**      **1.2**      **2.0**      **2.2**      **5.2**

September 2006

1.4      1.0      1.1      1.7      2.3      5.4

Financial year to date

1.4      1.0      1.2      1.8      2.2      5.3

Gold produced (kilograms)

**December 2006****13,402**      **5,562**      **1,605****709**      **3,876**      **1,650**

September 2006

13,089      5,399      1,508

504      3,837      1,841

Financial year to date

26,491      10,961      3,113      1,213

7,713

3,491

Gold sold (kilograms)

**December 2006****13,402**      **5,562**      **1,605**

<b>709</b>	<b>3,876</b>	<b>1,650</b>			
September 2006					
13,121	5,399	1,508			
536	3,837	1,841			
Financial year to date					
26,523	10,961	3,113	1,245		
7,713					
3,491					
Gold price received (Rand per kilogram)					
<b>December 2006</b>					
<b>145,090</b>	<b>144,966</b>	<b>145,171</b>	<b>142,877</b>	<b>144,788</b>	<b>147,091</b>
September 2006					
141,902	142,323	141,976	136,940	141,725	142,423
Financial year to date					
143,513	143,664	143,624	140,321	143,265	144,629
Total cash costs (Rand per kilogram)					
<b>December 2006</b>					
<b>83,338</b>	<b>76,537</b>				
<b>106,106</b>	<b>100,987</b>	<b>89,706</b>	<b>61,576</b>		
September 2006					
83,431	78,589				
100,000	104,478	97,941	47,691		
Financial year to date					
83,384	77,548				
103,148	102,490	93,803	54,254		
Total production costs (Rand per kilogram)					
<b>December 2006</b>					
<b>107,193</b>	<b>88,709</b>				
<b>112,087</b>	<b>120,451</b>				
<b>122,675</b>					
September 2006					
106,547	91,035				
104,708	128,172				
119,743					
Financial year to date					
106,873	89,855				
108,513	123,775				
121,189					
Operating costs (Rand per ton)					
<b>December 2006</b>					
<b>126</b>	<b>81</b>				
<b>125</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>343</b>		
September 2006					
122	78				
108	228	231	253		
Financial year to date					
124	80				
117	223	222	297		
<b>Financial Results (Rand million)</b>					
Revenue					
<b>December 2006</b>					

<b>1,944.5</b>	<b>806.3</b>	<b>233.0</b>	<b>101.3</b>	
<b>561.2</b>	<b>242.7</b>			
September 2006				
1,861.9	768.4	214.1	73.4	
543.8	262.2			
Financial year to date				
3,806.4	1,574.7	447.1		
174.7				
1,105.0				
504.9				
Operating costs				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>1,180.0</b>	<b>454.4</b>	<b>165.8</b>	<b>78.4</b>	
<b>372.2</b>	<b>109.2</b>			
September 2006				
1,119.6	428.5	142.4	69.6	
392.0				
87.1				
Financial year to date				
2,299.6	882.9	308.2	148.0	
764.2	196.3			
Gold inventory change				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>(67.9)</b>	<b>(29.1)</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	
<b>(23.9)</b>	<b>(17.5)</b>			
September 2006				
(18.3)	(4.5)	7.9	(4.1)	(19.8)
2.2				
Financial year to date				
(86.2)	(33.6)	10.7	(4.4)	
(43.7)	(15.3)			
<b>Operating profit</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>832.4</b>	<b>381.0</b>	<b>64.3</b>	<b>23.2</b>	
<b>212.9</b>	<b>151.0</b>			
September 2006				
760.6	344.4	63.8		
7.9				
171.6	172.9			
Financial year to date				
<b>1,593.0</b>	<b>725.4</b>	<b>128.1</b>	<b>31.1</b>	
<b>384.5</b>	<b>323.9</b>			
Amortisation of mining assets				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>337.6</b>	<b>71.0</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>13.9</b>	
<b>242.9</b>				
September 2006				
306.0	67.8	7.0	12.7	
218.5				
Financial year to date				
643.6	138.8	16.8	26.6	

461.4			
<b>Net operating profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>494.8</b>	<b>310.0</b>	<b>54.5</b>	
<b>9.3</b>			
<b>121.0</b>			
September 2006			
454.6	276.6	56.8	(4.8)
126.0			
Financial year to date			
949.4	586.6	111.3	
4.5			
247.0			
Other income/(expense)			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>25.8</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.8</b>
<b>21.4</b>			
September 2006			
9.9	(7.4)	0.2	6.1
11.0			
Financial year to date			
35.7	(5.3)	0.7	7.9
32.4			
<b>Profit before taxation</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>520.6</b>	<b>312.1</b>	<b>55.0</b>	<b>11.1</b>
<b>142.4</b>			
September 2006			
464.5	269.2	57.0	
1.3			
137.0			
Financial year to date			
985.1	581.3	112.0	12.4
279.4			
Mining and income taxation			<b>December 2006</b>
<b>193.6</b>	<b>95.5</b>	<b>21.3</b>	<b>17.5</b>
<b>59.3</b>			
September 2006			
174.1	86.2	19.2	14.1
54.6			
Financial year to date			
367.7	181.7	40.5	31.6
113.9			
- Normal taxation			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>130.0</b>	<b>85.3</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>12.1</b>
<b>21.6</b>			
September 2006			
133.4	91.1	8.9	4.1
19.3			
Financial year to date			

