ADCARE HEALTH SYSTEMS INC Form 424B3 July 21, 2011 Table of Contents

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**PROSPECTUS** 

#### ADCARE HEALTH SYSTEMS, INC.

#### 1,270,828 Shares of Common Stock

Pursuant to securities purchase agreements entered into on March 31, 2011 and April 29, 2011, respectively, we issued \$4,508,700 in aggregate principal amount of unsecured subordinated convertible notes, the convertible notes, in a private placement that initially closed on March 31, 2011, with a second closing on April 29, 2011.

The convertible notes are initially convertible into 850,699 shares of common stock, based on a conversion price of \$5.30 per share of common stock, which is subject to adjustment from time to time as described in further detail in this prospectus. Pursuant to registration rights agreements entered into in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes, we agreed to register for resale 120% of the shares issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes, or initially 1,020,828 shares.

In addition, we agreed to register 250,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants (the Warrants ) issued to Cantone Research, Inc. ( CRI ), the placement agent in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes. The Warrants are exercisable at a price of \$5.30 per share of common stock.

This prospectus may be used by the selling shareholders named herein to resell from time to time the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes and exercise of the Warrants, as applicable. The selling shareholders identified in this prospectus, or their pledgees, donees, transferees or other successors-in-interest, may offer the registered shares from time to time through public or private transactions at prevailing market prices, at prices related to prevailing market prices or at privately negotiated prices. We will not receive proceeds from the sale of any of the common stock registered pursuant to this prospectus. The selling shareholders will sell the shares in accordance with the Plan of Distribution set forth in this prospectus. The selling shareholders will bear all commissions and discounts, if any attributable to the sale of the registered shares. We will bear all costs, expenses and fees in connection with the registration of the shares.

Our common stock is traded on the NYSE AMEX under the symbol ADK . On July 1, 2011, the last reported sale of our common stock on the NYSE AMEX was \$6.20 per share.

You should read carefully both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with the additional information described below under the heading Where You Can Find Additional Information .

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. See Risk Factors beginning on page 3 for certain risks and uncertainties that you should consider.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is July 20, 2011.

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different from that contained in this prospectus. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information on this prospectus is complete and accurate only as of the date of the front cover regardless of the time delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of shares. Except where the context requires otherwise, in this prospectus, the words Company, AdCare, we, us and our refer to AdCare Health Systems, Inc., an Ohio corporation.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information from this prospectus. It does not contain all of the information that is important to you. We encourage you to carefully read this entire prospectus, including the risks of investing discussed under Risk Factors beginning on page 3 of this prospectus, as well as the information incorporated by reference, before making a decision about whether to invest in our common stock. The following summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### **Our Company**

We are a Springfield, Ohio based developer, owner and manager of retirement communities, assisted living facilities, nursing homes, and provide home health care services. As of March 31, 2011, we operate twenty-eight facilities, comprised of twenty skilled nursing centers, seven assisted living residences and one independent living/senior housing facility, totaling approximately 2,600 units. Subsequent to March 31, 2011, we became the owner and operator of three additional skilled nursing centers with an aggregate of 335 units. Our communities are located in Ohio, Georgia, Alabama and North Carolina.

We have an ownership interest in fourteen of the facilities we operate, comprised of 100% ownership of eight of the skilled nursing centers and six assisted living facilities. We have lease agreements on eleven skilled nursing facilities. The assisted living facilities that we own operate under the name Hearth & Home, with the tag line Home is where the hearth is. We also maintain a development/consulting initiative which provides potential management opportunities to our core long-term care business. AdCare Health Systems, Inc. and Hearth & Home are registered trademarks.

Our business operates in two segments: (1) management and facility-based care and (2) home-based care. In our management and facility-based care segment, we derive revenues from three primary sources. We operate and have ownership interests in fourteen (14) facilities for which we collect fees from the residents of those facilities. Profits/losses are generated to the extent that the monthly patient fees exceed the costs associated with operating those facilities. We also manage assisted living facilities and nursing homes owned by third parties. With respect to these facilities, we receive a management fee based on the revenue generated by the facilities. Within our management facility-based care segment, we provide development, consulting and accounting service to third parties. In these instances, we receive a fee for providing those services. These fees vary from project to project, with the development fee in most cases being based on a percentage of the total cost to develop the project.

#### **Corporate Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at 5057 Troy Road, Springfield, Ohio 45502, and our telephone number is (937) 964-8974. We maintain a website at www.adcarehealth.com. This reference to our website is an inactive textual reference only and is not a hyperlink. The contents of our website are not part of this prospectus, and you should not consider the contents of our website in making an investment decision with respect to our securities.

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#### The Offering

Common stock offered by us None

Common stock offered by selling shareholders 1,270,828 shares(1)

Total number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to this offering, as of July 1, 2011

8,518,601 shares (2)

Assuming the conversion of all convertible notes and the exercise of all Warrants at a conversion and exercise price, respectively, of \$5.30 per share of common stock, the total number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after the offering

9,789,429 shares

Use of Proceeds

We will not receive any proceeds from the resale of the common stock by the selling shareholders. We may receive proceeds from the exercise of the Warrants, if exercised for cash. We intend to use any proceeds from the exercise of any of the Warrants for working capital and other general corporate purposes. There is no assurance that any of the Warrants will ever be exercise for cash, if at all.

Risk Factors

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk and could result in a loss of your entire investment. Prior to making an investment decision, you should carefully consider all of the information in this prospectus and, in particular, you should evaluate the risk factors set forth under the caption Risk Factors beginning on page 3

page 3.

NYSE AMEX Market Symbol

ADK

<sup>(1)</sup> The shares of common stock registered hereunder consist of: (i) 250,000 shares of common stock underlying the Warrants; and (ii) 850,699 shares of common stock into which the convertible notes are initially convertible, based on a conversion price of \$5.30 per share of common stock. Pursuant to registration rights agreements entered into in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes, we agreed to register for resale 120% of the shares issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes, or initially 1,020,828 shares.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes: (i) 318,013 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options, at a weighted-average exercise price of \$3.55 per share of common stock; (ii) 5,393,175 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants, at a weighted-average exercise price of \$3.00 per share of common stock; and (iii) 853,000 shares of our common stock available for future issuance under our existing equity plans.

