

BODY CENTRAL CORP
Form 10-Q
May 07, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 30, 2013

or

“ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-34906

BODY CENTRAL CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

14-1972231
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6225 Powers Avenue

Jacksonville, FL 32217

(Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(904) 737-0811**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.) Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of May 2, 2013 was 16,528,009 shares.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements concerning our business, operations and financial performance and condition as well as our plans, objectives and expectations for our business operations and financial performance and condition that are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. You can identify these statements by words such as aim, anticipate, assume, believe, could, due, estimate, goal, intend, may, objective, plan, potential, positioned, predict, should, target, will, would and other similar expressions or indicate future events and future trends. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our business and the industry in which we operate and our management's beliefs and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance or development and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are in some cases beyond our control. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected, including:

- our ability to identify and respond to new and changing fashion trends, customer preferences and other related factors;
- failure to successfully execute our growth strategy;
- changes in consumer spending and general economic conditions;
- changes in Federal and state tax policy on our customers;
- changes in the competitive environment in our industry and the markets we serve, including increased competition from other retailers;
- failure of our new stores or existing stores to achieve sales and operating levels consistent with our expectations;
- our dependence on a strong brand image;
- failure of our information technology systems to support our business;

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- failure to successfully integrate new information technology systems to support our business;
- our dependence upon key executive management or our inability to hire or retain additional personnel;
- disruptions in our supply chain and distribution facility;
- disruptions in our operations due to the transition to our new distribution center and corporate office;
- our reliance upon independent third-party transportation providers for all of our product shipments;
- hurricanes, natural disasters, unusually adverse weather conditions, boycotts and unanticipated events;
- the seasonality of our business;

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- increases in the costs of fuel, or other energy, transportation or utilities costs as well as in the costs of raw materials, labor and employment;
- the impact of governmental laws and regulations, including tax policy, and the outcomes of legal proceedings;
- restrictions imposed by lease obligations on our current and future operations;
- our failure to maintain effective internal controls; and
- our inability to protect our trademarks or other intellectual property rights.

Body Central Corp. (herein we, our, us or the Company) derives many of its forward-looking statements from its operating budgets and forecasts, which are based upon many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and, it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. For the discussion of these risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in our forward-looking statements, please refer to Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

Table of Contents**ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)****BODY CENTRAL CORP.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)**

| | March 30, 2013 | December 29, 2012 | March 31, 2012 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| (In thousands, except share data) | | | |
| Assets | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 37,146 | \$ 41,136 | \$ 24,608 |
| Short-term investments | 6,293 | | 19,871 |
| Accounts receivable | 3,665 | 4,710 | 1,098 |
| Inventories | 26,756 | 22,971 | 22,530 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 6,026 | 6,966 | 4,885 |
| Deferred tax asset | 1,905 | 1,959 | 1,659 |
| Total current assets | 81,791 | 77,742 | 74,651 |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$26,544, \$25,123 and \$21,089 | 34,446 | 33,515 | 23,229 |
| Goodwill | 21,508 | 21,508 | 21,508 |
| Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$3,810, \$3,810 and \$3,810 | 16,574 | 16,574 | 16,395 |
| Other assets | 299 | 246 | 101 |
| Total assets | \$ 154,618 | \$ 149,585 | \$ 135,884 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders Equity | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Merchandise accounts payable | \$ 15,724 | \$ 13,715 | \$ 16,741 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 20,210 | 19,732 | 15,665 |
| Total current liabilities | 35,934 | 33,447 | 32,406 |
| Other liabilities | 10,001 | 10,494 | 7,482 |
| Deferred tax liability | 5,354 | 5,298 | 3,966 |
| Total liabilities | 51,289 | 49,239 | 43,854 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | | |
| Stockholders equity | | | |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 45,000,000 shares authorized, 16,435,685 shares issued and outstanding as of March 30, 2013, 16,302,007 shares issued and outstanding as of December 29, 2012 and 16,154,243 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2012 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Undesignated preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding | | | |
| Additional paid-in capital | 96,315 | 96,032 | 93,724 |
| Accumulated earnings (deficit) | 6,998 | 4,298 | (1,710) |
| Total stockholders equity | 103,329 | 100,346 | 92,030 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders equity | \$ 154,618 | \$ 149,585 | \$ 135,884 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BODY CENTRAL CORP.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| | (in thousands, except share and per share data) | |
| Net revenues | \$ 81,403 | \$ 82,681 |
| Cost of goods sold, including occupancy, buying, distribution center and catalog costs | 53,760 | 53,419 |
| Gross profit | 27,643 | 29,262 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 22,003 | 18,250 |
| Depreciation | 1,762 | 1,477 |
| Income from operations | 3,878 | 9,535 |
| Interest income, net | (1) | (8) |
| Other income, net | (29) | (42) |
| Income before income taxes | 3,908 | 9,585 |
| Provision for income taxes | 1,211 | 3,646 |
| Net income | \$ 2,697 | \$ 5,939 |
| Net income per common share: | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.37 |
| Diluted | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.36 |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 16,240,949 | 16,123,255 |
| Diluted | 16,318,135 | 16,365,933 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | 3 | |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 2,700 | \$ 5,939 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**BODY CENTRAL CORP.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)**

