ADVANT E CORP Form 10QSB August 07, 2006

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington D. C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006

" TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from

)

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-30983

ADVANT-E CORPORATION

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE (State or other jurisdiction of

88-0339012 (IRS Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

2680 Indian Ripple Rd.

Dayton, Ohio 45440

(Address of principal executive offices)

(937) 429-4288

(Issuer s telephone number)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

As of August 7, 2006 the issuer had 6,403,714 outstanding shares of Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes " No x

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

ADVANT-E CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three	Three Months Ended		Six Mont	hs Ended
	2006	June	30, 2005	June 2006	e 30, 2005
Revenue	\$ 1,333	,758	1,076,385	2,595,927	2,115,873
Cost of revenue	369	,661	374,335	777,529	763,379
Gross margin	964	,097	702,050	1,818,398	1,352,494
Marketing, general and administrative expenses	614	,066	501,680	1,209,921	977,015
Operating income	350	,031	200,370	608,477	375,479
Other income, net	15.	,414		32,389	
Income before taxes	365	,445	200,370	640,866	375,479
Income tax expense	134	,590	80,100	242,305	150,100
Net income	\$ 230.	,855	120,270	398,561	225,379
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.04
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.04
Weighted average shares outstanding	6,403	,174	6,294,917	6,403,174	6,281,657
Weighted average shares outstanding, assuming dilution	6,434	,196	6,294,917	6,428,439	6,281,657

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated condensed financial statements.

ADVANT-E CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2006	December 31,
	(Unaudited)	2005
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,707,047	1,763,435
Short-term investments	244,303	225,902
Accounts receivable, net	432,485	351,482
Prepaid expenses and deposit	40,345	25,128
Total current assets	2,424,180	2,365,947
Software development costs, net	227,063	160,656
Property and equipment, net	338,578	262,523
Total assets	\$ 2,989,821	2,789,126
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 61,009	44,838
Accrued salaries and other expenses	167,971	115,510
Income taxes payable	15,819	375,652
Deferred income taxes	49,266	26,000
Deferred revenue	94,135	76,173
Total current liabilities	388,200	638,173
Deferred income taxes	180,845	136,000
Total liabilities	569,045	774,173
Shareholders equity:		
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 6,403,714 outstanding	6,403	6,403
Paid-in capital	1,551,606	1,551,606
Accumulated other comprehensive income	12,877	5,615
Retained earnings	849,890	451,329
Total shareholders equity	2,420,776	2,014,953
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 2,989,821	2,789,126

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated condensed financial statements.

ADVANT-E CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ CONDENSED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ (Unaudited)}$

Six	M	onths	End	led

		June 3	30, 2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		2000	2003
Net income	\$	398,561	225,379
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:	<u> </u>	0,00,001	220,019
Depreciation		61,746	51,389
Amortization of software development costs		63,088	134,639
Loss on disposal of assets		24,221	,,,,,,,
Net realized gains on sales of available-for-sale investments		(9,005)	
Deferred income taxes		63,678	(32,000)
Increase (decrease) in cash arising from changes in assets and liabilities:			, , ,
Accounts receivable		(81,003)	(12,722)
Prepaid expenses		(15,217)	(6,290)
Accounts payable		16,171	69,529
Accrued salaries and other expenses		52,461	6,735
Income taxes payable		(359,833)	148,100
Deferred revenue		17,962	(58,628)
Net cash flows from operating activities		232,830	526,131
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of available-for-sale investments		(56,943)	
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale investments		59,242	
Purchases of equipment		(154,468)	(74,719)
Software development costs		(137,049)	(44,309)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(289,218)	(119,028)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Issuance of common stock			60,250
Net cash flows from financing activities			60,250
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(56,388)	467,353
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1	1,763,435	944,892
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1	1,707,047	1,412,245
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow items:			
Income taxes paid The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated condensed financial statements.	\$	559,000	