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#### RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. Please consider carefully the risk factors described in the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011, as amended from time to time, each of which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus, in any future filings made by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and incorporated by reference in this prospectus, and the additional risk factors set forth below. The occurrence of any of these risks might cause you to lose all or part of your investment in our common stock. Please also refer to the section below entitled Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements.

We intend to expand our business into new areas of operation.

Our business model calls for seeking to acquire existing cash flowing operations and to expand our operations by pursuing an acquisition merger and acquisition growth strategy to acquire and lease long term care facilities, primarily nursing homes. Our success will largely depend on our ability to finance the new acquisitions and implement and integrate the new acquisitions into our management systems. As a result, we expect to experience all of the risks that generally occur with rapid expansion such as:

- adapting our management systems and personnel into the new acquisition;
- integrating the new acquisition and businesses into our structure;
- acquisition and operation of new acquisitions and businesses in the Southeastern United States, a geographic region in which we have not historically operated;
- obtaining adequate financing under acceptable terms;
- retention of key personnel, customers and vendors of the acquired business and the hiring of new personnel;
- impairments of goodwill and other intangible assets; and

• contingent and latent risks associated with the past operations of, and other unanticipated costs and problems arising in, an acquired business.

If we are unable to successfully integrate the operations of an acquired property or business into our operations, we could be required to undertake unanticipated changes. These changes could have a material adverse effect on our business. Since we went public in November, 2006, we have not expanded into new areas of business.

We may need additional financing to complete our long-term acquisition and expansion plans, and we do not have commitments for additional financing.

To achieve our growth objectives, we will need to obtain sufficient financial resources to fund our expansion, development and acquisition activities. We believe we may need to secure debt financing in order to help us leverage our equity resources and make further acquisitions. As of March 31, 2011, we had an accumulated deficit of \$13,314,166 and working capital of approximately \$1,746,000. Our cumulative losses have, in the past, made it difficult for us to borrow adequate funds on what management believed to be commercially reasonable terms. There can be no assurance that adequate financing will be available on terms that are acceptable to us, if at all. In addition, our Board of Directors may elect to use our stock as currency in acquiring additional businesses. If so, our stockholders may experience dilution.

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We currently have lines of credit in place which may be insufficient to satisfy short-term cash needs.

In March of 2010, we increased our available line of credit with Huntington National Bank to \$200,000 in order to assist with cash flow. As of December 31, 2010, approximately \$187,000 was used in operation of the Company. We have also established a \$191,000 line of credit using funds from our non-qualified deferred compensation plan. Members of this plan, which is only available to senior management, authorized the transfer of funds to establish the line of credit with interest accruing at 8%. The funds are presently used in the operation of the Company. Additionally, on October 29, 2010, AdCare subsidiaries ADK Powder Springs Operator, LLC, ADK Lumber City Operator, LLC, ADK Jeffersonville Operator, LLC, ADK LaGrange Operator, LLC, and ADK Thomasville Operator, LLC (collectively, the Borrowers) entered into a Credit Agreement with lender, Gemino Healthcare Finance, LLC (the Lender), to provide a credit facility in the maximum amount of \$5,000,000. The initial term of the Credit Facility will expire on October 29, 2013. Borrowing under the Credit Facility is not limited to use by the Borrowers and may be used for various business purposes. Conditions of the Credit Agreement require the Borrowers to pay interest on a minimum balance of \$1,000,000. Subsequently, on February 25, 2011, we joined five additional AdCare subsidiaries: ADK Thunderbolt Operator, LLC, ADK Savannah Beach Operator, LLC, ADK Oceanside Operator, LLC, Attalla Nursing ADK, LLC, and Coosa Nursing ADK, LLC as additional borrowers in the Credit Agreement. The additional borrowers increased the amount of credit available to us and the maximum amount of the credit facility increased to \$7,500,000. As of March 31, 2011, approximately \$4,771,000 of the credit facility was used in the operations of the business.

Businesses typically use lines of credit to finance short-term and unexpected cash needs. There can be no assurances that these lines of credit will be sufficient in the event of an acute cash deficit. Therefore, we intend to secure additional lines of credit or increases in our existing lines but we can provide no assurance that it will be available on acceptable terms, if at all, or that the amount of any line of credit obtained will be sufficient to handle future cash needs as they arise.

Our business depends on reimbursement under federal and state programs, and legislation or regulatory action may reduce or otherwise adversely affect the amount of reimbursements.

Our revenues are heavily dependent on payments administered under the Medicare and Medicaid programs. The economic downturn has caused many states to institute freezes on or reductions in Medicaid reimbursements to address state budget concerns. Moreover, for the 2010 federal fiscal year, the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medical Services ( CMS ) effectively reduced our Medicare reimbursement rates; for the 2011 federal fiscal year, CMS has implemented changes to the Resource Utilization Group classification system, which may impact our Medicare revenues adversely.

In addition to these reductions, there have been numerous initiatives on the federal and state levels for comprehensive reforms affecting the payment for and availability of healthcare services. Aspects of certain of these initiatives, such as further reductions in funding of the Medicare and Medicaid programs, additional changes in reimbursement regulations by CMS, enhanced pressure to contain healthcare costs by Medicare, Medicaid and other payers, and additional operational requirements, could adversely affect us.

We have a history of operating losses and may incur losses in the future as we expand.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, for amounts attributable to the Company, we had a net loss of \$2,743,621 compared to a net income of \$440,283 for the year ended December 31, 2009. For the three months ended March 31, 2011, for amounts distributable to the Company, we had net loss of \$765,296 compared to net income of \$409,501 for the three months ended March 31, 2010. There can be no assurance that we will be able to operate profitably as we expand. As of March 31, 2011, we had working capital of approximately \$1,746,000.