263.4	176.4	19.9	26.2
40.9			
- Deferred taxation			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>63.6</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>5.4</b>
<b>37.7</b>			
September 2006			
40.7	(4.9)	10.3	
-			
35.3			
Financial year to date			
104.3	5.3		
20.6	5.4		
73.0			
<b>Profit before exceptional items</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>327.0</b>	<b>216.6</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>(6.4)</b>
<b>83.1</b>			
September 2006			
290.4	183.0	37.8	(12.8)
82.4			
Financial year to date			
617.4	399.6	71.5	(19.2)
165.5			
Exceptional items			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>5.0</b>	-	-	-
<b>5.0</b>			
September 2006			
0.1	-	-	-
0.1			
Financial year to date			
5.1	-	-	-
5.1			
<b>Net profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>332.0</b>	<b>216.6</b>	<b>33.7</b>	<b>(6.4)</b>
<b>88.1</b>			
September 2006			
290.5	183.0	37.8	(12.8)
82.5			
Financial year to date			
622.5	399.6	71.5	(19.2)
170.6			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>329.0</b>	<b>217.5</b>	<b>34.1</b>	<b>(6.4)</b>
<b>83.8</b>			
September 2006			
302.7	191.0	40.6	(12.8)
83.9			

Net profit excluding gains and losses on  
financial instruments and foreign debt and  
exceptional items

Financial year to date

631.7	408.5	74.7	(19.2)
167.7			

**Capital expenditure**

**December 2006**

<b>461.1</b>	<b>188.5</b>	<b>52.5</b>	<b>37.9</b>
--------------	--------------	-------------	-------------

**126.3**

**55.9**

September 2006

389.0	90.2	48.1	77.2	116.3	57.2
-------	------	------	------	-------	------

Financial year to date

850.1	278.7	100.6	115.1
-------	-------	-------	-------

242.6	113.1
-------	-------

Planned for next six months to June 2007

1,063.3	487.9	113.8	91.4
---------	-------	-------	------

257.7	112.5
-------	-------







19

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Operating and financial results

**South African Operations**

United States Dollars

**Total Mine****Operations**

<b>Total</b>	<b>Driefontein</b>	<b>Kloof</b>	<b>Beatrix</b>
--------------	--------------------	--------------	----------------

South

Deep

+

**Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

**December 2006****13,109**

<b>3,778</b>	<b>1,673</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>935</b>
--------------	--------------	------------	------------

**184**

September 2006

12,858

3,679	1,703	992	984
-------	-------	-----	-----

-

Financial year to date

25,967

7,457	3,376	1,978	1,919
-------	-------	-------	-------

184

Yield (ounces per ton)

**December 2006****0.083**

<b>0.173</b>	<b>0.148</b>	<b>0.234</b>	<b>0.160</b>	<b>0.146</b>
--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

September 2006

0.083

0.176	0.151	0.245	0.151
-------	-------	-------	-------

-

Financial year to date

0.083

0.175	0.150	0.239	0.156	0.146
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

Gold produced (000 ounces)

**December 2006****1,085.2**

<b>654.3</b>	<b>247.3</b>	<b>230.6</b>	<b>149.5</b>
--------------	--------------	--------------	--------------

**26.9**

September 2006

1,070.1

649.3	257.5	242.7	149.1
-------	-------	-------	-------

-

Financial year to date

2,155.3

1,303.6	504.8	473.3	298.6
---------	-------	-------	-------

26.9

Gold sold (000 ounces)

**December 2006****1,080.2****649.3**            **247.3**            **230.6**            **149.5****21.9**

September 2006

1,071.1

649.3            257.5            242.7            149.1

-

Financial year to date

2,151.3

1,298.6            504.8            473.3            298.6

21.9

Gold price received (dollars per ounce)

**December 2006****609****607**            **608**            **609**            **604**            **598**

September 2006

622

623            622            621            626

-

Financial year to date

615

615            615            615            615            598

Total cash costs (dollars per ounce)

**December 2006****353****354**            **344**            **354**            **338**            **564**

September 2006

350

340            338            342            339

-

Financial year to date

351

347            341            348            338            564

Total production costs (dollars per ounce)

**December 2006****441****433**            **413**            **445**            **421**            **621**

September 2006

436

415            405            424            419

-

Financial year to date

438

424            409            434            420            621

Operating costs (dollars per ton)

