NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS INC Form 10-Q September 07, 2012

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 29, 2012

or

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 1-14315

NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware76-0127701(State or other jurisdiction of76-0127701incorporation or organization)Identification No.)10943 N. Sam Houston Parkway W.77064Houston, TX77064(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

(281) 897-7788

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No $\ddot{}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer"	Accelerated filer	х
Non-accelerated filer \pounds (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	y£

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). "Yes x No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$.01 par value-20,347,924 shares as of September 4, 2012

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PART I— FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

	July 29, 2012 (Unaudited)	October 30, 2011
ASSETS		
Current assets:	¢ 22 210	* 7 0.00 0
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,318	\$78,982
Restricted cash	1,375	2,836
Accounts receivable, net	111,913	95,381
Inventories, net	113,237	88,531
Deferred income taxes	22,127	20,405
Income tax receivable	1,906	1,272
Investments in debt and equity securities, at market	4,382	4,483
Prepaid expenses and other	17,509	14,847
Assets held for sale	4,884	4,874
Total current assets	309,651	311,611
Property, plant and equipment, net	271,536	208,514
Goodwill	73,909	5,200
Intangible assets, net	54,938	24,254
Other assets	10,896	11,575
Total assets	\$ 720,930	\$561,154
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 2,500	\$ <i>—</i>
Note payable	858	292
Accounts payable	98,058	88,158
Accrued compensation and benefits	40,598	34,616
Accrued interest	470	1,309
		1,007

Other accrued expenses	56,840	49,668
Total current liabilities	199,324	174,043
Long-term debt, net of current portion (and unamortized discount of \$12,327 and \$0, respectively) Deferred income taxes Other long-term liabilities	234,546 35,886 10,065	130,699 7,312 10,081
Total long-term liabilities	280,497	148,092
Series B cumulative convertible participating preferred stock Redeemable common stock Stockholders' deficit:	619,950 —	273,950 759
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 20,350,479 and 19,954,323 shares issued at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, respectively; 20,347,925 and 19,829,898 shares outstanding at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, respectively	924	924
Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive loss	1,875 (376,120) (5,499)	237,244 (266,896) (5,485)
Treasury stock, at cost (2,554 shares and 124,425 shares at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, respectively)	(21)	(1,477)
Total stockholders' deficit	(378,841)	(35,690)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 720,930	\$561,154

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

Sales Cost of sales, excluding asset recoveries Asset recoveries	Fiscal Three July 29, 2012 \$ 298,488 232,925 (22	ee N	Ionths Ende July 31, 2011 \$ 262,138 205,348 (93	d)	Fiscal Nine July 29, 2012 \$ 792,322 615,135 (22	e N)	Aonths Ender July 31, 2011 \$ 677,789 536,641 (93	ed)
Gross profit Engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses Acquisition-related costs Restructuring recovery	65,585 55,605 2,946 —		56,883 50,889 (575)	177,209 156,110 4,836 —		141,241 151,227 (575)
Income (loss) from operations Interest income Interest expense Debt extinguishment costs Other income (expense), net	7,034 44 (4,203 (6,437 (368)))	6,569 26 (3,890 (112)	16,263 100 (10,589 (6,437 11))
Income (loss) before income taxes Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(3,930 (663))	2,593		(652 705)	(20,156 (6,795))
Net income (loss) Convertible preferred stock dividends and accretion Convertible preferred stock beneficial conversion feature Convertible preferred stock amendment	\$ (3,267)	\$ 2,593 9,176 6,494		\$ (1,357 16,352 11,878 48,803)	\$ (13,361 21,666 8,040 —)
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$ (52,070)	\$ (13,077)	\$ (78,390)	\$ (43,067)
Loss per common share: Basic	\$ (2.74)	\$ (0.71)	\$ (4.16)	\$ (2.35)
Diluted	\$ (2.74)	\$ (0.71)	\$ (4.16)	\$ (2.35)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: Basic Diluted	18,997 18,997		18,467 18,467		18,830 18,830		18,292 18,292	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Nine July 29, 2012		nths Ende July 31, 2011	d
Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss	\$ (1,357)	\$ (13,361)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$(1,557)	\$(15,501)
Depreciation and amortization	21,992		25,249	
Share-based compensation expense	6,183		5,132	
Non-cash debt extinguishment costs	6,436			
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	20		41	
Provision for doubtful accounts	(409)	1,452	
Provision (benefit) from deferred income taxes	86)	(6,227)
Asset recoveries	(22)	(93)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions:	(22)	()))
Accounts receivable	5,143		(11,440)
Inventories	(16,330)	(34,938	· ·
Income tax receivable	(146)	14,209	,
Prepaid expenses and other	(1,610)	(57)
Accounts payable	(3,072)	21,250	,
Accrued expenses	3,281	/	3,966	
Other, net	50		264	
			-	
Net cash provided by operating activities	20,245		5,447	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Acquisition, net of cash acquired	(140,991)		
Capital expenditures	(22,288)	(14,735)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	55		582	
Net cash used in investing activities	(163,224)	(14,153)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	1,461		(4)
Proceeds from ABL Facility	15,021		43	,
Payments on ABL Facility	(15,021)	(43)
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation arrangements	1	,		,
Proceeds on term loan	237,499			
Payments on term loan	(131,325)	(5,250)
-			× ·	/

Payments on note payable Payment of financing costs Payment of cash dividends on convertible preferred stock Purchase of treasury stock	(1,193 (8,679 (1,524)))	(1,105 (100 (11,039 (1,477)))
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	96,240		(18,975)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	75 (46,664 78,982 \$ 32,318)	(63 (27,744 77,419 \$ 49,675))

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 29, 2012

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 — BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements for NCI Building Systems, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated, the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein contain all adjustments necessary to fairly present our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods indicated. Such adjustments, other than nonrecurring adjustments that have been separately disclosed, are of a normal, recurring nature. Operating results for the fiscal three and nine month periods ended July 29, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending October 28, 2012. Our sales and earnings are subject to both seasonal and cyclical trends and are influenced by general economic conditions, interest rates, the price of steel relative to other building materials, the level of nonresidential construction activity, roof repair and retrofit demand and the availability and cost of financing for construction projects.

We use a four-four-five week calendar each quarter with our year end being on the Sunday closest to October 31. The year end for fiscal 2012 is October 28, 2012.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2011 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on December 21, 2011.

NOTE 2 — ACQUISITION

On June 22, 2012, NCI Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("NCI") and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, completed the acquisition of Metl-Span LLC, a Texas limited liability company ("Metl-Span"), .. Pursuant to the terms of the Equity Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 2, 2012, as amended (the "Equity Purchase Agreement"), among

VSMA, Inc., Metl-Span, NCI and BlueScope Steel North America Corporation, NCI acquired all of the outstanding membership interests of Metl-Span for approximately \$145.7 million in cash (the "Acquisition"). The purchase price is also subject to a post-closing adjustment based on Metl-Span's cash, working capital, indebtedness, transaction expenses and accrued employee bonuses at closing. Metl-Span is now a direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of NCI.

Accordingly, the results of Metl-Span's operations from June 22, 2012 are included in our consolidated financial statements. For the period from June 22, 2012 to July 29, 2012, Metl-Span contributed revenue and operating income of \$21.2 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. Metl-Span operates five manufacturing facilities in the United States serving the nonresidential building products market with cost-effective and energy efficient insulated metal wall and roof panels. This transaction resulted in goodwill of \$68.7 million as it has strengthened our position as a leading fully integrated supplier to the nonresidential building products industry in North America, providing our customers a comprehensive suite of building products. During the three and nine month periods ended July 29, 2012, we recognized \$2.9 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, in acquisition-related costs.

We report on a fiscal year that ends the Sunday closest to October 31. Metl-Span previously reported on a calendar year that ended on June 30. The unaudited pro forma financial information in the table below was prepared based on financial information for Metl-Span for the calendar months of November through July, which correlates to the three-month and nine-month periods corresponding to our fiscal periods. The unaudited pro forma financial information for the fiscal three months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011 and the fiscal nine months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011 give effect to the transaction as if it had occurred at the beginning of the earliest fiscal period presented.

This unaudited pro forma financial information does not necessarily represent what would have occurred if the transaction had taken place on the dates presented and should not be taken as representative of our future consolidated results of operations. We have not finalized our integration plans. Accordingly, this pro forma information does not include all costs related to the integration. We also expect to realize operating synergies from consolidating procurement activities. The pro forma information does not reflect these potential synergies or expense reductions.

	Unaudited Pro Forma		Unaudited	Unaudited Pro Forma				
	Fiscal Three Ended	ee Months	Fiscal Nine	e Months Ended				
(In thousands except per share amounts)	July 29, 2012	July 31, 2011	July 29, 2012	July 31, 201	1			
Sales	\$325,974	\$ 304,733	\$ 899,596	\$ 791,551				
Net income (loss)	\$(1,686)	\$ 4,200	\$ 3,090	\$ (9,071)			
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$(50,489)	\$ (11,470) \$ (73,943) \$ (38,777)			
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$(2.66)	\$ (0.62) \$ (3.93) \$ (2.12)			
Diluted	\$(2.66)	\$ (0.62) \$ (3.93) \$ (2.12)			

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The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as part of the Acquisition. The fair value of all assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary and the final determination of any required purchase accounting adjustments will be made upon the completion of our fair value assessments. We are currently completing our plans to functionally integrate the newly acquired operations into our existing operations. Additionally, as these plans are finalized, we may identify integration charges that are required to be recognized. As a result, the initial purchase price allocations may be adjusted for changes in estimates of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

(In thousands)	June 22, 201
Current assets	\$ 35,233
Current deferred income taxes	1,514
Property, plant and equipment	57,893
Intangible assets	32,760
Assets acquired	\$ 127,400
Current liabilities	\$ 22,306
Deferred income taxes	28,121
Liabilities assumed	\$ 50,427
Fair value of net assets acquired	\$ 76,973
Total consideration paid	145,682
Goodwill	\$ 68,709

The long-term deferred tax liability primarily relates to differences between the book basis and tax basis of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, which were written up to fair market value for book purposes when accounting for the Acquisition and are not deductible for tax purposes.

The amount allocated to intangible assets was attributed to the following categories (in thousands):

		Lives
Trade names	\$9,600	15 years
Backlog	1,410	3 months
Supplier relationships	150	3 years
Customer lists and relationships	21,600	12 years
	\$32,760	

These intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis.

The excess of the purchase price over the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed was allocated to goodwill. Goodwill of \$68.7 million was recorded in our metal components segment. None of the goodwill recorded as a result of this transaction is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

For all our intangibles, including those recently acquired and from prior acquisitions, the weighted average estimated useful life is 12.9 years. We recognized \$2.1 million in amortization expense for all intangibles during the nine months ended July 29, 2012. Total accumulated amortization was \$17.8 million at July 29, 2012. We expect to recognize amortization expense over the next five fiscal years as follows (in millions):

July 30, 2012 to October 28, 2012	\$1.9
2013	4.0
2014	4.0
2015	3.7
2016	3.4

NOTE 3 —ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, *Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment* ("ASU 2012-02"), which gives companies the option to perform an annual qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If, after assessing the totality of events and circumstances, an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action. Early adoption is permitted. Therefore, we have early adopted this ASU in our fiscal year ending October 28, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-02 will not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment* ("ASU 2011-08"), which gives companies the option to perform an annual qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount and, in some cases, by-pass the two-step impairment test. Early adoption is permitted. Therefore, we have early adopted this ASU in our fiscal year ending October 28, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2011-08 will not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs* ("ASU 2011-04"). The amendments to this update provide a uniform framework for applying the principles of fair value measurement and include (i) amendments that clarify the Board's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements and (ii) amendments that change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. These amendments do not require additional fair value measurements. We adopted ASU 2011-04 in our second fiscal quarter ended April 29, 2012. The adoption of ASU

2011-04 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-05, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income (*"ASU 2011-05") which amends its guidance on the presentation of comprehensive income to increase the prominence of items reported in other comprehensive income. The new guidance requires that all components of comprehensive income in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The guidance required entities to present reclassification adjustments out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component in both the statement in which net income is presented and the statement in which other comprehensive income is presented. In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-12, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05 ("ASU 2011-12") which indefinitely deferred the guidance related to the presentation on the face of the financial statements of the effects of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. These amendments are to be applied retrospectively. We will adopt ASU 2011-05 and ASU 2011-12 in our first quarter of fiscal 2013 and we believe its adoption will not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements.*

NOTE 4 — RESTRICTED CASH

We have entered into a cash collateral agreement with our agent bank to secure letters of credit. The restricted cash was invested in a bank account securing our agent bank. As of July 29, 2012, we had restricted cash in the amount of \$1.4 million as collateral related to our \$1.4 million of letters of credit for certain insurance policies, exclusive of letters of credit under our ABL Facility. As of October 30, 2011, we had restricted cash in the amount of \$2.8 million as collateral related to our \$2.7 million of letters of credit for certain insurance policies, exclusive of redit under our ABL Facility. Restricted cash is classified as a current asset as the underlying letters of credit expire within one year of the respective balance sheet date.