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| | (in thousands) | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,697 | \$ 5,939 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,762 | 1,477 |
| Deferred income taxes | 110 | 36 |
| Amortization of premium discounts on short-term investments | 29 | |
| Tax benefits from stock-based compensation | | (390) |
| Stock based compensation | 282 | 392 |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | 20 | 18 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | 1,045 | 1,509 |
| Inventories | (3,785) | (1,388) |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | (66) | (592) |
| Other assets | (53) | 5 |
| Merchandise accounts payable | 2,009 | 243 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | (14) | (3,262) |
| Income taxes | 1,005 | 709 |
| Other liabilities | | (409) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 5,041 | 4,287 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (2,713) | (2,429) |
| Purchases of short-term investments | (6,318) | (19,871) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (9,031) | (22,300) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | | 238 |
| Tax benefits from stock-based compensation | | 390 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | | 628 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (3,990) | (17,385) |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| Beginning of year | 41,136 | 41,993 |
| End of period | \$ 37,146 | \$ 24,608 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business and Organization

Body Central Corp. (the Company), formerly known as Body Central Acquisition Corp., is a specialty retailer of young women's apparel and accessories operating retail stores in the South, Southwest, Mid-Atlantic and Midwest regions of the United States. The Company operates specialty apparel stores under the Body Central and Body Shop banners as well as a direct business comprised of Body Central's catalog and e-commerce website at www.bodycentral.com.

Principles of Consolidation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting primarily of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair presentation of consolidated financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods presented. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures under GAAP. Accordingly, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC.

Fiscal Year

The Company's fiscal year ends on the Saturday closest to December 31. As used herein, the interim periods presented are the thirteen week periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments, including those related to inventory valuation, property and equipment, recoverability of

long-lived assets, including intangible assets, income taxes and stock-based compensation.

Segment Reporting

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has established guidance for reporting information about a company s operating segments, including disclosures related to a company s products and services, geographic areas and major customers. The Company has aggregated its net revenues generated from its retail stores and its direct business into one reportable segment. The Company aggregates its operating segments because they have a similar class of customer, nature of products, and distribution methods as well as similar economic characteristics. The Company has no international sales. All of the Company s identifiable assets are in the United States.

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Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue, and the related cost of goods sold is expensed, at point-of-sale or upon shipment to customers. Shipping and handling fees billed to customers for online and catalog sales are included in net revenues, and the related shipping and handling costs are included in cost of goods sold. Based on historical sales returns, an allowance for sales returns is recorded as a reduction of net revenues in the periods in which the sales are recognized. Sales tax collected from customers is excluded from net revenues and is included as part of accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company sells gift cards in stores, which do not expire or lose value over periods of inactivity and accounts for gift cards by recognizing a liability at the time a gift card is sold. The Company recognizes income from gift cards and gift certificates when they are redeemed by the customer.

Revenue from unredeemed gift certificates is recognized when it is determined that the likelihood of the gift certificate being redeemed is remote and that there is no legal obligation to remit unredeemed gift certificates and gift cards to relevant jurisdictions. No revenue from gift certificate or gift card breakage was recognized in the thirteen week periods ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Short-term Investments

The Company classifies its investments as available-for-sale. Short-term investments which have a maturity of one year or less at acquisition are carried at fair market value. Unrealized gains or losses, net of the related tax effect, are excluded from earnings and reported in accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of Shareholders' Equity. A decline in the fair value of any available-for-sale security below cost that is deemed other than temporary results in a charge to earnings and the establishment of a new cost basis for the security. To determine whether the decline in fair value is other than temporary, the Company considers whether evidence indicating the cost of the investment is recoverable outweighs evidence to the contrary. Evidence considered in this assessment includes the reasons for the decline in value, the severity and duration of the decline in value, changes in value subsequent to year-end and the forecasted performance of the investment. Interest income is recognized as earned. Income on investments includes the amortization of the premium and accretion of discount for debt securities acquired at other than par value. Realized investment gains and losses are determined on the basis of specific identification.

Inventories

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Inventories are comprised principally of women's apparel and accessories and are stated at the lower of cost or market, on a first-in-first-out basis, using the retail inventory method. Included in the carrying value of merchandise inventory, and reflected in cost of goods sold, is a reserve for shrinkage which is accrued between physical inventory dates as a percentage of sales based on historical inventory results.

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The Company reviews its inventory levels to identify slow-moving merchandise and generally uses markdowns to clear this merchandise. The Company records a markdown reserve based on estimated future markdowns related to current inventory to clear slow-moving inventory. These markdowns may have an adverse impact on earnings, depending on the extent and amount of inventory affected. The markdown reserve is recorded as an increase to cost of goods sold in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

New Accounting Standards

In July 2012, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2012-02, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment*. ASU 2012-02 allows an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform a quantitative impairment test. Under these amendments, an entity would not be required to re-calculate the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset unless the entity determines, based on qualitative assessment, that it is not more likely than not, the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. The amendments include a number of events and circumstances for an entity to consider in conducting the qualitative assessment. The amendments are effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012; early adoption is permitted. The Company has opted for an early adoption of this ASU. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements or disclosures.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, *Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*. ASU No. 2013-02 requires presentation of reclassification adjustments from each component of accumulated other comprehensive income either in a single note or parenthetically on the face of the financial statements, for those amounts required to be reclassified into net income in their entirety in the same reporting period. For amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety in the same reporting period, cross-reference to other disclosures is required. As permitted under ASU 2013-02, the Company elected to adopt this guidance beginning in the first quarter of 2013. There were no classification adjustments for the period ended March 30, 2013. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements or disclosures.