**December 2006****31****64**            **53**            **86**            **57**            **83**

September 2006

30				
63	54	88	54	
-				
Financial year to date				
31				
64	54	87	55	83
<b>Financial Results (\$ million)</b>				
Revenue				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>657.6</b>				
<b>394.1</b>	<b>150.3</b>	<b>140.2</b>	<b>90.3</b>	
<b>13.4</b>				
September 2006				
666.5				
404.2	160.2	150.8	93.3	
-				
Financial year to date				
1,324.1				
798.3	310.4	291.0	183.6	
13.4				
Operating costs				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>403.4</b>				
<b>243.5</b>	<b>89.5</b>	<b>85.2</b>	<b>53.1</b>	<b>15.6</b>
September 2006				
389.2				
231.5	91.5	86.7	53.3	
-				
Financial year to date				
792.6				
475.0	181.0	171.9	106.4	
15.6				
Gold inventory change				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>(12.3)</b>				
<b>(3.0)</b>	-	-	-	
<b>(3.0)</b>				
September 2006				
(2.6)				
-	-	-	-	-
Financial year to date				
(14.9)				
(3.0)	-	-	-	
(3.0)				
<b>Operating profit</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>266.5</b>				
<b>153.7</b>	<b>60.8</b>	<b>54.9</b>	<b>37.2</b>	
<b>0.8</b>				
September 2006				
279.9				

172.7	68.7	64.1	40.0	
-				
Financial year to date				
546.4				
326.4	129.4	119.0	77.2	
0.8				
Amortisation of mining assets				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>96.2</b>				
<b>50.4</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>12.0</b>	
<b>1.3</b>				
September 2006				
91.4				
48.3	16.9	19.6	11.9	
-				
Financial year to date				
187.7				
98.8	33.5	40.2	23.9	
1.3				
<b>Net operating profit</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>170.3</b>				
<b>103.3</b>	<b>44.2</b>	<b>34.4</b>	<b>25.1</b>	<b>(0.5)</b>
September 2006				
188.5				
124.4	51.8	44.5	28.1	
-				
Financial year to date				
358.7				
227.6	96.0	78.9	53.2	(0.5)
Other income/(expenses)				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>(2.4)</b>				
<b>(5.9)</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>(1.3)</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>(1.6)</b>
September 2006				
(2.4)				
(3.8)	(1.2)	(1.0)	(1.5)	
-				
Financial year to date				
(4.7)				
(9.6)	(2.7)	(2.3)	(3.0)	(1.6)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>167.9</b>				
<b>97.3</b>	<b>42.7</b>	<b>33.1</b>	<b>23.6</b>	<b>(2.1)</b>
September 2006				
186.1				
120.7	50.5	43.5	26.6	
-				
Financial year to date				
354.0				

Edgar Filing: GOLD FIELDS LTD - Form 6-K

218.0	93.3	76.5	50.2	(2.1)
Mining and income taxation				
<b>57.1</b>				<b>December 2006</b>
<b>30.9</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>(0.7)</b>
September 2006				
67.2				
42.7	17.3	15.1	10.3	
-				
Financial year to date				
124.3				
73.5	31.3	23.5	19.5	(0.7)
- Normal taxation				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>27.7</b>				
<b>10.1</b>	<b>10.1</b>			
-				
-				
-				
September 2006				
34.7				
15.9	15.9			
-				
-				
-				
Financial year to date				
62.4				
26.0	26.0			
-				
-				
-				
- Deferred taxation				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>29.4</b>				
<b>20.8</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>(0.7)</b>
September 2006				
32.5				
26.8	1.4	15.1	10.3	
-				
Financial year to date				
61.9				
47.5	5.4	23.4	19.5	(0.7)
<b>Profit before exceptional items</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>110.8</b>				
<b>66.5</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>(1.3)</b>
September 2006				
119.0				
78.0	33.2	28.4	16.4	
-				
Financial year to date				
229.7				

Edgar Filing: GOLD FIELDS LTD - Form 6-K

144.4	61.9	53.1	30.7	(1.3)
Exceptional items				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>1.1</b>				
<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	-	<b>0.3</b>	
-				
September 2006				
1.1				
1.1	0.6	-	0.5	
-				
Financial year to date				
2.2				
1.5	0.7	-	0.8	
-				
<b>Net profit</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>111.9</b>				
<b>66.9</b>	<b>28.8</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>14.7</b>	<b>(1.3)</b>
September 2006				
120.2				
79.2	33.9	28.4	16.9	
-				
Financial year to date				
232.0				
146.0	62.7	53.1	31.5	(1.3)
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>111.1</b>				
<b>66.6</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>24.7</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>(1.3)</b>
September 2006				
121.9				
78.4	33.5	28.4	16.6	
-				
Net profit excluding gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign debt and exceptional items				
Financial year to date				
232.2				
145.1	62.2	53.1	31.1	(1.3)
<b>Capital expenditure</b>				
<b>December 2006</b>				
<b>139.5</b>				
<b>76.8</b>	<b>24.1</b>	<b>25.8</b>	<b>21.3</b>	
<b>5.6</b>				
September 2006				
115.7				
60.9	20.2	25.9	14.8	
-				
Financial year to date				
255.2				
137.8	44.4	51.7	36.1	
5.6				