NOTE 5 — INVENTORIES

The components of inventory are as follows (in thousands):

	July 29, 2012	0	ctober 30, 2011
Raw materials	\$ 81,270	\$	62,801
Work in process and finished goods	31,967		25,730

\$ 113,237 \$ 88,531

NOTE 6 — SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Our 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan ("Incentive Plan") is an equity-based compensation plan that allows us to grant a variety of types of awards, including stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance share awards, phantom stock awards and cash awards. As of July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011, and for all periods presented, our share-based awards under this plan have consisted of restricted stock grants and stock option grants, none of which can be settled through cash payments. Both our stock options and restricted stock awards are subject only to vesting requirements based on continued employment at the end of a specified time period and typically vest over four years or earlier upon death, disability or a change of control. However, our annual restricted stock awards, a portion vest on termination without cause or for good reason, as defined by the agreements governing such awards.

During the nine month periods ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011, we granted 92,832 and 121,669 stock options, respectively, and the weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011 was \$5.12 and \$5.78, respectively.

The fair value of restricted stock awards classified as equity awards is based on the Company's stock price as of the date of grant. During the nine months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011, we granted restricted stock awards with a fair value of \$6.8 million or 666,110 shares and \$6.2 million or 515,053 shares, respectively.

NOTE 7 - LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss allocated to common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted income per common share, if applicable, considers the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents. The reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used for the computation of basic and diluted loss per common share is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Fiscal Three Months Endeo		ed Fiscal Nine Ended	Fiscal Nine Months Ended	
	July 29,	July 31,	July 29,	July 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Numerator for Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common					
Share					
Net loss allocated to common shares (1)	\$ (52,070) \$ (13,077) \$ (78,390) \$ (43,067)	
Denominator for Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share					

Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic and diluted loss per share	18,997	18,467	18,830	18,292	
Basic and Diluted loss per common share	\$ (2.74) \$ (0.71) \$ (4.16) \$ (2.35)

Participating securities consist of the holders of the Convertible Preferred Stock, as defined below, and the (1) unvested restricted Common Stock related to our Incentive Plan. These participating securities do not have a contractual obligation to share in losses; therefore, no losses were allocated in any periods presented above. These participating securities will be allocated earnings when applicable.

We calculate earnings per share using the "two-class" method, whereby unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents are "participating securities" and, therefore, these participating securities are treated as a separate class in computing earnings per share. The calculation of earnings per share for Common Stock presented here excludes the income, if any, attributable to the unvested restricted stock awards and our Series B Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Stock ("Convertible Preferred Stock," and shares thereof, "Preferred Shares") from the numerator and excludes the dilutive impact of those shares from the denominator. There was no income amount attributable to unvested restricted stock or Preferred Shares for the three and nine month periods ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011 as the restricted stock and Preferred Shares do not share in the net losses. However, in periods of net income allocated to common shares, a portion of this income will be allocable to the restricted stock and Preferred Shares. As of July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, the Preferred Shares were convertible into 54.1 million and 46.6 million shares of Common Stock, respectively.

For both the three and nine month periods ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011, all options and unvested restricted shares were anti-dilutive and, therefore, not included in the diluted loss per common share calculation.

NOTE 8 — WARRANTY

We sell weathertightness warranties to our customers for protection from leaks in our roofing systems related to weather. These warranties range from two years to 20 years. We sell two types of warranties, standard and Single SourceTM, and three grades of coverage for each. The type and grade of coverage determines the price to the customer. For standard warranties, our responsibility for leaks in a roofing system begins after 24 consecutive leak-free months. For Single SourceTM warranties, the roofing system must pass our inspection before warranty coverage will be issued. Inspections are typically performed at three stages of the roofing project: (i) at the project start-up; (ii) at the project requires or the customer requests additional inspections, those inspections are billed to the customer. Upon the sale of a warranty, we record the resulting revenue as deferred warranty revenue, which is included in other accrued expenses in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recognize deferred warranty revenue over the warranty coverage period in a manner that matches our estimated expenses relating to the warranty. Additionally, we maintain an accrued warranty at Robertson-Ceco II Corporation ("RCC") in which the balance was \$3.1 million at both July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011. RCC's accrued warranty programs have similar terms and characteristics to our other warranty programs although this warranty is not amortized in the same manner as our other warranty programs.

The following table represents the rollforward of our acquired accrued warranty obligation and deferred warranty revenue activity for each of the fiscal nine months ended (in thousands):

	Fiscal Nine Months Ended			l
	July 29, 20)12	July 31, 201	11
Beginning balance	\$ 17,941		\$ 16,977	
Warranties sold	2,365		2,081	
Revenue recognized	(1,609)	(1,205)
Other (1)	1,107		(309)
Ending balance	\$ 19,804		\$ 17,544	

(1) Primarily represents the fair value of accrued warranty obligations in the amount of \$1.2 million assumed in the Metl-Span acquisition. Metl-Span offers weathertightness warranties on its wall and roof panels. Weathertightness warranties are offered in various configurations for terms from five to twenty years, prorated or non-prorated and on a no dollar limit basis, as required by the buyer. These warranties are available only if certain conditions, some of which relate to installation, are met.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND NOTE PAYABLE

Debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	•	October 30, 2011
Credit Agreement, due May 2018 (interest at 8.0% at July 29, 2012)	\$ 249,373	\$ —
Amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014 (interest at 8.0% at October 30, 2011)		130,699
	249,373	130,699
Unamortized discount, net	(12,327)	
Current portion of long-term debt	(2,500)	—
Total long-term debt, less current portion	\$ 234,546	\$ 130,699

Credit Agreement

On June 22, 2012, in connection with the Acquisition, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") among the Company, as Borrower, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent (the "Term Agent"), and the lenders party thereto. The Credit Agreement provides for a term loan credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$250.0 million. Proceeds from borrowings under the Credit Agreement were used, together with cash on hand, (i) to finance the Acquisition, (ii) to extinguish the existing amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014 (the "Refinancing"), and (iii) to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Acquisition and the Refinancing.

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The term loans under the Credit Agreement will mature on May 2, 2018 and, prior to such date, will amortize in nominal quarterly installments equal to one percent of the aggregate initial principal amount thereof per annum. The Credit Agreement was issued at 95% of face value, which resulted in a note discount of \$12.5 million. The note discount will be amortized over the life of the loan through May 2, 2018 using the effective interest method.

The term loans under the Credit Agreement will be prepayable at the Company's option at any time. Prepayments in connection with a repricing transaction (as defined in the Credit Agreement) during the first two years after the closing of the Credit Agreement will be subject to a prepayment premium equal to 2% of the principal amount of the term loans so prepaid during the first year after the closing of the Credit Agreement and 1% of the principal amount of the term loans so prepaid during the second year after the closing of the Credit Agreement. Prepayments may otherwise be made without premium or penalty (other than customary breakage costs).

Subject to certain exceptions, the term loans under the Credit Agreement will be subject to mandatory prepayment in an amount equal to:

• the net cash proceeds of (1) certain asset sales, (2) certain debt offerings, and (3) certain insurance recovery and condemnation events; and

• 75% of annual excess cash flow (as defined in the Credit Agreement) for any fiscal year ending on or after November 3, 2013, subject to reduction to 50%, 25% or 0% if specified leverage ratio targets are met.

The Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement and designated cash management arrangements and hedging agreements, if any, will be irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed on a joint and several basis by each direct and indirect wholly owned domestic subsidiary of the Company (other than any domestic subsidiary that is a foreign subsidiary holding company or a subsidiary of a foreign subsidiary and certain other excluded subsidiaries).

The obligations under the Credit Agreement and the designated cash management arrangements and hedging agreements, if any, and the guarantees thereof are secured pursuant to a guarantee and collateral agreement, dated as of June 22, 2012 (the "Guarantee and Collateral Agreement"), made by the Company and other Grantors (as defined therein), in favor of the Term Agent, by (i) all of the capital stock of all direct domestic subsidiaries owned by the Company and the guarantors, (ii) up to 65% of the capital stock of certain direct foreign subsidiaries owned by the Company or any guarantor (it being understood that a foreign subsidiary holding company or a domestic subsidiary of a foreign subsidiary will be deemed a foreign subsidiary), and (iii) substantially all other tangible and intangible assets owned by the Company and each guarantor, in each case to the extent permitted by applicable law and subject to certain exceptions.

At the Company's election, the interest rates applicable to the term loans under the Credit Agreement will be based on a fluctuating rate of interest measured by reference to either (1) an adjusted London inter-bank offered rate, or "LIBOR," or (2) an alternate base rate, in each case, plus a borrowing margin. Overdue amounts will bear interest at a rate that is 2% higher than the rate otherwise applicable.

The Credit Agreement contains a number of covenants that, among other things, will limit or restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, make dividends and other restricted payments, create liens securing indebtedness, engage in mergers and other fundamental transactions, enter into restrictive agreements, amend certain documents in respect of other indebtedness, change the nature of their business and engage in certain transactions with affiliates.

In addition, under the Credit Agreement the Company will be subject to a financial covenant that requires the Company to maintain a specified consolidated total net debt to EBITDA leverage ratio for specified periods. The consolidated total net debt to EBITDA leverage ratio must be no more than 3.75:1.00 each quarter beginning with the quarter ending October 28, 2012. The ratio steps down by 0.5 to 3.25:1.00 beginning with the quarter ending November 3, 2013. This ratio steps down by another 0.5 to 2.75:1.00 beginning with the quarter ending November 2, 2014. Although our Credit Agreement and our amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014, did not require any financial covenant compliance, at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, our consolidated total net debt to EBITDA leverage ratio as of those dates was 2.71:1.00 and 2.27:1.00, respectively.

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The Credit Agreement contains customary events of default, including non-payment of principal, interest or fees, violation of covenants, material inaccuracy of representations or warranties, cross default and cross acceleration to certain other material indebtedness, certain bankruptcy events, certain ERISA events, material invalidity of security interest, material judgments, and change of control.

The Credit Agreement also provides that the Company has the right at any time to request incremental commitments under one or more incremental term loan facilities or incremental revolving loan facilities, subject to compliance with a pro forma consolidated secured net debt to EBITDA leverage ratio. The lenders under the Credit Agreement will not be under any obligation to provide any such incremental commitments, and any such addition of or increase in commitments will be subject to pro forma compliance with customary conditions.

In connection with the execution of the Credit Agreement the Company, certain of the Company's subsidiaries, Wells Fargo Capital Finance, LLC, as administrative agent (the "ABL Agent") under the Company's asset based revolving credit facility (the "ABL Facility"), and the Term Agent entered into an amendment (the "Intercreditor Agreement Amendment") to the Company's existing intercreditor agreement, dated as of October 20, 2009, providing for, among other things, the obligations under the Credit Agreement to become subject to the provisions of the intercreditor agreement. In addition, in connection with the Acquisition, Metl-Span became a borrower under the ABL Facility, and the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Company, and the ABL Agent entered into an amendment (the "ABL Guaranty Amendment") to the Company's existing guaranty agreement, dated as of October 20, 2009, providing for, among other things, the guarantee of the obligations of Metl-Span under the ABL Facility.

During our third quarter of fiscal 2012, we recognized a non-cash debt extinguishment charge of \$5.1 million, related to the deferred financing costs of the amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014.

ABL Facility

On October 20, 2009, we entered into the ABL Facility pursuant to a loan and security agreement that provided for a \$125.0 million asset-based loan facility. Borrowing availability under the ABL Facility is determined by a monthly borrowing base collateral calculation that is based on specified percentages of the value of qualified cash, eligible inventory and eligible accounts receivable, less certain reserves and subject to certain other adjustments.

