PLAINS ALL AMERICAN PIPELINE LP Form 8-K August 05, 2013

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM 8-K

#### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) August 5, 2013

# Plains All American Pipeline, L.P.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**DELAWARE** (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

1-14569 (Commission File Number) **76-0582150** (IRS Employer Identification No.)

333 Clay Street, Suite 1600, Houston, Texas 77002

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: 713-646-4100

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

	the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of owing provisions:
o	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
o	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
o	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
O	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibit 99.1 Press Release dated August 5, 2013

#### Item 2.02 and Item 7.01. Results of Operations and Financial Condition; Regulation FD Disclosure

Plains All American Pipeline, L.P. (the Partnership) today issued a press release reporting its second-quarter 2013 results. We are furnishing the press release, attached as Exhibit 99.1, pursuant to Item 2.02 and Item 7.01 of Form 8-K. Pursuant to Item 7.01, we are also providing detailed guidance for financial performance for the third and fourth quarters and full year of 2013. In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information presented herein under Item 2.02 and Item 7.01 shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Exchange Act or Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

#### Disclosure of Third and Fourth Quarter 2013 Guidance; Update of Full Year 2013 Guidance

We based our guidance for the three-month period ending September 30, 2013 and three-month and twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2013 on assumptions and estimates that we believe are reasonable, given our assessment of historical trends (modified for changes in market conditions), business cycles and other reasonably available information. Projections covering multi-quarter periods contemplate inter-period changes in future performance resulting from new expansion projects, seasonal operational changes (such as NGL sales) and acquisition synergies. Our assumptions and future performance, however, are both subject to a wide range of business risks and uncertainties, so we can provide no assurance that actual performance will fall within the guidance ranges. Please refer to information under the caption

Forward-Looking Statements and Associated Risks below. These risks and uncertainties, as well as other unforeseeable risks and uncertainties, could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in the following table. The operating and financial guidance provided below is given as of the date hereof, based on information known to us as of August 4, 2013. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

To supplement our financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, management uses additional measures known as non-GAAP financial measures in its evaluation of past performance and prospects for the future. Management believes that the presentation of such additional financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operations because these measures, when used in conjunction with related GAAP financial measures, (i) provide additional information about our core operations and ability to generate and distribute cash flow, (ii) provide investors with the financial analytical framework upon which management bases financial, operational, compensation and planning decisions and (iii) present measurements that investors, rating agencies and debt holders have indicated are useful in assessing us and our results of operations. EBIT and EBITDA (each as defined below in Note 1 to the Operating and Financial Guidance table) are non-GAAP financial measures. Net income represents one of the two most directly comparable GAAP measures to EBIT and EBITDA. In Note 9 below, we reconcile net income to EBIT and EBITDA for the 2013 guidance periods presented. Cash flows from operating activities is the other most comparable GAAP measure. We do not, however, reconcile cash flows from operating activities to EBIT and EBITDA, because such reconciliations are impractical for forecasted periods. We encourage you to visit our website at www.paalp.com (in particular the section entitled Non-GAAP Reconciliations ), which presents a historical reconciliation of EBIT and EBITDA as well as certain other commonly used non-GAAP financial measures. In addition, within our guidance, we have highlighted the impact of (i) equity-indexed compensation expense, (ii) tax effect on selected items impacting comparability, (iii) net gain on foreign currency revaluation, (iv) gains/(losses) from derivative activities and (v) other selected items impacting comparability. Due to the nature of the selected items, certain selected items impacting comparability may impact certain non-GAAP financial measures but not impact other non-GAAP financial measures.