Planned for next six months to June 2007

347.2

194.8

71.1

51.4

34.4

37.9

Average exchange rates were US\$1 = R7.38 and US\$1 = R7.10 for the December 2006 and September 2006 quarters respectively. The Australian Dollar exchange rates were A\$1 = R5.66 and A\$1 = R5.38 for the December 2006 and September 2006 quarters respectively. # As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew on endowment ounces and also as these two Australian operations are entitled to transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful to split the income statement below operating profit. Figures may not add as they are rounded independently. + The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.







**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I****20**

Operating and financial results

**International Operations****Australian Dollars****Ghana****Venezuela****Australia #****Australia #****United States Dollars****Total****Tarkwa****Damang****Choco 10****St Ives****Agnew****St Ives****Agnew****Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tons)

**December 2006****9,331**      **5,588**      **1,326**      **357****1,742**      **318****1,742**      **318**

September 2006

9,179      5,514      1,317      306

1,698      344

1,698      344

Financial year to date

18,510

11,102      2,643      663

3,440      662

3,440      662

Yield (ounces per ton)

**December 2006****0.046**      **0.032**      **0.039**      **0.064****0.072**      **0.167****0.072**      **0.167**

September 2006

0.046      0.031      0.037      0.053

0.073      0.172

0.073      0.172

Financial year to date

0.046      0.032      0.038      0.059

0.072      0.170

0.072      0.170

Gold produced(000 ounces)

**December 2006****430.9**      **178.8**      **51.6**      **22.8****124.6**      **53.0**

<b>124.6</b>	<b>53.0</b>		
September 2006			
420.8	173.6	48.5	16.2
123.4	59.2		
123.4	59.2		
Financial year to date			
851.7	352.4	100.1	39.0
248.0	112.2		
248.0	112.2		
Gold sold (000 ounces)			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>430.9</b>	<b>178.8</b>	<b>51.6</b>	<b>22.8</b>
<b>124.6</b>	<b>53.0</b>		
<b>124.6</b>	<b>53.0</b>		
September 2006			
421.8	173.6	48.5	17.2
123.4	59.2		
123.4	59.2		
Financial year to date			
852.7	352.4	100.1	40.0
248.0	112.2		
248.0	112.2		
Gold price received			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>611</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>602</b>
<b>610</b>	<b>620</b>		
<b>796</b>	<b>808</b>		
(dollars per ounce)			
September 2006			
622	623	622	600
621	624		
820	823		
Financial year to date			
617	617	617	602
615	621		
807	815		
Total cash costs			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>351</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>426</b>
<b>378</b>	<b>260</b>		
<b>493</b>	<b>338</b>		
(dollars per ounce)			
September 2006			
365	344	438	458
429	209		
564	276		
Financial year to date			
358	333	443	440
403	233		
529	306		
Total production costs			

**December 2006**

<b>452</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>508</b>
------------	------------	------------	------------

517

674

(dollars per ounce)

September 2006

467	399	459	561
-----	-----	-----	-----

525

693

Financial year to date

459	386	466	532
-----	-----	-----	-----

521

683

Operating costs

**December 2006**

<b>17</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>30</b>
-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------

29 47

38 61

(dollars per ton)

September 2006

17	11	15	32
----	----	----	----

33 36

43 47

Financial year to date

17	11	16	31
----	----	----	----

31 41

40 54

**Financial Results (\$ million)**

Revenue

**December 2006**

<b>263.5</b>	<b>109.3</b>	<b>31.6</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>76.0</b>	<b>32.8</b>
--------------	--------------	-------------	-------------	-------------	-------------

99.1 42.8

September 2006

262.2	108.2	30.2	10.3	76.6	36.9
-------	-------	------	------	------	------

101.1 48.7

Financial year to date

525.7	217.5	61.7	24.1
-------	-------	------	------

152.6 69.7

200.1 91.5

Operating costs

**December 2006**

<b>159.9</b>	<b>61.6</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>10.6</b>
--------------	-------------	-------------	-------------