2. Financial Instruments

The FASB-issued guidance establishes a framework for measuring fair value that is based on the inputs market participants use to determine fair value of an asset or liability and establishes a fair value hierarchy to prioritize those inputs. The guidance under this statement describes a hierarchy of three levels of input that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Inputs based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 quoted prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

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- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on little market or no market activity and which are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

The Company's material financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses. The fair

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values of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses are equal to their carrying values based on their liquidity.

Considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. The fair value estimate presented herein is not necessarily indicative of the amount that the Company or the debt holders could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value.

Certificates of deposit, money market securities and tax-free municipal bonds with an initial maturity date of three months or less when purchased are classified as cash and cash equivalents on the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets. Municipal bonds and certificates of deposit with an initial maturity date greater than three months when purchased and a maturity of one year or less are classified as short-term investments on the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of March 30, 2013, municipal bonds in the amount of \$6.8 million and money market securities in the amount of \$3.5 million were included in cash and cash equivalents.

Money market securities, which are short-term investments of excess cash, are classified as cash and cash equivalents on the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company has determined the estimated fair value amounts of its financial instruments using available market information. The assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively, include the following:

| Description | March 30, 2013 | Quoted | Significant | Significant |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | Prices in Active Markets (Level 1) | Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| (in thousands) | | | | |
| Municipal Bonds | \$ 12,854 | \$ | \$ 12,854 | \$ |
| Money Market Funds | 3,464 | 3,464 | | |
| Certificates of Deposit | 248 | 248 | | |
| Total | \$ 16,566 | \$ 3,712 | \$ 12,854 | \$ |

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| Description | March 31, 2012 | Quoted | Significant | Significant |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | Prices in Active Markets (Level 1) | Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| (in thousands) | | | | |
| Municipal Bonds | \$ 10,259 | \$ | \$ 10,259 | \$ |
| Money Market Funds | 7,655 | | 7,655 | |
| Certificates of Deposit | 1,957 | 1,957 | | |
| Total | \$ 19,871 | \$ 1,957 | \$ 17,914 | \$ |

3. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes is based on the current estimate of the annual effective tax rate and is adjusted as necessary for discrete events occurring in a particular period. The effective income tax rate was 31.0% and 38.0% for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the thirteen-week period ended March 30, 2013 was primarily the result of a discrete tax benefit in the 2012 Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC) which was renewed in January 2013 and was retroactively applied to 2012; consequently, the WOTC was taken in the period in which the credit was enacted by Congress.

The Company recognizes income tax liabilities related to unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with FASB ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, guidance related to uncertain tax positions, and adjusts these liabilities when its judgment changes as the result of the evaluation of new information. The Company has no uncertain tax positions which would result in a related income tax liability as of March 30, 2013.

4. Related Parties

The Company leases office and warehouse space under a lease agreement dated October 1, 2006 with a company that is owned by former members of management and of the Board of Directors. Included in that group is Beth Angelo, former Chief Merchandising Officer and Director, who formally separated from the Company in February 2013 but is providing limited consultation services through August 2013. The lease expires on October 1, 2016. The Company incurred rent expense of \$121,000 and \$119,000 for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively, related to this lease.

5. Leases

The Company's retail stores and corporate offices are in leased facilities. Lease terms for retail stores generally range up to ten years and provide for escalations in base rents. The Company does not have obligations to renew the leases. Certain leases provide for contingent rentals based upon sales. Most leases also require additional payments covering real estate taxes, common area costs and insurance.

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Future minimum rental commitments, by year and in the aggregate, under non-cancelable operating leases as of March 30, 2013, are as follows:

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| Fiscal Year | (in thousands) | |
|----------------|----------------|---------|
| 2013 remaining | \$ | 18,854 |
| 2014 | | 23,867 |
| 2015 | | 22,074 |
| 2016 | | 19,357 |
| 2017 | | 14,684 |
| Thereafter | | 19,965 |
| Total | \$ | 118,801 |

6. Debt

On January 20, 2012, the Company entered into a Line of Credit Agreement with Branch Banking and Trust Company that provides for a revolving line of credit facility in the amount of \$5.0 million with an accordion feature that allows Branch Banking and Trust Company to increase the facility up to \$20 million at its sole discretion. The facility had a maturity date of May 5, 2013 and bears interest at the one month LIBOR rate plus 1.35% per annum, as adjusted monthly on the first day of each month, with an all-in floor rate of 2.0%. The facility is secured by all the assets of the Company. The Line of Credit Agreement includes a financial covenant requiring the Company to have a Tangible Net Worth (as defined in the Line of Credit Agreement) of \$30.0 million quarterly, and other customary covenants. As of March 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all covenants and had no outstanding borrowings under this line of credit facility.

On March 8, 2013, the Company renewed the Line of Credit Agreement; the renewed facility now has a maturity date of March 5, 2015. There were no significant changes to the terms or conditions from the original agreement dated January 20, 2012.