On December 3, 2010, we finalized an amendment of our ABL Facility that reduced the unused commitment fee from 1% based on the average daily balance of loans and letters of credit obligations outstanding to an annual rate of 0.5%. The calculation is determined on the amount by which the maximum credit exceeds the average daily principal balance of outstanding loans and letter of credit obligations. Additional customary fees in connection with the ABL Facility also apply. In addition, the amendment reduced the effective interest rate on borrowings, if any, by nearly

40% or 175 basis points.

On May 2, 2012, we entered into Amendment No. 2 (the "ABL Facility Amendment") to the Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan and Security Agreement") to (i) permit the Acquisition, the entry by the Company into the Credit Agreement and the incurrence of debt thereunder and the repayment of existing indebtedness under NCI's existing term loan, (ii) increase the amount available for borrowing thereunder to \$150 million (subject to a borrowing base), (iii) increase the amount available for credit thereunder to \$30 million, and (iv) extend the final maturity thereunder to May 2, 2017.

As a result of the ABL Facility Amendment, in our third fiscal quarter 2012, we recognized a non-cash charge of \$1.3 million, related to the deferred financing costs.

At July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, our excess availability under the ABL Facility was \$110.8 million and \$87.8 million, respectively. The ABL Facility has a maturity of May 2, 2017 and includes borrowing capacity of up to \$30 million for letters of credit and up to \$10 million for swingline borrowings. Under the ABL Facility, there were no amounts of borrowings outstanding at both July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011. In addition, at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, standby letters of credit totaling approximately \$8.5 million and \$6.4 million, respectively, were issued under the ABL Facility related to certain insurance policies.

The obligations of the borrowers under the ABL Facility are guaranteed by us and each direct and indirect domestic subsidiary of the Company (other than any domestic subsidiary that is a foreign subsidiary holding company or a subsidiary of a foreign subsidiary that is insignificant) that is not a borrower under the ABL Facility. Our obligations under certain specified bank products agreements are guaranteed by each borrower and each other direct and indirect domestic subsidiary of the Company and the other guarantors. These guarantees are made pursuant to a guarantee agreement, dated as of October 20, 2009, entered into by the Company and each other guarantor with Wells Fargo Foothill Capital Finance, LLC (formerly known as Wells Fargo Foothill, LLC), as administrative agent.

The obligations under the ABL Facility and the guarantees thereof are secured by a first priority lien on our accounts receivable, inventory, certain deposit accounts, associated intangibles and certain other specified assets of the Company and a second priority lien on the assets securing the term loans under the Credit Agreement on a first-lien basis.

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The ABL Facility contains a number of covenants that, among other things, limit or restrict our ability to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, incur guarantee obligations, engage in sale and leaseback transactions, prepay other indebtedness, modify organizational documents and certain other agreements, create restrictions affecting subsidiaries, make dividends and other restricted payments, create liens, make investments, make acquisitions, engage in mergers, change the nature of our business and engage in certain transactions with affiliates.

Under the ABL Facility, a "Dominion Event" occurs if either an event of default is continuing or excess availability falls below certain levels, during which period, and for certain periods thereafter, the administrative agent may apply all amounts in the Company's, the borrowers' and the other guarantors' concentration accounts to the repayment of the loans outstanding under the ABL Facility, subject to the Intercreditor Agreement. In addition, during such Dominion Event, we are required to make mandatory payments on our ABL Facility upon the occurrence of certain events, including the sale of assets and the issuance of debt, in each case subject to certain limitations and conditions set forth in the ABL Facility.

The ABL Facility includes a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of one to one, which will apply if we fail to maintain at least \$15 million of minimum borrowing capacity. Although our ABL Facility did not require any financial covenant compliance, at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, our fixed charge coverage ratio as of those dates, which is calculated on a trailing twelve month basis, was 4.42:1.00 and 0.37:1.00, respectively.

Loans under the ABL Facility bear interest, at our option, as follows:

(1) Base Rate loans at the Base Rate plus a margin. The margin ranges from 1.50% to 2.00% depending on the quarterly average excess availability under such facility, and

(2) LIBOR loans at LIBOR plus a margin. The margin ranges from 2.50% to 3.00% depending on the quarterly average excess availability under such facility.

During an event of default, loans under the ABL Facility will bear interest at a rate that is 2% higher than the rate otherwise applicable. "Base Rate" is defined as the higher of the Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. prime rate and the overnight Federal Funds rate plus 0.5% and "LIBOR" is defined as the applicable London interbank offered rate adjusted for reserves.

Deferred Financing Costs

At July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, the unamortized balance in deferred financing costs was \$10.4 million and \$11.6 million, respectively.

Insurance Note Payable

The note payable is related to financed insurance premiums. As of July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, we had outstanding a note payable in the amount of \$0.9 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. Insurance premium financings are generally secured by the unearned premiums under such policies.

NOTE 10 - SERIES B CUMULATIVE CONVERTIBLE PARTICIPATING PREFERRED STOCK

The CD&R Equity Investment

On August 14, 2009, the Company entered into an Investment Agreement (as amended, the "Investment Agreement"), by and between the Company and Clayton, Dubilier & Rice Fund VIII, L.P. ("CD&R Fund VIII"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to CD&R Fund VIII, and CD&R Fund VIII agreed to purchase from the Company, for an aggregate purchase price of \$250 million (less reimbursement to CD&R Fund VIII or direct payment to its service providers of up to \$14.5 million in the aggregate of transaction expenses and a deal fee, paid to Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, Inc., the manager of CD&R Fund VIII, of \$8.25 million), 250,000 shares of Convertible Preferred Stock. Pursuant to the Investment Agreement, on October 20, 2009 (the "Closing Date"), the Company issued and sold to CD&R Fund VIII and CD&R Friends & Family Fund VIII, L.P. (the "CD&R Funds"), and the CD&R Funds purchased from the Company, an aggregate of 250,000 Preferred Shares, representing approximately 39.2 million shares of Common Stock or 68.4% of the voting power and Common Stock of the Company on an as-converted basis as of the Closing Date (such purchase and sale, the "CD&R Equity Investment"). At July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, the CD&R Funds own 72.7% and 70.1%, respectively, of the voting power and Common Stock of the Company on an as-converted basis.

Certain Terms of the Convertible Preferred Stock

In connection with the consummation of the CD&R Equity Investment, on October 19, 2009 we filed the Certificate of Designations of the Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Certificate of Designations"), setting forth the terms, rights, powers, and preferences, and the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof, of the Convertible Preferred Stock.

Liquidation Value. Each Preferred Share has an initial liquidation preference of \$1,000.

Rank. The Convertible Preferred Stock ranks senior as to dividend rights, redemption payments and rights upon liquidation to the Common Stock and each other class or series of our equity securities, whether currently issued or to be issued in the future, that by its terms ranks junior to the Convertible Preferred Stock, and junior to each class or series of equity securities of the Company, whether currently issued or issued in the future, that by its terms ranks senior to the Convertible Preferred Stock. The Company does not have any outstanding securities ranking senior to the Convertible Preferred Stock. Pursuant to the Certificate of Designations, the issuance of any senior securities of the Company requires the approval of the holders of the Convertible Preferred Stock.

Dividends. Under the Certificate of Designations, as originally adopted, dividends on the Convertible Preferred Stock are payable, on a cumulative daily basis, as and if declared by the board of directors, at a rate per annum of 12% of the sum of the liquidation preference of \$1,000 per Preferred Share plus accrued and unpaid dividends thereon or at a rate per annum of 8% of the sum of the liquidation preference of \$1,000 per Preferred Share plus accrued Share plus any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon if paid in cash on the dividend payment date on which such dividends would otherwise compound. If dividends are not paid on the dividend payment date, either in cash or in kind, such dividends compound on the dividend payment date.

On May 8, 2012, we entered into an Amendment Agreement (the "Amendment Agreement") with the CD&R Funds, the holders of our convertible preferred shares, to eliminate our quarterly dividend obligation on the Preferred Shares. However, this does not preclude the payment of contingent default dividends, if applicable.

Under the terms of the Certificate of Designations, we were contractually obligated to pay quarterly dividends to the holders of the convertible preferred shares from October 20, 2009, through October 20, 2019, subject to certain dividend "knock-out" provisions. The Amendment Agreement provides for the Certificate of Designations to be amended to terminate the dividend obligation from and after March 15, 2012 (the "Dividend Knock-out").

As consideration for the Dividend Knock-out, the CD&R Funds received a total of 37,834 additional shares of Convertible Preferred Stock, representing (i) approximately \$6.5 million of dividends accrued from March 15, 2012 through May 18, 2012 (20 trading days after April 20, 2012, on which date the dividend "knock-out" measurement period commenced) and (ii) approximately \$31.4 million in additional liquidation preference of Convertible Preferred Stock, or 10% of the approximate total \$313.7 million of accreted value as of May 18, 2012. Upon the closing of the transactions in the Amendment Agreement, funds managed by CD&R held Convertible Preferred Stock with an aggregate liquidation preference and accrued dividends of approximately \$345 million. The Convertible Preferred Stock and accrued dividends entitle the funds managed by CD&R to receive approximately 54.1 million shares of common stock, representing 72.7% of the voting power and common stock of the Company on an as-converted basis and an increase of approximately 2% from CD&R's position at April 29, 2012.

The Amendment Agreement with the CD&R Funds has been approved by the Company's independent directors, as "independence" is defined by the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange, as well as by all of the Company's directors who are independent of and not affiliated with the CD&R Funds.

On July 5, 2012, the Company filed an Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations with the Secretary of State for the state of Delaware effecting the elimination of the quarterly dividend obligation on the Preferred Shares.

The dividends for the December 15, 2010 and March 15, 2011 dividend payments were paid in cash and the dividends for the June 15, 2011 and March 15, 2012 dividend payments were paid in-kind at a pro rata rate of 12% per annum. As a result of the two Consent and Waiver Agreements (discussed below), the September 15, 2011 and December 15, 2011 dividend payments were paid in-kind, at a pro rata rate of 8% per annum. See Note 9—Long-term Debt and Note Payable for more information on our Credit Agreement and ABL Facility.

The dividend rate will increase by up to 6% per annum above the rates described in the preceding paragraphs upon and during certain defaults specified in the Certificate of Designations involving the Company's failure to have a number of authorized and unissued shares of Common Stock reserved and available sufficient for the conversion of all outstanding Preferred Shares. The Company currently has sufficient authorized, unissued and reserved shares of Common Stock to effect the conversion.

On the dividend payment date, the Company had the right to choose whether dividends are paid in cash or in-kind. However, the first dividend payment which was scheduled to be paid on December 15, 2009 in the amount of \$4.6 million was required to be paid in cash by the Certificate of Designations but could not be paid in cash based on the terms of the Company's amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014, and ABL Facility which restricted the Company's ability to pay cash dividends until the first quarter of fiscal 2011 and until October 20, 2010, respectively. As a result, the dividend for the period up to the December 15, 2009 dividend payment date compounded at a rate of 12% per annum.

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In addition to any dividends declared and paid as described in the preceding paragraphs, holders of the outstanding Preferred Shares also have the right to participate equally and ratably, on an as-converted basis, with the holders of shares of Common Stock in all cash dividends and distributions paid on the Common Stock.

On March 15, 2012, the Preferred Dividend Payment Committee of the board of directors declared and paid to the holders of Convertible Preferred Stock, the CD&R Funds, a dividend of 8,924.762 shares of Convertible Preferred Stock at a pro rata rate of 12% per annum for the period from December 16, 2011 to March 15, 2012.

On December 9, 2011, the Company entered into a Mutual Waiver and Consent with the CD&R Funds, under which (1) the CD&R Funds, as the holders of all of the Company's issued and outstanding Convertible Preferred Stock, agreed to accept a paid-in-kind dividend on their Preferred Shares for the quarterly dividend payment period ended December 15, 2011 computed at the dividend rate of 8% per annum, rather than the dividend rate of 12% per annum provided for in the Certificate of Designations applicable to the Preferred Shares, and (2) the Company waived its right under the Stockholders Agreement with the CD&R Funds to issue up to \$5 million of its capital stock without the consent of the CD&R Funds during the fiscal year ending October 28, 2012, subject to certain exceptions. The December 9, 2011 Mutual Waiver and Consent did not extend to dividends on the Convertible Preferred Stock accruing after December 15, 2011 or restrict our issuance of capital stock after October 28, 2012.