50.3 14.8

65.6 19.4

September 2006

157.7	60.4	20.1	9.8
-------	------	------	-----

55.2 12.3

72.9 16.2

Financial year to date

317.6	121.9	42.6	20.4
-------	-------	------	------

105.6 27.1

138.4	35.6		
Gold inventory change			
<b>December 2006</b>			
(9.3)	(4.0)	0.4	
-			
(3.2)	(2.4)		
(3.8)	(3.2)		
September 2006			
(2.6)	(0.6)	1.1	(0.6)
(2.8)	0.3		
(4.1)	0.4		
Financial year to date			
(11.9)	(4.6)	1.5	(0.6)
(6.0)	(2.1)		
(7.9)	(2.8)		
<b>Operating profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>112.9</b>	<b>51.7</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>3.2</b>
<b>28.9</b>	<b>20.4</b>		
<b>37.3</b>	<b>26.6</b>		
September 2006			
107.1	48.5	9.0	1.1
24.2	24.4		
32.3	32.1		
Financial year to date			
220.0	100.2	17.7	
4.3	53.1	44.7	
69.6	58.7		
Amortisation of mining assets			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>45.8</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>33.0</b>			
<b>41.8</b>			
September 2006			
43.1	9.5	1.0	1.8
30.8			
41.8			
Financial year to date			
88.9	19.2	2.3	3.7
63.7			
83.6			
<b>Net operating profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>67.1</b>	<b>42.1</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>1.3</b>
<b>16.4</b>			
<b>22.1</b>			
September 2006			
64.0	39.0	8.0	(0.7)
17.7			
22.6			
Financial year to date			

131.1	81.0	15.4	0.6
34.1			
44.7			
Other income/(expenses)			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>3.5</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>
<b>2.9</b>			
<b>3.8</b>			
September 2006			
1.4	(1.0)		
-	0.9		
1.5			
2.0			
Financial year to date			
4.9	(0.7)	0.1	1.1
4.5			
5.9			
<b>Profit before taxation</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>70.6</b>	<b>42.4</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>
<b>19.3</b>			
<b>25.9</b>			
September 2006			
65.4	37.9	8.0	0.2
19.3			
24.6			
Financial year to date			
136.0	80.3	15.4	1.7
38.6			
50.6			
Mining and income taxation		<b>December 2006</b>	
<b>26.2</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2.4</b>
<b>8.0</b>			
<b>10.7</b>			
September 2006			
24.5	12.1	2.7	2.0
7.7			
9.9			
Financial year to date			
50.8	25.1	5.6	4.4
15.7			
20.6			
- Normal taxation			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>17.6</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.6</b>
<b>2.9</b>			
<b>3.8</b>			
September 2006			
18.8	12.8	1.3	2.0
2.7			
3.6			

Financial year to date			
36.4	24.4	2.7	3.6
5.6			
7.4			
- Deferred taxation			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>8.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>0.7</b>
<b>5.1</b>			
<b>6.9</b>			
September 2006			
5.7	(0.7)	1.5	
-			
5.0			
6.3			
Financial year to date			
14.4	0.7	2.8	0.7
10.1			
13.2			
<b>Profit before exceptional items</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>44.4</b>	<b>29.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>
<b>11.2</b>			
<b>15.2</b>			
September 2006			
40.9	25.8	5.3	(1.8)
11.6			
14.7			
Financial year to date			
85.2	55.2	9.9	(2.7)
22.8			
29.9			
Exceptional items			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>0.7</b>	-	-	-
<b>0.7</b>			
<b>0.9</b>			
September 2006			
-	-	-	-
-			
-			
Financial year to date			
0.7	-	-	-
0.7			
0.9			
<b>Net profit</b>			
<b>December 2006</b>			
<b>45.1</b>	<b>29.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>
<b>11.9</b>			
<b>16.1</b>			
September 2006			
40.9	25.8	5.3	(1.8)

11.6					
14.8					
Financial year to date					
85.9	55.2	9.9	(2.7)		
23.5					
30.9					
<b>December 2006</b>					
<b>44.5</b>	<b>29.5</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>		
<b>11.4</b>					
<b>15.3</b>					
September 2006					
42.7	26.9	5.7	(1.8)		
11.8					
15.1					
Net profit excluding gains and losses on financial instruments and foreign debt, and exceptional items					
Financial year to date					
87.2	56.4	10.3	(2.7)		
23.2					
30.4					
<b>Capital expenditure</b>					
<b>December 2006</b>					
<b>62.6</b>	<b>25.8</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>7.6</b>
<b>22.3</b>	<b>9.9</b>				
September 2006					
54.8	12.7	6.8	10.9	16.4	8.1
21.6	10.6				
Financial year to date					
117.4	38.5	13.9	15.9	33.5	
15.6					
43.9	20.5				
Planned for next six months to					
June					
2007					
152.3	69.9	16.3	13.1	36.9	
16.1					
47.1					
20.6					







21

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Underground and surface

**South African Rand and Metric Units****South African Operations****International Operations****Ghana Venezuela Australia****Operating Results****Total Mine****Operations****Total Driefontein****Kloof Beatrix****South****Deep+****Total****Tarkwa****Damang****Choco 10****St Ives****Agnew****Ore milled / treated (000 ton)**

