UNITED GUARDIAN INC Form 10-Q May 09, 2014

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)
[x]QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014
[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 1-10526
UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)
Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) 11-1719724 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
230 Marcus Boulevard, Hauppauge, New York 11788 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(631) 273-0900 (Registrant's Telephone Number)
N/A (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [x] No []
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [x] No []
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer [] Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company [x]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.) Yes [] No [x]
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:
4,596,439 shares of common stock, par value \$.10 per share (as of May 1, 2014)
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Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Condensed Financial Statements

UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2014	2013
Net sales	\$ 3,959,492	\$ 3,952,161
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of sales	1,432,918	1,411,156
Operating expenses	615,642	561,568
Total costs and expenses	2,048,560	1,972,724
Income from operations	1,910,932	1,979,437
Other income:		
Investment income	33,819	54,182
Income from damage settlement	24,402	292,830
Total other income	58,221	347,012
Income before income taxes	1,969,153	2,326,449
Provision for income taxes	633,400	761,800
Net income	\$ 1,335,753	\$ 1,564,649
Earnings per common share (Basic and Diluted)	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.34
Weighted average shares – basic and diluted	4,596,439	4,596,439

See notes to condensed financial statements

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UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	_	ITHS ENDED
	MARCH 31,	
	2014	2013
Net income	\$ 1,335,753	\$ 1,564,649
Other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized gain on marketable securities during period	89,915	25,712
Income tax expense related to other comprehensive income	31,282	9,032
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	58,633	16,680
Comprehensive income	\$ 1,394,386	\$ 1,581,329

See notes to condensed financial statements

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UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	2	MARCH 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)		ECEMBER , 13 UDITED)
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	973,186	\$	1,634,262
Marketable securities		10,484,700		8,863,205
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$18,000 at March	Ĺ			
31, 2014 and December 31, 2013		2,689,091		1,790,747
Receivable in connection with damage settlement				48,805
Inventories (net)		1,663,653		1,610,747
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		145,260		130,001
Deferred income taxes		229,451		229,451
Total current assets		16,185,341		14,307,218
Property, plant and equipment:				
Land		69,000		69,000
Factory equipment and fixtures		4,095,095		4,090,968
Building and improvements		2,766,319		2,766,319
Waste disposal plant		133,532		133,532
Total property, plant and equipment		7,063,946		7,059,819
Less: Accumulated depreciation		5,771,469		5,725,318
Total property, plant and equipment, net		1,292,477		1,334,501
Other asset:		38,662		9,147
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,516,480	\$	15,650,866

See notes to condensed financial statements

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UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

BALANCE SHEETS (continued)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	M	ARCH 31,	DE 31,	CEMBER
	20	14	201	13
Current liabilities:	(U	NAUDITED)	(Al	UDITED)
Accounts payable	\$	209,008	\$	385,699
Accrued expenses		860,840		728,015
Deferred revenue		10,000		
Income taxes payable		605,449		131,638
Total current liabilities		1,685,297		1,245,352
Deferred income taxes		200,869		169,587
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock \$.10 par value, authorized, 10,000,000 shares; 4,596,439				
shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013		459,644		459,644
Accumulated other comprehensive income		190,757		132,123
Retained earnings		14,979,913		13,644,160
Total stockholders' equity		15,630,314		14,235,927
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	17,516,480	\$	15,650,866

See notes to condensed financial statements

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UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 1,335,753	\$ 1,564,649
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	46,151	47,749
Realized loss (gain) on sale of investments	17,582	(452)
(Decrease) increase in cash resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(898,344)	(975,887)
Receivable from damage settlement	48,805	420,440
Inventories	(52,906)	184,746
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(44,774)	(35,328)
Prepaid income taxes		3,602
Accounts payable	(176,691)	(9,544)
Accrued expenses and taxes payable	606,636	863,913
Deferred revenue	10,000	
Net cash provided by operating activities	892,212	2,063,888
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(4,127)	(24,780)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	459,723	26,629
Purchase of marketable securities	(2,008,884)	(1,785,007)
Net cash used in investingactivities	(1,553,288)	(1,783,158)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cashequivalents	(661,076)	280,730
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,634,262	1,748,382
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 973,186	\$ 2,029,112

See notes to condensed financial statements

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UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Nature of Business

United-Guardian, Inc. (the "Company") is a Delaware corporation that, through its Guardian Laboratories division, conducts research, product development, manufacturing and marketing of cosmetic ingredients and other personal care products, pharmaceuticals, medical and health care products and proprietary specialty industrial products.