In view of the December 9, 2011 Mutual Waiver and Consent, the Preferred Dividend Payment Committee of the board of directors declared and directed the payment of the December 15, 2011 dividend on the Preferred Shares in-kind at the reduced rate of 8% per annum. As a result, a dividend of 5,833.4913 Preferred Shares was paid to the holders of Convertible Preferred Stock for the period from September 16, 2011 to December 15, 2011. As a result of accruing the dividend at the stated 12% rate, and subsequently paying the lower 8% rate, the Company recorded a dividend accrual reversal of \$2.9 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2012 related to dividends accrued between September 16, 2011 and December 15, 2011. Similarly, the Company recorded a beneficial conversion feature reversal of \$1.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2012 related to beneficial conversion feature charges between September 16, 2011 and December 15, 2011 associated with the dividend reduction.

On June 15, 2011, the Dividend Payment Committee of the board of directors declared and paid to the holders of Convertible Preferred Stock, the CD&R Funds, a dividend of 8,416.9531 shares of Convertible Preferred Stock for the period from March 16, 2011 to June 15, 2011.

On March 15, 2011, the Preferred Dividend Payment Committee of the board of directors declared and paid to the holders of Convertible Preferred Stock, the CD&R Funds, a \$5.5 million cash dividend at a pro rata rate of 8% per annum. As a result of paying an 8% cash dividend, we recorded a dividend accrual reversal of \$2.7 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011 related to dividends accrued in excess of 8% between December 16, 2010 and March 15,

2011. In addition, we reversed the related beneficial conversion feature previously recorded of \$8.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011 related to the paid-in-kind dividends accrued between December 16, 2010 and March 15, 2011.

On December 15, 2010, the Preferred Dividend Payment Committee of the board of directors declared and paid to the holders of Convertible Preferred Stock, the CD&R Funds, a \$5.55 million cash dividend at the rate of 8% per annum. As a result of paying an 8% cash dividend, we recorded a dividend accrual reversal of \$2.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2011 related to dividends accrued in excess of 8% between September 16, 2010 and December 15, 2010. In addition, we reversed the related beneficial conversion feature previously recorded of \$5.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2011 related to the paid-in-kind dividends accrued between September 16, 2010 and December 15, 2010.

Convertibility and Anti-Dilution Adjustments. To the extent that we have authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock, holders of Preferred Shares have the right, at any time and from time to time, at their option, to convert any or all of their Preferred Shares, in whole or in part, into fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's Common Stock at the conversion price set forth in the Certificate of Designations. The number of shares of Common Stock into which a Preferred Share is convertible is determined by dividing the sum of the liquidation preference of \$1,000 per Preferred Share and the accrued and unpaid dividends of such share as of the time of conversion by the conversion price in effect at the time of conversion.

The initial conversion price of the Convertible Preferred Stock was equal to \$6.3740. The conversion price is subject to adjustment as set forth in the Certificate of Designations and is subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments, including stock dividends, splits, combinations or similar events and issuance of our Common Stock at a price below the then-current market price and, within the first three years after the Closing Date, issuances of our Common Stock below the then applicable conversion price. As of July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, the Convertible Preferred Stock was convertible into 54.1 million and 46.6 million shares of Common Stock, respectively.

Milestone Redemption Right. The Company has the right, at any time on or after the tenth anniversary of the Closing Date, to redeem in whole, but not in part, all then-issued and outstanding shares of Convertible Preferred Stock in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Certificate of Designations. Any holder of Convertible Preferred Stock has the right, at any time on or after the tenth anniversary of the Closing Date, to require that the Company redeem all, but not less than all, of its shares of Convertible Preferred Stock in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Certificate of Designations. In each case, such right (the "Milestone Redemption Right"), is exercisable at a redemption price for each Preferred Share equal to the sum of the liquidation preference of \$1,000 per Preferred Share and the accrued and unpaid dividends of such share as of the time of redemption.

Change of Control Redemption Right. Upon certain change of control events specified in the Certificate of Designations, including certain business combinations involving the Company and certain changes to the beneficial ownership of the voting power of the Company, so long as the CD&R Funds do not own 45% or more of the voting power of the Company and directors designated by the CD&R Funds are not entitled to cast a majority of the total number of votes that can be cast by the Company's board of directors or by the directors constituting the quorum approving or recommending such change of control event, holders of Preferred Shares are able to require redemption by the Company, in whole but not in part, of the Convertible Preferred Stock (1) if redeemed after the fourth anniversary of the Closing Date, at a purchase price equal to the sum of the liquidation value of such Preferred Shares and the accrued and unpaid dividends thereon as of the redemption date or (2) if redeemed prior to the fourth anniversary of the Closing Date, at a purchase price equal to the sum of (a) the liquidation value of such Preferred Shares plus the accrued and unpaid dividends thereon as of the redemption date and (b) a make-whole premium equal to the net present value of the sum of all dividends that would otherwise be payable on and after the redemption date, to and including such fourth anniversary date, assuming that such dividends are paid in cash. In addition, upon change of control events pursuant to the amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014, or the ABL Facility, holders of Preferred Shares are able to require redemption by the Company, in whole but not in part, of the Convertible Preferred Stock, at a purchase price equal to 101% of the sum of the liquidation value of such Preferred Shares and the accrued and unpaid dividends thereon as of the redemption date.

In the event of a merger or other business combination resulting in a change of control in which the holders of shares of our Common Stock receive cash or securities of an unaffiliated entity as consideration for such shares, if the holder of Preferred Shares does not exercise the change of control redemption right described in the paragraph above or is not entitled to the change of control redemption right in connection with such event, such holder will be entitled to receive, pursuant to such merger or business combination, the consideration such holder would have received for its Preferred Shares had it converted such shares immediately prior to the merger or business combination. In the event of a merger or other business combination not resulting in a change of control in which the holders of shares of our Common Stock receive cash or securities of an unaffiliated entity as consideration for such shares, holders of shares of our Common Stock receive cash or securities of an unaffiliated entity as consideration for such shares, holders of shares of our Common Stock receive cash or securities of an unaffiliated entity as consideration for such shares, holders of convertible Preferred Stock shall have the option to exchange their Preferred Shares for shares of the surviving entity's capital stock having terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms, preferences, rights, privileges and powers no less favorable than the terms preferences, rights,

Vote. Holders of Preferred Shares generally are entitled to vote with the holders of the shares of our Common Stock on all matters submitted for a vote of holders of shares of the Company's Common Stock (voting together with the holders of shares of our Common Stock as one class) and are entitled to a number of votes equal to the number of

shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of such holder's Preferred Shares (without any limitations based on our authorized but unissued shares of the Company's Common Stock) as of the applicable record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote on such matters.

Certain matters require the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding Preferred Shares, voting as a separate class, including (1) amendments or modifications to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, by-laws or the Certificate of Designations, that would adversely affect the terms or the powers, preferences, rights or privileges of the Convertible Preferred Stock, (2) authorization, creation, increase in the authorized amount of, or issuance of any class or series of senior securities or any security convertible into, or exchangeable or exercisable for, shares of senior securities and (3) any increase in the authorized number of Preferred Shares or the issuance of additional Preferred Shares.

In addition, in the event that the Company fails to fulfill its obligations to redeem the Convertible Preferred Stock in accordance with the terms of the Certificate of Designations following the exercise of the Milestone Redemption Right or change of control redemption rights described above, until such failure is remedied, certain additional actions of the Company shall require the approval of the holders of a majority of the outstanding Preferred Shares, voting as a separate class, including the adoption of an annual budget, the hiring and firing, or the changing of the compensation, of executive officers and the commitment, resolution or agreement to effect any business combination.

Restriction on Dividends on Junior Securities. The Company is prohibited from (i) paying any dividend with respect to our Common Stock or other junior securities, except for ordinary cash dividends in which the Convertible Preferred Stock participates and which are declared, paid or set aside after the base dividend rate for the Convertible Preferred Stock has been reduced to 0.00% as described above and dividends payable solely in shares of our Common Stock or other junior securities, or (ii) repurchasing or redeeming any shares of our Common Stock or other junior securities, unless, in each case, we have sufficient access to lawful funds immediately following such action such that we would be legally permitted to redeem in full all Preferred Shares then outstanding.

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Accounting for Convertible Preferred Stock

The Convertible Preferred Stock balance and changes in the carrying amount of the Convertible Preferred Stock are as follows (in thousands):

	Dividends and Accretion	Convertible Preferred Stock
Balance as of October 30, 2011		\$ 273,950
Accretion	688	
Accrued paid-in-kind dividends(1)	8,837	
Reversal of additional 4% accrued dividends(2)	(2,917)	
Subtotal		6,608
Balance as of January 29, 2012		\$ 280,558
Accretion	688	
Accrued paid-in-kind dividends(1)	9,057	
Subtotal		9,745
Balance as of April 29, 2012		\$ 290,303
Extinguishment and reissuance	329,647	
-		
Subtotal		329,647
Balance as of July 29, 2012		\$ 619,950

(1) Dividends are accrued at the 12% rate on a daily basis until the dividend payment date.
 (2) The reversal of the additional 4% accrued dividends relates to the period from September 16, 2011 to December 15, 2011.

In accordance with ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, and ASC Topic 480, *Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity*, we classified the Convertible Preferred Stock as mezzanine equity because the Convertible Preferred Stock (1) can be settled in cash or shares of our Common Stock, (2) contains change of control rights allowing for early redemption, and (3) contains Milestone Redemption Rights which allow the Convertible Preferred Stock to remain outstanding without a stated maturity date.

In addition, the Certificate of Designations, which is the underlying contract of the Convertible Preferred Stock, includes features that are required to be bifurcated and recorded at fair value. We classified the Convertible Preferred Stock as an equity host contract because of (1) the voting rights, (2) the participating dividends on Common Stock and mandatory, cumulative preferred stock dividends, and (3) the Milestone Redemption Right which allows the Convertible Preferred Stock to remain outstanding without a stated maturity date. We then determined that the conditions resulting in the application of the default dividend rate are not clearly and closely related to this equity host contract and we bifurcated and separately recorded these features at fair value. As of both July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, the fair value carrying amount of the embedded derivative was \$0.1 million.

Because the dividends accrue and accumulate on a daily basis and the amount payable upon redemption of the Convertible Preferred Stock is the liquidation preference plus accrued and unpaid dividends, accrued dividends are recorded into Convertible Preferred Stock.

In accordance with ASC Subtopic 470-20, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options*, the Convertible Preferred Stock contains a beneficial conversion feature because it was issued with an initial conversion price of \$6.3740 and the closing stock price per share of Common Stock just prior to the execution of the CD&R Equity Investment was \$12.55. The intrinsic value of the beneficial conversion feature cannot exceed the issuance proceeds of the Convertible Preferred Stock less the cash paid for the deal fee paid to the CD&R Funds manager in connection with the CD&R Equity Investment, and thus was \$241.4 million as of October 20, 2009. At July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, all of the potentially 54.1 million and 46.6 million shares of Common Stock, respectively, issuable upon conversion of the Preferred Shares, which includes paid-in-kind dividends, were authorized and unissued.

As consideration for the Dividend Knock-out, the CD&R Funds received a total of 37,834 additional shares of Convertible Preferred Stock, representing (i) approximately \$6.5 million of dividends accrued from March 15, 2012 through May 18, 2012 (20 trading days after April 20, 2012, on which date the dividend "knock-out" measurement period commenced) and (ii) approximately \$31.4 million in additional liquidation preference of Convertible Preferred Stock, or 10% of the approximate total \$313.7 million of accreted value as of May 18, 2012. Upon the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Amendment Agreement, funds managed by CD&R held Convertible Preferred Stock with an aggregate liquidation preference and accrued dividends of \$345.1 million. The Convertible Preferred Stock and accrued dividends entitle the funds managed by CD&R to receive approximately 54.1 million shares of Common Stock, representing 72.7% of the voting power and common stock of the Company on an as-converted basis and an increase of approximately 2% from CD&R's position at April 29, 2012.