# Plains All American Pipeline, L.P.

# **Operating and Financial Guidance**

(in millions, except per unit data)

	Actual 6 Months Ended		3 Months Ending September 30, 2013				Guida 3 Month	s En	ding		12 Months Ending December 31, 2013			
			Low	- 1	High		December Low	31,	High		Low	1 31,	2013 High	
Segment Profit	June	30, 2013		LOW		High		LOW		IIIgii		LOW		Iligii
Net revenues (including equity earnings		2.112		020		0.5.5		000		0.40		2.044		2.011
from unconsolidated entities)	\$	, -	\$	820	\$	855	\$	908	\$	943	\$	3,841	\$	3,911
Field operating costs		(684)		(344)		(334)		(320)		(310)		(1,348)		(1,328)
General and administrative expenses		(196)		(86)		(81)		(84)		(79)		(366)		(356)
		1,233		390		440		504		554		2,127		2,227
Depreciation and amortization expense		(173)		(91)		(86)		(92)		(87)		(356)		(346)
Interest expense, net		(152)		(84)		(80)		(85)		(81)		(321)		(313)
Income tax expense		(70)		(11)		(7)		(23)		(19)		(104)		(96)
Other income / (expense), net		(1)		1		1		1		1		1 247		1 472
Net Income		837		205		268		305		368		1,347		1,473
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(16)		(6)		(6)		(9)		(9)		(31)		(31)
Net Income Attributable to Plains	\$	\ /	\$	199	\$	262	\$	296	\$	359	\$	1,316	\$	
Net income Attributable to Flams	Ф	021	Ф	199	Þ	202	Ф	290	Ф	339	Ф	1,310	Ф	1,442
Net Income to Limited Partners (b)	\$	631	\$	101	\$	163	\$	191	\$	253	\$	923	\$	1,047
Basic Net Income Per Limited Partner Unit														
(b)														
Weighted Average Units Outstanding		338		343		343		345		345		341		341
Net Income Per Unit	\$		\$	0.29	\$	0.47	\$	0.55	\$	0.73	\$	2.69	\$	3.05
Net income Fer Omt	Ф	1.03	Ф	0.29	Ф	0.47	φ	0.55	φ	0.73	Ф	2.09	ф	3.03
Diluted Net Income Per Limited Partner														
Unit (b)														
Weighted Average Units Outstanding		341		345		345		347		347		344		344
Net Income Per Unit	\$		\$	0.29	\$	0.47	\$	0.54	\$	0.72	\$	2.67	\$	3.03
EBIT	φ	1.050	\$	200	\$	255	\$	413	\$	460	\$	1 772	\$	1 002
EBITDA	\$ \$	1,059 1,232		300 391	\$ \$	355 441	\$	505	\$	468 555	\$	1,772 2,128	\$	1,882 2,228
EBIIDA	φ	1,232	φ	391	ф	771	Ф	303	φ	333	Ф	2,120	φ	2,220
Selected Items Impacting Comparability	ф	(20)	ф	(1.4)	ф	(1.4)	ф	(12)	ф	(12)	ф	(66)	Ф	(60)
Equity-indexed compensation expense	\$	(39)	\$	(14)	\$	(14)	\$	(13)	\$	(13)	\$	(66)	\$	(66)
Tax effect on selected items impacting		(6)										(6)		(6)
comparability Net gain on foreign currency revaluation		(6)										(6) 4		(6) 4
Gains/(losses) from derivative activities		50										50		50
Other		1		1		1						2		2
Selected Items Impacting Comparability of				1		1								2
Net Income attributable to Plains	\$	10	\$	(13)	\$	(13)	\$	(13)	\$	(13)	\$	(16)	\$	(16)
Net income attributable to I fams	Ψ	10	Ψ	(13)	Ψ	(13)	Ψ	(13)	Ψ	(13)	Ψ	(10)	Ψ	(10)
Excluding Selected Items Impacting														
Comparability														
Adjusted Segment Profit	Φ.										_		_	
Transportation	\$	341	\$	199	\$	209	\$	222	\$	232	\$	762	\$	782
Facilities		310		130		140		150		160		590		610
Supply and Logistics		561		75		105		145		175		781		841
Other income, net	ф	5	ф	1	¢.	1	Φ.	1	¢.	1	φ.	7	¢.	7
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,217		405	\$	455	\$	518	\$	568	\$	2,140	\$	2,240
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Plains	\$	811	\$	212	\$	275	\$	319	\$	372	\$	1,332	\$	1,458

Basic Adjusted Net Income Per Limited							
Partner Unit (b)	\$ 1.83	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.76	\$ 2.74	\$ 3.10
Diluted Adjusted Net Income Per Limited							
Partner Unit (b)	\$ 1.82	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.51	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.75	\$ 2.72	\$ 3.08

<sup>(</sup>a) The projected average foreign exchange rate is \$1.00 Canadian to \$1.00 U.S. for the three-month periods ending September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2013. The rate as of August 2, 2013 was \$1.00 Canadian to \$0.96 U.S. A \$0.05 change in the FX rate will impact annual adjusted EBITDA by approximately \$12 million.