ADVANT-E CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Advant-e Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary Edict Systems, Inc. (the Company). Inter-company accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

The statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes to financial statements required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements include all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2006. These unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, accounting policies, and financial notes thereto included in Advant-e Corporation s 2005 Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Note 2: Software Development Costs

Software development costs at June 30, 2006 and the changes during the six months then ended are summarized as follows:

		Accumulated	
	Cost	Amortization	Net
Balance, January 1, 2006	\$ 1,296,485	1,135,829	160,656
Additions	137,049		137,049
Disposals	(18,130)	(10,576)	(7,554)
Amortization		63,088	(63,088)
Balance, June 30, 2006	\$ 1,415,404	1,188,341	227,063

The unamortized costs relate exclusively to internal use software and costs associated with web site development and related enhancements.

The ongoing assessment of recoverability of capitalized software development costs requires considerable judgment by management with respect to certain external factors, including, but not limited to, anticipated future revenues, estimated economic life and changes in software and hardware technologies. Impairment of asset value is considered whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable.

Note 3: Income taxes

Income tax expense consists of the following:

Three Months Ended Si	IX ľ	Months	Lnded
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	June 3	30,	June	e 30 ,
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current expense	\$ 106,635	84,100	178,627	128,000
Deferred expense (benefit)	27,955	(4,000)	63,678	22,100
Total income tax expense	\$ 134,590	80,100	242,305	150,100

The following is a reconciliation of income tax at the federal statutory rate of 34% to the income tax expense:

Three Months Ended Six Months Ended

	June 3	0,	June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Income taxes at federal statutory rate	\$ 124,251	68,000	217,894	128,000
State income taxes	10,339	12,100	24,411	22,100
Income tax expense	\$ 134,590	80,100	242,305	150,100

Note 4: Earnings per share

The reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations for the three months and the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, follows:

	Income	Average Shares	Per Share		
	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Amount		
Three months ended June 30, 2006					
Basic earnings per share:					
Net income available to shareholders	\$ 230,855	6,403,174	\$ 0.03		
Effect of potentially dilutive securities:					
Outstanding warrants		31,022			
Diluted earnings per share:					
Net income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants	\$ 230,855	6,434,196	\$ 0.03		
[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ 200,000	0,101,070	7 0.00		
Three months ended June 30, 2005					
Basic and diluted earnings per share:					
Net income available to shareholders	\$ 120,270	6,294,917	\$ 0.02		
Effect of potentially dilutive securities:	Ψ 120,270	0,271,717	φ 0.02		
Outstanding warrants					
oubtaining warrants					
Net income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants	\$ 120,270	6,294,917	\$ 0.02		
ivet income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants	Φ 120,270	0,294,917	φ 0.02		
	Income	Average Shares	Per Share		
		C			
Sin wearths and ad Lone 20, 2000	Income (Numerator)	Average Shares (Denominator)	Per Share		
Six months ended June 30, 2006		C			
Basic earnings per share:	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Amount		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders		C			
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities:	(Numerator)	(Denominator) 6,403,174	Amount		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders	(Numerator)	(Denominator)	Amount		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants	(Numerator)	(Denominator) 6,403,174	Amount		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants Diluted earnings per share:	(Numerator) \$ 398,561	(Denominator) 6,403,174 25,265	Amount \$ 0.06		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants	(Numerator)	(Denominator) 6,403,174	Amount		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants Diluted earnings per share:	(Numerator) \$ 398,561	(Denominator) 6,403,174 25,265	Amount \$ 0.06		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants Diluted earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants Six months ended June 30, 2005	(Numerator) \$ 398,561	(Denominator) 6,403,174 25,265	Amount \$ 0.06		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants Diluted earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants	(Numerator) \$ 398,561	(Denominator) 6,403,174 25,265	Amount \$ 0.06		
Basic earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive securities: Outstanding warrants Diluted earnings per share: Net income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants Six months ended June 30, 2005	(Numerator) \$ 398,561	(Denominator) 6,403,174 25,265	Amount \$ 0.06		

Effect of potentially dilutive securities:

Outstanding warrants

Net income available to shareholders plus assumed exercise of warrants

\$ 225,379

6,281,657

\$ 0.04

Warrants for 50,000 shares at \$1.205 per share were exercised in February 2005 resulting in proceeds of \$60,250.