7. Stock-Based Compensation Plan

On May 24, 2012, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment and restatement of the Company's Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan as amended and restated (i) increases the number of shares available under the Plan by 400,000 shares; (ii) eliminates the element of the Plan's definition of change of control that previously included a discretionary determination by the Board of Directors that a change of control had occurred; (iii) modifies treatment of awards upon a change of control of the Company to provide that, if a successor assumes or replaces awards granted under the Plan, 50% of the unvested portion of an award will vest and the remaining portion will not be accelerated upon the change of control unless the participant's employment is also terminated; (iv) enhances the Plan's flexibility with respect to award types and adds individual limits for each award type; and (v) makes future awards under the Plan subject to any "clawback" or recoupment policy that the Company maintains from time to time.

Stock-based compensation expense, net of forfeitures of \$660,000 and \$305,000 for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively, is included in selling, general and administrative expenses, and \$(378,000) and \$87,000 for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively is included in cost of goods sold on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. The \$378,000 decrease in stock-based compensation expense referenced above was a function of equity forfeitures resulting from the resignation of the Chief Merchandising Officer in February 2013. The Company did not capitalize any expense related to stock-based compensation.

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Option Awards

The fair value of each option grant for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012 was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions, respectively:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| Expected option term (1) | 6.25 years | 6.25 years |
| Expected volatility factor (2) | 64.2% | 66.2% |
| Risk-free interest rate (3) | 1.1% | 1.1% |
| Expected annual dividend yield | 0% | 0% |

(1) Since there was not sufficient historical information for grants with similar terms, the simplified or plain-vanilla method of estimating option life was utilized.

(2) The stock volatility for each grant is measured using the weighted average of historical weekly price changes of certain peer companies common stock over the most recent period equal to the expected option life of the grant. The Company uses peer companies volatility because there is not sufficient historical data to calculate volatility since the Company has been public less than three years and the expected term is over six years. These peer companies represent other publicly traded retailers in the female fashion segment.

(3) The risk-free interest rate for periods equal to the expected term of the share option is based on the rate of U.S. Treasury securities with the same term as the option as of the grant date.

A summary of stock option information for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 is as follows:

| | Shares | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term |
|--|----------|---|--|
| Outstanding as of December 29, 2012 | 505,297 | \$ 13.21 | |
| Granted | 420,000 | 8.14 | |
| Exercised | | | |
| Forfeited | (67,583) | 16.82 | |
| Outstanding as of March 30, 2013 | 857,714 | \$ 10.45 | |

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| | | | | |
|---|---------|----|-------|-----------|
| Exercisable as of March 30, 2013 | 201,268 | \$ | 10.05 | 8.1 years |
|---|---------|----|-------|-----------|

A summary of the status of nonvested options awards as of March 30, 2013 and changes during the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, are presented below:

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| | Shares | | Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value |
|--|----------|----|--|
| Nonvested as of December 29, 2012 | 331,832 | \$ | 9.07 |
| Granted | 420,000 | | 4.82 |
| Vested | (27,803) | | 6.65 |
| Forfeited | (67,583) | | 9.77 |
| Nonvested as of March 30, 2013 | 656,446 | \$ | 6.38 |

Total compensation cost related to nonvested stock option awards not yet recognized was \$2.9 million as of March 30, 2013, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average remaining period of 3.5 years.

Restricted Stock Awards

| | Shares | | Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value |
|--|----------|----|--|
| Restricted stock awards as of December 29, 2012 | 61,075 | \$ | 21.43 |
| Granted | 150,000 | | 7.94 |
| Vested | (106) | | 19.76 |
| Forfeited | (16,322) | | 24.01 |
| Restricted stock awards as of March 30, 2013 | 194,647 | \$ | 10.82 |

As of March 30, 2013, unrecognized compensation expense of \$1.5 million related to non-vested restricted stock awards is expected to be recognized over the next 3.5 years.

8. Earnings Per Share

Net income per common share-basic is calculated by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Net income per common share-dilutive includes the determinants of basic income per common share plus the additional dilution for all potentially dilutive stock options and restricted stock utilizing the treasury stock method and if-converted method, respectively.

The following table shows the amounts used in computing earnings per share and the effect on net income and the weighted-average number of shares potentially dilutive to common stock:

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| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| (in thousands, except share and per share data) | | |
| Net income as reported | \$ 2,697 | \$ 5,939 |
| Net income attributable to common shareholders | \$ 2,697 | \$ 5,939 |
| Weighted-average basic common shares | 16,240,949 | 16,123,255 |
| Impact of dilutive securities: | | |
| Stock options | 53,864 | 228,340 |
| Restricted Stock | 23,322 | 14,338 |
| Weighted-average dilutive common shares | 16,318,135 | 16,365,933 |
| Per common share: | | |
| Net income per common share - basic | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.37 |
| Net income per common share - dilutive | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.36 |

Equity awards to purchase 384,386 and 122,266 shares of common stock for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and March 31, 2012, respectively were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of weighted-average diluted common share amounts as the effect of doing so would have been anti-dilutive.