Management s plans with the objective of improving liquidity and profitability in future years encompass the following:

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| •  | refinancing debt where possible to obtain more favorable terms.  |
|--|--|
| •  | increase facility occupancy, improve the occupancy mix by increasing Medicare patients.  |
| •  | add additional management contracts.   |
| •  | Acquire additional long term care facilities with existing cash flowing operations to expand our operations.   |
|  | ent believes that the actions that will be taken by the Company provide the opportunity for the Company to improve liquidity and ofitability. However, there can be no assurance that such events will occur.  |
| Assisted li  | ving and skilled nursing facility financial stability could be negatively impacted by the current economic conditions.   |
| investment<br>services or<br>ability to s<br>become un<br>burdens. I | ately 8% of our skilled nursing occupants and nearly all the occupants of our assisted living facilities rely on their personal as and wealth to pay for their stay in our facilities. Recent declines in market values of investments could limit their ability to pay for shorten the period of time for which they can pay privately for their stay. The declining market for the sale of homes could limit their ell their personal assets further reducing their ability to remain in our facilities. Furthermore, adult children who have recently employed may decide to care for their parent at home so that their parent s income may help offset some of their own financial ouring 2010, we have experienced lower occupancy in our assisted living facilities and believe it may be due in part to our potential response to the current economic conditions. We do not believe lower occupancy in our assisted living facilities represents a trend. |
|  | gaged in an evolving and highly-regulated industry, which increases the cost of doing business and may require us to change ir business is conducted.  |
| other regulagencies.   | e is an area of extensive and frequent regulatory change. Changes in the laws or new interpretations of existing laws can have a effect on methods of doing business, cost of doing business, and amounts of reimbursements from the government and other payers. Ed living residences and nursing homes are subject to regulation and licensing by state and local health and social service agencies and atory authorities. We are and will continue to be subject to varying degrees of regulation and licensing by health or social service. A failure to comply with applicable requirements could cause us to be fined or could cause the cessation of our business, which would erial adverse effect on our company.  |

The manner and the extent to which assisted living is regulated at the federal and state level is evolving. Changes in the laws or new

interpretations of existing laws may have a significant effect on our methods and costs of doing business. Our success will depend partially on our ability to satisfy the applicable regulations and requirements and to procure and maintain required licenses. Our operations could also be

adversely affected by, among other things, regulatory developments such as mandatory increases in the scope and quality of care given to the residents and revisions in licensing and certification standards. We believe that our operations do not presently violate any existing federal or state laws. But there can be no assurance that federal, state, or local laws or regulatory procedures which might adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations for prospects will not be expanded or imposed.

State and federal regulatory changes also affect our business.

Because of the nature of our business, changes to both state and federal regulations may impact the pricing for our services and the methods of reimbursement. Changes which reduce the amount which we can charge for our services or delay or reduce the amount of our reimbursement could have a material adverse effect upon our business.

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An expanded Federal program is underway to recover Medicare overpayments.

The Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 established a three year demonstration project to recover overpayments and identify underpayments on Medicare claims from hospitals, skilled nursing facilities and home health agencies through a review of claims previously paid by Medicare beginning in October, 2007. Medicare contracted nationwide with third parties known as Recovery Audit Contractors (RAC) to conduct these reviews commonly referred to as RAC Audits. Due to the success of the program, the Tax Relief and Healthcare Act of 2006 made the program permanent and mandated its expansion to all 50 states in 2010. As of March 31, 2011, we have not received notification that any of our claims are subject to RAC Audits however, we can make no assurances that our claims will not be selected for RAC Audits in the future and if they are the extent to which these audits may reduce our revenue or otherwise hinder cash flow.

State Certificate of Need laws and other regulations could negatively impact our ability to grow our nursing home business.

Many states in which we could expand, have adopted Certificate of Need or similar laws that generally require that a state agency approve certain nursing home acquisitions and determine the need for certain nursing home bed additions, new services, capital expenditures, or other changes prior to the acquisition or addition of beds or services, the implementation of other changes, or expenditure of capital. State approvals are generally issued for specified maximum expenditures and require implementation of the proposal within a specified period of time. Failure to obtain the necessary state approval can result in the inability to provide the service, to operate the centers, to complete the acquisition, addition, or other change, and can also result in sanctions or adverse action on the center s license and adverse reimbursement action. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain Certificate of Need approval for all future projects requiring the approval, or that approvals will be timely.

Due to the high-risk circumstances in which we conduct business, we may encounter liability claims in excess of insurance coverage.

The provision of health care services entails an inherent risk of liability. In recent years, participants in the long-term care industry have become subject to an increasing number of lawsuits alleging malpractice or related legal theories, many of which involve large claims and significant defense costs. We currently maintain \$1,000,000 in liability insurance for any one exposure. This insurance is intended to cover malpractice and other lawsuits. Although we believe that it is in keeping with industry standards, there can be no assurance that claims in excess of our limits will not arise. Any such successful claims could have a material adverse effect upon our financial condition and results of operations. Claims against us, regardless of their merit or eventual outcome, may also have a material adverse effect upon our ability to attract and retain business. In addition, our insurance policies must be renewed annually and there can be no assurance that we will be able to retain coverage in the future or, if coverage is available, that it will be available on acceptable terms.

We encounter intense competition from competitors, many of whom have greater resources than AdCare.

The long-term care industry is highly competitive and we believe that it will become even more competitive in the future. Our assisted living facilities and nursing homes compete with numerous companies providing similar long-term care alternatives, such as home health care agencies, community-based service programs, retirement communities and convalescent centers, and other assisted living providers. We compete with national companies such as HCR Manor Care, Alterra and Extended Care with respect to both our nursing home and assisted living facilities. We also compete with locally owned entities as well as Health Care Facilities-HCF on a regional basis. Historically, we have

found that the entry of one or more of these competitors into one of our established markets can reduce both our occupancy and the rates we are able to charge to our customers. In the past, we have found national publicly traded competitors who are willing to enter into a market already served by us. When these competitors experienced lower than expected occupancies, they relied on their greater financial resources to reduce their rates in order to increase occupancy. This resulted in our occupancies decreasing below expected levels. Eventually, demographics

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improved and rates stabilized. However, there can be no assurance that similar events will not occur in the future which could limit our ability to attract residents or expand our business and that could have a negative effect on our financial condition, results of operations, and prospects. We can provide no assurance that competitive pressures will not have a material adverse effect on us.