At June 30, 2006 the Company has outstanding 75,000 warrants for the purchase of 75,000 shares of the Company s common stock at \$1.205 per share, expiring on December 6, 2006.

Note 5: Comprehensive income

The components of comprehensive income, net of tax, were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Mont	hs Ended
	June 2006	30, 2005	June 2006	e 30, 2005
Net income	\$ 230,855	120,270	398,561	225,379
Other comprehensive income:				
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	1,304		20,700	
Income tax expense	462		7,861	
	842		12,839	
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains on sales of available- for-sale securities included in				
net income	(4,764)		(9,005)	
Income tax benefit	1,810		3,428	
	(2,954)		(5,577)	
Total comprehensive income	\$ 228,743	120,270	405,823	225,379

The sole component of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, of \$12,877 at June 30, 2006 is accumulated net unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale investments.

Note 6: Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes. The Interpretation requires that realization of an uncertain income tax position must be more likely than not (i.e., greater than 50% likelihood of receiving a benefit) before it can be recognized in the financial statements. Further, the Interpretation prescribes the benefit to be recorded in the financial statements as the amount most likely to be realized assuming a review by tax authorities having all relevant information and applying current conventions. The Interpretation also clarifies the financial statement classification of tax-related penalties and interest and sets forth new disclosures regarding unrecognized tax benefits. The Interpretation is effective in the first quarter of 2007 and the Company plans to adopt the Interpretation when required. The Company does not believe the adoption of this Interpretation will have a material impact on the financial statements.

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward Looking Statements

This Form 10-QSB contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the expectations of future operations. For this purpose, any statements contained in this Form 10-QSB that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, words such as may, will, expect, believe, anticipate, estimate, or continue or comparable terminology intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially depending on a variety of factors, many of which are not within the Company s control. These factors include, but are not limited to, economic conditions generally and in the industries in which the Company may participate, competition within the chosen industry, including competition from much larger competitors, technological advances, and the failure to successfully develop business relationships. In light of these risks and uncertainties, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. This item should be read in conjunction with Item 1. Financial Statements and other items contained elsewhere in this report.

Products and services

The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Edict Systems, Inc., is a provider of business-to-business (B2B) electronic commerce (e-commerce) products and services, offering Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) based and proprietary solutions for businesses of all sizes. The Company develops, markets, and supports B2B e-commerce software products and provides Internet-based communication and data processing services that enable businesses to process transactions electronically.

The Company provides consultative services for its customers, generally small and medium sized suppliers of larger companies, where the Company interfaces between its customers and the buyers to facilitate the EDI connectivity required for document processing.

The following comprise the Company s three principal business products/services:

Web EDI Internet-based supply chain solution for the grocery and other industries

EnterpriseEC® Internet-based Electronic Business Transaction Network Services

Value-Added Applications Internet-based solutions that enhance the value of electronic commerce capabilities Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenues in accordance with the Securities Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin 101 (SAB 101), which requires the Company to recognize revenue when, in addition to other criteria, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered.

Revenues from software product sales are recognized when the product is shipped. Ongoing software license fees are recognized ratably over the license period, generally twelve months.

Revenues from Internet-based products and services (Web EDI and EnterpriseEC, etc.) are comprised of four components account activation and trading partner set-up fees, monthly subscription fees, usage based transactional fees and customer payments for the Company s development of applications designed to meet specific customer specifications.