<sup>(</sup>b) We calculate net income available to limited partners based on the distributions pertaining to the current period s net income. After adjusting for the appropriate period s distributions, the remaining undistributed earnings or excess distributions over earnings, if any, are allocated to the general partner, limited partners and participating securities in accordance with the contractual terms of the partnership agreement and as further prescribed under the two-class method.

Notes and Significant Assumptions:

#### 1. Definitions.

EBIT Earnings before interest and taxes

EBITDA Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization expense

Segment Profit Net revenues (including equity earnings, as applicable) less field operating costs and segment general and

administrative expenses

DCF Distributable Cash Flow

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board

Bbls/d Barrels per day
Bcf Billion cubic feet

LTIP Long-Term Incentive Plan

NGL Natural gas liquids. Includes ethane and natural gasoline products as well as propane and butane, which are often

referred to as liquefied petroleum gas (LPG). When used in this document NGL refers to all NGL products

including LPG.

FX Foreign currency exchange

General partner (GP) As the context requires, general partner or GP refers to any or all of (i) PAA GP LLC, the owner of our 2% general

partner interest, (ii) Plains AAP, L.P., the sole member of PAA GP LLC and owner of our incentive distribution

rights and (iii) Plains All American GP LLC, the general partner of Plains AAP, L.P.

- 2. *Operating Segments*. We manage our operations through three operating segments: (i) Transportation, (ii) Facilities and (iii) Supply and Logistics. The following is a brief explanation of the operating activities for each segment as well as key metrics.
- a. *Transportation.* Our Transportation segment operations generally consist of fee-based activities associated with transporting crude oil and NGL on pipelines, gathering systems, trucks and barges. We generate revenue through a combination of tariffs, third-party leases of pipeline capacity and other transportation fees. Our transportation segment also includes our equity earnings from our investments in Settoon Towing and the White Cliffs, Butte, Frontier and Eagle Ford pipeline systems, in which we own non-controlling interests.

Pipeline volume estimates are based on historical trends, anticipated future operating performance and assumed completion of internal growth projects. Actual volumes will be influenced by maintenance schedules at refineries, production trends, weather and other natural occurrences, changes in the quantity of inventory held in tanks, and other external factors beyond our control. We forecast adjusted segment profit using the volume assumptions in the table below, priced at forecasted tariff rates, less estimated field operating costs and G&A expenses. Field operating costs do not include depreciation. Actual segment profit could vary materially depending on the level and mix of volumes transported or expenses incurred during the period. The following table summarizes our total transportation volumes and highlights major systems that are significant either in total volumes transported or in contribution to total Transportation segment profit.

	Actual Six Months Ended Jun 30, 2013	Three Months Ending Sep 30, 2013	Guidance Three Months Ending Dec 31, 2013	Twelve Months Ending Dec 31, 2013
Average Daily Volumes (MBbls/d)				
Crude Oil / Refined Products Pipelines				
All American	39	40	40	40
Bakken Area Systems	127	130	135	130

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Basin/Mesa	702	700	675		695
Capline	157	160	160		159
Eagle Ford Area Systems	61	130	195		112
Line 63 / 2000	113	105	105		109
Manito	46	45	45		45
Mid-Continent Area Systems	261	270	285		269
Permian Basin Area Systems	513	605	675		577
Rainbow	124	125	125		125
Rangeland	62	60	60		61
Salt Lake City Area Systems	133	145	140		138
South Saskatchewan	46	55	55		51
White Cliffs	21	25	25		23
Other	868	835	760		832
NGL Pipelines					
Co-Ed	54	55	55		55
Other	186	170	165		177
	3,513	3,655	3,700		3,598
Trucking	109	110	110		110
	3,622	3,765	3,810		3,708
Segment Profit per Barrel (\$/Bbl)					
Excluding Selected Items Impacting					
Comparability	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.59(1)	\$ 0.65(1	) \$	0.57(1)

