EVEREST RE GROUP LTD
Form 10-Q
August 10, 2015
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED: Commission file number: June 30, 2015 1-15731

#### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Bermuda 98-0365432
(State or other jurisdiction of

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Wessex House – 2<sup>d</sup> Floor 45 Reid Street PO Box HM 845 Hamilton HM DX, Bermuda 441-295-0006

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

#### YESX NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

#### YESX NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer X Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company (Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

### YES NOX

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Number of Shares Outstanding

Class At August 1, 2015

Common Shares, \$0.01 par value 44,188,487

### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD

Table of Contents Form 10-Q

<u>Page</u> PART I

FINANCIAL INFORMATIO	<u>ON</u>	
Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2015 (unaudited)	
	and December 31, 2014	1
	Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the	
	three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	2
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the three and	
	six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	3
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)	4
	Notes to Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (unaudited)	5
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation	30
	results of operation	50
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	56
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	56

#### PART II

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	57
Item 1A	. Risk Factors	57
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	57
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	57
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	58
Item 5.	Other Information	58
Item 6.	Exhibits	58

# EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars and share amounts in thousands, except par value per share)	June 30, 2015 (unaudited)	December 31, 2014
ASSETS:		
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at market value (amortized cost: 2015, \$13,213,596; 2014, \$12,831,159)	\$13,474,801	\$13,101,067
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at fair value	228	1,509
Equity securities - available for sale, at market value (cost: 2015, \$147,512; 2014,		
\$148,326)	137,516	140,210
Equity securities - available for sale, at fair value	1,483,803	1,447,820
Short-term investments	1,901,807	1,705,932
Other invested assets (cost: 2015, \$665,153; 2014, \$601,925)	665,153	601,925
Cash	338,901	437,474
Total investments and cash	18,002,209	17,435,937
Accrued investment income	108,829	111,075
Premiums receivable	1,445,180	1,397,983
Reinsurance receivables	682,878	670,854
Funds held by reinsureds	233,447	228,192
Deferred acquisition costs	350,551	398,408
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	179,448	154,177
Income taxes	206,400	184,762
Other assets	273,954	236,436
TOTAL ASSETS	\$21,482,896	\$20,817,824
LIABILITIES:		
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$9,783,570	\$9,720,813
Future policy benefit reserve	59,456	59,820
Unearned premium reserve	1,562,078	1,728,745
Funds held under reinsurance treaties	78,553	3,932
Commission reserves	88,008	87,990
Other net payable to reinsurers	160,248	139,841
Losses in course of payment	251,980	157,527
4.868% Senior notes due 6/1/2044	400,000	400,000
6.6% Long term notes due 5/1/2067	238,366	238,364
Accrued interest on debt and borrowings	3,537	3,537
Equity index put option liability	40,819	47,022
Unsettled securities payable	72,834	41,092
Other liabilities	257,056	316,469
Total liabilities	12,996,505	12,945,152
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS:		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re	759,729	421,552
	,	*

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)

Preferred shares, par value: \$0.01; 50,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding Common shares, par value: \$0.01; 200,000 shares authorized; (2015) 68,555 and (2014) 68,336 outstanding before treasury shares 685 683 Additional paid-in capital 2,084,636 2,068,807 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of deferred income tax expense (benefit) of \$20,968 at 2015 and \$20,715 at 2014 (14,819)48,317 Treasury shares, at cost; 24,363 shares (2015) and 23,650 shares (2014) (2,485,897) (2,610,878)Retained earnings 8,267,038 7,819,210 Total shareholders' equity attributable to Everest Re Group 7,726,662 7,451,120 TOTAL LIABILITIES, NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY \$21,482,896 \$20,817,824

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 2014 (unaudited)		Six Months E June 30, 2015 (unaudited)	Ended 2014	
REVENUES: Premiums earned Net investment income Net realized capital gains (losses):	\$1,332,398 125,046	\$1,272,317 131,224	\$2,639,475 247,629	\$2,416,807 254,381	
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities transferred to other comprehensive income (loss)	(16,238 )	(389)	(42,256)	(389 )	
Other net realized capital gains (losses) Total net realized capital gains (losses)	(7,940 ) (24,178 )	59,405 59,016	7,573 (34,683 )	80,531 80,142	
Net derivative gain (loss) Other income (expense) Total revenues	6,445 (3,925) 1,435,786	3,774 (13,871) 1,452,460	6,203 42,148 2,900,772	2,113 (17,167 ) 2,736,276	
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES: Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses	790,661	735,697	1,513,126	1,355,106	
Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees Other underwriting expenses	294,917 63,951	283,687 58,414	582,084 124,615	529,689 109,052	
Corporate expenses Interest, fees and bond issue cost amortization expense Total claims and expenses	5,925 9,026 1,164,480	3,899 8,978 1,090,675	11,388 18,016 2,249,229	8,844 16,546 2,019,237	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES Income tax expense (benefit)	271,306 35,834	361,785 63,860	651,543 77,001	717,039 117,092	
NET INCOME (LOSS) Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO EVEREST RE	\$235,472 (26,415 )	\$297,925 (7,741)	\$574,542 (42,507)	\$599,947 (15,830 )	
GROUP	\$209,057	\$290,184	\$532,035	\$584,117	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on					
securities arising during the period Reclassification adjustment for realized losses (gains) included	(136,481)	85,921	(53,276)	139,392	
in net income (loss) Total URA(D) on securities arising during the period	12,747 (123,734)	2,169 88,090	34,930 (18,346 )	4,043 143,435	
Foreign currency translation adjustments	54,337	(763)	(48,003)	(3,400 )	
Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss) for the period Reclassification adjustment for amortization of net (gain) loss	-	-	-	-	
included in net income (loss)	1,609	770	3,213	1,541	

Total benefit plan net gain (loss) for the period Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax Other comprehensive (income) loss attributable to	1,609 (67,788	770 ) 88,097	3,213 (63,136	1,541 ) 141,576
noncontrolling interests	-	-	-	-
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax attributable				
to Everest Re Group	(67,788	) 88,097	(63,136	) 141,576
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$141,269	\$378,281	\$468,899	\$725,693
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO				
EVEREST RE GROUP:				
Basic	\$4.72	\$6.32	\$11.99	\$12.58
Diluted	4.68	6.26	11.88	12.46
Dividends declared	0.95	0.75	1.90	1.50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

### EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands, except share and dividends per share amounts)	2015 (unaudited)	2014	2015 (unaudited)	2014	
COMMON SHARES (shares outstanding): Balance, beginning of period Issued during the period, net	44,410,420 59,606	46,057,039 109,068	44,685,637 219,267	47,543,132 315,139	
Treasury shares acquired	(277,500)	(475,092)	(712,378)	(2,167,256)	
Balance, end of period	44,192,526	45,691,015	44,192,526	45,691,015	
COMMON SHARES (par value):					
Balance, beginning of period	\$685	\$682	\$683	\$680	
Issued during the period, net	-	1	2	3	
Balance, end of period	685	683	685	683	
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL:					
Balance, beginning of period	2,073,977	2,036,320	2,068,807	2,029,774	
Share-based compensation plans	10,659	16,362	15,829	22,908	
Balance, end of period	2,084,636	2,052,682	2,084,636	2,052,682	
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAXES:					
Balance, beginning of period	52,969	211,207	48,317	157,728	
Net increase (decrease) during the period	(67,788)	•	(63,136)	141,576	
Balance, end of period	(14,819 )		(14,819 )	299,304	
-	,	,	,	ŕ	
RETAINED EARNINGS:	0.000.026	<b>-</b> 005 150	<b>-</b> 040 <b>-</b> 40		
Balance, beginning of period	8,099,936	7,025,158	7,819,210	6,765,967	
Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group	209,057	290,184	532,035	584,117	
Dividends declared (\$0.95 per share in second quarter					
2015 and \$1.90 year-to-date					
per share in 2015 and \$0.75 per share in second quarter 2014 and \$1.50					
year-to-date per share in 2014)	(41,955)	(34,319)	(84,207)	(69,061)	
Balance, end of period	8,267,038	7,281,023	8,267,038	7,281,023	
-					
TREASURY SHARES AT COST:	(0.500.005)	(0.007.075)	(2.407.007.)	(1.005.050	
Balance, beginning of period	(2,560,937)			(1,985,873)	
Purchase of treasury shares	(49,941)	, , ,	, , ,	(324,951)	
Balance, end of period	(2,610,878)	(2,310,824)	(2,610,878)	(2,310,824)	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, END OF PERIOD	\$7,726,662	\$7,322,868	\$7,726,662	\$7,322,868	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

## EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Six Months Er		
	June 30,	•
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014
CACH ELOWIC EDOM ODED ATING ACTIVITIES.	(unaudited)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	¢ 574 540	¢ 500 047
Net income (loss)	\$574,542	\$599,947
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	(51.422 )	(07.927
Decrease (increase) in freedo held by rainsyands not	(51,422 )	(97,827 )
Decrease (increase) in funds held by reinsureds, net Decrease (increase) in reinsurance receivables	68,245	2,148
Decrease (increase) in income taxes	(32,526 ) (20,898 )	(137,077 ) 15,257
Decrease (increase) in prepaid reinsurance premiums	(28,916)	*
Increase (decrease) in reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	113,567	(68,346 ) 8,055
Increase (decrease) in future policy benefit reserve	(364)	(1,144)
Increase (decrease) in unearned premiums	(160,849 )	96,803
Increase (decrease) in other net payable to reinsurers	23,867	100,546
Increase (decrease) in losses in course of payment	95,003	161,990
Change in equity adjustments in limited partnerships	(12,840 )	
Distribution of limited partnership income	18,332	13,430
Change in other assets and liabilities, net	26,768	(56,872)
Non-cash compensation expense	10,364	9,768
Amortization of bond premium (accrual of bond discount)	25,514	27,068
Amortization of underwriting discount on senior notes	2	28
Net realized capital (gains) losses	34,683	(80,142)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	683,072	590,432
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from fixed maturities matured/called - available for sale, at market value	1,172,211	1,047,509
Proceeds from fixed maturities matured/called - available for sale, at fair value	-	875
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold - available for sale, at market value	731,673	606,476
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold - available for sale, at fair value	1,613	20,763
Proceeds from equity securities sold - available for sale, at market value	4,599	8,672
Proceeds from equity securities sold - available for sale, at fair value	300,620	304,892
Distributions from other invested assets	27,705	22,520
Cost of fixed maturities acquired - available for sale, at market value	(2,448,121)	(2,458,723)
Cost of fixed maturities acquired - available for sale, at fair value	(234)	(1,309)
Cost of equity securities acquired - available for sale, at market value	(5,541)	(10,619 )
Cost of equity securities acquired - available for sale, at fair value	(317,650)	(183,314)
Cost of other invested assets acquired	(98,890 )	(34,388)
Net change in short-term investments	(199,226)	(423,677)
Net change in unsettled securities transactions	4,475	20,633
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(826,766 )	(1,079,690)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Common shares issued during the period, net	5,468	13,143
Purchase of treasury shares	(124,981 )	(324,951)

Net proceeds from issuance of senior notes  Third party investment in redeemable noncontrolling interest  Subscription advances for third party redeemable noncontrolling interest	- 296,848 -	400,000 123,700 77,500
Dividends paid to shareholders	(84,207	) (69,061 )
Dividends paid on third party investment in redeemable noncontrolling interest	(41,178	) -
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	51,950	220,331
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	(6,829	) (885 )
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(98,573	) (269,812 )
Cash, beginning of period	437,474	611,382
Cash, end of period	\$338,901	\$341,570
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	¢02 252	¢07.241
Income taxes paid (recovered)	\$93,352	\$97,241
Interest paid	17,907	15,018

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 1. GENERAL

Everest Re Group, Ltd. ("Group"), a Bermuda company, through its subsidiaries, principally provides reinsurance and insurance in the U.S., Bermuda and international markets. As used in this document, "Company" means Group and its subsidiaries.

Effective February 27, 2013, the Company established a new subsidiary, Mt. Logan Re Ltd. ("Mt. Logan Re") and effective July 1, 2013, Mt. Logan Re established separate segregated accounts and issued non-voting redeemable preferred shares to capitalize the segregated accounts. Accordingly, the financial position and operating results for Mt. Logan Re are consolidated with the Company and the non-controlling interests in Mt. Logan Re's operating results and equity are presented as separate captions in the Company's financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results on an interim basis. Certain financial information, which is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), has been omitted since it is not required for interim reporting purposes. The December 31, 2014 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 included in the Company's most recent Form 10-K filing.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

### Application of Recently Issued Accounting Standard Changes.

No accounting standards or guidance have been issued recently that would have a material impact on the Company's financial statements or financial reporting process.

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost, market value and gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of available for sale, fixed maturity, equity security investments, carried at market value and other-than-temporary impairments ("OTTI") in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") are as follows for the periods indicated:

At June 30, 2015

	At June 30, 2015				OTTI in
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market	AOCI
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Appreciation	Depreciatio	n Value	(a)
Fixed maturity securities					
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of					
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$336,763	\$ 11,953	\$ (464	) \$348,252	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. states and political					
subdivisions	712,000	29,604	(2,885	) 738,719	-
Corporate securities	4,942,119	127,488	(32,992	) 5,036,615	2,297
Asset-backed securities	451,680	1,981	(1,579	) 452,082	-
Mortgage-backed securities					
Commercial	298,660	8,598	(1,798	) 305,460	-
Agency residential	2,181,733	37,251	(10,026	) 2,208,958	-
Non-agency residential	1,347	47	(45	) 1,349	-
Foreign government securities	1,321,212	59,975	(33,148	) 1,348,039	-
Foreign corporate securities	2,968,082	117,506	(50,261	) 3,035,327	-
Total fixed maturity securities	\$13,213,596	\$ 394,403	\$ (133,198	) \$13,474,801	\$ 2,297
Equity securities	\$147,512	\$ 3,322	\$ (13,318	\$137,516	\$ -
	At December	31, 2014			
					OTTI in

	At December	31, 2014			OTTI in	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market	AOCI	
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Appreciation	Depreciatio	n Value	(a)	
Fixed maturity securities						
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of						
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ \$221,052	\$ 10,290	\$ (304	) \$231,038	\$ -	
Obligations of U.S. states and political						
subdivisions	783,129	41,969	(626	) 824,472	-	
Corporate securities	4,626,002	143,889	(62,906	) 4,706,985	(6,910	)
Asset-backed securities	340,761	1,691	(1,230	) 341,222	-	
Mortgage-backed securities						
Commercial	231,439	10,675	(429	) 241,685	-	
Agency residential	2,157,182	37,555	(11,573	) 2,183,164	-	
Non-agency residential	2,734	54	(57	) 2,731	-	
Foreign government securities	1,488,144	71,177	(26,866	) 1,532,455	-	
Foreign corporate securities	2,980,716	109,673	(53,074	) 3,037,315	-	
Total fixed maturity securities	\$12,831,159	\$ 426,973	\$ (157,065	) \$13,101,067	\$ (6,910	)
Equity securities	\$148,326	\$ 3,831	\$ (11,947	) \$140,210	\$ -	

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents the amount of OTTI recognized in AOCI. Amount includes unrealized gains and losses on impaired securities relating to changes in the value of such securities subsequent to the impairment measurement date.