To determine if the Amendment Agreement resulted in a modification or extinguishment of the Convertible Preferred Stock, we evaluated the significance in the change to the substantive contractual terms in relation to both the economic characteristics of the Convertible Preferred Stock and the business purpose of the Amendment Agreement. Based on certain qualitative considerations, we determined an extinguishment and reissuance had occurred and we recorded the Convertible Preferred Stock at fair value as of May 8, 2012. As such, on May 8, 2012, the value of the Convertible Preferred Stock increased from a book value of \$290.3 million to a fair value of \$620.0 million. The increase in fair value reduced Additional Paid In Capital to zero on May 8, 2012, a \$222.9 million decrease, and increased Accumulated Deficit by \$107.9 million in the consolidated balance sheet. In addition, the increase in fair value was offset by prior recognized beneficial conversion feature charges of \$282.1 million since the issuance of the Convertible Preferred Stock which results in a \$48.8 million Convertible Preferred Stock charge in the consolidated statement of operations. As of July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, the Preferred Shares were convertible into 54.1 million and 46.6 million shares of Common Stock, respectively, at an initial conversion price of \$6.3740.

The Company recorded an \$11.9 million beneficial conversion feature charge, prior to any applicable reversal, in the nine month period ended July 29, 2012 related to dividends that have accrued and are convertible into shares of Common Stock. The Company recorded a \$6.5 million beneficial conversion feature charge, prior to any applicable reversal, in the three month periods ended July 31, 2011 and \$8.0 million beneficial conversion feature charge, prior to any applicable reversal, in the nine month periods ended July 31, 2011 related to dividends that have accrued and are convertible into shares of Common Stock. As a result of accruing dividends at the stated 12% rate, and subsequently paying the lower 8% rate agreed to in the Mutual Waiver and Consent, we recorded a beneficial conversion feature reversal of \$1.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2012 related to beneficial conversion feature charges between September 16, 2011 and December 15, 2011 associated with the dividend reduction. As a result of paying an 8% cash dividend in the second quarter of fiscal 2011, we reversed the related beneficial conversion feature previously recorded of \$8.2 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2011 related to beneficial conversion feature charges between December 16, 2010 and March 15, 2011. As a result of paying an 8% cash dividend in the first quarter of fiscal 2011, we reversed the related beneficial conversion feature previously recorded of \$5.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2011 related to beneficial conversion feature charges between September 16, 2010 and December 15, 2010. The Company's policy is to recognize beneficial conversion feature charges on paid-in-kind dividends based on a daily dividend recognition and the daily closing stock price of our Common Stock.

The Company's aggregate liquidation preference plus accrued dividends of the Convertible Preferred Stock at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011 are as follows (in thousands):

	July 29,	October 30,
	2012	2011
Liquidation preference	\$339,293	\$ 286,701
Accrued dividends	5,775	10,102

Aggregate liquidation preference \$345,068 \$296,803

At July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011, we had 339,293 and 286,701 Preferred Shares outstanding.

NOTE 11 — FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash, restricted cash, trade accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value as of July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011 because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments. The fair values of the remaining financial instruments not currently recognized at fair value on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at the respective fiscal period ends were (in thousands):

	July 29, 20)12	October 30, 2011		
	Carrying	Fair Value	Carrying	Fair Value	
	Amount	I'all value	Amount	I'all value	
Credit Agreement (1)	\$237,046	\$245,009	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	
Amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014	\$—	\$ <i>—</i>	\$130,699	\$127,106	

(1) Carrying amount of Credit Agreement includes unamortized discount of \$12.3 million.

The fair value of the Credit Agreement and the amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014, were based on recent trading activities of comparable market instruments which are level 2 inputs.

Fair Value Measurements

ASC Subtopic 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, requires us to use valuation techniques to measure fair value that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Other inputs that are observable directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data and which require us to develop our own assumptions about how market participants would price the assets or liabilities.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011.

Money market: Money market funds have original maturities of three months or less. The original cost of these assets approximates fair value due to their short-term maturity.

Mutual funds: Mutual funds are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the mutual fund is traded.

Stocks, options and ETF's: Stocks, options and ETF's are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the fund is traded.

Foreign currency contracts: The fair value of the foreign currency derivatives are based on a market approach and take into consideration current foreign currency exchange rates and current creditworthiness of us or the counterparty, as applicable.

Assets held for sale: Assets held for sale are valued based on current market conditions, prices of similar assets in similar condition and expected proceeds from the sale of the assets.

Deferred compensation plan liability: Deferred compensation plan liability is comprised of phantom investments in the deferred compensation plan and is valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the money market, mutual fund or NCI stock phantom investments are traded.

Embedded derivative: The embedded derivative value is based on an income approach in which we used a probability-weighted discounted cash flow model and assigned probabilities for each qualified default event.

The following table summarizes information regarding our financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of July 29, 2012, segregated by level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value (in thousands):

vel 1 Level	2 Level 3	Total
13 \$ —	\$ —	\$313
	—	574
,873 —	—	1,873
34 —		634
- 564	—	564
,394 564		3,958
,394 \$ 564	\$ —	\$3,958
4 1 0 0 > 4	¢	¢ (1 100)
-		
- (71) —	(71)
	(63) (63)
4.100) \$ (71) \$ (63) \$(4.234)
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	74 — — 873 — — 34 — — $ 564$ — 394 564 — 394 564 — $4,100$) $$$ — $ (71)$ —

Unrealized holding gains (losses) for the three months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011 were \$(0.1) million and \$(0.2) million, respectively. Unrealized holding gains (losses) for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011 were \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. These unrealized holding gains (losses) are primarily offset by changes in the deferred compensation plan liability.

The following table summarizes information regarding our financial assets that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of July 29, 2012, segregated by level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value (in thousands):

	Lev	vel 1	Lev	vel 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: Assets held for sale (1)	\$		\$		\$2,500	\$2,500
Total assets	\$		\$		\$2,500	\$2,500

Certain assets held for sale are valued at fair value and are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. Assets held for sale are reported at fair value, if, on an individual basis, the fair value of the asset is less than cost. The fair value of assets held for sale is estimated using Level 3 inputs, such as broker quotes for like-kind assets or other market indications of a potential selling value which approximates fair value. As of July 29, 2012, the fair value of one asset group held for sale exceeded that asset group's cost and carrying value. Accordingly, that asset group held for sale has been excluded from the table as of July 29, 2012.

The tables above exclude assets and liabilities measured on a one-time non-recurring basis that were acquired as part of the Metl-Span acquisition completed on June 22, 2012 that are discussed further in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. These assets and liabilities were recorded at their fair value upon acquisition in accordance with generally-accepted accounting principles. Acquisition date fair values represent either level 2 fair value measurements (current assets and liabilities, property, plant and equipment) or level 3 fair value measurements (goodwill and intangible assets). In addition, as a result of the transactions in the Amendment Agreement, we have determined the Convertible Preferred Stock (see Note 10) should be treated as an extinguishment and reissuance and, therefore, as of May 8, 2012, was recorded at fair value in the amount of \$620.0 million.

The following table summarizes information regarding our financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of October 30, 2011, segregated by level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value (in thousands):

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Money market	\$12,837	\$—	\$ —	\$12,837
Short-term investments in deferred compensation plan(1):				
Money market	\$149	\$—	\$ —	\$149
Mutual funds — Growth	682			682
Mutual funds — Blend	1,798			1,798
Mutual funds — Foreign blend	743			743

Mutual funds — Fixed income	_	638		638
Total short-term investments in deferred compensation plan	\$3,372	\$638	\$ —	\$4,010
Other investments:	4.5			4.5
Cash	45	_		45
Stocks, options and ETF's	429	—		429
Total other investments	474			474
Foreign currency contracts		42		42
Total assets	\$16,683	\$680	\$ —	\$17,363
Liabilities:				
Deferred compensation plan liability	\$—	\$(4,077)	\$ —	\$(4,077)
Embedded derivative			(79) (79)
Total liabilities	\$—	\$(4,077)	\$ (79) \$(4,156)

The following table summarizes information regarding our financial assets that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of October 30, 2011, segregated by level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value (in thousands):

	Lev	vel 1	Lev	el 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: Assets held for sale(1)	\$		\$		\$2,500	\$2,500
Total assets	\$		\$		\$2,500	\$2,500

Certain assets held for sale are valued at fair value and are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. Assets held for sale are reported at fair value, if, on an individual basis, the fair value of the asset is less than cost. The fair value of assets held for sale is estimated using Level 3 inputs, such as broker quotes for like-kind assets or other market indications of a potential selling value which approximates fair value. As of October 30, 2011, the fair value of one asset group held for sale exceeded that asset group's cost and carrying value. Accordingly, that asset group held for sale has been excluded from the table as of October 30, 2011.

The following table summarizes the activity in Level 3 financial instruments during the nine months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	July 29,	July 31,
	2012	2011
Beginning balance	\$ (79)	\$ (104)
Unrealized gains (1)	16	19
Ending balance	\$ (63)	\$ (85)

(1) Unrealized gains on the embedded derivative are recorded in other income, net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations during the nine months ended July 29, 2012 and July 31, 2011.

NOTE 12 — INCOME TAXES

The reconciliation of income tax computed at the statutory tax rate to the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	Fiscal Three Months Ended				Fiscal Nine Months Ende				
	July 29,		July 31,		July 29,		July 31,		
	2012		2011		2012		2011		
Statutory federal income tax rate	35.0	%	35.0	%	35.0	%	35.0	%	
State income taxes	2.3	%	(14.2)%	(8.9)%	0.1	%	
Non-deductible acquisition costs	(22.1)%			(133.2)%			
Canada valuation allowance	(3.8)%	(5.0)%	(3.8)%	(0.4)%	
Non-deductible expenses	3.0	%	(2.7)%	3.0	%	(2.7)%	
Recognition of tax benefit previously deemed to be uncertain	0.0	%	(7.3)%	0.0	%	0.9	%	
Other	2.5	%	5.8	%	(0.2)%	0.8	%	
Effective tax rate	16.9	%	0.0	%	(108.1)%	33.7	%	

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefit at both July 29, 2012 and October 30, 2011 was \$0.3 million, all of which would impact our effective tax rate, if recognized. We do not anticipate any material change in the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits to occur within the next twelve months.

NOTE 13 — COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive loss consists of the following (in thousands):

	Fiscal Thre	Ionths Ended	Fiscal Nine Months Ended				
	July 29,		July 31,	July 29,		July 31,	
	2012		2011	2012		2011	
Net income (loss)	\$ (3,267)	\$ 2,593	\$ (1,357)	\$ (13,361)
Foreign exchange translation gain (loss) and other, net of tax	3		(23)	4		(28)
Gain in fair value of foreign currency derivative, net of tax				(17)		
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (3,264)	\$ 2,570	\$ (1,370)	\$ (13,389)

Accumulated other comprehensive loss consists of the following (in thousands):

	July 29,	July 31,
	2012	2011
Foreign exchange translation adjustments, net of tax	\$572	\$524
Defined benefit pension plan actuarial losses, net of tax	(6,058)	(2,524)
Foreign currency derivative, net of tax	(12)	35
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$(5,498)	\$(1,965)

A summary of the components of other comprehensive income (loss) and the related tax effects for each of the periods presented is as follows (in thousands):

	Fiscal Three Months Ended July 29, 2012 31, 2011													
	Be	fore-Tax nount	Tax	pense)	Ne	t-of-Ta	aB	efore-7 mount	Гах	Ta (E or	ax xpense)	N	et-of-T mount	Гах
Foreign exchange translation gain (loss) and other	\$	3	\$		\$	3	\$	17		\$		\$	17	
Gain in fair value of foreign currency derivative	\$		\$		\$	—	\$	(65)	\$	25	\$	(40)
Other Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	3	\$		\$	3	\$	(48)	\$	25	\$	(23)

	Fiscal Nine Months Ended July 29, 2011								
	Before-Tax Amount	Tax (Expense or Benefit	seNet-of-TaxBefore-Tax Amount Amount	Tax (Expense) or Benefit	Net-of-Tax Amount				
Foreign exchange translation gain (loss) and other	\$4	\$ —	\$ 4 \$ (63)	\$ —	\$ (63)				
(Loss) gain in fair value of foreign currency derivative	\$ (63)	\$ 46	\$ (17) \$ 56	\$ (21)	\$ 35				
Other Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (59)	\$ 46	\$ (13) \$ (7)	\$ (21)	\$ (28)				

NOTE 14 — BUSINESS SEGMENTS

We have aggregated our operations into three reportable segments based upon similarities in product lines, manufacturing processes, marketing and management of our businesses: metal coil coating; metal components; and engineered building systems. All business segments operate primarily in the nonresidential construction market. Sales and earnings are influenced by general economic conditions, the level of nonresidential construction activity, metal roof repair and retrofit demand and the availability and terms of financing available for construction. Products of our business segments use similar basic raw materials. The metal coil coating segment consists of cleaning, treating, painting and slitting continuous steel coils before the steel is fabricated for use by construction and industrial users. The metal components segment products include metal roof and wall panels, doors, metal partitions, metal trim, insulated panels and other related accessories. Metl-Span is included in the metal components segment. See Note 2 – Acquisition. The engineered building systems segment includes the manufacturing of main frames, Long Bay[®] Systems and value added engineering and drafting, which are typically not part of metal components or metal coil coating products or services. The reporting segments follow the same accounting policies used for our consolidated financial statements.