9. Contingencies

The Company is involved in various routine legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of its business. In the opinion of management, based on the advice of in-house and external legal counsel, the lawsuits and claims pending are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Legal fees related to legal proceedings are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

On August 27, 2012, a securities class action, *Mogensen v. Body Central Corp. et al.*, 3:12-cv-00954, was filed in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida against the Company and certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors. The amended complaint, filed on February 22, 2013, on behalf of persons who acquired the Company's stock between November 10, 2011 and June 18, 2012, alleges that defendants violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and SEC Rule 10b-5 by making false or misleading statements about the business and operations, thereby causing the stock price to be artificially inflated during that period. The complaint seeks monetary damages in an unspecified amount, equitable relief, costs and attorney's fees. The Company believes that the complaint lacks merit and intends to defend the position rigorously. The Company does not believe the outcome of the class action will have a material adverse effect on the business, financial statements or disclosures. The defendants have moved to dismiss the complaint.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting the consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity, and cash flows of our Company as of and for the periods presented below. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012, filed with the SEC, and our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included herein. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on the beliefs of our management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. Actual results could differ materially from those discussed in or implied by forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Overview

Founded in 1972, Body Central Corp., a Delaware company, is a multi-channel specialty retailer offering on-trend, quality apparel and accessories at value prices. We operate specialty apparel stores under the Body Central and Body Shop banners, as well as a direct business comprised of our Body Central catalog and our e-commerce website at www.bodycentral.com. We target women in their late teens and twenties from diverse cultural backgrounds, who seek the latest fashions and a flattering fit. Our stores feature an assortment of tops, dresses, bottoms, jewelry, accessories and shoes sold primarily under our exclusive Body Central® and Lipstick® labels. We continually update our merchandise and floor sets with an emphasis on coordinated outfits presented by lifestyle to give our customers a reason to shop our stores frequently. We believe our multi-channel strategy supports our brand building efforts and provides us with synergistic growth opportunities across all of our sales channels. Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012 provides additional information about our business, operations and financial condition.

As of March 30, 2013, the Company had 279 stores with an average size of approximately 4,245 square feet. Our stores are located in fashion retail venues in the South, Southwest, Mid-Atlantic and Midwest. In the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, the Company opened five stores and closed two.

How the Company Assesses the Performance of Our Business

In assessing the performance of our business, we consider a variety of operational and financial measures. The key measures for determining how our business is performing are net revenues, comparable store and non-comparable store sales, sales per square foot, direct sales through our catalog and e-commerce channels, gross profit margin, store contribution, selling, general and administrative expenses, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, net income, and earnings per share.

Net Revenues

Net revenues consist of sales of our merchandise from comparable stores and non-comparable stores, and direct sales through our catalog and e-commerce channels, including shipping and handling fees charged to our customers. Net revenues from our stores and direct business reflect

sales of our merchandise less estimated returns and merchandise discounts.

Store Sales

There may be variations between our methodology and the way in which other retailers calculate comparable or same store sales. We include a store in comparable store sales on the first day of

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the fourteenth month after a store opens. Non-comparable store sales include sales not included in comparable store sales (for example, the first two months of a new store's sales) and sales from closed stores. Measuring the change in year-over-year comparable store sales allows us to evaluate how our store base is performing. Various factors affect comparable store sales, including:

- consumer preferences, buying trends and overall economic trends;
- our ability to identify and respond effectively to fashion trends and customer preferences;
- changes in competition;
- changes in our merchandise mix;
- changes in pricing levels and average unit price;
- the timing of our releases of new merchandise;
- the level of customer service that we provide in our stores;
- our ability to source and distribute products efficiently; and
- the number of stores we open and close in any period.

Opening new stores is an important part of our growth strategy. We expect a significant percentage of our net revenues to come from non-comparable store sales. Accordingly, comparable store sales is only one element we use to assess the success of our growth strategy. Purchases of apparel and accessories are sensitive to a number of factors that influence the levels of consumer spending, including economic conditions and the level of disposable consumer income, consumer debt, interest rates and consumer confidence. Our business is seasonal and as a result, our revenues fluctuate. In addition, our revenues in any given quarter can be affected by the timing of holidays, the weather and other factors beyond our control.

Direct Sales

We offer direct sales through our catalogs and through our e-commerce website, *www.bodycentral.com*, which accepts orders directly from our customers. We believe the circulation of our catalogs and access to our website increases our reputation and brand recognition with our target customers and helps support the strength of our store operations. Direct sales are not included in our comparable store sales.

Gross Profit

Gross profit is equal to our net revenues minus our cost of goods sold. Gross profit margin measures gross profit as a percentage of our net revenues. Cost of goods sold includes the direct cost of purchased merchandise, distribution costs, all freight costs incurred to ship merchandise to our stores and our direct customers, costs incurred to produce and distribute our catalogs, store occupancy costs, buying costs and inventory shrinkage. The components of our cost of goods sold may not be comparable to those of other retailers.