<sup>(1)</sup> Mid-point of guidance.

b. Facilities. Our Facilities segment operations generally consist of fee-based activities associated with providing storage, terminalling and throughput services for crude oil, refined products, natural gas and NGL, NGL fractionation and isomerization services and natural gas and condensate processing services. We generate revenue through a combination of month-to-month and multi-year leases and processing arrangements.

Revenues generated in this segment include (i) storage fees that are generated when we lease storage capacity, (ii) terminal throughput fees that are generated when we receive crude oil, refined products or NGL from one connecting source and redeliver the applicable product to another connecting carrier, (iii) loading and unloading fees at our rail terminals, (iv) hub service fees associated with natural gas park and loan activities, interruptible storage services and wheeling and balancing services, (v) revenues from the sale of natural gas, (vi) fees from NGL fractionation and isomerization and (vii) fees from gas and condensate processing services. Adjusted segment profit is forecasted using the volume assumptions in the table below, priced at forecasted rates, less estimated field operating costs and G&A expenses. Field operating costs do not include depreciation.

	Actual Six Months Ended Jun 30, 2013		ree Months Ending ep 30, 2013	Guidance Three Mont Ending Dec 31, 201	ths	Twelve Mo Ending Dec 31, 20	3
Operating Data							
Crude Oil, Refined Products, and NGL							
Terminalling and Storage (MMBbls/Mo.)	94		95		96		95
Rail Load / Unload Volumes (MBbl/d)	223		250		305		250
Natural Gas Storage (Bcf/Mo.)	95	i	97		97		96
NGL Fractionation (MBbls/d)	95		100		110		100
Facilities Activities Total							
Avg. Capacity (MMBbls/Mo.) (1)	120	ı	122		125		122
Segment Profit per Barrel (\$/Bbl)							
Excluding Selected Items Impacting							
Comparability	\$ 0.43	\$	0.37(2)	\$	0.41(2)	\$	0.41(2)

Calculated as the sum of: (i) crude oil, refined products and NGL terminalling and storage capacity; (ii) rail load and unload volumes, multiplied by the number of days in the period and divided by the number of months in the period; (iii) natural gas storage capacity divided by 6 to account for the 6:1 mcf of gas to crude Btu equivalent ratio and further divided by 1,000 to convert to monthly volumes in millions; and (iv) NGL fractionation volumes, multiplied by the number of days in the period and divided by the number of months in the period.

<sup>(2)</sup> Mid-point of guidance.

Supply and Logistics. Our Supply and Logistics segment operations generally consist of the following merchant-related activities: c. the purchase of U.S. and Canadian crude oil at the wellhead, the bulk purchase of crude oil at pipeline, terminal and rail facilities, and the purchase of cargos at their load port and various other locations in transit; the storage of inventory during contango market conditions and the seasonal storage of NGL; the purchase of NGL from producers, refiners, processors and other marketers; the resale or exchange of crude oil and NGL at various points along the distribution chain to refiners or other resellers to maximize profits; and the transportation of crude oil and NGL on trucks, barges, railcars, pipelines and ocean-going vessels from various delivery points to market hub locations or directly to end users such as refineries, processors and fractionation facilities. We characterize a substantial portion of our baseline profit generated by our Supply and Logistics segment as fee equivalent. This portion of the segment profit is generated by the purchase and resale of crude oil on an index-related basis, which results in us generating a gross margin for such activities. This gross margin is reduced by the transportation, facilities and other logistical costs associated with delivering the crude oil to market as well as any operating and general and administrative expenses. The level of profit associated with a portion of the other activities we conduct in the Supply and Logistics segment is influenced by overall market structure and the degree of volatility in the crude oil market, as well as variable operating expenses. Forecasted operating results for the three-month period ending September 30, 2013 reflect the current market structure and for the last six months of 2013 reflect the seasonal, weather-related variations in NGL sales. Our second-half guidance reflects an expectation for less favorable crude oil market conditions than those experienced during the first half of the year. Variations in weather, market structure or volatility could cause actual results to differ materially from forecasted results. We forecast adjusted segment profit using the volume assumptions stated below, as well as estimates of unit margins, field operating costs, G&A expenses and carrying costs for contango inventory, based on current and anticipated market conditions. Actual volumes are influenced by temporary market-driven storage and withdrawal of oil, maintenance schedules at refineries, actual production levels, weather, and other external factors beyond our control. Field operating costs do not include depreciation. Realized unit margins for any given lease-gathered barrel could vary significantly based on a variety of factors including location and quality differentials as well as contract structure. Accordingly, the projected segment profit per barrel can vary significantly even if aggregate volumes are in line with the forecasted levels. Guidance Actual **Three Months** Twelve Months Six Months Three Months Ended **Ending Ending Ending** Dec 31, 2013 Jun 30, 2013 Sep 30, 2013 Dec 31, 2013 Average Daily Volumes (MBbl/d)