- underground

**December 2006**

<b>3,308</b>	<b>2,866</b>	<b>937</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>442</b>	-	-	-
--------------	--------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	---	---	---

**348****94**

September 2006

3,316	2,800	964	852	984					
-------	-------	-----	-----	-----	--	--	--	--	--

- 516

396

120

Financial year to date

6,624	5,666	1,901	1,745	1,919	101	958	-	-	-
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-----	-----	---	---	---

744

214

- surface

**December 2006**

<b>9,801</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>93</b>						
--------------	------------	------------	-----------	--	--	--	--	--	--

- 83

<b>8,889</b>	<b>5,588</b>	<b>1,326</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>1,394</b>	<b>224</b>				
--------------	--------------	--------------	------------	--------------	------------	--	--	--	--

September 2006

9,542	879	739	140						
-------	-----	-----	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--

-

-

8,663	5,514	1,317	306	1,302	224				
-------	-------	-------	-----	-------	-----	--	--	--	--

Financial year to date

19,343	1,791	1,475	233						
--------	-------	-------	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--

-

83	17,552	11,102	2,643						
----	--------	--------	-------	--	--	--	--	--	--

663	2,696								
448									
- total									
<b>December 2006</b>									
<b>13,109</b>	<b>3,778</b>	<b>1,673</b>	<b>986</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>9,331</b>	<b>5,588</b>	<b>1,326</b>	
<b>357</b>	<b>1,742</b>	<b>318</b>							
September 2006									
12,858	3,679	1,703	992	984					
-	9,179	5,514	1,317	306	1,698	344			
Financial year to date									
25,967	7,457	3,376	1,978	1,919	184	18,510	11,102	2,643	
663	3,440								
662									
<b>Yield (grams per ton)</b>									
- underground									
<b>December 2006</b>									
<b>6.8</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>7.5</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>6.8</b>	-	-	-
<b>5.3</b>									
<b>12.7</b>									
September 2006									
6.8	6.9	7.5	8.7	4.7	-	6.1	-	-	-
4.4									
12.0									
Financial year to date									
6.8	6.8	7.5	8.3	4.8	7.7	6.5	-	-	-
4.8									
12.3									
- surface									
<b>December 2006</b>									
<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>2.1</b>	-	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.2</b>	
<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2.0</b>							
September 2006									
1.1	1.0	1.1	0.9	-	-	1.2	1.0	1.1	
1.7	1.6	1.8							
Financial year to date									
1.1	1.0	1.0	1.4	-	0.7	1.2	1.0	1.2	
1.8	1.5	1.9							
- combined									
<b>December 2006</b>									
<b>2.6</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.2</b>	
<b>2.0</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>5.2</b>							
September 2006									
2.6	5.5	4.7	7.6	4.7	-	1.4	1.0	1.1	
1.7	2.3	5.4							
Financial year to date									
2.6	5.4	4.7	7.4	4.8	4.6	1.4	1.0	1.2	
1.8	2.2	5.3							
<b>Gold produced (kilograms)</b>									
- underground									
<b>December 2006</b>									
<b>22,453</b>									

<b>19,426</b>	<b>7,016</b>	<b>6,978</b>	<b>4,650</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>3,027</b>	-	-	-
<b>1,836</b>								
<b>1,191</b>								
September 2006								
22,449								
19,287	7,228	7,423	4,636					
-	3,162	-	-	-				
1,725								
1,437								
Financial year to date								
44,902								
38,713	14,244	14,401	9,286					
782	6,189	-	-	-				
3,561								
2,628								
- surface								
<b>December 2006</b>								
<b>11,301</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>676</b>	<b>194</b>					
<b>- 56</b>								
<b>10,375</b>	<b>5,562</b>	<b>1,605</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>2,040</b>	<b>459</b>			
September 2006								
10,834	907	781	126					
-								
-								
9,927	5,399	1,508	504	2,112	404			
Financial year to date								
22,135	1,833	1,457	320					
-								
56	20,302	10,961	3,113	1,213	4,152			
863								
- total								
<b>December 2006</b>								
<b>33,754</b>								
<b>20,352</b>	<b>7,692</b>	<b>7,172</b>	<b>4,650</b>	<b>838</b>	<b>13,402</b>	<b>5,562</b>	<b>1,605</b>	<b>709</b>
<b>3,876</b>	<b>1,650</b>							
September 2006								
33,283								
20,194	8,009	7,549	4,636					
-	13,089	5,399	1,508	504	3,837	1,841		
Financial year to date								
67,037								
40,546	15,701	14,721	9,286					
838	26,491	10,961	3,113	1,213	7,713	3,491		
<b>Operating costs (Rand per ton)</b>								
- underground								
<b>December 2006</b>								
<b>593</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>654</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>419</b>				
<b>1,078</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>				
<b>499</b>								
<b>584</b>								
September 2006								