Our cost of goods sold is greater in higher volume periods because cost of goods sold generally increases as net revenues increase. We review our inventory levels on an ongoing basis in order to identify slow-moving merchandise and take appropriate markdowns to clear these goods. The timing and level of markdowns are not seasonal in nature, but are driven by customer acceptance of our merchandise. If we misjudge sales levels and/or trends, we may be faced with excess inventories and

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be required to mark down our prices for those products in order to sell them. Significant markdowns have reduced the gross profit margin in some prior periods and may do so in the future. As such, we record a markdown reserve based on estimates of future markdowns related to current inventory.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses include all operating costs not included in cost of goods sold. These expenses include payroll and other expenses related to operations at our corporate headquarters and store operations. These expenses do not generally vary proportionally with net revenues. As a result, selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues are usually higher in lower volume periods and usually lower in higher volume periods. The components of our selling, general and administrative expenses may not be comparable to those of other retailers. We expect that our selling, general and administrative expenses will increase in future periods due to our continuing store growth and continuing growth in our direct business.

Results of Operations

The following tables summarize key components of our results of operations for the periods indicated as a percentage of net revenues as well as selected non-financial operating data:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| Percentage of Net Revenues: | | |
| Net revenues | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Cost of goods sold | 66.0 | 64.6 |
| Gross profit | 34.0 | 35.4 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 27.0 | 22.1 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| Income from operations | 4.8 | 11.5 |
| Interest income, net | | |
| Other income, net | | (0.1) |
| Income before income taxes | 4.8 | 11.6 |
| Provision for income taxes | 1.5 | 4.4 |
| Net income | 3.3% | 7.2% |
| Operating Data (unaudited): | | |
| Stores: | | |
| Comparable store sales change | -10.2% | -1.4% |
| Number of stores open at end of period | 279 | 243 |
| Sales per gross square foot (in whole dollars) | \$ 61 | \$ 68 |
| Average square feet per store | 4,245 | 4,294 |
| Total gross square feet at end of period (in thousands) | 1,184 | 1,043 |
| Direct: | | |
| Number of catalogs circulated (in thousands) | 7,115 | 8,125 |

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We have determined our operating segments on the same basis that we use internally to evaluate performance. Our operating segments are our stores and our direct business, which have been

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aggregated into one reportable segment. We aggregate our operating segments because they have a similar class of customer, nature of products, and distribution methods, as well as similar economic characteristics.

The following table summarizes the number of stores open at the beginning of the period and at the end of the period:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| Stores at beginning of period | 276 | 241 |
| Stores opened during period | 5 | 4 |
| Stores closed during period | (2) | (2) |
| Stores at end of period | 279 | 243 |

Thirteen Weeks Ended March 30, 2013 Compared to the Thirteen Weeks Ended March 31, 2012

| | Amount | Percentage of Net Revenues | Amount | Percentage of Net Revenues | Dollars | Percentages |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
| Net revenues | \$ 81,403 | 100.0% | \$ 82,681 | 100.0% | \$ (1,278) | (1.5)% |
| Cost of goods sold | 53,760 | 66.0 | 53,419 | 64.6 | 341 | 0.6 |
| Gross profit | 27,643 | 34.0 | 29,262 | 35.4 | (1,619) | (5.5) |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 22,003 | 27.0 | 18,250 | 22.1 | 3,753 | 20.6 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,762 | 2.2 | 1,477 | 1.8 | 285 | 19.3 |
| Income from operations | 3,878 | 4.8 | 9,535 | 11.5 | (5,657) | (59.3) |
| Interest income, net | (1) | | (8) | | 7 | (87.5) |
| Other income, net | (29) | | (42) | (0.1) | 13 | (31.0) |
| Income before income taxes | 3,908 | 4.8 | 9,585 | 11.6 | (5,677) | (59.2) |
| Provision for income taxes | 1,211 | 1.5 | 3,646 | 4.4 | (2,435) | (66.8) |
| Net income | \$ 2,697 | 3.3% | \$ 5,939 | 7.2% | \$ (3,242) | (54.6)% |

Operating Data:

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Stores | \$ 72,642 | 89.2% | \$ 70,946 | 85.8% | \$ 1,696 | 2.4% |
| Direct | 8,761 | 10.8 | 11,735 | 14.2 | (2,974) | (25.3) |
| Net revenues | \$ 81,403 | 100.0% | \$ 82,681 | 100.0% | \$ (1,278) | (1.5)% |

Net Revenues

Net revenues decreased by \$1.3 million or 1.5% for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012.

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Store sales increased \$1.7 million, or 2.4%, for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. The increase in store sales resulted from the 36 net store additions since March 31, 2012, partially offset by a decrease in comparable store sales. Comparable store sales decreased \$7.1 million, or 10.2%, for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, compared to a decrease of 1.4% for the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. The decrease in our comparable store sales was primarily the result of fewer transactions on a per store basis when compared to the same period last year. Non-comparable store sales increased \$8.8 million for the

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thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012 as a result of the increase in the number of non-comparable stores from the prior period.

Direct sales, including shipping and handling fees, decreased \$3.0 million, or 25.3%, for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, from the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. Revenue per catalog and total catalogs distributed declined by 25.7% and 12.4%, respectively, for the first quarter of 2013 compared to the same period in the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to inventory availability and receipt flow. The Company has launched multiple sales and profitability improvement initiatives that are in various stages of implementation as of March 30, 2013. The Company will continue to monitor the progress of these initiatives along with direct sales performance and related profitability. Should direct sales trends not improve significantly during the fiscal year, the Company may incur an impairment charge related to the corresponding goodwill of its direct business.