The home health care business is also highly competitive. Since we first acquired Assured Health Care in 2005, its operations remain relatively centralized in the Dayton, Ohio area. However, in that area, Assured faces competition from several sources including, without limitation, Fidelity Nursing Home Systems, Kettering Network Home Care, GEM City Home Care, Greene Memorial Hospital Home Care, and Community Springfield.

Our business is very labor intensive, we operate in smaller markets with limited personnel resources, and our success is tied to our ability to attract and retain qualified employees.

We compete with other providers of home health care, nursing home care, and assisted living with respect to attracting and retaining qualified personnel. We depend on the availability of Registered Nurses and Licensed Practical Nurses to provide skilled care to our nursing home residents. According to the Ohio Hospital Association, the supply of nurses nationwide is predicted to be 800,000 short of demand by 2020. Another study conducted by Dr. David I. Auerbach for the journal *Health Affairs* estimated the shortage to increase to 340,000 by 2020. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment of registered nurses is expected to grow 23 percent [or 587,000 jobs] from 2006 to 2016, much faster than the average for all occupations. The Bureau of Labor Statistics also reports employment of LPNs is expected to grow 14 percent [or 105,000 jobs] between 2006 and 2016, faster than the average for all occupations, in response to the long-term care needs of an increasing elderly population and the general increase in demand for health care services. While the experts may not agree on the size of the shortage, they all appear to agree that there is and will continue to be a shortage. Because of the small markets in which we operate, shortages of nurses and/or trained personnel may require us to enhance our wage and benefit package in order to compete and lure qualified employees from more metropolitan areas. To date, we have been able to adequately staff all of our operations. However, we can provide no assurance that our labor costs will not increase, or that, if they do increase, they can be matched by corresponding increases in revenues.

We are dependent on our management team and the loss of any of these individuals would harm our business.

Our future success depends largely upon the management experience, skill, and contacts of our officers and directors, in particular, David A. Tenwick, Chairman, Christopher Brogdon, Vice-Chairman and Chief Acquisitions Officer, Boyd Gentry, President and CEO, and Martin D. Brew, Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Tenwick has signed an employment agreement that is effective through September 2011. Mr. Gentry has also entered into an employment agreement with us. Neither Messrs. Brew nor Brogdon have agreed to be employed by us for any specified term. Loss of the services of any or all of these officers could be materially detrimental to our operations. In addition, due to the location of our corporate headquarters in a smaller urban region, we may experience difficulty attracting senior managers in the future.

We own multiple parcels of real estate and could be subject to environmental liability for hazardous substances found on any of those parcels, whether or not we caused the contamination.

While we are not aware of any potential problems at this time, we own multiple parcels of real estate, each of which is subject to various federal, state, and local environmental laws, ordinances, and regulations. Many of these laws and regulations provide that a current or previous owner of

real property may be held liable for the cost of removing hazardous or toxic substances, including materials containing asbestos that would be located on, in, or under the property. These laws and regulations often impose liability whether or not the owner or operator knew, or was responsible for, the presence of the hazardous or toxic substances. The cost of the removal is generally not limited under the laws and regulations and could exceed the property s value and the aggregate assets of the owner or operator. The presence of these substances or failure to

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remediate such substances properly may also adversely affect the owner s ability to sell or rent the property or to borrow using the property as collateral. If any of our properties were found to have environmental issues, we may be required to expend significant amounts to rehabilitate the property and we may be subject to significant liability.

#### The price of our securities may be subject to fluctuation.

The market price of our common stock and warrants will likely be highly volatile and subject to wide fluctuations in response to various factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

- variations in our operating results;
- changes in the general economy, and more specifically the Ohio economy or in the local economies in which we operate;
- the financial markets; the state and length of the present bull market and when the market may revert to a bear market;
- the departure of any of our key executive officers and directors;
- the level and quality of securities analysts coverage for our common stock;
- announcements by us or our competition of significant acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;
- changes in federal, state, and local health-care regulations to which we are subject; and
- future sales of our common stock.

For these reasons, comparing our operating results on a period-to-period basis may not be meaningful, and you should not rely on past results as an indication of future performance.

#### Our management substantially controls all major decisions.

Our directors and officers beneficially own approximately 31.8% of our outstanding common shares, options and warrants. Therefore, our directors and officers will be able to influence major corporate actions required to be voted on by stockholders, such as the election of directors, the amendment of our charter documents, and the approval of significant corporate transactions such as mergers, reorganizations, sales of substantially all of our assets, and liquidation. Furthermore, our directors will be able to make decisions affecting our capital structure, including decisions to issue additional capital stock, implement stock repurchase programs and incur indebtedness. This control may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers, delaying or preventing changes in control or changes in management, or limiting the ability of our other stockholders to approve transactions that they may deem to be in their best interest.

As we expand our operations, we may open or manage facilities that are geographically near other facilities that we operate or manage.

While the facilities that we own and manage are sufficiently well-spaced so that they do not currently compete for business, there can be no assurance in the future, as we grow, that circumstances will not arise where facilities which we own and/or manage will compete with each other for patients. If this were to occur, it may damage our relationships with facilities that we manage that could result in the termination of our management agreements.

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The requirements of being a public company may strain our resources and distract our management.

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the Sarbanes-Oxley Act ). These requirements may place a strain on our systems and resources. The Exchange Act requires that we file annual, quarterly and current reports with respect to our business and financial condition. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls for financial reporting. We are required to document and test our internal control procedures in order to satisfy the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which requires annual management assessments of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting. In addition, if we fail to achieve and maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, as such standards are modified, supplemented or amended from time to time, we may not be able to ensure that we can conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

In order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, significant resources and management oversight is required. This may divert management s attention from other business concerns, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, we may need to hire additional accounting and financial staff with appropriate public company experience and technical accounting knowledge, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to do so in a timely fashion.