Edgar Filing: GOLD FIELDS LTD - Form 6-K

543	567	626	711	385			
-	414	-	-	-			
398							
466							
Financial year to date							
568	586	640	703	402			
1,078	461	-	-	-			
445							
518							
- surface							
<b>December 2006</b>							
<b>103</b>							
<b>66</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>81</b>	
<b>125</b>							
<b>220</b>							
<b>143</b>							
<b>242</b>							
September 2006							
101							
64	63	72	-	-	105	78	
108							
228							
180							
139							
Financial year to date							
102							
65	64	78	-	50	106	80	
117							
223							
161							
191							
- total							
<b>December 2006</b>							
<b>227</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>614</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>125</b>							
<b>220</b>							
<b>214</b>							
<b>343</b>							
September 2006							
215	447	382	620	385			
-	122	78					
108							
228							
231							
253							
Financial year to date							
221	461	388	629	402	614	124	80
117							
223							
222							
297							

+ The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.

**Restated operating cost per ton on the assumption that the Ore Reserve Development (ORD) is fully expensed**

**South African**

**Operations**

**International**

**Operations**

**Total Mine**

**Operations**

**Total Driefontein**

**Kloof Beatrix**

**South**

**Deep+**

**Total**

- underground

**December 2006**

672

696 754 803 479

1,078 517

September 2006

612

650 715 814 445

- 414

Financial year to date

643

673 734 808 462

1,078 461

- surface

**December 2006**

103

66 65 86 - 50 107

September 2006

101

64 63 72 - - 105

Financial year to date

102

65 64 78 - 50 106

- total

**December 2006**

247

544 451 736 479 614 126

September 2006

233

510 432 709 445

- 122

Financial year to date

240

527 441 722 462 614 124

+ The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.







**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007****I****22**

Development results

Development values represent the actual results of sampling and no allowance has been made for any adjustments which may be necessary when estimating ore reserves. All figures below exclude shaft sinking metres.

**Driefontein****December 2006 quarter****September 2006 quarter****Year to date F2007****Reef****Carbon****Leader****Main****VCR****Carbon****Leader****Main           VCR****Carbon****Leader****Main           VCR**

Advanced (m)

4,955

1,025

1,474           4,376           824           1,839           9,331           1,849

3,313

Advanced on reef

(m)

851

189

105           993           163           246

1,844           352

351

Sampled (m)

768

123

189           942           141           252

1,710           264

441

Channel width

(cm)

88

65

95           60           44           77           73           54

85

Average value

-

(g/t)

19.6

10.7

10.9	19.7	11.3	13.4	19.6	11.0	12.2
-						
(cm.g/t)						
1,720						
696						
1,039	1,185	502	1,028			
1						
1,425	592	1,033				
<b>Kloof</b>						
<b>December 2006 quarter</b>						
<b>September 2006 quarter</b>						
<b>Year to date F2007</b>						
<b>Reef</b>	<b>Libanon</b>					
<b>Kloof</b>						
<b>Main</b>						
<b>VCR</b>	<b>Libanon</b>					
<b>Kloof</b>						
<b>Main</b>						
<b>VCR</b>	<b>Libanon</b>	<b>Kloof</b>				
<b>Main</b>						
<b>VCR</b>						
Advanced (m)						
-						
289						
1,729						
6,922	12 312					
1,587						
6,719	12					
601						
3,316						
13,641						
Advanced on reef						
(m)						
-						
28						
288						
1,078 -						
54						
440						
1,320	-					
82						
728						
2,398						
Sampled (m)						
-						
24						
261						
962 -						
57						
438						
979	-					

81  
 699  
 1,941  
 Channel width  
 (cm)  
 -  
 75  
 156  
 69 -  
 85  
 100  
 78 -  
 82  
 121  
 73  
 Average value  
 -  
 (g/t)  
 -  
 5.5  
 6.5  
 26.7 -  
 6.0  
 9.6  
 19.5 -  
 5.9  
 8.1  
 22.9  
 -  
 (cm.g/t)  
 -  
 417  
 1,014  
 1,836 -  
 506  
 954  
 1,522  
 2  
 -  
 480  
 976  
 1,677  
**Beatrix December**  
**2006**  
**quarter**  
**September**  
**2006 quarter**  
**Year to date F2007**  
**Reef**  
**Beatrix**  
**Kalkoenkrans**      **Beatrix**