The amortized cost and market value of fixed maturity securities are shown in the following table by contractual maturity. Mortgage-backed securities are generally more likely to be prepaid than other fixed maturity securities. As the stated maturity of such securities may not be indicative of actual maturities, the totals for mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are shown separately.

	At June 30, 2015		At December	31, 2014
	Amortized	Market	Amortized	Market
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Fixed maturity securities – available for sale:				
Due in one year or less	\$1,052,896	\$1,062,418	\$1,183,247	\$1,189,416
Due after one year through five years	5,996,029	6,112,557	5,646,466	5,726,277
Due after five years through ten years	2,376,397	2,419,621	2,270,073	2,313,672
Due after ten years	854,854	912,356	999,257	1,102,900
Asset-backed securities	451,680	452,082	340,761	341,222
Mortgage-backed securities:				
Commercial	298,660	305,460	231,439	241,685
Agency residential	2,181,733	2,208,958	2,157,182	2,183,164
Non-agency residential	1,347	1,349	2,734	2,731
Total fixed maturity securities	\$13,213,596	\$13,474,801	\$12,831,159	\$13,101,067

The changes in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the Company's investments are derived from the following sources for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Increase (decrease) during the period between the market value and				
cost				
of investments carried at market value, and deferred taxes thereon:				
Fixed maturity securities	\$(144,172)	\$93,403	\$(17,910)	\$157,869
Fixed maturity securities, other-than-temporary impairment	(477)	5	9,207	81
Equity securities	(430)	4,531	(1,880)	6,614
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), pre-tax	(145,079)	97,939	(10,583)	164,564
Deferred tax benefit (expense)	21,344	(9,849)	(4,356)	(21,129)
Deferred tax benefit (expense), other-than-temporary impairment	1	-	(3,407)	-
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation),				
net of deferred taxes, included in shareholders' equity	\$(123,734)	\$88,090	\$(18,346)	\$143,435

The Company frequently reviews all of its fixed maturity, available for sale securities for declines in market value and focuses its attention on securities whose fair value has fallen below 80% of their amortized cost at the time of review. The Company then assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company evaluates the current market and interest rate environment as well as specific issuer information. Generally, a change in a security's value caused by a change in the market, interest rate or foreign exchange environment does not constitute an other-than-temporary impairment, but rather a temporary decline in market value. Temporary declines in market value are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If the Company determines that the decline is other-than-temporary and the Company does not have the intent to sell the security; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis, the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value. The fair

value adjustment that is credit or foreign exchange related is recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The fair value adjustment that is non-credit related is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, and is included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's assessments are based on the issuers current and expected future financial position, timeliness with respect to interest and/or principal payments, speed of repayments and any applicable credit enhancements or breakeven constant default rates on mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, as well as relevant information provided by rating agencies, investment advisors and analysts.

The majority of the Company's equity securities available for sale at market value are primarily comprised of mutual fund investments whose underlying securities consist of fixed maturity securities. When a fund's value reflects an unrealized loss, the Company assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company considers the composition of its portfolios and their related markets, reports received from the portfolio managers and discussions with portfolio managers. If the Company determines that the declines are temporary and it has the ability and intent to continue to hold the investments, then the declines are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If declines are deemed to be other-than-temporary, then the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value and recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Retrospective adjustments are employed to recalculate the values of asset-backed securities. All of the Company's asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities have a pass-through structure. Each acquisition lot is reviewed to recalculate the effective yield. The recalculated effective yield is used to derive a book value as if the new yield were applied at the time of acquisition. Outstanding principal factors from the time of acquisition to the adjustment date are used to calculate the prepayment history for all applicable securities. Conditional prepayment rates, computed with life to date factor histories and weighted average maturities, are used in the calculation of projected prepayments for pass-through security types.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at June 30, 2015 By Secu Less than 12 months Greater than 12 months				rity Type Total		
	Less than 12	Gross	Greater than	Gross	Total	Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	n
Fixed maturity securities -							
available for sale							
U.S. Treasury securities and							
obligations of							
U.S. government agencies and							
corporations	\$25,004	\$ (335)	\$1,969	\$ (129)	\$26,973	\$ (464	)
Obligations of U.S. states and							
political subdivisions	97,850	(2,141)	17,686	(744)	115,536	(2,885	)
Corporate securities	1,407,353	(24,960)	282,817	(8,032)	1,690,170	(32,992	)
Asset-backed securities	160,736	(1,565)	4,299	(14)	165,035	(1,579	)
Mortgage-backed securities							
Commercial	133,162	(1,798)	-	-	133,162	(1,798	)
Agency residential	419,093	(2,812)	417,728	(7,214)	836,821	(10,026	)
Non-agency residential	204	(2)	51	(43)	255	(45	)
Foreign government securities	337,577	(20,816)	98,995	(12,332)	436,572	(33,148	)
Foreign corporate securities	756,739	(38,986)	157,352	(11,275)	914,091	(50,261	)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$3,337,718	\$ (93,415)	\$980,897	\$ (39,783)	\$4,318,615	\$ (133,198	)
Equity securities	55,275	(5,071)	72,090	(8,247)	127,365	(13,318	)
Total	\$3,392,993	\$ (98,486)	\$1,052,987	\$ (48,030 )	\$4,445,980	\$ (146,516	)

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at June 30, 2015 By Maturity						
	Less than 12		Greater than	•	Total		
		Gross		Gross		Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	n
Fixed maturity securities							
Due in one year or less	\$87,985	\$ (7,088	) \$49,702	\$ (9,253)	\$137,687	\$ (16,341	)
Due in one year through five							
years	1,476,198	(45,857	) 332,321	(11,722)	1,808,519	(57,579	)
Due in five years through ten							
years	887,119	(28,977	) 136,078	(7,596)	1,023,197	(36,573	)
Due after ten years	173,221	(5,316	) 40,718	(3,941)	213,939	(9,257	)
Asset-backed securities	160,736	(1,565	) 4,299	(14)	165,035	(1,579	)
Mortgage-backed securities	552,459	(4,612	) 417,779	(7,257)	970,238	(11,869	)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$3,337,718	\$ (93,415	) \$ 980,897	\$ (39,783)	\$4,318,615	\$ (133,198	)

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2015 were \$4,445,980 thousand and \$146,516 thousand, respectively. The market value of securities for the single issuer whose securities comprised the largest unrealized loss position at June 30, 2015, did not exceed 0.5% of the overall market value of the Company's fixed maturity securities. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$93,415 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities, as well as foreign government securities. The majority of these unrealized losses are attributable to net unrealized foreign exchange losses, \$64,859 thousand, as the U.S. dollar has strengthened against other currencies and unrealized losses in the energy sector, \$20,351 thousand, as falling oil prices have disrupted the market values for this sector, particularly for oil exploration, production and servicing companies. The \$39,783 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to foreign and domestic corporate securities, foreign government securities and agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$33,964 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. There was no gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

The Company, given the size of its investment portfolio and capital position, does not have the intent to sell these securities; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis. In addition, all securities currently in an unrealized loss position are current with respect to principal and interest payments.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2014 By Security Type								
	Less than 12	months		Greater than	12 months		Total		
		Gross			Gross			Gross	
		Unrealized			Unrealized			Unrealize	d
	Market			Market			Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	on	Value	Depreciation	on	Value	Depreciat	ion
Fixed maturity securities -									
available for sale									
U.S. Treasury securities and									
obligations of									
U.S. government agencies and									
corporations	\$13,187	\$ (20	)	\$26,897	\$ (284	)	\$40,084	\$ (304	)
Obligations of U.S. states and									
political subdivisions	20,428	(242	)	18,199	(384	)	38,627	(626	)
Corporate securities	1,245,830	(55,388	)	362,320	(7,518	)	1,608,150	(62,906	)
Asset-backed securities	192,253	(1,230	)	-	-		192,253	(1,230	)
Mortgage-backed securities									
Commercial	28,191	(123	)	9,777	(306	)	37,968	(429	)
Agency residential	141,807	(172	)	678,972	(11,401	)	820,779	(11,573	)
Non-agency residential	-	-		266	(57	)	266	(57	)
Foreign government securities	235,725	(15,415	)	139,200	(11,451	)	374,925	(26,866	)

Foreign corporate securities	567,905	(36,926	) 290,234	(16,148	) 858,139	(53,074)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$2,445,326	\$ (109,516	) \$1,525,865	\$ (47,549	) \$3,971,191	\$ (157,065)
Equity securities	50,285	(4,068	) 73,994	(7,879	) 124,279	(11,947)
Total	\$2,495,611	\$ (113,584	) \$1,599,859	\$ (55,428	) \$4,095,470	\$ (169,012)

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2014 By Maturity						
	Less than 12	2 months	Greater than	12 months	Total		
		Gross		Gross		Gross	
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	Market		Market		Market		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciation	Value	Depreciatio	n
Fixed maturity securities							
Due in one year or less	\$98,021	\$ (5,166)	\$80,002	\$ (8,174	\$178,023	\$ (13,340	)
Due in one year through five							
years	1,233,244	(68,124)	518,613	(12,761	1,751,857	(80,885	)
Due in five years through ten							
years	679,374	(28,529)	187,717	(10,734	867,091	(39,263	)
Due after ten years	72,436	(6,172)	50,518	(4,116	) 122,954	(10,288	)
Asset-backed securities	192,253	(1,230)	-	-	192,253	(1,230	)
Mortgage-backed securities	169,998	(295)	689,015	(11,764	859,013	(12,059	)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$2,445,326	\$ (109,516)	\$1,525,865	\$ (47,549	\$3,971,191	\$ (157,065	)

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at December 31, 2014 were \$4,095,470 thousand and \$169,012 thousand, respectively. The market value of securities for the single issuer whose securities comprised the largest unrealized loss position at December 31, 2014, did not exceed 0.2% of the overall market value of the Company's fixed maturity securities. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$109,516 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities, as well as foreign government securities. The majority of these unrealized losses are attributable to unrealized losses in the energy sector, \$58,891 thousand, as falling oil prices disrupted the market values for this sector, particularly for oil exploration, production and servicing companies during the fourth quarter of 2014 and unrealized foreign exchange losses, \$34,687 thousand, as the U.S. dollar has strengthened against other currencies. The \$47,549 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to foreign and domestic corporate securities, foreign government securities and agency residential mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$42,884 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included \$15 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

The components of net investment income are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Fixed maturities	\$109,481	\$117,562	\$218,836	\$233,815
Equity securities	13, 015	13,566	24,693	25,025
Short-term investments and cash	456	577	703	907
Other invested assets				
Limited partnerships	6,655	6,226	13,623	3,968
Other	983	330	1,608	2,351
Gross investment income before adjustments	130,590	138,261	259,463	266,066

Funds held interest income (expense)	2,717	2,041	5,593	5,058
Future policy benefit reserve income (expense)	(709)	(141)	(1,102)	(444 )
Gross investment income	132,598	140,161	263,954	270,680
Investment expenses	(7,552)	(8,937)	(16,325)	(16,299)
Net investment income	\$125,046	\$131,224	\$247,629	\$254,381

The Company records results from limited partnership investments on the equity method of accounting with changes in value reported through net investment income. Due to the timing of receiving financial information from these partnerships, the results are generally reported on a one month or quarter lag. If the Company determines there has been a significant decline in value of a limited partnership during this lag period, a loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The Company had contractual commitments to invest up to an additional \$425,400 thousand in limited partnerships at June 30, 2015. These commitments will be funded when called in accordance with the partnership agreements, which have investment periods that expire, unless extended, through 2020.

The components of net realized capital gains (losses) are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

				Six Months Ended June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2015		2014		2015	2014
Fixed maturity securities, market value:						
Other-than-temporary impairments	\$(16,238	)	\$(389	)	\$(42,256)	\$(389)
Gains (losses) from sales	(2,570	)	(1,695	)	(10,594)	(3,643)
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:						
Gains (losses) from sales	14		-		42	940
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments	(6	)	-		56	-
Equity securities, market value:						
Gains (losses) from sales	(901	)	(566	)	(882)	(1,054)
Equity securities, fair value:						
Gains (losses) from sales	755		1,365		605	(50)
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments	(5,232	)	60,305		18,346	84,340
Short-term investments gains (losses)	-		(4	)	-	(2)
Total net realized capital gains (losses)	\$(24,178	)	\$59,016		\$(34,683)	\$80,142

The Company recorded as net realized capital gains (losses) in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) both fair value re-measurements and write-downs in the value of securities deemed to be impaired on an other-than-temporary basis as displayed in the table above. The Company had no other-than-temporary impaired securities where the impairment had both a credit and non-credit component.

The proceeds and split between gross gains and losses, from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Month June 30,	s Ended
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Proceeds from sales of fixed maturity securities	\$376,238	\$277,767	\$733,286	\$627,239
Gross gains from sales	16,864	8,071	25,699	16,007
Gross losses from sales	(19,420)	(9,766)	(36,251)	(18,710)
Proceeds from sales of equity securities	\$167,170	\$134,432	\$305,219	\$313,564
Gross gains from sales	8,434	3,882	13,640	10,502
Gross losses from sales	(8,580)	(3,083)	(13,917)	(11,606)

#### 4. DERIVATIVES

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts, based on two indices, in 2001 and 2005, which remain outstanding. The Company sold these equity index put options as insurance products with the intent of achieving a

profit. These equity index put option contracts meet the definition of a derivative under FASB guidance and the Company's position in these equity index put option contracts is unhedged. Accordingly, these equity index put option contracts are carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets with changes in fair value recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The Company sold six equity index put option contracts, based on the Standard & Poor's 500 ("S&P 500") index, for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$22,530 thousand. At June 30, 2015, fair value for these equity index put option contracts was \$32,173 thousand. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the June 30, 2015 S&P 500 index value, the Company estimates the probability that each equity index put option contract of the S&P 500 index falling below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 18%. The theoretical maximum payouts under these six equity index put option contracts would occur if on each of the exercise dates the S&P 500 index value were zero. At June 30, 2015, the present value of these theoretical maximum payouts using a 3% discount factor was \$426,214 thousand. Conversely, if the contracts had all expired on June 30, 2015, with the S&P index at \$2,063.11, there would have been no settlement amount.

The Company sold one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$6,706 thousand. At June 30, 2015, fair value for this equity index put option contract was \$8,646 thousand. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the June 30, 2015 FTSE 100 index value, the Company estimates the probability that the equity index put option contract of the FTSE 100 index will fall below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 42%. The theoretical maximum payout under the equity index put option contract would occur if on the exercise date the FTSE 100 index value was zero. At June 30, 2015, the present value of the theoretical maximum payout using a 3% discount factor and current exchange rate was \$43,847 thousand. Conversely, if the contract had expired on June 30, 2015, with the FTSE index at 6,521.00, there would have been no settlement amount.

The fair value of the equity index put options can be found in the Company's consolidated balance sheets as follows:

(Dollars in thousands) Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	Location of fair value in balance sheets	At June 30, 2015	At December 31, 2014
Equity index put option contracts	Equity index put option liability	\$ 40,819	\$ 47,022
Total		\$ 40,819	\$ 47,022

The change in fair value of the equity index put option contracts can be found in the Company's statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)		For the Three Ended	Months	For the Six I Ended	Months
Derivatives not designated	Location of gain (loss) in statements				
as	of operations and comprehensive	June 30,		June 30,	
hedging instruments	income (loss)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Equity index put option contracts Total	Net derivative gain (loss)	\$ 6,445 \$ 6,445	\$ 3,774 \$ 3,774	\$ 6,203 \$ 6,203	\$ 2,113 \$ 2,113

#### 5. FAIR VALUE

GAAP guidance regarding fair value measurements address how companies should measure fair value when they are required to use fair value measures for recognition or disclosure purposes under GAAP and provides a common definition of fair value to be used throughout GAAP. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an

asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly fashion between market participants at the measurement date. In addition, it establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for the disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based on the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability. The level in the hierarchy within which a given fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the measurement, with Level 1 being the highest priority and Level 3 being the lowest priority.