Takeover defense provisions may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Various provisions of Ohio corporation law and of our corporate governance documents may inhibit changes in control not approved by our Board of Directors and may have the effect of depriving our investors of an opportunity to receive a premium over the prevailing market price of our common stock in the event of an attempted hostile takeover. In addition, the existence of these provisions may adversely affect the market price of our common stock and warrants. These provisions include:

- a requirement that special meetings of stockholders be called by our Board of Directors, the Chairman, the President, or the holders of shares with voting power of at least 25%;
- staggered terms among our directors with these classes of directors and only one class to be elected each year;
- advance notice requirements for stockholder proposals and nominations; and
- availability of blank check preferred stock.

Provisions in our bylaws provide for indemnification of officers and directors, which could require us to direct funds away from our business and future products.

Our Articles of Incorporation and Code of Regulations provide for the indemnification of our officers and directors. We may be required to advance costs incurred by an officer or director and to pay judgments, fines and expenses incurred by an officer or director, including reasonable attorneys fees, as a result of actions or proceedings in which our officers and directors are involved by reason of being or having been an officer or director of our company. Funds paid in satisfaction of judgments, fines and expenses may be funds we need for the operation of our business and the development of our product candidates, thereby affecting our ability to attain or maintain profitability.

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#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide our current expectations or forecasts of future events. Forward-looking statements include statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, intentions, assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. Words or phrases such as anticipate, believe, continue, ongoing, estimate, expect, intend, may potential, predict, project or similar words or phrases, or the negatives of those words or phrases, may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not necessarily mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

The risk factors referred to in this prospectus could materially and adversely affect our business, financial conditions and results of operations and cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us, and you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties described in this prospectus are not the only ones we face. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which will arise. There may be additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently believe are immaterial to our business. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. If any such risks occur, our business, operating results, liquidity and financial condition could be materially affected in an adverse manner. Under such circumstances, you may lose all or part of your investment.

Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and, except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly revise our forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date of this prospectus or the date of documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus that include forward-looking statements. You should read this prospectus and the documents that we reference and have filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part with the understanding that we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF PRIVATE PLACEMENT AND MATERIAL TERMS OF THE CONVERTIBLE NOTES

On March 31, 2011 and April 29, 2011, we entered into securities purchase agreements with certain accredited investors to sell and issue to them in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 as amended (the Securities Act ), and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated there under, an aggregate of \$4,508,700 in principal amount of convertible notes, bearing 10.0% interest per annum payable quarterly in cash in arrears beginning June 30, 2011.

CRI acted as placement agent for the financing. The financing resulted in net proceeds to us of approximately \$4,053,904, after deducting total fees of approximately \$454,796 including the placement agent fee and other legal and accounting expenses relating to the financing. In addition, we issued Warrants to purchase 250,000 shares of common stock, exercisable at a price of \$5.30 per share of common stock, to the placement agent. The net proceeds from the financing are being used by the Company for expansion.

The convertible notes are convertible, at any time following their issuance, into shares of common stock at an initial conversion price of \$5.30 per share of common stock, which is equal to an initial conversion rate of 188.67924 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes. The initial conversion price, which is equal to 115% of the 10-day volume-weighted average price of our common stock prior to the initial closing of the financing, is subject to adjustment for any stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares, reorganization, recapitalization, reclassification or other similar event.

Further, unless we first obtain the approval of our stockholders as required by the applicable rules of the NYSE Amex, in no event shall we be obligated to issue any shares of our common stock upon conversion of the convertible notes if the issuance of such shares of common stock would exceed the aggregate number of shares of common stock which we may issue upon conversion of the convertible notes without breaching our obligations under the rules and regulations of the NYSE Amex.

The convertible notes are unsecured and subordinated in right of payment to existing and future senior indebtedness.

The convertible notes mature on March 31, 2014. However, if after six (6) months from the closing of the transaction, the common stock trades at or above 200% of the conversion price for 20 out of 30 consecutive trading days, with an average daily trading volume of over 50,000 shares, then we may, subject to the satisfaction of certain other conditions, redeem the convertible notes in cash at a price equal to the sum of (i) 100% of the principal being redeemed plus (ii) any accrued and unpaid interest on the principal, plus late charges, if any (the principal amount being redeemed, plus any accrued and unpaid interest, plus any other charges, is collectively referred to in this prospectus as the Redemption Amount ).

In addition, holders may require us to redeem all or a portion of their convertible notes upon a change of control transaction, as described in the convertible notes, at a redemption price in cash equal to the greater of (i) 110% of the Redemption Amount being redeemed and (ii) the product of (A) the Redemption Amount being redeemed multiplied by (B) the quotient determined by dividing (1) the greatest closing sale price of the shares of common stock during the period beginning on the date immediately preceding the earlier to occur of (x) the consummation of the change of control and (y) the public announcement of such change of control and ending on the date the holder delivers its redemption notice to us, by (2) the conversion price then in effect.

Additionally, the convertible notes may become immediately due and payable upon an event of default, which, with respect to each convertible note, generally includes, without limitation, each of the following:

- certain failures under the terms of the registration rights agreement entered into in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes;
- the suspension from trading or failure of the common stock to be listed on the NYSE Amex or any other national securities exchange for a period of five (5) consecutive trading days or for more than an aggregate of fifteen (15) trading days in any 365-day period;

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| •                        | our (A) failure to cure a conversion failure by delivery of the required number of shares of common stock within the       |
|--------------------------|--|
| time period specified in | the convertible notes, or (B) notice of our intention not to comply with a request for conversion of any convertible notes |
| into shares of common s  | tock;  |
|                          |  |

- failure to pay any amount of principal, interest or other amounts when and as due under the convertible notes (if such failure continues beyond the expiration of any applicable cure or grace periods);
- specific events of bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or liquidation;
- our breach of any material warranty, covenant or other term or condition of any transaction document, except, in the case of a breach of a covenant or other term or condition of any transaction document which is curable, only if such breach continues for a period of at least ten (10) days; and
- any event of default occurs with respect to any other convertible note.