2. Basis of Presentation

Interim financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States of America pursuant to the requirements for reporting such interim financial information on Form 10-Q and Regulation SX. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. The results of operations for the current period are not necessarily indicative of results that ultimately may be achieved for any other interim period or for the year ending December 31, 2014. The interim unaudited financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

3. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains a stock-based compensation plan for its employees and directors, which is more fully described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. The Company recognizes the fair value of all share-based payments to employees and directors, including grants of employee and director stock options, as a compensation expense in the financial statements. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had no share-based awards outstanding and exercisable and did not grant any options during the three months ended March 31, 2014.

4. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, FASB issued ASU 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income." This update requires the Company to report amounts being reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. It also requires the Company to report either on the face of the financial statements or in the notes any significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income, by the respective line items of net income, but only if the item reclassified is required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For those amounts not required to be reclassified directly to net income in their entirety, the Company is required to cross-reference other disclosures that provide further details about the amounts. The amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The Company adopted this amendment effective January 1, 2013. The adoption of this amendment did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations.

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In December of 2013, FASB issued ASU 2013-12, "Definition of a Public Business Entity." This amendment clarifies the definition of what is a public entity as compared to a private entity to minimize the inconsistency and complexity of having multiple definitions for applying U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. It does not affect existing requirements and there is no effective date for adoption. This amendment does not affect the Company's results of operations.

In December of 2013, FASB issued ASU 2013-11, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." This amendment requires that an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, should be presented in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward with exceptions. This amendment only applies to entities that have an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists at the reporting date. This update became effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The update does not have a material impact on the Company's results of operation and at the present time it does not apply to the Company.

5. Investments

The fair values of the Company's marketable securities are determined in accordance with GAAP, with fair value being defined as the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, the Company utilizes the three-tier value hierarchy, as prescribed by GAAP, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value, as follows:

- •Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- •Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially for the full term of the financial statement.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following available-for-sale securities, which comprise all the Company's marketable securities, are re-measured to fair value on a recurring basis and are valued using Level 1 inputs, which are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets.

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March 31, 2014

			Unrealized
	Cost	Fair Value	Gain (Loss)
Available for sale:			
Fixed income mutual funds	\$9,577,420	\$9,742,243	\$ 164,823
Equity and other mutual funds	615,157	742,457	127,300
	\$10,192,577	\$10,484,700	\$ 292,123
December 31, 2013			
			Unrealized
	Cost	Fair Value	Gain (Loss)
Available for sale:			
Corporate bonds (matures within 1 year)	\$203,920	\$200,053	\$ (3,867)
Fixed income mutual funds	7,325,930	7,425,687	99,757
Equity and other mutual funds	1,131,147	1,237,465	106,318
	\$8 660 997	\$8 863 205	\$ 202 208

Proceeds from the sale and redemption of marketable securities amounted to \$459,723 for the first quarter of 2014, and generated realized losses of \$17,582. Proceeds from the sale and redemption of marketable securities amounted to \$26,629 for the first quarter of 2013, and generated realized gains of \$452.

Investment income consisted principally of unrealized and realized gains and losses, interest income from bonds and money market funds and dividend income from bond funds and mutual funds.

Marketable securities include investments in equity mutual funds, government securities and corporate bonds which are classified as "available-for-sale" securities and are reported at their fair values. Unrealized gains and losses on "available-for-sale" securities are reported as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity, net of the related tax effects. Investment income is recognized when earned. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are determined on a specific identification basis.