855

860

880

863

Crude Oil Lease Gathering Purchases

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NGL Sales	221	125	235	200
Waterborne Cargos	6	5	5	5
	1,082	990	1,120	1,068
Segment Profit per Barrel (\$/Bbl)				
Excluding Selected Items Impacting				
Comparability	\$ 2.86 \$	0.99(1) \$	1.55(1) \$	2.08(1)

<sup>(1)</sup> Mid-point of guidance.

- 3. Depreciation and Amortization. We forecast depreciation and amortization based on our existing depreciable assets, forecasted capital expenditures and projected in-service dates. Depreciation may vary due to gains and losses on intermittent sales of assets, asset retirement obligations, asset impairments or foreign exchange rates.
- 4. Capital Expenditures and Acquisitions. Although acquisitions constitute a key element of our growth strategy, the forecasted results and associated estimates do not include any forecasts for acquisitions that we may commit to after the date hereof. We forecast capital expenditures during calendar 2013 to be approximately \$1.6 billion for expansion projects with an additional \$175 to \$195 million for maintenance capital projects. During the first six months of 2013, we invested \$830 million and \$82 million for expansion and maintenance projects, respectively. The following are some of the more notable projects and forecasted expenditures for the year ending December 31, 2013:

	Calendar 2013 (in millions)
Expansion Capital	
Mississippian Lime Pipeline	\$170
• Rainbow II Pipeline	135
Yorktown Terminal Projects	100
• Gulf Coast Pipeline	95
• Eagle Ford Area Pipeline Projects	90
White Cliffs Expansion	90
• Rail Terminal Projects (1)	80
Cactus Pipeline	75
• Fort Saskatchewan Facility Expansions	75
• Eagle Ford JV Project	70
• St. James Terminal Projects	55
Western Oklahoma Extension	45
<ul> <li>PAA Natural Gas Storage (Multiple Projects)</li> </ul>	44
Spraberry Area Pipeline Projects	40
<ul> <li>Gulf Coast Gas Processing Facility Enhancements</li> </ul>	35
Cushing Terminal Projects	30
Shafter Expansion	25
• Other Projects (2)	346
	\$1,600
Potential Adjustments for Timing / Scope Refinement (3)	- \$50 + \$100
Total Projected Expansion Capital Expenditures	\$1,550 - \$1,700
Maintenance Capital Expenditures	\$175 - \$195

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes projects located at or near Tampa, CO, Bakersfield, CA and Van Hook, ND.

- (2) Primarily multiple, smaller projects comprised of pipeline connections, upgrades and truck stations, new tank construction and refurbishing, pipeline linefill purchases and carry-over of capital from prior year projects.
- (3) Potential variation to current capital costs estimates may result from changes to project design, final cost of materials and labor and timing of incurrence of costs due to uncontrollable factors such as permits, regulatory approvals and weather.
- 5. Capital Structure. This guidance is based on our capital structure as of June 30, 2013 and adjusted for estimated equity issuances under our continuous offering program. Also assumed in our guidance is that we expect to repay our \$250 million 5.625% senior notes that mature December 15, 2013 with short-term borrowings from our credit facility as a result of prefunding during 2012 (equity and retained cash flow),

accordingly these notes are classified as short-term on our balance sheet at June 30, 2013.