If a convertible note is redeemed in connection with an event of default, we will be required to pay a redemption amount equal the greater of (i) the product obtained by multiplying (A) the Redemption Amount, by (B) 125% in the case of any events of default described in the first four bullet points above, or the sixth bullet point above, or 100% in the case of the an event of default described in the fifth bullet point above, or (ii) the product obtained by multiplying (X) the number of shares then issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes, by (Y) the highest closing sale price of our common stock during the period between the event of default and delivery of redemption notice.

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes, we agreed to register for resale 120% of the shares issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes. The convertible notes are initially convertible into 850,699 shares of common stock, based on a conversion price of \$5.30 per share of common stock. Thus, 120% of 850,699 shares equals 1,020,828 shares (after adjustments for rounding), which is the number of shares we are registering for resale as a secondary offering pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part. We are required to file the registration statement with the SEC no later than 50 days after the closing of the financing. In addition, we are required to use our best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective as soon as practicable (but in no event later than 90 days after the closing of the financing if the registration statement is not subject to a full review by the SEC, or 120 days if the registration statement is subject to a full review by the SEC). If we do not file by the filing deadline or have an effective registration statement by the registration deadline, then we will be subject to certain monetary penalties, as set forth in the registration rights agreement. The monetary penalties will accrue at the rate of 1.0% of the initial principal amount of the convertible notes, payable on every thirtieth day after the day of the filing or registration failure until such failure is cured (all such periods to be pro rated for periods totaling less than thirty days). In the event that we are unable to include in the registration statement all shares of our common stock issuable pursuant to the convertible notes, then we will be required to file additional registration statements to register the resale of any shares excluded from the originally filed registration statement. Our registration obligations terminate with respect to any investor, on the earlier of (i) the date as of which such investor may sell all of the shares of common stock covered by the applicable registration statement without restriction or limitation pursuant to Rule 144 of the Securities Act and without the requirement to be in compliance with Rule 144(c)(1) of the Securities Act relating to the availability of adequate current public information with respect to the Company, or (ii) the date on which such investor shall have sold all of the shares of common stock covered by such applicable registration statement.

## USE OF PROCEEDS

All proceeds from the sale of our common stock covered by this prospectus will belong to the selling shareholders who offer and sell their shares. We will not receive any proceeds from the resale of the registered

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common stock by the selling shareholders. We may receive proceeds from the exercise of the Warrants, if exercised for cash. We intend to use any proceeds from the exercise of any of the Warrants for working capital and other general corporate purposes. There is no assurance that any of the Warrants will ever be exercise for cash, if at all.

#### SELLING SHAREHOLDERS

The shares of common stock being offered by the selling shareholders are those issuable to the selling shareholders upon conversion of the convertible notes. For additional information regarding the issuance of those convertible notes, see the section of this prospectus entitled Description of Private Placement and Material Terms of the Convertible Notes. We are registering the shares of common stock in order to permit the selling shareholders to offer the shares for resale from time to time. Except for the ownership of the convertible notes issued pursuant to the securities purchase agreements, the selling shareholders have not had any material relationship with us within the past three years. Each of the selling shareholders holding convertible notes has represented to us that such convertible notes were purchased in the ordinary course of business. Each of such selling shareholders has further represented to us that such selling shareholders at the time of purchase of the convertible notes did not have any agreement or understanding, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the convertible notes or any common stock issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes.

The table below lists the selling shareholders and other information regarding the beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock by each of the selling shareholders. The second column lists the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each selling shareholder, based on its ownership of the convertible notes, as of July 13, 2011, assuming conversion of all convertible notes held by the selling shareholders on that date, without regard to any limitations on conversions.

The third column lists the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus by the selling shareholders.

In accordance with the terms of a registration rights agreement with the selling shareholders holding convertible notes, this prospectus generally covers the resale of at least 120% of the maximum number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes as of the trading day immediately preceding the date of the registration statement is initially filed with the SEC. Because the conversion price of the convertible notes may be adjusted, the number of shares that will actually be issued may be more or less than the number of shares being offered by this prospectus. The fourth column assumes the sale of all of the shares offered by the selling shareholders pursuant to this prospectus.

Under the terms of the convertible notes, a selling shareholder may not convert the convertible notes to the extent such conversion would cause such selling shareholder, together with its affiliates, to beneficially own a number of shares of common stock which would exceed 4.99% (or 9.99% upon the election of the holder) of our then outstanding shares of common stock following such conversion, excluding for purposes of such determination of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the convertible notes which have not been converted. The number of shares in the second column does not reflect this limitation. The selling shareholders may sell all, some or none of their shares in this offering. See Plan of Distribution.

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|   | Number of Shares of<br>Common Stock<br>Owned | ommon Stock Sold Pursuant Common Stock Owned |        |            |
|---|--|--|--------|------------|
| Name of Selling Shareholder               | Prior to Offering                            | Prospectus                                   | Number | Percentage |
| Wensley Hobby & Ronella Hobby JT Ten      | 11,321(1)                                    | 11,321(1)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Pamela A. Muller Patton                   | 4,528(2)                                     | 4,528(2)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| Peter Coppola                             | 6,792(3)                                     | 6,792(3)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| Matthew Fiorilli                          | 19,811(4)                                    | 19,811(4)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Phil Ermis                                | 2,264(5)                                     | 2,264(5)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| Alan D. Matthes TTEE Revocable Trust      | 2,264(6)                                     | 2,264(6)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| Geoffrey D. Cant                          | 3,396(7)                                     | 3,396(7)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| Gary Mintz                                | 5,660(8)                                     | 5,660(8)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| Jon B. Kruljac                            | 4,800(9)                                     | 4,800(9)                                     | 0      | 0          |
| John Schleyer                             | 4,528(10)                                    | 4,528(10)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Embry Living Trust DTD 07/16/97           | 22,642(11)                                   | 22,642(11)                                   | 0      | 0          |
| William B. Telfair & Carole H. Telfair JT |  |  |        |            |
| Ten                                       | 1,132(12)                                    | 1,132(12)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| John F. Kullerstrand                      | 4,528(13)                                    | 4,528(13)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Rita A. Neville Landwehr                  | 11,321(14)                                   | 11,321(14)                                   | 0      | 0          |
| Jean Gaur                                 | 11,321(15)                                   | 11,321(15)                                   | 0      | 0          |
| Tim MacRae                                | 2,264(16)                                    | 2,264(16)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Patsy Ragonese                            | 5,660(17)                                    | 5,660(17)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Hoy A. Moose, Jr.                         | 4,528(18)                                    | 4,528(18)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Daniel E. Morocco                         | 2,264(19)                                    | 2,264(19)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Michael Donnelly                          | 6,000(20)                                    | 6,000(20)                                    | 0      | 0          |
| Christine Gefken                          | 11,321(21)                                   | 11,321(21)                                   | 0      | 0          |