6. Inventories

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Inventories consist of the following:		
Raw materials and work in process	\$530,421	\$ 488,757
Finished products	1,133,232	1,121,990
	\$1.663.653	\$ 1,610,747

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or current market value. Cost is determined using the average cost method, which approximates cost determined by the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. Finished products inventories at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are stated net of a reserve of \$20,000 for slow moving and obsolete inventory.

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7. Supplemental Financial Statement Information

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. For the first quarter of 2014 there were cash payments for taxes in the amount of \$159,589, as compared with \$5,474 in the first quarter of 2013. There were no payments for interest for the first quarters of 2014 and 2013.

Research and development expenses amounted to \$146,968 and \$148,300 for the first quarters of 2014 and 2013, respectively, and are included in operating expenses.

There were no dividends paid in the first quarters of 2014 and 2013.

8. Income Taxes

The Company's tax provision is based on its estimated annual effective tax rate. The Company continues to fully recognize its tax benefits, which are offset by a valuation allowance to the extent that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized. As of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company files consolidated Federal income tax returns in the United States with its inactive subsidiary, and separate income tax returns in New York State. The Company is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and by New York State for years 2010 through 2013. In March 2014 the Department of Taxation of the State of New York ("DOT") commenced a routine examination of the Company's income tax returns for years 2010 through 2012. The Company has already provided the DOT with some preliminary information that it requested.

The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties as interest expense.

9. Comprehensive Income

Accumulated other comprehensive income comprises unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities net of the related tax effect.

	March 31	,	March 31,
Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	2014	1	2013
Beginning balance	\$ 132,123	\$	178,979
Unrealized gain on marketable securities before reclassifications - net of tax	76,216		16,228
Realized (loss)/gain on sale of securities reclassified from accumulated other			
comprehensive income	(17,582)	452
Ending balance - net of tax	\$ 190,757	\$	195,659

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Income from Damage Settlement

In May 2012 the Company's supplier of RENACIDINTM IRRIGATION ("RENACIDIN") curtailed production due to manufacturing issues. As a result of that curtailment, the Company and its supplier entered into a settlement agreement whereby the supplier agreed to pay the Company \$518,050 for profit the Company lost during 2012 as a result of the curtailment, and an additional \$97,610 a month beginning January 1, 2013 for each month that the curtailment continued. It also agreed to pay an additional \$48,805 for the first two months after shipments resumed, and another \$24,402 for the third month after production resumed, as "ramp-up" payments. The payments were to continue until either the supply contract ended in January 2014, or until product delivery resumed, whichever occurred first. Because deliveries resumed at the end of October 2013, the obligation to pay \$97,610 per month ceased as of that time, and the supplier's remaining obligation was to pay the ramp-up payments for the following three months. As of the end of the first quarter of 2014 all payments have been made. The income from the damage settlement for the first quarter of 2014 amounted to \$24,402, as compared with \$292,830 for the first quarter of 2013.

11. Defined Contribution Plan

The Company sponsors a 401(k) defined contribution plan ("DC Plan") that provides for a dollar-for-dollar employer matching contribution of the first 4% of each employee's pay that is deferred by the employee. Employees become fully vested in employer matching contributions after one year of employment. In addition, the Company has been accruing \$175,000 per year toward the payment of a discretionary contribution to each employee's 401(k) account based on a pay-to-pay formula that qualifies the DC Plan as a safe harbor under IRS regulations. The Company accrued \$43,750 in contributions to the DC Plan for each of the first quarters of 2014 and 2013. For the first quarters of 2014 and 2013 the Company did not make any discretionary contributions to the DC Plan.

12. Related Party Transactions

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 the Company did not pay any fees to Bonamassa, Maietta and Cartelli, LLP for accounting and tax services as compared with \$2,000 paid in the three-month period ended March 31, 2013. Lawrence Maietta, a partner in Bonamassa, Maietta and Cartelli, LLP, is a director of the Company.