6. *Interest Expense*. Debt balances are projected based on estimated cash flows, estimated distribution rates, estimated capital expenditures for maintenance and expansion projects, anticipated equity proceeds from the continuous offering program, expected timing of collections and payments and forecasted levels of inventory and other working capital sources and uses. Interest rate assumptions for variable-rate debt are based on the LIBOR curve as of late July.

Included in interest expense are commitment fees, amortization of long-term debt discounts or premiums, deferred amounts associated with terminated interest-rate hedges and interest on short-term debt for non-contango inventory (primarily hedged NGL inventory and New York Mercantile Exchange and Intercontinental Exchange margin deposits). Interest expense is net of amounts capitalized for major expansion capital projects and does not include interest on borrowings for inventory stored in a contango market. We treat interest on hedged inventory borrowings as carrying costs of crude oil and NGL and include it in purchases and related costs.

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- 7. *Income Taxes*. We expect our Canadian income tax expense to be approximately \$9 million and \$100 million for the three-month period ending September 30, 2013 and twelve-month period ending December 31, 2013, respectively, of which approximately \$2 million and \$69 million, respectively, is classified as current income tax expense. For the twelve-month period ending December 31, 2013 we expect to have deferred tax expense of \$31 million. All or part of the income tax expense of \$100 million may result in a tax credit to our equity holders.
- 8. Equity-Indexed Compensation Plans. The majority of grants outstanding under our various equity-indexed compensation plans contain vesting criteria that are based on a combination of performance benchmarks and service periods. The grants will vest in various percentages, typically on the later to occur of specified vesting dates and the dates on which minimum distribution levels are reached. Among the various grants outstanding as of August 5, 2013, estimated vesting dates range from August 2013 to August 2019 and annualized benchmark distribution levels range from \$1.925 to \$2.85. For some awards, a percentage of any units remaining unvested as of a certain date will vest on such date and all others will be forfeited.

On July 8, 2013, we declared an annualized distribution of \$2.35 payable on August 14, 2013 to our unitholders of record as of August 2, 2013. For the purposes of guidance, we have made the assessment that a \$2.50 distribution level is probable of occurring, and accordingly, guidance includes an accrual over the applicable service period at an assumed market price of \$56.00 per unit as well as an accrual associated with awards that will vest on a certain date. The actual amount of equity-indexed compensation expense in any given period will be directly influenced by (i) our unit price at the end of each reporting period, (ii) our unit price on the vesting date, (iii) the probability assessment regarding distributions, and (iv) new equity-indexed compensation award grants. For example, a \$2.00 change in the unit price would change both the third-quarter and full-year equity-indexed compensation expense by approximately \$4 million. Therefore, actual net income could differ from our projections.

9. Reconciliation of Net Income to EBIT, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. The following table reconciles net income to EBIT, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the three-month period ending September 30, 2013 and the three-month and twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2013.

		3 Months Ending September 30, 2013 Low High			Guidance 3 Months Ending December 31, 2013 Low High				12 Months Ending December 31, 2013 Low High			
Reconciliation to EBITDA												
Net Income	\$ 205	\$	268	\$	305	\$	368	\$	1,347	\$	1,473	
Interest expense, net	84		80		85		81		321		313	
Income tax expense	11		7		23		19		104		96	
EBIT	300		355		413		468		1,772		1,882	
Depreciation and amortization	91		86		92		87		356		346	
EBITDA	\$ 391	\$	441	\$	505	\$	555	\$	2,128	\$	2,228	
Selected Items Impacting												
Comparability of EBITDA	14		14		13		13		12		12	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 405	\$	455	\$	518	\$	568	\$	2,140	\$	2,240	

10. *Implied DCF*. The following table reconciles the mid-point of adjusted EBITDA to implied DCF for the three-month period ending September 30, 2013 and the three-month and twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2013.