<b>Kalkoenkrans</b>		<b>Beatrix</b>			
<b>Kalkoenkrans</b>					
Advanced (m)					
8,778					
2,638	8,366		2,629	17,144	5,267
Advanced on reef (m)					
1,488					
163	1,516				
56	3,004		219		
Sampled (m)					
1,017					
84	1,470				
63	2,487		147		
Channel width (cm)					
103					
123	77		137	87	
129					
Average value					
-					
(g/t)					
11.4					
8.6	12.2		19.7	11.8	13.7
-					
(cm.g/t)					
1,172					
1,065	932				
2,698					
1,030					
1,765					
<b>South Deep+</b>					
<b>December 2006 quarter</b>					
<b>September 2006 quarter</b>					
<b>Year to date F2007</b>					
<b>Reef</b>					
<b>VCR</b>					
<b>Elsburgs</b>	<b>VCR</b>				
<b>Elsburgs</b>	<b>VCR</b>				
<b>Elsburgs</b>					
Advanced (m)					
43					
323	-		-		
43					
323					
Advanced on reef (m)					
-					
251	-		-	-	
251					
Sampled (m)					

-			
251	-	-	-
251			
Channel width (cm)			
-			
569	-	-	-
569			
Average value			
-			
(g/t)			
-			
6.6	-	-	-
6.6			
-			
(cm.g/t)			
-			
3,746	-	-	-
3,746			

1) VCR values at 4 shaft were high, but low grades at 2 and 6 shafts reduced the overall value.

2) The off-reef development is focused on accessing the higher grade VCR between 3 and 4 shafts.

+ The acquisition of South Deep is effective from 1 December 2006. Therefore, these results include activities for the month of December only.







23

I

**GOLD FIELDS RESULTS Q2F2007**

Administration and corporate information

**Corporate Secretary**

**CAIN FARREL**

Telephone: (+27)(11) 644 2525

Facsimile: (+27)(11) 484 0626

e-mail: cain.farrel@goldfields.co.za

**Registered offices**

**JOHANNESBURG**

Gold Fields Limited

24 St Andrews Road

Parktown

Johannesburg

2193

Postnet Suite 252

Private Bag x 30500

Houghton 2041

Tel: (+27)(11) 644-2400

Fax: (+27)(11) 484-0626

**LONDON**

St James 's Corporate Services Limited

6 St James 's Place

London SW1A 1NP

United Kingdom

Telephone:(+44)(20) 7499 3916

Facsimile: (+44)(20) 7491 1989

**American Depository**

**Receipts Transfer Agent**

**Bank of New York**

Shareholder Relations

P O Box 11258

New York, NY20286 –1258

US toll-free telephone: (1)(888) 269 2377

e-mail: shareowner-svcs@mail.bony.com

**Gold Fields Limited**

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Registration number 1968/004880/06

Share code: GFI

Issuer code: GOGOF

ISIN – ZAE 000018123

**Investor relations**

**South Africa**

**WILLIE JACOBSZ**

Telephone: (+27)(11) 644 2460

Facsimile: (+27)(11) 484 0639

e-mail: williej@goldfields.co.za

**NERINA BODASING**

Telephone: (+27)(11) 644 2630

Facsimile: (+27)(11) 484 0639

e-mail: nerina.bodasing@goldfields.co.za

**North America**

**CHERYL A MARTIN**

Telephone: (+1)(303) 796 8683

Facsimile: (+1)(303) 796 8293

e-mail: camartin@gfexpl.com

**Transfer Secretaries**

**South Africa**

Computershare Investor Services 2004

(Proprietary) Limited

Ground Floor

70 Marshall Street

Johannesburg, 2001

P O Box 61051

Marshalltown, 2107

Telephone: (+27)(11) 370 5000

Facsimile: (+27)(11) 370 5271

United Kingdom

Capita Registrars

Bourne House

34 Beckenham Road

Beckenham

Kent BR3 4TU

England

Telephone: (+44)(20) 8639 2000

Facsimile: (+44)(20) 8658 3430

**WEBSITE**

<http://www.goldfields.co.za>

**Forward Looking Statements**

Certain statements in this document constitute “forward looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the company to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include among others: economic, business and political conditions in South Africa; decreases in the market price of gold; hazards associated with underground and surface

gold mining; labour disruptions; changes in government regulations, particularly environmental regulations; changes in exchange rates; currency devaluations; inflation and other macro-economic factors; and the impact of the AIDS crisis in South Africa. These forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this document.

The company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

**Gold Fields Limited**

**Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa**

**Registration number 1968/004880/06**

**Share code:**

**GFI**

**Issuer code:**

**GOGOF**

**ISIN: ZAE 000018123**

**Directors**

A J Wright (*Chairman*)

I D Cockerill \* (*Chief Executive Officer*)

N J Holland \* (*Chief Financial Officer*)

K Ansah#

A Grigorian °

J G Hopwood

J M McMahan \*

D M J Ncube

R L Pennant-Rea \*

P J Ryan

T M G Sexwale

C I von Christierson

\* British

# Ghanaian

° Russian





**Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: 25 January 2007

**GOLD FIELDS LIMITED**

By:

Name: Mr W J Jacobsz

Title: Senior Vice President: Investor  
Relations and Corporate Affairs