13. Other Information

Accrued Expenses

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Bonuses	\$ 375,000	\$ 250,000
Distribution fees	203,384	196,558
Payroll and related expenses	113,304	104,394
Annual report expenses	44,577	66,000
Audit fee	40,019	73,269
Employer 401K contribution	43,750	
Other	40,806	37,794
Total Accrued Expenses	\$ 860,840	\$ 728,015

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10.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements made in this Form 10-Q, which are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements with respect to the goals, plans, objectives, intentions, expectations, financial condition, results of operations, future performance and business of the Company. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of such words as "believes," "may," "will," "should," "intends," "plans," "estimates," or "anticipates" or other similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, and important factors (many of which are beyond our control) could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. In addition to those specific risks and uncertainties set forth in the Company's reports currently on file with the SEC, some other factors that may affect the future results of operations of the Company are: the development of products that may be superior to those of the Company; changes in the quality or composition of the Company's products; lack of market acceptance of the Company's products; the Company's ability to develop new products; general economic or industry conditions; intellectual property rights; changes in interest rates; new legislation or regulatory requirements; conditions of the securities markets; the Company's ability to raise capital; changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines; financial or political instability; acts of war or terrorism; and other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory and technical factors that may affect the Company's operations, products, services and prices.

Accordingly, results actually achieved may differ materially from those anticipated as a result of such forward-looking statements, and those statements speak only as of the date they are made.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

OVERVIEW

The Company is a Delaware corporation that conducts research, product development, manufacturing and marketing of cosmetic ingredients, personal and health care products, pharmaceuticals, and specialty industrial products. All of the products that the Company manufactures, with the exception of RENACIDIN, are produced at its facility in Hauppauge, New York, and are marketed through marketing partners, distributors, wholesalers, direct advertising, mailings, and trade exhibitions. Its most important personal care product line is its LUBRAJELTM line of water-based moisturizing and lubricating gels. It also sells two pharmaceutical products for urological uses. Those products are sold primarily through the major drug wholesalers, which in turn sell the products to pharmacies, hospitals, nursing homes and other long-term care facilities, and to government agencies, primarily the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

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The Company's pharmaceutical products are distributed primarily in the United States. Its personal care products are marketed worldwide by five marketing partners, of which Ashland Specialty Ingredients ("ASI") purchases the largest volume of products from the Company. Approximately 70% of the Company's products are sold, either directly or through the Company's marketing partners, to end users located outside of the United States. The Company's non-pharmaceutical medical products (referred to hereinafter as "medical products"), such as its catheter lubricants, as well as its specialty industrial products, are sold directly by the Company to the end users or to contract manufacturers utilized by the end users, although they are available for sale on a non-exclusive basis by its marketing partners as well.

While the Company does have competition in the marketplace for some of its products, many of its products are either unique in their field or have some unique characteristics, and therefore are not in direct competition with the products of other pharmaceutical, specialty chemical, or health care companies. Many of the Company's products are manufactured using patented or proprietary processes. The Company's research and development department is actively working on the development of new products to expand the Company's line of personal care and performance products.

The Company recognizes revenue when products are shipped, title and risk of loss pass to the customers, persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement exists, and collections are reasonably assured. An allowance for returns, based on historical experience, is taken as a reduction of sales within the same period the revenue is recognized.

The Company has been issued many patents and trademarks and intends, whenever possible, to make efforts to obtain patents in connection with its product development program.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, the discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations are based on its financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of those financial statements required the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the carrying value of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in those financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions can be subjective and complex, and consequently actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. The Company's most critical accounting policies relate to revenue recognition, concentration of credit risk, inventory, and income taxes. Since December 31, 2013, there have been no significant changes to the assumptions and estimates related to those critical accounting policies.