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|   | Number of Shares of<br>Common Stock<br>Owned | Maximum Number of Shares of Common Stock to be Sold Pursuant to this | Ownership of S<br>Common Stock<br>After Offer | Owned      |
|---|--|--|---|------------|
| Name of Selling Shareholder               | Prior to Offering                            | Prospectus   | Number  | Percentage |
| Hamilton Fish                             | 2,264(22)                                    | 2,264(22)  | 0   | 0          |
| Donald Thiry                              | 22,642(23)                                   | 22,642(23)   | 0   | 0          |
| William Waack & Suzanne Waack JT Ten      | 2,264(24)                                    | 2,264(24)  | 0   | 0          |
| David H. Benaderet                        | 11,321(25)                                   | 11,321(25)   | 0   | 0          |
| Hubert D. Meeks & Mary P. Meeks JT Ten    | 4,075(26)                                    | 4,075(26)  | 0   | 0          |
| Robert J. Barnwell, Sr. TTEE DTD          |  |  |   |            |
| 09/21/1998                                | 5,660(27)                                    | 5,660(27)  | 0   | 0          |
| William Moreland                          | 90,000(28)                                   | 90,000(28)   | 0   | 0          |
| Raymond H. Goodrich, Dorothea Goodrich    |  |  |   |            |
| CO TTEES, The Goodrich Family Trust       | 5,660(29)                                    | 5,660(29)  | 0   | 0          |
| Bob Seifert & Carolyn Seifert Jt WROS     | 2,264(30)                                    | 2,264(30)  | 0   | 0          |
| Dr. Peter H. Ferber & Gloria P. Ferber Jt |  |  |   |            |
| Ten                                       | 4,528(31)                                    | 4,528(31)  | 0   | 0          |
| Gloria M. Mayster                         | 4,528(32)                                    | 4,528(32)  | 0   | 0          |
| Barbara Conlin & Robert Conlin JTWROS     | 9,057(33)                                    | 9,057(33)  | 0   | 0          |
| Suresh Sharma                             | 2,264(34)                                    | 2,264(34)  | 0   | 0          |
| Jeff Benison                              | 11,321(35)                                   | 11,321(35)   | 0   | 0          |
| Michael Aronson                           | 5,660(36)                                    | 5,660(36)  | 0   | 0          |
| Jeffery Hinkle & Kimberly J. Hinkle JT    |  |  |   |            |
| Ten                                       | 9,057(37)                                    | 9,057(37)  | 0   | 0          |
| Raymond Doremus                           | 2,264(38)                                    | 2,264(38)  | 0   | 0          |
| Michael S. Krushinsky & Joyce L.          |  |  |   |            |
| Krushinsky Jt Ten                         | 3,396(39)                                    | 3,396(39)  | 0   | 0          |
|   | 15   |  |   |            |

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|  | Number of<br>Shares of                       |   |  |            |
|--|--|---|--|------------|
|  | Number of Shares of<br>Common Stock<br>Owned | Common<br>Stock to be<br>Sold Pursuant<br>to this | Ownership of Shares of<br>Common Stock Owned<br>After Offering |            |
| Name of Selling Shareholder              | Prior to Offering                            | Prospectus  | Number   | Percentage |
| Milton F. Langer                         | 2,264(40)                                    | 2,264(40)   | 0  | 0          |
| P&W Exemption Trust Wallace Hollander    |  |   |  |            |
| TTEE DTD 08/19/1993                      | 2,264(41)                                    | 2,264(41)   | 0  | 0          |
| Edward Simonian                          | 3,396(42)                                    | 3,396(42)   | 0  | 0          |
| Carol Kardon                             | 2,264(43)                                    | 2,264(43)   | 0  | 0          |
| Hinda Mizrahi                            | 5,660(44)                                    | 5,660(44)   | 0  | 0          |
| Thomas J. McQuaide                       | 4,075(45)                                    | 4,075(45)   | 0  | 0          |
| Pat S. West & Patricia K. West Jt WROS   | 2,264(46)                                    | 2,264(46)   | 0  | 0          |
| Aerials Gymnastics Attention To Forster  | 11,321(47)                                   | 11,321(47)  | 0  | 0          |
| Dorothy Blackstone                       | 5,660(48)                                    | 5,660(48)   | 0  | 0          |
| Kraig Lotter                             | 2,264(49)                                    | 2,264(49)   | 0  | 0          |
| Angelo Gigliotti & Paula J. Gigliotti Jt |  |   |  |            |
| WROS                                     | 4,528(50)                                    | 4,528(50)   | 0  | 0          |
| Constantinos Papavasiliou                | 4,528(51)                                    | 4,528(51)   | 0  | 0          |
| Bernard F. Kolanowski & Mary Beth        |  |   |  |            |
| Kolanowski Jt Ten                        | 2,264(52)                                    | 2,264(52)   | 0  | 0          |
| Neil Weiss                               | 9,057(53)                                    | 9,057(53)   | 0  | 0          |
| Shelton Steinle & Jeanette Steinle Jt    |  |   |  |            |
| WROS                                     | 9,057(54)                                    | 9,057(54)   | 0  | 0          |
| KC Gamma Opportunity Fund LP             | 120,000(55)                                  | 120,000(55)                                       | 0  | 0          |
| John G. Nolan                            | 4,528(56)                                    | 4,528(56)   | 0  | 0          |
| Carol L. Rhodes                          | 11,321(57)                                   | 11,321(57)  | 0  | 0          |
| Douglas Chaikin                          | 11,321(58)                                   | 11,321(58)  | 0  | 0          |
| Joe L. Collins                           | 22,642(59)                                   | 22,642(59)  | 0  | 0          |