The levels in the hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level Inputs to the valuation methodology are observable inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market;

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument;

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company's fixed maturity and equity securities are primarily managed by third party investment asset managers. The investment asset managers obtain prices from nationally recognized pricing services. These services seek to utilize market data and observations in their evaluation process. They use pricing applications that vary by asset class and incorporate available market information and when fixed maturity securities do not trade on a daily basis the services will apply available information through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. In addition, they use model processes, such as the Option Adjusted Spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios for securities that have prepayment features.

In limited instances where prices are not provided by pricing services or in rare instances when a manager may not agree with the pricing service, price quotes on a non-binding basis are obtained from investment brokers. The investment asset managers do not make any changes to prices received from either the pricing services or the investment brokers. In addition, the investment asset managers have procedures in place to review the reasonableness of the prices from the service providers and may request verification of the prices. In addition, the Company continually performs analytical reviews of price changes and tests the prices on a random basis to an independent pricing source. No material variances were noted during these price validation procedures. In limited situations, where financial markets are inactive or illiquid, the Company may use its own assumptions about future cash flows and risk-adjusted discount rates to determine fair value. Due to the unavailability of prices for one private placement security, the Company valued the security at \$7,350 thousand at June 30, 2015 and made no such adjustments at December 31, 2014.

The Company internally manages a small public equity portfolio which had a fair value at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 of \$233,025 thousand and \$196,980 thousand, respectively, and all prices were obtained from publically published sources.

Equity securities denominated in U.S. currency with quoted prices in active markets for identical assets are categorized as level 1 since the quoted prices are directly observable. Equity securities traded on foreign exchanges are categorized as level 2 due to the added input of a foreign exchange conversion rate to determine fair or market value. The Company uses foreign currency exchange rates published by nationally recognized sources.

All categories of fixed maturity securities listed in the tables below are generally categorized as level 2, since a particular security may not have traded but the pricing services are able to use valuation models with observable market inputs such as interest rate yield curves and prices for similar fixed maturity securities in terms of issuer, maturity and seniority. For foreign government securities and foreign corporate securities, the fair values provided by the third party pricing services in local currencies, and where applicable, are converted to U.S. dollars using currency exchange rates from nationally recognized sources.

The fixed maturities with fair values categorized as level 3 result when prices are not available from the nationally recognized pricing services. The asset managers will then obtain non-binding price quotes for the securities from brokers. The single broker quotes are provided by market makers or broker-dealers who are recognized as market participants in the markets in which they are providing the quotes. The prices received from brokers are reviewed for reasonableness by the third party asset managers and the Company. If the broker quotes are for foreign denominated securities, the quotes are converted to U.S. dollars using currency exchange rates from nationally recognized sources. Historically, most of the level 3 fixed maturities have resulted from new issuances and the third party prices services have not yet included the issuance in their data base. Generally, in subsequent measurement periods, the issuances will be included in the data base and the fair value will transfer to level 2.

The composition and valuation inputs for the presented fixed maturities categories are as follows:

U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations are primarily comprised of ·U.S. Treasury bonds and the fair value is based on observable market inputs such as quoted prices, reported trades, quoted prices for similar issuances or benchmark yields;

Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions are comprised of state and municipal bond issuances and the fair values are based on observable market inputs such as quoted market prices, quoted prices for similar securities, benchmark yields and credit spreads;

Corporate securities are primarily comprised of U.S. corporate and public utility bond issuances and the fair values are based on observable market inputs such as quoted market prices, quoted prices for similar securities, benchmark yields and credit spreads;

Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities fair values are based on observable inputs such as quoted prices, reported trades, quoted prices for similar issuances or benchmark yields and cash flow models using observable inputs such as prepayment speeds, collateral performance and default spreads;

Foreign government securities are comprised of global non-U.S. sovereign bond issuances and the fair values are based on observable market inputs such as quoted market prices, quoted prices for similar securities and models with observable inputs such as benchmark yields and credit spreads and then, where applicable, converted to U.S. dollars using an exchange rate from a nationally recognized source;

Foreign corporate securities are comprised of global non-U.S. corporate bond issuances and the fair values are based on observable market inputs such as quoted market prices, quoted prices for similar securities and models with observable inputs such as benchmark yields and credit spreads and then, where applicable, converted to U.S. dollars using an exchange rate from a nationally recognized source.

The Company's liability for equity index put options is categorized as level 3 since there is no active market for these seven long dated equity put options. The fair values for these options are calculated by the Company using an industry accepted pricing model, Black-Scholes. The model inputs and assumptions are: risk free interest rates, equity market indexes values, volatilities and dividend yields and duration. The model results are then adjusted for the Company's credit default swap rate. All of these inputs and assumptions are updated quarterly. One of the option contacts is in British Pound Sterling so the fair value for this contract is converted to U.S. dollars using an exchange rate from a nationally recognized source.

The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

		Fair Value M Quoted Prices in Active	Measurement U Significant	sing:
(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2015	Markets for Identical Assets	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:	00110 00, 2010	(20,011)	(20,012)	(20,010)
Fixed maturities, market value U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of				
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$348,252	\$-	\$348,252	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. States and political subdivisions	738,719	-	738,719	-
Corporate securities	5,036,615	-	5,034,657	1,958
Asset-backed securities	452,082	-	452,082	-
Mortgage-backed securities				
Commercial	305,460	-	305,460	-
Agency residential	2,208,958	-	2,208,958	-
Non-agency residential	1,349	-	1,349	-
Foreign government securities	1,348,039	-	1,348,039	-
Foreign corporate securities	3,035,327	-	3,027,490	7,837
Total fixed maturities, market value	13,474,801	-	13,465,006	9,795
Fixed maturities, fair value	228	-	228	-
Equity securities, market value	137,516	122,578	14,938	-
Equity securities, fair value	1,483,803	1,365,367	118,436	-
Liabilities:				
Equity index put option contracts	\$40,819	\$-	\$-	\$ 40,819

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

		Fair Value Measurement Using: Quoted Prices in Active Significant Markets		
		for Identical Assets	Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
(Dollars in thousands)	December 31, 2014		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Assets:	, , ,	,		(
Fixed maturities, market value U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of				
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ 231,038	\$-	\$231,038	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. States and political subdivisions	824,472	-	824,472	-
Corporate securities	4,706,985	-	4,706,985	-
Asset-backed securities	341,222	-	341,222	-
Mortgage-backed securities				
Commercial	241,685	-	233,088	8,597
Agency residential	2,183,164	-	2,183,164	-
Non-agency residential	2,731	-	2,731	-
Foreign government securities	1,532,455	-	1,532,455	-
Foreign corporate securities	3,037,315	-	3,030,149	7,166
Total fixed maturities, market value	13,101,067	-	13,085,304	15,763
Fixed maturities, fair value	1,509	-	1,509	-
Equity securities, market value	140,210	124,295	15,915	-
Equity securities, fair value	1,447,820	1,337,396	110,424	-
Liabilities:				
Equity index put option contracts	\$ 47,022	\$-	\$-	\$ 47,022

The following tables present the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs by asset type, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
	Corporate	Foreign		Corpora	te	Foreign	
(Dollars in thousands)	Securities	Corporate	Total	Securitie	eCMBS	Corporate	e Total
Beginning balance	\$ 2,653	\$ 6,125	\$ 8,778	\$-	\$8,597	\$ 7,166	\$15,763
Total gains or (losses)							
(realized/unrealized)							
Included in earnings	2	58	60	4	-	115	119
Included in other comprehensive income							
(loss)	(3)	1,169	1,166	(2)	-	71	69
Purchases, issuances and settlements	(12)	-	(12	) 1,928	-	-	1,928
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3	(682)	485	(197	) 28	(8,597)	485	(8,084)
Ending balance	\$ 1,958	\$ 7,837	\$ 9,795	\$1,958	\$-	\$ 7,837	\$9,795
The amount of total gains or losses for the period							
included in earnings (or changes in net assets)							
attributable to the change in unrealized gains							
or losses relating to assets still held							
at the reporting date	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
(Some amounts may not reconcile due to							

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

		onths End c <b>Fed</b> eign		*	Six Months Ended Asset-backedeign	*	
(Dollars in thousands)	Securitie	esCorpora	te RMBS	Total	Securities Corpora	te RMBS	Total
Beginning balance	\$3,672	\$ 473	\$ 264	\$4,409	\$5,299 \$481	\$ 347	\$6,127
Total gains or (losses)							
(realized/unrealized)							
Included in earnings	38	17	4	59	56 18	142	216
Included in other comprehensive							
income (loss)	42	(20	) (3	) 19	75 (20	) (24	) 31
Purchases, issuances and							
settlements	(752)	(470	) (6	) (1,228)	(1,494) (479	) (206	) (2,179)
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level							
3	-	-	-	-	(936 ) -	-	(936)
Ending balance	\$3,000	\$ -	\$ 259	\$3,259	\$3,000 \$-	\$ 259	\$3,259

The amount of total gains or losses for the period

included in earnings (or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets still held at the reporting date

\$- \$- \$- \$- \$-- \$-

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The net transfers to/(from) level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, of \$8,084 thousand and \$936 thousand of investments for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, primarily relate to securities that were priced using single non-binding broker quotes as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The securities were subsequently priced using a recognized pricing service as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and were classified as level 2 as of those dates.

The following table presents the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs for equity index put option contracts, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mont June 30,	hs Ended
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Liabilities:				
Balance, beginning of period	\$47,264	\$37,083	\$47,022	\$35,423
Total (gains) or losses (realized/unrealized)				
Included in earnings	(6,445)	(3,774)	(6,203)	(2,113)
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-
Purchases, issuances and settlements	-	-	-	-
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of period	\$40,819	\$ 33,309	\$40,819	\$33,309
The amount of total gains or losses for the period included in earnings (or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in unrealized				
gains or losses relating to liabilities still held at the reporting date	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

#### 6. REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS - MT. LOGAN RE

Mt. Logan Re is a Class 3 insurer registered in Bermuda effective February 27, 2013 under The Segregated Accounts Companies Act 2000 and 100% of the voting common shares are owned by Group. Separate segregated accounts have been established effective July 1, 2013 and non-voting, redeemable preferred shares have been issued to capitalize the segregated accounts. Each segregated account will invest in a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographic regions globally. The financial statements for Mt. Logan Re are consolidated with the Company with adjustments reflected for the third party noncontrolling interests reflected as separate captions in the Company's financial statements.

The following table presents the activity for redeemable noncontrolling interests in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	Twelve Months Ended December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014
Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re, beginning of period	\$ 421,552	\$ 93,378
Unaffiliated third party investments during period, net	336,848	279,200
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	42,507	59,307
Dividends paid on third party investment in redeemable noncontrolling		
interest	(41,178	) (10,334 )
Redeemable noncontrolling interests - Mt. Logan Re, end of period	\$ 759,729	\$ 421,552

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

In addition, the Company has invested \$50,000 thousand in the segregated accounts from inception to date.

The Company expects its participation level in the segregated funds to fluctuate over time.

#### 7. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

On July 9, 2014, the Company renewed its shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), as a Well Known Seasoned Issuer. This shelf registration statement can be used by Group to register common shares, preferred shares, debt securities, warrants, share purchase contracts and share purchase units; by Holdings to register debt securities and by Everest Re Capital Trust III ("Capital Trust III") to register trust preferred securities.

#### 8. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that would occur if options granted under various share-based compensation plans were exercised resulting in the issuance of common shares that would participate in the earnings of the entity.

Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group per common share has been computed as per below, based upon weighted average common basic and dilutive shares outstanding.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group per share: Numerator	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income (loss) attributable to Everest Re Group Less: dividends declared-common shares and nonvested	\$209,057	\$290,184	\$532,035	\$584,117
common shares	(41,955)	(34,319)	(84,207)	(69,061)
Undistributed earnings	167,102	255,865	447,828	515,056
Percentage allocated to common shareholders (1)	98.9 %	98.9 %		99.0 %
	165,306	253,146	443,046	509,853
Add: dividends declared-common shareholders	41,529	33,971	83,345	68,362
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per common				
share	\$206,835	\$287,117	\$526,391	\$578,215
Denominator				
Denominator for basic earnings per weighted-average				
common shares	43,804	45,441	43,915	45,957
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Options	393	423	405	431
Denominator for diluted earnings per adjusted				
weighted-average common shares	44,197	45,864	44,320	46,388
Per common share net income (loss)				
Basic	\$4.72	\$6.32	\$11.99	\$12.58
Diluted	\$4.68	\$6.26	\$11.88	\$12.46
(1) Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding and	43,804	45,441	43,915	45,957
nonvested common shares expected to vest	44,280	45,929	44,389	46,426
Percentage allocated to common shareholders	98.9 %	98.9 %	98.9 %	99.0 %
(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)				

There were no anti-diluted options outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

All outstanding options expire on or between September 21, 2015 and September 19, 2022.

#### 9. CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in lawsuits, arbitrations and other formal and informal dispute resolution procedures, the outcomes of which will determine the Company's rights and obligations under insurance and reinsurance agreements. In some disputes, the Company seeks to enforce its rights under an agreement or to collect funds owing to it. In other matters, the Company is resisting attempts by others to collect funds or enforce alleged rights. These disputes arise from time to time and are ultimately resolved through both informal and formal means, including negotiated resolution, arbitration and litigation. In all such matters, the Company believes that its positions are legally and commercially reasonable. The Company considers the statuses of these proceedings when determining its reserves for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Aside from litigation and arbitrations related to these insurance and reinsurance agreements, the Company is not a party to any other material litigation or arbitration.

The Company has entered into separate annuity agreements with The Prudential Insurance of America ("The Prudential") and an additional unaffiliated life insurance company in which the Company has either purchased annuity contracts or become the assignee of annuity proceeds that are meant to settle claim payment obligations in the future. In both instances, the Company would become contingently liable if either The Prudential or the unaffiliated life insurance company were unable to make payments related to the respective annuity contract.