The following discussion and analysis covers material changes in the financial condition of the Company since the year ended December 31, 2013, and a comparison of the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Sales

Net sales for the first quarter of 2014 increased by \$7,331 (0.2%) as compared with the first quarter of 2013. The change in net sales for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 was primarily attributable to increased sales of the Company's personal care and pharmaceutical products, offset by decreases in sales of its medical and industrial products, as follows:

- (a) Personal care products: For the first quarter of 2014 the Company's gross sales of personal care products increased by \$102,765 (3.4%) when compared with the same period in 2013. This increase was mainly due to an increase of \$219,628 (8.7%) in sales to the Company's largest marketing partner, which was partially offset by decreases in sales to some of the Company's other marketing partners, for the first quarter of 2014 when compared with the same period in 2013. The Company believes that the overall increase in personal care product sales was due to a number of factors, including an increase in demand for the Company's products, the replenishment of low inventory levels of certain products by the Company's largest marketing partner, and the timing of customer orders.
- (b) Pharmaceuticals: Gross sales of pharmaceuticals increased by \$229,566 (211.1%) in the first quarter of 2014 compared with the same period in 2013. The increase was due to the resumption of RENACIDIN sales at the end of October 2013. The production of RENACIDIN had been curtailed since 2010, when the Company's sole supplier began experiencing regulatory and production problems. This curtailment resulted in the Company having no RENACIDIN inventory to sell from August 1, 2012 to the end of October of 2013. Even though there were some RENACIDIN sales in the first quarter of 2014, compared with no RENACIDIN sales in the first quarter of 2013, the volume of RENACIDIN sold was still far below its historic levels, which the Company believes was due to the product being off the market for over a year. As a result, earnings from the sales of RENACIDIN in the first quarter of 2014 were actually lower than what the Company received in compensation payments from its RENACIDIN supplier in the first quarter of 2013.

The Company is currently working with a new supplier that will be producing RENACIDIN in a new single-dose container, which the Company anticipates may increase its sales of this product in future years. The Company hopes to have the new dosage form on the market in early 2015, subject to FDA approval. However, any delays in FDA approval could change that timetable. The Company is currently receiving new shipments of the current dosage form of RENACIDIN, and expects to have adequate inventory to last until the new single-dose form is approved.

- (c) Medical products: Gross sales of the Company's medical products decreased by \$308,558 (35.5%) for the first quarter of 2014 when compared with the same period in 2013. The Company believes the decrease was primarily due to the timing of customer orders.
- (d) Industrial and other products: Sales of the Company's specialty industrial products, as well as other miscellaneous products, decreased by \$9,088 (21.2%) for the first quarter of 2014 compared with the same period in 2013.

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In addition to the above changes in sales, net sales allowances increased by \$7,354 (14.8%) for the first quarter of 2014 when compared with the same period in 2013. This increase was primarily due to increases in chargebacks paid to the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, allowance for distribution fees, sales discounts, and returns and allowances. Discounts increased due to discounts offered to marketing partners.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales as a percentage of sales increased to 36.2% for the first quarter of 2014, up from 35.7% for the first quarter in 2013. The increase was primarily the result of the change in the Company's product mix of sales. The increase in sales of RENACIDIN in 2014 and a decrease in sales of the Company's higher-margin LUBRAJEL products resulted in the slightly higher cost of sales.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of selling, general, and administrative expenses. Operating expenses increased by \$54,074 (9.6%) for the first quarter of 2014 compared with the first quarter of 2013. This increase was mainly due to an increase in insurance and utility costs.

Other Income

Other income decreased by \$288,791 (83.2%) for the first quarter 2014 compared with the first quarter of 2013. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in settlement income in the amount of \$268,428. The Company and its RENACIDIN supplier had entered into an agreement in which the supplier agreed to pay the Company \$97,610 per month beginning January 1, 2013 for each month that the RENACIDIN production curtailment continued. It also agreed to pay "ramp- up" payments of an additional \$48,805 for the first two months after shipments resumed, and \$24,402 for the third month after production resumed. The payments were to continue until either the supply contract ended in January 2014 or product deliveries resumed, whichever came first. Since deliveries resumed at the end of October 2013, the obligation to pay \$97,610 per month ceased as of that time, and the supplier's remaining obligation was to pay the ramp-up payments. The last ramp-up payment of \$24,402 was paid in the first quarter of 2014. For more information see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2013 and 2012.