Revenues earned from account activation and trading partner set-up fees are recognized after the Company performs consultative work required in order to establish an electronic trading partnership between the customer and their desired trading partners. Trading partnerships, once established, require no ongoing effort on the part of the Company and customers are able to utilize the electronic trading partnerships either directly with their customers or via a service provider other than the Company.

Revenue from monthly subscription fees is recognized over the period to which the subscription applies.

Revenue from usage-based transaction fees is recognized in the period in which the transactions are processed.

Revenue from customer payments for the Company s development of applications designed to meet specific customer specifications is recognized over the twelve-month to twenty-four-month contract period.

Software Development Costs

The Company accounts for the costs of computer software that it develops for internal use and costs associated with operation of its web sites in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position (SOP) 98-1, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use and Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) No. 00-2 Accounting for Web Site Development Costs. Such capitalized costs represent the salaries and benefits of employees working on the graphics and content development stages, or adding functionality or features. Under SOP 98-1 and EITF No. 00-2, overhead, general and administrative and training costs are not capitalized. The Company accounts for the costs of computer software that it sells, leases and markets as a separate product in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 86, Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed. Capitalized costs are amortized by the straight-line method over the remaining estimated economic lives of the software application, generally three years, and are reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value.

Results of Operations

Revenue

Revenue for the second quarter of 2006 exceeded revenue for the second quarter of 2005 by \$257,373, or 24%.

Revenue for the first six months of 2006 exceeded revenue for the first six months of 2005 by \$480,054, or 23%. The increases reflect continued market acceptance of the Company s core Web EDI and EnterpriseEC® services to small and medium size suppliers of large grocery and other retailers, automotive manufacturers and other large buying organizations.

GroceryEC Web EDI revenue of \$928,111 in the second quarter of 2006 and \$1,805,545 in the first six months of 2006 comprised 70% of revenue in both periods, and increased by 13% in the second quarter of 2006 and by 12% in the first six months of 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005.

Non-grocery Web EDI revenue of \$153,405 in the second quarter of 2006 and \$291,105 in the first six months of 2006 comprised 12% of revenue in the second quarter of 2006 and 11% of revenue in the first six months of 2006.

Non-grocery Web EDI revenue increased by 84% in the second quarter of 2006 and by 99% in the first six months of 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005. Non-grocery Web EDI revenue was particularly strong in the automotive sector, amounting to \$97,882 in the second quarter of 2006 and \$182,152 in the first six months of 2006, and comprised 7% of revenue in both the second quarter of 2006 and the first six months of 2006. Revenue from the automotive sector more than doubled in both the second quarter of 2006 and the first six months of 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005.

Revenue from EnterpriseEC, the Company s Electronic Transaction Network service, was \$182,029 in the second quarter of 2006 and \$361,442 in the first six months of 2006; comprised 14% of revenue in both the second quarter of 2006 and the first six months of 2006; and increased by approximately 73% in both the second quarter of 2006 and the first six months of 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005.

Gross margin

The Company s gross margin, as a percent of revenue, was 72% in the second quarter of 2006 and 70% in the first six months of 2006 compared to 65% in the second quarter of 2005 and 64% in the first six months of 2005. The improvement in the gross margin resulted in part from:

Reduced software development cost amortization expense in 2006 compared to 2005; amortization expense was \$30,705 in the second quarter of 2006 compared to \$68,242 in the second quarter of 2005, and \$63,088 in the first six months of 2006 compared to \$134,639 in the first six months of 2005. This decrease occurred because the capitalized development costs related to EnterpriseEC were fully amortized at June 30, 2005.