We evaluate a segment's performance based primarily upon operating income before corporate expenses. Intersegment sales are recorded based on standard material costs plus a standard markup to cover labor and overhead and consist of: (i) hot-rolled, light gauge painted and slit material and other services provided by the metal coil coating segment to both the engineered building systems and metal components segments; (ii) building components provided by the metal components segment to the engineered building systems segment; and (iii) structural framing provided by the engineered building systems segment to the metal components segment. Corporate assets consist primarily of cash but also include deferred financing costs, deferred taxes and property, plant and equipment associated with our headquarters in Houston, Texas. These items (and income and expenses related to these items) are not allocated to the business segments. Corporate unallocated expenses include executive, legal, finance, tax, treasury, human resources, information technology, purchasing, marketing and corporate travel expenses. Additional unallocated expenses include interest income, interest expense and other (expense) income.

The following table represents sales, operating income and total assets attributable to these business segments for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Fiscal Three M July 29, 2012		Months Ended July 31, 2011		Fiscal Nine M July 29, 2012		Ionths Ended July 31, 2011
Total sales:							
Metal coil coating	\$ 54,342		\$ 54,472		\$152,264		\$ 144,673
Metal components	142,092		116,050		354,586		309,730
Engineered building systems	164,265		155,046		453,278		386,248
Intersegment sales	(62,211))	(167,806)	
Total sales	\$ 298,488		\$ 262,138		\$ 792,322		\$ 677,789
External sales:							
Metal coil coating	\$ 19,415		\$ 19,821		\$ 59,225		\$ 53,999
Metal components	119,814		93,001		292,434		249,630
Engineered building systems	159,259		149,316		440,663		374,160
Total sales	\$ 298,488		\$ 262,138		\$ 792,322		\$ 677,789
Operating income (loss):							
Metal coil coating	\$ 5,112		\$ 5,219		\$ 15,304		\$ 13,041
Metal components	9,372		6,545		23,931		14,298
Engineered building systems	9,078		7,877		23,414		2,313
Corporate	(16,528)	(13,072)	(46,386)	(39,063)
Total operating income (loss)	\$ 7,034		\$ 6,569		\$ 16,263		\$ (9,411)
Unallocated other expense	(10,964)	(3,976)	(16,915)	(10,745)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ (3,930)	\$ 2,593		\$ (652)	\$ (20,156)

	July 29,	October 30,
	2012	2011
Total assets:		
Metal coil coating	\$58,728	\$ 55,509
Metal components	234,763	175,906
Engineered building systems	209,781	206,232
Corporate	217,658	123,507
Total assets	\$720,930	\$ 561,154

NOTE 15 — CONTINGENCIES

As a manufacturer of products primarily for use in nonresidential building construction, we are inherently exposed to various types of contingent claims, both asserted and unasserted, in the ordinary course of business. As a result, from time to time, we and/or our subsidiaries become involved in various legal proceedings or other contingent matters arising from claims, or potential claims. We insure against these risks to the extent deemed prudent by our management and to the extent insurance is available. Many of these insurance policies contain deductibles or self-insured retentions in amounts we deem prudent and for which we are responsible for payment. In determining the amount of self-insurance, it is our policy to self-insure those losses that are predictable, measurable and recurring in nature, such as claims for automobile liability, general liability and workers compensation. The Company regularly reviews the status of on-going proceedings and other contingent matters along with legal counsel. Liabilities for such items are recorded when it is probable that the liability has been incurred and when the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities are adjusted when additional information becomes available. Management believes that the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations or financial position taken as a whole.

NOTE 16 — SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 1, 2012, we issued a one-time grant of performance share units ("PSUs") under NCI's 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (the "Incentive Plan") to certain executives. This grant was made in lieu of grants that would have otherwise been made on December 15, 2012, 2013 and 2014 based on current practice. A total grant of 1,027,500 performance stock units were issued under the Incentive Plan.

The purpose of the PSU grants is to closely align the incentive compensation of the executive leadership team for a duration of a three-year performance cycle with returns to NCI's shareholders and thereby further motivate the executive leadership team to create sustained value for NCI shareholders. The design of the PSU grants effectuates this purpose by placing a material amount of incentive compensation of each executive at risk and by offering extraordinary reward for the attainment of extraordinary results.

We expect the fair value of the total PSUs granted on August 1, 2012 is \$12.0 million. Compensation cost for the PSUs will be recognized ratably over the requisite service period of three years.

NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements included herein under "Item 1. Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements" and the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 30, 2011.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report includes statements concerning our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance and underlying assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. These statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements. In some cases, our forward-looking statements can be identified by the words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "intend," "may," "objective," "plan," "potential," "predict," "projection," "should," "will" or other similar v based our forward-looking statements are made. We caution you that assumptions based on information available to our management at the time the statements may and often do vary materially from actual results. Therefore, we cannot assure you that actual results will not differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. Accordingly, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking information, including any earnings guidance. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, these expectations and the related statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those projected. These risks, uncertainties, and other factors include, but are not limited to:

- industry cyclicality and seasonality and adverse weather conditions;
 - challenging economic conditions affecting the nonresidential construction industry;
 - volatility in the U.S. economy and abroad, generally, and in the credit markets;

ability to service or refinance our debt, including additional debt to finance the Acquisition (as defined below), and obtain future financing;

•the Company's ability to comply with the financial tests and covenants in its existing and future debt obligations;

operational limitations or restrictions in connection with our debt;

recognition of asset impairment charges;

- commodity price increases and/or limited availability of raw materials, including steel;
 - the ability to make strategic acquisitions accretive to earnings;
 - retention and replacement of key personnel;
 - enforcement and obsolescence of intellectual property rights;

fluctuations in customer demand;

costs related to environmental clean-ups and liabilities;

competitive activity and pricing pressure;

the volatility of the Company's stock price;

the substantial rights, seniority and dilutive effect on our common stockholders of the Convertible Preferred Stock issued to the CD&R Funds;

breaches of our information security system security measures;

hazards that may cause personal injury or property damage, thereby subjecting us to liabilities and possible losses, which may not be covered by insurance;

changes in laws or regulations;

our ability to integrate Metl-Span LLC with our business and to realize the anticipated benefits of such acquisition; costs and other effects of legal and administrative proceedings, settlements, investigations, claims and other matters; and

other risks detailed under the caption "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A of the report and in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC.

A forward-looking statement may include a statement of the assumptions or bases underlying the forward-looking statement. We believe that we have chosen these assumptions or bases in good faith and that they are reasonable. However, we caution you that assumed facts or bases almost always vary from actual results, and the differences between assumed facts or bases and actual results can be material, depending on the circumstances. When considering forward-looking statements, you should keep in mind the risk factors and other cautionary statements in this report and those described under the caption "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC. We expressly disclaim any obligations to release publicly any updates or revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect any changes in our expectations unless the securities laws require us to do so.

OVERVIEW

NCI Building Systems, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise, the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") is one of North America's largest integrated manufacturers and marketers of metal products for the nonresidential construction industry. We provide metal coil coating services and design, engineer, manufacture and market metal components and engineered building systems primarily for nonresidential construction use. We manufacture and distribute extensive lines of metal products for the nonresidential construction market under multiple brand names through a nationwide network of plants and distribution centers. We sell our products for both new construction and repair and retrofit applications.

Metal components offer builders, designers, architects and end-users several advantages, including lower long-term costs, longer life, attractive aesthetics and design flexibility. Similarly, engineered building systems offer a number of advantages over traditional construction alternatives, including shorter construction time, more efficient use of materials, lower construction costs, greater ease of expansion and lower maintenance costs.

We assess performance across our business segments by analyzing and evaluating (i) gross profit, operating income and whether or not each segment has achieved its projected sales goals, and (ii) non-financial efficiency indicators such as gross profit per employee, man hours per ton of steel produced and shipped tons per day. In assessing our overall financial performance, we regard return on adjusted operating assets, as well as growth in earnings, as key indicators of shareholder value.

Third Fiscal Quarter

We experienced a significant improvement in our operating results during the third quarter of fiscal 2012 in what continues to be a weak recovery period for the nonresidential construction industry. We are leveraging the competitive advantages of steel compared to other building products to capture additional business from existing customers and enter new markets, while managing costs through continuous operating efficiencies.

Each of our business segments is making progress in what continues to be a challenging market environment, helped in part by our integrated business model.

The metal coil coating segment continues to serve our metal components and engineered building systems segments, while focusing its external sales on building share in the nonresidential construction market and in extending their reach in new markets. Results for the first nine months of fiscal 2012 showed double-digit increases in revenues and operating income. Results for the third quarter of fiscal 2012 were flat with prior year due to a less favorable business mix in the period and the incurrence of additional expenses associated with the new Middletown, Ohio coating plant.

In the metal components segment, third party sales increased 29%, while operating income improved 43% compared to the same period in the prior year, benefitting from a 6-week contribution from the Company's Metl-Span acquisition, slight improvement in demand for the group's core products, the effectiveness of new marketing programs designed to capture larger volume business and low operating cost structure that continues to distinguish this business unit.

The engineered metal buildings segment produced a 15.2% increase in operating profit on sales growth of 6.7% in the third quarter of fiscal 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. Revenue growth resulted from improved demand from the industrial and retail sectors, and similar to the prior quarter, operating profitability benefitted from a more favorable mix of higher and lower complexity projects.

Industry Conditions

Our sales and earnings are subject to both seasonal and cyclical trends and are influenced by general economic conditions, interest rates, the price of steel relative to other building materials, the level of nonresidential construction activity, roof repair and retrofit demand and the availability and cost of financing for construction projects.

The nonresidential construction industry is highly sensitive to national and regional macroeconomic conditions. One of the primary challenges we face is that the United States economy is slowly recovering from a recession and is in a

period of significant volatility which, beginning in the third quarter of 2008, reduced demand for our products and adversely affected our business. In addition, the tightening of credit in financial markets over the same period adversely affected the ability of our customers to obtain financing for construction projects. As a result, we have experienced decreases in orders and cancellations of orders for our products in previous fiscal quarters, and the ability of our customers to make payments has been adversely affected. Similar factors could cause our suppliers to experience financial distress or bankruptcy, resulting in temporary raw material shortages. The lack of credit also adversely affects nonresidential construction, which is the focus of our business. While economic growth has either resumed or remains flat, the nonresidential construction industry continues to face significant challenges. The graph below shows the annual nonresidential new construction starts, measured in square feet, since 1968 as compiled and reported by McGraw-Hill:

Source: McGraw-Hill

When assessing the state of the metal construction market, we review information from various industry associations, third-party research, and various government reports such as industrial production and capacity utilization. One such industry association is the Metal Building Manufacturers Association ("MBMA"), which provides summary member sales information and promotes the design and construction of metal buildings and metal roofing systems. Another is McGraw-Hill Construction Information Group, which we review for information regarding actual and forecasted growth in various construction related industries, including the overall nonresidential construction market. McGraw-Hill Construction's nonresidential construction forecast for calendar 2012, published in July 2012, indicates no change in square footage and a decrease of 6% in dollar value as compared to the prior calendar year. In calendar 2013, the nonresidential construction forecast indicates an increase compared to calendar 2012, with an expected increase of 13% in square footage and an increase of 11% in dollar value. Additionally, we review the American Institute of Architects' ("AIA") survey for inquiry and billing activity for the industrial, commercial and institutional sectors. The AIA's architecture billings index ("ABI") is a closely watched metric, as billings growth for architecture services generally leads to construction spending growth 9 to 12 months forward. We have historically experienced a shorter lag period of 6-9 months when comparing the commercial and industrial ABI trends to our volume trends. An ABI reading above 50 indicates an increase in month-to-month billings and a reading below 50 indicates a decrease in month-to-month billings. AIA's ABI published for July 2012 was below 50 at 48.7 and the commercial and industrial component of the index was 46.6, the third consecutive month below 50.