Gross Profit

Gross profit decreased \$1.6 million, or 5.5%, for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. As a percentage of net revenues, gross profit margin decreased by 140 basis points for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. This decrease was attributable to a 90 basis point decrease in merchandise margin from markdowns taken to clear slow-moving inventory and a 50 basis point increase in freight costs, store occupancy, distribution and buying costs as a percentage of net revenues.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$3.8 million, or 20.6%, for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. This increase resulted in part from a \$1.8 million, or 9.9%, increase related to store operating expenses due primarily to the addition of 36 net stores, or a 14.8% store unit increase since March 31, 2012. As a percentage of net revenues, store operating expenses increased to 17.1% for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to 14.6% for the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012.

The general and administrative expense component of selling, general and administrative expense increased \$1.9 million for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. As a percentage of net revenues, general and administrative expenses increased to 10.0% for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 from 7.5% for the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. General and administrative expenses increased by \$2.6 million from the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012, before a \$700,000 reduction of the management bonus as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. Of the \$2.6 million increase, \$1.6 million was primarily driven by corporate staffing additions necessary to support strategic initiatives and future growth. The remaining \$1.0 million expense increase primarily relates to legal expense, relocation, recruiting and severance benefits incurred in the process of filling key roles and building out the Company's leadership team.

As a percentage of net revenues, selling, general and administrative expenses were 27.0% for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and 22.1% for the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012 due to the reasons discussed above.

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Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$285,000, or 19.3%, for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. This increase was primarily due to capital expenditures related to new store construction and upgrades to our information technology systems. As a percentage of net revenues, depreciation and amortization expense increased 40 basis points to 2.2% for the thirteen week period ended March 30, 2013 from 1.8% for the thirteen week period ended March 31, 2012.

Interest Income, net

Interest income, net was \$1,000 for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 and \$8,000 for the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012.

Provision for Income Taxes

Provision for income taxes decreased \$2.4 million for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012, which was attributable to a \$5.7 million decrease in income before income taxes, and a 700 basis point decrease in the effective tax rate to 31.0% in the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 from 38.0% in the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. The decrease in the effective tax rate for the thirteen-week period ended March 30, 2013 was primarily the result of a discrete tax benefit in the Work Opportunity Tax Credit (WOTC) which was enacted by Congress in January 2013.

Net Income

Net income decreased \$3.2 million for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012 due to the factors discussed above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary source of liquidity is currently cash flows from operations. Our primary needs are for capital expenditures in connection with opening new stores, remodeling or relocating existing stores, distributing our catalogs, operating our website and the additional working capital required for running our operations. Cash is also required for investment in our information technology systems, maintenance of existing facilities and distribution facility enhancements, when required. The most significant components of our working capital are cash and cash equivalents, merchandise inventories, trade payables and other current liabilities. Our working capital position benefits from the fact that we generally collect cash from sales to customers the same day or, in the case of credit or debit card transactions, within several days of the related sale, and we typically have up to 30 days to pay our merchandise vendors, depending on the applicable vendor terms.

On January 20, 2012, we entered into a Line of Credit Agreement with Branch Banking and Trust Company that provides for a revolving line of credit facility in the amount of \$5.0 million with an accordion feature that allows Branch Banking and Trust Company to increase the facility up to \$20 million at its sole discretion. The facility had a maturity date of May 5, 2013 and bears interest at the one month LIBOR rate plus 1.35% per annum, as adjusted monthly on the first day of each month, with an all-in floor rate of 2.0%. The facility is secured by all the assets of the Company. The Line of Credit Agreement includes a financial covenant requiring the Company to have a Tangible Net Worth (as defined in the Line of Credit Agreement) of \$30.0 million quarterly, and other customary covenants. As of March 30, 2013, we were in compliance with all covenants and had no outstanding borrowings under this line of credit facility.

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On March 8, 2013, we renewed the Line of Credit Agreement and extended the maturity date to March 5, 2015. There were no significant changes to the terms or conditions from the original agreement dated January 20, 2012.

Our ability to fund our cash flow needs depends largely on our future operating performance. In assessing the performance of our business, we consider a variety of operational and financial measures. The key measures for determining how our business is performing are net revenues, comparable store and non-comparable store sales, direct sales through our catalog and e-commerce channels, gross profit margin, store contribution, and selling, general and administrative expenses.

Our cash and cash equivalents increased \$12.5 million to \$37.1 million as of March 30, 2013 from \$24.6 million as of March 31, 2012. The increase in cash and cash equivalents is primarily the offset of a decrease in short-term investments of \$13.6 million to \$6.3 million as of March 30, 2013 from \$19.9 million as of March 31, 2012. Components of the change in cash and cash equivalents for the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, as well as the change for the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012, are shown in the following table:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| | (in thousands) (unaudited) | |
| Provided by operating activities | \$ 5,041 | \$ 4,287 |
| Used in investing activities | (9,031) | (22,300) |
| Provided by financing activities | | 628 |
| Decrease in cash / cash equivalents | \$ (3,990) | \$ (17,385) |

Operating Activities

Operating activities consist of net income adjusted for non-cash items, including depreciation and amortization and the effect of other working capital requirements, as summarized in following table:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| | (in thousands) (unaudited) | |
| Net income | \$ 2,697 | \$ 5,939 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,762 | 1,477 |
| Deferred income taxes | 110 | 36 |
| Inventories | (3,785) | (1,388) |
| Merchandise accounts payable | 2,009 | 243 |
| Other working capital components, net | 2,248 | (2,020) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 5,041 | \$ 4,287 |

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Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$754,000 to \$5.0 million during the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013 as compared to \$4.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended March 31,

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2012. This increase was primarily attributable to a \$4.2 million favorable change in other working capital components, a \$285,000 increase in depreciation, and a \$74,000 favorable change in deferred tax assets, partially offset by a \$3.2 million decrease in net income and a \$631,000 unfavorable change in our requirements for inventory, net of merchandise payables.