The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

	At June 30,	At December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014
The Prudential	\$ 142,618	\$ 142,653
Unaffiliated life insurance company	31,780	31,964

#### 10. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following tables present the components of comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

	Tillee Moliti	Tax	e 30, 2013	Before	S Eliaca Julic	30, 2013
(Dollars in thousands)	Before Tax	Effect	Net of Tax	Tax	Tax Effect	Net of Tax
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)						
("URA(D)") on securities - temporary	\$(164,311)	\$ 28,306	\$(136,005)	\$(73,522)	\$ 14,446	\$ (59,076)
URA(D) on securities - OTTI	(477)	1	(476)	9,207	(3,407)	5,800
Reclassification of net realized losses						
(gains) included in net income (loss)	19,709	(6,962)	12,747	53,732	(18,802)	34,930
Foreign currency translation adjustments	63,031	(8,694)	54,337	(57,244)	9,241	(48,003)
Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification of benefit plan liability						
amortization included in net income						
(loss)	2,476	(867)	1,609	4,943	(1,730 )	3,213
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(79,572)	\$ 11,784	\$(67,788)	\$(62,884)	\$ (252)	\$ (63,136)
	Three Mont	the Endad Jur	na 30-2014	Six Months	s Ended June	20, 2014
	Before	ins Ended Jui	Net of	Before	Ended June	30, 2014
(Dollars in thousands)		Tax Effect	•			Net of Tax
(Dollars in thousands) Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	Before		Net of Tax	Before		
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary	Before		Net of Tax	Before		Net of Tax
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI	Before Tax	Tax Effect	Net of Tax	Before Tax	Tax Effect	Net of Tax
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses	Before Tax \$ 95,284 5	Tax Effect \$ (9,368 )	Net of Tax \$ 85,916 5	Before Tax \$159,397 81	Tax Effect \$ (20,086 )	Net of Tax \$139,311 81
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss)	Before Tax \$ 95,284 5 2,650	Tax Effect \$ (9,368 ) - (481 )	Net of Tax \$ 85,916 5 2,169	Before Tax \$159,397 81 5,086	Tax Effect \$ (20,086 ) - (1,043 )	Net of Tax \$ 139,311 81 4,043
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments	Before Tax \$ 95,284 5	Tax Effect \$ (9,368 )	Net of Tax \$ 85,916 5	Before Tax \$159,397 81	Tax Effect \$ (20,086 )	Net of Tax \$139,311 81
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss)	Before Tax \$ 95,284 5 2,650	Tax Effect \$ (9,368 ) - (481 )	Net of Tax \$ 85,916 5 2,169	Before Tax \$159,397 81 5,086	Tax Effect \$ (20,086 ) - (1,043 )	Net of Tax \$ 139,311 81 4,043
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss) Reclassification of benefit plan liability	Before Tax \$ 95,284 5 2,650 2,856	Tax Effect \$ (9,368 ) - (481 ) (3,619 )	Net of Tax  \$ 85,916  5  2,169 (763)	Before Tax \$159,397 81 5,086 (4,000)	Tax Effect \$ (20,086 ) - (1,043 ) 600	Net of Tax \$ 139,311 81 4,043 (3,400)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities - temporary URA(D) on securities - OTTI Reclassification of net realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss) Foreign currency translation adjustments Benefit plan actuarial net gain (loss)	Before Tax \$ 95,284 5 2,650 2,856	Tax Effect \$ (9,368 ) - (481 )	Net of Tax \$ 85,916 5 2,169	Before Tax \$159,397 81 5,086	Tax Effect \$ (20,086 ) - (1,043 )	Net of Tax \$139,311 81 4,043 (3,400)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

The following table presents details of the amounts reclassified from AOCI for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Month		
	June 30,		June 30,		Affected line item within the statements of
AOCI component	2015	2014	2015	2014	operations and comprehensive income (loss)
(Dollars in thousands)					
URA(D) on securities	\$ 19,709	\$ 2,650	\$53,732	\$5,086	Other net realized capital gains (losses)
	(6,962)	(481)	(18,802)	(1,043	)Income tax expense (benefit)
	\$ 12,747	\$ 2,169	\$34,930	\$4,043	Net income (loss)
Benefit plan net gain (loss)	\$ 2,476	\$ 1,185	\$4,943	\$2,371	Other underwriting expenses
	(867)	(415)	(1,730)	(830	)Income tax expense (benefit)
	\$ 1,609	\$ 770	\$3,213	\$1,541	Net income (loss)

The following table presents the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	De	welve Months En	ided
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	20	14	
Beginning balance of URA (D) on securities	\$ 223,250	\$	201,154	
Current period change in URA (D) of investments - temporary	(24,146	)	28,767	
Current period change in URA (D) of investments - non-credit OTTI	5,800		(6,671	)
Ending balance of URA (D) on securities	204,904		223,250	
Beginning balance of foreign currency translation adjustments	(99,947	)	(4,530	)
Current period change in foreign currency translation adjustments	(48,003	)	(95,417	)
Ending balance of foreign currency translation adjustments	(147,950	)	(99,947	)
Beginning balance of benefit plan net gain (loss)	(74,986	)	(38,896	)
Current period change in benefit plan net gain (loss)	3,213		(36,090	)
Ending balance of benefit plan net gain (loss)	(71,773	)	(74,986	)
Ending balance of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (14,819	) \$	48,317	

#### 11. CREDIT FACILITIES

The Company has two active credit facilities for a total commitment of up to \$1,100,000 thousand, providing for the issuance of letters of credit and/or unsecured revolving credit lines. The following table presents the costs incurred in connection with the two credit facilities for the periods indicated:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Months Ende	
	June 30,		June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Credit facility fees incurred	\$ 167	\$ 221	\$ 299	\$ 395

The terms and outstanding amounts for each facility are discussed below:

#### **Group Credit Facility**

Effective June 22, 2012, Group, Bermuda Re and Everest International entered into a four year, \$800,000 thousand senior credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, which amended and restated in its entirety the July 27, 2007, five year, \$850,000 thousand senior credit facility. Both the June 22, 2012 and July 27, 2007 senior credit facilities, which have similar terms, are referred to as the "Group Credit Facility". Wells Fargo Corporation ("Wells Fargo Bank") is the administrative agent for the Group Credit Facility, which consists of two tranches. Tranche one provides up to \$200,000 thousand of unsecured revolving credit for liquidity and general corporate purposes, and for the issuance of unsecured standby letters of credit. The interest on the revolving loans shall, at the Company's option, be either (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a margin. The Base Rate is the higher of (a) the prime commercial lending rate established by Wells Fargo Bank, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum or (c) the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum. The amount of margin and

the fees payable for the Group Credit Facility depends on Group's senior unsecured debt rating. Tranche two exclusively provides up to \$600,000 thousand for the issuance of standby letters of credit on a collateralized basis.

The Group Credit Facility requires Group to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and to maintain a minimum net worth. Minimum net worth is an amount equal to the sum of \$4,249,963 thousand plus 25% of consolidated net income for each of Group's fiscal quarters, for which statements are available ending on or after January 1, 2012 and for which consolidated net income is positive, plus 25% of any increase in consolidated net worth during such period attributable to the issuance of ordinary and preferred shares, which at June 30, 2015, was \$5,252,761 thousand. As of June 30, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all Group Credit Facility covenants.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)		At June 30, 2015		At December 31, 20		4	
				Date of			Date of
Bank		Commitme	enn Use	Expiry	Commitme	enn Use	Expiry
Wells Fargo Bank Group Credit	Tranche						
Facility	One	\$200,000	\$-		\$200,000	\$-	
	Tranche						
	Two	600,000	450,100	12/31/2015	600,000	444,012	12/31/2015
Total Wells Fargo Bank Group							
Credit Facility		\$800,000	\$450,100		\$800,000	\$444,012	

#### Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility

Effective December 31, 2014, Bermuda Re renewed its \$300,000 thousand letter of credit issuance facility with Citibank N.A. referred to as the "Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility", which commitment is reconfirmed annually with updated fees. The Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility provides for the issuance of up to \$300,000 thousand of secured letters of credit to collateralize reinsurance obligations as a non-admitted reinsurer. The interest on drawn letters of credit shall be (A) 0.35% per annum of the principal amount of issued standard letters of credit (expiry of 15 months or less) and (B) 0.45% per annum of the principal amount of issued extended tenor letters of credit (expiry maximum of up to 60 months). The commitment fee on undrawn credit shall be 0.15% per annum.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At June 30	, 2015		At December 31, 2014		
Bank	Commitme	enn Use	Date of Expiry	Commitme	ennin Use	Date of Expiry
Citibank Bilateral Letter of Credit						
Agreement	\$300,000	\$3,672	11/24/2015	\$300,000	\$112	8/30/2015
		68,772	12/31/2015		3,672	11/24/2015
		106	8/30/2016		70,922	12/31/2015
		2,950	12/31/2016		2,014	12/31/2016
		132,877	6/30/2019		149,353	12/31/2018
Total Citibank Bilateral Agreement	\$300,000	\$208,377		\$300,000	\$226,073	

#### **Holdings Credit Facility - Expired**

Effective August 15, 2011, the Company entered into a three year, \$150,000 thousand unsecured revolving credit facility, referred to as the "Holdings Credit Facility", which expired on August 15, 2014. The Company decided not to renew the Holdings Credit Facility at expiration.

#### 12. REINSURANCE AND TRUST AGREEMENTS

Certain subsidiaries of Group have established trust agreements, which effectively use the Company's investments as collateral, as security for assumed losses payable to certain non-affiliated ceding companies. At June 30, 2015, the total amount on deposit in trust accounts was \$338,091 thousand.

On April 24, 2014, the Company entered into two collateralized reinsurance agreements with Kilimanjaro Re Limited ("Kilimanjaro"), a Bermuda based special purpose reinsurer, to provide the Company with catastrophe reinsurance coverage. These agreements are multi-year reinsurance contracts which cover specified named storm and earthquake events. The first agreement provides up to \$250,000 thousand of reinsurance coverage from named storms in specified states of the Southeastern United States. The second agreement provides up to \$200,000 thousand of reinsurance coverage from named storms in specified states of the Southeast, Mid-Atlantic and Northeast regions of the United States and Puerto Rico as well as reinsurance coverage from earthquakes in specified states of the Southeast, Mid-Atlantic, Northeast and West regions of the United States, Puerto Rico and British Columbia.

On November 18, 2014, the Company entered into a collateralized reinsurance agreement with Kilimanjaro Re to provide the Company with catastrophe reinsurance coverage. This agreement is a multi-year reinsurance contract which covers specified earthquake events. The agreement provides up to \$500,000 thousand of reinsurance coverage from earthquakes in the United States, Puerto Rico and Canada.

Kilimanjaro has financed the various property catastrophe reinsurance coverage by issuing catastrophe bonds to unrelated, external investors. On April 24, 2014, Kilimanjaro issued \$450,000 thousand of variable rate notes ("Series 2014-1 Notes"). On November 18, 2014, Kilimanjaro issued \$500,000 thousand of variable rate notes ("Series 2014-2 Notes"). The proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2014-1 Notes and the Series 2014-2 Notes are held in reinsurance trust throughout the duration of the applicable reinsurance agreements and invested solely in US government money market funds with a rating of at least "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

#### 13. SENIOR NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding senior notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these senior notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

			June 30, 20 Consolidate		December 3 Consolidate	*
			Balance		Balance	
(Dollars in		Principal	Sheet	Market	Sheet	Market
thousands) Date Issu	ed Date Due	Amounts	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
4.868% Senior notes 06/05/20	14 06/01/2044	\$ 400,000	\$400,000	\$ 388,680	\$400,000	\$ 404,892
5.40% Senior notes 10/12/20	04 10/15/2014	250 000	_	_	_	_

On June 5, 2014, Holdings issued \$400,000 thousand of 30 year senior notes at 4.868%, which will mature on June 1, 2044. Interest will be paid semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The proceeds from the issuance have been used in part to pay off the \$250,000 thousand of 5.40% senior notes which matured on October 15, 2014.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these senior notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

	June 30,		June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Interest expense incurred	\$ 4.868	\$ 4.741	\$ 9.736	\$8,129	

#### 14. LONG TERM SUBORDINATED NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these subordinated notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

		Maturity Date	June 30, 2 Consolida		December Consolidat	,
	Original		Balance	.00	Balance	
(Dollars in	Principal		Sheet	Market	Sheet	Market
thousands)	Date Issued Amount	Scheduled Final	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
6.6% Long term						
subordinated						
notes	04/26/2007 \$ 400,000	05/15/2037 05/01/2067	\$238,366	\$ 232,027	\$238,364	\$ 246,312

During the fixed rate interest period from May 3, 2007 through May 14, 2017, interest will be at the annual rate of 6.6%, payable semi-annually in arrears on November 15 and May 15 of each year, commencing on November 15, 2007, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. During the floating rate interest period from May 15, 2017 through maturity, interest will be based on the 3 month LIBOR plus 238.5 basis points, reset quarterly, payable quarterly in arrears on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. Deferred interest will accumulate interest at the applicable rate compounded semi-annually for periods prior to May 15, 2017, and compounded quarterly for periods from and including May 15, 2017.

Holdings can redeem the long term subordinated notes prior to May 15, 2017, in whole but not in part at the applicable redemption price, which will equal the greater of (a) 100% of the principal amount being redeemed and (b) the present value of the principal payment on May 15, 2017 and scheduled payments of interest that would have accrued from the redemption date to May 15, 2017 on the long term subordinated notes being redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis at a discount rate equal to the treasury rate plus an applicable spread of either 0.25% or 0.50%, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. Holdings may redeem the long term subordinated notes on or after May 15, 2017, in whole or in part at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest; however, redemption on or after the scheduled maturity date and prior to May 1, 2047 is subject to a replacement capital covenant. This covenant is for the benefit of certain senior note holders and it mandates that Holdings receive proceeds from the sale of another subordinated debt issue, of at least similar size, before it may redeem the subordinated notes. Effective upon the maturity of the Company's 5.40% senior notes on October 15, 2014, the Company's 4.868% senior notes, due on June 1, 2044, have become the Company's long term indebtedness that ranks senior to the long term subordinated notes.

On March 19, 2009, Group announced the commencement of a cash tender offer for any and all of the 6.60% fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Upon expiration of the tender offer, the Company had reduced its outstanding debt by \$161,441 thousand.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these long term subordinated notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended Six Months Ended June 30, June 30,
(Dollars in thousands) 2015 2014 2015 2014

Interest expense incurred \$ 3,937 \$ 3,937 \$ 7,874 \$ 7,874

#### 15. SEGMENT REPORTING

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and Accident and Health ("A&H") business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes non-U.S. property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada. The Mt. Logan Re segment represents business written for the segregated accounts of Mt. Logan Re, which were formed on July 1, 2013. The Mt. Logan Re business represents a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographical regions globally.

These segments, with the exception of Mt. Logan Re, are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results. The Mt. Logan Re segment is managed independently and seeks to write a diverse portfolio of catastrophe risks for each segregated account to achieve desired risk and return criteria.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re's business is sourced through operating subsidiaries of the Company; however, the activity is only reflected in the Mt. Logan Re segment. For other inter-affiliate reinsurance, business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced, consistent with how the business is managed.