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|  | Number of Shares of<br>Common Stock<br>Owned | Maximum Number of Shares of Common Stock to be Sold Pursuant to this | Ownership of Shares of<br>Common Stock Owned<br>After Offering |            |
|--|--|--|--|------------|
| Name of Selling Shareholder                | Prior to Offering                            | Prospectus   | Number   | Percentage |
| Money Market Investment Club of Toledo     | 7,925(60)                                    | 7,925(60)  | 0  | 0          |
| Howard Falick                              | 4,528(61)                                    | 4,528(61)  | 0  | 0          |
| Edward Vander Meulen and Carol Vander      |  |  |  |            |
| Meulen JTWROS                              | 5,660(62)                                    | 5,660(62)  | 0  | 0          |
| Embry Living Trust DTD 07/16/97            | 45,283(63)                                   | 45,283(63)   | 0  | 0          |
| Linda R. Shayman                           | 4,528(64)                                    | 4,528(64)  | 0  | 0          |
| Santo Zito & Josephine Zito JT Ten         | 6,792(65)                                    | 6,792(65)  | 0  | 0          |
| Robert Benach                              | 22,642(66)                                   | 22,642(66)   | 0  | 0          |
| Jeffrey M. Walters                         | 5,660(67)                                    | 5,660(67)  | 0  | 0          |
| John T. Bloom & Janet Freenan Bloom JT     |  |  |  |            |
| Ten  | 5,660(68)                                    | 5,660(68)  | 0  | 0          |
| Brad A. Cartier and Mun-Peng Tan<br>JTWROS | 4,528(69)                                    | 4,528(69)  | 0  | 0          |
| William B. Telfair & Carole H. Telfair JT  | 4,328(09)                                    | 4,320(09)  | U  | U          |
|  | 2.206(70)                                    | 2.206(70)  | 0  | 0          |
| Ten  | 3,396(70)                                    | 3,396(70)  | 0  | U          |
| Robert L. Boxer & Susan S. Rodio<br>JTWROS | 7,925(71)                                    | 7,925(71)  | 0  | 0          |
| Jonathan E. Stone & Janet T. Stone JT Ten  | 3,396(72)                                    | 3,396(72)  | 0  | 0          |
| Denis J. Kent                              | 2,264(73)                                    | 2,264(73)  | 0  | 0          |
| Edward H. Gross & Suanne P. Gross JT       | 2,201(73)                                    | 2,201(73)  |  | Ŭ          |
| Ten  | 5,660(74)                                    | 5,660(74)  | 0  | 0          |
| Richard Molinsky                           | 11,321(75)                                   | 11,321(75)   | 0  | 0          |
| Kenneth A. Kranz TTEE Living Trust UA      | ,()  | ,(,-)  |  |            |
| DTD 07/14/98                               | 4,528(76)                                    | 4,528(76)  | 0  | 0          |
| Daniel E. Morocco                          | 2,264(77)                                    | 2,264(77)  | 0  | 0          |
|  | , - ( ,                                      | , - (,   |  |            |

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|   | Maximum Number of Shares of Common Number of Shares of Common Stock Sold Pursuant Owned  Maximum Number of Shares of Common Stock Sold Pursuant After Offering |                          |        |            |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------|------------|
| Name of Selling Shareholder                             | Prior to Offering  | Prospectus               | Number | Percentage |
| Jeffrey A. Gudin & Susan H. Gerber<br>JTWROS            | 12 505(70)   | 12 505/70\               | 0      | 0          |
| Maria A. Cantone  | 13,585(78)   | 13,585(78)               | 0      | 0          |
|   | 11,321(79)<br>11,321(80)   | 11,321(79)<br>11,321(80) | 0      | 0          |
| Robert M. Young   | 9,057(81)  | 9,057(81)                | 0      | 0          |
| James J. Young & June A. Young JT Ten<br>Bobby Nedbalek | 22,642(82)   | 22,642(82)               | 0      | 0          |
| Ivan Neathrey   | 22,642(83)   | 22,642(83)               | 0      | 0          |
| Dale W. Miller & Melanie Trevino JT TIC                 | 5,660(84)  | 5,660(84)                | 0      | 0          |
| Patrick A. Dennis                                       | 11,321(85)   | 11,321(85)               | 0      | 0          |
| David L. Reklau   | 5,660(86)  | 5,660(86)                | 0      | 0          |
| Joel D. Fedder  | 11,321(87)   | 11,321(87)               | 0      | 0          |
| Mordecai Bluth  | 3,396(88)  | 3,396(88)                | 0      | 0          |
| Gordon L. Reamey  | 4,528(89)  | 4,528(89)                | 0      | 0          |
| Charles Lasley & Rebecca Lasley JT Ten                  | 5,660(90)  | 5,660(90)                | 0      | 0          |
| David H. Benaderet                                      | 33,962(91)   | 33,962(91)               | 0      | 0          |
| George Gosen  | 4,528(92)  | 4,528(92)                | 0      | 0          |
| T. Michael Rahaim                                       | 4,528(93)  | 4,528(93)                | 0      | 0          |
| John Bridges Sr.  | 2,264(94)  | 2,264(94)                | 0      | 0          |
| Gordon J. Weiss   | 11,321(95)   | 11,321(95)               | 0      | 0          |
| Robert G. Conlin  | 3,396(96)  | 3,396(96)                | 0      | 0          |
| Steven Stein  | 5,660(97)  | 5,660(97)                | 0      | 0          |
| Kenneth W. Embry  | 4,528(98)  | 4,528                    |        |            |