Another challenge we face both short and long term is the volatility in the price of steel. Our business is heavily dependent on the supply of steel and is significantly impacted by steel prices. For the fiscal nine months ended July 29, 2012, steel represented approximately 72% of our cost of goods sold. The steel industry is highly cyclical in nature, and steel prices have been volatile in recent years and may remain volatile in the future. Steel prices are influenced by numerous factors beyond our control, including general economic conditions domestically and internationally, competition, labor costs, production costs, import duties and other trade restrictions. The monthly CRU North American Steel Price Index, published by the CRU Group, has decreased 9.6% from October 2011 to July 2012 and was 13.0% lower in July 2012 compared to July 2011.

We normally do not maintain an inventory of steel in excess of our current production requirements. However, from time to time, we may purchase steel in advance of announced steel price increases. We can give no assurance that steel will be readily available or that prices will not continue to be volatile. While most of our sales contracts have escalation clauses that allow us, under certain circumstances, to pass along all or a portion of increases in the price of steel after the date of the contract but prior to delivery, for competitive or other reasons we may not be able to pass such price increases along. If the available supply of steel declines, we could experience price increases that may cause us not to meet delivery schedules to our customers. Any of these problems could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. For additional discussion please see "Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative

Disclosures About Market Risk -Steel Prices."

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We have aggregated our operations into three reportable segments based upon similarities in product lines, manufacturing processes, marketing and management of our businesses: (i) metal coil coating; (ii) metal components; and (iii) engineered building systems. All business segments operate primarily in the nonresidential construction market. Sales and earnings are influenced by general economic conditions, the level of nonresidential construction activity, metal roof repair and retrofit demand and the availability and terms of financing available for construction. Products of all business segments use similar basic raw materials. The metal coil coating segment consists of cleaning, treating, painting and slitting continuous steel coils before the steel is fabricated for use by construction and industrial users. The metal components segment products include metal roof and wall panels, doors, metal partitions, metal trim, insulated panels and other related accessories. The engineered building systems segment includes the manufacturing of main frames, Long Bay[®] Systems and value-added engineering and drafting, which are typically not part of metal components or metal coil coating products or services. The reporting segments follow the same accounting policies used for our consolidated financial statements.

We evaluate a segment's performance based primarily upon operating income before corporate expenses. Intersegment sales are recorded based on standard material costs plus a standard markup to cover labor and overhead and consist of: (i) hot-rolled, light gauge painted, and slit material and other services provided by the metal coil coating segment to both the metal components and engineered building systems segments; (ii) building components provided by the metal components segment to the engineered building systems segment; and (iii) structural framing provided by the engineered building systems segment.

Corporate assets consist primarily of cash but also include deferred financing costs, deferred taxes and property, plant and equipment associated with our headquarters in Houston, Texas. These items (and income and expenses related to these items) are not allocated to the business segments. Corporate unallocated expenses include executive, legal, finance, tax, treasury, human resources, information technology, purchasing, marketing and corporate travel expenses. Additional unallocated expenses include interest income, interest expense and other (expense) income. Segment information is included in Note 14 of our consolidated financial statements.

The following table represents sales and operating income attributable to these business segments for the periods indicated (in thousands, except percentages):

	Fiscal Thr	ee M	onths Ended	Fiscal Nine Months Ended				
	July 29, 20) F2	July 31, 2011	%	July 29, 20	12⁄0	July 31, 2011	%
Total sales:								
Metal coil coating	\$54,342	18	\$ 54,472	21	\$152,264	19	\$ 144,673	21
Metal components	142,092	48	116,050	44	354,586	45	309,730	46
Engineered building systems	164,265	55	155,046	59	453,278	57	386,248	57

Intersegment sales Total sales	(62,211) \$298,488	(21) (63,430 100 \$ 262,138)	(24) (167,806) 100 \$792,322	(21) (162,862 100 \$ 677,789) (24) 100
Operating income (loss):						
Metal coil coating	\$5,112	\$ 5,219		\$15,304	\$ 13,041	
Metal components	9,372	6,545		23,931	14,298	
Engineered building systems	9,078	7,877		23,414	2,313	
Corporate	(16,528)	(13,072)	(46,386)	(39,063)
Total operating income (loss)	\$7,034	\$ 6,569		\$16,263	\$ (9,411)
Unallocated other expense	(10,964)	(3,976)	(16,915)	(10,745)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$(3,930)	\$ 2,593		\$(652)	\$ (20,156)

FISCAL THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 29, 2012 COMPARED TO FISCAL THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2011

Consolidated sales increased by 13.9%, or \$36.4 million for the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to the three months ended July 31, 2011. This increase resulted from higher tonnage volumes in our metal components and engineered building systems segments for the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 which was driven by improved demand in the end use sectors we serve compared to the prior year.

Consolidated cost of sales increased by 13.4%, or \$27.6 million for the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to the three months ended July 31, 2011. Gross margins were 22.0% for the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to 21.7% for the same period in the prior year. The increase in gross margins was the result of higher tonnage volumes in our metal components and engineered building systems segments which increased our operating leverage for the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 as noted above.

Metal coil coating sales decreased by 0.2%, or \$0.1 million to \$54.3 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$54.5 million in the same period in the prior year. Sales to third parties for the three months ended July 29, 2012 decreased by 2.0% to \$19.4 million from \$19.8 million in the same period in the prior year, primarily as a result of a shift in product mix from package sales of coated steel products to tolling revenue for coating services. Package sales include both the toll processing services and the sale of the steel coil while toll processing services include only the toll processing service performed on the steel coil already in the customer's ownership. The decrease in sales was partially offset by a 2.7% increase in tons shipped due to the acquisition of new customers and end users. The remaining \$0.3 million represents an increase in intersegment sales for the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. Metal coil coating third-party sales accounted for 6.5% of total consolidated third-party sales in the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to 7.6% in the three months ended July 31, 2011.

Operating income of the metal coil coating segment decreased to \$5.1 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$5.2 million in the same period in the prior year. The \$0.1 million decrease resulted primarily from a \$0.3 million increase in selling and administrative expenses related to various immaterial costs.

Metal components sales increased 22.4%, or \$26.0 million to \$142.1 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$116.1 million in the same period in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to a 28.3% increase in external tons shipped, partially offset by a 10.1% reduction in internal volume. These results were driven by the inclusion of Metl-Span which contributed \$21.2 million of sales since June 22, 2012 when Metl-Span was acquired and improved demand in the end use sectors we serve in the three months ended July 29, 2012. Sales to third parties for the three months ended July 29, 2012 increased \$26.8 million to \$119.8 million from \$93.0 million in the same period in the prior year. The remaining \$0.8 million represents a decrease in intersegment sales. Metal components third-party sales accounted for 40.1% of total consolidated third-party sales in the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to 35.5% in the three months ended July 31, 2011.

Operating income of the metal components segment increased to \$9.4 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$6.5 million in the same period in the prior year. The \$2.8 million increase resulted from an increase in external tons shipped as noted above, higher sales prices which increased as a result of the pass-through of higher underlying steel costs and the inclusion of Metl-Span which contributed \$2.3 million of operating income since June 22, 2012 when Metl-Span was acquired. The increase in operating income was partially offset by a \$3.2 million increase in selling and administrative expenses related to a \$1.3 million increase in wages and commissions and other various immaterial costs.

Engineered building systems sales increased 5.9%, or \$9.2 million to \$164.3 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$155.0 million in the same period in prior year. This increase resulted from a 10.5% increase in external tons shipped. These results were driven by improved demand in the end use sectors we serve in the three months ended July 29, 2012. Sales to third parties for the three months ended July 29, 2012 increased \$9.9 million to \$159.3 million from \$149.3 million in the same period in the prior year. The remaining \$0.7 million represents a decrease in intersegment sales. Engineered building systems third-party sales accounted for 53.4% of total

consolidated third-party sales in the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to 57.0% in the three months ended July 31, 2011.

Operating income of the engineered building systems segment improved to income of \$9.1 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to income of \$7.9 million in the same period in the prior year. This \$1.2 million improvement resulted from a \$1.8 million increase in gross profit due to increases external tons shipped as noted above and increases in relative sales prices. These improvements were partially offset by a \$0.6 million of restructuring recovery in the same period in the prior year and a \$0.6 million increase in engineering, selling and administrative expenses primarily due to a \$0.9 million increase in wages, commissions and benefit costs which was mainly the result of higher volume.

Consolidated engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses, consisting of engineering, drafting, selling and administrative costs, increased to \$55.6 million in the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$50.9 million in the same period in the prior year. The \$4.7 million increase in engineering, selling and administrative expenses was primarily due to a \$3.6 million increase in wages, commissions and benefit costs which was mainly the result of higher volume. As a percentage of sales, engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were 18.6% for the three months ended July 29, 2012 as compared to 19.4% for the three months ended July 31, 2011.

Acquisition-related costs for the three months ended July 29, 2012 were \$2.9 million. There was no amount recorded in the same period of the prior year. These costs represent various services to enter into a definitive agreement to purchase Metl-Span LLC for \$145.7 million in cash. See "—Acquisition of Metl-Span LLC."

Consolidated interest expense increased by 8.0% to \$4.2 million for the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$3.9 million for the same period of the prior year. Interest expense increased due to the term loan balance which increased from \$128.5 million to \$250.0 million on June 22, 2012 as a result of and in connection with the Metl-Span acquisition and the Company entering into a Credit Agreement which provided for a term loan credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$250.0 million. Additionally, interest rates on the Credit Agreement increased from 6.5% to 8% on June 22, 2012. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in the interest rate on the term loan on October 31, 2011 from 8% to 6.5% and decreases in the underlying debt balance prior to June 22, 2012.

Debt extinguishment costs for the three months ended July 29, 2012 were \$6.4 million. There was no amount recorded in the same period of the prior year. During our third quarter of fiscal 2012, we recognized a non-cash debt extinguishment charge related to the deferred financing costs of the amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014, of \$5.1 million. In addition, as a result of the ABL Facility Amendment, in our third fiscal quarter 2012, we recognized a non-cash charge of \$1.3 million, related to the deferred financing costs.

Consolidated provision (benefit) for income taxes was a \$0.7 million benefit for the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to no provision for the same period in the prior year. The effective tax rate for the three months ended July 29, 2012 was 16.9% compared to 0.0% for the same period in the prior year. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year was the result of state income taxes and non-deductible expenses.

Consolidated Convertible Preferred Stock dividends and accretion was \$9.2 million for the three months ended July 31, 2011. There was no amount recorded for the three months ended July 29, 2012. The 9.2 million related primarily to our paying accrued dividends on our Series B Cumulative Convertible Participating Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00 per share ("Convertible Preferred Stock," and shares thereof, "Preferred Shares"), which prior to May 18, 2012 accrued and accumulated on a daily basis at 12% per annum. We paid dividends in-kind at the rate of 12% per annum on the Preferred Shares in June 2011. We do not expect to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares in future periods as a result of the Amendment Agreement. See "—Convertible Preferred Stock."

Consolidated Convertible Preferred Stock beneficial conversion feature charge was \$6.5 million for the three months ended July 31, 2011. There was no amount recorded for the three months ended July 29, 2012. The \$6.5 million related to dividends that have accrued on our Convertible Preferred Stock and are convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price below the prevailing market price of Common Stock during the accrual period. The increase was the result of our paying the June 2011 dividends in-kind at the rate of 12% per annum.