Except for Mt. Logan Re, the Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

The following tables present the underwriting results for the operating segments for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Month	s Ended
U.S. Reinsurance	June 30,		June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gross written premiums	\$421,810	\$437,475	\$927,357	\$933,116
Net written premiums	388,006	423,279	872,409	921,036
Premiums earned	\$480,848	\$489,129	\$991,942	\$918,770
Incurred losses and LAE	228,745	239,014	473,631	452,469
Commission and brokerage	120,171	122,766	242,955	215,734
Other underwriting expenses	11,807	11,454	23,336	20,936
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$120,125	\$115,895	\$252,020	\$229,631
		nths Ended	Six Month	s Ended
<u>International</u>	June 30,		June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gross written premiums	\$292,775	\$454,017	\$611,220	\$775,259
Net written premiums	316,656	315,590	578,394	624,627
Premiums earned	\$338,263	\$319,998	\$643,832	\$638,379
Incurred losses and LAE	222,087	204,433	401,739	367,607
Commission and brokerage	84,813	71,599	155,427	142,573
Other underwriting expenses	8,049	8,088	16,164	15,925
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$23,314	\$35,878	\$70,502	\$112,274
	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Month	s Ended
<u>Bermuda</u>	June 30,		June 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gross written premiums	\$162,536	\$185,036	\$338,330	\$368,451
Net written premiums	131,209	176,193	305,775	358,763
Premiums earned Incurred losses and LAE Commission and brokerage Other underwriting expenses Underwriting gain (loss)	\$198,297 108,230 47,243 8,788 \$34,036	\$191,259 107,133 46,839 8,159 \$29,128	\$394,001 218,245 98,376 17,588 \$59,792	\$364,945 201,641 92,547 16,445 \$54,312
Insurance (Dollars in thousands) Gross written premiums Net written premiums	Three Mor June 30, 2015 \$343,630 299,848	2014 \$316,481 280,073	Six Month June 30, 2015 \$683,888 603,429	s Ended 2014 \$547,131 491,741

Premiums earned	\$267,848	\$248,283	\$527,969	\$451,520
Incurred losses and LAE	219,123	175,033	399,724	317,224
Commission and brokerage	38,294	39,908	76,857	74,117
Other underwriting expenses	33,258	29,128	63,555	52,361
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$(22,827)	\$4,214	\$(12,167)	\$7,818

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended			
Mt. Logan Re	June 30,		June 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Gross written premiums	\$ 37,497	\$ 22,353	\$111,494	\$58,829		
Net written premiums	32,777	22,352	92,378	48,909		
Premiums earned	\$47,142	\$ 23,648	\$81,731	\$43,193		
Incurred losses and LAE	12,476	10,084	19,787	16,165		
Commission and brokerage	4,396	2,575	8,469	4,718		
Other underwriting expenses	2,049	1,585	3,972	3,385		
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 28,221	\$ 9,404	\$49,503	\$18,925		

The following table reconciles the underwriting results for the operating segments to income before taxes as reported in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor	ths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$182,869	\$194,519	\$419,650	\$422,960	
Net investment income	125,046	131,224	247,629	254,381	
Net realized capital gains (losses)	(24,178)	59,016	(34,683)	80,142	
Net derivative gain (loss)	6,445	3,774	6,203	2,113	
Corporate expenses	(5,925)	(3,899)	(11,388)	(8,844)	
Interest, fee and bond issue cost amortization expense	(9,026)	(8,978)	(18,016)	(16,546)	
Other income (expense)	(3,925)	(13,871)	42,148	(17,167)	
Income (loss) before taxes	\$271,306	\$361,785	\$651,543	\$717,039	

The Company produces business in the U.S., Bermuda and internationally. The net income deriving from and assets residing in the individual foreign countries in which the Company writes business are not identifiable in the Company's financial records. Based on gross written premium, the table below presents the largest country, other than the U.S., in which the Company writes business, for the periods indicated:

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Months Ended				
	June 30,	June 30,					
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014			
United Kingdom	\$155,168	\$131,093	\$353,104	\$337,876			

No other country represented more than 5% of the Company's revenues.

#### 16. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

For the three months ended June 30, 2015, share-based compensation awards granted were 550 restricted shares, granted on May 13, 2015, with a fair value of \$181.895 per share.

#### 17. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company maintains both qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans and a retiree health plan for its U.S. employees employed prior to April 1, 2010.

Net periodic benefit cost for U.S. employees included the following components for the periods indicated:

Pension Benefits	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Service cost	\$ 3,255	\$ 2,461	\$6,195	\$4,921		
Interest cost	2,711	2,541	5,168	5,083		
Expected return on plan assets	(2,903)	(2,823)	(5,806)	(5,646)		
Amortization of prior service cost	6	12	11	25		
Amortization of net (income) loss	2,261	1,092	4,512	2,183		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 5,330	\$3,283	\$10,080	\$6,566		

Other Benefits	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Service cost	\$ 599	\$ 407	\$ 1,000	\$814		
Interest cost	395	342	658	684		
Amortization of net (income) loss	210	82	421	164		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 1,204	\$ 831	\$ 2,079	\$ 1,662		

The Company did not make any contributions to the qualified pension benefit plan for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### 18. INCOME TAXES

The Company is domiciled in Bermuda and has significant subsidiaries and/or branches in Canada, Ireland, Singapore, the United Kingdom, and the United States. The Company's Bermuda domiciled subsidiaries are exempt from income taxation under Bermuda law until 2035. Pre-tax income generated by Group's non-Bermuda subsidiaries and the UK branch of Bermuda is subject to applicable federal, foreign, state and local taxes on corporations. Company subsidiaries domiciled in the US as well as the Canadian and Singapore branches of Everest Re generate US pre-tax income (loss). Foreign domiciled subsidiaries, including the UK branch of Bermuda Re, generate non-US pre-tax income (loss). Fluctuations in US and non-US pre-tax income (loss) primarily result from the impact of catastrophe losses and realized investment gains (losses).

For interim reporting periods, the company is generally required to use the annualized effective tax rate ("AETR") method, as prescribed by ASC 740-270, Interim Reporting, to calculate its income tax provision. Under this method, the AETR is applied to the interim year-to-date pre-tax income to determine the income tax expense or benefit for the year-to-date period. The income tax expense or benefit for a quarter represents the difference between the year-to-date income tax expense or benefit for the current year-to-date period less such amount for the immediately preceding year-to-date period. Management considers the impact of all known events in its estimation of the Company's annual pre-tax income and AETR.

#### 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 13, 2015, the Company closed its agreement to sell all of the outstanding shares of capital stock of Mt. McKinley Insurance Company ("Mt. McKinley"), a Delaware domiciled insurance company and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company to Clearwater Insurance Company ("Clearwater"), a Delaware domiciled insurance company. The Company does not expect to recognize any material realized gain from the sale of Mt. McKinley.

Concurrently with the closing, the Company entered into a retrocession treaty (the "Retrocession Treaty") with an affiliate of Clearwater. Per the Retrocession Treaty, the Company retroceded 100% of the liabilities associated with certain policies, which are currently reinsured by Everest Reinsurance (Bermuda), Ltd. ("Everest Re Bermuda"), a Bermuda limited company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As consideration for entering into the Retrocession Treaty, Everest Re Bermuda transferred cash equal to Mt. McKinley's reserves for net losses as of the closing date.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

#### Industry Conditions.

The worldwide reinsurance and insurance businesses are highly competitive, as well as cyclical by product and market. As such, financial results tend to fluctuate with periods of constrained availability, high rates and strong profits followed by periods of abundant capacity, low rates and constrained profitability. Competition in the types of reinsurance and insurance business that we underwrite is based on many factors, including the perceived overall financial strength of the reinsurer or insurer, ratings of the reinsurer or insurer by A.M. Best and/or Standard & Poor's, underwriting expertise, the jurisdictions where the reinsurer or insurer is licensed or otherwise authorized, capacity and coverages offered, premiums charged, other terms and conditions of the reinsurance and insurance business offered, services offered, speed of claims payment and reputation and experience in lines written. Furthermore, the market impact from these competitive factors related to reinsurance and insurance is generally not consistent across lines of business, domestic and international geographical areas and distribution channels.

We compete in the U.S., Bermuda and international reinsurance and insurance markets with numerous global competitors. Our competitors include independent reinsurance and insurance companies, subsidiaries or affiliates of established worldwide insurance companies, reinsurance departments of certain insurance companies, domestic and international underwriting operations, including underwriting syndicates at Lloyd's and certain government sponsored risk transfer vehicles. Some of these competitors have greater financial resources than we do and have established long term and continuing business relationships, which can be a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the lack of strong barriers to entry into the reinsurance business and recently, the securitization of reinsurance and insurance risks through capital markets provide additional sources of potential reinsurance and insurance capacity and competition.

Worldwide insurance and reinsurance market conditions continued to be very competitive, particularly in the property catastrophe and casualty reinsurance lines of business. Generally, there was ample insurance and reinsurance capacity relative to demand, as well as, additional capital from the capital markets through insurance linked financial instruments. These financial instruments such as side cars, catastrophe bonds and collateralized reinsurance funds, provide capital markets with access to insurance and reinsurance risk exposure. The capital markets demand for these products is being primarily driven by the current low interest environment and the desire to achieve greater risk diversification and potentially higher returns on their investments. This increased competition is generally having a negative impact on rates, terms and conditions; however, the impact varies widely by market and coverage.

Rates tend to fluctuate by specific region and products, particularly areas recently impacted by large catastrophic events. During the second and third quarters of 2013, Canada experienced historic flooding in Alberta and Toronto, which resulted in higher catastrophe rates in these areas during 2014. Although there were flooding and wind storm events in Europe and Asia in the latter part of 2013, the overall 2013 catastrophe losses for the industry were lower than average. This lower level of losses, combined with increased competition resulted in downward pressure on rates in certain geographical areas during 2014. Catastrophe results during 2014 and the first half of 2015 were also generally benign, which could have a negative impact on worldwide regional catastrophe markets for the balance of 2015.

Overall, we believe that given our size, strong ratings, distribution system, reputation, expertise and capital market vehicle activity the current marketplace conditions provide profit opportunities. We continue to employ our strategy of targeting business that offers the greatest profit potential, while maintaining balance and diversification in our overall portfolio.

Financial Summary.

We monitor and evaluate our overall performance based upon financial results. The following table displays a summary of the consolidated net income (loss), ratios and shareholders' equity for the periods indicated.

	Three Modern Market Mar		ths Endec	1	Percentage Increase/	;	Six Mont June 30,	ths l	Ended		Percenta Increase	_
(Dollars in millions)	2015	,	2014		(Decrease)		2015		2014		(Decrease	
Gross written premiums	\$1,258.2	2	\$1,415.4	1	-11.1		\$2,672.3		\$ 2,682.8		-0.4	%
Net written premiums	1,168.		1,217.		-11.1 -4.0	%	-		2,445.1		0.3	%
Net written premiums	1,100	)	1,417	)	-4.0	70	2,432.4		2,443.1		0.3	70
REVENUES:												
Premiums earned	\$1,332.	4	\$1,272.	3	4.7	%	\$2,639.5		\$ 2,416.8		9.2	%
Net investment income	125.0		131.2		-4.7	%	247.6		254.4		-2.7	%
Net realized capital gains (losses)	(24.2	)	59.0		-141.0	%	(34.7	)	80.1		-143.3	%
Net derivative gain (loss)	6.4		3.8		70.8	%	6.2		2.1		193.5	%
Other income (expense)	(3.9	)	(13.9	)	-71.7	%	42.1		(17.2	)	NM	
Total revenues	1,435.	8	1,452.	5	-1.1	%	2,900.8		2,736.3		6.0	%
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:												
Incurred losses and loss adjustment												
	790.7		735.7		7.5	%	1,513.1		1,355.1		11.7	%
expenses Commission, brokerage, taxes and	190.1		133.1		1.5	70	1,313.1		1,333.1		11./	70
	294.9		283.7		4.0	%	582.1		529.7		9.9	%
fees												
Other underwriting expenses	64.0		58.4		9.5	%	124.6		109.1		14.3	%
Corporate expenses	5.9		3.9		52.0	%	11.4		8.8		28.8	%
Interest, fees and bond issue cost												
amortization expense	9.0	_	9.0		0.5	%			16.5		8.9	%
Total claims and expenses	1,164	5	1,090.	7	6.8	%	2,249.2		2,019.2		11.4	%
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE												
TAXES	271.3		361.8		-25.0	%	651.5		717.0		-9.1	%
Income tax expense (benefit)	35.8		63.9		-43.9	%	77.0		117.1		-34.2	%
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$235.5		\$297.9		-21.0	, -	\$574.5		\$ 599.9		-4.2	%
Net (income) loss attributable to	Ψ200.0		Ψ2>7>		21.0	,0	Ψυ/ 110		Ψυννν			,0
noncontrolling interests	(26.4	)	(7.7	)	241.3	%	(42.5	)	(15.8	)	168.5	%
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(20.1	,	(,,,	,	2.11.5	,0	(12.5	,	(13.0	,	100.0	,0
ATTRIBUTABLE TO EVEREST												
RE GROUP	\$209.1		\$290.2		-28.0	0%	\$532.0		\$ 584.1		-8.9	%
KE GROUI	Φ209.1		\$290.2		-20.0	70	φ332.0		φ J0 <del>4</del> .1		-0.9	70
					Point						Point	
RATIOS:					Change						Change	
Loss ratio	59.3	%	57.8	%	_		57.3	%	56.1	%	_	
	39.3 22.1	% %		% %		`	22.1	% %		% %		
Commission and brokerage ratio						)						
Other underwriting expense ratio	4.9	%		%			4.7	%		%		
Combined ratio	86.3	%	84.7	%	1.6		84.1	%	82.5	%	1.6	
							At		At		Percenta	ıge
							June 30,		-		Increase	_

		December 31,		
(Dollars in millions, except per				
share amounts)	2015	2014	(Decrea	ase)
Balance sheet data:				
Total investments and cash	\$18,002.2	\$ 17,435.9	3.2	%
Total assets	21,482.9	20,817.8	3.2	%
Loss and loss adjustment expense				
reserves	9,783.6	9,720.8	0.6	%
Total debt	638.4	638.4	0.0	%
Total liabilities	12,996.5	12,945.2	0.4	%
Redeemable noncontrolling				
interests - Mt. Logan Re	759.7	421.6	80.2	%
Shareholders' equity	7,726.7	7,451.1	3.7	%
Book value per share	174.84	166.75	4.9	%

(NM, not meaningful) (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

#### Revenues.

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 11.1% to \$1,258.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1,415.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, reflecting a \$199.4 million, or 18.5%, decrease in our reinsurance business, partially offset by a \$27.1 million, or 8.6%, increase in our insurance business and a \$15.1 million increase from the Mt. Logan Re segment, which commenced operations in the third quarter of 2013. The decline in reinsurance premiums were due mainly to decreases in treaty casualty business, reductions in the quota share agreements from the second quarter of 2014 and a negative impact from the year over year movement in foreign exchange rates. The rise in insurance premiums was primarily due to increases in property and casualty lines of business, partially offset by a decline in crop premium. Gross written premiums decreased by 0.4% to \$2,672.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$2,682.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014,

reflecting a \$199.9 million, or 9.6%, decrease in our reinsurance business, partially offset by an increase of \$136.8 million, or 25.0%, in our insurance business and a \$52.7 million increase from the Mt. Logan Re segment, which commenced operations in the third quarter of 2013. The decline in reinsurance premiums were due mainly to decreases in treaty casualty business, reductions in the quota share agreements from the second quarter of 2014 and a negative impact from the year over year movement in foreign exchange rates. The rise in insurance premiums was primarily due to increases in workers' compensation, property and casualty lines of business.

Net written premiums decreased by 4.0% to \$1,168.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1,217.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, and increased by 0.3% to \$2,452.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$2,445.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is primarily due to varying utilization of reinsurance mainly related to quota share contracts. Premiums earned increased by 4.7% to \$1,332.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1,272.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 and increased by 9.2% to \$2,639.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$2,416.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income decreased by 4.7% to \$125.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared with net investment income of \$131.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Net investment income decreased by 2.7% to \$247.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared with net investment income of \$254.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Net pre-tax investment income, as a percentage of average invested assets, was 2.9% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to 3.2% and 3.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The decline in income and yield was primarily the result of lower reinvestment rates for the fixed income portfolios, partially offset by an increase in our limited partnership income.