Investing Activities

Investing activities consist primarily of purchases of short-term investments and capital expenditures for new and existing stores, as well as our investment in information technology:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| | (in thousands) (unaudited) | |
| Purchases of property and equipment, net of tenant allowances | \$ (2,713) | \$ (2,429) |
| Purchases of short-term investments | (6,318) | (19,871) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | \$ (9,031) | \$ (22,300) |

For the thirteen weeks ended March 30, 2013, net cash used in investing activities decreased \$13.3 million as compared to the thirteen weeks ended March 31, 2012. This decrease was primarily attributable to a \$13.6 million reduction in purchases of short-term investments, partially offset by a \$284,000 increase in new store construction and other capital expenditures.

Financing Activities

Financing activities consist primarily of proceeds from a common stock offering and tax benefits from stock-based award activities:

| | Thirteen Weeks Ended | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | March 30, 2013 | March 31, 2012 |
| | (in thousands) (unaudited) | |
| Proceeds from the issuance of stock options | \$ | \$ 238 |
| Tax benefits of stock-based compensation | | 390 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | \$ | \$ 628 |

There were no common stock issuances nor were there any employee stock option exercises which would have resulted in a tax benefit for stock-based compensation.

Outlook

Our short-term and long-term liquidity needs arise primarily from capital expenditures associated with our growth strategy and working capital requirements. We believe that our cash position, net cash provided by operating activities, and availability under the Line of Credit Agreement will be adequate to finance our working capital needs and planned capital expenditures for at least the next twelve

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months. Planned capital expenditures for fiscal year 2013 include the relocation of our distribution center and corporate offices in late 2013, expenditures for approximately 25 new stores, relocation of and maintenance of existing stores, maintenance of corporate facilities, and investments in information technology systems, which include investing in and upgrading several of our systems to provide improved support of our current operations and position us for future growth.

Critical Accounting Policies

Management has determined that our most critical accounting policies are those related to revenue recognition, inventory valuation, property and equipment, impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill, income taxes and stock-based compensation. We continue to monitor our accounting policies to ensure proper application of current rules and regulations. There have been no significant changes to these policies discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012.

New Accounting Standards

Refer to Note 1 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes from the quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk disclosed in Item 7A. of Part II of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 29, 2012.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedure

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report and has concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject to various legal proceedings and claims, including employment claims, wage and hour claims, intellectual property claims, contractual and commercial disputes and other matters that arise in the ordinary course of our business. While the outcome of these and other claims cannot be

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predicted with certainty, we do not believe that the outcome of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial statements or disclosures.

On August 27, 2012, a securities class action, *Mogensen v. Body Central Corp. et al.*, 3:12-cv-00954, was filed in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida against us and certain of our current and former officers and directors. The amended complaint, filed on February 22, 2013, on behalf of persons who acquired our stock between November 10, 2011 and June 18, 2012, alleges that defendants violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and SEC Rule 10b-5 by making false or misleading statements about our business and operations, thereby causing our stock price to be artificially inflated during that period. The complaint seeks monetary damages in an unspecified amount, equitable relief, costs and attorney's fees. Management believes that the complaint lacks merit and we intend to defend our position vigorously. We do not believe the outcome of the class action will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial statements or disclosures. The defendants have moved to dismiss the complaint.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our risk factors have not changed materially from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2012.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

In reviewing any agreements included as exhibits to this report, please remember they are included to provide you with information regarding their terms and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about the Company, its subsidiaries or other parties to the agreements. Such agreements contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement. These representations and warranties have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and:

- *should not in all instances be treated as categorical statements of fact, but rather as a way of allocating the risk to one of the parties if those statements prove to be inaccurate;*

- *have been qualified by disclosures that were made to the other party in connection with the negotiation of the applicable agreement, which disclosures are not necessarily reflected in the agreement;*

- *may apply standards of materiality in a way that is different from what may be viewed as material to you or other investors; and*

- *were made only as of the date of the applicable agreement or such other date or dates as may be specified in the agreement and are subject to more recent developments.*

Accordingly, these representations and warranties may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time. We acknowledge that, notwithstanding the inclusion of the foregoing cautionary statements, we are responsible for considering whether additional specific disclosures of material information regarding material contractual provisions are required to make the statements in this report not misleading. Additional information about the Company may be found elsewhere in this report and the Company's other public files, which are available without charge through the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

The following is an index of the exhibits included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101* | Interactive Data Files* |

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| | |
|----------|---|
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. |

* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 7, 2013

BODY CENTRAL CORP.

By: /s/ Brian Woolf
Brian Woolf
Chief Executive Officer and Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Thomas W. Stoltz
Thomas W. Stoltz
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)