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	Three M Endi September	ng	Dece	nree Months Ending ember 31, 2013 in millions)	Twelve Months Ending ecember 31, 2013
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	430	\$	543	\$ 2,190
Interest expense, net		(82)		(83)	(317)
Current income tax expense		(2)		(14)	(69)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(13)		(13)	(51)
Maintenance capital expenditures		(52)		(51)	(185)
Other, net		(1)		(2)	(4)
Implied DCF	\$	280	\$	380	\$ 1,564

#### Forward-Looking Statements and Associated Risks

All statements included in this report, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements incorporating the words anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, plan, intend and forecast, as well as similar expressions and st regarding our business strategy, plans and objectives for future operations. The absence of such words, however, does not mean that the statements are not forward-looking. These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events, based on what we believe to be reasonable assumptions. Certain factors could cause actual results to differ materially from results anticipated in the forward-looking statements. The most important of these factors include, but are not limited to:

The most i	mportant of these factors include, but are not limited to:
•	failure to implement or capitalize, or delays in implementing or capitalizing, on planned internal growth projects;
•	unanticipated changes in crude oil market structure, grade differentials and volatility (or lack thereof);
• business th	the successful integration and future performance of acquired assets or businesses and the risks associated with operating in lines of nat are distinct and separate from our historical operations;
• systems;	the occurrence of a natural disaster, catastrophe, terrorist attack or other event, including attacks on our electronic and computer
•	tightened capital markets or other factors that increase our cost of capital or limit our access to capital;
•	maintenance of our credit rating and ability to receive open credit from our suppliers and trade counterparties;
• which we	continued creditworthiness of, and performance by, our counterparties, including financial institutions and trading companies with do business;
•	the effectiveness of our risk management activities;
•	environmental liabilities or events that are not covered by an indemnity, insurance or existing reserves;

	declines in the volume of crude oil, refined product and NGL shipped, processed, purchased, stored, fractionated and/or gathered at a the use of our facilities, whether due to declines in production from existing oil and gas reserves, failure to develop or slowdown in opment of additional oil and gas reserves or other factors;
•	shortages or cost increases of supplies, materials or labor;
• refined pr	fluctuations in refinery capacity in areas supplied by our mainlines and other factors affecting demand for various grades of crude oil, oducts and natural gas and resulting changes in pricing conditions or transportation throughput requirements;
•	the availability of, and our ability to consummate, acquisition or combination opportunities;
• requireme	our ability to obtain debt or equity financing on satisfactory terms to fund additional acquisitions, expansion projects, working capital ents and the repayment or refinancing of indebtedness;
• interpretat	the impact of current and future laws, rulings, governmental regulations, accounting standards and statements and related tions;
•	non-utilization of our assets and facilities;
•	the effects of competition;
•	interruptions in service on third-party pipelines;
•	increased costs or lack of availability of insurance;
•	fluctuations in the debt and equity markets, including the price of our units at the time of vesting under our long-term incentive plans;
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•	the currency exchange rate of the Canadian dollar;
•	weather interference with business operations or project construction;
•	risks related to the development and operation of our facilities;
•	factors affecting demand for natural gas and natural gas storage services and rates;
• constraints	general economic, market or business conditions and the amplification of other risks caused by volatile financial markets, capital s and pervasive liquidity concerns; and
• well as in	other factors and uncertainties inherent in the transportation, storage, terminalling and marketing of crude oil and refined products, at the storage of natural gas and the processing, transportation, fractionation, storage and marketing of natural gas liquids.
	take no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements. Further information on risks and uncertainties is n our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which information is incorporated by reference herein.
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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PLAINS ALL AMERICAN PIPELINE, L.P.

By: PAA GP LLC, its general partner

By: PLAINS AAP, L. P., its sole member

By: PLAINS ALL AMERICAN GP LLC, its general partner

Date: August 5, 2013 By: /s/ Charles Kingswell-Smith

Name: Charles Kingswell-Smith
Title: Vice President and Treasurer

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