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses). Net realized capital losses were \$24.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, and net realized capital gains were \$59.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The \$24.2 million was comprised of \$16.3 million of other-than-temporary impairments, \$5.2 million of net losses from fair value re-measurements and \$2.7 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities. The net realized capital gains of \$59.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014 were the result of \$60.3 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements on equity securities, which were partially offset by \$0.9 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities and \$0.4 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

Net realized capital losses were \$34.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, and net realized capital gains were \$80.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The \$34.7 million was comprised of \$42.3 million of other-than-temporary impairments and \$10.8 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, which were partially offset by \$18.4 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements. The net realized capital gains of \$80.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 were the result of \$84.3 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements on equity securities, which were partially offset by \$3.8 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities and \$0.4 million of other-than-temporary impairments.

<u>Net Derivative Gain (Loss).</u> In 2005 and prior, we sold seven equity index put option contracts, which remain outstanding. These contracts meet the definition of a derivative in accordance with FASB guidance and as such, are

fair valued each quarter with the change recorded as net derivative gain or loss in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As a result of these adjustments in value, we recognized net derivative gains of \$6.4 million and \$6.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and net derivative gains of \$3.8 million and \$2.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The change in the fair value of these equity index put option contracts is indicative of the change in the equity markets and interest rates over the same periods.

Other Income (Expense). We recorded other expense of \$3.9 million and other income of \$42.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. We recorded other expense of \$13.9 million and \$17.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The changes were primarily the result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates for the corresponding periods.

#### Claims and Expenses.

<u>Incurred Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses.</u> The following tables present our incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") for the periods indicated.

Three Months Ended June 30,								
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/		
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change		
<u>2015</u>								
Attritional (a)	\$760.8	57.1%	\$(0.1)	0.0 %	\$760.7	57.1%		
Catastrophes	40.0	3.0 %	(10.0)	-0.8%	30.0	2.2 %		
Total	\$800.8	60.1%	\$(10.1)	-0.8%	\$790.7	59.3%		
<u>2014</u>								
Attritional (a)	\$691.4	54.4%	\$(0.7)	-0.1 %	\$690.7	54.3%		
Catastrophes	45.0	3.5 %	-	0.0 %	45.0	3.5 %		
Total	\$736.4	57.9%	\$(0.7)	-0.1 %	\$735.7	57.8%		
Variance 2015/2014								
Attritional	\$69.4	2.7 pts	\$0.6	0.1 pts	\$70.0	2.8 pts		
Catastrophes	(5.0)	(0.5) pts	(10.0)	(0.8) pts	(15.0)	(1.3) pts		
Total segment	\$64.4	2.2 pts	\$(9.4)	(0.7) pts	\$55.0	1.5 pts		
		_		_		_		

	Six Months Ended June 30,							
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/		
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change		
<u>2015</u>								
Attritional (a)	\$1,484.0	56.2%	\$(0.8)	0.0 %	\$1,483.1	56.2%		
Catastrophes	40.0	1.5 %	(10.0)	-0.4 %	30.0	1.1 %		
Total	\$1,524.0	57.7%	\$(10.8)	-0.4 %	\$1,513.1	57.3%		
<u>2014</u>								
Attritional (a)	\$1,313.5	54.3%	\$(3.4)	-0.1 %	\$1,310.1	54.2%		
Catastrophes	45.0	1.9 %	-	0.0 %	45.0	1.9 %		
Total	\$1,358.5	56.2%	\$(3.4)	-0.1 %	\$1,355.1	56.1%		
<u>Variance 2015/2014</u>								
Attritional	\$170.5	1.9 pts	\$2.6	0.1 pts	\$173.0	2.0 pts		
Catastrophes	(5.0)	(0.4) pts	(10.0)	(0.4) pts	(15.0)	(0.8) pts		
Total segment	\$165.5	1.5 pts	\$(7.4)	(0.3) pts	\$158.0	1.2 pts		

(a) Attritional losses exclude catastrophe losses. (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 7.5% to \$790.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$735.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to an increase in current year attritional losses of \$69.4 million resulting primarily from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, a marine loss and non-catastrophe weather related losses, partially offset by \$10.0 million of favorable development on prior years' catastrophe losses related to 2013 U.S. Storms. Current year catastrophe losses were \$40.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and related to the Northern Chile storms (\$20.0 million) and the New South Wales storms (\$20.0 million). The \$45.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 related to the Japan snowstorm (\$30.0 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$15.0 million).

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 11.7% to \$1,513.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1,355.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to an increase in current year attritional losses of \$170.5 million resulting primarily from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, a marine loss and non-catastrophe weather related losses, partially offset by \$10.0 million of favorable development on prior years' catastrophe losses related to 2013 U.S. Storms. Current year catastrophe losses were \$40.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and related to the Northern Chile storms (\$20.0 million) and the New South Wales storms (\$20.0 million). The \$45.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 related to the Japan snowstorm (\$30.0 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$15.0 million).

Commission, Brokerage, Taxes and Fees. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees increased by 4.0% to \$294.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$283.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees increased by 9.9% to \$582.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$529.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. These changes were primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned and changes in the mix of business.

Other Underwriting Expenses. Other underwriting expenses were \$64.0 million and \$58.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Other underwriting expenses were \$124.6 million and \$109.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increases in other underwriting expenses were mainly due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

<u>Corporate Expenses.</u> Corporate expenses, which are general operating expenses that are not allocated to segments, were \$5.9 million and \$3.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$11.4 million and \$8.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increases in corporate expenses were mainly due to higher benefit plan costs.

Interest, Fees and Bond Issue Cost Amortization Expense. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$9.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$18.0 million and \$16.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The six months year over year increase was primarily due to the impact of the issuance of \$400.0 million of senior notes in June 2014, partially offset by the maturity of \$250.0 million of senior notes on October 15, 2014.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). We had income tax expenses of \$35.8 million and \$63.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and income tax expenses of \$77.0 million and \$117.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Income tax expense is primarily a function of the geographic location of the Company's pre-tax income and the statutory tax rates in those jurisdictions, as affected by tax-exempt investment income and as calculated under the annualized effective tax rate ("AETR") method. Variations in the AETR generally result from changes in the relative levels of pre-tax income, including the impact of catastrophe losses and net capital gains (losses), among jurisdictions with different tax rates. The decreases in income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 2014 were primarily due to lower net realized capital gains in the U.S.

#### Net Income (Loss).

Our net income was \$235.5 million and \$297.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Our net income was \$574.5 million and \$599.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The changes were primarily driven by the financial component fluctuations explained above.

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Everest Re Group.

Our net income attributable to Everest Re Group was \$209.1 million and \$290.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Our net income attributable to Everest Re Group was \$532.0 million and \$584.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The changes were primarily driven by the financial component fluctuations described above, as well as the impact of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

#### Ratios.

Our combined ratio increased by 1.6 points to 86.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to 84.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2014, and increased by 1.6 points to 84.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to 82.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The loss ratio components increased 1.5 points and 1.2 points for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, over the same periods last year primarily due to increased loss ratios on international business. The commission and brokerage ratio components decreased 0.2 points for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and increased 0.2 points for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The other underwriting expense ratio components increased by 0.3 points and 0.2 points for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, over the same period last year.

#### Shareholders' Equity.

Shareholders' equity increased by \$275.5 million to \$7,726.7 million at June 30, 2015 from \$7,451.1 million at December 31, 2014, principally as a result of \$532.0 million of net income attributable to Everest Re Group, share-based compensation transactions of \$15.8 million and \$3.2 million of net benefit plan obligation adjustments, partially offset by repurchases of 0.7 million common shares for \$125.0 million, \$84.2 million of shareholder dividends, \$48.0 million of net foreign currency translation adjustments and \$18.3 million of unrealized depreciation on investments, net of tax.

#### Consolidated Investment Results

#### Net Investment Income.

Net investment income decreased by 4.7% to \$125.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$131.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, and decreased by 2.7% to \$247.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$254.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to a decline in income from our fixed maturities, reflective of lower reinvestment rates, partially offset by an increase in limited partnership income.

The following table shows the components of net investment income for the periods indicated.

	Three Mo June 30,	onths Ended	Six Month June 30,	ns Ended
(Dollars in millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Fixed maturities	\$ 109.5	\$ 117.6	\$218.8	\$ 233.8
Equity securities	13.0	13.6	24.7	25.0
Short-term investments and cash	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9
Other invested assets				
Limited partnerships	6.7	6.2	13.6	4.0
Other	1.0	0.3	1.6	2.4
Gross investment income before adjustments	130.6	138.3	259.5	266.1
Funds held interest income (expense)	2.7	2.0	5.6	5.1
Future policy benefit reserve income (expense)	(0.7	$) \qquad (0.1 \qquad )$	(1.1)	(0.4)
Gross investment income	132.6	140.2	264.0	270.7
Investment expenses	(7.5	) (8.9	(16.3)	(16.3)
Net investment income	\$ 125.0	\$ 131.2	\$ 247.6	\$ 254.4

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The following tables show a comparison of various investment yields for the periods indicated.

At At June 30, December 31, 2015 2014 Imbedded pre-tax yield of cash and invested assets 2.8% 3.0% Imbedded after-tax yield of cash and invested assets 2.4% 2.6%

> Three Six Months Months Ended Ended June 30, June 30, 2015 2014 2015 2014

Annualized pre-tax yield on average cash and invested assets Annualized after-tax yield on average cash and invested assets 2.4% 2.6% 2.4% 2.6%

2.9% 3.2% 2.9% 3.1%

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses).

The following table presents the composition of our net realized capital gains (losses) for the periods indicated.

	Three M	Mor	nths End	led .	June 30,		Six Mon	ths Ended	June 3	0,
(Dollars in millions)	2015		2014		Variance	e	2015	2014	Variar	nce
Gains (losses) from sales:										
Fixed maturity securities, market value:										
Gains	\$ 16.9		\$ 8.1		\$ 8.8		\$25.7	\$14.8	\$10.9	
Losses	(19.5	)	(9.7	)	(9.8	)	(36.3)	(18.4)	(17.9)	)
Total	(2.6	)	(1.7	)	(0.9	)	(10.6)	(3.6)	(7.0	)
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:										
Gains	-		-		-		-	1.2	(1.2	)
Losses	-		-		-		-	(0.3)	0.3	
Total	-		-		-		-	0.9	(0.9	)
Equity securities, market value:										
Gains	-		-		-		-	-	-	
Losses	(0.9)	)	(0.6)	)	(0.3)	)	(0.9)	(1.1)	0.2	
Total	(0.9	)	(0.6	)	(0.3	)	(0.9)	(1.1)	0.2	
Equity securities, fair value:										
Gains	8.4		3.9		4.5		13.6	10.5	3.1	
Losses	(7.7	)	(2.5	)	(5.2	)	(13.0)	(10.5)	(2.5	)
Total	0.8		1.4		(0.6	)	0.6	-	0.6	
Total net realized capital gains (losses) from sales:										
Gains	25.3		11.9		13.4		39.3	26.5	12.8	

Losses Total	(28.0 ) (2.7 )	(12.8 ) (0.9 )	(15.2 ) (1.8 )	(50.2) (10.8)	(30.3)	(19.9 ) (7.0 )
Other-than-temporary impairments:	(16.3)	(0.4)	(15.9)	(42.3)	(0.4)	(41.9 )
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments: Fixed maturity securities, fair value Equity securities, fair value Total	(5.3 ) (5.2 )	60.3 60.3	(65.6 ) (65.5 )	0.1 18.3 18.4	- 84.3 84.3	0.1 (66.0 ) (65.9 )
Total net realized capital gains (losses)	\$ (24.2 )	\$ 59.0	\$ (83.2 ) \$	\$ (34.7)	\$ 80.1	\$(114.8)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Net realized capital losses were \$24.2 million for three months ended June 30, 2015 and net realized capital gains were \$59.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded \$16.3 million of other-than-temporary impairments, \$5.2 million of net losses from fair value re-measurements and \$2.7 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities. For the three months ended June 30, 2014 we recorded \$60.3 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements on equity securities, which were partially offset by \$0.9 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities and \$0.4 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The fixed maturity and equity sales for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 related primarily to adjusting the portfolios for overall market changes and individual credit shifts.

Net realized capital losses were \$34.7 million for six months ended June 30, 2015 and net realized capital gains were \$80.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded \$42.3 million of other-than-temporary impairments and \$10.8 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, which were partially offset by \$18.4 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements. For the six months ended June 30, 2014 we recorded \$84.3 million of net gains from fair value re-measurements on equity securities, which were partially offset by \$3.8 million of net realized capital losses from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities and \$0.4 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The fixed maturity and equity sales for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 related primarily to adjusting the portfolios for overall market changes and individual credit shifts.

#### Segment Results.

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and A&H business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes foreign property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada. The Mt. Logan Re segment represents business written for the segregated accounts of Mt. Logan Re, which were formed on July 1, 2013. The Mt. Logan Re business represents a diversified set of catastrophe exposures, diversified by risk/peril and across different geographical regions globally.

These segments, with the exception of Mt. Logan Re, are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results. The Mt. Logan Re segment is managed independently and seeks to write a diverse portfolio of catastrophe risks for each segregated account to achieve desired risk and return criteria.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and LAE incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re's business is sourced through operating subsidiaries of the Company; however, the activity is only reflected in the Mt. Logan Re segment. For other inter-affiliate reinsurance, business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced, consistent with how the business is managed.

Except for Mt. Logan Re, the Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

Our loss and LAE reserves are our best estimate of our ultimate liability for unpaid claims. We re-evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, including all prior period reserves, taking into consideration all available information and, in particular, recently reported loss claim experience and trends related to prior periods. Such re-evaluations are recorded in incurred losses in the period in which re-evaluation is made.

The following discusses the underwriting results for each of our segments for the periods indicated.