Increased capitalized software development costs in 2006 compared to 2005; capitalized software development costs totaled \$67,400 in the second quarter of 2006 compared to \$27,996 in the second quarter of 2005, and \$137,049 in the first six months of 2006 compared to \$44,309 in the first six months of 2005. This increase occurred because the Company is expanding its efforts to develop new products and to improve features and functionality of existing products.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased by \$112,386, or 22%, in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005, and by \$232,906, or 24%, in the first six months of 2006 compared to the first six months of 2005. These increases resulted from additional spending on sales and marketing personnel and programs to support revenue growth in the grocery, automotive and other industries; for salary increases for key personnel; and for a quarterly incentive bonus plan for non-senior management personnel implemented in the first quarter of 2006. As a percent of revenue, marketing, general and administrative expenses remained relatively constant, ranging from 46% to 47% in the second quarter and in the first six months in both 2006 and 2005.

Pre-tax profit

The Company s ratio of income before taxes to revenue (pre-tax profit) was 27% in the second quarter of 2006 compared to 19% in the second quarter of 2005; the ratio was 25% in the first six months of 2006 compared to 18% in the first six months of 2005. This improvement resulted primarily from increased revenue, reduced amortization expense, increased sales and marketing expenses and personnel costs that did not increase as fast as revenue increased, and investment-related income.

Net income

Net income in the second quarter of 2006 of \$230,855 increased by \$110,585, or 92%, over net income for the second quarter of 2005. Net income in the first six months of 2006 of \$398,561 increased by \$173,182, or 77%, over net income for the first six months of 2005. Revenue in both reporting periods in 2006 increased proportionally faster than increased expenditures for sales and marketing efforts and personnel costs.

Capitalized Development Costs

The following table sets forth the cost and accumulated amortization of the products comprising software development costs at June 30, 2006:

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Product		Cost	Amortization	Net
Web EDI and enhancements	\$	944,743	717,680	227,063
EnterpriseEC		470,661	470,661	
Total	\$ 3	1,415,404	1,188,341	227,063

Web EDI, including GroceryEC, is the Company s largest and primary source of revenue and has continued to grow. Sales of EnterpriseEC continued to grow substantially in both the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2006.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In the first six months of 2006, the Company s balance of cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$56,388 despite net income of \$398,561. This resulted primarily from the following: payment of Federal income taxes of \$320,000 applicable to 2005 taxable income; purchases of property and equipment totaling \$154,468 primarily to strengthen the Company s operating environment and infrastructure; and expenditures for software development costs totaling \$137,049 for new and improved products.

ITEM 3. Controls and Procedures

Attached as exhibits to the Form 10-QSB are certifications of the Company s Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), which are required in accordance with Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). The Controls and Procedures section includes information concerning the controls and controls evaluation referred to in the certifications, and it should be read in conjunction with the certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

The CEO and the CFO have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-QSB. Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Based upon the controls evaluation, our CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including the Company s chief executive officer and chief financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure; and that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures were effective during the period covered by the Company s report on Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006.

During the period covered by this report, there were no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Exhibit		Method
Number 3(i)	Description Amended Certificate of Incorporation	of Filing Previously filed (A)
3(ii)	By-laws	Previously filed (B)
4	Instruments defining the rights of security holders including indentures	Previously filed (C)
4.1	Amendment to warrant certificated dated August 9, 2005	Previously Filed(D)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification	Filed herewith
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification	Filed herewith
32.1	Section 1350 Certification	Filed herewith
32.2	Section 1350 Certification	Filed herewith

⁽A) Filed with Amendment No. 2 to Form 10-SB filed as of October 13, 2000

⁽B) Filed with Amendment No. 1 to Form 10-SB filed as of July 17, 2000

⁽C) Filed with Form 10-SB filed as of July 1, 2000.

⁽D) Filed with Form 10-QSB for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2005 as of November 14, 2005.

Signatures

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Advant-e Corporation

(Registrant)

August 7, 2006 By: /s/ Jason K. Wadzinski

Jason K. Wadzinski Chief Executive Officer

Chairman of the Board of Directors

August 7, 2006 By: /s/ James E. Lesch

James E. Lesch

Chief Financial Officer Principal Accounting Officer Member of the Board of Directors

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