The Company earns interest income from money market funds and bonds, and dividend income from both stock and bond mutual funds. The Company's investment income for the first quarter of 2014 decreased by \$20,363 (37.6%) compared with the comparable quarter of 2013 due to losses realized on the sale of corporate bonds and some mutual funds.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes decreased by \$128,400 (16.9%) for the first quarter of 2014 when compared with the same period in 2013. This decrease was mainly due to a decrease in net income from operations before taxes of \$357,296 (15.4%) in 2014 when compared with 2013.

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The Company's effective income tax rate was approximately 32.0% for the first quarter of both 2014 and 2013, and is expected to remain consistent for the current fiscal year.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Working capital increased by \$1,438,178 to \$14,500,044 at March 31, 2014, up from \$13,061,866 at December 31, 2013. The increase in working capital is primarily due to an increase in marketable securities and accounts receivable, partially offset by an increase in taxes payable. The current ratio decreased to 9.6 to 1 at March 31, 2014, down from 11.5 to 1 at December 31, 2013. The decrease in the current ratio was primarily due to the effect of an increase in income taxes payable.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, the average period of time that an account receivable was outstanding was approximately 51 days. The average period of time that an account receivable was outstanding during the three-month period ended March 31, 2013 was 34 days. The increase was the result of a larger volume of orders placed in the month of March particularly by foreign customers whose terms of sale are 60 days vs. 45 days for the Company's largest customer, which is located in the U.S.

The Company believes that its working capital is, and will continue to be, sufficient to support its operating requirements for at least the next twelve months. The Company does not expect to incur any significant capital expenditures for the remainder of 2014.

The Company generated cash from operations of \$892,212 and \$2,063,888 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in net income and to changes in accounts payable, accrued expenses, inventories, and the receivable from the RENACIDIN damage settlement.

Cash used in investing activities for the three-month period ended March 31, 2014 was \$1,553,288, while cash used in investing activities for the three-month period ending March 31, 2013 was \$1,783,158. This decrease was primarily due to an increase in the amount of marketable securities sold in the first quarter of 2014 compared with the first quarter of 2013.

There was no cash used in financing activities for the first quarters of 2014 and 2013.

The Company expects to continue to use its cash to make dividend payments, purchase marketable securities, and take advantage of other market opportunities that are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders, should they arise.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Please see Note 4 to the Financial Statements for a description of recent accounting pronouncements, including the expected dates of adoption and the anticipated impact on the financial statements.

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OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off balance sheet transactions that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the Company's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The information to be reported under this item is not required of smaller reporting companies.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKETRISK.

The information to be reported under this item is not required of smaller reporting companies.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, has evaluated the design, operation, and effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures. Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives. Based upon the evaluation performed by the Company's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, it was determined that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports filed or submitted pursuant to the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosures.

(b) CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have determined that, during the period covered by this quarterly report, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. They have also concluded that there were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls after the date of the evaluation.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	
ITEM 1.	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
None	
ITEM 1A.	RISK FACTORS
The information to be reported under this item is not required of smaller reporting companies.	
	ITEM 2.UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.
None	
ITEM 3.	DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES
None	
ITEM 4.	MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES
None	
ITEM 5.	OTHER INFORMATION
None	
ITEM 6.	EXHIBITS
31.1	Certification of Kenneth H. Globus, President and Principal Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Robert S. Rubinger, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED-GUARDIAN, INC. (Registrant)

By: /S/ KENNETH H. GLOBUS

Kenneth H. Globus

President

By: /S/ ROBERT S. RUBINGER

Robert S. Rubinger Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 6, 2014

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