U.S. Reinsurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
		%						%	
(Dollars in millions)	2015	2014	Variance Ch	nange	2015	2014	Variance	Change	
Gross written premiums	\$421.8	\$437.5	\$ (15.7) -	3.6 %	\$927.4	\$933.1	\$ (5.8)	-0.6	%
Net written premiums	388.0	423.3	(35.3) -	8.3 %	872.4	921.0	(48.6)	-5.3	%
Premiums earned	\$480.8	\$489.1	\$ (8.3 ) -	1.7 %	\$991.9	\$918.8	\$ 73.2	8.0	%
Incurred losses and LAE	228.7	239.0	(10.3) -	4.3 %	473.6	452.5	21.2	4.7	%
Commission and brokerage	120.2	122.8	(2.6) -	2.1 %	243.0	215.7	27.2	12.6	%
Other underwriting expenses	11.8	11.5	0.4	3.1 %	23.3	20.9	2.4	11.5	%
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$120.1	\$115.9	\$ 4.2	3.6 %	\$252.0	\$229.6	\$ 22.4	9.7	%
	Point							Point	
			Cł	ng				Chg	
Loss ratio	47.6 %	48.9 %	(	(1.3)	47.7 %	49.2 %		(1.5	)
Commission and brokerage								•	
ratio	25.0 %	25.1 %	(	(0.1)	24.5 %	23.5 %		1.0	
Other underwriting expense			`	,					
ratio	2.4 %	2.3 %	C	).1	2.4 %	2.3 %		0.1	
Combined ratio	75.0 %	76.3 %	(	(1.3)	74.6 %	75.0 %		(0.4	)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 3.6% to \$421.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 from \$437.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the decrease in treaty casualty business, partially offset by an increase in treaty property business. Net written premiums decreased by 8.3% to \$388.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$423.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums was due to a higher utilization of reinsurance. Premiums earned decreased 1.7% to \$480.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$489.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums decreased by 0.6% to \$927.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 from \$933.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to a decrease in treaty casualty business, partially offset by an increase in treaty property business. Net written premiums decreased by 5.3% to \$872.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$921.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums was due to a higher utilization of reinsurance. Premiums earned increased 8.0% to \$991.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$918.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

<u>Incurred Losses and LAE.</u> The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Current	Ionths Ende Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior	), Ratio %/ Pt Change		Ratio %/ Pt Change	<b>.</b>		
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment	\$259.2 - \$259.2	53.9 % 0.0 % 53.9 %	\$(24.2) (6.3) \$(30.5)	-1.3 %	\$235.0 (6.3) \$228.7	48.9 % -1.3 % 47.6 %			
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment	\$231.2 6.3 \$237.5	47.3 % 1.3 % 48.6 %	\$0.4 1.0 \$1.5	0.1 % 0.2 % 0.3 %	\$231.6 7.4 \$239.0	47.4% 1.5 % 48.9%			
Variance 2015/2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment	\$28.0 (6.3) \$21.7	(1.3) pts	(7.3)	(5.1) pts (1.5) pts (6.6) pts	(13.7)		S		
				Six Mon	ths Ended	June 30,			
(Dollars in millions)				Current Year	Ratio %/		Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/
2015				i ear	Pt Change	e rears	Pt Change	incurred	Pt Change
Attritional				\$506.9	51.1%	\$(24.8)		\$482.1	48.6%
Catastrophes Total segment				\$506.9	0.0 % 51.1%	\$(33.2)	-0.9 % -3.4 %	(8.4 ) \$473.6	-0.9 % 47.7 %
2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment				\$444.6 6.3 \$450.9	48.3 % 0.7 % 49.0 %	\$1.0 0.6 \$1.6	0.1 % 0.1 % 0.2 %	\$445.6 6.9 \$452.5	48.4% 0.8 % 49.2%
Variance 2015/2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment				\$62.3 (6.3) \$56.0	(0.7) pt	s (9.0 )	(2.6) pts (1.0) pts (3.6) pts	(15.3)	0.2 pts (1.7) pts (1.5) pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses decreased by 4.3% to \$228.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$239.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the decrease in prior years' attritional losses of \$24.6 million related to treaty casualty and marine lines of business and favorable development of \$7.3 million on prior years' catastrophe losses in 2015 compared to 2014 mainly related to 2013 U.S. Storms, partially offset by an

increase in current year attritional losses of \$28.0 million primarily due to a marine loss and non-catastrophe weather related losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015. The \$6.3 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 related to the Japan snowstorm.

Incurred losses increased by 4.7% to \$473.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$452.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$62.3 million resulting primarily from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, a marine loss and non-catastrophe weather related losses, partially offset by a decrease of \$25.8 million in prior year attritional losses related to treaty casualty and marine lines of business and favorable development of \$9.0 million on prior years' catastrophe losses in 2015 compared to 2014 mainly related to 2013 U.S. Storms. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The \$6.3 million of current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 related to the Japan snowstorm.

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage expenses decreased by 2.1% to \$120.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$122.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The variance was primarily due to the impact of the decrease in premiums earned. Commission and brokerage expenses increased by 12.6% to \$243.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$215.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The variance was primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned and a change in the mix of business.

Segment other underwriting expenses were comparable at \$11.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and \$11.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$23.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 from \$20.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The year over year increase was primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

International.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the International segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Mo	onths Ende	d June 30,		Six Mont	hs Ended J	une 30,	
			q	%			%	
(Dollars in millions)	2015	2014	Variance C	Change	2015	2014	Variance Change	•
Gross written premiums	\$292.8	\$454.0	\$(161.2)	-35.5	% \$611.2	\$775.3	\$(164.0) -21.2	%
Net written premiums	316.7	315.6	1.1	0.3	% 578.4	624.6	(46.2 ) -7.4	%
Premiums earned	\$338.3	\$320.0	\$18.3	5.7	% \$643.8	\$638.4	\$5.5 0.9	%
Incurred losses and LAE	222.1	204.4	17.7	8.6	% 401.7	367.6	34.1 9.3	%
Commission and brokerage	84.8	71.6	13.2	18.5	% 155.4	142.6	12.9 9.0	%
Other underwriting expenses	8.0	8.1	-	-0.5	% 16.2	15.9	0.2 1.5	%
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$23.3	\$35.9	\$(12.6)	-35.0	% \$70.5	\$112.3	\$(41.8) -37.2	%
			F	Point			Point	
			(	Chg			Chg	
Loss ratio	65.7 %	63.9 %		1.8	62.4 %	57.6 %	4.8	
Commission and brokerage								
ratio	25.1 %	22.4 %		2.7	24.1 %	22.3 %	1.8	
Other underwriting expense								
ratio	2.3 %	2.5 %		(0.2	) 2.5 %	2.5 %	-	
Combined ratio	93.1 %	88.8 %		4.3	89.0 %	82.4 %	6.6	

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 35.5% to \$292.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$454.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to reductions in premiums related to the quota share agreements from the second quarter of 2014 and the negative impact of \$22.8 million from the movement of foreign exchange rates. Net written premiums increased by 0.3% to \$316.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$315.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is primarily due to varying utilization of reinsurance related to the quota share contracts. Premiums earned increased 5.7% to \$338.3 million for

the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$320.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums decreased by 21.2% to \$611.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$775.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to reductions in premiums related to the quota share agreements from the second quarter of 2014 and the negative impact of \$35.2 million from the movement of foreign exchange rates, partially offset by quota share contracts. Net written premiums decreased by 7.4% to \$578.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$624.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums is primarily due to varying utilization of reinsurance related to the quota share contracts. Premiums earned increased 0.9% to \$643.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$638.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Pt Change Years Pt Change Incurred Pt Change

Three Months Ended June 30,

(Dollars in millions) Year

Current Ratio %/ Prior Ratio %/

<u>Incurred Losses and LAE.</u> The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the International segment for the periods indicated.

Total

Ratio %/

<u>2015</u>									
Attritional	\$191.9	56.8%	\$(3.0)	-0.9 %	\$188.9	55.9%			
Catastrophes	36.9	10.9%	(3.7)	-1.1 %	33.2	9.8 %			
Total segment	\$228.8	67.7%	\$(6.7)	-2.0 %	\$222.1	65.7%			
2014									
<u>2014</u>	Φ1 <b>7</b> 0 2	52.2 <i>M</i>	Φ(O 1)	0.0.07	ф <b>170 0</b>	52.2 <i>M</i>			
Attritional	\$170.3	53.2%	` ′			53.2%			
Catastrophes	34.6	10.8%		-0.1 %		10.7%			
Total segment	\$204.9	64.0%	\$(0.4)	-0.1 %	\$204.4	63.9%			
<u>Variance 2015/2014</u>									
Attritional	\$21.6	3.6 pt	te \$(2.9)	(0.9) pts	\$187	2.7 pts			
Catastrophes	2.3			(0.9) pts $(1.0)$ pts		(0.9) pts			
Total segment	\$23.9			(1.0) pts (1.9) pts					
Total segment	\$43.9	3.7 p	ιs φ(0.5)	(1.9) pts	Φ1/./	1.8 pts			
				Six Mo	onths Ended	d June 30,			
				Current	t Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions)				Year	Pt Chang	ge Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
<u>2015</u>									
Attritional				\$369.7	57.5%	\$(3.1)	-0.5 %	\$366.6	57.0%
Catastrophes				36.9	5.7 %	(1.8)	-0.3 %	35.1	5.4 %
Total segment				\$406.6	63.2%	\$(4.9)	-0.8 %	\$401.7	62.4%
<u>2014</u>				<b>4227.</b>	50.5~	<b>.</b>	0.0.0	<b>4.225.</b> 1	50.5 cd
Attritional				\$335.2			0.0 %	\$335.1	52.5 %
Catastrophes				34.6	5.4 %	(2.1)	-0.3 %	32.5	5.1 %

\$369.8 57.9%

5.0

0.3

5.3

\$34.5

2.3

\$36.8

\$(2.2) -0.3%

pts 0.3

pts \$(3.0) (0.5) pts \$31.5

pts \$(2.7) (0.5) pts \$34.1

\$367.6

pts 2.6

57.6%

4.5

0.3

4.8

pts

pts

pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Total segment

Attritional

Catastrophes

Total segment

Variance 2015/2014

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 8.6% to \$222.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$204.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$21.6 million. The increase in attritional losses was primarily due to the increase in premiums earned and higher losses in the Middle East, Africa and Latin America. The \$36.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were due to the Northern Chile storms (\$20.0 million) and the New South Wales storms (\$16.9 million). The \$34.6 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 were due to the Japan snowstorm (\$20.0 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$14.6 million).

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 9.3% to \$401.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$367.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$34.5 million. The increase in attritional losses was primarily due to higher losses in the Middle East, Africa and Latin America. The \$36.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were due to the Northern Chile storms (\$20.0 million) and the New South Wales storms (\$16.9 million). The \$34.6 million of current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 were due to the Japan snowstorm (\$20.0 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$14.6 million).

<u>Segment Expenses.</u> Commission and brokerage increased by 18.5% to \$84.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$71.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Commission and brokerage increased by 9.0% to \$155.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$142.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The variances were mainly due to the impact of the increases in premiums earned and the mix of business.

Segment other underwriting expenses decreased slightly to \$8.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$8.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Segment other underwriting expenses increased slightly to \$16.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$15.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Bermuda.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Mont	hs Ended	June 30,			
				%					%	
(Dollars in millions)	2015	2014	Variance	e Change		2015	2014	Variance	Change	
Gross written premiums	\$162.5	\$185.0	\$ (22.5)	) -12.2	%	\$338.3	\$368.5	\$ (30.1)	-8.2	%
Net written premiums	131.2	176.2	2 (45.0	) -25.5	%	305.8	358.8	(53.0)	-14.8	%
Premiums earned	\$198.3	\$191.3	3 \$ 7.0	3.7	%	\$394.0	\$364.9	\$ 29.1	8.0	%
Incurred losses and LAE	108.2	107.1	1.1	1.0	%	218.2	201.6	16.6	8.2	%
Commission and brokerage	47.2	46.8	0.4	0.9	%	98.4	92.5	5.8	6.3	%
Other underwriting expenses	8.8	8.2	0.6	7.7	%	17.6	16.4	1.1	7.0	%
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$34.0	\$29.1	\$ 4.9	16.8	%	\$59.8	\$54.3	\$ 5.5	10.1	%
				Point					Point	
				Chg					Chg	
Loss ratio	54.6	% 56.0	%	(1.4	)	55.4 %	55.3 %	)	0.1	
Commission and brokerage										
ratio	23.8	% 24.5	%	(0.7	)	25.0 %	25.4 %	)	(0.4)	)
Other underwriting expense										
ratio	4.4	% 4.3	%	0.1		4.4 %	4.4 %	)	-	
Combined ratio	82.8	% 84.8	%	(2.0	)	84.8 %	85.1 %		(0.3	)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 12.2% to \$162.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$185.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to lower casualty premium written by the Bermuda office and the negative impact of \$12.4 million from the movement of foreign exchange rates, partially offset by increased property and casualty business from the U.K. and Ireland offices. Net written premiums decreased by 25.5% to \$131.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$176.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums was due to a higher utilization of reinsurance. Premiums earned increased 3.7% to \$198.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$191.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums decreased by 8.2% to \$338.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$368.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to lower casualty premium written by the Bermuda office and the negative impact of \$28.4 million from the movement of foreign exchange rates, partially offset by increased property and casualty business from the U.K. and Ireland offices. Net written premiums decreased by 14.8% to \$305.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$358.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The difference between the change in gross written premiums compared to the change in net written premiums was due to a higher utilization of reinsurance. Premiums earned increased 8.0% to \$394.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$364.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

<u>Incurred Losses and LAE.</u> The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,								
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/			
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change			
<u>2015</u>									
Attritional	\$113.6	57.3%	\$(5.2)	-2.6 %	\$108.4	54.7%			
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	(0.2)	-0.1 %	(0.2)	-0.1 %			
Total segment	\$113.6	57.3%	\$(5.4)	-2.7 %	\$108.2	54.6%			
<u>2014</u>									
Attritional	\$107.4	56.1%	\$-	0.0 %	\$107.4	56.1%			
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	(0.3)	-0.1 %	(0.3)	-0.1 %			
Total segment	\$107.4	56.1%	\$(0.3)	-0.1 %	\$107.1	56.0%			
Variance 2015/2014									
Attritional	\$6.2	1.2 pts	\$(5.2)	(2.6) pts	\$1.0	(1.4) pts			
Catastrophes	-	- pts	0.1	- pts	0.1	- pts			
Total segment	\$6.2	1.2 pts	\$(5.1)	(2.6) pts	\$1.1	(1.4) pts			
$\mathcal{E}$		1	,	\ / I		\ / I			

	Six Months Ended June 30,								
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/			
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change			
<u>2015</u>									
Attritional	\$223.1	56.6%	\$(5.2)	-1.3 %	\$217.8	55.3%			
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	0.4	0.1 %	0.4	0.1 %			
Total segment	\$223.1	56.6%	\$(4.8)	-1.2 %	\$218.2	55.4%			
<u>2014</u>									
Attritional	\$205.0	56.2%	\$(5.0)	-1.4 %	\$200.0	54.8%			
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	1.7	0.5 %	1.7	0.5 %			
Total segment	\$205.0	56.2%	\$(3.3)	-0.9 %	\$201.6	55.3%			

#### Variance 2015/2014

Attritional	\$18.1	0.4	pts \$(0.2)	0.1	pts \$17.8	0.5 pts
Catastrophes	-	-	pts (1.3)	(0.4)	pts (1.3	) (0.4) pts
Total segment	\$18.1	0.4	pts \$(1.5)	(0.3)	pts \$16.6	0.1 pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 1.0% to \$108.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$107.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to an increase of \$6.2 million in current year attritional losses primarily related to the increase in premiums earned, partially offset by a decrease of \$5.2 million in prior years' attritional losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 8.2% to \$218.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$201.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to an increase of \$18.1 million in current year attritional losses primarily related to the increase in premiums earned. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

<u>Segment Expenses.</u> Commission and brokerage increased by 0.9% to \$47.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$46.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Commission and brokerage increased by 6.3% to \$98.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$92.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The rise was primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased slightly to \$8.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$8.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$17.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$16.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increases were primarily due to the impact of the increases in premiums earned.

#### Insurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,					
				%					%	
(Dollars in millions)	2015	2014	Variance	Chang	e	2015	2014	Variance	Chang	;е
Gross written premiums	\$343.6	\$316.5	\$ 27.1	8.6	%	\$683.9	\$547.1	\$ 136.8	25.0	%
Net written premiums	299.8	280.1	19.8	7.1	%	603.4	491.7	111.7	22.7	%
Premiums earned	\$267.8	\$248.3	\$ 19.6	7.9	%	\$528.0	\$451.5	\$ 76.4	16.9	%
Incurred losses and LAE	219.1	175.0	44.1	25.2	%	399.7	317.2	82.5	26.0	%
Commission and brokerage	38.3	39.9	(1.6)	-4.0	%	76.9	74.1	2.7	3.7	%
Other underwriting expenses	33.3	29.1	4.1	14.2	%	63.6	52.4	11.2	21.4	%
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$(22.8)	\$4.2	\$ (27.0)	NM		\$(12.2)	\$7.8	\$ (20.0	) NM	
				Point					Point	
				Chg					Chg	
Loss ratio	81.8 %	70.5 %		11.3		75.7 %	70.3 %		5.4	
Commission and brokerage ratio	14.3 %	16.1 %		(1.8	)	14.6 %	16.4 %		(1.8	)
Other underwriting expense ratio	12.4 %	11.7 %		0.7		12.0 %	11.6 %		0.4	
Combined ratio	108.5%	98.3 %		10.2		102.3%	98.3 %		4.0	

(NM, not meaningful) (Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

<u>Premiums.</u> Gross written premiums increased by 8.6% to \$343.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$316.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in various property and casualty lines of business, partially offset by a decline in crop premium. Net written premiums increased by 7.1% to \$299.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$280.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums

earned increased 7.9% to \$267.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$248.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 25.0% to \$683.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$547.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in workers' compensation and other property and casualty lines of businesses. Net written premiums increased by 22.7% to \$603.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$491.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 16.9% to \$528.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015

compared to \$451.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

<u>Incurred Losses and LAE</u>. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

Three Months Ended June 30,

(Dollars in millions)		Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change			
2015 Attritional	\$186.8	69.7 <i>%</i>	\$32.3	12.1 % 0.0 %	\$219.1	81.8% 0.0 %			
Catastrophes Total segment	\$186.8	69.7%	\$32.3	12.1%	\$219.1	81.8%			
<u>2014</u>									
Attritional	\$176.3	71.0%		-0.4 %	\$175.3	70.6%			
Catastrophes	- 0.176.2	0.0 %		-0.1 %	(0.2)	-0.1 %			
Total segment	\$176.3	71.0%	\$(1.3)	-0.5 %	\$175.0	70.5%			
Variance 2015/2014									
Attritional	\$10.5	(1.3) pts		_	\$43.8	11.2 pts			
Catastrophes	- 010.5	•	0.2	•	0.2	0.1 pts			
Total segment	\$10.5	(1.3) pts	\$33.6	12.6 pts	\$44.1	11.3 pts			
				Six Mo	onths Ende	ed June 30,			
					t Ratio %		Ratio %/		Ratio %/
(Dollars in millions)					t Ratio %	Prior ge Years			
(Dollars in millions) 2015 Attritional				Curren	t Ratio % Pt Chan				
<u>2015</u>				Curren Year \$367.6	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6 % 0.0 %	ge Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
2015 Attritional				Curren Year	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6 % 0.0 %	ge Years \$32.3	Pt Change 6.1 %	Incurred \$399.9	Pt Change 75.7%
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment				Curren Year \$367.6	t Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 %	ge Years \$32.3 (0.2)	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 %	\$399.9 (0.2)	Pt Change 75.7% 0.0 %
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment				Curren Year \$367.6	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 % 69.6%	\$32.3 (0.2) \$32.1	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 % 6.1 %	\$399.9 (0.2) \$399.7	75.7% 0.0% 75.7%
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment				Curren Year \$367.6	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 % 69.6%	\$32.3 (0.2) \$32.1 \$0.8	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 %	\$399.9 (0.2)	Pt Change 75.7% 0.0 %
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2014 Attritional				Curren Year \$367.6	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 % 69.6% 70.1% 0.0 %	\$32.3 (0.2) \$32.1 \$0.8	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 % 6.1 % 0.2 %	\$399.9 (0.2) \$399.7 \$317.2	Pt Change 75.7% 0.0% 75.7%
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment				Curren Year \$367.6 - \$367.6	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 % 69.6% 70.1% 0.0 %	\$32.3 (0.2) \$32.1 \$0.8	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 % 6.1 % 0.2 % 0.0 %	\$399.9 (0.2) \$399.7 \$317.2	75.7% 0.0 % 75.7% 70.3% 0.0 %
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2014 Attritional Catastrophes				Curren Year \$367.6 - \$367.6	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 % 69.6% 70.1% 0.0 % 70.1%	\$32.3 (0.2) \$32.1 \$0.8	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 % 6.1 % 0.2 % 0.0 % 0.2 %	\$399.9 (0.2) \$399.7 \$317.2	75.7% 0.0 % 75.7% 70.3% 0.0 %
2015 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  2014 Attritional Catastrophes Total segment  Variance 2015/2014				Curren Year \$367.6 - \$367.6 \$316.4	Ratio % Pt Chan 69.6% 0.0 % 69.6% 70.1% 0.0 % 70.1%	\$32.3 (0.2) \$32.1 \$0.8 - \$0.8	Pt Change 6.1 % 0.0 % 6.1 %  0.2 % 0.0 % 0.2 %  5.9 pts pts	\$399.9 (0.2) \$399.7 \$317.2 \$317.2	Pt Change  75.7%  0.0 %  75.7%  70.3%  0.0 %  70.3%

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 25.2% to \$219.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$175.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, mainly due to an increase of \$33.3 million in prior years' attritional losses related to run-off excess casualty business and an increase of \$10.5 million in current year attritional losses related primarily to the impact of the increase in premiums earned. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 26.0% to \$399.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$317.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, mainly due to an increase of \$51.2 million in current year attritional losses related primarily to the impact of the increase in premiums earned and an increase of \$31.5 million in prior years' attritional losses related to run-off excess casualty business. There were no current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage decreased by 4.0% to \$38.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$39.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, which was due to the change in the mix of business. Commission and brokerage increased by 3.7% to \$76.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$74.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The year over year change was primarily driven by the impact of the increase in premiums earned and the change in the mix of business.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$33.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$29.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$63.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$52.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increases were primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

Mt. Logan Re.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Mt. Logan Re segment for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,						
				%						%	
(Dollars in millions)	2015	2014	Variance	e Change		2015		2014	Variance	Change	
Gross written premiums	\$37.5	\$22.4	\$ 15.1	67.7	%	\$111.5	5	\$58.8	\$ 52.7	89.5	%
Net written premiums	32.8	22.4	10.4	46.6	%	92.4		48.9	43.5	88.9	%
Premiums earned	\$47.1	\$23.6	\$ 23.5	99.3	%	\$81.7		\$43.2	\$ 38.5	89.2	%
Incurred losses and LAE	12.5	10.1	2.4	23.7	%	19.8		16.2	3.6	22.4	%
Commission and brokerage	4.4	2.6	1.8	70.7	%	8.5		4.7	3.8	79.5	%
Other underwriting expenses	2.0	1.6	0.5	29.3	%	4.0		3.4	0.6	17.3	%
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$28.2	\$9.4	\$ 18.8	200.1	%	\$49.5		\$18.9	\$ 30.6	161.6	%
				Point						Point	
				Chg						Chg	
Loss ratio	26.5%	42.6%		(16.1	)	24.2	%	37.4%		(13.2	)
Commission and brokerage ratio	9.3 %	10.9%		(1.6	)	10.4	%	10.9%		(0.5	)
Other underwriting expense ratio	4.3 %	6.7 %		(2.4	)	4.8	%	7.9 %		(3.1	)
Combined ratio	40.1%	60.2%		(20.1	)	39.4	%	56.2%		(16.8	)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 67.7% to \$37.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$22.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, as this segment expands from its initial start-up phase through continued third party investment. Net written premiums increased by 46.6% to \$32.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$22.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased by 99.3% to \$47.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$23.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 89.5% to \$111.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$58.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, as this segment expands from its initial start-up phase through continued third party investment. Net written premiums increased by 88.9% to \$92.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$48.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, which is consistent with the change in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased by 89.2% to \$81.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$43.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

<u>Incurred Losses and LAE.</u> The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Mt. Logan Re segment for the periods indicated.

Three Months Ended June 30,									
	Current	Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/			
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change			
<u>2015</u>									
Attritional	\$9.2	19.6 %	\$-	0.0 %	\$ 9.2	19.6 %			
Catastrophes	3.1	6.6 %	0.2	0.3 %	3.3	6.9 %			
Total segment	\$12.3	26.2 %	\$0.2	0.3 %	\$ 12.5	26.5 %			
<u>2014</u>									
Attritional	\$6.2	26.1 %	\$-	0.0 %	\$ 6.2	26.1 %			
Catastrophes	4.1	17.3 %	(0.2)	-0.8%	3.9	16.5 %			
Total segment	\$10.3	43.4 %	\$(0.2)	-0.8%	\$ 10.1	42.6 %			
Variance 2015/2014									
Attritional	\$3.0	(6.5) pts	\$-	- pts	\$ 3.0	(6.5) pts			
Catastrophes	(1.0)	(10.7) pts	0.4	1.1 pts	(0.6)	(9.6) pts			
Total segment	\$2.0	(17.2) pts	\$0.4	1.1 pts	\$ 2.4	(16.1) pts			

	Six Months Ended June 30,							
	Curren	t Ratio %/	Prior	Ratio %/	Total	Ratio %/		
(Dollars in millions)	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change		
<u>2015</u>								
Attritional	\$16.7	20.4 %	\$-	0.0 %	\$ 16.7	20.4 %		
Catastrophes	3.1	3.8 %	-	0.0 %	3.1	3.8 %		
Total segment	\$19.8	24.2 %	\$-	0.0 %	\$ 19.8	24.2 %		
2014								
Attritional	\$12.3	28.3 %	\$-	0.0 %	\$ 12.3	28.3 %		
Catastrophes	4.1	9.5 %	(0.2)	-0.4 %	3.9	9.0 %		
Total segment	\$16.4	37.8 %	\$(0.2)	-0.4 %	\$ 16.2	37.4 %		
Variance 2015/2014								
Attritional	\$4.4	(7.9) pts	\$ \$-	- pts	\$4.4	(7.9) pts		
Catastrophes	(1.0)	(5.7) pts	0.2	0.4 pts	(0.8)	(5.2) pts		
Total segment	\$3.4	(13.6) pts	\$0.2	0.4 pts	\$ 3.6	(13.2) pts		

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 23.7% to \$12.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$10.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014, mainly due to the increase in current year attritional losses of

\$3.0 million, resulting primarily from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, partially offset by a decrease of \$1.0 million in current year catastrophe losses. The \$3.1 million of current year catastrophe losses were primarily due to the New South Wales storms (\$3.1 million). The \$4.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for the three months ended June 30, 2014 were due to the Japan snowstorm (\$3.7 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$0.4 million).

Incurred losses and LAE increased by 22.4% to \$19.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$16.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, mainly due to the increase in current year attritional losses of \$4.4 million, resulting primarily from the impact of the increase in premiums earned, partially offset by a decrease of \$1.0 million in current year catastrophe losses. The \$3.1 million of current year catastrophe losses were primarily due to the New South Wales storms (\$3.1 million). The \$4.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for the six months ended June 30, 2014 were due to the Japan snowstorm (\$3.7 million) and the Chilean earthquake (\$0.4 million).

<u>Segment Expenses.</u> Commission and brokerage increased by 70.7% to \$4.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$2.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Commission and brokerage increased by 79.5% to \$8.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$4.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increases were primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increases were primarily due to the impact of the increase in premiums earned and increased operations.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and Invested Assets. Aggregate invested assets, including cash and short-term investments, were \$18,002.2 million at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$566.3 million compared to \$17,435.9 million at December 31, 2014. This increase was primarily the result of \$683.1 million of cash flows from operations, \$296.8 million from external third party net capital investment into Mt. Logan Re, \$18.4 million in fair value re-measurements and \$12.8 million in equity adjustments of our limited partnership investments, partially offset by \$125.0 million paid for share repurchases, \$97.0 million due to fluctuations in foreign currencies, \$84.2 million paid out in dividends to shareholders, \$41.2 million paid out in dividends to third party investors in redeemable noncontrolling interests, \$25.5 million of amortization bond premium, \$10.6 million of pre-tax unrealized depreciation and \$4.5 million of unsettled securities.

Our principal investment objectives are to ensure funds are available to meet our insurance and reinsurance obligations and to maximize after-tax investment income while maintaining a high quality diversified investment portfolio. Considering these objectives, we view our investment portfolio as having two components: 1) the investments needed to satisfy outstanding liabilities (our core fixed maturities portfolio) and 2) investments funded by our shareholders' equity.

For the portion needed to satisfy global outstanding liabilities, we generally invest in taxable and tax-preferenced fixed income securities with an average credit quality of A1. For the U.S. portion of this portfolio, our mix of taxable and tax-preferenced investments is adjusted periodically, consistent with our current and projected U.S. operating results, market conditions and our tax position. This global fixed maturity securities portfolio is externally managed by an independent, professional investment manager using portfolio guidelines approved by internal management.

Over the past several years, we have expanded the allocation of our investments funded by shareholders' equity to include: 1) a greater percentage of publicly traded equity securities, 2) emerging market fixed maturities through mutual fund structures, as well as individual holdings, 3) high yield fixed maturities, 4) bank loan securities and 5) private equity limited partnership investments. The objective of this portfolio diversification is to enhance the risk-adjusted total return of the investment portfolio by allocating a prudent portion of the portfolio to higher return asset classes, which are also less subject to changes in value with movements in interest rates. We limit our allocation to these asset classes because of 1) the potential for volatility in their values and 2) the impact of these investments on regulatory and rating agency capital adequacy models. We use investment managers experienced in these markets and adjust our allocation to these investments based upon market conditions. At June 30, 2015, the market value of investments in these investment market sectors, carried at both market and fair value, approximated 58.2% of shareholders' equity.

The Company's limited partnership investments are comprised of limited partnerships that invest in private equities. Generally, the limited partnerships are reported on a quarter lag. We receive annual audited financial statements for all of the limited partnerships which are prepared using fair value accounting in accordance with FASB guidance. For the quarterly reports, the Company's staff performs reviews of the financial reports for any unusual changes in carrying value. If the Company becomes aware of a significant decline in value during the lag reporting period, the loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The tables below summarize the composition and characteristics of our investment portfolio as of the dates indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	At June 30,	2015	1	At December 3	1, 2014	
Fixed maturities, market value	\$13,474.8	74.9	%	3,101.1	75.1	%
Fixed maturities, fair value	0.2	0.0	%	1.5	0.0	%
Equity securities, market value	137.5	0.8	%	140.2	0.8	%
Equity securities, fair value	1,483.8	8.2	%	1,447.8	8.3	%
Short-term investments	1,901.8	10.5	%	1,705.9	9.8	%
Other invested assets	665.2	3.7	%	601.9	3.5	%
Cash	338.9	1.9	%	437.5	2.5	%
Total investments and cash	\$18,002.2	100.0	)% \$	17,435.9	100.0	%

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

	At	At
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Fixed income portfolio duration (years)	3.0	2.9
Fixed income composite credit quality	A1	A1
Imbedded end of period yield, pre-tax	2.8%	3.0%
Imbedded end of period yield, after-tax	2.4%	2.6%

The following table provides a comparison of our total return by asset class relative to broadly accepted industry benchmarks for the periods indicated:

	Six	Twelve
	Months	Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	December
	2015	31, 2014
Fixed income portfolio total return	1.2%	3.5%
Barclay's Capital - U.S. aggregate index	-0.1%	6.0%
Common equity portfolio total return	2.6%	10.4%