Consolidated Convertible Preferred Stock amendment for the three months ended July 29, 2012 was \$48.8 million compared to no amount in the same period in the prior year and related to the Amendment Agreement. As a result of the transactions in the Amendment Agreement, we have determined the Convertible Preferred Stock should be treated as an extinguishment and reissuance and, therefore, as of May 8, 2012, was recorded at fair value in the amount of \$620.0 million. As consideration for the Dividend Knock-out, the CD&R Funds received a total of 37,834 additional shares of Convertible Preferred Stock, representing (i) approximately \$6.5 million of dividends accrued from March 15, 2012 through May 18, 2012 (20 trading days after April 20, 2012, on which date the dividend "knock-out" measurement period commenced) and (ii) approximately \$31.4 million in additional liquidation preference of Convertible Preferred Stock, or 10% of the approximate total \$313.7 million of accreted value as of May 18, 2012. Upon the closing of the transactions in the Amendment Agreement, funds managed by CD&R held Convertible Preferred Stock and accrued dividends entitle the funds managed by CD&R to receive approximately 54.1 million shares of Common Stock, representing 72.7% of the voting power and common stock of the Company on an as-converted basis and an increase of approximately 2% from CD&R's position at April 29, 2012. We do not expect

to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares in future periods as a result of the Amendment Agreement. See "—Convertible Preferred Stock."

Diluted loss per common share declined to a loss of \$(2.74) per diluted common share for the three months ended July 29, 2012, compared to a loss of \$(0.71) per diluted common share for the same period in the prior year. The decline in the diluted loss per common share was primarily due to the \$48.8 million Convertible Preferred Stock amendment charge noted above and a \$5.9 million decline in net income (loss) applicable to shares of our Common Stock resulting from the factors described above in this section. At July 29, 2012, the Preferred Shares were convertible into 54.1 million shares of Common Stock. The Convertible Preferred Stock and the unvested restricted Common Stock related to our Incentive Plan do not have a contractual obligation to share in losses; therefore, no losses were allocated to these shares in both periods presented. These participating securities will be allocated earnings when applicable.

FISCAL NINE MONTHS ENDED JULY 29, 2012 COMPARED TO FISCAL NINE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2011

Consolidated sales increased by 16.9%, or \$114.5 million for the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to the nine months ended July 31, 2011. The increase resulted from higher tonnage volumes in each of our segments for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 which was driven by improved demand in the end use sectors we serve compared to the prior year. In addition, this increase resulted from higher relative sales prices in each of our segments, which mainly increased as a result of the pass-through of higher underlying steel costs.

Consolidated cost of sales increased by 14.6%, or \$78.5 million for the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to the nine months ended July 31, 2011. Gross margins were 22.4% for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to 20.8% for the same period in the prior year. The increase in gross margins was the result of higher relative sales prices and increased volumes in each of our segments as noted above.

Metal coil coating sales increased by 5.2%, or \$7.6 million to \$152.3 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$144.7 million in the same period in the prior year. Sales to third parties for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 increased by 9.7% to \$59.2 million from \$54.0 million in the same period in the prior year, primarily as a result of a 13.3% increase in tons shipped due to the acquisition of new customers and end users. This increase was partially offset by a shift in product mix from package sales of coated steel products to tolling revenue for coating services. Package sales include both the toll processing services and the sale of the steel coil while toll processing services include only the toll processing service performed on the steel coil already in the customer's ownership. The remaining \$2.4 million represents an increase in intersegment sales for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year. Metal coil coating third-party sales accounted for 7.5% of total consolidated third-party sales in the nine months ended July 29, 2012.

Operating income of the metal coil coating segment increased to \$15.3 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$13.0 million in the same period in the prior year. The \$2.3 million increase resulted from a \$1.5 million increase in gross profit due to external volume as noted above, the improvements in our manufacturing efficiencies, pass-through of higher underlying steel costs and a \$0.8 million decrease in selling and administrative expenses related to lower legal expenses.

Metal components sales increased 14.5%, or \$44.9 million to \$354.6 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$309.7 million in the same period in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to a 12.1% increase in external tons shipped and higher sales prices, which mainly increased as a result of the pass-through of higher underlying steel costs, partially offset by an 11.8% reduction in internal volume. These results were driven by the inclusion of Metl-Span which contributed \$21.2 million of sales since June 22, 2012 when Metl-Span was acquired and, improved demand in the end use sectors we serve in the nine months ended July 29, 2012. Sales to third parties for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 increased \$42.8 million to \$292.4 million from \$249.6 million in the same period in the prior year. The remaining \$2.1 million represents an increase in intersegment sales. Metal components third-party sales accounted for 36.9% of total consolidated third-party sales in the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to 36.8% in the nine months ended July 31, 2011.

Operating income of the metal components segment increased to \$23.9 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$14.3 million in the same period in the prior year. The \$9.6 million increase resulted from a \$13.7 million increase in gross profit due to an increase resulted from a \$1.9 million recovery in the current period compared to a \$2.4 million charge in the same period of the prior year related to an actuarial determined general liability charge, an increase in external tons shipped and sales prices as noted above and the inclusion of Metl-Span which contributed \$2.3 million of operating income since June 22, 2012 when Metl-Span was acquired. This increase was partially offset by a \$4.0 million increase in selling and administrative expenses related to a \$2.7 million increase in wages and

commissions and a \$0.6 million increase in outside professional services, partially offset by a \$1.1 million decrease in bad debt expense.

Engineered building systems sales increased 17.4%, or \$67.0 million to \$453.3 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$386.2 million in the same period in prior year. This increase resulted from a 12.3% increase in external tons shipped and higher sales prices which mainly increased as a result of the pass-through of higher underlying steel costs. These results were driven by improved demand in the end use sectors we serve in the nine months ended July 29, 2012. Sales to third parties for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 increased \$66.5 million to \$440.7 million from \$374.2 million in the same period in the prior year. The remaining \$0.5 million represents an increase in intersegment sales. Engineered building systems third-party sales accounted for 55.6% of total consolidated third-party sales in the nine months ended July 29, 2012.

Operating income of the engineered building systems segment improved to income of \$23.4 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to income of \$2.3 million in the same period in the prior year. This \$21.1 million improvement resulted from a \$24.5 million increase in gross profit. The increase in gross profit was due to increases in external tons shipped and relative sales prices as noted above. These improvements were partially offset by a \$0.6 million of restructuring recovery in the same period in the prior year and \$3.3 million increase in engineering, selling and administrative expenses primarily due to a \$3.6 million increase in wages, commissions and benefit costs which was mainly the result of higher volume, partially offset by a decrease of \$0.8 million in bad debt expense.

Consolidated engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses, consisting of engineering, drafting, selling and administrative costs, increased to \$156.1 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$151.2 million in the same period in the prior year. The \$4.9 million increase in engineering, selling and administrative expenses was primarily due to an \$8.2 million increase in wages, commissions and benefit costs which was mainly the result of higher volume and \$0.5 million in one-time executive retirement costs, partially offset by a \$1.9 million recovery in the current period compared to a \$2.4 million charge in the same period of the prior year related to an actuarial determined general liability charge and a \$1.9 million decrease in bad debt expense. As a percentage of sales, engineering, selling, general and administrative expenses were 19.7% for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 as compared to 22.3% for the nine months ended July 31, 2011.

Acquisition-related costs for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 were \$4.8 million. There was no amount recorded in the same period of the prior year. These costs represent various services to enter into a definitive agreement to purchase Metl-Span LLC for \$145.7 million in cash. See "—Acquisition of Metl-Span LLC."

Consolidated interest expense decreased by 11.9% to \$10.6 million for the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$12.0 million for the same period of the prior year. Interest expense decreased primarily due to the decrease in the interest rate on the term loan on October 31, 2011 from 8% to 6.5% and decreases in the underlying debt balances prior to June 22, 2012. The decrease was partially offset by an increase in the term loan balance which increased from \$128.5 million to \$250.0 million on June 22, 2012 as a result of and in connection with the Metl-Span acquisition and the Company entering into a Credit Agreement which provided for a term loan credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$250.0 million. Additionally, interest rates on the Credit Agreement increased from 6.5% to 8% on June 22, 2012.

Debt extinguishment costs for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 was \$6.4 million. There was no amount recorded in the same period of the prior year. During our third quarter of fiscal 2012, we recognized a non-cash debt extinguishment charge related to the deferred financing costs of the amended and restated credit agreement, due April 2014, of \$5.1 million. In addition, as a result of the ABL Facility Amendment, in our third fiscal quarter 2012, we recognized a non-cash charge of \$1.3 million, related to the deferred financing costs.

Other income, net decreased by 99.1% to \$0.1 million for the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to \$1.2 million for the same period in the prior year. This decrease was primarily the result of various immaterial income items in the same period in the prior year.

Consolidated provision (benefit) for income taxes was a provision of \$0.7 million for the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to a benefit of \$6.8 million for the same period in the prior year. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 was (108.1)% compared to 33.7% for the same period in the prior year. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to the same period in the prior year was the result of state income taxes and non-deductible expenses resulting from an improvement in pre-tax loss.

Consolidated Convertible Preferred Stock dividends and accretion for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 was \$16.4 million compared to \$21.7 million in the same period in the prior year and related primarily to our paying accrued dividends on the Preferred Shares which accrue and accumulate on a daily basis at 12% per annum. We paid dividends in-kind at the rate of 8% per annum on the Preferred Shares in December 2011 as a result of the December 9, 2011 Mutual Waiver and Consent and paid dividends in-kind at the rate of 12% per annum in March 2012. We paid \$11.0 million of dividends at the rate of 8% per annum on the Preferred Shares in cash which were related to the December 15, 2010 and March 15, 2011 dividend payments. We paid dividends in-kind at the rate of 12% per annum on the Preferred Shares in June 2011. We do not expect to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares in future periods as a result of the Amendment Agreement. See "—Convertible Preferred Stock."

Consolidated Convertible Preferred Stock beneficial conversion feature charge was \$11.9 million in the nine months ended July 29, 2012 compared to a \$8.0 million in the same period in the prior year and related to dividends that have accrued on our Convertible Preferred Stock and are convertible into shares of Common Stock at a conversion price below the prevailing market price of Common Stock during the accrual period. The increase was the result of (1) our paying the December 2010 and March 2011 dividends in cash (at the rate of 8% per annum), rather than in-kind (at the rate of 12% per annum), (2) our paying the June 2011 dividends in-kind at the rate of 12% per annum, and (3) our paying the December 2011 dividend in-kind at the rate of 8% per annum (rather than the stated 12%) as a result of the December 9, 2011 Mutual Waiver and Consent and paying the March 2012 dividend in-kind at the rate of 12% per annum.

Consolidated Convertible Preferred Stock amendment for the nine months ended July 29, 2012 was \$48.8 million compared to no amount in the same period in the prior year and related to the Amendment Agreement. As a result of the transactions in the Amendment Agreement, we have determined the Convertible Preferred Stock should be treated as an extinguishment and reissuance and, therefore, as of May 8, 2012, was recorded at fair value in the amount of \$620.0 million. As consideration for the Dividend Knock-out, the CD&R Funds received a total of 37,834 additional shares of Convertible Preferred Stock, representing (i) approximately \$6.5 million of dividends accrued from March 15, 2012 through May 18, 2012 (20 trading days after April 20, 2012, on which date the dividend "knock-out" measurement period commenced) and (ii) approximately \$31.4 million in additional liquidation preference of Convertible Preferred Stock, or 10% of the approximate total \$313.7 million of accreted value as of May 18, 2012. Upon the closing of the transactions in the Amendment Agreement, funds managed by CD&R held Convertible Preferred Stock with an aggregate liquidation preference and accrued dividends of \$345.1 million. At July 29, 2012, the Convertible Preferred Stock and accrued dividends entitle the funds managed by CD&R to receive approximately 54.1 million shares of Common Stock, representing 72.7% of the voting power and common stock of the Company on an as-converted basis and an increase of approximately 2% from CD&R's position at April 29, 2012. We do not expect to pay dividends on the Preferred Shares in future periods as a result of the Amendment Agreement. See "-Convertible Preferred Stock."

Diluted loss per common share declined to a loss of \$(4.16) per diluted common share for the nine months ended July 29, 2012, compared to a loss of \$(2.35) per diluted common share for the same period in the prior year. The decline in the diluted loss per common share was primarily due to the \$48.8 million Convertible Preferred Stock amendment charge noted above, partially offset by a \$12.0 million improvement in net income (loss) applicable to shares of our Common Stock resulting from the factors describe